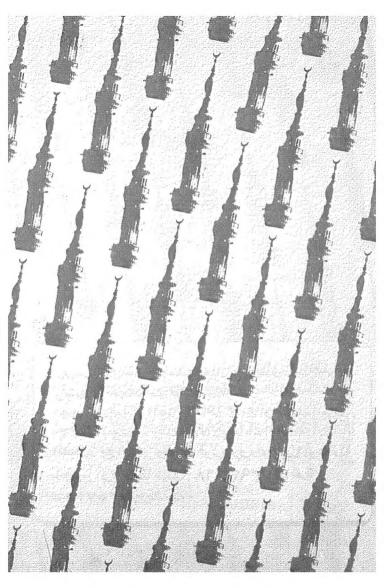


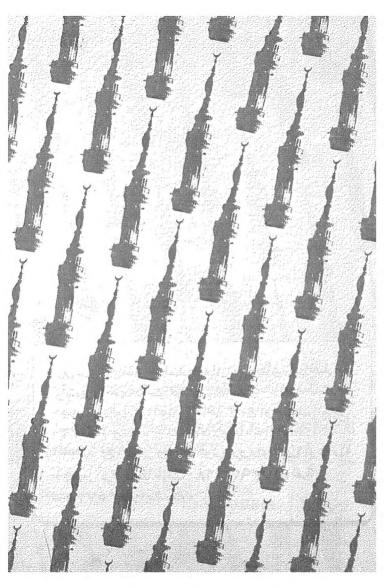
ترجمة معاني



باللغة الانجليزية

ترجمة محمد مرمدوك بيكتال





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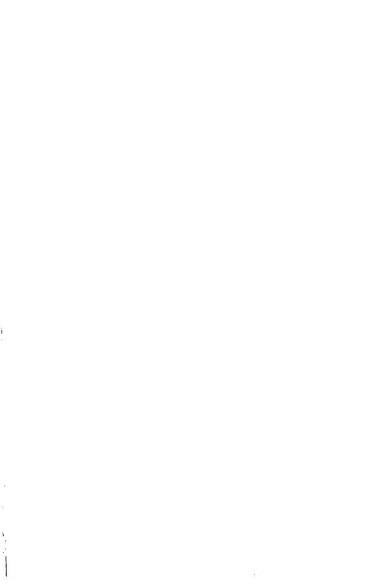
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نرجمة معاني







ترجمة معاني



باللغة الانجليزية

طبعة خاصة جمعية الدعوة الاسلامية العالمية طرابلس طرابلس

الجماهيرية العربية الليبية الشعبية الاشتراكية العظمي



THE MEANING OF THE GLORIOUS

QUR'ÃN

"SPECIAL EDITION"

THE WORLD ISLAMIC CALL SOCIETY

TRIPOLI THE GREAT ARAB LIBYAN POPULAR SOCIALIST JAMAHIRIA



I.S.B.N : 977 - 238-593-7 جيع الحقوق محفوظة

Translation by Muhammad Marmaduke Pickthall

The meaning of The Glorious

QUR'ÃN

DAR AL-KITAB AL-MASRI - CAIRO
DAR AL-KITAB ALLUBNANI - BEIRUT

I.S.B.N: 977 - 238-593-7



زجمة معاني



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مقدمة المترجسم

يهدف هذا العمل الى أن يقدم لقراء الإنجليزية بلغة لائقة وفي إيجاز. معاني ألفاظ القرآن وطبيعة هذا الكتاب كما يعتقدها المسلمون في جميع أنحاء العالم متوخياً في ذلك احتياجات المسلمين الإنجليز.

وإذا كان من الممكن الادعاء عقلا بأن أي كتاب مقدّس لا يمكن أن يتصدى لترجمته من لا يؤمن بوحيه ورسالته . فإن هذه هي الترجمة الأولى للقرآن التي اضطلع بها إنجليزي مسلم .

والمطلع على ترجمات القرآن يجد أن بعضها يتضمن تعقيبات أو تفسيرات مسيئة للمسلمين . وكلها تقريباً تستخدم في الترجمة لغة يدرك منها المسلمون لأول وهلة أنها غير لائقة بكتابهم المقدس .

وعقيدة علماء المسلمين المحافظين وعقيدتي أيضاً أن القرآن لا يمكن ترجمته من لغته العربية التي نزل بها الى أي لغة أخرى ؛ ولهذا فالقرآن من أن من التربية من أثنا المناسبة المناسب

هنا في هذه الترجمة قد نقل الى الانجليزية حرفيًا تقريبًا ، وقد بُـذُ لِـ أَقْصَى الْجَهد في إختيار اللغة المناسبة .

ومع ذلك فالترجمة الناتجة عن هذا الجهد ليست هي القرآن الكريم. ذلك « السمفونية » المقطوعة النظير التي سيتنزل إيقاعها وتلحينها دموع الناس ، ويرقى بهم الى حال من النشوة . إن هذه الترجمة لا تعدو أن تكون محاولة فقط لنقل معاني القرآن الى الانجليزية مع الحفاظ ما أمكن على جزء من جماله اللفظيّ . وهيهات أن تحل هذه الترجمة محل القرآن في لغته الأصلية ، ولم يُقصَد بها أن تكون كذلك .

وقد فُحصت هذه الترجمة قبل طبعها كلمة كلمة ، ونُقَحت تنقيحاً تاماً في مصر بمساعدة أحد علماء العربية ممن درسوا القرآن ويجيدون اللغة الانجليزية . كذلك كنت الجأ ، في الصعوبات التي تواجهني في الترجمة الى أكبر مرجع حيّ في الموضوع الاستنير وأسترشد برأيه . هكذا كان مدى حرصي وتشددي حتى أتجنب ما لا يجوز أو يليق في الدّحمة .

وفي مرة أو مرتين حيث حدث تحول عن الترجمة الحرفية . فإن الترجمة الحرفية قد أثبتت كهامش في ذيل الصفحة .

والمترجم مدين بالشكر الى لورد لويد على خطاب التقدمة الذي سهل لي مهمتي في مصر ، والى الدكتور ف. كرينكو على ما أمد به المترجم من معاني كلمات عربية قديمة غير موجودة في المعاجم العربية ، والى عمد أحمد الغمراوي بك الاستاذ في كلية الطب بجامعة القاهرة ، على مساعدته التي لا تقدر في مراجعة محطوطة الترجمة مراجعة امتازت بالصبر وطول الأناة . كما يتوجه المترجم بالشكر الى فضيلة الأستاذ الاكبر الشيخ مصطفى المراغي مدير جامعة الأزهر الأسبق على نصحه وتوجيهه الحاص بتنقيح الترجمة ومراجعتها ، وأخيراً شكر المترجم إلى سعادة فؤاد بك سالم الحجازي لما بذله من مجهود في جعل مراجعة الترجمة أمراً مكناً .

والمصحف الذي استخدم في الترجمة من أولها الى آخرها هو نسخة مطبوعة على الحجر كتبت سنة ١٢٤٦ ه بخط الحاج محمد شكر زاده . وبأمر السلطان محمود ، سلطان تركيا . وقد اعتُميد في المقدمة الخاصة بسيرة الرسول ، وفي التمهيد الخاص بكل سورة من سور القرآن على سيرة ابن هشام طبعة بولاق سنة ١٢٩٥هـ. مع الرجوع أحياناً الى مختصر سيرة الرسول لابن خلدون . هذا المختصر المنشور كذيل لتاريخه في الطبعة البولاقية . والذي يمتاز بالدقة والضبط .

كذلك اطلع المترجم على سيِر أخرى للرسول أكثر حداثة وأقل دقة كسيرة أبي الفداء . ولكنه لم يتبعها أو يعتمدها في عمله .

أما تفاسير القرآن التي اعتمد عليها في الترجمة فهي تفسير الكشاف للزمخشري وتفسير البيضاوي . كما اعتمد في المراجعة على تفسير الجلالين .

وكثيراً ما رجع الى كتاب أسباب النزول للواحدي . والى كتاب البخاري بالنسبة للأحاديث الصحيحة .

بيروت في ٣٠ اغسطس ١٩٧٠

دارالكتاب المصري DAR AL-KITAB AL-MASRI

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DAR AL-KITAB ALLUBNANI

P.O.B. 11/8330 BEIRUT-LEBANON دار الكتاب اللبناني

بيروت ص.ب: ١١/٨٣٣٠ لبنان

TRANSLATOR'S FOREWORD

THE aim of this work is to present to English readers what Muslims the world over hold to be the meaning of the words of the Our'an. and the nature of that Book, in not unworthy language and concisely, with a view to the requirements of English Muslims. It may be reasonably claimed that no holy Scripture can be fairly presented by one who disbelieves its inspiration and its message; and this is the first English translation of the Qur'an by an Englishman who is a Muslim. Some of the translations include commentation offensive to Muslims, and almost all employ a style of language which Muslims at once recognise as unworthy. The Qur'an cannot be translated. That is the belief of old-fashioned Sheykhs and the view of the present writer. The Book is here rendered almost literally and every effort has been made to choose befitting language. But the result is not the Glorious Qur'an, that inimitable symphony, the very sounds of which move men to tears and ecstasy. It is only an attempt to present the meaning of the Qur'an-and peradventure something of the charmin English. It can never take the place of the Qur'an in Arabic, nor is it meant to do so.

Before publication the work has been scrutinised word by word and thoroughly revised in Egypt with the help of one whose mothertongue is Arabic, who has studied the Qur'ân and who knows English; and when difficulties were encountered the translator had recourse to perhaps the greatest living authority on the subject. Every care has thus been taken to avoid unwarrantable renderings. On the one or two occasions where there is departure from the traditional interpretation, the traditional rendering will be found in a footnote.

The translator's thanks are due to Lord Lloyd for an introduction of great use in Egypt; to Dr. F. Krenkow for supplying him with old meanings of Arabic words not to be found in dictionaries; to Muhammad Ahmad Al-Ghamrawi Bey of the Cairo College of

TRANSLATOR'S FOREWORD

Medicine for his invaluable and patient help with the revision of the manuscript, a work which occupied three months; to the Sheykh Mustafa Al-Marâghi, former Rector of Al-Azhar University, for his advice and guidance in the revision; and to His Excellency Fuad Bey Salîm Al-Higâzi, by whose efforts such revision was made possible.

The mushaf (copy of the Qur'ân) which has been used throughout is a lithograph copy of that written by Al-Hajj Muhammad Shakarzâdeh at the command of Sultan Mahmûd of Turkey in 1246 A.H. In the Introduction and the notes to individual sûrahs, Ibn Hishâm (Bûlâq ed. 1295 A.H.) has been followed, with occasional reference to the much later, much abbreviated, but more critical Life of the Prophet by Ibn Khaldûn (published as an appendix to his Târikh, Bûlâq ed.). Other Sîrabs, like that of Abû'l-Fidâ, late in date and uncritical, have been read but not followed. Of commentators Al-Beydawi and Zamakhshari must be mentioned, while for reference during the work of revision, the brief commentary of Al-Jalâleyn was kept at hand. Wâḥidi's Asbâbu'n-Nuzûl has been largely consulted, and for the authenticity of traditions the translator has relied upon Bukhâri.

PART I

At Mecca

The Propher's birth

MUHAMMAD, son of Abdullah, son of Abdul Muttalib, of the tribe of Qureysh, was born at Mecca fifty-three years before the Hijrah. His father died before he was born, and he was protected first by his grandfather, Abdul Muttalib, and, after his grandfather's death, by his uncle, Abû Tâlib. As a young boy he travelled with his uncle in the merchants' caravan to Syria, and some years afterwards made the same journey in the service of a wealthy widow named Khadijah. So faithfully did he transact the widow's business, and so excellent was the report of his behaviour which she received from her old servant who had accompanied him, that she soon afterwards married her young agent; and the marriage proved a very happy one, though His marshe was fifteen years older than he was. Throughout the twenty-six years of their life together he remained devoted to her; and after her death, when he took other wives, he always mentioned her with

riage

Al-Amîn, the "trustworthy."

The Meccans are descent from Abraham through Ishmael. and tradition stated that their temple, the Ka'bah, had been built by Abraham for the worship of the One God. It was still called the House of Allah, but the chief objects of worship there were a number of idols which were called daughters of Allah and intercessors. The few who felt disgust at this idolatry, which had prevailed for centuries, longed for the religion of Abraham and tried to find out what had been its teaching. Such seekers of the truth were known as Hunafa (sing, Hanif), a word originally meaning "those who turn away" (from the existing idol-worship), but coming in the end to

the greatest love and reverence. This marriage gave him rank among the notables of Mecca, while his conduct earned for him the surname

The Hunafa

have the sense of "upright" or "by nature upright," because such persons held the way of truth to be right conduct. These Hunafa did not form a community. They were the agnostics of their day, each seeking truth by the light of his own inner consciousness. Muhammad son of Abdullah became one of these. It was his practice to retire with his family for a month of every year to a cave in the desert for meditation. His place of retreat was Hirâ, a desert hill not far from Mecca, and his chosen month was Ramadân, the month of heat. It was there one night toward the end of his quiet month that the first revelation came to him when he was forty years old. The first He was there when he heard a voice say: "Read!" He said: "evelation read." The voice again said: "Read!" He said: "I cannot tion read." A third time the voice, more terrible, commanded: "Read!" He said: "What can I read?" The voice said:

"Read: In the name of thy Lord Who createth.

"Createth man from a clot.

"Read: And it is thy Lord the Most Bountiful

"Who teacheth by the pen,

"Teacheth man that which he knew not."1

When the voice evanesced the words remained "as if inscribed upon his heart." He went out of the cave on the hillside and heard the same aweinspiring voice say: "O Muhammad! Thou art Allah's messenger, and I am Gabriel." Then he raised his eyes and saw the angel, in the The likeness of a man, standing in the sky above the horizon. And again vision of the dreadful voice said: "O Muhammad! Thou art Allah's mes-Mt. Hird senger, and I am Gabriel." Muhammad (God bless and keep him!) stood quite still, turning away his face from the brightness of the vision, but whithersoever he might turn his face, there always stood the angel confronting him. He remained thus a long while till at length the angel vanished, when he returned in great distress of mind to his wife Khadijah. She did her best to reassure him, saying that his conduct had been such that Allah would not let a harmful spirit come to him and that it was her hope that he was to become the Prophet of his people. On their return to Mecca she took him to her cousin Waraga ibn Naufal, a very old man, "who knew the Scriptures of the Jews and Christians," who declared his belief that

¹ Sûrah XCVI, 1-5.

His distress of mind

the heavenly messenger who came to Moses of old had come to Muhammad, and that he was chosen as the Prophet of his people.

To understand the reason of the Prophet's diffidence and his extreme distress of mind after the vision of Mt. Hira, it must be remembered that the Hunafa, of whom he had been one, sought true religion in the natural and regarded with distrust the intercourse with spirits of which men "avid of the Unseen," sorcerers and soothsavers and even poets, boasted in those days. Moreover, he was a man of humble and devout intelligence, a lover of quiet and solitude, and the very thought of being chosen out of all mankind to face mankind, alone, with such a Message, appalled him at the first. Recognition of the Divine nature of the call he had received involved a change in his whole mental outlook sufficiently disturbing to a sensitive and honest mind, and also the forsaking of his quiet, honoured way of life. The early biographers tell how his wife Khadijah "tried the spirit" which came to him and proved it to be good, and how, with the continuance of the revelations and the conviction that they brought, he at length accepted the tremendous task imposed on him, becoming filled with an enthusiasm of obedience which justifies his proudest title of "The Slave of Allah."

The words which came to him when in a state of trance are held sacred by the Muslims and are never confounded with those which he uttered when no physical change was apparent in him. The former are the Sacred Book; the latter the Hadith or Sunnah of the Prophet. And because the angel on Mt. Hirâ bade him "Read!"-insisted on his "Reading" though he was illiterate—the Sacred Book is known as Al-Qur'an, "The Reading," the Reading of the man who knew

not how to read.

For the first three years, or rather less, of his Mission, the Prophet preached only to his family and his intimate friends, while the people of Mecca as a whole regarded him as one who had become a little First con-mad. The first of all his converts was his wife Khadîjah, the second his first cousin Ali, whom he had adopted, the third his servant Zeyd, a former slave. His old friend Abû Bakr also was among those early converts with some of his slaves and dependents.

verts

The

Our'ân

"Read-

ing"

1 LXXXI, 24.

Or "The Lecture," as it is here translated in passages where the term will bear translation, on the analogy of "Scripture," used for sacred "writing."

At the end of the third year the Prophet received the command to Beginning "arise and warn," whereupon he began to preach in public, point-of Perseing out the wretched folly of idolatry in face of the tremendous laws cution of day and night, of life and death, of growth and decay, which manifest the power of Allah and attest His Sovereignty. It was then, when he began to speak against their gods, that Qureysh became actively hostile, persecuting his poorer disciples, mocking and insulting him. The one consideration which prevented them from killing him was fear of the blood-vengeance of the clan to which his family belonged. Strong in his inspiration, the Prophet went on warning, pleading, threatening, while Qureysh did all they could to ridicule his teaching, and deject his followers.

The converts of the first four years were mostly humble folk unable The flight to defend themselves against oppression. So cruel was the persecu- to Abystion they endured that the Prophet advised all who could possibly sinia contrive to do so to emigrate to a Christian country, Abyssinia.2 And still in spite of persecution and emigration the little company of Muslims grew in number. Qureysh were seriously alarmed. The idol-worship at the Ka'bah, the holy place to which all Arabia made pilgrimage, ranked for them, as guardians of the Ka'bah, as first among their vested interests. At the season of the pilgrimage they posted men on all the roads to warn the tribes against the madman who was preaching in their midst. They tried to bring the Prophet to a compromise, offering to accept his religion if he would so modify it as to make room for their gods as intercessors with Allah, offering to make him their king if he would give up attacking idolatry; and, when their efforts at negotiation failed, they went to his uncle Abû Tâlib, offering to give him the best of their young men in place of Muhammad, to give him all that he desired, if only he would let them kill Muhammad and have done with him. Abû Tâlib refused. The exasperation of the idolaters was increased by the conversion of Conver-Omar,3 one of their stalwarts. They grew more and more embittered, sion of till things came to such a pass that they decided to ostracise the Omar Prophet's whole clan, idolaters who protected him as well as Muslims who believed in him. Their chief men caused a document to be

¹ LXXIV, 2. 2 See XIX, introductory note. 3 See XX, introductory note.

The Sahifah or deed of ostracism

drawn up to the effect that none of them or those belonging to them would hold any intercourse with that clan or sell to them or buy from them. This they all signed, and it was deposited in the Ka'bah. Then, for three years, the Prophet was shut up with all his kinsfolk in their stronghold which was situated in one of the gorges which run down to Mecca. Only at the time of pilgrimage could he go out and preach, or did any of his kinsfolk dare to go into the city.

Destruction of the Sahifab

At length some kinder hearts among Qureysh grew weary of the boycott of old friends and neighbours. They managed to have the document which had been placed in the Ka'bah brought out for reconsideration; when it was found that all the writing had been destroyed by white ants, except the words Bismika Allahumma ("In Thy name, O Allah"). When the elders saw that marvel the ban was removed, and the Prophet was again free to go about the city. But meanwhile the opposition to his preaching had grown rigid. He had little success among the Meccans, and an attempt which he made to preach in the city of Ta'if was a failure. His Mission was a failure, The men judged by worldly standards, when, at the season of the yearly pilgrimage, he came upon a little group of men who heard him gladly.

from Yarhrib

> They came from Yathrib, a city more than two hundred miles away, which has since become world-famous as Al-Madinah, "the City" par excellence. At Yathrib there were Jewish tribes with learned rabbis, who had often spoken to the pagans of a Prophet soon to come among the Arabs, with whom, when he came, the Jews would destroy the pagans as the tribes of A'ad and Thamûd had been destroyed of old for their idolatry. When the men from Yathrib saw Muhammad they recognised him as the Prophet whom the Jewish rabbis had described to them. On their return to Yathrib they told what they had seen and heard, with the result that at the next season of pilgrimage a deputation came from Yathrib purposely to meet the Prophet. These swore allegiance to him in the first pact of Al-'Aqabah, the oath they took being that which was afterwards exacted from women converts, with no mention of fighting. They then returned to Yathrib with a Muslim teacher in their company, and soon "there was not a house in Yathrib wherein there was not mention of the messenger of Allah."

First pact of AI-'Aqabah

In the following year, at the time of pilgrimage, seventy-three Second Muslims from Yathrib came to Mecca to vow allegiance to the pact of Prophet and invite him to their city. At Al-'Aqabah, by night, they Alswore to defend him as they would defend their own wives and 'Aqabah children. It was then that the Hijrah, the Flight to Yathrib, was decided.

Soon the Muslims who were in a position to do so began to sell their property and to leave Mecca unobtrusively. Qureysh had wind of what was going on. They hated Muhammad in their midst, but dreaded what he might become if he escaped from them. It would be better, they considered, to destroy him now. The death of Abû Tâlib had removed his chief protector; but still they had to reckon Plot to with the vengeance of his clan upon the clan of the murderer. They murder cast lots and chose a slayer out of every clan. All these were to attack the the Prophet simultaneously and strike together, as one man. Thus Prophet his blood would be on all Qureysh. It was at this time (Ibn Khaldûn asserts, and it is the only satisfactory explanation of what happened afterwards) that the Prophet received the first revelation ordering him to make war upon his persecutors "until persecution is no more and religion is for Allah only." 1

The last of the able Muslims to remain in Mecca were Abû Bakr, Ali and the Prophet himself. Abû Bakr, a man of wealth, had bought two riding-camels and retained a guide in readiness for the Flight. The Prophet only waited God's command. It came at length. It was the night appointed for his murder. The slayers were before his house. He gave his cloak to Ali, bidding him lie down on the bed so that anyone looking in might think Muhammad lay there. The slayers were to strike him as he came out of the house, whether in the night or early morning. He knew they would not injure Ali. Then he left the house and, it is said, a blindness fell upon the would-be murderers so that he put dust on their heads as he passed by—without their knowing it. He went to Abû Bakr's house and called to him, and they two went together to a cavern in the desert hills and hid there till the hue and cry was past, Abû Bakr's son and daughter and his herdsman bringing them food and tidings after

nightfall. Once a search-party came quite near them in their hiding-THE place, and Abû Bakr was afraid; but the Prophet said: "Fear not! HIIRAH (June Allah is with us." Then, when the coast was clear, Abû Bakr had 20th, the riding-camels and the guide brought to the cave one night, and 622 A.D.) they set out on the long ride to Yathrib.

After travelling for many days by unfrequented paths, the fugitives reached a suburb of Yathrib, whither, for weeks past, the people of the city had been going every morning, watching for the Prophet till the heat drove them to shelter. The travellers arrived in the heat of the day, after the watchers had retired. It was a Jew who called out to the Muslims in derisive tones that he whom they expected had at last arrived.

Such was the Hijrah, the Flight from Mecca to Yathrib, which counts as the beginning of the Muslim era. The thirteen years of humiliation, of persecution, of seeming failure, of prophecy still unfulfilled, were over. The ten years of success, the fullest that has ever crowned one man's endeavour, had begun. The Hijrah makes a clear division in the story of the Prophet's Mission, which is evident in the Qur'an. Till then he had been a preacher only. Thenceforth he was the ruler of a State, at first a very small one, which grew in ten years to the empire of Arabia. The kind of guidance which he and his people needed after the Hijrah was not the same as that which they had before needed. The Madinah sûrahs differ, therefore. from the Meccan sûrahs. The latter give guidance to the individual soul and to the Prophet as warner; the former give guidance to a growing social and political community and to the Prophet as example, lawgiver and reformer.

Classification of Meccan súrahs

For classification the Meccan sûrahs are here subdivided into four groups: Very Early, Early, Middle and Late. Though the historical data and traditions are insufficient for a strict chronological grouping, the very early sûrahs are, roughly speaking, those revealed before the beginning of the persecution; the early sûrahs those revealed between the beginning of the persecution and the conversion of Omar: the middle sûrahs those revealed between the conversion of Omar and the destruction of the deed of ostracism; and the late sûrahs those revealed between the raising of the ban of ostracism and the Hijrah.

1 IX, 40.

PART II

At Al-Madînah

In the first year of his reign at Yathrib the Prophet made a solemn treaty with the Jewish tribes, which secured to them equal rights of citizenship and full religious liberty in return for their support of the new State. But their idea of a prophet was one who would give The Jews them dominion, not one who made the Jews who followed him and Hypbrothers of every Arab who might happen to believe as they did. Ocrites When they found that they could not use the Prophet for their own ends, they tried to shake his faith in his Mission and to seduce his followers; behaviour in which they were encouraged secretly by some professing Muslims who considered they had reason to resent the Prophet's coming, since it robbed them of their local influence. In the Madînah sûrahs there is frequent mention of these Jews and Hypocrites.

Till then the Qiblab (the place toward which the Muslims turn The their face in prayer) had been Jerusalem. The Jews imagined that the Qiblab choice implied a leaning toward Judaism and that the Prophet stood in need of their instruction. He received command to change the $Qiblab^1$ from Jerusalem to the Kaʻbah at Mecca. The whole first part of sûrah II relates to this Jewish controversy.

The Prophet's first concern as ruler was to establish public worship and lay down the constitution of the State; but he did not forget that Qureysh had sworn to make an end of his religion, nor that he had received command to fight against them till they ceased from persecution. After he had been twelve months in Yathrib several small expeditions went out, led either by the Prophet himself The first or some other of the fugitives from Mecca, for the purpose of expedireconnoitring and of dissuading other tribes from siding with tions

¹ II, 144, 149, 150.

Qureysh, These are generally represented as warlike but, considering their weakness and the fact that they did not result in fighting, they can hardly have been that, though it is certain that they went out ready to resist attack. It is noteworthy that in those expeditions only fugitives from Mecca were employed, never natives of Yathrib; the reason being (if we accept Ibn Khaldûn's theory, and there is no other explanation) that the command to wage war had been revealed to the Prophet at Mecca after the Yathrib men had sworn their oath of allegiance at Al-'Aqabah, and in their absence. Their oath foresaw fighting in mere defence, not fighting in the field. Blood was shed and booty taken in only one of those early expeditions, and then it was against the Prophet's orders. One purpose of those expeditions may have been to accustom the Meccan Muslims to going out in warlike trim. For thirteen years they had been strict pacifists, and it is clear, from several passages of the Qur'an,1 that many of them, including, it may be, the Prophet himself, hated the idea of fighting even in self-defence and had to be inured to it.

paign of Badr

In the second year of the Hijrah the Meccan merchants' caravan was returning from Syria as usual by a road which passed not far from Yathrib. As its leader Abû Sufyân approached the territory of The cam- Yathrib he heard of the Prophet's design to capture the caravan. At once he sent a camel-rider on to Mecca, who arrived in a worn-out state and shouted frantically from the valley to Qureysh to hasten to the rescue unless they wished to lose both wealth and honour. A force a thousand strong was soon on its way to Yathrib; less, it would seem, with the hope of saving the caravan than with the idea of punishing the raiders, since the Prophet might have taken the caravan before the relief force started from Mecca. Did the Prophet ever intend to raid the caravan? In Ibn Hishâm, in the account of the Tabûk expedition, it is stated that the Prophet on that one occasion did not hide his real objective as had been his custom in other campaigns. The caravan was the pretext in the campaign of Badr, the real objective was the Meccan army. He had received command to fight his persecutors, and promise of victory; he was prepared to venture against any odds, as was well seen at Badr. But the Muslims, disinclined and ill-equipped for war, would have

¹ c.g. II, 216.

despaired if they had known from the first that they were to face a well-armed force three times their number.

The army of Qureysh had advanced more than half way to Yathrib before the Prophet set out. All three parties—the army of Qureysh, the Muslim army and the caravan—were heading for the water of Badr. Abû Sufyân, the leader of the caravan, heard from one of his scouts that the Muslims were near the water, and turned back to the coast-plain. And the Muslims met the army of Qureysh by the water of Badr. Before the battle the Prophet was prepared still further to increase the odds against him. He gave leave to all the Ansâr (natives of Yathrib) to return to their homes unreproached, since their oath did not include the duty of fighting in the field; but the Ansâr were only hurt by the suggestion that they could possibly desert him at a time of danger. The battle went at first against the Muslims, but ended in a signal victory for them.¹

The victory of Badr gave the Prophet new prestige among the Arab tribes; but thenceforth there was the feud of blood between Qureysh and the Islamic State in addition to the old religious hatred. Those passages of the Qur'ân which refer to the battle of Badr give

warning of much greater struggles yet to come.

In fact in the following year, an army of three thousand came from Mecca to destroy Yathrib. The Prophet's first idea was merely to defend the city, a plan of which Abdullah ibn Ubeyy, the leader of "the Hypocrites" (or lukewarm Muslims), strongly approved. But the men who had fought at Badr and believed that God would help them against any odds thought it a shame that they should linger behind walls. The Prophet, approving of their faith and zeal, gave The way to them, and set out with an army of one thousand men toward battle on Mt. Uhud, where the enemy were encamped. Abdullah ibn Ubeyy, Mt. acting according to his inner dissimulation, he withdrew with his Ubud men, a fourth of the army.

he withdrew with his men, a fourth of the army.

Despite the heavy odds, the battle on Mt. Uhud would have been an even greater victory than that at Badr for the Muslims but for the

¹ See also sûrah VIII, introductory note.

disobedience of a band of fifty archers whom the Prophet set to guard a pass against the enemy cavalry. Seeing their comrades victorious, these men left their post, fearing to lose their share of the spoils. The cavalry of Oureysh rode through the gap and fell on the exultant Muslims. The Prophet himself was wounded and the cry arose that he was slain, till someone recognised him and shouted that he was still living, a shout to which the Muslims rallied. Gathering round the Prophet, they retreated, leaving many dead on the hillside.1

On the following day the Prophet again sallied forth with what remained of the army, that Qureysh might hear that he was in the field and so might perhaps be deterred from attacking the city. The stratagem succeeded, thanks to the behaviour of a friendly Bedawi, who met the Muslims and conversed with them and afterwards met the army of Qureysh. Questioned by Abû Sufyân, he said that Muhammad was in the field, stronger than ever, and thirsting for revenge for yesterday's affair. On that information, Abû Sufyân decided to return to Mecca.

The reverse which they had suffered on Mt. Uhud lowered the prestige of the Muslims with the Arab tribes and also with the Jews of Yathrib. Tribes which had inclined toward the Muslims now Massacre inclined toward Qureysh. The Prophet's followers were attacked and murdered when they went abroad in little companies. Khubeyb, one of his envoys, was captured by a desert tribe and sold to Qureysh, who tortured him to death in Mecca publicly. And the Jews, despite their treaty, now hardly concealed their hostility. They even went so far in flattery of Qureysh as to declare the religion of the pagan Arabs superior to Al-Islâm.2 The Prophet was obliged to take punitive action against some of them. The tribe of Banî Nudîr were besieged in their strong towers, subdued and forced to emigrate. The Hypocrites had sympathised with the Jews and secretly egged them on.3

of Muslims

Expulsion of the Bani Nudîr

In the fifth year of the Hijrah the idolaters made a great effort to The War destroy Al-Islâm in the War of the Clans or War of the Trench, as of the it is variously called; when Qureysh with all their clans and the great Trench desert tribe of Ghatafân with all their clans, an army of ten thousand men, rode against Al-Madînah (Yathrib). The Prophet (by the advice of Salman the Persian, it is said) caused a deep trench to be dug

2 IV, 51. * LIX.

¹ See also III, introductory note.

before the city, and himself led the work of digging it. The army of the clans was stopped by the trench, a novelty in Arab warfare. It seemed impassable for cavalry, which formed their strength. They camped in sight of it and daily showered their arrows on its defenders. While the Muslims were awaiting the assault, news came that Banî Qureyzah, a Jewish tribe of Yathrib which had till then been loval. had gone over to the enemy. The case seemed desperate, But the delay caused by the trench had damped the ardour of the clans, and one who was secretly a Muslim managed to sow distrust between Qureysh and their Jewish allies, so that both hesitated to act. Then came a bitter wind from the sea, which blew for three days and nights so terribly that not a tent could be kept standing, not a fire lighted, not a pot boiled. The tribesmen were in utter misery. At length, one night the leader of Qureysh decided that the torment could be borne no longer and gave the order to retire. When Ghatafan awoke next morning they found Qureysh had gone and they too took up their baggage and retreated.

On the day of the return from the trench the Prophet ordered war Punishon the treacherous Banî Qureyzah, who, conscious of their guilt, had ment of already taken to their towers of refuge. After a siege of nearly a Banî month they had to surrender unconditionally. They only begged that Qureyzah they might be judged by a member of the Arab tribe of which they were adherents. The Prophet granted their request. But the judge, upon whose favour they had counted, condemned their men to death, their women and children to slavery.

Early in the sixth year of the Hijrah the Prophet led a campaign against the Banî'l-Mustaliq, a tribe who were preparing to attack the Muslims. It was during the return from that campaign that Ayeshah, The his young wife, was left behind and brought back to camp by a young slander soldier, an incident which gave rise to the scandal denounced in against sûrah XXIV.² It was on this campaign also that Abdullah ibn Ayeshah Ubeyy, the "Hypocrite" chief, said: "When we return to the city the mightier will soon expel the weaker" at sight of a quarrel between Muhâjirîn (immigrants from Mecca) and Ansâr (natives of Yathrib).

¹ See also XXXII, introductory note. ² XXIV, 11 ff. ⁸ LXIII, 8.

In the same year the Prophet had a vision in which he found himself entering the holy place at Mecca unopposed; therefore he determined to attempt the pilgrimage. Besides a number of Muslims from Yathrib (which we shall henceforth call Al-Madinah) he called upon the friendly Arabs, whose numbers had increased since the miraculous (as it was considered) discomfiture of the clans, to accompany him, but most of them did not respond.2 Attired as pilgrims. and taking with them the customary offerings, a company of fourteen hundred men journeyed to Mecca. As they drew near the holy valley they were met by a friend from the city, who warned the Prophet that Qureysh had put on their leopard-skins (the badge of valour) and had sworn to prevent his entering the sanctuary; their cavalry was on the road before him. On that, the Prophet ordered a detour through mountain gorges and the Muslims were tired out when they came down at last into the valley of Mecca and encamped at a spot called Al-Hudeybiyah; from whence he tried to open negotiations with Qureysh, explaining that he came only as a pilgrim. The first messenger he sent towards the city was maltreated and his camel hamstrung. He returned without delivering his message. Qureysh on their side sent an envoy who was threatening in tone, and very arrogant. Another of their envoys was too familiar and had to be reminded sternly of the respect due to the Prophet. It was he who, on his return to the city, said: "I have seen Caesar and Chosroes in their pomp, but never have I seen a man honoured as Muhammad is honoured by his comrades."

Al-Ḥudeybiyah

The Prophet sought some messenger who would impose respect. Othmân was finally chosen because of his kinship with the powerful Umayyad family. While the Muslims were awaiting his return the news came that he had been murdered. It was then that the Prophet, sitting under a tree³ in Al-Hudeybiyah, took an oath from all his comrades that they would stand or fall together. After a while, however, it became known that Othmân had not been murdered. A troop which came out from the city to molest the Muslims in their camp were captured before they could do any hurt⁴ and brought before the Prophet, who forgave them on their promise to renounce hostility. Then proper envoys came from Qureysh. After some negotia-

¹ XLVIII, 27. 2 XLVIII, 11 ff. 3 XLVIII, 18. 4 XLVIII, 24.

tion, the truce of Al-Hudeybiyah was signed. For ten years there Truce of were to be no hostilities between the parties. The Prophet was to Al-return to Al-Madînah without visiting the Ka'bah, but in the follow-Hudeying year he might perform the pilgrimage with his comrades, Qureysh biyah promising to evacuate Mecca for three days to allow of his doing so. Deserters from Qureysh to the Muslims during the period of the truce were to be returned; not so deserters from the Muslims to Qureysh. Any tribe or clan who wished to share in the treaty as allies of the Prophet might do so, and any tribe or clan who wished to share in the treaty as allies of Qureysh might do so.

There was dismay among the Muslims at these terms. They asked one another: "Where is the victory that we were promised?" It was during the return journey from Al-Hudeybiyah that the sûrah entitled "Victory" was revealed. This truce proved, in fact, to be the greatest victory that the Muslims had till then achieved. War had been a barrier between them and the idolaters, but now both parties met and talked together, and the new religion spread more rapidly. In the two years which elapsed between the signing of the truce and the fall of Mecca the number of converts was greater than the total number of all previous converts. The Prophet travelled to Al-Hudeybiyah with 1400 men. Two years later, when the Meccans broke the truce, he marched against them with an army of 10,000.

In the seventh year of the Hijrah the Prophet led a campaign The camagainst Kheybar, the stronghold of the Jewish tribes in North Arabia, paign of which had become a hornet's nest of his enemies. The forts of Kheybar Kheybar were reduced one by one, and the Jews of Kheybar became thenceforth tenants of the Muslims until the expulsion of the Jews from Arabia in the Caliphate of Omar. On the day when the last fort surrendered Ja'far son of Abû Tâlib, the Prophet's first cousin, arrived with all who remained of the Muslims who had fled to Abyssinia to escape from persecution in the early days. They had been absent from Arabia fifteen years. It was at Kheybar that a Jewess prepared for the Prophet poisoned meat, of which he only tasted a morsel without swallowing it, then warned his comrades that it was poisoned. One Muslim, who had already swallowed a mouthful, died immediately, and the Prophet himself, from the mere taste

of it, derived the illness which eventually caused his death. The woman who had cooked the meat was brought before him. When she said that she had done it on account of the humiliation of her people, he forgave her.

Pilgrimage to Mecca

In the same year the Prophet's vision was fulfilled: he visited the holy place at Mecca unopposed. In accordance with the terms of the truce the idolaters evacuated the city, and from the surrounding heights watched the procedure of the Muslims. At the end of the stipulated three days the chiefs of Qureysh sent to remind the Prophet that the time was up. He then withdrew, and the idolaters reoccupied the city.

Mû'tah expedition

In the eighth year of the Hijrah, hearing that the Byzantine emperor was gathering a force in Syria for the destruction of Al-Islâm, the Prophet sent three thousand men to Syria under the command of his freedman Zeyd. The campaign was unsuccessful except that it impressed the Syrians with a notion of the reckless valour of the Muslims. The three thousand did not hesitate to join battle with a hundred thousand. When all the three leaders appointed by the Prophet had been killed, the survivors obeyed Khâlid ibn al-Walid, who, by his strategy and courage, managed to preserve a remnant and return with them to Al-Madinah.

Truce Qureysh

In the same year Qureysh broke the truce by attacking a tribe that broken by was in alliance with the Prophet and massacring them even in the sanctuary at Mecca. Afterwards they were afraid because of what they had done. They sent Abû Sufyan to Al-Madinah to ask for the existing treaty to be renewed and its term prolonged. They hoped that he would arrive before the tidings of the massacre. But a messenger from the injured tribe had been before him, and his embassy was fruitless.

Conquest

Then the Prophet summoned all the Muslims capable of bearing of Mecca arms and marched to Mecca. Qureysh were overawed. Their cavalry put up a show of defence before the town, but were routed without bloodshed; and the Prophet entered his native city as conqueror. The inhabitants expected vengeance for their past misdeeds. The Prophet proclaimed a general amnesty. Only a few known criminals were proscribed, and most of those were in the end forgiven. In their relief and surprise, the whole population of Mecca hastened to swear

allegiance. The Prophet caused all the idols which were in the sanctuary to be destroyed, saying: "Truth hath come; darkness hath vanished away;" and the Muslim call to prayer was heard in Mecca.

In the same year there was an angry gathering of pagan tribes eager to regain the Ka'bah. The Prophet led twelve thousand men against them. At Huneyn, in a deep ravine, his troops were ambushed by the enemy and almost put to flight. It was with difficulty that they Battle of were rallied to the Prophet and his bodyguard of faithful comrades Huneyn who alone stood firm. But the victory, when it came, was complete and the booty enormous, for many of the hostile tribes had brought out with them everything that they possessed.

The tribe of Thaqîf were among the enemy at Huneyn. After that victory their city of Tâ'îf was besieged by the Muslims, and Conquest finally reduced. Then the Prophet appointed a governor of Mecca, of Tâ'îf and himself returned to Al-Madînah to the boundless joy of the Ansâr, who had feared lest, now that he had regained his native city, he might forsake them and make Mecca the capital.

In the ninth year of the Hijrah, hearing that an army was again being mustered in Syria, the Prophet called on all the Muslims to support him in a great campaign. The far distance, the hot season, The the fact that it was harvest time and the prestige of the enemy caused Tabûk many to excuse themselves and many more to stay behind without expediexcuse. Those defaulters are denounced in the Qur'ân. But the tion campaign ended peacefully. The army advanced to Tabûk, on the confines of Syria, and there learnt that the enemy had not yet gathered.

Although Mecca had been conquered and its people were now Muslims, the official order of the pilgrimage had not been changed; the pagan Arabs performing it in their manner, and the Muslims in their manner. It was only after the pilgrims' caravan had left Al-Madînah in the ninth year of the Hijrah, when Al-Islâm was dominant in North Arabia, that the Declaration of Immunity,³ as it is Declaracilled, was revealed. The Prophet sent a copy of it by messenger to tion of Abû Bakr, leader of the pilgrimage, with the instruction that Ali was Immunto read it to the multitudes at Mecca. Its purport was that after that typear Muslims only were to make the pilgrimage, exception being

1 XVII, 81.

1X, 38-99.

8 IX. 1-12.

made for such of the idolaters as had a treaty with the Muslims and had never broken their treaty nor supported anyone against them. Such were to enjoy the privileges of their treaty for the term thereof, but when their treaty expired they would be as other idolaters. That proclamation marks the end of idol-worship in Arabia.

The Year of Deputations

The ninth year of the Hijrah is called the Year of Deputations. because from all parts of Arabia deputations came to Al-Madinahl to swear allegiance to the Prophet and to hear the Qur'an. The Prophet had become, in fact, the emperor of Arabia, but his way of life remained as simple as before.

The number of the campaigns which he led in person during the last ten years of his life is twenty-seven, in nine of which there was hard fighting. The number of the expeditions which he planned and sent out under other leaders is thirty-eight. He personally controlled every detail of organisation, judged every case and was accessible to every suppliant. In those ten years he destroyed idolatry in Arabia; raised woman from the status of a chattel to complete legal equality with man; effectually stopped the drunkenness and immorality which had till then disgraced the Arabs; made men in love with faith, sincerity and honest dealing; transformed tribes who had been for centuries content with ignorance into a people with the greatest thirst for knowledge; and for the first time in history made universal human brotherhood a fact and principle of common law. And his support and guide in all that work was the Qur'an.

In the tenth year of the Hijrah he went to Mecca as a pilgrim for The Fare- the last time-his "pilgrimage of farewell," it is called-when from well Pil- Mr. 'Arafât he preached to an enormous throng of pilgrims. He regrimage minded them of all the duties Al-Islâm enjoined upon them, and that they would one day have to meet their Lord, who would judge each one of them according to his work. At the end of the discourse, he asked: "Have I not conveyed the Message?" And from that great multitude of men who a few months or years before had all been

conscienceless idolaters the shout went up: "O Allah! Yes!" The Prophet said: "O Allah! Be Thou witness!"

1 XLIX.

It was during that last pilgrimage that the sûrah entitled "Succour"2 was revealed, which he received as an announcement of

* CX.

approaching death. Soon after his return to Al-Madinah he fell ill. The tidings of his illness caused dismay throughout Arabia and Illness anguish to the folk of Al-Madinah, Mecca and Tâ'if, the home-and death towns. At early dawn on the last day of his earthly life he came out of the from his room beside the mosque at Al-Madînah and joined the Prophet public prayer, which Abû Bakr had been leading since his illness. And there was great relief among the people, who supposed him well again. When, later in the day, the rumour grew that he was dead. Omar threatened those who spread the rumour with dire punishment, declaring it a crime to think that the messenger of God could die. He was storming at the people in that strain when Abû Bakr came into the mosque and overheard him. Abû Bakr went to the chamber of his daughter Ayeshah, where the Prophet lay. Having ascertained the fact, and kissed the dead man's forehead, he went back into the mosque. The people were still listening to Omar, who was saying that the rumour was a wicked lie, that the Prophet who was all in all to them could not be dead. Abû Bakr went up to Omar and tried to stop him by a whispered word. Then, finding he would pay no heed. Abû Bakr called to the people, who, recognising his voice, left Omar and came crowding round him. He first gave praise to Allah, and then said: "O people! Lo! as for him who used to worship Muhammad, Muhammad is dead. But as for him who used to worship Allah, Allah is Alive and dieth not." He then recited the verse of the Our'an:

"And Muhammad is but a messenger, messengers the like of whom have passed away before him. Will it be that, when he dieth or is slain, ye will turn back on your heels? He who turneth back doth no hurt to Allah, and Allah will reward the thankful."

"And," says the narrator, an eye-witness, "it was as if the people had not known that such a verse had been revealed till Abû Bakr recited it." And another witness tells how Omar used to say: "Directly I heard Abû Bakr recite that verse my feet were cut from beneath me and I fell to the ground, for I knew that Allah's messenger was dead. May Allah bless and keep him!"

All the sûrahs of the Qur'an had been recorded in writing before the Prophet's death, and many Muslims had committed the whole Qur'ân to memory. But the written sûrahs were dispersed among the people; and when, in a battle which took place during the Caliphate of Abû Bakr—that is to say, within two years of the Prophet's death—a large number of those who knew the whole Qur'ân by heart were killed, a collection of the whole Qur'ân was made and put in writing. In the Caliphate of Othmân, all existing copies of sûrahs were called in, and an authoritative version, based on Abû Bakr's collection and the testimony of those who had the whole Qur'ân by heart, was compiled exactly in the present form and order, which is regarded as traditional and as the arrangement of the Prophet himself, the Caliph Othmân and his helpers being Comrades of the Prophet and the most devout students of the revelation. The Qur'ân has thus been very carefully preserved.

The arrangement is not easy to understand. Revelations of various dates and on different subjects are to be found together in one sûrah; verses of Madînah revelation are found in Meccan sûrahs; some of the Madînah sûrahs, though of late revelation, are placed first and the very early Meccan sûrahs at the end. But the arrangement is not haphazard, as some have hastily supposed. Closer study will reveal a sequence and significance—as, for instance, with regard to the placing of the very early Meccan sûrahs at the end. The inspiration of the Prophet progressed from inmost things to outward things, whereas most people find their way through outward things to things within.

There is another peculiarity which is disconcerting in translation though it proceeds from one of the beauties of the original, and is unavoidable without abolishing the verse-division of great importance for reference. In the Arabic the verses are divided according to the rhythm of the language. When a certain sound which marks the rhythm recurs there is a strong pause and the verse ends naturally, although the sentence may go on to the next verse or to several subsequent verses. That is of the spirit of the Arabic language; but attempts to reproduce such rhythm in English have the opposite effect to that produced by the Arabic. Here only the division is preserved, the verses being divided as in the Qur'ân, and numbered.

PUBLISHER'S NOTE

The following are the special features of this publication.

- As the translation is subject to the text the English portion is paged from right to left.
- The whole of the Qur'an has been printed in Naskh type after the style of the famous Egyptian Ameria type which is distinct from the Hafiz Osmani script followed in India.
- Verses in the text are numbered at the end while they are at the beginning in the translation.
- 4. In addition to the divisions and stages given according to the original Egyptian text, rubos (stages) and 'ansaf' (halves) have also been marked in this edition.
- The word Allab () in the original has been spelt with fath (=), while it is printed with shortened alif, i.e.
 () in this edition.
- A Note as to the correct articulation of the text as followed in this publication is given under 'characteristics' at the end of each volume both in Urdu and English.
- 7. Deviations made against the original where found necessary in this edition are:

I. TRANSLATION

Names of Sûrahs

Egyptian Version		Mr. Pickthall's Translation		
1.	Isrâ	Banî Isrâil		
2. Fâțir		Al-Malâ'ikah		
3.	Ghåfir	Al-Mu'min		
4.	Al-Ikhlas	At-Tauhîd		

PUBLISHER'S NOTE

The Place of Revelation of Sûrabs

Name of the Sûrab	Egyptian Version	Mr. Pickthall's Translation	
 Ar-R'ad Ar-Rahmân At-Taghâbun Al-Insân Az-Zilzâl 	Al-Madînah do do do do	Mecca do do do do	

II. ARABIC TEXT

Parts of the Qur'an

		Egyptian Version	Indian Version followed	
ı.	Part No. 4	كل الطعام	لن تتالوا البر	
2.	Part No. 7	لتجدن اشد الناس	واذاسمعوا	
3.	Part No. 11	انما السبيل على الذين	يعتذرون	
4.	Part No. 20	فما كان جواب تومه	امن خلق السموات	
5.	Part No. 21	ولا تجادلوا	اتل ما اوح <i>ی</i>	
	Part No. 23	وما الزلنا على قومه	وما لي	

SÛRAH I

Al-Fâtibab, "The Opening," or Fâtibatu'l-Kitâb, "The Opening of the Scripture" or Ummu'l-Qur'ân, "The Essence of the Qur'ân," as it is variously named, has been called the Lord's Prayer of the Muslims. It is an essential part of all Muslim worship, public and private, and no solemn contract or transaction is complete unless it is recited. The date of revelation is uncertain, but the fact that it has always, from the very earliest times, formed a part of Muslim worship, there being no record or remembrance of its introduction, or of public prayer without it, makes it clear that it was revealed before the fourth year of the Prophet's Mission (the tenth year before the Hijrah); because we know for certain that by that time regular congregational prayers were offered by the little group of Muslims in Mecca. In that year, as the result of insult and attack¹ by the idolaters, the Prophet arranged for the services, which had till then been held out of doors, to take place in a private house.

This sûrah is also often called Saba'an min al-Mathâni, "Seven of the Oft-repeated" ("verses" being understood), s. XV, 87, words which are taken as referring to this sûrah,

¹ Ibn Hishâm, Strab (Cairo ed.), Part I, p. 88.

TRANSLATOR'S NOTE:

I have retained the word Allah throughout, because there is no corresponding word in English. The word Allab (the stress is on the last syllable) has neither feminine not plural, and has never been applied to anything other than the unimaginable Supreme Being. I use the word "God" only where the corresponding word ilab is found in the Arabic.

The words in brackets are interpolated to explain the meaning.

(١) سُيوَكُوُ الْفَسِيْ اِعَيْنَ الْعَبِيْ الْعَبِيْ الْعَبِيْ الْعَبِيْنِ الْعَبِيْنِ الْعَبِيْنِ الْعَبِيْنِ

ين إلله الزمز الزيم الم

الْحَمَّدُ لِلهِ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ الرَّمْنِ الرَّحِمِ ﴿ الْحَمَّدِ الرَّحِمِ ﴿ مَا لَكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿ إِمَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِمَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ﴿ مَا لَكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينَ أَنْعَمْتَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿ مِرَاطَ الدِّينَ أَنْعَمْتَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ﴿ مِرَاطَ الدِّينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لَيْنَ فَي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لَيْنَ فَي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ فَي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ فَي المَعْضُوبِ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ فَي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ فَي الْمُنْفَوِي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ فَي الْمُنْفَوِي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ الْمُنْفِيقِ الْمُنْفَوِي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ الْمُنْفَوِي عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ الْمَعْفُولِ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا الضَّا لِينَ الْمُنْفِيقِ الْمُنْفَاقِيمُ الْمُنْفَاقِيمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

تزكت بعن كالمؤثر



THE OPENING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.
- 2. Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds,
- 3. The Beneficent, the Merciful.
- 4. Master of the Day of Judgment,
- 5. Thee (alone) we worship; Thee (alone) we ask for help.

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- 6. Show us the straight path,
- 7. The path of those whom Thou hast favoured; Not the (path) of those who earn Thine anger nor of those who go astray.

SORAH II

Al-Baqarah (The Cow) is so named from the story of the yellow heifer (vv. 67-71). As is the case with many other sûrahs, the title is taken from some word or incident which surprised the listeners. All suggestions to the contrary notwithstanding, it seems probable that the whole of this sûrah was revealed during the first four years after the Hijrah, and that by far the greater portion of it was revealed in the first eighteen months of the Prophet's reign at Al-Madînah—that is to say, before the battle of Badr.

The Jewish tribes, once paramount in Yathrib had, not very long before the coming of Al-Islâm, been reduced by the pagan Arab tribes of Aûs and Khazraj, each Jewish tribe becoming an adherent of one or the other. But they had preserved a sort of intellectual ascendancy owing to their possession of the Scripture and their fame for occult science, the pagan Arabs consulting their rabbis on occasions and paying heed to what they said. Before the coming of Al-Islâm, these Jewish rabbis had often told their neighbours that a Prophet was about to come, and had often threatened them that, when he came, they (the Jews) would destroy the pagan Arabs as the tribes of A'ad and Thamud had been destroyed of old.2 So plainly did they describe the coming Prophet that pilgrims from Yathrib recognised the Prophet, when he addressed them in Mecca, as the same whom the Jewish doctors had described to them. But the Jewish idea of a prophet was one who would give them dominion, not one who would make them brethren of every pagan Arab who chose to accept Al-Islâm. When they found that they could not make use of the newcomer, they opposed him and tried to bewilder him with questions from their theology, speaking to him as men who possessed

^{&#}x27; Al-Islâm means "The Surrender" —i.e. man's surrender to Allah's Will and Purpose.

² Ibn Hishâm (Cairo ed.), Part. I, pp. 180 seq.

superior wisdom; failing to perceive that, from a prophet's standpoint, theology is childish nonsense, the very opposite of religion, and its enemy; religion, for the Prophet, being not a matter of conjecture

and speech, but of fact and conduct.

Ibn Ishâq¹ states definitely that vv. 1-141 were revealed concerning these Jewish rabbis and such of the new converts to Al-Islâm as were half-hearted and inclined to them. There follows the order to change the Qiblab (the place toward which the Muslims turn their face in prayer) from Jerusalem to the Ka'bah at Mecca, which was built by Abraham, the choice of Jerusalem having led to a misunderstanding on the part of the Jews that the Prophet was groping his way toward their religion and stood in need of their guidance and instruction.

All through the sûrah runs the note of warning, which sounds indeed throughout the whole Qur'ân, that it is not the mere profession of a creed, but righteous conduct, which is true religion. There is the repeated announcement that the religion of Abraham, to which Judaism and Christianity (which springs from Judaism) trace their origin, is the only true religion, and that that religion consists in the surrender of man's will and purpose to the Will and Purpose of Allah, the Lord of Creation as manifested in His creation and revealed by way of guidance through successive prophets. Of sincerity in that religion the one test is conduct, and the standard of that religion is for all alike.

At the time when this sûrah was revealed at Al-Madînah, the Prophet's own tribe, the pagan Qureysh at Mecca, were preparing to attack the Muslims in their place of refuge. Cruel persecution was the lot of Muslims who had stayed in Meccan territory or who journeyed thither, and Muslims were being prevented from performing the pilgrimage. The possible necessity of fighting had been foreseen in the terms of the oath, taken at Al-'Aqabah by the Muslims of Yathrib before the Flight, to defend the Prophet as they would their own wives and children, and the first commandment to fight was revealed to the Prophet before his flight from Mecca; but there was no actual fighting by the Muslims until the battle of Badr. Many of them were reluctant, having before been subject to a rule of strict non-violence. It was with difficulty that they could accept the

¹ Apud Ibn Hishâm, Sîrab (Cairo ed.), pp. 189 sej.

idea of fighting even in self-defence, as can be seen from several verses in this sûrah; which contains also rules for fasting and the pilgrimage, bequests, almsgiving, divorce and contracts, and verses which discountenance usury, strong drink and gambling. It concludes with a statement of the universal character of Al-Islâm, the religion of Allah's Sovereignty, and a prayer for the forgiveness of shortcomings.

This sûrah might be described as the Qur'an in little. It contains mention of all the essential points of the revelation, which are elaborated elsewhere. This accounts for the precedence given to it in

the arrangement of the Book.

The period of revelation is the years 1 and 2 A.H. for the most part, certain verses of legislation being considered as of later date.

(٢) مُمَوَّرَقُ الْبَهَ عَلَيْنَ مَكِنْ فَيَكُنْ الْآلَةُ ١٨١ مَثَلَثْ فِي عَلَيْهِ الْكَاهُ

بنسب إلله الزخمز الزي

الّــة ﴿ ذَالِكَ الْكَتَنَبُ لَا رَبْبُ فِيهُ مُدَى لِلْمُنَّقِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُولُولُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ



Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.1

2. This is the Scripture whereof there is no doubt, a guidance unto those who ward off (evil).

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- Who believe in the Unseen, and establish worship, and spend of that We have bestowed upon them;
- 4. And who believe in that which is revealed unto thee (Muhammad) and that which was revealed before thee, and are certain of the Hereafter.

¹ Letters of the Arabic alphabet. Many sûrahs begin with letters of the alphabet. Opinions differ as to their significance, but all Muslims are agreed that they indicate some mystic words or truths too far beyond the understanding of the people to bear statement. Some non-Muslim critics have opined that they are merely the initials of the scribe; but their opinion is untenable in face of many sure traditions which show that súrahs were known by the name of such initial letters in the Meccan period (see Introductions to sûrahs XIX and XX in this book) which would certainly never have been the case had they been merely some scribe's initials. They undoubtedly form part of the revelation received and uttered by the Prophet.

أُوْلَيْكَ عَلَىٰ هُدَّى مَن رَّبِّهِمْ وَأُوْلَيْكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلَحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ سَوَاةً عَلَيْهِم وَانْدَرْتُهِم أَمْ لَمُ تُنذُرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ تَا خَمَّ اللهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهمْ وَعَلَىٰ سَمْعَهُمْ وَعَلَىٰ أَيْصَارِهِمْ غَشَلُوةٌ وَلَمُهُمْ عَلَاآبٌ عَظَيْمٌ ﴿ فَي وَمَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ وَامَنَّا بِالله وَبِالْيَوْمِ الْآنِدِ وَمَا هُم يُعُومُنينَ ﴿ يُخَلِدُعُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَمَا يَخْدَعُونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢٥ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ فَزَّادَهُمُ اللهُ مَرَضًا وَهَمْ عَذَابُ أَلَمُ مِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْذَبُونَ ٢٠٠٠ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَمُمَّ لَا تُفْسدُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ قَالُواْ إِنَّمَا غَنْ مُصْلحُونَ ١٠ أَلَّا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْسِدُونَ وَلَكَن لَّا يَشْعُرُونَ ١٠ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ عَامِنُواْ كُمّا عَامَنَ النَّاسُ قَالُواْ أَنَّوْمِنُ كُمّا عَامَنَ ٱلسُّفَهَاءُ أَلَّا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ السُّفَهَاءُ وَلَكُن لَّا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿

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- 5. These depend on guidance from their Lord. These are the successful.
- 6. As for the disbelievers, whether thou warn them or thou warn them not it is all one for them; they believe not.
- 7. Allah hath sealed their hearing and their hearts, and on their eyes there is a covering. Theirs will be an awful doom.
- 8, And of mankind are some who say: We believe in Allah and the Last Day, when they believe not.
- o. They think to beguile Allah and those who believe, and they beguile none save themselves; but they perceive not.
- 10. In their hearts is a disease, and Allah increaseth their disease. A painful doom is theirs because they lie.
- 11. And when it is said unto them: Make not mischief in the earth, they say: We are peacemakers only.
- 12. Are not they indeed the mischief-makers? But they perceive not.
- 13. And when it is said unto them: Believe as the people! believe, they say: Shall we believe as the foolish believe? Are not they indeed the foolish? But they know not.

¹ i.e. the people of Al-Madinah, most of whom were Muslims. Verses 8 to 10 refer to the "Hypocrites," or lukewarm Muslims of Al-Madinah, whose leader was Abdullah ibn Ubeyy. They pretended that their aim was to make peace between the Muslims and the Jewish rabbis, but they only embittered the controversy.

قَالُواْ إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ إِنَّكَ نَحْنُ مُسَتَهْزُءُ وِنَ ١٠٠٠ اللَّهُ يُسْتَهْزَى بِمْ وَيَمُدُّهُمْ فِي طُغْيَنَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ رَبِي أُوْلَدَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱشْتَرَوا ٱلضَّلَلَةَ بَالْمُدُى فَلَ رَبِحَت تَجَلَرَ أَمُومٌ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُهْنَدينَ ١ مُثَلُهُمْ مُكَثَل الَّذي ٱسْتَوْقَدَ نَارًا فَلَمَّ أَضَاءَتْ مَاحَوْلَهُ فَهُا لَللَّهُ بِنُورِهِمْ وَرَكَّهُمْ فِي ظُلْمَات لَّا يُبْصَرُونَ ١٠٠٠ مِمْ بَكْرُ عَيْ فَهُمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ ١٠٠٠ لَلَّا يَرْجِعُونَ ١٠٠٠ اللهِ أَوْ كَصِيب مِّنَ السَّماءِ فيه ظُلُمَكُ وَرَعْدٌ وَرَقْ يَجْعَلُونَ أَصَابِعُهُمْ فِي ءَاذَانهم مَّنَ ٱلصَّوَاعِق حَذَرَ ٱلْمَوْتُ وَٱللَّهُ مُحِيطُ بِالْكَنفرينَ ﴿ يَكَادُ النَّبِرَقُ يَخْطَفُ أَبْصَارَهُمْ

وَ إِذَا لَقُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قَالُواْءَامَنَّا وَ إِذَاخَلُواْ إِلَىٰ شَيْطِينِهُمْ

كُلَّمَ أَضَاءَ لَمُهُم مَّشَواْ فِيه وَإِذَا أَظْلَمَ عَلَيْهُمْ قَامُواْ

وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ لَذَهَبَ بِسَمْعِهِمْ وَأَبْصَنْرِهُمْ إِنَّ اللهُ عَلَى كُلَّ

- 14. And when they fall in with those who believe, they say: We believe; but when they go apart to their devils they declare: Lo! we are with you; verily we did but mock.
- 15. Allah (Himself) doth mock them, leaving them to wander blindly on in their contumacy.
- 16. These are they who purchase error at the price of guidance, so their commerce doth not prosper, neither are they guided.
- 17. Their likeness is as the likeness of one who kindleth fire, and when it sheddeth its light around him Allah taketh away their light and leaveth them in darkness, where they cannot see.
 - 18. Deaf, dumb and blind; and they return not.
- 19. Or like a rainstorm from the sky, wherein is darkness, thunder and the flash of lightning. They thrust their fingers in their ears by reason of the thunder-claps, for fear of death. Allah encompasseth the disbelievers (in His guidance, His omniscience and his omnipotence).
- 20. The lightning almost snatcheth away their sight from them. As often as it flasheth forth for them they walk therein, and when it darkeneth against them they stand still. If Allah willed, He could destroy their hearing and their sight. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.

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الحزء الأوّل سورة البقرة

شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ رَبِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ أَعْبُدُواْ رَبُّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلُكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلأَرْضَ فرَاشاً وَالسَّمَاءَ بنامَ وَأَنزَلَ منَ السَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَأَخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ ٱلشَّمَرَاتِ رِزْقًا لَّكُمْ ۚ فَلَا تَجْعَلُواْ لللهِ أَندَادًا وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ وَإِن كُنتُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ ثَمَّا زَّلْنَا عَلَى عَبْدَنَا فَأْ تُواْ إِسُورَة مَن مَشْله ع وَأَدْعُواْ شُهَدَ آءَكُم مّن دُون الله إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقينَ ﴿ أَي فَإِن لَّمْ تَفْعَلُواْ وَلَن تَفْعَلُواْ فَا تَقُواْ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي وَقُودُهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَ ٱلْحَجَارَةَ أَعْدَتْ الْكَلفرينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ا وَبَشْرِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتِ أَنَّ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتَ تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأُنْهَا لِأَنْهَا رُزَقُواْ مَنْهَا مِن تَمَرَة وَزْقًا قَالُواْ هَلَذَا ٱلَّذَى رُزَقْنَا مِن قَبْلُ وَأَتُواْ بِهِ ءُمُنَشَلِهَا ۖ وَلَهُمْ فِيهَا أَزْوَاجٌ مُطَهِّرَةً وَهُمْ فَنِهَا خَدَلدُونَ ﴿ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يَسْتَحْيَة



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21. O mankind! Worship your Lord, Who hath created you and those before you, so that ye may ward off (evil).

- 22. Who hath appointed the earth a resting-place for you, and the sky a canopy; and causeth water to pour down from the sky, thereby producing fruits as food for you. And do not set up rivals to Allah when ye know (better).
- 23. And if ye are in doubt concerning that which We reveal unto Our slave¹ (Muhammad), then produce a sûrah of the like thereof, and call your witnesses beside Allah if ye are truthful.
- 24. And if ye do it not—and ye can never do it—then guard yourselves against the Fire prepared for disbelievers, whose fuel is of men and stones.
- 25. And give glad tidings (O Muhammad) unto those who believe and do good works; that theirs are Gardens underneath which rivers flow; as often as they are regaled with food of the fruit thereof, they say: This is what was given us aforetime;² and it is given to them in resemblance. There for them are pure companions; there for ever they abide.
 - 26. Lo! Allah disdaineth not to coin the similitude even

³ The joys of paradise will recall, in a rapturous degree, the joys the righteous tasted in their life on earth.

¹ To be the slave of Allah is the proudest boast of the Muslim, bondage to Allah liberating from all other servitudes. In the Qur'an mankind are often called Allah's slaves or bondmen, a stronger and more just expression than the word "servants" generally substituted in translations.

أَنْ يَضْرِ بَ مَشَكًّا مَّا بَعُوضَةً فَكَ فَوْقَهَا ۖ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ ٱلْحَقَّ مِن رَّبِّهِمْ وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَيَقُولُونَ مَاذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ بَهِنَذَا مَثَلًا يُضِلُّ به عَكَثيرًا وَيَهْدَى به عَكَثيرًا وَمَا يُضِلُّ بِهِ ۚ إِلَّا ٱلْفَسِقِينَ ١٠ الَّذِينَ يَنْقُضُونَ عَهْدَ الله مَنْ بَعْد ميتَنقه ع وَيقَطعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللهُ به عَ أَن يُوصَلَ وَيُفْسِدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ أُولَنَهِكَ مُمُ الْخُنْسُرُونَ ١٠ كَيْفَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِاللهُ وَكُنتُم أَمُواتًا فَأَحَيْكُمْ ثُمِّ يُمِينُكُمْ ثُمِّ يَمِينُكُمْ ثُمِّ يَمِيكُم ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ١٠ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ لَكُم مَّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا ثُمُّ اسْتَوَى إِلَى السَّمَاءِ فَسَوَّلْهِنَّ سَبْعَ سَمَنُواتَ وَهُو بكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَيْمٌ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ الْمَلَتَكِمَةَ إِنَّى جَاعَلْ في ٱلْأَرْضِ خَلِيَّةً قَالُواْ أَتَجْعَلُ فِهَا مَن يُفْسِدُ فِهَا وَيَسْفِكُ الدَّمَاءَ وَتَحْنُ نُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْدِكَ وَنُقَدَّسُ لَكَّ

قال

of a gnat. Those who believe know that it is the truth from their Lord; but those who disbelieve say: What doth Allah wish (to teach) by such a similitude? He misleadeth many thereby, and He guideth many thereby; and He misleadeth thereby only miscreants;

27. Those who break the covenant of Allah after ratifying it, and sever that which Allah ordered to be joined, and (who) make mischief in the earth: Those are they who are the losers.

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- 28. How disbelieve ye in Allah when ye were dead and He gave life to you! Then He will give you death, then life again, and then unto Him ye will return.
- 29. He it is Who created for you all that is in the earth. Then turned He to the heaven, and fashioned it as seven heavens. And He is Knower of all things.
- 30. And when thy Lord said unto the angels: Lo! I am about to place a viceroy in the earth, they said: Wilt Thou place therein one who will do harm therein and will shed blood, while we, we hymn Thy praise and sanctify Thee?

قَالَ إِنَّى أَعْلَمُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَعَلَّمَ اَدَمَ ٱلْأَسْمَاءَ كُلَّهَا مُ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمَلَتَكِكَةَ فَقَالَ أَنْبِعُونِي بِأَسْمَاءِ هَتَوُلاً و إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ سُبْحَننَكَ لَاعْلَمُ لَنَا إِلَّا مَاعَلَّمْنَنَا ۗ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَلَمُ الْحَكِيدُ ﴿ مَا كَالَ يَنْكَادَمُ أنبهم بأسمايهم فكما أنباهم بأسمايهم قال ألر أقل لكر إِنَّى أَعْلَمُ غَيْبَ السَّمَوَ اسْ وَالْأَرْضِ وَأَعْلَمُ مَاتَبِدُونَ وَمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ ١ وَإِذْ قُلْنَا للمَلْنَيْكَة ٱلجُدُواْ لاَدَمَ فَسَجَدُواْ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَنَّ وَاسْتَكْبَرَ وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَنفرينَ رَبِّ وَقُلْنَا يَنَادَمُ أَسُكُنْ أَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ ٱلْحَنَّةَ وَكُلامْهَا رَغَدًا حَيْثُ شَنْتُما وَلَا تَقْرَ بَا هَلَه الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُونَا منَ ٱلظُّللمينَ رَضِ فَأَ زَهُّمَا ٱلشَّيطُنُ عَنْهَا فَأَخْرَجُهُمَا مَّكَانَا فيه وَقُلْنَا أَهْبِطُواْ بَعْضُكُمْ لَبَعْضِ عَدُو اللَّهُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ



He said: Surely I know that which ye know not.

- 31. And He taught Adam all the names, then showed them to the angels, saying: Inform Me of the names of these, if ye are truthful.
- 32. They said: Be glorified! We have no knowledge saving that which Thou hast taught us. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Knower, the Wise.
- 33. He said: O Adam! Inform them of their names, and when he had informed them of their names, He said: Did I not tell you that I know the secret of the heavens and the earth? And I know that which ye disclose and which ye hide.
- 34. And when We said unto the angels: Prostrate of yourselves before Adam, they fell prostrate, all save Iblîs. He demurred through pride, and so became a disbeliever.
- 35. And We said: O Adam! Dwell thou and thy wife in the Garden, and eat ye¹ freely (of the fruits) thereof where ye will; but come not nigh this tree lest ye become wrong-doers.
- 36. But Satan caused them to deflect therefrom and expelled them from the (happy) state in which they were; and We said: Fall down,² one of you a foe unto the other!

¹ Here the command is in the dual, as addressed to Adam and his wife.

مُسْتَقَرُّ وَمُنْكُم إِلَىٰ حَينَ ﴿ فَتَلَقَّىٰ عَادُّمُ مِن رَّبُّهُ عَلَمَاتُ فَتَابَ عَلَيْهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيــهُ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُطُواْ مْهَا جَمِيعًا فَإِمَّا يَأْ تَيَنَّكُم مّنَّى هُدًى فَنَ تَبعَ هُدَاى فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَعْزَنُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَأَوَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَا يَنْتَنَا أُولَتِهِكَ أَصْحَلُ النَّارَ مُمْ فيهَا خَللُاونَ رَأَيْ يَبَنِي إِسْرَاءِ بِلَ اذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَى َ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَوْفُواْ بِعَهْدِى أُوفَ بِعَهْدُكُرُ وَ إِيَّلَى فَأَرْهَبُونَ ﴿ وَ امنُواْ مَا أَزَلْتُ مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا مَعَكُرٌ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ أُوَّلَ كَافر ... به ـ وَلَا تَشْتَرُواْ بِــَايَتِي ثَمَناً قَليلًا وَ إِيَّى فَا تَقُون ﴿ وَلَا تَلْمَ تَلْبِسُواْ ٱلْحُتَّى بِالْبِيطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُواْ ٱلْحَتَّ وَأَنُّمُ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَآرْكَعُواْ مَمَالًا كَعِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ أَنَّا مُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالَّهِ وَتَنْسَوْنَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَأَنَّمُ نُتَلُونَ الْكَتَلَبُ



There shall be for you on earth a habitation and provision for a time.

- 37. Then Adam received from his Lord words (of revelation), and He relented toward him. Lo! He is the Relenting, the Merciful.
- 38. We said: Go down, all of you, from hence; but verily there cometh unto you from Me a guidance; and whoso followeth My guidance, there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 39. But they who disbelieve, and deny Our revelations, such are rightful Peoples of the Fire. They will abide therein.
- 40. O Children of Israel! Remember My favour wherewith I favoured you, and fulfil your (part of the) covenant, I shall fulfil My (part of the) covenant, and fear Me.
- 41. And believe in that which I reveal, confirming that which ye possess already (of the Scripture), and be not first to disbelieve therein, and part not with My revelations for a trifling price, and keep your duty unto Me.
- 42. Confound not truth with falsehood, nor knowingly conceal the truth.
- 43. Establish worship, pay the poor-due, and bow your heads with those who bow (in worship).
- 44. Enjoin ye righteousness upon mankind while ye yourselves forget (to practise it)? And ye are readers of the

¹ Az-Zakli: a tax at a fixed rate in proportion to the worth of property, collected from the well-to-do and distributed among the poor Muslims.

أَ فَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَٱسْتَعِينُواْ بِٱلصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلَوْةُ ۚ وَ إِنَّهَا لَكَبِيرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى ٱلْخَنْشُعِينَ رَبِّي ٱلَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَنَّهُم مُّلَنقُواْ رَبُّهُمْ وَأَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهُ رَاجِعُونَ ﴿ يَكِينَ إِسْرَاءِ بِلَ أَذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَني الَّتِيَّ أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ فِي وَاتَّقُواْ يَوْمَا لَا تَجْزِى نَفْسُ عَن نَفْس شَيْعًا وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مَنْهَا شَفَلَعَةٌ وَلَا يُؤْخَذُ مَنْهَا عَدْلٌ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ١٠ وَ إِذْ نَجَّينَكُمُ مَنْ وَالْ فَرْعُونَ يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ يُذَبُّونَ أَبْنَا وَكُرْ وَيَسْتَحْبُونَ نَسَآءَكُم وَفِي ذَالِكُم بَلاَّةُمْن رَّبُّكُمْ عَظيمٌ ﴿ وَ إِذْ فَرَقْنَا بِكُ الْبَحْرِ فَأَنْجَيْنَكُمْ وَأَغْرَقْنَا وَالْ فِرْعَوْنَ وَأَنْهُمْ تَنْظُرُ ونَ ﴿ وَإِذْ وَاعَدْنَا مُوسَىٰ أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْسَلَهُ ثُمَّ ٱتَّخَذُّكُمُ ٱلْعَجْلَ مِنْ بَعْده، وَأَنْتُمْ ظَلْمُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ عَفُونَا عَنَكُمُمَّ لَهُد ذَاكَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِذْ ءَانَيْنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكُتَابَ

Scripture! Have ye then no sense?

- 45. Seek help in patience and prayer; and truly it is hard save for the humble-minded,
- 46. Who know that they will have to meet their Lord, and that unto Him they are returning.
- 47. O Children of Israel! Remember My favour wherewith I favoured you and how I preferred you to (all) creatures.
- 48. And guard yourselves against a day when no soul will in aught avail another, nor will intercession be accepted from it, nor will compensation be received from it, nor will they be helped.
- 49. And (remember) when We did deliver you from Pharaoh's folk, who were afflicting you with dreadful torment, slaying your sons and sparing your women: That was a tremendous trial from your Lord.
- 50. And when We brought you through the sea and rescued you, and drowned the folk of Pharaoh in your sight.
- 51. And when We did appoint for Moses forty nights (of solitude), and then ye chose the calf, when he had gone from you, and were wrong-doers.
- 52. Then, even after that, We pardoned you in order that ye might give thanks.
 - 53. And when We gave unto Moses the Scripture and the

وَ الْفُرْقَانَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهَدُّونَ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لَقُومه ع يَنْقُومُ إِنَّكُمْ ظَلَّمْتُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ بِالْتَخَاذِكُ ٱلْعَجْلَ فَتُوبُواْ إِلَىٰ بَارِ بِكُمْ فَأَ قَتْلُواْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ ذَالُكُمْ خَيْرِلَّكُمْ عَنْدَ بَارِ بِكُرْفَتَابً عَلَيْكُمْ إِنَّهُ مُوَالْتُوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿ وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يَلْمُوسَىٰ لَن نُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَيِّى نَرَى اللهَ جَهْرَةُ فَأَخَذَنَّكُمُ الصَّعْقَةُ وَأَنْهُمْ نَنظُرُ وِنَ رَفِي ثُمَّ بَعَشْنَكُمْ مَنْ بَعْد مَوْتَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَظَلَّانَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْفَعَامَ وَأَزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَنَّ وَالسَّلْوَى كُلُواْ مِن طَيِّكَ مَارَ زَقْنَدُكُم وَمَا ظَلْمُونَا وَلَكُن كَانُواْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلُمُونَ وَإِذْفُلْنَا أَدْخُلُواْ هَانُهُ الْقَرْيَةَ فَكُلُواْ مَنْهَا حَيْثُ شَلْمٌ رَغَدًا وَأَدْخُلُواْ الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا وَفُولُواْ حِطَّةً نَعْفُرْ لَكُمْ خَطَائِكُمْ وَسَنَرْ يِدُ ٱلْمُحْسَنِينَ ﴿ فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَّمُواْ قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَمُمَّ فَأَ زَلْنَا عَلَى

آلذين

- 54. And when Moses said unto his people: O my people! Ye have wronged yourselves by your choosing of the calf (for worship) so turn in penitence to your Creator, and kill (the guilty) yourselves. That will be best for you with your Creator and He will relent toward you. Lo! He is the Relenting, the Merciful.
- 55. And when ye said: O Moses! We will not believe in thee till we see Allah plainly; and even while ye gazed the lightning seized you.
- 56. Then We revived you after your extinction, that ye might give thanks.

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57. And We caused the white cloud to overshadow you and sent down on you the manna and the quails, (saying): Eat of the good things wherewith We have provided you—They wronged Us not, but they did wrong themselves.

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- 58. And when We said: Go into this township and eat freely of that which is therein, and enter the gate prostrate, and say: "Repentance." We will forgive you your sins and will increase (reward) for the right-doers.
- 59. But those who did wrong changed the word which had been told them for another saying, 1 and We sent down upon

¹ According to a tradition of the Prophet, Hittatun is a word implying submission to Allah and repentance. The evil-doers changed it for a word of rebellion—i.e. they were disobedient.

ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا رِجْزُا مَنَّ ٱلسَّمَاءِ بِمَا كَأَنُواْ يَفْسُقُونَ رَبُّي * وَإِذَ اسْتَسْقَى مُوسَى لقَوْمه عَ فَقُلْنَا اضْرَب بَعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرُ فَأَنْفَجَرَتْ مِنْهُ أَنْنَا عَثْرَةَ عَيْناً قَدْعَلَمَ كُلُّ أَنَّاس مَشْرَبُهُمْ كُلُواْ وَاشْرَبُواْ من رَّزْقَ الله وَلاَ تَعْتُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسدينَ ﴿ إِذْ قُلْمُ يَدْمُوسَىٰ لَن نَصْبِرَ عَلَى طَعَام وَاحد فَآدْعُ لَنَا رَبِّكَ يُخْرِجْ لَنَا مَّا تُنْبُتُ ٱلْأَرْضُ مَنْ بَقْلِهَا وَقُنَّابِهَا وَفُومِهَا وَعَدَسَهَا وَبَصَلَهَا قَالَ أَسْتَبْدلُونَ ٱلَّذِي هُوَ أَدْ نَنَ بِٱلَّذِي هُوَخَيْرٌ ۚ ٱهْبِطُواْ مَصْرًا فَإِنَّ لَكُمَّا سَأَلْتُم وَضُربَتْ عَلَيْهُ الذَّلَّةُ وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآهُ وبغَضَب مِّنَ الله وَاللَّهُ مَا أَنُّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايَنتَ الله وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّبِيُّونَ بِغَيْرًا لَحْتَى ۚ ذَاكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ رَأَى إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَالَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَالنَّصَدَرِي وَالصَّاعِينَ مَّنْ 00000000000000000

the evil-doers wrath from heaven for their evil-doing.

- 60. And when Moses asked for water for his people, We said: Smite with thy staff the rock. And there gushed out therefrom twelve springs (so that) each tribe knew their drinking-place. Eat and drink of that which Allah hath provided, and do not act corruptly, making mischief in the earth.
- 61. And when ye said: O Moses! We are weary of one kind of food; so call upon thy Lord for us that He bring forth for us of that which the earth groweth—of its herbs and its cucumbers and its corn and its lentils and its onions. He said: Would ye exchange that which is higher for that which is lower? Go down to settled country, thus ye shall get that which ye demand. And humiliation and wretchedness were stamped upon them and they were visited with wrath from Allah. That was because they disbelieved in Allah's revelations and slew the prophets wrongfully. That was for their disobedience and transgression.
- 62. Lo! those who believe (in that which is revealed unto thee, Muhammad), and those who are Jews, and Christians,

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ءَامَنَ بِاللهُ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ وَعَمَلَ صَالِحًا فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عَندَ رَبِّمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهُ وَلَا هُمْ يَخْزَنُونَ ١٠٠ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِينْكَ لَكُرُ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُرُ الطُّورَ خُذُواْ مَآءَ اللَّهَ بِقُوَّة وَآذُكُو وا مَافِيه لَعَلَّكُمْ نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ ثَيْ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُم مَنَّ بَعْد ذَاكَّ فَلُولَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَكُنتُم مَنَ ٱلْخَسرينَ ٢ وَلَقَدْ عَلَمْتُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱعْتَدَوْاْ مَنكُرْ فِي ٱلسَّبْتِ فَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُونُواْ قرَدَةً خَلسَينَ رَبِّ فَجَعَلْنَاهَا نَكُلُالُهَا بَيْنَ يَدْيَهَا وَمَا خَلْفَهَا وَمَوْعَظَةً لَلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لَقَوْمِهِ } إِنَّاللَّهُ مِأْمُ كُمْ اللَّهِ عِنْ مِرْدِ رَرِيرَ اللِّهِ وَمِرَ اللَّهِ وَمِرْطُ إِنَّاللَٰهُ مِأْمُ كُمْ اللَّهِ عِنْ اللَّهِ عِنْ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى وَا قَالَ أَعُوذُ بِاللهُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْخَنَهَايِنَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الدُّعُ لَنَا رَبِّكَ يُبَيِّن لَّنَا مَاهِي قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ لَّا فَارضٌ وَلَا بَكُرُ عَوَانُ أَبَيْنَ ذَاكَ فَافْعَلُواْ مَا تُؤْمَرُ وسَ



and Sabaeans—whoever believeth in Allah and the Last Day and doeth right—surely their reward is with their Lord, and there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.

- 63. And (remember, O Children of Israel) when We made a covenant with you and caused the Mount to tower above you, (saying): Hold fast that which We have given you, and remember that which is therein, that ye may ward off (evil).
- 64. Then, even after that, ye turned away, and if it had not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy ye had been among the losers.
- 65. And ye know of those of you who broke the Sabbath, how We said unto them: Be ye apes, despised and hated!
- 66. And We made it an example to their own and to succeeding generations, and an admonition to the Godfearing.
- 67. And when Moses said unto his people: Lo! Allah commandeth you that ye sacrifice a cow, they said: Dost thou make game of us? He answered: Allah forbid that I should be among the foolish!
- 68. They said: Pray for us unto thy Lord that He make clear to us what (cow) she is. (Moses) answered: Lo! He saith, Verily she is a cow neither with calf nor immature; (she is) between the two conditions; so do that which ye are commanded.

قَالُواْ ٱدْعُ لَنَا رَبُّكَ يُبِينَ لَّنَا مَالَوْنُهَا ۚ قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ صَفْرَاتُهُ فَاقتُعٌ لَّوْنُهَا تَسُوُّ ٱلنَّاظِرِينَ ٢ قَالُواْ ٱدْءُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُبِينَ لَّنَا مَاهِيَ إِنَّ ٱلْبَقَرَ تَشَيْبَهَ عَلَيْثَ وَ إِنَّا آِن شَاءً ٱللهُ لَمُهُتَدُونَ ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ " لَّانَلُولٌ نُشيرُ الْأَرْضَ وَلَا تَسْقِي ٱلْحَرْثَ مُسَلَّمَةٌ لَّاشْيَةَ فَيَا قَالُواْ ٱلْعَنْ جِنْتَ بِٱلْحَتَّ فَلَكُوهَا وَمَا كَادُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ رَبِّي وَإِذْ قَتَلَتُمْ نَفْسًا فَأَدَّارَءُمْ فَيَكًا وَاللَّهُ مُحْرِبُمْ مَّاكُنتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ فَقُلْنَا ٱضْرِبُوهُ بَبَعْضَهَا ۚ كَذَا لَكَ يُحْيَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُوْتَىٰ وَير بِكُر ءَايَنته عَلَعلَّكُمْ تَعْقلُونَ ﴿ ثُمُّ قَسَّتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ مَنْ بَعْد ذَالكَ فَهِيَ كَالْحُجَارَة أَوْ أَشَدُّ قَسُوةً وَإِنَّ مَنَ ٱلْحُجَارَةُ لَمَا يَتَفَجَّرُ مَنَّهُ ٱلْأَمْرُ ۗ وَإِنَّ مَنْهَا لَمَا إِيُّشَّقِّي فَيَخْرُجُ مِنْهُ الْمَاءُ وَإِنَّ مَنَّا لَمَا يَبِّطُ مَنْ خَشَّية الله

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69. They said: Pray for us unto thy Lord that He make clear to us of what colour she is, (Moses) answered: Lo! He saith: Verily she is a yellow cow. Bright is her colour, gladdening beholders.

- 70. They said: Pray for us unto thy Lord that He make clear to us what (cow) she is. Lo! cows are much alike to us; and lo! if Allah wills, we may be led aright.
- 71. (Moses) answered: Lo! He saith: Verily she is a cow unyoked; she plougheth not the soil nor watereth the tilth; whole and without mark. They said: Now thou bringest the truth. So they sacrificed her, though almost they did not.
- 72. And (remember) when ye slew a man and disagreed concerning it and Allah brought forth that which ye were hiding.
- 73. And We said: Smite him with some of it. Thus Allah bringeth the dead to life and showeth you His portents so that ye may understand.1
- 74. Then, even after that, your hearts were hardened and became as rocks, or worse than rocks, for hardness. For indeed there are rocks from out which rivers gush, and indeed there are rocks which split asunder so that water floweth from them. And indeed there are rocks which fall down for

¹ The old commentators tell various stories by way of explaining vv. 72 and 73; For Maulvi Muhammad Ali's exposition of them as referring to the martyrdom of Jesus Christ (on whom be peace) see the footnote to v. 72 in his translation.



وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَنْفِلِ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِلَّهِ إِلَّهُ مَنَّوا أَفْتَطُمُعُونَ أَن يُؤْمِنُوا لَكُمْ وَقَدْكَانَ فَرِيقَ مَنْهُمْ يَسْمَعُونَ كَلَّمَ ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ يُحَرِّفُونَهُ مَنْ بَعْد مَاعَقَلُوهُ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ وَإِذَا لَقُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا وَإِذَا خَلَا بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَىٰ بَعْض قَالُوّاْ أَنْحَدَ ثُونَهُم بِمَا فَتَحَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُرْ ليُحَاجُوكُم به عندَ رَبُّكُرْ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَوَلَا يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسرُّ ونَ وَمَا يُعْلَبُونَ ﴿ وَمَهُمْ أَمَيُّونَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ٱلْكَتَبَ إِلَّا أَمَانَى وَإِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا يَظُنُّونَ ﴿ فَوَيْلُ لَّذَينَ يَكُنُّبُونَ ٱلْكَتَنْبَ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ ثُمَّ يَقُولُونَ هَاذَا مِنْ عند الله ليَشْتَرُ وأبه نَمَنَا قَلِيلًا فَوَيْلٌ لَهُمُ مَّمَّا كَتَبَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَوَيْلٌ لَهُمْ مَّكَ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَنَ تَمَسَّنَا ٱلنَّارُ ۚ إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَةً ۗ وَ أَيَّا أَيَّا أَمُّ عَنْدَاللَّهُ عَهْدًا فَلَنْ يُعْلَفَ اللَّهُ عَهْدَهُ ۗ أَمْ تَقُولُونَ

the fear of Allah. Allah is not unaware of what ye do.

75. Have ye any hope that they will be true to you when a party of them used to listen to the Word of Allah, then used to change it, after they had understood it, knowingly?

SÜRAH II

- 76. And when they fall in with those who believe, they say: We believe. But when they go apart one with another they say: Prate ye to them of that which Allah hath disclosed to you that they may contend with you before your Lord concerning it? Have ye then no sense?
- 77. Are they then unaware that Allah knoweth that which they keep hidden and that which they proclaim?
- 78. Among them are unlettered folk who know the Scripture not except from hearsay. They but guess.
- 79. Therefore woe be unto those who write the Scripture with their hands and then say, "This is from Allah," that they may purchase a small gain therewith. Woe unto them for that their hands have written, and woe unto them for that they earn thereby.
- 80. And they say: The Fire (of punishment) will not touch us save for a certain number of days. Say: Have ye received a covenant from Allah—truly Allah will not break His

عَلَى اللهُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ شِي لَلِي مَن كَسَبَ سَيْثَةً وَأَحَاطَتْ به عَظيتَتُهُ وَقُاوُلَيْكَ أَصْعَابُ النَّارَ هُمْ فِيَاخَالدُونَ ١ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتِ أُوْلَدَيِكَ أَصْحَابُ ٱلْحَلَّاةُ هُمْ فَيَهَا خَلْدُونَ رَبُّي وَإِذْ أُخَذُنَا مِيثَلَقَ بَنِيَّ إِسْرَاهِ بِلَ لَا تَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا ٱللهَ وَبَالْوَالدِّينِ إِحْسَانًا وَذَى ٱلْقُرْيَ وَٱلْيَتَلَمَى وَٱلْمَسَكِينِ وَقُولُواْ لِلنَّاسِ حُسَّنًا وَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَاةَ وَءَانُواْ الزَّكَوْةَ ثُمَّ لَوَلَّيْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مَّنكُمْ وَأَنْهُمْ عُرضُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَإِذْ أَغَذْنَا مِينَاقَكُمْ لَا تَسْفَكُونَ دَمَاءَ كُرُولَا تُخْرِجُونَ ا و المرابع ا هَنَوُلاءِ تَقْتُلُونَ أَنفُسكُمْ وَتُخْرِجُونَ فَرِيقًا مَّنكُمِّن ديدهم تَظَلِهَرُونَ عَلَيْهِم بِٱلْإِنْمَ وَٱلْعُدُونَ وَإِن يَأْ تُوكُرُ أُسَارَى تُفَدُّوهُمْ وَهُو مُحَرَّمُ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنْرَاجُهُمْ أَفْتُوْمُونَ بِبَعْض できゅうか

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- covenant—or tell ye concerning Allah that which ye know not?
- 81. Nay, but whosoever hath done evil and his sin surroundeth him; such are rightful owners of the Fire; they will abide therein.
- 82. And those who believe and do good works: such are rightful owners of the Garden. They will abide therein.
- 83. And (remember) when We made a covenant with the Children of Israel, (saying): Worship none save Allah (only), and be good to parents and to kindred and to orphans and the needy, and speak kindly to mankind; and establish worship and pay the poor-due. Then, after that, ye slid back, save a few of you, being averse.
- 84. And when We made with you a covenant (saying): Shed not the blood of your people nor turn (a party of) your people out of your dwellings. Then ye ratified (Our covenant) and ye were witnesses (thereto).¹
- 85. Yet ye it is who slay each other and drive out a party of your people from their homes, supporting one another against them by sin and transgression²—and if they came to you as captives ye would ransom them, whereas their expulsion was itself unlawful for you—Believe ye in part of the

¹ Verse 83 is generally taken as referring to the Biblical covenant and v. 84 as referring to the solemn treaty which the Jews of Al-Madinah made with the Prophet in the year I A.H.

The reference is to the wars between the Arab tribes of Al-Madinah in which the Jews used to take part as allies of one and the other, Jew waging war upon Jew.

ٱلْكُتَلِبِ وَتَكَفُّرُونَ بِبَعْضَ لَمَا جَزَاءً مَن يَفْعَلُ ذَاكَ منكُرُ إِلَّا خِزِّيٌّ فِي الْحَيْوَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَأُّ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ يُرَدُّونَ إِلَىٰٓ أَشَدّ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَمَا اللهُ بِغَلِفِل عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ رَثِينِ أُولَنَبِكَ الَّذِينَ ٱشْتَرَوْا ٱلْحَيَوْةَ ٱلدُّنيَّا بِٱلْآخِرَةُ فَلَا يُحَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَلَاهُمْ بِنْصُرُونَ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكَتَابَ وَقَلَّيْنَا برُوحِ ٱلْقُدُسِ أَفْكُلَّمَا جَاءَ كُورَسُولُ بِمَا لَا تَهُوَىٰ أَنْفُسُكُمُ ٱسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ فَفَر يَقًا كُنَّابُمْ وَفَر يَقًا تَقْتُلُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ فُلُو بُنَا عُلْفٌ بَلِ لَّعَنَّهُمُ اللهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ فَقَلِيلًا مَّا يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مِنْ وَإِنَّ وَلَمَّا جَآءَ هُمْ كَتَابٌ مَنْ عند الله مُصَدَّقٌ لَمَا مَعَهُمْ وَكَانُواْ مِن قَبْلُ يَسْتَفْتُحُونَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَلَمَّا جَآءَ هُم مَّا عَرَفُواْ كَفَرُواْ بِهُ عَلَقْنَةُ اللهَ عَلَى ٱلْكَنْفِرِينَ ﴿

SÛRAH II

Scripture and disbelieve ye in part thereof? And what is the reward of those who do so save ignominy in the life of the world, and on the Day of Resurrection they will be consigned to the most grievous doom. For Allah is not unaware of what ye do.

- 86. Such are those who buy the life of the world at the price of the Hereafter. Their punishment will not be lightened, neither will they have support.
- 87. And verily We gave unto Moses the Scripture and We caused a train of messengers to follow after him, and We gave unto Jesus, son of Mary, clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), and We supported him with the holy Spirit. Is it ever so, that, when there cometh unto you a messenger (from Allah) with that which ye yourselves desire not, ye grow arrogant, and some ye disbelieve and some ye slay?
- 88. And they say: Our hearts are hardened. Nay, but Allah hath cursed them for their unbelief. Little is that which they believe.
- 89. And when there cometh unto them a scripture from Allah, confirming that in their possession—though before that they were asking for a signal triumph over those who disbelieved—and when there cometh unto them that which they know (to be the Truth) they disbelieve therein. The curse of Allah is on disbelievers.

^{1 &}quot;The holy Spirit" is a wron for the angel of revelation, Gabriel (on whom be peace).

بِلْسَهَا ٱشْتَرَوْا بِهِ ۚ أَنْفُسَهُمْ أَنْ يَكُفُرُ واْ بِمَاۤ أَزَلَ ٱللهُ بَغْيًا أَنْ يُنْزَلَ ٱللهُ مِن فَضَّله عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَاءُ مِنْ عَبَاده عَ فَبَآءُ و بغَضَب عَلَىٰ غَضَبٌ وَللْكَلفرينَ عَذَابٌ مُهينٌ ﴿ وَ إِذَا قِيلَ هَمْ عَامِنُواْ بَمَ أَزَلَ اللهُ قَالُواْ نُوْمِنُ بَمَ أَزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَيَكُفُرُونَ بِمَا وَرَآءُهُ وَهُوالْحَقُّ مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا مَعَهُمْ قُلْ فَلَمَ تَقْتُلُونَ أَنْبِيآ الله من قَبْلُ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ * وَلَقَدْ جَآءَ كُمُ مُوسَى بِالْبَيْنَاتُ ثُمَّ آتَحَذْتُمُ الْعَجْلَ مَنْ بَعْده ، وَأَنْهُ ظَالِمُونَ ١٠ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَنَقَكُمْ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ ٱلطُّورَ خُذُواْ مَا ٓ اَ يَدْنَكُمُ بِقُوَّة وَأَشْمَعُوا ۚ قَالُواْ سَمَعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَأَشْرِ بُواْ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ ٱلْعَجْلَ بَكُفْرِهُمْ قُلْ بَنْسَمَا يَأْمُ كُم بَهَ إِيمَنْكُو إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ قُلْ إِن كَانَتْ لَكُرُ الدَّارُ ٱلْآَنِرَةُ عِنْدَ ٱلله خَالصَةَ مِّن دُونِ ٱلنَّاسِ فَتَمَنُّواْ ٱلْمَوْتَ إِن



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90. Evil is that for which they sell their souls: that they should disbelieve in that which Allah hath revealed, grudging that Allah should reveal of His bounty unto whom He will of His Slaves.1 They have incurred anger upon anger. For disbelievers is a shameful doom.

- 91. And when it is said unto them: Believe in that which Allah hath revealed, they say: We believe in that which was revealed unto us. And they disbelieve in that which cometh after it, though it is the truth confirming that which they possess. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Why then slew ye the prophets of Allah aforetime, if ye are (indeed) believers?
- 92. And Moses came unto you with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), yet, while he was away, ye chose the calf (for worship) and ye were wrong-doers.
- 93. And when We made with you a covenant and caused the Mount to tower above you, (saying): Hold fast by that which We have given you, and hear (Our Word), they said: We hear and we rebel. And (worship of) the calf was made to sink into their hearts because of their rejection (of the covenant). Say (unto them): Evil is that which your belief enjoineth on you, if ye are believers.
- 94. Say (unto them): If the abode of the Hereafter in the providence of Allah is indeed for you alone and not for others of mankind (as ye pretend), then long for death (for

¹ See v. 23, footnote.

كُنتُمْ صَلَاقِينَ ﴿ وَإِنْ يَتَمَنُّوهُ أَبِّداً بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيَّدَ بِهِ وَاللهُ عَلَمُ بِالظَّالِمِينَ فِي وَلَتَجَدَّنَّهُمْ أَحْرَصَ النَّاس ر ر ر و مر ور. سنة وما هو بمزحزحه عن ألعداب أن يعمر والله بصير بَمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ قُلْ مَن كَانَ عَدُوًّا الْحِبْرِيلَ فَإِنَّهُ رَزَّلَهُ عَلَى قَلْبُكَ بِإِذْنِ الله مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَهُدَى وَبُشِّرَى للْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ مَن كَانَ عَدُوا للهُ وَمَلَتَهِكَنه ع وَرُسُله ع وَجِبْرِيلَ وَمِيكَلِلَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ عَدُّوٌّ لَلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْأُ زَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ وَايَلَتَ بَيِّنَكَ وَمَا يَكُفُرُ بِهَا إِلَّا الْفَلسَفُونَ ﴿ أُوَّكُلَّمَا عَنِهَدُواْ عَهْدًا نَبَدَّهُ فَرِينٌ مَنْهُمْ بَلْ أَكْثُرُهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ فِينَ وَلَمَّا جَآءَ هُمْ رَسُولٌ مَّنْ عِند الله مُصَدِّقٌ لَمَّا مَعَهُمْ بَلِدُ فَرِيقٌ مَنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَلِبُ كَتُلْبِ الله

ye must long for death) if ye are truthful.

- 95. But they will never long for it, because of that which their own hands have sent before them. Allah is Aware of evil-doers.
- 96. And thou wilt find them greediest of mankind for life and (greedier) than the idolaters. (Each) one of them would like to be allowed to live a thousand years. And to live (a thousand years) would by no means remove him from the doom. Allah is Seer of what they do.
- 97. Say (O Muhammad, to mankind): Who is an enemy to Gabriel! For he it is who hath revealed (this Scripture) to thy heart by Allah's leave, confirming that which was (revealed) before it, and a guidance and glad tidings to believers;
- 98. Who is an enemy to Allah, and His angels and His messengers, and Gabriel and Michael! Then, lo! Allah (Himself) is an enemy to the disbelievers.
- 99. Verily We have revealed unto thee clear tokens, and only miscreants will disbelieve in them.
- 100. Is it ever so that when they make a covenant a party of them set it aside? The truth is, most of them believe not.
- 101. And when there cometh unto them a messenger from Allah, confirming that which they possess, a party of those who have received the Scripture fling the Scripture of Allah

وَرَآةً ظُهُورِهِمْ كَأَنَّهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ شِي وَٱتَّبَعُواْ مَا نَشَّلُواْ الشَّيْنطينُ عَلِي مُلْك سُلَيْمَانَ وَمَا كَفَرَ سُلَيْمَنُ وَلَكَنَّ الشَّيْطِينَ كَفَرُ وا يُعَلِّمُونَ النَّاسَ السَّحْرَ وَمَا أَنْزِلَ عَلَى ٱلْمَلَكَيْنِ بِبَابِلَ هَـٰرُوتَ وَمَـٰرُوتً ۚ وَمَا يُعَلِّمَانَ مِنْ أَحَد حَتَّى يَقُولًا إِنَّكَ نَحُنُ فَتَنَةً فَلَا تَكُفُرٌ فَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَنْهُما مَا يُفْرَقُونَ بِهِ بَيْنَ ٱلْمَرَةِ وَزَوْجِهِ عَلَمَ هُم بِضَارَينَ بِهِ عَ منْ أَحَد إِلَّا بِإِذْنَ اللَّهِ وَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَا يَضُرُّهُمْ وَلَا يَنْفُمُهُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَلَمُواْ لَمَن الشَّمَرَ نُهُ مَا لَهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلَتَى وَلَبْلُسَ مَا شَرَوْا بِهِ عَ أَنفُسَهُمْ لَو كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ ءَامَنُواْ وَآتَقُواْ لَمَثُوبَةٌ مَّنْ عند الله خَيْرٌ لَّوْ كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَقُولُواْ رَاعِنَا وَقُولُواْ انظُرْنَاوَاسَّمَعُواْ وَالْكَنفرينَ عَذَابُ أَليْمِ ﴿ مِنْ مَا يَوَدُ الَّذينَ كَفَرُ وا منْ

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behind their backs as if they knew not,

102. And follow that which the devils falsely related against the kingdom of Solomon. Solomon disbelieved not; but the devils disbelieved, teaching mankind magic and that which was revealed to the two angels in Babel, Hârût and Mârût. Nor did they (the two angels) teach it to anyone till they had said: We are only a temptation, therefore disbelieve not (in the guidance of Allah). And from these two (angels) people learn that by which they cause division between man and wife; but they injure thereby no-one save by Allah's leave. And they learn that which harmeth them and profiteth them not. And surely they do know that he who trafficketh therein will have no (happy) portion in the Hereafter; and surely evil is the price for which they sell their souls, if they but knew.1

103. And if they had believed and kept from evil, a recompense from Allah would be better, if they only knew.

104. O ye who believe, say not (unto the Prophet): "Listen to us" but say "Look upon us," and be ye listeners. For disbelievers is a painful doom.

105. Neither those who disbelieve among the People of

¹ The reference is to the occult science practised by the Jews, the origin of which was ascribed to Solomon.

The first word which the Muslims used to call the Prophet's attention respectfully, Rd ina, the Jews could change into an insult by a slight mispronunciation

أَهْلِ ٱلْكَتَابِ وَلَا ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ أَن يُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمِّنْ خَيْرِمْن رَّبُكُمْ وَاللهُ يَحْمَنُ بَرَحْمَنه عَن يَسَآءُ وَاللهُ ذُو الْفَضْل الْعَظِيمِ فِي ﴿ مَا نَنْسَخُ مِنْ ءَايَةَ أُونُنسَهَا نَأْت بَخَيْرُ مَنْهَا أَوْمِثْلُهَا ۚ أَلَرْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَوْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُۥ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَنُوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَمَا لَـكُم مَن دُون ٱلله من وَلَى وَلَا نَصِير ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ تُر يدُونَ أَنْ نَسْتَلُواْ رَسُولَكُمْ كَمَّا سُهِلَ مُوسَى مِن قَبُّلُ وَمَن يَتَبَدَّل الْكُفْرَ بِٱلْإِيمَان فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَآءَ السَّبيل ﴿ إِنَّ وَدَّكَثيرٌ مَنْ أَهْلِ الْكَتَابِ لَوْ رَدُونَكُمْ مَنْ بَعْد إِيمَنْكُمْ كُفَّارًا حَسَدًا مَنْ عند أَنفُسهم م مرة مدّم البين لهم الحقّ فأعفوا وأصفحواحيّ يأني الله بأُمْرِهُ أَنَّ إِنَّا اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ وَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ ﴿ وَءَاتُواْ الزَّكُواةَ ۚ وَمَا تُقَدَّمُواْ لأَنفُسكُم مَنْ خَيْرٍ تَجَـدُوهُ



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the Scripturel nor the idolaters love that there should be sent down unto you any good thing from your Lord. But Allah chooseth for His mercy whom He will, and Allah is of Infinite Bounty.

- 106. Nothing of our revelation (even a single verse) Do we abrogate or cause be forgotten, but We bring (in place) one better or the like thereof. Knowest thou not that Allah is Able to do all things?
- 107. Knowest thou not that it is Allah unto Whom belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth; and ye have not, beside Allah, any guardian or helper?
- 108. Or would ye question your messenger as Moses was questioned aforetime? He who chooseth disbelief instead of faith, verily he hath gone astray from a plain road.
- 109. Many of the People of the Scripture long to make you disbelievers after your belief, through envy on their own account, after the truth hath become manifest unto them. Forgive and be indulgent (toward them) until Allah give command. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 110. Establish worship, and pay the poor-due;2 and whatever of good ye send before (you) for your souls, ye will find

¹ i.e. Jews and Christians.

Az-Zahab, a tax at a fixed rate in proportion to the worth of property, collected from the well-to-do and distributed among the poor Muslims.

عندَ الله إِنَّ اللهَ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَقَالُواْ لَنَ يَدُّخُلُّ ٱلْحَنَّةَ إِلَّا مَن كَانَ هُودًا أَوْنَصَدْرَى ۚ تَلْكَ أَمَا نَيْهُمْ قُلْ هَا تُواْ بُرْ هَنكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَلاقِينَ ١١٥ بَلَيْ مَنْ أَسْلَمَ وَجَهُرُ للهُ وَهُو مُحْسَنُ فَلَهُ ۗ أَجُرُهُ عَنْدَرَبُهُ وَلَا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَاهُمْ يَعْزَنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَقَالَت ٱلْيَهُودُ لَيْسَت النَّصَارَىٰ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَقَالَت النَّصَارَىٰ لَيْسَت ٱلْهَوُدُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُمْ يَتْلُونَ ٱلْكَتَنَبِّ كَذَالكَ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ مثْلَ قَوْلهُمُّ فَاللَّهُ يَحُكُرُ بِلَّنَّهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَيْمَة فِهَا كَانُواْ فِيه يَخْتَلَفُونَ ١ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَمَّن مَّنعَ مَسَاجِدَ ٱلله أَن يُذْكِّرَ فيهَا ٱسْمُهُۥ وَسَعَىٰ في نَوَاجَما أَوْلَنَيِكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمَّ أَن يَدْخُلُوهَا إِلَّا خَآيِفينَّ َهُمُّمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خَرِّيٌ وَهَمُّمْ فِي الْآخَرَة عَذَابٌ عَظَمٌّ شِ وَللهِ ٱلْمَشْرِقُ وَٱلْمَغْرِبُ فَأَيْنَمَا تُوَلُّواْ فَثَمَّ وَجُهُ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ

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- III. And they say: None entereth paradise unless he be a Jew or a Christian. These are their own desires. Say: Bring your proof (of what ye state) if ye are truthful.
- 112. Nay, but whosoever surrendereth his purpose to Allah while doing good, his reward is with his Lord; and there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 113. And the Jews say the Christians follow nothing (true), and the Christians say the Jews follow nothing (true); yet both are readers of the Scripture. Even thus speak those who know not. Allah will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they differ.
- 114. And who doth greater wrong than he who forbiddeth the approach to the sanctuaries of Allah lest His name should be mentioned therein, and striveth for their ruin. As for such, it was never meant that they should enter them except in fear. Theirs in the world is ignominy and theirs in the Hereafter is an awful doom.
- 115. Unto Allah belong the East and the West, and whithersoever ye turn, there is Allah's Countenance. Lo!

وَاسعُ عَلَيْمُ ١ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُوَاتُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ كُلُّ لَّهُۥ قَلْنَتُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ بَدِيعُ ٱلسَّمَـٰوَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَإِذَا قَضَىٰٓ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّكَ يَقُولُ لَهُ كُن فَيَكُونُ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ لَوْلَا يُكَلَّمُنَا اللهُ أَوْ تَأْتِينَا ۚ ءَ آيَةٌ كُذَاكَ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِم مَثْلَ قَوْلُهُمُّ لَشَكَهَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ قَدْ بَيَّنَّا ٱلْآيَاتِ لَقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ ١ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ بَشِيرًا وَتَذْيرًا وَلَا يُسْتَلُ عَنْ أَصْحَاب ٱلْحَحِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ وَلَنَ تَرْضَىٰ عَنكَ ٱلْبَهُودُ وَلَا ٱلنَّصَرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ تَتَّبِعَ مَلَّتُهُمُّ قُلْ إِنَّ هُدَى الله هُوَ الْمُدِّي وَلَين اتَّبَعْتَ أَهْوَا ۚ هُم بَعْدَ ٱلَّذِي جَآ ءَكَ مَنَ ٱلْعَلُّم مَالَكَ مَنَ ٱلله من وَلَّى وَلَا نَصِيرِ زِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَكُهُ مُ ٱلْكَنَّكِ يَتْلُونَهُ وَحَوَّ تَلَاوَ تَهَ ۚ أُولَنَّهِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ۚ وَمَن يَكُفُرُ بِهِ فَأُولَنِّكَ

Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.

- 116. And they say: Allah hath taken unto Himself a son. Be He glorified! Nay, but whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth is His. All are subservient unto Him.
- 117. The Originator of the heavens and the earth! When He decreeth a thing, He saith unto it only: Be! and it is.
- 118. And those who have no knowledge say: Why doth not Allah speak unto us, or some sign come unto us? Even thus, as they now speak, spake those (who were) before them. Their hearts are all alike. We have made clear the revelations for people who are sure.
- 119. Lo! We have sent thee (O Muhammad) with the truth, a bringer of glad tidings and a warner. And thou wilt not be asked about the owners of hell-fire.
- 120. And the Jews will not be pleased with thee, nor will the Christians, till thou follow their creed. Say: Lo! the guidance of Allah (Himself) is Guidance. And if thou shouldst follow their desires after the knowledge which hath come unto thee, then wouldst thou have from Allah no protecting guardian nor helper.
- 121. Those unto whom We have given the Scripture, who read it with the right reading, those believe in it. And whoso disbelieveth in it, those are they who are the losers.

هُمُ أَخْلَسُرُونَ شُ يَلْبَنَى إِسْرَا ءِيلَ أَذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَنَي ٱلَّتِي أَعْمَتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَنَّى فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَأَنَّـٰهُواْ يَوْمَا لَا تَغْزِى نَفْسُ عَن نَفْس شَيْعًا وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدْلٌ وَلَا تَنفَعُهَا شَفَاعَةٌ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ۞ ﴿ وَإِذْ ٱبْتَالَةَ إِبْرَاهِ عَمْدَ رَبُّو بِكُلَمَاتَ فَأَنَّمَ هُنَّ قَالَ إِنِّي جَاعِلُكَ لِلنَّاسِ إِمَامًا قَالَ وَمِن ذُرِّيِّي قَالَ لَا يَنَالُ عَهْدى الظَّالِمِينَ (١٠٠٠) وَإِذْ جَعَلْنَا ٱلْبَيْتَ مَنَابَةُ لَلْنَّاسِ وَأَمْنًا وَآتُحْذُواْ مِن مَّقَام إِبرَاهِ عُمَ مُصَلِّي وَعَهِ ذَنَا إِلَيْ إِبرَاهِ عَمَ وَ إِسْمَعِيلَ أَنْ طَهْرًا بَيْتِيَ للطَّآبِفِينَ وَٱلْعَنَكَفِينَ وَٱلرَّكَّعِ ٱلسُّجُود ﴿ وَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِ مُ رَبِّ أَجْعَلْ هَلْذَا بَلَدًا عَامنًا وَأَرْزُقَ أَهْلَهُ مِنَ الشَّمَرَات مَنْ وَامَنَ مَنْهُم بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآنو قَالَ وَمَن كُفَرَ فَأَمَتْعُهُ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ أَصْطَرُهُ إِلَّى عَذَاب



- 122. O Children of Israel! Remember My favour wherewith I favoured you and how I preferred you to (all) creatures.
- 123. And guard (yourselves) against a day when no soul will in aught avail another, nor will compensation be accepted from it, nor will intercession be of use to it; nor will they be helped.
- 124. And (remember) when his Lord tried Abraham with (His) commands, and he fulfilled them, He said: Lo! I have appointed thee a leader for mankind. (Abraham) said: And of my offspring (will there be leaders)? He said: My covenant includeth not wrong-doers.
- 125. And when We made the House (at Mecca) a resort for mankind and a sanctuary, (saying): Take as your place of worship the place where Abraham stood (to pray). And We imposed a duty upon Abraham and Ishmael, (saying): Purify My house for those who go around and those who meditate therein and those who bow down and prostrate themselves (in worship).
- 126. And when Abraham prayed: My Lord! Make this a region of security and bestow upon its people fruits, such of them as believe in Allah and the Last Day, He answered: As for him who disbelieveth, I shall leave him in contentment for a while, then I shall compel him to the doom of Fire—a

النَّارُّ وَبْشَ الْمَصِيرُ ١٠ وَإِذْ يَرْفَعُ إِبْرَاهِ مُ الْقَوَاعِدَ مَنَ ٱلْبَيْتِ وَ إِشَمَعِيلُ رَبُّنَا تَقَبَّلْ مَّنَّا ۖ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلسَّميعُ ٱلْعَلَىمُ ١٠٠ رَبَّنَا وَٱجْعَلْنَا مُسْلَمَيْنَ لَكَ وَمِن ذُرَّ يَتَنَا أُمَّةً ﴾ مُسْلِمَةُ لَكَ وَأُرِنَا مَنَاسَكَمَا وَنُبْ عَلَيْنَا إِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْتَوَّابُ الرَّحيمُ ١١ رَبَّنَا وَأَبْعَثْ فيهمْ رَسُولًا مَنْهُمْ يَتَلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَايَنتكَ وَيُعلِّمهُمُ الْكُنَّابَ وَالْحُكْمَةَ وَيْزَكِّيمٌ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَرِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ﴿ وَمَن يَرْغَبُ عَن مَلَّةً إِبْرَاهُمَ إِلَّا مَن سَفَهَ نَفْسَهُۥ وَلَقَدَاصْطَفَيْنَنَّهُ فِي الدُّنْيَ ۗ وَإِنَّهُۥ في ٱلْآخِرَة لَمَنَ الصَّلَحِينَ ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ أَسْلُمُ قَالَ أَسْلَمْتُ لَرَبُ الْعَلْلَمِينَ ﴿ وَوَصَّىٰ بَهَاۤ إِبْرَاهِـُمُ ﴿ بَنيه وَيَعْقُوبُ يَنبَنَى إِنَّ اللهَ اَصْطَفَىٰ لَـكُدُ الدّينَ فَلاَ تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنْتُمُ مُسْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ أَمْ كُنتُمْ شُهَداآة إِذْ حَضَرَ يَعْقُوبَ

hapless journey's end!

- 127. And when Abraham and Ishmael were raising the foundations of the House, (Abraham prayed): Our Lord! Accept from us (this duty). Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Hearer, the Knower.
- 128. Our Lord! And make us submissive unto Thee and of our seed a nation submissive unto Thee, and show us our ways of worship, and relent toward us. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Relenting, the Merciful.
- 129. Our Lord! And raise up in their midst a messenger from among them who shall recite unto them Thy revelations, and shall instruct them in the Scripture and in wisdom and shall make them grow. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Mighty, Wise.
- 130. And who forsaketh the religion of Abraham save him who befooleth himself? Verily We chose him in the world, and lo! in the Hereafter he is among the righteous.
- 131. When his Lord said unto him: Surrender! he said: I have surrendered to the Lord of the Worlds.
- 132. The same did Abraham enjoin upon his sons, and also Jacob, (saying): O my sons! Lo! Allah hath chosen for you the (true) religion; therefore die not save as men who have surrendered (unto Him).
 - 133. Or were ye present when death came to Jacob, when

ٱلْمَوْتُ إِذْ قَالَ لَبَنيه مَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ بَعْدى قَالُواْ نَعْبُدُ إِلَنْهَكَ وَ إِلَنْهَ ءَا بَآيِكَ إِبْرَاهِ عُمَ وَ إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَ إِسَّحَنَّ إِلَيْهَا وَاحِدًا وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلَمُونَ ١٠٠٠ تَلْكَ أُمَّـةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ لَمَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَلَكُمُ مَّا كَسَبْتُم وَلَا نُسْعَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْوَنْصَارَىٰ مَهْمَدُوا قُلْ بَالْ مَلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِهُمْ حَنِيفًا ۚ وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينِ ﴿ قُولُوٓا عَامَنًا بِاللهُ وَمَا أَزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أَزِلَ إِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهُمَ وَ إِسْمَعِيلَ وَ إِسْحَتَى وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطِ وَمَا أُونَى مُوسَى وَعِيسَىٰ وَمَآ أُوتَى النَّبيُّونَ من رَّبِّهمْ لَا نُفَرَّقُ بَيْنَ أَحَد مَّهُمْ وَتَحَنُّ لَهُ مُسْلَمُونَ ﴿ فَإِنْ عَامَنُواْ بِمثْلِ مَا عَامَنُهُ بِهِ فَقَدَاهْنَدُواْ وَإِن تَوَلُّواْ فَإِنَّمَا هُمْ فِي شَقَاقَ فَسَيَكُفِيكُهُمُ ٱللهُ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلَّمُ ﴿ صَابَعَةَ اللهُ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ

he said unto his sons: What will ye worship after me? They said: We shall worship thy God, the God of thy fathers, Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac, One God, and unto Him we have surrendered.

- 134. Those are a people who have passed away. Theirs is that which they earned, and yours is that which ye earn. And ye will not be asked of what they used to do.
- 135. And they say: Be Jews or Christians, then ye will be rightly guided. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Nay, but (we follow) the religion of Abraham, the upright, and he was not of the idolaters.
- 136. Say (O Muslims): We believe in Allah and that which is revealed unto us and that which was revealed unto Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob, and the tribes, and that which Moses and Jesus received, and that & which the prophets received from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and unto Him we have surrendered.
- 137. And if they believe in the like of that which ye believe, then are they rightly guided. But if they turn away, then are they in schism, and Allah will suffice thee (for defence) against them. He is the Hearer, the Knower.
 - 138. (We take our) colour from Allah, and who is better

منَ الله صَبْعَةُ وَتَحَنُّ لَهُ عَلِيدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ فَلَ أَنْحَاجُونَنَا فِي الله رور رور روه درره والمرابع المرابع و معادر و ورود و رود وهو ربنا وربكر ولن اعمالنا وليكر اعمالكر ونحن لو عُلْصُونَ ١٩٠ أَم تَقُولُونَ إِنَّ إِبْرَهِ عَمَ وَ إِسْمَعِيلَ وَ إِسْمَتَى وَيَعْقُوبَ وَٱلْأَسْبَاطَ كَانُواْ هُودًا أَوْنَصَدَى عُلْءَأَنُمْ أَعْلَمُ أَم اللهُ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَّن كُتُم شَهَادةً عندَهُ مِنَ اللهُ وَمَا اللهُ بِغَلْفِلُ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ١٠٠٠ تَلْكَ أُمَّةً قَدْ خَلَتْ لَمَا مَا كَسَتْ وَلَكُمُ مَّا كَسَبْتُمْ وَلَا تُسْتَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ شَيْ * سَيَقُولُ ٱلسُّفَهَآءُ مِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَا وَلَّهُمْ عَن قَبْلَتُهُمُ ٱلَّتِي كَانُواْ عَلَيْهَا قُل للهُ ٱلْمَشْرِقُ وَٱلْمَغْرِبُ يَهْدى مَن يَشَاءُ إِلَىٰ صرَاط مُسْتَقيم ١٠٠٠ وَكُذَاكَ جَعَلْنَكُمُ أُمَّةً وَسَطًا لَتَكُونُواْ شَهَداً عَلَى النَّاسِ وَيَكُونَ الرَّسُولُ عَلَيْكُرُ شَهِيدًا وَمَا جَمَلْنَا الْقَلْلَةُ الِّي كُنتَ عَلَيْنَا إِلَّا لِنَعْلَمَ مَن يَنَّبِعُ



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than Allah at colouring. We are His worshippers.

139. Say (unto the People of the Scripture): Dispute ye with us concerning Allah when He is our Lord and your Lord? Ours are our works and yours your works. We look to Him alone.

- 140. Or say ye that Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob, and the tribes were Jews or Christians? Say: Do ye know best, or doth Allah? And who is more unjust than he who hideth a testimony which he hath received from Allah? Allah is not unaware of what ye do.
- 141. Those are a people who have passed away; theirs is that which they earned and yours that which ye earn. And ye will not be asked of what they used to do.
- 142. The foolish of the people will say: What hath turned them from the qiblabl which they formerly observed? Say: Unto Allah belong the East and the West. He guideth whom He will unto a straight path.
- 143. Thus We have appointed you a middle nation, that ye may be witnesses against mankind, and that the messenger may be a witness against you. And We appointed the qiblab which ye formerly observed only that We might know him

¹ i.e. the place towards which the face is turned at prayer. The first qiblab of the Muslims was Jerusalem, which gave rise to a misunderstanding on the part of the Jews of Al-Madinah, who wished to draw the Muslims into Judaism. This was the cause of the Propher's anxiety mentioned in the next verse but one.

ٱلرَّسُولَ مَّن يَنقَلبُ عَلَى عَقبَيْهُ ۚ وَإِن كَانَتْ لَكَبيرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِينَ هَــَدَى اللَّهُ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لَيُضِيعَ إِيمَلَنَكُمْ إِنَّ ٱللهَ بَالنَّاسَ لَرَءُوفٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ بَالنَّاسَ لَرَءُوفٌ وَجُهِكَ في السَّمَاءُ فَلَنُولَيْنَكَ قَبْلَةً رُضَهَا ۚ فَوَلَّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ ٱلْمَسْجِد ٱلْحَرَام وَحَيْثُ مَاكُنتُمْ فَوَلُّواْ وُجُو هَكُرْشُطْرَهُۥ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَابَ لَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ ٱلْحَتَّ مِن رَّبِّمْ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَيْضِلِ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَيْنَ أَتَيْتَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَلَبَ بِكُلِّ ءَايَة مَّا تَبِعُواْ قَبْلَتَكَ وَمَا أَنْتَ بِتَابِعِ قَبْلَتُهُمْ وَمَا بَعْضُهُم بِنَابِعِ قَبْلَةَ بَعْضَ وَلَيْنِ ٱتَّبَعْتَ أَهْوَآءَهُم مَّنَّ بَعْد مَاجَاءَكَ مَنَ ٱلْعَلْمِ إِنَّكَ إِذَا لَّمَنَ ٱلظَّلَمِينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْكَتَابَ يَعْرُفُونَهُ كَمَّا يَعْرَفُونَا أَبْنَاءَ هُمَّ وَ إِنَّ فَرِيقًا مَنْهُمْ لَيَكْتُمُونَ ٱلْحَتَّى وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ١

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who followeth the messenger, from him who turneth on his heels. In truth it was a hard (test) save for those whom Allah guided. But it was not Allah's purpose that your faith should be in vain, for Allah is Full of Pity, Merciful toward mankind.

144. We have seen the turning of thy face to heaven (for guidance, O Muhammad). And now verily We shall make thee turn (in prayer) toward a qiblab which is dear to thee. So turn thy face toward the Inviolable Place of Worship, 1 and ye (O Muslims), wheresoever ye may be, turn your faces (when ye pray) toward it. Lo! those who have received the Scripture know that (this revelation) is the Truth from their Lord. And Allah is not unaware of what they do.

145. And even if thou broughtest unto those who have received the Scripture all kinds of portents, they would not follow thy qiblab, nor canst thou be a follower of their qiblab; nor are some of them followers of the qiblab of others. And if thou shouldst follow their desires after the knowledge which hath come unto thee, then surely wert thou of the evil-doers.

146. Those unto whom We gave the Scripture recognise (this revelation) as they recognise their sons. But lo! a party of them knowingly conceal the truth.

¹ The Ka'bah at Mecca.

ٱلْحَقُّ مِن رَّبِّكَ فَلاَ تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمُمْتَرِينَ ١٠٠ وَلكُلَّ وجْهَةً هُوَمُولَيِّهَا ۚ فَاسْتَبْقُواْ ٱلْخَيْرَاتُ أَيْنَ مَا تَكُونُواْ يَأْت بِكُمُ اللهُ جَمِيعً ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ١ وَمَنْ حَيْثُ نَرَجْتَ فَوَلَّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ ٱلْمَسْجِد ٱلْحُرَام وَ إِنَّهُ لِلْحَدُّ مِن رَّبِّكُ وَمَا اللهُ بِغَنفل عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ١٠ وَمَنْ حَيْثُ نَوَجْتَ فَوَلَ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ ٱلْمَسْجِد ٱلْحُرَام وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنتُمْ فَوَلُواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ لِتَلَّا يَكُونَ للنَّاس عَلَيْكُرْ حُجَّةً إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَنْهُمْ فَلاَ يَحْشَوْهُمْ وَٱخْشَوْني وَلأَثُمَّ نَعْمَتِي عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿ كُمَّا أَرْسَلْنَا فيكُرْ رَسُولًا مِّنكُرْ مِنْكُواْ عَلَيْكُرْ ءَا يَنْنَا وَيُزَكِّكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ ٱلْكتنبَ وَالْحُكْمَةَ وَيُعَلَّمُكُمَّا لَرْتَكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ شِي فَاذْكُرُ وَنِيَ أَذْكُرْكُرُ وَاشْكُرُواْ لِي وَلَا تَكْفُرُونَ شَيْ

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- 147. It is the Truth from thy Lord (O Muhammad), so be not thou of those who waver.
- 148. And each one hath a goal toward which he turneth; so vie with one another in good works. Wheresoever ye may be, Allah will bring you all together. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 149. And whencesoever thou comest forth (for prayer, O Muhammad) turn thy face toward the Inviolable Place of Worship. Lo! it is the Truth from thy Lord. Allah is not unaware of what ye do.
- 150. Whencesoever thou comest forth turn thy face toward the Inviolable Place of Worship; and wheresoever ye may be (O Muslims) turn your faces toward it (when ye pray) so that men may have no argument against you, save such of them as do injustice—Fear them not, but fear Mel—and so that I may complete My grace upon you, and that ye may be guided.
- among you, who reciteth unto you Our revelations and causeth you to grow, and teacheth you the Scripture and wisdom, and teacheth you that which ye knew not.¹
- 152. Therefore remember Me, I will remember you. Give thanks to Me, and reject not Me.

See Abraham's prayer, v. 129.

يَكَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱسْـتَعينُواْ بِٱلصَّبْرِ وَٱلصَّلَوْةَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ ٱلصَّنبِرِينَ ١١ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ لَمَن يُقَتِّلُ في سَبيل الله أَمْوَاثُ ۚ بَلِّ أَحْيَآ * وَلَكِن لَّا تَشْعُرُ وِنَ ﴿ وَلَنَبْلُوَنَّكُمُ بشَيْءِ مَنَ الْخَدُوْف وَالْجُدُوع وَنَقْص مَنَ الْأُمُوال وَٱلْأَنْفُسِ وَالثَّمَرَاتُ وَبَشِّرِ ٱلصَّـٰبِرِينَ ﴿ إِذَاۤ أَصَابَتُهُم مُصِيبَةٌ قَالُوٓا إِنَّا لللهِ وَ إِنَّاۤ إِلَبْ وَاجعُونَ ﴿ ﴿ أُوْلَتَهِكَ عَلَيْهُمْ صَلَوَاتٌ مَّن رَّبِّهُمْ وَرَحْمَةٌ وَأَوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُهَتَدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الصَّفَا وَٱلْمَرَّوَةَ مَن شَعَـَا يِر ٱللهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهِ اللهِ فَنْ حَجَّ ٱلْبَيْتَ أَو اعْتَمَرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهُ أَنْ يَطَّوَّفَ بِهِمَّا وَمَن تَطَوَّعَ خَيْراً فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَاكِرُّ عَلَيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَآ أَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ ٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَٱلْحُدَىٰ مِنْ بَعْدُ مَا بَيِّنَّكُ للنَّاس في الْكَتَنَب أُولَتِهِكَ يَلْعَنُّهُمُ اللَّهُ وَيَلْعَنُّهُمُ



153. O ye who believe! Seek help in steadfastness and prayer. Lo! Allah is with the steadfast.

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- 154. And call not those who are slain in the way of Allah "dead." Nay, they are living, only ye perceive not.
- 155. And surely We shall try you with something of fear and hunger, and loss of wealth and lives and crops; but give glad tidings to the steadfast,
- 156. Who say, when a misfortune striketh them: Lo! we are Allah's and lo! unto Him we are returning.
- 157. Such are they on whom are blessings from their Lord, and mercy. Such are the rightly guided.
- 158. Lo! (the mountains) As-Safa and Al-Marwah are among the indications of Allah. It is therefore no sin for him who is on pilgrimage to the House (of God) or visiteth it, to go around them (as the pagan custom is). And he who doeth good of his own accord, (for him) lo! Allah is Responsive, Aware.
- 159. Lo! those who hide the proofs and the guidance which We revealed, after We had made it clear to mankind in the Scripture: such are accursed of Allah and accursed of those

ٱللَّعْنُونَ ١٠ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ تَابُواْ وَأَصْلَحُواْ وَيَتَّواْ فَأُولَدِكَ أَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَأَنَا التَّوَّابُ الرَّحُيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَمَا تُواْ وَهُمْ كُفّارًا أُولَتِهِكَ عَلَيْهُمْ لَعْنَةُ الله وَالْمَلَيْهَا وَالَّنَاسَ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ خَلَدِينَ فِيهَا لَا يُخَفِّفُ عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ ١٠ وَ إِلَهُكُمْ إِلَهُ وَاحَدُ لَا إِلَّهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ٱلرَّحْدَنُ ٱلرَّحْمُ شُي إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ ٱلسَّمَنُوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱخْتَلَافَ الَّيْلُ وَالنَّهَارِ وَٱلْفُلْكَ الَّتِي تَجْرَى فِى الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنفَعُ النَّاسَ وَمَا أَزْلَ اللهُ مَنَ السَّمَاءِ مِن مَّاءِ فَأَحْيَا بِهِ ٱلأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَهَا وَبَثَّ فَهَا مِن كُلُّ دَآبَّةً وَتَصْرِيف الرِّيَاحِ وَالسَّحَابِ الْمُسَخِّرِيَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَآيَلَتِ لَّقَوْم يَمْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَتَّخِذُ مَن دُونِ ٱللهُ أَنْدَادًا يُحْبُونَهُمْ كُحُبِّ اللهِ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَشَدُّ حُبًّا للهُ

ولو



who have the power to curse.

- 160. Except those who repent and amend and make manifest (the truth). These it is toward whom I relent. I am the Relenting, the Merciful.
- 161. Lo! those who disbelieve, and die while they are disbelievers; on them is the curse of Allah and of angels and of men combined.
- 162. They ever dwell therein. The doom will not be lightened for them, neither will they be reprieved.
- 163. Your God is One God; there is no God save Him, the Beneficent, the Merciful.
- 164. Lo! in the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the difference of night and day, and the ships which run upon the sea with that which is of use to men, and the water which Allah sendeth down from the sky, thereby reviving the earth after its death, and dispersing all kinds of beasts therein, and (in) the ordinance of the winds, and the clouds obedient between heaven and earth: are signs (of Allah's Sovereignty) for people who have sense.
- 165. Yet of mankind are some who take unto themselves (objects of worship which they set as) rivals to Allah, loving them with a love like (that which is the due) of Allah (only)

 —Those who believe are stauncher in their love for Allah—

وَلَوْ يَرَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ إِذْ يَرَوْنَ الْعَذَابَ أَنَّ الْقُوَّةَ الله جَمِيعًا وَأَنَّ اللَّهُ شَـدِيدُ ٱلْعَذَابِ ﴿ إِذْ تَبَرَّأُ ٱلَّذِيرِ ـ ٱتَّبِعُواْ مِنَ الَّذِينَ الَّبَعُواْ وَرَأُواْ الْعَذَابَ وَتَقَطَّعَتْ بِهِمُ ٱلْأَسْبَابُ ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُواْ لَوْ أَنَّ لَنَا كُرَّا ۚ فَنَنَدَرًّا مَهُمْ كَمَا تَبَرَّهُ وَأُمنَّا كَذَاكَ يُربِهِمُ اللهُ أَعْمَلُهُمْ حَسَرات عَلَيْهُمُّ وَمَا هُم بِخَارِجِينَ مَنَ النَّارِ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّمَا ٱلنَّاسُ كُلُواْ مَّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ حَلَلًا طَيِّبًا وَلَا تَنَّبِعُواْ خُطُوَت ٱلشَّيْطَانُ إِنَّهُ لِكُرِّ عَدُوَّمُبِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّا يَأْمُرُكُمُ بِالسُّوءِ وَالْفَحْسَاءِ وَأَن تَقُولُواْ عَلَى الله مَالَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ الَّبِعُواْ مَا أَزَلَ اللهُ قَالُواْ بَلْ تَنَّبُعُ مَا أَنْفَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ وَا بَآءَ نَا ۖ أُولَوْ كَانَ ءَا بَالَوُهُمْ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ شَيْعًا وَلاَ يَهْتَدُونَ شِي وَمَثَلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَأَ كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي يَنْعَقُ بَمَا لَا يَسْمَعُ إِلَّا دُعَآ } وَندَآهُ

Oh, that those who do evil had but known, (on the day) when they behold the doom, that power belongeth wholly to Allah, and that Allah is severe in punishment!

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- 166. (On the day) when those who were followed disown those who followed (them), and they behold the doom, and all their aims collapse with them.
- 167. And those who were but followers will say: If a return were possible for us, we would disown them even as they have disowned us. Thus will Allah show them their own deeds as anguish for them, and they will not emerge from the Fire.
- 168. O mankind! Eat of that which is lawful and wholesome in the earth, and follow not the footsteps of the devil. Lo! he is an open enemy for you.
- 169. He enjoineth upon you only the evil and the foul, and that ye should tell concerning Allah that which ye know not.
- 170. And when it is said unto them: Follow that which Allah hath revealed, they say: We follow that wherein we found our fathers. What! Even though their fathers were wholly unintelligent and had no guidance?
- 171. The likeness of those who disbelieve (in relation to the messenger) is as the likeness of one who calleth unto that which heareth naught except a shout and cry. Deaf, dumb,

مَعْ مُرِهِ مُوهِ مُوهِ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ ١٠٠ يَنَا يَهَا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ كُلُواْ مِن طَيَّبَنت مَا رَزَقَنَكُمْ وَأَشْكُرُ وَالله إِن كُنتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ ١١٠ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَيْنَةَ وَٱلدَّمَ وَكَمْمَ الخُذِير وَمَا أَهْلَ بِهِ لِغَيْرِ اللهِ فَمَن أَضْطُرٌ غَيْرَ بَاغ وَلَا عَاد فَلَا إِنَّمَ عَلَيْهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحَّمُ ١ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَا أَزَلَ اللهُ مَنَ الْكَتَـٰبِ وَيَشْتَرُونَ بِهِ عَمَناً قَلِيلًا أُوْلَدَيِكَ مَا يَأْكُلُونَ فَى بُعُلُونَهِمْ إِلَّا النَّارَ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللهُ يَوْمَ الْقَيْدَمَة وَلَا يُزِّكِهِمْ وَلَمُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلَيُّ اللَّهُ أُوْلَتَيِكَ الَّذِينَ السُّرَوُا الضَّلَالَةَ بَالْمُدَّىٰ وَالْعَذَابَ بِالْمَغْفَرَة فَى أَصْبَرُهُمْ عَلَى النَّارِ ﴿ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهُ زَّلَ الْكَتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ آخَتَلَفُواْ فِي الْكِتَابِ لَنِي شَقَاق بَعْدِ فَنْ ﴿ لَيْسَ الْبِرَّ أَنْ تُولُواْ وُجُومَكُمْ قَبَلَ الْمَشْرِق



blind, therefore they have no sense.

172. O ye who believe! Eat of the good things wherewith We have provided you, and render thanks to Allah if it is (indeed) He Whom ye worship.

174. He hath forbidden you only carrion, and blood, and swineflesh, and that which hath been immolated to (the name of) any other than Allah. But he who is driven by necessity, neither craving nor transgressing, it is no sin for him. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

174. Let those who hide aught of the Scripture which Allah hath revealed, and purchase a small gain therewith, they eat into their bellies nothing else than fire. Allah will not speak to them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He make them grow. Theirs will be a painful doom.

175. Those are they who purchase error at the price of guidance, and torment at the price of pardon. How constant are they in their strife to reach the Fire!

176. That is because Allah hath revealed the Scripture with the truth. Lot those who find (a cause of) disagreement in the Scrippure are in open schism.

177. It is not righteousness that ye turn your faces to the

وَٱلْمَغْرِبِ وَلَكُنَّ ٱلْبَّرِّ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِأَنَّهُ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخر وَٱلْمَلْكَيِّكَة وَٱلْكَتَابِ وَٱلنَّبِيُّنَ وَءَانَى ٱلْمَالَ عَلَى حُبِّه، ذَوى الْقُرْنَى وَالْمِتَنَعَى وَالْمَسَكِينَ وَابْنَ السَّبيلِ وَالسَّا بِلينَ وَفِي الرِّقَابِ وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ وَءَاتَى الزَّكَوْةَ وَالْمُوفُونَ بِمَهْدِهِمْ إِذَا عَلَهُ وَأَ وَالصَّيْرِينَ فِي الْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ وَحِينَ ٱلْبَأْسُ أَوْلَتِهِكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَفُوا ۗ وَأُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُتَّقُونَ إِنَّ يَتَأْيُهَا الَّذِينَ وَامَّنُواْ كُتبَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْقَصَاصُ فِي الْقَتْلَى ۗ الْحُرُّ بِالْحُرُّ وَالْعَبَدُ بِالْعَبِّدُ وَالْأَنْيَى بِالْأَنْيَ فَنَ عُنِي لَهُ مِنْ أَحِيهِ شَيْ فَ فَاتْبَاعُ بِأَلْمَهُ وَفَ وَأَدَاتُهُ إِلَيْهِ بإِحْسَنَ ذَالِكَ تَحْفَيْفُ مِن رَّبِكُرُ وَرَحْمَةً ۚ فَمَنَ ٱعْتَدَىٰ بَعْدَ ذَالِكَ فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلْمٌ ١٠٠٥ وَلَكُرُ فِي الْقَصَاص حَيْرَةُ يَثَأُولِ الْأَلْبَبِ لَعَلَّكُمْ نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ كُتبَ عَلَيْكُمْ East and the West; but righteous is he who believeth in Allah and the Last Day and the angels and the Scripture and the prophets; and giveth wealth, for love of Him, to kinsfolk and to orphans and the needy and the wayfarer and to those who ask, and to set slaves free; and observeth proper worship and payeth the poor-due. And those who keep their treaty when they make one, and the patient in tribulation and adversity and time of stress. Such are they who are sincere. Such are the God-fearing.

178. O ye who believe! Retaliation is prescribed for you in the matter of the murdered; the freeman for the freeman, and the slave for the slave, and the female for the female. And for him who is forgiven somewhat by his (injured) brother, prosecution according to usage and payment unto him in kindness. This is an alleviation and a mercy from your Lord. He who transgresseth after this will have a painful doom.

179. And there is life for you in retaliation, O men of understanding, that ye may ward off (evil).

¹ See v. 43, footnote.

إِذًا حِضْرُ أَحَدُكُمُ الْمُوتُ إِنْ رَكَ خَيْرًا الْوَصِيَّةُ لُولَدِينَ وَٱلْأَقْرَبِينَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ لَهُ مَنَّ بَدَّلَهُ مِ بَعْدُ مَاسَمُعُهُ فَإِنَّكَ إِنْمُهُ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ بِسِلْوُنهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ غَلَيْمٌ ﴿ فَي فَنَ خَافَ مِن مُوصٍ جَنَفًا أَوْ إِنْكُ فَأَصْلَحَ بَيْنَهُمْ فَلا إِنْمَ عَلَيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحمٌ (اللَّهُ) يَنَأْمُا الَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيامُ كَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ لِتَقَوُنَ ﴿ إِنَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتَ فَيَنَ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مِّرِيضًا أَوْعَلَىٰ سَفَر فَعَدَّةٌ مَّنْ أَيَّام أَتُرَّ وَعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ فِذْيَةٌ ظَعَامُ مسكينَ فَن تَطَوَّعَ حَيْرًا فَهُوَ حَيْرًاللَّهُ وَأَنْ تَصُومُواْ خَيْرًا كُمُّ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ مُنْهُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِي أَنْ لَ فيه الْقُرْءَانُ هُدًى للنَّاسِ وَبِينَاتِ مِنَ الْمُدِينِ وَالْفُرْقَانَ فَيَنَ شَهِدَ مِنكُمُ

- 180. It is prescribed for you, when death approacheth one of you, if he leave wealth, that he bequeath unto parents and near relatives in kindness. (This is) a duty for all those who ward off (evil).
- 181. And whoso changeth (the will) after he hath heard it—the sin thereof is only upon those who change it. Lo! Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 182. But he who feareth from a testator some unjust or sinful clause, and maketh peace between the parties, (it shall be) no sin for him. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 183. O ye who believe! Fasting is prescribed for you, even as it was prescribed for those before you, that ye may ward off (evil);
- 184. (Fast) a certain number of days; and (for) him who is sick among you, or on a journey, (the same) number of other days; and for those who can afford it there is a ransom: the feeding of a man in need—But whoso doeth good of his own accord, it is better for him: and that ye fast is better for you if ye did but know—
- 185. The month of Ramadân in which was revealed the Qur'ân, a guidance for mankind, and clear proofs of the guidance, and the Criterion (of right and wrong). And whosoever

يهم مريخ المريخ ومن كان مريضًا أوعلي سفر فعدة من اً يَّامَ أَخْرُ يَرِيدُاللَّهُ بِكُوالْيُسْرُولَايُرِيدُ بِكُوالْعُسْرُولِيَّكُمُلُواْ ٱلْعَدَّةَ وَلُتُكَبِّرُواْ ٱللهُ عَلَى مَا هَدَ نُكُرٌ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ آشُكُرُ ونَ شِينَ وَ إِذَا سَأَ لَكَ عَبَادى عَنَّى فَإِنَّى قَرِيبٌ أَجِيبُ دَعْوَةَ ٱلدَّاعِ إِذَا دَعَانَ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُواْلِي وَلَيُؤْمِنُواْ فِي لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْشُدُونَ ﴿ أُحلَّ لَكُمْ لَبْلَةَ الصِّيامِ الرَّفَثُ إِلَىٰ نَسَآ بِكُمُّ فُنَّ لَبَاسٌ لَّكُمْ وَأَنَّمُ لَبَاسٌ لَّمَنَّ عَلَمَ ٱللَّهُ أَنَّكُمْ كُنَّمْ تَحْتَانُونَ أَ مُسَكُرُ مَنَابَ عَلَيْهُ وَعَفَا عَنكُمْ فَا أَعَنَ بَشُرُوهِنَّ وَ ابْتَغُواْ مَا كَتَبَ اللهُ لَـكُمْ وَكُواْ وَٱشْرَبُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَنَبَيَّنَ لَكُوا الْحَيْطُ الْأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الْخَيْطِ الْأُسْوَد مِنَ الْفَجْر مُ اللُّهُ السَّيَامَ إِلَى الَّيْلُّ وَلا تُبَاشُرُوهُنَّ وَأَنتُمْ عَلَكُونَ فِي ٱلْمُسَاحِدُ تُلْكَ حُدُودُ ٱللهُ فَلَا تَقْرَ بُومًا كَدَ لَكَ يُبِيّنُ

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of you is present, let him fast the month, and whosoever of you is sick or on a journey, (let him fast the same) number of other days. Allah desireth for you ease; He desireth not hardship for you; and (He desireth) that ye should complete the period, and that ye should magnify Allah for having guided you, and that peradventure ye may be thankful.

- 186. And when My servants question thee concerning Me, then surely I am nigh. I answer the prayer of the suppliant when he crieth unto Me. So let them hear My call and let them trust in Me, in order that they may be led aright.
- 187. It is made lawful for you to go in unto your wives on the night of the fast. They are raiment for you and ye are raiment for them! Allah is Aware that ye were deceiving yourselves² in this respect and He hath turned in mercy toward you and relieved you. So hold intercourse with them and seek that which Allah hath ordained for you, and eat and drink until the white thread becometh distinct to you from the black thread of the dawn. Then strictly observe the fast till nightfall and touch them not, but be at your devotions in the mosques. These are the limits imposed by Allah, so approach them not. Thus Allah expoundeth His

¹ This, mitaphorically, means that the relationship between the muslem husband and his wife is built up on strong bases of confidence, love and staunch friendship.

² Until this verse was revealed, the Muslims used to fast completely from the evening meal of one day till the evening meal of the next, and if they fell asleep before they had taken their meal they had considered it their duty to abstain from it, with the result that men fainted and came near to death. Intercourse with their wives had been similarly restricted.

اللهُ وَاينته علنَّاس لَعلَّهُم يَتَّقُونَ ١٨٠ وَلَا تَأْكُوا أَمُوالُكُم بَيْنَكُمُ بِالْبَنطل وَتُدَكُواْ بَسَ إِلَى الْحُكَّام لَنَأْ كُلُواْ مَر بِفًا مِّنْ أَمُوال النَّاس بِٱلْإِمْ وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠٠ ١٠ يَسْعَلُونَكَ عَن ٱلأَهْلَةَ قُلْ هِي مَوْ قِيتُ للنَّاسِ وَٱلْحَبُّجِ وَلَيْسَ ٱلْبِرُ بأَن تَأْتُواْ ٱلْبُيُوتَ مِن ظُهُودِهَا وَلَكَنَّ ٱلْبُرُّ مَن ٱتَّقَى وَأَوْا النَّهُ يُوتَ مِنْ أَبْوَا مِأْ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُقْلُحُونَ (اللَّهُ) وَقَنتُلُواْ في سَبيل الله الَّذينَ يُقَنتلُونَكُمْ وَلَا تَعْتَدُوّاْ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعتدينَ ﴿ وَاقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيثُ ثَقَفْتُمُوهُمْ مَاءَ وَ وَمُ مِنْ مِينُ أَدْرِهِ وَمُؤْمِرُ مِنْ الْمُعْتَلِقُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْمُقَتَلِقُ وَالْمُقْتَلِقُ الْمُقْتَلِقُ الْمُقَتِلُ وَلَا تُقَنتُلُوهُمْ عَندَ الْمُسْجِدُ ٱلْحَرَامِ حَتَّىٰ يُقَنتُلُوكُرْ فيلُّمْ فَإِن قَنْتُلُوكُمْ فَٱقْتُلُومُمْ كَذَاكَ جَزَآءُ ٱلْكَنفرينَ شَ فَإِن اَنْتَهَـوْاْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحـيُّ ﴿ إِنَّ } وَقَىٰتلُوهُمْ حَنَّى



- 188. And eat not up your property among yourselves in vanity, nor seek by it to gain the hearing of the judges that ye may knowingly devour a portion of the property of others wrongfully.
- 189. They ask thee, (O Muhammad), of new moons. Say: They are fixed seasons for mankind and for the pilgrimage. It is not righteousness that ye go to houses by the backs thereof (as do the idolaters at certain seasons), but the righteous man is he who wardeth off (evil). So go to houses by the gates thereof, and observe your duty to Allah, that ye may be successful.
- 190. Fight in the way of Allah against those who fight against you, but begin not hostilities. Lo! Allah loveth not aggressors.
- 191. And slay them wherever ye find them, and drive them out of the places whence they drove you out, for persecution is worse than slaughter. And fight not with them at the Inviolable Place of Worship until they first attack you there, but if they attack you (there) then slay them. Such is the reward of disbelievers.
- 192. But if they desist, then lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

لَا تَكُونَ فَتُنَدُّ وَيَكُونَ الدِّينُ اللَّهِ فَإِن انتَهَوْاْ فَلَا عُدُوانَ إِلَّا عَلَى الظَّلِمِينَ ١ الشَّهُرُ الْحَرَامُ بِالشَّهُرِ الْحَرَامُ وَالْحُرُمُنُ تُصَاصَ فَمَن أَعْتَدَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ فَأَعْتَدُواْ عَلَيْهُ يمثل مَا أَعْتَدَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَتَّقُواْ الله وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ الله مَع ٱلمُنتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ عَالَمْ فَواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ وَلَا تُلْقُواْ بِأَيْدُ مِكْرٌ إِلَى ٱلنَّهُ لُكُنَّةً وَأَحْسُنُواۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحُبُّ ٱلْمُحْسَنِنَ ﴿ وَأَيْمُواْ ٱلْحَجُّ وَٱلْعُمْرَةَ لللهِ فَإِنَّ أَحْصَرُتُمْ فَكَ ٱسْتِيسَرَمَنَ ٱلْمَـَدَّىٰ وَلَا تَعْلَقُواْ رُءُوسَكُمْ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ ٱلْمَـدَّىٰ عَلَّهُۥ لَمَن كَانَ منكُم مِّريضًا أوبه يَ أَذَى مِّن رَّأْسه ع فَفْديَةٌ مَّن صِيَّام أَوْ صَدَّقَة أَوْنُسُكُ فَإِذَا أَمْنُمُ فَنَ تَمَتَّع بِالْغُمْرَةِ إِلَى الْحَبِّ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْحَدِّي فَلَن لَّمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَاثَةً أَيَّامٍ فِي الْحَجَّ وَسَبْعَةً إِذَا رَجَعْمٌ ثَلْكَ عَشَرَةٌ

193. And fight them until persecution is no more, and religion is for Allah. But if they desist, then let there be no hostility except against wrong-doers.

- 194. The forbidden month for the forbidden month, and forbidden things in retaliation. And one who attacketh you, attack him in like manner as he attacked you. Observe your duty to Allah, and know that Allah is with those who ward off (evil).
- 195. Spend your wealth for the cause of Allah, and be not cast by your own hands to ruin; and do good. Lo! Allah loveth the beneficent.
- 196. Perform the pilgrimage1 and the visit (to Mecca) for Allah. And if ye are prevented, then send such gifts as can be obtained with ease, and shave not your heads until the gifts have reached their destination. And whoever among you is sick or hath an ailment of the head must pay a ransom of fasting or almsgiving or offering. And if ye are in safety, then whosoever contenteth himself with the visit for the pilgrimage (shall give) such gifts as can be had with ease. And whosoever cannot find (such gifts), then a fast of three days while on the pilgrimage, and of seven when ye have

¹ See also sûrah XXII, vv. 26 ff.

كَامِلَةً ذَاكَ لَمِن لَرْ يَكُنْ أَهْلُهُ وَاصْرِى الْمَسْجِد ٱلْحَرَامَ وَآتَفُواْ اللهَ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ شَديدُ الْعَقَابِ رَبِّي الحَجُ اللهِ اللهِ مَعْلُومَاتُ فَمَنَ فَرَضَ فِينَ الْحَجُ فَلَا رَفْتُ وَلَا فُسُوقَ وَلَا جَدَالَ فِي ٱلْحَجُّ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مَنْ خَيْر رِ مِنْهُ اللهِ وَزُودُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَالزَّادِ ٱلتَّقْوَىٰ وَٱتَقُونِ يَبَأُو لِي ٱلْأَلْبَبِ ﴿ لَيْنَ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَنْ تَبْتَغُواْ فَضْلًا مِنْ رَبِكُمْ فَإِذَا أَفَضْتُم مِنْ عَرَفَات فَا ذُكُرُواْ ٱللهَ عندَ ٱلْمَشْعَرَ ٱلْحَرَامَ وَآذْ كُرُوهُ كَمَا هَدَنكُمْ وَإِن كُنتُم مَن قَبْله، لَمَنَ الضَّالَينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُمَّ أَفِيضُواْ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَفَاضَ النَّاسُ وَٱسْتَغْفُرُواْ ٱلله ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ مَّنْدِسَكُكُمْ فَآذْكُواْ ٱللهَ كَذَكُرُكُمْ ءَابَاءَكُمْ أَوْ أَشَدَّ ذَكُرًّا لِّمَنَّ ٱلنَّاسُ مِنْ يَقُولُ رَبِّنا عَاناً فِي ٱلدُّنيا وَمَالَهُم

returned; that is, ten in all. That is for him whose folk are not present at the Inviolable Place of Worship. Observe your duty to Allah, and know that Allah is severe in punishment.

197. The pilgrimage is (in) the well-known months, and whoever is minded to perform the pilgrimage therein (let him remember that) there is (to be) no lewdness nor abuse nor angry conversation on the pilgrimage. And whatsoever good ye do Allah knoweth it. So make provision for yourselves (hereafter); for the best provision is to ward off evil. Therefore keep your duty unto Me, O men of understanding.

198. It is no sin for you that ye seek the bounty of your Lord (by trading). But, when ye press on in the multitude from 'Arafât, remember Allah by the sacred monument. Remember Him as He hath guided you, although before ye were of those astray.

199. Then hasten onward from the place whence the multitude hasteneth onward, and ask forgiveness of Allah. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

200. And when ye have completed your devotions, then remember Allah as ye remember your fathers¹ or with a more lively remembrance. But of mankind is he who saith: "Our Lord! Give unto us in the world," and he hath no portion

¹ It was the custom of the pagan Arabs to praise their forefathers at the conclusion of the pulgrimage.

في ٱلْآخِرَة مِنْ خَلَلَقَ رَبِّي وَمَنْهُمْ مِّن يَقُولُ رَبِّناً عَامْناً فِ ٱلدُّنْيَا حَسَّنَةً وَفِي الْآخَرَة حَسَّنَةً وَقَنَا عَذَابَ النَّار وَإِي أُوْلَيَكَ كُمُ مَ نَصِيبٌ مَّا كَسَبُوا ۗ وَاللَّهُ سَرِيعُ ٱلْحُسَابِ اللَّهِ * وَآذْ كُرُواْ ٱللَّهُ فِي أَيَّام مَّعْدُودَاتٌ فَنَ تَعَجَّلَ فِي يَوْمَيْن فَلا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ وَمَنْ تَأْتَرَ فَلا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهُ لَمَن ٱتَّقَيَّ وَٱتَّقُواْ الله وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْه تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَن يُعْجِبُكَ قَوْلُهُ فِي الْحَيَادَةِ الدُّنْيَ وَيُشْهِدُ اللهُ عَلَى مَا فِي قَلْبِهِ ء وَهُوَ أَلَدُ ٱلْخُصَامِ ﴿ وَإِذَا تَوَلَّى سَعَى في ٱلْأَرْضِ لِيُفْسِدَ فِيهَا وَيُهِلِّكَ ٱلْحَرَّثَ وَٱلنَّسْلَ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يُحبُّ الْفَسَادَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُ أَتَّنَى اللَّهَ أَخَذَتْهُ ٱلْعَزَّةُ بِالْإِثْمَ فَحَسَّبُهُ جَهَنَّمُ وَلَبْشَ الْمَهَادُ ﴿ وَمَنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَشْرى نَفْسَهُ ٱبتَّغَاءَ مَرْضَات ٱلله وَٱللهُ رَءُ وفَّ



in the Hereafter.

201. And of them (also) is he who saith: "Our Lord! Give unto us in the world that which is good and in the Hereafter that which is good, and guard us from the doom of Fire."

202. For them there is in store a goodly portion out of that which they have earned. Allah is swift at reckoning.

203. Remember Allah through the appointed days. Then whoso hasteneth (his departure) by two days, it is no sin for him, and whoso delayeth, it is no sin for him; that is for him who wardeth off (evil). Be careful of your duty to Allah, and know that unto Him ye will be gathered.

204. And of mankind there is he whose conversation on the life of this world pleaseth thee (Muhammad), and he calleth Allah to witness as to that which is in his heart; yet he is the most rigid of opponents.

205. And when he turneth away (from thee) his effort in the land is to make mischief therein and to destroy the crops and the cattle; and Allah loveth not mischief.

206. And when it is said unto him: Be careful of thy duty to Allah, pride taketh him to sin. Hell will settle his account, an evil resting-place.

207. And of mankind is he who would sell himself, seeking the pleasure of Allah; and Allah hath compassion on (His)

بِالْعَبَادِ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ادْخُلُواْ فِي السَّلِّمِ كَا فَقَا وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ مُعْلُونَ الشَّيْطَانَ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُونُهُ مِن اللَّهِ فَإِن زَلَلْتُمُ مَنُ بَعْد مَاجَآءَ تُكُرُ ٱلْبَيْنَاتُ فَآعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ غَرِيرٌ حَكُمُّ ﴿ مَا لَا يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَن يَأْ تَبَهُمُ اللَّهُ في ظُلَل مَّنَ ٱلْغَمَامِ وَٱلْمَلَنَيِّكَةُ وَقُضِيَ ٱلْأُمْرُ ۗ وَإِلَى الله رُجَعُ الْأُمُورُ عَلَيْ سَلْ بَنِيَ إِسْرَا وِيلَ كَدْ عَالَيْنَاهُم مَنْ عَايَةَ بَيْنَةً وَمَن يُبَدِّلْ نَعْمَةَ اللهُ مَنْ بَعْد مَاجَآءَتُهُ فَإِنَّ اللهَ شَديدُ الْعَقَابِ ٢ زُينَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ الْحَيَوَةُ الدُّنْيَا . وَيَسْخَرُونَ مَنَ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُوا ۚ وَالَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَوْا فَوْقَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْدَمَةُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ رَزُّقُ مَن يَشَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حَسَابِ ﴿ كَانَ النَّاسُ أَمَّةً وَاحدَةً فَبَعَثَ اللهُ النَّبيُّينَ مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذرينَ وَأَزَلَ مَعَهُمُ الْحَدَابَ بِالْحَدَ لِيَحْكُرَ بَيْنَ النَّاس

bondmen.

- 208. O ye who believe! Come, all of you, into submission (unto Him); and follow not the footsteps of the devil. Lo! he is an open enemy for you.
- 209. And if ye slide back after the clear proofs have come unto you, then know that Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 210. Wait they for naught else than that Allah should come unto them in the shadows of the clouds with the angels? Then the case would be already judged. All cases go back to Allah (for judgment).
- 211. Ask of the Children of Israel how many a clear revelation We gave them! He who altereth the grace of Allah after it hath come unto him (for him), lo! Allah is severe in punishment.
- 212. Beautified is the life of the world for those who disbelieve; they make a jest of the believers. But those who keep their duty to Allah will be above them on the Day of Resurrection. Allah giveth without stint to whom He will.
- 213. Mankind were one community, and Allah sent (unto them) prophets as bearers of good tidings and as warners, and revealed therewith the Scripture with the truth that it might judge between mankind concerning that wherein they

فِمَا ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فِيهُ وَمَا ٱخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوهُ مِنْ بعد مَا جَآءَ تَهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَاتُ بِغِياً بِينَهُمْ فَهَدَى اللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَمَا ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فيه منَ ٱلْحَقّ بِإِذَّنَّهُ وَاللَّهُ يَهِدى مَن يَشَاءُ إِنَّ صَرَاطٍ مُسْتَقَيمٍ ﴿ أَمْ حَسَبْتُمْ أَنْ تَدْخُلُواْ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَأْتُكُم مَشَلُ ٱلَّذِينَ خَلَوْاْ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ مَّسَّهُمُ ٱلْبَأْلَمَاءُ وَٱلضَّرَاءُ وَزُلْزِلُواْحَتَىٰ يَقُولَ ٱلرَّسُولُ وَٱلَّذِينَ ۗ ٓ امَنُواْ مَعَهُ مَتِي نَصْرًا للهُ أَلاّ إِنَّ نَصْرَالله قَرِيبٌ ﴿ إِنَّ يَسْتَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنفَقُونَ قُلْ مَا أَنفَقْتُم مَنْ خَيْرِ فَالْوَالدَيْنِ وَٱلْأَقْرَ بِينَ وَٱلْيَتَكَعَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَكِينِ وَآبِنِ ٱلسَّبِيلَ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلَيْمُ فَإِنَّ كُنبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقَتَالُ وَهُو كُرُهُ لَّكُمْ وَعَسَىٰ أَنْ تَكُرُهُواْ شَيْئًا وَهُو خَيْرً لَكُمْ وَعَسَىٰ أَنْ مَهُ وَمَنْ مُرَدِّ مِنْ مُرِيَّةً وَمُنَّالًا مُرَادِّ مُرَدِّ مُرَادِّ مُرَدِّ مُرَدِّ مُرَدِّ مُرَدِّ مُرَدِّ تَحْمُواْ شَيْحًا وَهُو شَرِلَكُمْ وَاللهِ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ شَ differed. And only those unto whom (the Scripture) was given differed concerning it, after clear proofs had come unto them, through hatred one of another. And Allah by His Will guided those who believe unto the truth of that concerning which they differed. Allah guideth whom He will unto a straight path.

214. Or think ye that ye will enter paradise while yet there hath not come unto you the like of (that which came to) those who passed away before you? Affliction and adversity befell them, they were shaken as with earthquake, till the messenger (of Allah) and those who believed along with him said: When cometh Allah's help? Now surely Allah's help is nigh.

215. They ask thee, (O Muhammad), what they shall spend. Say: That which ye spend for good (must go) to parents and near kindred and orphans and the needy and the wayfarer. And whatsoever good ye do, lo! Allah is Aware of it.

216. Warfare is ordained for you, though it is hateful unto you; but it may happen that ye hate a thing which is good for you, and it may happen that ye love a thing which is bad for you. Allah knoweth, ye know not.

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يَسْعُلُونَكَ عَنِ الشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ قَتَالَ فِيهِ قُلْ قَتَالٌ فِيهِ كُبِيرٌ وَصَدُّ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ وَكُفُرُ بِهِ وَالْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحُرامُ وَإِخْراجُ أَمَّله عِنْهُ أَكْبَرُ عِندَ الله وَالْفَتْنَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الْقَتْلَ وَلَا رَالُونَ يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ حَتَّى يَرُدُّوكُمْ عَن دينكُرْ إن السَّنَطَاعُوا وَمَن يَرْتَدُدُ مَنكُرْ عَن دينه ع فَيَمَتْ وَهُو كَافِرٌ فَأُولَكَهِكَ حَطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآعَرَةَ وَأُولَكَهِكَ أَصَّعَبُ ٱلنَّارُ مُمْ فِيهَا خَدلدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُواْ وَجَلَهَدُواْ فِ سَبِيلِ اللهُ أُولَلَيِكَ يَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَ اللهِ وَاللهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحمُ ﴿ إِنَّ * يَسْعَلُونَكَ عَن الْحُمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِ قُلْ فِيهِمَا إِنَّمْ كَبِيرٌ وَمَنَافِعُ لِلنَّاسِ وَ إِنْهُمَا أَكْبَرُ مِن نَفْعِهِما وَيَسْعَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنفَقُونَ قُل الْعَفْقُ كَذَاكَ يُسِينُ اللهُ لَكُرُ الْآينَت لَعَلَّكُمْ أَنْفَكُرُ ونَ ١



217. They question thee (O Muhammad) with regard to warfare in the sacred month. Say: Warfare therein is a great (transgression), but to turn (men) from the way of Allah, and to disbelieve in Him and in the Inviolable Place of Worship, and to expel His people thence, is a greater with Allah; for persecution is worse than killing. And they will not cease from fighting against you till they have made you renegades from your religion, if they can. And whoso becometh a renegade and dieth in his disbelief: such are they whose works have fallen both in the world and the Hereafter. Such are rightful owners of the Fire: they will abide therein.

218. Lo! those who believe, and those who emigrate (to escape the persecution) and strive in the way of Allah, these have hope of Allah's mercy. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

219. They question thee about strong drink and games of chance. Say: In both is great sin, and (some) utility for men; but the sin of them is greater than their usefulness. And they ask thee what they ought to spend. Say: That which is superfluous. Thus Allah maketh plain to you (His) revelations, that haply ye may reflect

في الدُّنيَّا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَيَسْعَلُونَكُ عِنْ ٱلْبَيْلِمِي قُلْ إِصْلَا أَ لَمْ مَ مَدِّرٌ وَ إِن تُحَالِطُوهُمْ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ ٱلْمُفْسَدَ منَ ٱلْمُصْلِحُ وَلَوْشَاءَ ٱللهُ لَأَعْنَتَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ عَنْ يَرُ حَكِيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَنكُوا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُركَنت حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمَنُّ وَلَأَمَةٌ مُؤْمِنَةً خَيْرٌمْن مُشْرِكَة وَلَوْ أَعْبَتِكُمْ وَلَا تُنكُواْ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ حَنَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُواْ ۗ وَلَعَبْ دٌ مُّؤْمِنُ خَيْرٌ مِّن مُّشْرِك وَلَوْ أَغْدِرُونِهُمُ أُولَنَيْكَ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارُ وَٱللَّهُ يَدْعُواْ إِلَى ٱلْجَنَّة وَٱلْمَغْفَرَة بإِذْنَهُ وَبِينَنُ ءَايَلته علنَّاس لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ شَيُّ وَيَسْتَكُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْمَحِيضَ قُلْ هُوَأَذَّى فَاعْتَزِلُواْ ٱلنَّسَاءَ فِي ٱلْمَحيضِ وَلَا تَقْرَ بُوهُنَّ حَيَّى يَطْهُرَّتَ فَإِذَا تَطَهَّرُنَ فَأْتُوهُنَّ مَنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحبُّ التَّوَّا بِنَ وَيُحِبُ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ ١٠٠٠ نَسَآ وُكُمْ حَرَّثُ لَّكُمْ

- 220. Upon the world and the Hereafter. And they question thee concerning orphans. Say: To improve their lot is best. And if ye mingle your affairs with theirs, then (they are) your brothers. Allah knoweth him who spoileth from him who improveth. Had Allah willed He could have overburdened you. Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 221. Wed not idolatresses till they believe; for lo! a believing bondwoman is better than an idolatress though she please you; and give not your daughters in marriage to idolaters till they believe, for lo! a believing slave is better than an idolater though he please you. These invite unto the Fire, and Allah inviteth unto the Garden, and unto forgiveness by His grace, and expoundeth His revelations to mankind that haply they may remember.
- 222. They question thee (O Muhammad) concerning menstruation. Say: It is an illness, so let women alone at # such times and go not in unto them till they are cleansed. And when they have purified themselves, then go in unto them as Allah hath enjoined upon you. Truly Allah loveth those who turn unto Him, and loveth those who have a care for cleanness.
 - 223. Your women are a tilth for you (to cultivate) so go

فَأَنُواْ حَرْلَكُمْ أَنَّى شَنُكُمٌّ وَقَلْمُواْ لأَنفُسكُمٌّ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّكُمْ مُلَاقُوهُ وَبَشِّرا لَمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ وَلاَ تَجْعَلُواْ اللَّهُ عُرْضَةً لا يمَانكُو أَن تَبَرُّواْ وَنَتَقُواْ وَتُصْلحُواْ بَيْنَ النَّاس وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ لَا يُوَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ بِاللَّفُوفِيِّ أَيْمَانُكُمْ وَلَكِن يُوَّاخِذُكُم بَمَا كَسَبَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ حَليمٌ ١٠٠ لَلَّذِينَ يُؤْلُونَ مِن نَسَآمِهُمْ تَرَبُّصُ أَرْبَعَة أَشْهُرُ فَإِنْ فَآءُو فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ وَإِنْ عَرْمُواْ ٱلطَّلَاقَ فَإِنَّ ٱللهُ سَمِيعٌ عَليمٌ ١٠٠٠ وَٱلْمُطَلَّقَاتُ يَتْرَبُّصْنَ بِأَنفُسِنَ ثَلَثَةَ قُرُوءٍ وَلَا يَحَلُّ هَٰنَ أَن يَحْتُمُن مَا خَلَقَ اللهُ فِي أَرْحَامِهِنَّ إِن كُنَّ يُؤْمِنَّ بِاللهِ وَٱلْمِيْوِمِ ٱلْآخِرَ } وَبُعُولَتُهُنَّ أَحَـٰتُهُ بِرَدْهُنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ إِنَّ أَرَادُوٓاْ إِصْلَاحًا وَلَمُنَّ مِثْلُ الَّذِي عَلَيْهَنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوثُ ۗ وَللرَّجَالِ عَلَيْهَنَّ ۗ to your tilth as ye will, and send (good deeds) before you for your souls, and fear Allah, and know that ye will (one day) meet Him. Give glad tidings to believers, (O Muhammad).

- 224. And make not Allah, by your oaths, a hindrance to your being righteous and observing your duty unto Him and making peace among mankind. Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 225. Allah will not take you to task for that which is unintentional in your oaths. But He will take you to task for that which your hearts have garnered. Allah is Forgiving, Clement.
- 226. Those who forswear their wives must wait four months; then, if they change their mind, lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 227. And if they decide upon divorce (let them remember that) Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 228. Women who are divorced shall wait, keeping themselves apart, three (monthly) courses. And it is not lawful for them that they should conceal that which Allah hath created in their wombs if they are believers in Allah and the Last Day. And their husbands would do better to take them back in that case if they desire a reconciliation. And they (women) have rights similar to those (of men) over them in kindness, and

دَرَجَةً وَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكُمُّ شَى الطَّلَكَ مَرَّ نَانَ فَإِمْسَاكُ بَمَعُرُوفَ أَوْتَسْرِيحُ بِإِحْسَانَ وَلَا يَحَلُّ لَكُمْ أَنْ تَأْخُذُواْ مَّا ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ شَيًّا إِلَّا أَن يَخَافَا أَلَّا يُقَمَا حُدُودَ ٱلله فَإِنَّ حَفَّتُمْ أَلَّا يُصَمَّا حُدُودَ ٱلله فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا فِيمَا آفْتَدَتْ به عَ تَلْكَ حُدُودُ ٱلله فَلَا تَعْتَدُوهَا وَمَن يَتَعَدُّ حُدُودَ الله فَأُوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ الظَّالمُونَ ﴿ فَإِن طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا يَحَلُّ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدُ حَتَّى تَنكحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَهُ وَإِن طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا أَن يَتَرَاجَعَا إِن ظَنَّا أَن يُقيمَا حُدُودَ الله وَتَلْكَ حُدُودُ ٱللهُ يُبِيِّنُهَا لَقَوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اطْلَقْتُمُ رر ررود عرود عرود المعام المراد المعاروف الموسر عروف الموسر عروها يَعْرُونَ وَلَا يُمْسَكُوهُنَّ ضَرَارًا لَّتَعْتَدُونًا وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَاكَ فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ وَلَا تَخَذُوۤاْ ءَايَئْتِ اللهُ هُزُ وَٱ nen are a degree above them. Allah is Mighty, Wise.

229. Divorce must be pronounced twice and then (a woman) must be retained in honour or released in kindness. And it is not lawful for you that ye take from women aught of that which ye have given them; except (in the case) when both fear that they may not be able to keep within the limits (imposed by) Allah. And if ye fear that they may not be able to keep the limits of Allah, in that case it is no sin for either of them if the woman ransom herself. These are the limits (imposed by) Allah. Transgress them not. For whoso transgresseth Allah's limits: such are wrong-doers.

230. And if he hath divorced her (the third time), then she is not lawful unto him thereafter until she hath wedded another husband. Then if he (the other husband) divorce her it is no sin for both of them that they come together again if they consider that they are able to observe the limits of Allah. These are the limits of Allah. He manifesteth them for people who have knowledge.

231. When ye have divorced women, and they have reached their term, then retain them in kindness or release them in kindness. Retain them not to their hurt so that ye transgress (the limits). He who doeth that hath wronged his soul. Make not the revelations of Allah a laughing-stock (by your

وَآذُكُو وَأَ نَعْمَتَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَمَا أَزُلَ عَلَيْكُم مِنَ ٱلْكتَاب وَٱلْحُكْمَة يَعظُكُم بِهِ ۗ وَأَتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ بِكُلَّ مَّى ، عَلَمْ إِنَّ وَإِذَا طَلَّقَتْمُ النَّسَاءَ فَبَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُ لَّ فَلَا تَعْشُلُوهُنَّ أَن يَنكُونَ أَزْ وَاجَهُنَّ إِذَا تَرَاضَوْا بَيْنَهُم بَا لَمَغْرُ وفُّ ذَاكَ يُوعَظُ بِهِ عَن كَانَ منكُرْ يُؤْمنُ بَالله وَالْيُومَ الْآخِرَ ذَالكُمْ أَزْكَىٰ لَكُمْ وَأَطْهَرُ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُم لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ﴿ وَالْوَالدَاتُ يُرْضَعْنَ أَوْلَدَهُنَّ حَوْلَيْنَ كَامَلَيْنَ لَمَنْ أَرَادَ أَن يُتُمَّ الرَّضَاعَةُ وَعَلَى الْمَوْلُود لَهُ رِزْقُهُنَّ وَكُسُوتُهُنَّ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفَ لَانْكَلَّفُ نَفْسُ إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا لَا تُضَآ رَّ وَالدَّهُ بُولَدَهَا وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ لَّهُ مِ وَلَدَّه وَعَلَى ٱلْوَارِث مَثِلُ ذَاكَ فَإِنَّ أَرَادَا فَصَالًا عَن تَرَاضٍ مِّنْهُما وَتَشَاوُر فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا وَإِنَّ أَرَدُمُ أَنْ تَسْتَرَضَعُواْ أُولَدُكُرُ



behaviour), but remember Allah's grace upon you and that which He hath revealed unto you of the Scripture and of wisdom, whereby He doth exhort you. Observe your duty to Allah and know that Allah is Aware of all things.

- 232. And when ye have divorced women and they reach their term, place not difficulties in the way of their marrying their husbands if it is agreed between them in kindness. This is an admonition for him among you who believeth in Allah and the Last Day. That is more virtuous for you, and cleaner. Allah knoweth: ye know not.
- 233. Mothers shall suckle their children for two whole years; (that is) for those who wish to complete the suckling. The duty of feeding and clothing nursing mothers in a seemly manner is upon the father of the child. No-one should be charged beyond his capacity. A mother should not be made to suffer because of her child, nor should he to whom the child is born (be made to suffer) because of his child. And on the (father's) heir is incumbent the like of that (which was incumbent on the father). If they desire to wean the child by mutual consent and (after) consultation, it is no sin for them; and if ye wish to give your children out to nurse,

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذَا سَلْمُمْ مَّا عَالِكَيْمُ بِالْمَعْرُوفَ وَا تَقُواْ الله وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يُتُوفُّونَ ر مرر و عدم مرادة مرادة ما الله عدم المارية والمارية والمارية المارية وَعَشْرًا فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا فَعَلْنَ فِيّ أَنفُسِهِنَّ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفَ وَٱللَّهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ١ وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا عَرْضُتُم به ، منْ خطبة النّسَاء أو أَكْنَنَهُ فِي أَنفُسكُم عَلَمَ اللهُ أَنكُو سَنَذُ كُرُ وَنَهِنَ وَلَكُن لَّا يُوَاعِدُوهُنَّ سَرًّا إِلَّا أَنْ تَقُولُواْ قَوْلًا مَعْرُوفًا ۖ وَلَا تَعْرُمُواْ عُشْدَةَ النَّكَاحِ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ ٱلْكَتَابُ أَجَلَهُۥ وَٱعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ الله يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي أَنْفُسُكُمْ فَأَحْذَرُوهُ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورً حَلَمٌ اللَّهُ الْجُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُو إِن طَلَّقَتُمُ النَّسَاءَ مَالَرُ يرة ويَ أَوْرَةُ وَالْمُن فَرِيضَةً وَمَتْعُوهُنَّ عَلَى الْمُوسع

it is no sin for you, provided that ye pay what is due from you in kindness. Observe your duty to Allah, and know that Allah is Seer of what ye do.

234. Such of you as die and leave behind them wives, they (the wives) shall wait, keeping themselves apart, four months and ten days. And when they reach the term (prescribed for them) then there is no sin for you in aught that they may do with themselves in decency. Allah is Informed of what ye do.

235. There is no sin for you in that which ye proclaim or hide in your minds concerning your troth with women. Allah knoweth that ye will remember them. But plight not your troth with women except by uttering a recognised form of words. And do not consummate the marriage until (the term) prescribed is run. Know that Allah knoweth what is in your minds, so beware of Him; and know that Allah is Forgiving, Clement.

236. It is no sin for you if ye divorce women while yet ye have not touched them, nor appointed unto them a portion.

Provide for them, the rich according to his means, and the

قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱلْمُقْتَرَ قَدَرُهُ مِنْعَا بِٱلْمُعْرُوفُ حَقًا عَلَى ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ إِن طَلَقْتُمُوهُنَّ مِن قَبْلِ أَنْ تَمَسُّوهُنَّ الْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ يَمْ أُولِهِ مَا لَا تَمْسُوهُنَّ وَقَدْ وَرَمْهُمْ لَمُنَّ فَرِيضَةً فَنصْفُ مَا فَرَضْتُمْ إِلَّا أَن يَعْفُونَ أَوْ يَعْفُواْ ٱلَّذِي بِيَده عُقْدَةُ ٱلنَّكَاحِ وَأَنْ تَعْفُواْ أَقْرَبُ للتَّقُونَىٰ وَلَا تَنسَوا ٱلْفَصْلَ بَيْنَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ١٠٠ حَنفظُواْ عَلَى الصَّلَوَاتِ وَالصَّلَوْةِ الْوُسْطَى وَقُومُواْ للهُ قَلنتينَ ﴿ فَإِنْ خَفْتُمْ فَرَجَالًا أُورُكُبَاناً ۖ فَإِذَا أَمنتُمْ قَأَذْكُرُ وَا اللهَ كَمَا عَلَّمَكُمْ مَّالَمْ تَكُونُواْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفُّونَ مِنكُرُ وَيَذَرُ وِنَ أَزْوَاجًا وَصِيَّةٌ لَأَزْ وَاجِهِم مُّنَّكًا إِلَى الْحَدْوِلِ غَيْرَ إِنْرَاجٍ فَإِنْ يَرَجْنَ فَلَا جُنَّاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي مَا فَعَلْنَ فِيَ أَنْفُسِهِنَّ مِن مَّعْرُوفٌ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ١ وَالْمُعَالَقَن مَنْعُ بِالْمُعَرُوفُ حَفًّا عَلَى

straitened according to his means, a fair provision. (This is) a bounden duty for those who do good.

237. If ye divorce them before ye have touched them and ye have appointed unto them a portion, then (pay the) half of that which ye appointed, unless they (the women) agree to forgo it, or he agreeth to forgo it in whose hand is the marriage tie. To forgo is nearer to piety. And forget not kindness among yourselves. Allah is Seer of what ye do.

238. Be guardians of your prayers, and of the midmost prayer,² and stand up with devotion to Allah.

239. And if ye go in fear, then (pray) standing or on horseback. And when ye are again in safety, remember Allah, as He hath taught you that which (heretofore) ye knew not.

240. (In the case of) those of you who are about to die and leave behind them wives, they should bequeath unto their wives a provision for the year without turning them out, but if they go out (of their own accord) there is no sin for you in that which they do of themselves within their rights. Allah is Mighty, Wise.

241. For divorced women a provision in kindness: a duty

¹ i.e. the bridegroom.

³ Meaning, probably, the best amid all forms of prayer; but some authorities think the reference is to the 'asr (afternoon) prayer which Muslims are most apt to forget.

ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ كَذَاكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَايَنته عَلَكُمْ تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِلَّهُ مَا أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ نَرَجُواْ مِن دَيِدِهِمْ وَهُمْ أَلُوفُ حَذَرَ الْمُوتَ فَقَالَ لَهُمْ اللَّهُ مُونُواً ثُمَّ أَحَيْهُمْ إِنَّ اللهَ لَذُو فَضْل عَلَى ٱلنَّاس وَلَكَنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاس لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَقَنتُلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ وَ أَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ سَمِيعٌ عَليمٌ ﴿ مَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يُقْرضُ ٱللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنَا فَيْضَاعِفَهُ لَهُ وَ أَشْعَافًا كَثْيَرَةٌ وَٱللَّهُ يَقْبَضُ وَيَبْضُطُ وَ إِلَيْهِ مُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَوْ تَرَ إِلَى الْمَلَّإِ مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَاءِ بِلَّ مَنْ بَعْدُ مُوسَىٰ إِذْ قَالُواْ لَنَبِي هُمُ ٱبْعَثْ لَنَا مَلَكًا نُقَاتِلْ في سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ قَالَ هَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ إِن كُتبَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْقَتَالُ أَلَّا تُقَنَّتُوا ۗ قَالُواْ وَمَا لَنَآ أَلَّا نُقَنَّلَ في سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ وَقَدْ أُنْرِجْنَا من دينرنَا وَأَبْنَابِنَا فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَتَالُ تُولُّواْ for those who ward off (evil).

- 242. Thus Allah expoundeth unto you His revelations so that ye may understand.
- 243. Bethink thee (O Muhammad) of those of old, who went forth from their habitations in their thousands, fearing death,¹ and Allah said unto them: Die; and then He brought them back to life. Lo! Allah is a Lord of Kindness to mankind, but most of mankind give not thanks.
- 244. Fight in the way of Allah, and know that Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 245. Who is it that will lend unto Allah a goodly loan,² so that He may give it increase manifold? Allah straiteneth and enlargeth. Unto Him ye will return.
- 246. Bethink thee of the leaders of the Children of Israel after Moses, how they said unto a prophet whom they had: Set up for us a king and we will fight in Allah's way. He said: Would ye then refrain from fighting if fighting were prescribed for you? They said: Why should we not fight in Allah's way when we have been driven from our dwellings with our children? Yet, when fighting was prescribed for

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¹ The reference is to the migration of Israeli people, from Egypt, with Moses (peace be upon him).

^{*} A loan without interest-i.e. without thought of gain.

إِلَّا قَلَيْكُمْ مَنْهُمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيمٌ بِالظَّلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَقَالَ لَهُمُ نَبِيُّهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَدْبَعَثَ لَكُمْ طَالُوتَ مَلَكًا ۖ قَالُوا أَنَّى رَ مُرَارُ مِنْ أَوْ مُرَارِدُ مِنْ مَا مِنْ أَمِنْ أَحِنْ بِالْمُلَّكُ مِنْهُ وَلَمْ يُؤْتَ سَعَةً مَّنَ ٱلْمَالَ قَالَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ ٱصْطَفَلَهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَزَادَهُ بَسْطَةً فِي الْعَلْمِ وَالْجَسْمُ وَاللَّهُ يُؤْتِي مُلْكَهُ, مَن يَشَآءُ وَاللَّهُ وَاسعُ عَليٌّم ﴿ إِنَّ وَقَالَ لَهُمْ نَبَيُّهُمْ إِنَّ ءَايَةَ مُلَكه = أَنْ يَأْتِيكُو التَّابُوتُ فِيهِ سَكِينَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُو وَبَقَّيَّةٌ مَّا تَرَكَ ءَالُ مُوسَىٰ وَءَالُ هَلُرُونَ تَحْمَلُهُ ٱلْمَلَنَيْكُةُ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً لَّكُم إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمنينَ ﴿ فَي فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوتُ بِالْجُنُودُ قَالَ إِنَّ اللهُ مُبْتَكِيكُم بِنَهُرَ فَمَن شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَيْسَ منَّى وَمَن لَّهُ يَطْعَمُهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنَّىٰ إِلَّا مَن أَغْتَرَفَ غُرْفَةً ۗ بِيَدُهِ مُ فَشَرِ بُواْ مَنْهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مُنْهُمْ قَلْمًا جَاوَزُهُ وَوَ وَالَّذِينَ

them, they turned away, all save a few of them. Allah is Aware of evil-doers.

247. Their Prophet said unto them: Lo! Allah hath raised up Saul to be a king for you. They said: How can he have kingdom over us when we are more deserving of the kingdom than he is, since he hath not been given wealth enough? He said: Lo! Allah hath chosen him above you, and hath increased him abundantly in wisdom and stature. Allah bestoweth His Sovereignty on whom He will. Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.

248. And their Prophet said unto them: Lo! the token of his kingdom is that there shall come unto you the ark wherein is peace of reassurance from your Lord, and a remnant of that which the house of Moses and the house of Aaron left behind, the angels bearing it. Lo! herein shall be a token for you if (in truth) ye are believers.

249. And when Saul set out with the army, he said: Lo! Allah will try you by (the ordeal of) a river. Whosoever therefore drinketh thereof he is not of me, and whosoever tasteth it not he is of me, save him who taketh (thereof) in the hollow of his hand. But they drank thereof, all save a few of them. And after he had crossed (the river), he and

وَامَنُواْ مَغُهُ وَالُواْ لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا ٱلْيُومْ بَجَالُوتَ وَجُنُوده عَ فَالَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَنَّهُم مُّلَكَقُواْ الله كَم من فئة قليلة غَلَبَتْ فَنَهُ كَثِيرَةَ بُإِذْنِ ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ مَمَّ ٱلصَّابِرِينَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا بَرَزُ وَالْجَالُوتَ وَجُنُوده عَ قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا أَفَّرْغُ عَلَيْنَا صَبْراً وَتَبَّتْ أَقْدَامَنَا وَٱنصُرْنَا عَلَى ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْكَلفرينَ رَثِي إِنْهُ مِنْ مُومُم بِإِذِن ٱللهُ وَقَتَلَ دَاوُدُ جَالُوتَ وَءَاتَنَّهُ ٱللهُ ٱلْمُلْكَ وَ الْحَكْمَةُ وَعَلَّمَهُ مِمَّا يُسَاءُ وَلُولًا دَفَّعُ ٱللهِ ٱلنَّاسَ بَعْضَهُم بَبَّعْض لَّفَسَدَت ٱلْأَرْضُ وَلَكَنَّ ٱللَّهَ ذُو فَضْل عَلَى ٱلْعَنْلَمِينَ ١ اللَّهُ عَايَنتُ اللهُ نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِٱلْحَتَّ وَ إِنَّكَ لَمَنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ ﴿ عَلَّكَ ٱلرُّسُلُ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضُ مَّنْهُم مَّن كُلَّمَ ٱللهُ وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَهُمْ دَرَجَاتُ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ مَنْ مَمْ اللَّهُ اللَّ



those who believed with him, they said: We have no power this day against Goliath and his hosts. But those who knew that they would meet Allah exclaimed: How many a little company hath overcome a mighty host by Allah's leave! Allah is with the steadfast.

- 250. And when they went into the field against Goliath and his hosts they said: Our Lord! Bestow on us endurance, make our foothold sure, and give us help against the disbelieving folk.
- 251. So they routed them by Allah's leave and David slew Goliath; and Allah gave him the kingdom and wisdom, and taught him of that which He willeth. And if Allah had not repelled some men by others the earth would have been corrupted. But Allah is a Lord of Kindness to (His) creatures.
- 252. These are the portents of Allah which We recite unto thee (Muhammad) with truth, and lo! thou art of the number of (Our) messengers;
- 253. Of those messengers, some of whom We have caused to excel others, and of whom there are some unto whom Allah spake, while some of them He exalted (above others) in degree; and We gave Jesus, son of Mary, clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty) and We supported him with the holy

وَلَوْشَاءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا ٱقْتَتَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ مَنْ بَعْدَهِمٍ مَّنْ بَعْد مَاجَآءَ تَهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَاتُ وَلَكُن ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فَهُمْ مَّنْ ءَامَنَ وَمَهْمُ مِّن كَفَرَ وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ مَا أَقْنَتَلُواْ وَلَكُنَّ اللهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يُريدُ رَثِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَنفَقُواْ مَّا رَزَّقْنَكُم مِّن قَبْل أَن يَأْتَى يَوْمٌ لَّا بَيْعٌ فِيهِ وَلَا خُلَّهٌ وَلَاشَ فَلَعَةٌ وَٱلْكَلْفُرُونَ هُمُ الظَّلِلُمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا إِلَنَّهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ الْحَيَّ الْقَيْومُ لَا تَأْخُذُهُ مِنَةٌ وَ لَا نَوْمٌ لَّهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ مَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يَشْفَعُ عندَهُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنَهُ يَعْلَمُ مَابَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا بُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عَلْمُهُ إِلَّا بِمَا شَآءً وَسعَ كُرْسيُّهُ السَّمَلَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ حَفْظُهُمَا وَهُوَ ٱلْعَلَىٰ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿ لَا إِكْرَاهَ فِي ٱلدِّينَ قَدتَّبَيَّنَ ٱلْشُدُ مِنَ ٱلْغَيِّ فَمَن يَكَفُرُ بِٱلطَّلِغُوتِ وَيُؤْمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ فَقَد

Spirit.¹ And if Allah had so willed it, those who followed after them would not have fought one with another after the clear proofs had come unto them. But they differed, some of them believing and some disbelieving. And if Allah had so willed it, they would not have fought one with another; but Allah doeth what He will.

254. O ye who believe! Spend of that wherewith We have provided you ere a day come when there will be no trafficking, nor friendship, nor intercession. The disbelievers, they are the wrong-doers.

255. Allah! There is no God save Him, the Alive, the Eternal. Neither slumber nor sleep overtaketh Him. Unto Him belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. Who is he that intercedeth with Him save by His leave? He knoweth that which is in front of them and that which is behind them, while they encompass nothing of His knowledge save what He will. His Throne includeth the heavens and the earth, and He is never weary of preserving them. He is the Sublime, the Tremendous.

256. There is no compulsion in religion. The right direction is henceforth distinct from error. And he who rejecteth false deities and believeth in Allah hath grasped a firm hand-

¹ i.e. the angel Gabriel.

ٱسْتَمْسَكَ بِٱلْعُرْوَةِ ٱلْوُتُقَىٰ لَا ٱنفصَامَ لَمَكَ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعً عَلَيمُ ١ إِلَى النُّورَ وَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَوْلَيَا وَهُمُ الطَّلَّغُوتُ يُخْرِجُونَهُم مَّ النُّورِ إِلَى الظُّلُمَاتُ أَوْلَيْكَ أَعْكَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فيهَا خَلْدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِي حَاجَّ إِبْرَاهُمَ فَي رَبِّهِ عَ أَنَّ وَاتَّلُهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُلْكَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِكُمُ رَتَّى ٱلَّذِي يُحْيَى وَيُمِينُ قَالَ أَنَّا أَحْيِءِ وَأَمِينُ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِكُمُ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهِ يَأْتِي بِٱلشَّمْسِ مِنَ ٱلْمَشْرِقِ فَأْتِ بِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمَغْرِبِ فَبُّتَ ٱلَّذِي كَفَر وَ اللهُ لَا يَهْدى الْقُوْمَ الظَّلمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِي مَنَّ عَلَىٰ قَرْيَة وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَىٰ عُرُوشَهَا قَالَ أَنَّىٰ يُحْيء هَاذه أَلِلَّهُ يَعْدَ مُونَا فَأَمَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ عَامَ ثُمَّ بَعَنْهُ قَالَ كُرْ لَبَنْتَ قَالَ لَبِنْتُ يَوْمًا أُوْبَعْضَ يَوْمَ قَالَ بَلِ لَّبَنْتَ مَا ثَةَ عَامِ

hold which will never break. Allah is Hearer, Knower.

257. Allah is the Protecting Guardian of those who believe. He bringeth them out of darkness into light. As for those who disbelieve, their patrons are false deities. They bring them out of light into darkness. Such are rightful owners of the Fire. They will abide therein.

258. Bethink thee of him who had an argument with Abraham about his Lord, because Allah had given him the kingdom; how, when Abraham said: My Lord is He Who giveth life and causeth death, he answered: I give life and cause death. Abraham said: Lo! Allah causeth the sun to rise in the East, so do thou cause it to come up from the West. Thus was the disbeliever abashed. And Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.

259. Or (bethink thee of) the like of him who, passing by a township which had fallen into utter ruin, exclaimed: How shall Allah give this township¹ life after its death? And Allah made him die a hundred years, then brought him back to life. He said: How long hast thou tarried? (The man) said: I have tarried a day or part of a day. (He) said: Nay, but thou hast tarried for a hundred years. Just look at thy

¹ Most of the commentators agree that the reference here is to Jerusalem in ruins. While the following words tell of the vision of Ezekfel.

فَأَنْظُرْ إِلَىٰ طَعَامِكَ وَشَرَابِكَ لَمْ يَنَسَنَّهُ وَٱنظُرْ إِلَىٰ حَارِكَ وَلَنَجْعَلَكَ ءَايَةً لَّنَاسٌ وَأَنظُرْ إِلَى ٱلْعظَامِ كَيْفَ نُنشُرُهَا مُمَّ نَكُسُوهَا كَمْ أَنَّهُ فَلَمَّا نَبَيَّنَ لَهُ وَقَالَ أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءِ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِهُ رَبِّ أَرْنِي كَيْفَ نُحْي ٱلْمَوْنَكُ قَالَ أُولَوْ نُوْمَن قَالَ بَلَيْ وَلَكُن لَيَطْمَنَّ قَلْبِي قَالَ فَخُذَ أَرْبَعَةُ مِّنَ ٱلطَّيْرِ فَصُرْهُنَّ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ أَجْعَلْ عَلَى كُلُّ جَبَلَ مَنْهِنَّ جُزًّا ثُمَّ أَدْعُهِنَّ يَأْ نَيْنَكَ سَعْياً وَٱعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللهَ عَزِيزُ حَكُمُ رَبُّي مَّشَلُ الَّذِينَ يُنفقُونَ أَمُّوالَهُمْ ف سَبيل الله كَمَثَل حَبَّة أَنْبَتَتْ سَبْعَ سَنَابِلَ ف كُلَّ مُنْبُلَةً مَا ثَةً حَبَّةً وَاللهُ يُضَعِفُ لَمَن يَشَآءُ وَاللهُ وَاسعُ عَلَمُ ١ اللَّذِينَ يُنفقُونَ أَمُّوا لَهُم في سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ ثُمَّ لَا يُتَّبعُونَ مَا أَنْفَقُواْ مَنَّا وَلَا أَذَى لَمَّهُ أَجْرُهُمْ عندَرَبَّهُمْ وَلَا خَوْفُ

عليهم

food and drink which have not rotted! Look at thine ass! And, that We may make thee a token unto mankind, look at the bones, how We adjust them and then cover them with flesh! And when (the matter) became clear unto him, he said: I know now that Allah is Able to do all things.

- 260. And when Abraham said (unto his Lord): My Lord! Show me how Thou givest life to the dead, He said: Dost thou not believe? Abraham said: Yea, but (I ask) in order that my heart may be at ease. (His Lord) said: Take four of the birds and cause them to incline unto thee, then place a part of them on each hill, then call them, they will come to thee in haste. And know that Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 261. The likeness of those who spend their wealth in Allah's way is as the likeness of a grain which groweth seven ears, in every ear a hundred grains. Allah giveth increase manifold to whom He will. Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.
- 262. Those who spend their wealth for the cause of Allah and afterward make not reproach and injury to follow that which they have spent; their reward is with their Lord, and

ر و و ر مورو و و و الله الله الله الله الله الله و مِن صَدَقَة يَتْبَعُهَا أَذِي وَاللَّهُ عَنَّى حَلَّمٌ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُبْطِلُواْ صَدَقَاتُكُمْ بِٱلْمَنَّ وَٱلْأَذَىٰ كَٱلَّذَى يُنفَقُ مَالَهُ رِثَاءَ النَّاسَ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرَ فَسَلُّهُ كَمَثَلَ صَفْوَانَ عَلَيْهُ تُرَابُ فَأَصَابَهُ وَابِّلْ فَتَرَكُهُ وَصَلْداً لَا يَقْدُرُونَ عَلَى شَيْءِ مَّكَ كَسُوا ۗ وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ وَمَشَلُ الَّذِينَ يُنفقُونَ أَمُوا لَهُمُ الْبَعْنَاءَ مَرْضَات الله وَتَثْبِيتُا مَنْ أَنفُسهم كَمَثَلَ جَنَّة بِرَبْوَة أَصَابَهَا وَابِّلْ فَعَانَتْ أُكُلُّهَا صَعْفَيْنِ فَإِن لَّهُ يُصِبُّهَا وَابْلُ فَطَلُّ وَاللَّهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ فَيْنَ أَيْوَدُ أَحَدُكُمْ أَنْ تَكُونَ لَهُ جَنَّةٌ مَّن تَّخيل وَأَعْنَاب تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ لَهُ وُفِهَا من كُلِّ النَّمْرَاتِ وَأَصَابُهِ الْكَبْرِ وَلَهِ ذُرِيَّةٌ ضَعَفَاءٌ فَأَصَابِهَا there shall no fear come upon them, neither shall they grieve.

- 263. A kind word with forgiveness is better than almsgiving followed by injury. Allah is Absolute, Clement.
- 264. O ye who believe! Render not vain your almsgiving by reproach and injury, like him who spendeth his wealth only to be seen of men and believeth not in Allah and the Last Day. His likeness is as the likeness of a rock whereon is dust of earth; a rainstorm smiteth it, leaving it smooth and bare. They have no control of aught of that which they have gained. Allah guideth not the disbelieving folk.
- 265. And the likeness of those who spend their wealth in search of Allah's pleasure, and for the strengthening of their souls, is as the likeness of a garden on a height. The rainstorm smiteth it and it bringeth forth its fruit twofold. And if the rainstorm smite it not, then the shower. Allah is Seer of what ye do.
- 266. Would any of you like to have a garden of palm-trees and vines, with rivers flowing underneath it, with all kinds of fruit for him therein; and old age hath stricken him and he hath feeble offspring; and a fiery whirlwind striketh it and it

إعْصَارٌ فِيهِ نَارٌ فَأَحْتَرَفَتْ كَذَاكَ بِبَيْنُ ٱللهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْآيَكَ لَعَلَّكُمْ نَتَفَكَّرُونَ شَيَّ يَتَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ أَنفَقُواْ من طَيْبَكَ مَا كَسَبْمُ وَمَلَ أَنْرَجْنَالَكُم مَنَ ٱلأَرْض وْلَا تَيْمَمُواْ ٱلْخَبِيثَ مِنْهُ تُنفقُونَ وَلَسُّمُ بِعَاخذيه إِلَّا أَن تُغْمضُواْ فيه وَآعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ غَنيُّ مَيدٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانُ يَعَدُكُو الْفَقَر وَيَأْمُرُكُم بِالْفَحْسَاء وَاللَّهُ يَعَدُكُم مَّغَفْرَة منه وَفَضْلًا وَاللهُ وَاسعُ عَلَمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ يُؤْنِي الْحَكْمَةَ مَن يَشَآءُ وَمَن يُؤْتَ الْحُكْمَةَ فَقَدْ أُونَى خَيْراً كَثْيُراً وَمَا يَذَكُّرُ إِلَّا أُولُواْ ٱلْأَلْبَابِ ﴿ وَمَا أَنْفَقَتُم مَن نَّفَقَة أَوْ تَذَرَّتُم مَن تَدُّر فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ يَعْلَمُهُ وَمَا للظَّلمينَ مَنْ أَنْصَار ﴿ إِن تُبدُواْ الصَّدَقَات فَنعمًا هِيُّ وَإِن يُحْفُوهَا وَتُوْتُوهَا ٱلْفَقْرَاءَ فَهُو خَيْرُكُمْ وَيُكَفِّرُ عَنكُمْ مَن سَيْفَاتكُمْ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

is (all) consumed by fire. Thus Allah maketh plain His revelations unto you, in order that ye may give thought.

267. O ye who believe! Spend of the good things which ye have carned, and of that which We bring forth from the carth for you, and seek not the bad (with intent) to spend thereof (in charity) when ye would not take it for yourselves save with disdain; and know that Allah is Absolute, Owner of Praise.

268. The devil promiseth you destitution and enjoineth on you lewdness. But Allah promiseth you forgiveness from Himself with bounty. Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.

269. He giveth wisdom unto whom He will, and he unto whom wisdom is given, he truly hath received abundant good. But none remember except men of understanding.

270. Whatever alms ye spend or vow ye vow, lo! Allah knoweth it. Wrong-doers have no helpers.

271. If ye publish your almsgiving, it is well, but if ye hide it and give it to the poor, it will be better for you, and will atone for some of your ill-deeds. Allah is informed of what ye do.

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خَمِيرٌ ﴿ ﴿ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكَ هُدَامُ وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهَ يَهُدى مَن يَشَآءُ وَمَا تُنفقُواْ مِنْ خَيْرِ فَلاَّ نُفُسكُرُ ۚ وَمَا تُنفقُونَ إِلَّا ابْتَغَاءَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ وَمَا تُنفقُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ يُوَفِّ إِلَيْكُرْ وَأَنْهُمْ لَا نُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا أَنْهَا الَّذِينَ أَحْصِرُ وَأَ فِي سَبِيلِ آلله لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ضَرَّبًا في الأرض يَحْسَبُهُمُ الْجَاهِلُ أَغْنِيآ مَنَ ٱلنَّعَفُّفَ تَعْرِفُهُم بِسِيمَلُهُمْ لَا يَسْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ إِلْمَا فَأَ وَمَا تُنفَقُواْ مِنْ خَمِيرٌ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلَيمٌ ١ ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفقُونَ أَمُّوا لَهُمُ بِالَّيْلِ وَٱلنَّهَارِ سَرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةٌ فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عندَ رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَخْرَنُونَ ١٠٠ ٱلَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ ٱلرَّبَوْاْ لَا يَقُومُونَ إِلَّا كَمَا يَقُومُ ٱلَّذِي يَتَخْبُطُهُ الشَّيْطَانُ مِنَ الْمُسْ ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُواْ إِنَّمَى الْبَيْمُ مثلُ الرَّبَوْآ وَأَحَلَّ اللهُ ٱلْبَيْمَ وَحَرَّمَ الرَّبَوْا فَمَن

272. The guiding of them is not thy duty (O Muhammad), but Allah guideth whom He will. And whatsoever good thing ye spend, it is for yourselves, when ye spend not save in search of Allah's Countenance; and whatsoever good thing ye spend, it will be repaid to you in full, and ye will not be wronged.

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- 273. (Alms are) for the poor who are straitened for the cause of Allah, who cannot travel in the land (for trade). The unthinking man accounteth them wealthy because of their restraint. Thou shalt know them by their mark: They do not beg of men with importunity. And whatsoever good thing ye spend, lo! Allah knoweth it.
- 274. Those who spend their wealth by night and day, by stealth and openly, verily their reward is with their Lord, and there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 275. Those who swallow usury cannot rise up save as he ariseth whom the devil hath prostrated by (his) touch. That is because they say: Trade is just like usury; whereas Allah permitteth trading and forbiddeth usury. He unto whom an

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جَاءَ أُرِ مُوعَظَّةً مَن رَبِهِ عَلَى الْهُمِينَ فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ وَأَمْرُهُ إِ إِلَى الله وَمَنْ عَادَ فَأُولَتِهِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ فَيَهَا خَلدُونَ ﴿ مَنْ اللَّهُ الرَّبَوْاْ وَيُرْى الصَّدَقَاتُ وَاللهُ وَاللَّهُ الرَّبُواْ وَيُرْى الصَّدَقَاتَ وَاللهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارِ أَنْهِ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّىٰلحَنت وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوَةَ وَءَانَوُاْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ لَهَـُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِندَ رَبِّمْ وَلَا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَعْزَنُونَ ٢ يَنَأَيُّكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱنَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَذَرُ واْ مَا بَغِيَ مَنَ ٱلرَّبَوَّاْ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ إِن اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ عَ وَإِن تُبَتُّمُ فَلَنكُرْ رُءُوسُ أَمْوَ الكُرْ لَا تَظْلَمُونَ وَلَا تُظْلَمُونَ ۞ وَإِن كَانَ ذُوعُشَرَةَ فَنَظَرَةً إِلَىٰ مَيْسَرَةً وَأَنْ تَصَدَّقُواْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمَّ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاتَّقُواْ يَوْمَا تُرْجَعُونَ فِيهِ إِلَى ٱللهِ ثُمَّ تُوفِّى كُلُّ يَفْسِ مَا كَسَيْتَ admonition from his Lord cometh, and (he) refraineth (in obedience thereto), he shall keep (the profits of) that which is past, and his affair (henceforth) is with Allah. As for him who returneth (to usury)—Such are rightful owners of the Fire. They will abide therein.

- 276. Allah hath blighted usury and made almsgiving fruitful. Allah loveth not the impious and guilty.
- 277. Lo! those who believe and do good works and establish worship and pay the poor-due, their reward is with their Lord and there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- '278. O ye who believe! Observe your duty to Allah, and give up what remaineth (due to you) from usury, if ye are (in truth) believers.
- 279. And if ye do not, then be warned of war (against you) from Allah and His messenger. And if ye repent, then ye have your principal (without interest). Wrong not, and ye shall not be wronged.
- 280. And if the debtor is in straitened circumstances, then (let there be) postponement to (the time of) ease; and that ye remit the debt as almsgiving would be better for you if ye did but know.
- 281. And guard yourselves against a day in which ye will be brought back to Allah. Then every soul will be paid in

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وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ يَنَا عِنْهُ لِلَّذِينَ وَامْنُوا ۚ إِذَا تَدَايَنُتُمْ بدَيْنَ إِلَىٰ أَجَلَ مُسَمَّى فَأَكْتُبُوهُ وَلْيَكْتُبُ بَيْنَكُرُ كَانِّ بِٱلْعَدْلُ وَلَا يَأْبَ كَانِّ أَن يَكْنُبَ كَمَا عَلْمَهُ ٱللهُ فَلْيَكُنْ وَلْيُتِّلِ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحَتَّ وَلْيَتَّقِ اللَّهُ رَبُّهُ وَلَا يَبْخُسُ مَنْهُ شَيْعًا فَإِن كَانَ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحُتُّ سَفَيًّا أَوْضَعِيفًا أَوْلَا يَسْتَطِيعُ أَنْ يُمِلُّ هُوَفَلْيُملُلُ وَلَيْهُ وِبِالْعَدْلُ وَ ٱسۡتَشْهُدُواْ شَهِيدَين من رَّجَالُكُم فَإِن لَّهُ يَكُونَا رَجُلَين فَرَجُلُ وَأَمْراً نَانَ مَّن رَضُونَ مَن الشَّهَدَاءِ أَن تَضلَّ إِحْدَلُهُمَا فَتُذَكِّرُ إِحْدَلُهُمَا ٱلْأُخْرَى ۚ وَلَا يَأْبُ ٱلشَّهَدَآةُ إِذَا مَادُعُوا ۚ وَلَا لَسَعُمُوا أَن تَصَعُبُوهُ صَغِيرًا أَوْكَبِيرًا إِلَّنَ أَجَلُهُ عَ ذَالُكُمْ أَقْسَطُ عَنْدَ اللهِ وَأَقْوَمُ للشَّهَادَةَ وَأَدْنَىٰ أَلَّا رَنَّا أُوا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَكُونَ تَجَلَّوا كَاضَرَا لَدِرُونَهَا يَعْنَكُمْ full that which it hath earned, and they will not be wronged.

282. O ye who believe! When ye contract a debt for a fixed term, record it in writing. Let a scribe record it in writing between you in (terms of) equity. No scribe should refuse to write as Allah hath taught him, so let him write. and let him who incurreth the debt dictate, and let him observe his duty to Allah his Lord, and diminish naught thereof. But if he who oweth the debt is of low understanding, or weak, or unable himself to dictate, then let the guardian of his interests dictate in (terms of) equity. And call to witness, from among your men, two witnesses. And if two men be not (at hand) then a man and two women, of such as ye approve as witnesses, so that if the one erreth (through forgetfulness) the other will remember. And the witnesses must not refuse when they are summoned. Be not averse to writing down (the contract) whether it be small or great, with (record of) the term thereof. That is more equitable in the sight of Allah and more sure for testimony, and the best way of avoiding doubt between you; save only in the case when it is actual merchandise which ye transfer among

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رَدُرُ رَدُ وَدُ وَ مِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَمِرِ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ وَأَوْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِن فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْهِ كُمْ جَنَاحُ اللَّا تَكْتَبُوهَا وَأَشْهُدُواْ إِذَا تِبَا يَعْتُمْ وَلَا يُضَارَّ كَاتُبُ وَلَا شَهِيدُ وَ إِن يَفْعُلُواْ فَإِنَّهُ مِنْهُ وَلِمِ مِنْهِ وَلَا يُضَارَ كَاتُبُ وَلَا شَهِيدُ وَ إِن يَفْعُلُواْ فَإِنَّهُ مِنْسُوقَ بِكُر وَآتَفُواْ اللهُ وَيُعَلِّمُ كُرُ اللهُ وَاللهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَيْمٌ ١ * وَ إِن كُنتُمْ عَلَىٰ سَفَر وَلَمْ تَجَدُواْ كَاتبًا فَر هَكُنْ مَقْبُوضَةً فَإِنَّ أَمَنَ بَعْضُكُم بَعْضُ فَلَيْوَدْ الَّذِي أَوْتُمَنَّ أَمَانَتُهُ وَلْيَتَّقِ اللهَ رَبِّهُ وَلَا تَكْتُمُواْ الشَّهَدَةَ وَمَن يَكْتُمُهَا فَإِنَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ مِنْ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَلَيْمٌ ١ ٱلسَّمَنوَات وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ وَإِن تُبْدُواْ مَا فِيَ أَنفُسكُرُ أَوْ تَحْفُوهُ يُحَاسِبُكُم بِهِ ٱللهِ فَيَغْفِرُ لَمَن يَشَآعُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ ۗ وَاللهُ عَلَى كُلُّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ ثِينَ ءَامَنَ ٱلرَّسُولُ بَمَ أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مِن رَّبِّهِ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۚ كُلُّ ءَامَنَ بِاللهِ وَمَلْتَبِكُته و كُتُبه و ورسُله ع لا نُفَرَقُ بَيْنَ أَحَد yourselves from hand to hand. In that case it is no sin for you if ye write it not. And have witnesses when ye sell one to another, and let no harm be done to scribe or witness. If ye do (harm to them) lo! it is a sin in you. Observe your duty to Allah. Allah is teaching you. And Allah is Knower of all things.

- 283. If ye be on a journey and cannot find a scribe, then a pledge in hand (shall suffice). And if one of you entrusteth to another let him who is trusted deliver up that which is entrusted to him (according to the pact between them) and let him observe his duty to Allah his Lord. Hide not testimony. He who hideth it, verily his heart is sinful. Allah is Aware of what ye do.
- 284. Unto Allah (belongeth) whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth; and whether ye make known what is in your minds or hide it, Allah will bring you to account for it. He will forgive whom He will and He will punish whom He will. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 285. The messenger believeth in that which hath been revealed unto him from his Lord and (so do) the believers. Each one believeth in Allah and His angels and His scriptures and His messengers—We make no distinction between any of

SÛRAH III

Ali 'Imrân takes its title from v. 32, where "the family of 'Imrân" (the father of Moses) occurs as a generic name for all the Hebrew prophets from Moses to John the Baptist and Jesus Christ.

If vv. 1 to 34 were, as tradition states, revealed on the occasion of the deputation from the Christians of Najran, which took place in the tenth year of the Hijrah ("the year of deputations," as it is called), then they are of much later date than the rest of the sûrah, but it seems possible that they were only recited by the Prophet on that occasion, having been revealed before.

The Jews have become bolder and more bitter in opposition which cannot have been the case, after the signal victory of Badr, until after the Muslims suffered a reverse at Uhud; a battle to which vv. 120 to

188 largely refer.

In the third year of the Hijrah the Meccans came against Al-Madinah with an army of 3000 men to avenge their defeat at Badr in the previous year, and to wipe out the Muslims. The Prophet. against his own first plan, which was to defend Al-Madinah, at the instance of his companions, went out to meet them on Mt. Uhud, posting his men carefully. He led an army of 1000 men, a third of whom under Abdullah ibn Ubeyy (the "Hypocrite" leader) deserted him before the battle and said afterwards that they did not think there would be any fighting that day. The battle began well for the Muslims but was changed to something near defeat by the disobedience of a band of fifty archers placed to guard a certain point. Seeing the Muslims winning, they feared that they might lose their share of the spoils, and ran to join the others, leaving a way open for the Meccan cavalry. The idolaters then rallied and inflicted considerable loss upon the Muslims, the Prophet himself being wounded in the struggle. A cry arose that the Prophet had been slain, and the Muslims were in despair till someone recognised the Prophet and cried out that he was living. The Muslims then rallied to his side, and retired in some sort of order. The army of Qureysh also retired after the battle.

PARTIII THE FAMILY OF 'IMRÂN SÛRAHIII

In this battle the wives of the leaders of Qureysh, who had been brought with the army to give courage by their presence and their chanting, mutilated the Muslim slain, making necklaces and bracelets of ears and noses. Hind, the wife of Abû Sufyân, plucked out the liver of the Prophet's uncle, Hamzah, publicly, and tried to eat it. The Prophet, when he saw the condition of the slain, was moved to vow reprisals. But he was relieved of his vow by a revelation, and mutilation was forbidden to the Muslims.

On the day after the battle of Mt. Uhud, the Prophet again went out with such of the army as survived, in order that Qureysh might hear that he was in the field and haply be deterred from any project of attacking Al-Madînah in its weakened state. On that occasion many wounded men went out with him. Tradition tells how a friendly normad met the Muslims and afterwards met the army of Qureysh. Questioned by Abû Sufyân, he said that the Prophet was seeking vengeance with an overwhelming force; and that report determined Abû Sufyân to march back to Mecca.

The period of revelation is the third and fourth years of the Hiirah.

مَن رُسُلُهُ وَقَالُواْ سَمْعَنَا وَأَطَّعَنَا خَفْرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ اللهُ عَفْرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ اللهُ عَفْدًا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا لَمَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا لَمَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا لَمَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا إِنْ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا أَوْ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا إِنْ وَاللهُ عَلَيْنَا إِنْ وَاللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهِ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلْمُ عَلَيْنَا اللّهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ

(٣) سُولِقَ[لَيجنظِ مَلانِيَة وآياهنا ٢٠٠ نزلتَ بغلللانفال

الَّمْ ١ اللهُ لَآ إِلَكَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيْومُ ١ وَيَ زَّلَ

His messengers—and they say: We hear, and we obey. (Grant us) Thy forgiveness, our Lord. Unto Thee is the journeying.

286. Allah tasketh not a soul beyond its scope. For it (is only) that which it hath earned, and against it (only) that which it hath deserved. Our Lord! Condemn us not if we forget, or miss the mark! Our Lord! Lay not on us such a burden as Thou didst lay on those before us! Our Lord! Impose not on us that which we have not the strength to bear! Pardon us, absolve us and have mercy on us, Thou, our Protector, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk.

THE FAMILY OF IMRÂN

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.1
- 2. Allah! There is no God save Him, the Alive, the Eternal.

¹ See sûrah II, v. I, footnote.

عَلَيْكَ الْكُتَابَ بِالْحَيْنَ مُصَدِّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَأَزْلَ ٱلتَّوْرَنةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ ﴿ مِن قَبْلُ هُدًى لَّلنَّاسِ وَأَيْزَلَ ٱلْفُرْقَانَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَايِلَتِ ٱللَّهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَديُّدٌ وَاللهُ عَرْرُ ذُو النتقام ﴿ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَخْفَىٰ عَلَيْهُ مَنَّ اللهَ لَا يَخْفَىٰ عَلَيْهُ مَنَّ ال في الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ ﴿ هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَوِّرُكُمْ فَ الْأَرْحَامَ كَيْفَ يَشَآءُ لَآ إِلَّهَ إِلَّاهُوا لَعَزِيزُ الْخَكُمُ ٢ هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكَنَّابَ مَنْهُ ءَا يَلَتُّ عُكُمَلتً مَّةً عَهُ الْكُتَابِ وَأَخْرِمُنَسَلِبِهُ مَا مَا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ هُنَّا أَلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ زَيْمٌ فَيَنَّبُعُونَ مَا تَشَلَبَهَ مَنْهُ أَبْتَغَآ الْفَتْنَةَ وَٱبْتَغَآ تَأْوِيله ع وَمَا يَعْلَمُ تَأْوِيلَهُ ۗ إِلَّاللَّهُ وَ الرَّاسِفُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ يَقُولُونَ عَامَنًا به عكلٌ من عند رَبّنا وَمَا يَدَّكُّرُ إِلّا أُولُواْ الْأَلْبَب ٢ رَبَّنَا لَا تُرغُ قُلُوبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْنَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ

- 3. He hath revealed unto thee (Muhammad) the Scripture with truth, confirming that which was (revealed) before it, even as He revealed the Torah and the Gospel
- 4. Aforetime, for a guidance to mankind; and hath revealed the Criterion (of right and wrong). Lo! those who disbelieve the revelations of Allah, theirs will be a heavy doom. Allah is Mighty, Able to Requite (the wrong).
- 5. Lo! nothing in the earth or in the heavens is hidden from Allah.
- 6. He it is Who fashioneth you in the wombs as pleaseth Him. There is no God save Him, the Almighty, the Wise.
- 7. He it is Who hath revealed unto thee (Muhammad) the Scripture wherein are clear revelations—They are the substance of the Book—and others (which are) allegorical. But those in whose hearts is doubt pursue, forsooth, that which is allegorical seeking (to cause) dissension by seeking to explain it. None knoweth its explanation save Allah. And those who are of sound instruction say: We believe therein; the whole is from our Lord; but only men of understanding really heed.
- 8. Our Lord! Cause not our hearts to stray after Thou hast guided us, and bestow upon us mercy from Thy Presence.

رَحْمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ ﴿ رَبِّنَا إِنَّكَ جَامُعُ النَّاسِ لَيَوْمِ لَّارَيْبَ فَيْهِ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُخْلَفُ ٱلْمِيعَادَ رَبُّ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَن تُغْنَى عَنَّهُمْ أَمُوالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَئُدُهُم مِنَ الله شَيْعًا وَأُولَتَهِكَ هُمْ وَقُودُ النَّارِ ﴿ كَا لَهُ صَلَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ مَا وَقُودُ النَّارِ ءَال فَرْعَوْنَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلُهِمْ كَدَّبُواْ بِعَايَلْنَنَا فَأَخَذَهُمُ اللهُ بِنُنُوبِهِم وَاللهُ شَديدُ الْعقاب (مَن عُل للَّذينَ كَفَرُواْ سَتَغَلَّبُونَ وَتُحْشَرُونَ إِلَىٰ جَهَـنَّمْ وَبْشَ الْمَهَـادُ ﴿ قَدْكَانَ لَكُرْءَ إِيَّةٌ فِي فَتَنَيْنَ ٱلْنَقَتَا فَثَةٌ تُقَتلُ فِ سَبيل ٱلله وَأَخْرَىٰ كَافَرَةٌ يَرُونَهُم مَثْلَيْهُمْ رَأَى ٱلْعَيْنَ وَٱللهُ يُوَيِّدُ بنَصْرَه عَن يَشَآء إِنَّ في ذَالكَ لَعَبْرَةً لَأُولِي ٱلْأَبْصَارِ ﴿ زُيْنَ للنَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ مِنَ النِّسَآءِ وَالْبَنِينَ وَالْقَنَاطِيرِ المُقَنظرة من الذَّهب وَالفضَّة وَالْحَيْل الْمُسَوَّمَة Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Bestower.

- 9. Our Lord! Lo! it is Thou Who gatherest mankind together to a Day of which there is no doubt. Lo! Allah faileth not to keep the tryst.
- 10. (On that day) neither the riches nor the progeny of those who disbelieve will aught avail them with Allah. They will be fuel for Fire.
- 11. Like Pharaoh's folk and those who were before them, they disbelieved Our revelations and so Allah seized them for their sins. And Allah is severe in punishment.
- 12. Say (O Muhammad) unto those who disbelieve: Ye shall be overcome and gathered unto hell, an evil resting-place.
- 13. There was a token for you in two hosts which met:¹ one army fighting in the way of Allah, and another disbelieving, whom they saw as twice their number, clearly, with their very eyes. Thus Allah strengtheneth with His succour whom He will. Lot herein verily is a lesson for those who have eyes.
- 14. Beautified for mankind is love of the joys (that come) from women and offspring, and stored-up heaps of gold and silver, and horses branded (with their mark), and cattle and

The reference is to the battle of Badr.

وَٱلْأَنْعَامِ وَٱلْحَرَٰتُ ذَاكَ مَتَاعُ ٱلْحَيَاةِ ٱلدُّنْيَأَ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ عندَهُ مُسْنُ ٱلْمَعَابِ إِنَّ * قُلْ أَوْنَبَتُكُم بَخَيْر مَّن ذَالكُمرُّ للَّذِينَ اتَّقَواْ عندَ رَبِّهُمْ جَنَّكٌ تَجْرى من تَحْبَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلَدِينَ فِيهَا وَأَزْوَاهُ مُطَهَّـرَةٌ وَرَضُوانٌ مَّنَ ٱلله وَاللهُ بَصِيرُ بُالْعِبَادِ رَبِّ الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبِّنَا إِنَّنَاءَ امَنَّا فَاغْفُرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَقَنَا عَذَابَ ٱلنَّارِ ١٠٠٠ الصَّابِرِينَ وَالصَّادِقِينَ وَالْقَلنتينَ وَالْمُنفقينَ وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ بِالْأَسْعَارِ ﴿ مَنْ شَهِدَ اللهُ أَنَّهُ لَآ إِلَنَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ وَالْمَلَنَيِّكُ وَأُولُواْ الْعَلْمِ قَآيَكُ بِالْقَسْطُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَرِيزُ ٱلْحَكُمُ ١ إِنَّ الدِّينَ عندَ الله الإسْلَامُ وَمَا اخْتَلَفَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَلَبَ إِلَّا م مره رسر وم مراه مورد مراوي رسر وم ريار من بيعد ماجاءهم العلم بغيباً بينهم ومن يتكفر بعاينت ٱللهُ فَإِنَّ اللهُ سَرِيعُ الْحَسَابِ إِنَّ فَإِنْ حَاجُوكَ فَقُلْ

land. That is comfort of the life of the world. Allah! With Him is a more excellent abode.

- 15. Say: Shall I inform you of something better than that? For those who keep from evil, with their Lord, are Gardens underneath which rivers flow wherein they will abide, and pure companions, and contentment from Allah. Allah is Seer of His bondmen,
- 16. Those who say: Our Lord! Lo! we believe. So forgive us our sins and guard us from the punishment of Fire;
- 17. The steadfast, and the truthful, and the obedient, those who spend (and hoard not), those who pray for pardon in the watches of the night.
- 18. Allah (Himself) is Witness that there is no God save Him. And the angels and the men of learning (too are witness). Maintaining His creation in justice, there is no God save Him, the Almighty, the Wise.
- 19. Lo! religion with Allah (is) the Surrender¹ (to His Will and Guidance). Those who (formerly) received the Scripture differed only after knowledge came unto them, through transgression among themselves. Whose disbelieveth the revelations of Allah (will find that) lo! Allah is swift at reckoning.
 - 20. And if they argue with thee, (O Muhammad), say: I

1 Ar. Al-Islam.

أَسْلَمْتُ وَجْهِي لللهُ وَمِن أَتَّبِعَنْ وَقُلِ لَّلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَلَب وَالْأُمْيَةُ وَالْمُمْيَةُ فَإِنَّ أَسْلَمُواْ فَقَدَ آهْتُدُواْ وَإِن تَوْلُواْ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْبَلَكُ ۗ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِٱلْعَبَاد رَبِّي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايَنت الله وَيَقْتُلُونَ النَّبيَّنَ بِغَيرْحَقّ وَيَقْتُلُونَ الَّذِينَ يَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْقَسْطِ مِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ فَبَشِّرْهُم بعَذَابِ أَليم ﴿ أَوْلَنَبِكَ الَّذِينَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَأَلْآخِرَة وَمَا لَمُم مِّن نَّنصرينَ ١٠ أَلَوْتُو إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكَتَابِ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَىٰ كَتَابِ الله رَّهُ مُرَّدُهُ مُعَ مِنْ مِنْ فَرَقِي مَرْهُمْ وَهُمْ مُعْرَضُونَ ﴿ لَيُعْمُونَ ﴿ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُواْ لَن تَمَسَّنَا ٱلنَّـارُ ۚ إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتُّ وَغَرَّهُمْ فِي دينهم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جَمَعْنَاهُمْ لِيَوْمِ لَا رَبِّ فِيهِ وَوُفِّيَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ **6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6**

have surrendered my purpose to Allah and (so have) those who follow me. And say unto those who have received the Scripture and those who read not: Have ye (too) surrendered? If they surrender, then truly they are rightly guided, and if they turn away, then it is thy duty only to convey the message (unto them). Allah is Seer of (His) bondmen.

- 21. Lo! those who disbelieve the revelations of Allah, and slay the prophets wrongfully, and slay those of mankind who enjoin equity: promise them a painful doom.
- 22. Those are they whose works have failed in the world and the Hereafter; and they have no helpers.
- 23. Hast thou not seen how those who have received a portion of the Scripture invoke the Scripture of Allah (in their disputes) that it may judge between them; then a faction of them turn away, being opposed (to it)?
- 24. That is because they say: The Fire will not touch us save for a certain number of days. That which they used to invent hath deceived them regarding their religion.
- 25. How (will it be with them) when We have brought them all together to a Day of which there is no doubt, when every soul will be paid in full what it hath earned, and they

وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ١ قُل اللَّهُمَّ مَالِكِ الْمُلْك تُوَّق الْمُلْكَ مَن آشَآهُ وَتَنزعُ الْمُلْكَ مَّن آشَآهُ وَتُعزُّ مَن آشَآهُ وَتُعلُّ مَن نَشَاءُ سِدَكَ ٱلْحَيْرُ إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَديرٌ ﴿ تُولِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَتُولِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلُّ وَيُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ منَ الْمَيِّت وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ منَ الْحَيُّ وَتَرْزُقُ مَن لَشَاءُ بَغَيْر حسَاب ﴿ لَا يَتَخذ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْكَلفرينَ أَوْليآ ا من دُون ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَالَكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ الله في شَيْءٍ إِلَّا أَنْ نُتَقُواْ مَنْهُمْ تَقَلَّةً وَيُحَذِّرُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ نَفْسُهُ وَ إِلَى ٱللهُ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ قُلْ إِن تُحْفُواْ مَا فِي صُدُورُكُمْ أَوْ تُبدُوهُ يَعْلَمُهُ اللهُ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ وَاللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ١٠٠ يَوْمَ تَجَدُكُنُ نَفْس مَّا عَلَتْ من خير محضرًا وما عملت من سوء تود لوان بينها و بينه

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will not be wronged.

- 26. Say: O Allah! Owner of Sovereignty! Thou givest sovereignty unto whom Thou wilt, and Thou withdrawest sovereignty from whom Thou wilt. Thou exaltest whom Thou wilt, and Thou abasest whom Thou wilt. In Thy hand is the good. Lo! Thou art Able to do all things.
- 27. Thou causest the night to pass into the day, and Thou causest the day to pass into the night. And Thou bringest forth the living from the dead, and Thou bringest forth the dead from the living. And Thou givest sustenance to whom Thou choosest, without stint.
- 28. Let not the believers take disbelievers for their friends in preference to believers. Whoso doeth that hath no connection with Allah unless (it be) that ye but guard yourselves against them, taking (as it were) security. Allah biddeth you beware (only) of Himself. Unto Allah is the journeying.
- 29. Say, (O Muhammad): Whether ye hide that which is in your breasts or reveal it, Allah knoweth it. He knoweth that which is in the heavens and that which is in the earth, and Allah is Able to do all things.
- 30. On the day when every soul will find itself confronted with all that it hath done of good and all that it hath done of evil (every soul) will long that there might be a mighty

عَرَمُ مِنْ عَلَيْهُ وَمِدْهُ وَمُوهِ اللهِ مُنْ مِنْ اللهِ مِنْ اللهِ المِلْمُلِمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ قُلْ إِن كُنتُمْ تُحبُونَ ٱللهَ فَا تَبَعُونِي يُحْبِبُكُرُ ٱللهُ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيٌّ ﴿ إِنَّ ۚ قُلْ أَطْيَعُواْ اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ فَإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَإِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُحَبُّ الْكَنفرينَ رَبِي * إِنَّ ٱللهَ أَصْطَفَيْ ءَادَمَ وَنُوحًا وَءَالَ إِبْرَهمَ وَءَالَ عُمْرَانَ عَلَى الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ يَ ذُرَّيَّةً مُعَثُّهَا مَنْ بَعْضٌ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعً عَلَيْمُ ﴿ إِذْ قَالَت امْرَأَتُ عَمْرَانَ رَبِّ إِنِّي نَذَرُّتُ لَكَ مَا فِي بَطْنِي مُحَرَّدُ الْمَتَقَبِّلْ مِنْيَ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلَيمُ ١ وَمَعَنَّهَا قَالَتْ رَبِّ إِنِّي وَضَعَّبًا أَنْيَ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ مِمَّا وَضَعَتْ وَلَيْسَ الذَّكَرُكَا لَأُ نَتَّى وَإِنَّى سَمَّيْهُا مَرْيَمَ وَإِنَّى أُعِيدُهَا بِكَ وَذُرِّيَّتُهَا مِنْ ٱلشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجيم ١ فَتَقَبَّلُهَا رَبُّ بِعَبُول حَسَن وَأَنْبَهَا بَبَاتًا



space of distance between it and that (evil). Allah biddeth you beware of Him. And Allah is Full of Pity for (His) bondmen.

- 31. Say, (O Muhammad, to mankind): If ye love Allah, follow me; Allah will love you and forgive you your sins. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 32. Say: Obey Allah and the messenger. But if they turn away, lo! Allah loveth not the disbelievers (in His guidance).
- 33. Lo! Allah preferred Adam and Noah and the Family of Abraham and the Family of 'Imrân above (all His) creatures.
- 34. They were descendants one of another. Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 35. (Remember) when the wife of 'Imrân said: My Lord! I have vowed unto Thee that which is in my belly as a consecrated (offering). Accept it from me. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Hearer, the Knower!
- 36. And when she was delivered she said: My Lord! Lo! I am delivered of a female—Allah knew best of what she was delivered—the male is not as the female; and lo! I have named her Mary, and lo! I crave Thy protection for her and for her offspring from Satan the outcast:
- 37. And her Lord accepted her with full acceptance and vouchsafed to her a goodly growth; and made Zachariah her

حَسَنًا وَكُفَّلُهَا زَكُرِيًّا كُلَّمَا دَخَلَ عَلَيْهَا زَكُرِيًّا الْمحْرَابَ وَجَدَ عِندَهَا رِزُقًا قَالَ يَلْمَرْمُ أَنَّىٰ لَكُ هَلِذًا قَالَتْ هُوَ مَنْ عند الله ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَرْزُقُ مَن يَشَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حَسَابٍ ﴿ مُنَا لِكَ دَعَا زَكَرِيًّا رَبُّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ هَبْ لِي من لَّدُنكَ ذُرِيَّةً طَيْبَةً ۚ إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَآ ﴿ فَانَادَتُهُ الْمَلْيَكَةُ وَهُو فَآيِمٌ يُصَلَّى فِي الْمَحْرَابِ أَنَّ اللَّهُ يُبَشِّرُكَ بِيَحْيَى مُصَـدَّقًا بِكُلُّمَة مَّنَ ٱلله وَسَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا وَنَبَيًّا مِّنَ ٱلصَّلحينَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي غُلَمٌ وَقَدْ بَلَغَنِي ٱلْكَبَرُ وَٱمْرَأَتِي عَاقُو ۚ قَالَ كَذَالَكَ اللهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَآ ا وَ إِنَّ الْجَعَلِ لِي عَلِيهُ أَ قَالَ عَالِمُكَ أَلَّا تُكَلَّمَ النَّاسَ ثَلَثَهَ أَيَّام إِلَّا رَمْوَا وَاذْكُر رَبُّكَ كَثيرًا وَسَبَّحْ بِٱلْعَشِّي وَالْإِبْكُارِ أَنَّ وَإِذْ قَالَتَ الْمَلْكَيْكُةُ يَهْمُرْيَمُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ أَصْطَفَنْك وَطَهَّرَك guardian. Whenever Zachariah went into the sanctuary where she was, he found that she had food. He said: O Mary! Whence cometh unto thee this (food)? She answered: It is from Allah. Allah giveth without stint to whom He will.

- 38. Then Zachariah prayed unto his Lord and said: My Lord! Bestow upon me of Thy bounty goodly offspring. Lo! Thou art the Hearer of Prayer.
- 39. And the angels called to him as he stood praying in the sanctuary: Allah giveth thee glad tidings of (a son whose name is) John,¹ (who cometh) to confirm a word from Allah, lordly, chaste, a prophet of the righteous.
- 40. He said: My Lord! How can I have a son when age hath overtaken me already and my wife is barren? (The angel) answered: So (it will be). Allah doeth what He will.
- 41. He said: My Lord! Appoint a token for me. (The angel) said: The token unto thee (shall be) that thou shalt not speak unto mankind three days except by signs. Remember thy Lord much, and praise (Him) in the early hours of night and morning.
- 42. And when the angels said: O Mary! Lo! Allah hath chosen thee and made thee pure, and hath preferred thee

1 Az. Yahya.

وَاصْطَفَلْكَ عَلَى نُسَاءَ الْعَلْلَمِينَ ﴿ يَهُمْ مَا أَفُّنِّي لَرَّبُّكُ وَالْمُحُدى وَأَرْكَعي مَعَ الرَّا كعينَ ١٠٠ ذَا لِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَآءِ ٱلْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا كُنتَ لَدَيِّهُمْ إِذْ يُلْقُونَ أَقَلْمَهُمْ أَيْهُمْ يَكْفُلُ مَرْجَ وَمَا كُنتَ لَدَّيْهُمْ إِذْ يَخْتَصُمُونَ (إِنَّ إِذْ قَالَت ٱلْمَلَنَهِكَةُ يَنَمْ يَمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُك بِكَلَّمَة مَّنَّهُ ٱسُّمُهُ ٱلْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى أَبُّ مَرَّيمَ وَجِيهًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَة وَمنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿ وَيُكَلِّمُ ٱلنَّاسَ فِي ٱلْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا وَمِنَ الصَّلاحينَ ﴿ قَالَتْ رَبَّ أَنِّي يَكُونُ لِي وَلَدُّ وَلَمْ يَمْسَنِّي بَشَرٌّ قَالَ كَذَاك اللهُ يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ إِذَا قَضَى أَمْرًا فَإِنَّا يَقُولُ لَهُ وكُن فَيكُونُ ﴿ وَيُعَلَّمُهُ ٱلْكَتَنَبَ وَ الْحَكْمَةَ وَالنُّورَيةَ وَالْإِنجِيلَ ﴿ وَرَسُولًا إِلَّهَ بَنَّ إِسْرَاءِيلَ أَنَّى قَدْ جِنْنُكُم بِنَا يَهُ مِن رَّبِكُمْ أَتِّي أَخْلُولُكُمْ مَنَ الطِّين

above (all) the women of creation.

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- 43. O Mary! Be obedient to thy Lord, prostrate thyself and bow with those who bow (in worship).
- 44. This is of the tidings of things hidden. We reveal it unto thee (Muhammad). Thou wast not present with them when they threw their pens (to know) which of them should be the guardian of Mary, nor wast thou present with them when they quarrelled (thereupon).
- 45. (And remember) when the angels said: O Mary! Lo! Allah giveth thee glad tidings of a word from him, whose name is the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary, illustrious in the world and the Hereafter, and one of those brought near (unto Allah).
- 46. He will speak unto mankind in his cradle and in his manhood, and he is of the righteous.
- 47. She said: My Lord! How can I have a child when no mortal hath touched me? He said: So (it will be). Allah createth what He will. If He decreeth a thing, He saith unto it only: Be! and it is.
- 48. And He will teach him the Scripture and wisdom, and the Torah and the Gospel,
- 49. And will make him a messenger unto the Children of Israel, (saying): Lo! I come unto you with a sign from your Lord. Lo! I fashion for you out of clay the likeness of a

كَهَيْنَةَ ٱلطَّيْرِ فَأَنْفُخُ فِيهِ فَيكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ وَأَبْرِئُ ٱلأَحْمَةَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ وَأَحْيَ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ بِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ وَأُنْبَشُّكُمُ بَمَاتَأْ كُلُونَ وَمَا تَدَّ خُرُونَ فَيُبُونَكُمُّ إِنَّ فَذَاكَ لَآيَةً لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُم مُوْمنينَ ﴿ وَمُصَدَّقُ الْمَا بَيْنَ يَدَى مِنَ التَّورَية وَلَأُحلَّ لَكُم بَعْضَ الَّذِي حُرْمَ عَلَيْكُمٌّ وَجَنَّتُكُم بِعَايَة من رَّبُّكُوْ فَا نَّقُواْ اللهَ وَأَطيعُون ﴿ إِنَّ اللهَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَأَعْبِدُوهُ هَلِدًا صَرَاطُ مُسْتَقَيِّمِ ﴿ يَكُمَّا أَحَسَ عِيسَىٰ مَنْهُمُ ٱلْكُفْرَقَالَ مَنْ أَنصَارِى إِلَى اللهِ قَالَ ٱلْحَوَارِيُونَ تَحْنُ أَنصَارُ الله ءَامَنَّا بِالله وَ ٱشْهَدْ بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿ رَبِّنَا ءَامنًا بَمَا أَنْزَلْتَ وَأَتَّبَعْنَا ٱلرُّسُولَ فَأَكْتُبْنَامَعَ الشَّلهدينَ ﴿ وَمَكَّرُواْ وَمَكَرَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الْمَكَرِينَ فَيْ إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَعيسَىٰ إِنَّى مُتَوَقِّيْكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَّ وَمُطَهِّرُكَ مَنَ الَّذِيرَ



bird, and I breathe into it and it is a bird, by Allah's leave. I heal him who was born blind, and the leper, and I raise the dead, by Allah's leave. And I announce unto you what ye eat and what ye store up in your houses. Lo! herein verily is a portent for you, if ye are to be believers.

- 50. And (I come) confirming that which was before me of the Torah, and to make lawful some of that which was forbidden unto you. I come unto you with a sign from your Lord, so keep your duty to Allah and obey me.
- 51. Lo! Allah is my Lord and your Lord, so worship Him. That is a straight path.
- 52. But when Jesus became conscious of their disbelief, he cried: Who will be my helpers in the cause of Allah? The disciples said: We will be Allah's helpers. We believe in Allah, and bear thou witness that we have surrendered¹ (unto Him).
- 53. Our Lord! We believe in that which Thou hast revealed and we follow him whom Thou hast sent, Enroll us among those who witness (to the truth).
- 54. And they (the disbelievers) schemed, and Allah schemed (against them): and Allah is the best of schemers.
- 55. (And remember) when Allah said: O Jesus! Lo! I am gathering thee and causing thee to ascend unto Me, and am

1 Or "are Muslims."

كَفُرُواْ وَجَاعِلُ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱلْبَعُوكَ فَرْقَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا إِلَى يَوْم ٱلْقَيْلُمَةُ ثُمَّ إِنَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأَحُكُمُ بِيْنَكُمْ فَمَا كُنتُمْ فِيه تَخْتَلَفُونَ رَثِي فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَأَعَذَّ بُهُمْ عَذَابًا شَديدًا في الدُّنْيَا وَأَلْآنِرَةَ وَمَالَهُم مِّن نَّلصرينَ ﴿ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ الصَّلِحَاتِ قَيُوقِيهِمْ أَجُورَهُمْ وَاللهُ لَا يُحَبُ ٱلظَّله مِنَّ وَإِنَّ ذَاكَ نَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكَ مَنَ ٱلْآيَدت وَالذَّكْر ٱلْحَكَمِ ١ إِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيسَىٰ عندَ الله كَمَثَلَ وَادَّمَ خَلَقَهُ مِن تُزَابِثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ كُن فَيَكُونُ ١ كُنَّ مَن رَّبَكَ فَلاَ تَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْمُمْتَرِينَ ﴿ فَيَ فَيَنْ حَاجَّكَ فِيهِ مِنْ بَعْد مَا جَآءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ فَقُلْ تَعَالَوْاْ نَدْعُ أَبْنَآءَ نَا وَأَبْنَآءَكُمْ وَنَسَاءَ نَا وَنَسَاءَكُمْ وَأَنفُسَنَا وَأَنفُسَكُمْ مُ بَبْهَلَ فَنَجْعَل لَّعْنَ اللهُ عَلَى ٱلْكُلدُ بِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَلَا الْمُو ٱلْقَصَصُ

cleansing thee of those who disbelieve and am setting those who follow thee above those who disbelieve until the Day of Resurrection. Then unto Me ye will (all) return, and I shall judge between you as to that wherein ye used to differ.

- 56. As for those who disbelieve I shall chastise them with a heavy chastisement in the world and the Hereafter; and they will have no helpers.
- 57. And as for those who believe and do good works, He will pay them their wages in full. Allah loveth not wrong-doers.
- 58. This (which) We recite unto thee is a revelation and a wise reminder.
- 59. Lo! the likeness of Jesus with Allah is as the likeness of Adam. He created him of dust, then He said unto him: Be! and he is.
- 60. (This is) the truth from thy Lord (O Muhammad), so be not thou of those who waver.
- 61. And whoso disputeth with thee concerning him, after the knowledge which hath come unto thee, say (unto him): Come! We will summon our sons and your sons, and our women and your women, and ourselves and yourselves, then we will pray humbly (to our Lord) and (solemnly) invoke the curse of Allah upon those who lie.
 - 62. Lol This verily is the true narrative. There is no

ٱلْحَتُّ وَمَا مِنْ إِلَنْهِ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ وَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَهُ وَ ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلْحَكُمُ ١ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْاْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَيمُ بِٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ قُلْ يَنَأَهُلَ ٱلْكَتْنِ تَعَالُواْ إِلَىٰ كَلَمَة سَوَاء مِينَنَا وَبِيْنَكُمْ أَلَّا نَعْبُدَ إِلَّا اللهَ وَلَا نُشْرِكَ بِهِ عَشَيًّا وَلَا يَغَّذَ بَعَضْنَا بَعْضًا أَرْبَابًا مَّن دُون الله فَإِن تَوَلَّوْاْ فَقُولُواْ اَشْهَدُواْ بِأَنَّا مُسْلَمُونَ ﴿ يَنَأَهُلَ الْكَتَلِ لِرَئِحَاتَةُونَ فِي إِبْرَاهِمَ وَمَا أُنْزَلَتَ التَّوْرَىٰةُ وَالْإِنجِيلُ إِلَّامَنُ بَعْدُهُ ۚ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ هَنَّا نُمُّ هَنَّوُلَاءِ حَجَجْتُمْ فَهَا لَكُم به، عَلْمٌ فَلَم نُحَاجُّونَ فيمَالَيْسَ لَكُم به عِلْمٌ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لاَ تَعْلَمُونَ ٢ مَا كَانَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ يَهُوديًّا وَلَا نَصْرَا نيًّا وَلَكَن كَانَ حَنيفًا مُسلماً وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ١ إِنَّ أُولَى النَّاس َ بِإِيرَاهِ بِمَ لَكَذِينَ أَنْبَعُوهُ وَهَلَذَا النَّبِيُّ وَالَّذِينَ عَامَنُوا ۗ وَاللَّهُ God save Allah, and lo! Allah, He verily is, is the Mighty, the Wise.

- 63. And if they turn away, then lo! Allah is Aware of (who are) the corrupters.
- 64. Say: O People of the Scripture! Come to an agreement between us and you: that we shall worship none but Allah, and that we shall ascribe no partner unto Him, and that none of us shall take others for lords beside Allah. And if they turn away, then say: Bear witness that we are they who have surrendered (unto Him).
- 65. O People of the Scripture! Why will ye argue about Abraham, when the Torah and the Gospel were not revealed till after him? Have ye then no sense?
- 66. Lo! ye are those who argue about that whereof ye have some knowledge: Why then argue ye concerning that whereof ye have no knowledge? Allah knoweth. Ye know not.
- 67. Abraham was not a Jew, nor yet a Christian; but he was an upright man who had surrendered (to Allah), and he was not of the idolaters.
- 68. Lo! those of mankind who have the best claim to Abraham are those who followed him, and this Prophet and those who believe (with him); and Allah is the Protecting

Az. muslimilu.

¹ Jews and Christians.

وَلَىٰ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَدِّت طَّآبِهَ أُمِّن أَهُل الْكُتَاب لَوْ يُضِلُّونَكُو وَمَا يُضِلُّونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢ يَنَأْهَـلَ الْكَتَـٰكِـلَمَ تَكَفُرُونَ بِعَا يَنت الله وَأَنْتُمُ تَشْهَدُونَ ١ يَتَأَهَّلَ الْكُتَابِلَمَ تَلْبُسُونَ الْحُتَّ بَالْبَطل وَتَكْتُمُونَ الْحَقَّ وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ فَي وَقَالَت طَّآ بِفَ أَنَّ أَهْلِ ٱلْكَتَلِ وَامْنُواْ بِٱلَّذِيَّ أَنْزِلَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ وَجْهَ ٱلنَّهَارِ وَٱكْفُرُواْ ءَاسْرَهُ لِكَلَّهُمْ يَرْجُمُونَ ١٠٠ وَلاَ تُوْمِنُواْ إِلَّا لَمَن تَبِعَ دِينَكُرْ قُلْ إِنَّ الْمُدَىٰ هُدَى اللهُ أَن يُوْتَىٰ احد مثل ما أو تيتم أو يحاجو كر عند ربكر قل إن ٱلْفَضْلَ بِيَدَالله يُؤْتِيه مَن يَشَآء وَاللهُ وَاسعُ عَليم ﴿ يَخْنَصُ بِرَحْمَنه عَن بَسَاء وَاللهُ ذُو الْفَصْل الْعَظم ٢ * وَمِنْ أَهْلِ الْكَتَابِ مَنْ إِن تَأْمُنُهُ بِعَنظَار بُوَدُّه مِ إِلَيْكَ



Guardian of the believers.

- 69. A party of the People of the Scripture long to make you go astray; and they make none to go astray except themselves, but they perceive not.
- 70. O People of the Scripture! Why disbelieve ye in the revelations of Allah, when ye (yourselves) bear witness (to their truth)?
- 71. O People of the Scripture! Why confound ye truth with falsehood and knowingly conceal the truth?
- 72. And a party of the People of the Scripture say: Believe in that which hath been revealed unto those who believe at the opening of the day, and disbelieve at the end thereof, in order that they may return;¹
- 73. And believe not save in one who followeth your religion—Say (O Muhammad): Lo! the guidance is Allah's Guidance—that anyone is given the like of that which was given unto you or that they may argue with you in the presence of their Lord. Say (O Muhammad): Lo! the bounty is in Allah's hand. He bestoweth it on whom He will. Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.
- 74. He selecteth for His mercy whom He will. Allah is of Infinite Bounty.
- 75. Among the People of the Scripture there is he who, if thou trust him with a weight of treasure, will return it to

¹ The reference is to some Jews of Al-Madinah, who feigned an interest in Al-Islâm only in the hope of detaching some of the Muslims by their subtle arguments.

وَمَهُمْ مَنْ إِنْ تَأْمَنُهُ بِدِينَارِ لَّا يُؤَدِّهِ ۚ إِلَّيْكَ إِلَّا مَادُمْتَ عَلَيْهِ قَآيِكُ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُواْ لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا فِي ٱلْأُمِّيُّنَ سَبِيلٌ وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى الله الْكَذَبَ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ثَيْ بَلَىٰ مَنْ أَوْفَى بِعَهْده ء وَأَنَّقَى فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ يُحُبُّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَشْتَرُ وَنَ بِعَهْد الله وَأَيَّمَنَهُمْ مَكَنَّا قَلِيلًا أُولَتِكَ لَاخَلَاقَ لَهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخِرَةِ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ ٱللهُ وَلَا يَسْظُرُ إِلَيْهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْدَمَةَ وَلَا يُزَكِيهُمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابً أَلَيْ ١ وَ إِنَّ مَهُمْ لَفَرِيقًا يَلُونَ أَلْسَنَهُمْ بِٱلْكَتَلْبِ لِتَحْسَبُوهُ مَنَّ ٱلْكتَلب وَمَا هُوَ مِنَ ٱلْكتَلب وَ يَقُولُونَ هُوَ مِنْ عند ٱلله وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عند الله وَ يَقُولُونَ عَلَى الله ٱلْكَذَبَ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ١٥ مَا كَانَ لَبَشَر أَن يُؤْتِيهُ اللهُ ٱلْكَتَنَبَ وَالْحُكُمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ ثُمَّ يَقُولَ لِلنَّاسِ كُونُواْ عِبَادًا لَى مِن دُونِ اللَّهُ وَلَلَكِن

thee. And among them there is he who, if thou trust him with a piece of gold, will not return it to thee unless thou keep standing over him. That is because they say: We have no duty to the Gentiles. They speak a lie concerning Allah knowingly.

- 76. Nay, but (the chosen of Allah is) he who fulfilleth his pledge and wardeth off (evil); for lo! Allah loveth those who ward off (evil).
- 77. Lo! those who purchase a small gain at the cost of Allah's covenant and their oaths, they have no portion in the Hereafter. Allah will neither speak to them nor look upon them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He make them grow. Theirs will be a painful doom.
- 78. And lo! there is a party of them who distort the Scripture with their tongues, that ye may think that what they say is from the Scripture, when it is not from the Scripture. And they say: It is from Allah, when it is not from Allah; and they speak a lie concerning Allah knowingly.
- 79. It is not (possible) for any human being unto whom Allah had given the Scripture and wisdom and the prophet-hood that he should afterwards have said unto mankind: Be slaves of me instead of Allah; but (what he said was): Be ye

 $^{^{1}}$ The Jews of Al-Madinah had made a solemn treaty with the Prophet in the year 1 A.H.

كُونُواْ رَبَّلنيْتُنَ عَاكُنتُمَّ تُعَلَّمُونَ الْكَتَابَ وَبَمَا كُنتُمَّ تَدْرُسُونَ ﴿ وَلاَ يَأْمُ كُمْ أَنْ تَخْذُواْ ٱلْمَلَنَيْكَةَ وَٱلنَّبِيُّتُنَ أَرْبَابًا أَيَأُمُ كُم بِالْكُفْرِ بَعْدَ إِذْ أَنتُم مُسْلُمُونَ ﴿ وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللهُ مِيثَاقَ النَّبِيُّنَ لَمَا ءَاتَيْتُكُمْ مِن كَتَلب وَحَكُمة ثُمُ جَآءَ كُرُ رَسُولُ مُصَدِّقٌ لَمَا مَعَكُرُ لَتُؤْمِنَ بِهِ عَ وَلَتَنْصُرُنَّهُ قَالَ ءَا قُورَهُ وَأَخَذُهُمْ عَلَىٰ ذَالكُمْ إِصْرِى قَالُواً أَوْرِرْناً قَالَ فَأَهْبَدُواْ وَأَناْمَعَكُم مِنَ الشَّهدينَ ١ فَنَ تَوَ لَى بَعْدَ ذَاكَ فَأُولَتِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَسْقُونَ ﴿ أَفْغَيْرَ دين الله يَبْغُونَ وَلَهُ إِنَّاسَلَمَ مَن في السَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ طَوْعًا وَكَرْهَا وَ إِلَيْهُ يُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ مَا قُلْ اَمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أَنِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَمَا أَنِلَ عَلَيْ إِبْرُهِمَ وَإِسْمَعِيلَ وَإِسْعَنَى وَيَعْقُوبَ وَٱلْأَسْبَاطِ وَمَا أُوتِي مُوسَى وَعِيسَى وَٱلنَّبِيُونَ

faithful servants of the Lord by virtue of your constant teaching of the Scripture and of your constant study thereof.

- 80. And he commanded you not that ye should take the angels and the prophets for lords. Would he command you to disbelieve after ye had surrendered (to Allah)?
- 81. When Allah made (His) covenant with the prophets, (He said): Behold that which I have given you of the Scripture and knowledge. And afterward there will come unto you a messenger, confirming that which ye possess. Ye shall believe in him and ye shall help him. He said: Do ye agree, and will ye take up My burden (which I lay upon you) in this (matter)? They answered: We agree. He said: Then bear ye witness. I will be a witness with you.
- 82. Then whosoever after this shall turn away: they will be miscreants.
- 83. Seek they other than the religion of Allah, when unto Him submitteth whosoever is in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly, and unto Him they will be returned.
- 84. Say (O Muhammad): We believe in Allah and that which is revealed unto us and that which was revealed unto Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the tribes, and that which was vouchsafed unto Moses and Jesus and

من رَّبِهِم لا نُفَرِقُ بَيْنَ أَحد منهم وَتَحْنَ لَهُ مُسلَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَن يَبْتَغَ غَيْرَ ٱلْإِسْلَام ديناً فَلَن يُقْبَلَ مَنْهُ وَهُوَ فِي ٱلَّا عَرَة منَ ٱلْخُلَسِرِينَ ﴿ كَيْفَ يَهْدَى ٱللَّهُ قُومًا كَفَرُواْ بَعْدَ إِيمَنْهُمْ وَشَهْدُواْ أَنَّ ٱلرَّسُولَ حَقَّ وَجَاءَ هُمُ ٱلْبِينَاتُ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلامينَ ﴿ أُولَتِهِكَ جَزَا وَهُمْ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةَ الله وَ ٱلْمَلَّتِهَة وَ ٱلنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ خَدلدينَ فيها لَا يُحَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَلَا مُمْ يُنظَرُونَ ٢ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُواْ مِنْ بَعْد ذَالِكَ وَأَصْلَحُواْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ ثُمَّ ٱزْدَادُواْ كُفْرًا لَّن تُقْبَلَ نَوْبَهُمْ وَأُولَتِهِكَ مُم الضَّا لُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَمَا تُواْ وَهُم كُفَّارٌ فَلَن يُقْبَلَ مِنْ أَحَدهم مَلْ الْأَرْضَ ذَهَباً وَلَو الْمِيْدَى بِهَ الْوَلْدَكِ مَمْ عَذَابً

the prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and unto Him we have surrendered.

- 85. And whoso seeketh as religion other than the Surrender² (to Allah) it will not be accepted from him, and he will be a loser in the Hereafter.
- 86. How shall Allah guide a people who disbelieved after their belief and (after) they bore witness that the messenger is true and after clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty) had come unto them. And Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 87. As for such, their guerdon is that on them rests the curse of Allah and of angels and of men combined.
- 88. They will abide therein. Their doom will not be lightened, neither will they be reprieved;
- 89. Save those who afterward repent and do right. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 90. Lo! those who disbelieve after their (profession of) belief, and afterward grow violent in disbelief: their repentance will not be accepted. And such are those who are astray.
- 91. Lo! those who disbelieve, and die in disbelief, the (whole) earth full of gold would not be accepted from such an one if it were offered as a ransom (for his soul). Theirs

¹ Almost identical with II, 136.

³ Ar. Al-Islâm.

أَلَيْمُ وَمَا لَمُمُ مِّن نَّنْصِرِينَ رَبَيُ لَن تَنَا لُواْ الْبُرَحَيْن تُنفقُواْ مَّ تُحَبُّونَ وَمَا تُبْفَقُواْ مِن شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ اللهَ بَهِ عَلَيْ ١ * كُلُّ الطُّعَام كَانَ حَلَّا لَّبَنَّ إِسْرَ عِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَ وَمِنْ عَلَى نَفْسه عَمْنَ قَبْلُ أَنْ تُعْزَلُ ٱلتَّوْرِيَّةُ قُلْ فَأَتُواْ بِٱلتَّوْرَنِهُ فَآتُلُوهَا إِن كُنتُمْ صَلدتينَ رَبِّي فَنَ ٱفْتَرَىٰعَلَى الله الْكَذَبَ مِنْ بَعْد ذَالِكَ فَأُوْلَتِهِكَ هُمُ الظَّالمُونَ (١٠) قُلْ صَدَقَ ٱللهُ فَا تَبعُواْ مَلَّةً إِبرَاهِيمَ حَنيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مَنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا أَوَّلَ بَيْتِ وُضِعَ النَّاسِ لَلَّذِي بَكَّةَ مُبَارَكًا وَهُدِّى لَّلْعَلَمينَ ١٠ فيه عَايَنتُ بَيَّنَكُّ مُّقَامُ إِبْرَاهِمِيمَ وَمَن دَخَلَهُ كَانَ ءَامُنَّا وَاللَّهُ عَلَى ٱلنَّاس حَجُ الْبَيْتُ مَن اسْنَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيلًا وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ غَنَّ عَن الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ مُلْ يَنَأَهُلَ الْكُتَابِلَمِ تَكُفُرُونَ



will be a painful doom and they will have no helpers.

- 92. Ye will not attain unto piety until ye spend of that which ye love. And whatsoever ye spend, Allah is Aware thereof.
- 93. All food was lawful unto the Children of Israel, save that which Israel forbade himself, (in days) before the Torah was revealed. Say: Produce the Torah and read it (unto us) if ye are truthful.
- 94. And whoever shall invent a falsehood after that concerning Allah, such will be wrong-doets.
- 95. Say: Allah speaketh truth. So follow the religion of Abraham, the upright. He was not of the idolaters.
- 96. Lo! the first Sanctuary appointed for mankind was that at Becca, 1 a blessed place, a guidance to the peoples;
- 97. Wherein are plain memorials (of Allah's guidance); the place where Abraham stood up to pray; and whosoever entereth it is safe. And pilgrimage to the House is a duty unto Allah for mankind, for him who can find a way thither. As for him who disbelieveth, (let him know that) lo! Allah is Independent of (all) creatures.
 - 98. Say: O People of the Scripture! Why disbelieve ye

بِعَايَلَتِ اللهِ وَاللَّهُ شَهِيدٌ عَلَيْ مَا تَعْمَلُونَ رَبِّي قُلْ يَتَأَهَّلَ ٱلْكَتَلْبِ لِنَمْ تَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلَ اللهُ مَنْ عَامَنَ تَبَغُونَهَا عُوجًا وَأَنْهُ شَهْداءُ وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَلْفِلِ عَمَّا نَعْمَلُونَ ٢ يَنَأَيُّكُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِن تُطيعُواْ فَريقًا مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكُتَلَبَ يَرُدُ وَكُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ كُنفرينَ ﴿ يَ وَكَيْفَ تَكْفُرُ وَنَ وَأَنْتُم نُسْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايَكَتُ ٱللهُ وَفِيكُمْ رَسُولُهُ وَمَن يَعْتَصِم بَالله فَقَدْ هُدى إِلَى صَرَاط مُسْتَقيد رَبُّ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ حَنَّ تُفَاتِه ، وَلَا تُمُونَنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنْتُمُ مُّسْلُمُونَ ﴿ وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بَحَبْلِ ٱللهِ جَمِيعًا وَلَا تَفَرَّقُواْ وَاذْ كُرُواْ نَعْمَتَ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ كُنتُمْ أَعْدَا مَ فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ الوبكر فأصبحتم بنعمته إخوانا وكنتم عكى شفاحفرة مِّنَ ٱلنَّارِفَأَنْقَلَاكُم مِنْهَا كَلَّ الكَ يُبِينُ اللَّهُ لَكُو عَايِئته، in the revelations of Allah, when Allah (Himself) is Witness of what ye do?

99. Say: O People of the Scripture! Why drive ye back believers from the way of Allah, seeking to make it crooked, when ye are witnesses (to Allah's guidance)? Allah is not unaware of what ye do.

100. O ye who believe! If ye obey a party of those who have received the Scripture they will make you disbelievers after your belief.

Allah's revelations are recited, and His messenger is in your midst? He who holdeth fast to Allah, he indeed is guided unto a right path.

102. O ye who believe! Observe your duty to Allah with right observance, and die not save as those who have surrendered (unto Him)

103. And hold fast, all of you together, to the cable of Allah, and do not separate. And remember Allah's favour unto you: how ye were enemies and He made friendship between your hearts so that ye became as brothers by His grace; and (how) ye were upon the brink of an abyss of fire, and He did save you from it. Thus Allah maketh clear His

لَعَلَّكُمْ مَهَدُونَ شِي وَلْنَكُن مَّنكُمْ أُمَّةٌ يُدَّعُونَ إِلَى ٱلْخَيْر وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعْرُ وَفَ وَيَنْهُونَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنْكُرِ وَأُولَنَاكَ هُمُ ٱلمُفْلُحُونَ ﴿ وَلا تَكُونُواْ كَا لَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُواْ وَٱخْتَلَفُواْمنُ بَعْد مَاجَاءَهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَاتُ وَأُولَنَبِكَ لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظيمٌ ١٠٠ ر مررور في و و وروره منه و و و الله ما الله من الله و الل وُجُوهُهُمْ أَكَفَرْتُمُ بَعْدَ إِعَلَىٰكُمْ فَذُوتُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ يَمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِمَّا الَّذِينَ ٱلْبَضَّتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ فَنِي رَحْمَةَ ٱللهُ هُمْمْ فِيهَا خَدَلُدُونَ ﴿ يَا تُلُّكَ ءَآيَنْتُ ٱللهُ نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقُّ وَمَا اللهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لَلْعَلَمينَ ﴿ وَللهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ ۚ وَ إِلَى ٱللهُ تُرْجَعُ الأُمُورُ فِي كُنتُم خَيْرَأَمَّهُ أَخْرَجَتْ للنَّاس تَأْمُرُونَ بَالْمَعْرُوفَ وَتَنْهُونَ عَن الْمُنكر وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللهِ وَلَوْءَامَنَ revelations unto you, that haply ye may be guided,

- 104. And there may spring from you a nation who invite to goodness, and enjoin right conduct and forbid indecency. Such are they who are successful.
- 105. And be ye not as those who separated and disputed after the clear proofs had come unto them. For such there is an awful doom,
- 106. On the Day when (some) faces will be whitened and (some) faces will be blackened; and as for those whose faces have been blackened, it will be said unto them: Disbelieved ye after your (profession of) belief? Then taste the punishment for that ye disbelieved.
- 107. And as for those whose faces have been whitened, in the mercy of Allah they dwell for ever.
- 108. These are revelations of Allah. We recite them unto thee in truth. Allah willeth no injustice to (His) creatures.
- 109. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth; and unto Allah all things are returned.
- 110. Ye are the best community that hath been raised up for mankind. Ye enjoin right conduct and forbid indecency; and ye believe in Allah. And if the People of the Scripture

أَهْلُ ٱلْكَتَابِ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ مَهْمِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ ٱلْفَنسقُونَ ١٠ لَن يَضُرُّوكُم إِلَّا أَذُى وَإِن يُقَنتُلُوكُمْ يُوَلُّوكُمُ ٱلْأَدْبَارَثُمَّ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ١٠٠٠ ضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذَّلَةُ أَيْنَ مَا ثُقَفُواْ إِلَّا بِحَبْلِ مَنَ ٱلله وَحَبْلِ مَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَبَآءُو بَغَضَب مَّنَ اللهُ وَضُرَبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِعَايَلت الله وَيَقْتُلُونَ ٱلْأَنْبِيّآ ، بِغَيْرِحَقَّ ذَ لَكَ بَمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ ١٠٠٠ ﴿ لَيْسُواْ سَوَآَّهُ مَنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْكُنَّابِ أُمَّةً فَآيَمَةً بَتْلُونَ وَايَنت الله وَانَآء ٱلَّيْلِ وَمُمْ يَسْجُدُونَ ١٠ يُؤْمنُونَ بِاللهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآ در وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهُونَ عَنِ الْمُنكِرِ وَيُسَدِعُونَ في الخُمَيْرَاتُ وَأُولَيْكِ مِنَ الصَّلِحِينَ ١٥ وَمَا يَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرَ فَكُن يُكْفَرُوهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْمِ بِالْمَتَّقِينَ ١١٥ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ



had believed it had been better for them. Some of them are believers; but most of them are evil-livers.

- 111. They will not harm you save a trifling hurt, and if they fight against you they will turn and flee. And afterward they will not be helped.
- 112. Ignominy shall be their portion wheresoever they are found save (where they grasp) a rope from Allah and a rope from men.¹ They have incurred anger from their Lord, and wretchedness is laid upon them. That is because they used to disbelieve the revelations of Allah, and slew the prophets wrongfully. That is because they were rebellious and used to transgress.
- 113. They are not all alike. Of the People of the Scripture there is a staunch community who recite the revelations of Allah in the night season, falling prostrate (before Him).
- 114. They believe in Allah and the Last Day, and enjoin right conduct and forbid indecency, and vie one with another in good works. These are of the righteous.
- 115. And whatever good they do, they will not be denied the meed thereof. Allah is Aware of those who ward off (evil).

 $^{^1}$ i.e. when they keep the covenant which the Prophet had made with the Jews of Al-Madîrah.

كَفَرُواْ أَن تُعْنَى عَنْهُم أَمُواهُمُ وَلا أَوْلَلُدُهُم مِنَ الله شَيْئًا ۚ وَأُولَنَهِكَ أَصَحَابُ النَّارِهُمْ فَيَهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿ مِنْ مَثْلُ مَا يُنفقُونَ في هَلنه ٱلْحَيَوة الدُّنيا كَمَثَل ريح فيها صرًّ أَصَابِتُ حَرْثُ قُومٌ ظُلْمُواْ انْفُسُهُمْ فَأَهْلَكُنَّهُ وَمَا ظُلْمُهُمْ اللهُ وَلَكُنْ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلُمُونَ شِنَ يَتَأْيِبُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَخَذُواْ بِطَانَةً مَن دُونكُرُ لَا يَأْلُونَكُمْ خَبَا لَاوَدُّواْ مَاعَنتُمْ قَدْ بَدَتِ ٱلْبَغْضَاءُ مِنْ أَفُواهِهِمْ وَمَا يُغْنِي صُدُورُهُمْ ٱكْبَر قَدْ بَيِّنَا لَكُمُ ٱلْآيَكَ ۚ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْقَلُونَ ١١ هَنَّا نُتُمْ أَوْ لَآءِ تُحَبُّونَهُمْ وَلَا يُحَبُّونَكُ وَتُؤَمنُونَ بِٱلْكَتَابِ كُلِّهُ وَ إِذَا لَقُوكُرُ قَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا وَإِذَا خَلَواْ عَضُّواْ عَلَيْكُوا لَا نَاملَ مِنَ الْغَيْظُ قُلْ مُوتُواْ بِغَيْظُكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمُ بِذَاتِ الصَّدُورِ ١ إِن تَمْسَكُرْ حَسَنَةُ أَسُوْهُمْ وَإِن تُصَبِّكُرْ سَيْمَةً يُفْرِحُواْ بِمَا

- 116. Lo! the riches and the progeny of those who disbelieve will not avail them aught against Allah; and such are rightful owners of the Fire. They will abide therein.
- 117. The likeness of that which they spend in this life of the world is as the likeness of a biting, icy wind which smiteth the harvest of a people who have wronged themselves, and devastateth it. Allah wronged them not, but they do wrong themselves.
- 118. O ye who believe! Take not for intimates others than your own folk, who would spare no pains to ruin you; they love to hamper you. Hatred is revealed by (the utterance of) their mouths, but that which their breasts hide is greater. We have made plain for you the revelations if ye will understand.
- not, and ye believe in all the Scripture. When they fall in with you they say: We believe; but when they go apart they bite their finger-tips at you, for rage. Say: Perish in your rage! Lo! Allah is Aware of what is hidden in (your) breasts.
- 120. If a lucky chance befall you, it is evil unto them, and if disaster strike you they rejoice thereat. But if ye per-

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وَ إِن تَصْبُرُواْ وَنَتْقُواْ لَا يَضْرُكُو كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْءًا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ﴿ إِنَّ عَلَوْتَ مِنْ أَهَّلَكَ تُبُوَّى ۚ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَقَاعِدَ لِلْقَتَالَ وَ ٱللهُ سَمِيعُ عَلَيمٌ شِي إِذْهَمَّت طَّآيِفَتَان مِنكُرْ أَن تَفْشَلًا وَ اللهُ وَلَيْهُمَا وَعَلَى اللهَ فَلْيَتَوَكَّل ا ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ١٠٠﴾ وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُ ٱللهُ بِبَدْرِ وَأَنُّمُ أَذَلُّهُ فَآتَفُواْ ٱللهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُ ونَ ﴿ إِذْ نَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَلَى يَكُفِيَكُمْ أَن يُعَدَّكُمْ رَبُّكُم بِمَلَاقَة وَالَّف مَّنَ ٱلْمَلَتَهِكَة مُزَلِينَ ﴿ بَلَيْ إِن تَصْبِرُواْ وَنَتَّقُواْ وَيَأْتُوكُم مِّن فَوْرِهِمْ هَلْذَا يُعْدَدُكُو رَبُّكُم بِخَمْسَة ءَالَكِف مّنَ ٱلْمَلَتَهِكَة مُسَوِّمينَ ﴿ وَمَا جَعَلَهُ اللهُ إِلَّا بُشَّرَىٰ لَكُمُّ وَلَتَطَّمينًا قُلُوبُكُم بِهِ عَ وَمَا ٱلنَّصُّرُ إِلَّا مَنْ عند ٱلله ٱلْعَزيز ٱلْحَكِيم ١ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ طَرَفًا مَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَوْيَكُبَهُمْ

severe and keep from evil their guile will never harm you, Lo! Allah is Surrounding what they do.

- 121. And when thou settedst forth at daybreak from thy housefolk to assign to the believers their positions for the battle, Allah was Hearer, Knower.
- 122. When two parties of you almost fell away, and Aliah was their Protecting Friend. In Allah let believers put their trust.
- 123. Allah had already given you the victory at Badr, when ye were contemptible. So observe your duty to Allah in order that ye may be thankful.
- 124. When thou didst say unto the believers: Is it not sufficient for you that your Lord should support you with three thousand angels sent down (to your help)?
- 125. Nay, but if ye persevere, and keep from evil, and (the enemy) attack you suddenly, your Lord will help you with five thousand angels sweeping on.
- 126. Allah ordained this only as a message of good cheer for you, and that thereby your hearts might be at rest— Victory cometh only from Allah, the Mighty, the Wise—
 - 127. That He may cut off a part of those who disbelieve,
- ¹ The battle at Mt. Uffied near Al-Madinah in the third year of the Hijrah (see introduction to this suzah).

فَينَقَلُواْ خَآيِدِينَ ﴿ لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ أَوْ يُعَدِّيُّهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ ظَلْمُونَ (١٠٠ وَللهُ مَافِي السَّمَلُونَ وَمَافِي ٱلْأَرْضُ يَغْفُرُ لَمَن يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذَّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَ اللهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ يَنَّا يُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَأْكُلُواْ ٱلرَّبُواْ أَضْعَنْهَا مُضْنَعَفَّةً وَآتَهُواْ ٱللهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُقْلُحُونَ ﴿ ١٠ وَا تَقُواْ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِيَّ أُعَدَّتُ لِلْكَنفرينَ ١٠٠ وَأَطبِعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَ ٱلرَّسُولَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿ ﴿ وَسَارِعُوا إِلَىٰ مَغْفِرَة مِّن رَّبَكُرُ وَجَنَّهُ عَرْضُهَا ٱلسَّمَلُواتُ وَ ٱلْأَرْضُ أَعَدَّتُ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ السَّرَّاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ وَالْكَنظمينَ ٱلْغَيْظُ وَٱلْعَافِينَ عَنِ ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱللَّهُ يُحُبُّ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُواْ فَنَحْسَةً أَوْظَلَمُواْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ ذَكَرُواْ اللهُ فَاسْتَغْفَرُ واْ لذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَن يَغْفُرُ



or overwhelm them so that they retire, frustrated.

- 128. It is no concern at all of thee (Muhammad) whether He relent toward them or punish them; for they are evil-doers.
- 129. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. He forgiveth whom He will, and punisheth whom He will. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 130. O ye who believe! Devour not usury, doubling and quadrupling (the sum lent). Observe your duty to Allah, that ye may be successful.
- 131. And ward off (from yourselves) the Fire prepared for disbelievers.
- 132. And obey Allah and the messenger, that ye may find mercy.
- 133. And vie one with another for forgiveness from your Lord, and for a paradise as wide as are the heavens and the earth, prepared for those who ward off (evil);
- 134. Those who spend (of that which Allah hath given them) in ease and in adversity, those who control their wrath and are forgiving toward mankind; Allah loveth the good;
- 135. And those who, when they do an evil thing or wrong themselves, remember Allah and implore for giveness for their

ٱلدُّنُوبَ إِلَّا ٱللهُ وَلَرْ يُصرُّواْ عَلَىٰ مَافَعَلُواْ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ (١٠٠٠) أُولَتِهِكَ جَزَآوُهُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ مَن رَّبَّهُمْ وَجَنَّكُ تَجُرى من تَحْتُهَا ٱلْأُنْهَارُ خَلدينَ فيهَا وَنعْمَ أَجْرُ ٱلْعَلملينَ ١ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلُكُمْ سُنَنٌ فَسِيرُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَٱنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذّبينَ ﴿ هَا هَٰذَا بَيَانٌ لّنَاسَ وَهُدُى وَمَوْعِظَةُ لَلْمُتَّقِينَ ١٠٤ وَلَا تَهُواْ وَلَا تَحْزَنُواْ وَأَنْتُمُ ٱلْأَعْلَوْنَ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ١٠٠٠ إِن يَمْسَسُكُرْقَرْ حُ فَقَدْ مَسَّ ٱلْقَوْمَ قَرْحُ مَثْلُهُ وَتَلْكَ ٱلْأَيَّامُ نُدَاوِلُهَا بَيْنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَلَيْعَلَمُ اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَيَخَّذَ مَنكُرْ شُهَدَاءٌ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحبُّ ٱلظَّالمينَ ﴿ وَلَيُمَحَّصَ اللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَيَمْحَقَ ٱلْكَنْفُرِينَ ١ أَمْ حَسَبْتُمْ أَنْ تَدْخُلُواْ ٱلْجُنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمُ اللهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُواْ مِنكُرٌ وَيَعْلَمُ الصَّابِرِينَ ۞

PART IV THE FAMILY OF 'IMRÂN SÛRAH III

sins—Who forgiveth sins save Allah only?—and will not knowingly repeat (the wrong) they did.

- 136. The reward of such will be forgiveness from their Lord, and Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever—a bountiful reward for workers!
- 137. Systems have passed away before you. Do but travel in the land and see the nature of the consequence for those who did deny (the messengers).
- 138. This is a declaration for mankind, a guidance and an admonition unto those who ward off (evil)
- 139. Faint not nor grieve, for ye will overcome them if ye are (indeed) believers.
- 140. If ye have received a blow, the (disbelieving) people have received a blow the like thereof. These are (only) the vicissitudes which We cause to follow one another for mankind, to the end that Allah may know those who believe and may choose witnesses from among you; and Allah loveth not wrong-doers.
- 141. And that Allah may prove those who believe, and may blight the disbelievers.
- 142. Or deemed ye that ye would enter paradise while yet Allah knoweth not those of you who really strive, nor knoweth those (of you) who are steadfast?



وَلَقَدْ كُنتُمْ تَمَنُونَ ٱلْمَوْتَ مِن قَبْلِ أَنْ تَلْقُوهُ فَقَدْراً يَتْمُوهُ وَأَنْهُ مِنْ فَلُو وَنَ ١٠٠ وَمَا مُحَمَّدُ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ من قَبْله الرُّسُلُ أَفَإِن مَّاتَ أَوْفَتَلَ انقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَقَ أَعْقَبْكُمْ وَمَن يَنقَلْبُ عَلَىٰ عَقَيْهُ فَلَن يَضُرَّ اللهُ شَيْئًا وَسَيْجْرِى اللهُ ٱلشَّكَرِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لَنَفْسِ أَن تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ ٱلله كَتَنْبُا مُؤَجِّلًا وَمَن يُردْ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا نُوْته عمنْهَا وَمَن يُرد تَوَابَ ٱلاَ خَرَة نُوْ ته عَمْنَا ۚ وَسَنَجْزِى ٱلشَّكَرِينَ وَكَأْيِنَ مِن نَّبِي قَلْتَلَ مَعَهُ وبيُّونَ كَثيرٌ فَا وَهَنُوا لَمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ وَمَا ضَعُفُواْ وَمَا ٱسْتَكَا نُواْ وَٱللهُ يُحبُّ الصَّدِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلَهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا أَغْفِرْلَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَ إِسْرَافَنَا فِي أَمْرِنَا وَثَبْتُ أَقْدَامَنَا وَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَنفرينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَعَاتَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا

- 143. And verily ye used to wish for death before ye met it (in the field). Now ye have seen it with your eyes!
- 144. Muhammad is but a messenger, messengers (the like of whom) have passed away before him. Will it be that, when he dieth or is slain, ye will turn back on your heels? He who turneth back on his heels doth no hurt to Allah, and Allah will reward the thankful.¹
- 145. No soul can ever die except by Allah's leave and at a term appointed. Whoso desireth the reward of the world, We bestow on him thereof; and whoso desireth the reward of the Hereafter, We bestow on him thereof. We shall reward the thankful.
- 146. And with how many a prophet have there been a number of devoted men who fought (beside him). They quailed not for aught that befell them in the way of Allah, nor did they weaken, nor were they brought low. Allah loveth the steadfast.
- 147. Their cry was only that they said: Our Lord! Forgive us for our sins and wasted efforts, make our foothold sure, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk.
 - 148. So Allah gave them the reward of the world and

On the morning when the Prophet died, Abû Bakr came into the mosque at Al-Madînah and found the people all distracted, and Omar telling them that it was a sin to say that he was dead. Abû Bakr went and ascertained the truth, and coming back into the mosque, cried: "Lol as for him who worshipped Muhammad, Muhammad is dead, but as for him who worshippeth Allah, Allah is Alive and dieth not." Then he recited this verse "and it was as if the people had not known till then that such a verse had been revealed."

وَحُسْنَ تُوَابِ ٱلْآخِرَةُ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُ ٱلْمُحْسَنِينَ يَنَايُّكَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِن تُطِيعُواْ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يَرُدُوكُمْ عَلَيْ أَعْقَلِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلُواْ خَلسرينَ ١٠ اللهُ مُولَلكُمْ وَهُوخَيرُ ٱلنَّنصرينَ ١٠٠ سَنُلْقِ فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا ٱلرُّعْبَ مِمَا أَشْرَكُواْ بِٱللهُ مَا لَهُ يُعِزِّلْ بِهِ عُ سِلْطَنْنَا وَمَا وَمُهُمُ ٱلنَّارِ وَبْنُسَ مَنْوَى ٱلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ صَدَقَكُمُ ٱللهُ وَعَدَّهُ بِ إِذْ تَحْسُونَهُم بِإِذْنِهِ عَنَّ إِذَا فَشَلْتُمْ وَتَنَازَعْتُمْ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ وَعَصَيْتُمُ مَنْ بَعْدَمَا أَرَنكُمُ مَا تُعَبُّونَ مَنكُم مَّن يُريدُ الدُّنْيَا وَمنكُمْ مَن يُرِيدُ ٱلْآخَرَةُ ثُمَّ صَرَفَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لَيَبْنَلِيكُمْ وَلَقَدْعَفَا عَنكُمْ وَاللهُ ذُوفَضْل عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ ٢ * إِذْ تُصْعِدُونَ وَلَا تَلُونَ عَلَيْ أَحَد وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ فَ أَنْرَ نَكُرُ فَأَ ثَلِبَكُمْ خَمَّا بَعْد لَكَيْلًا تَعْزَنُواْ عَلَى مَا فَاتَكُرُ



the good reward of the Hereafter. Allah loveth those whose deeds are good.

- 149. O ye who believe! If ye obey those who disbelieve, they will make you turn back on your heels, and ye turn back as losers.
- 150. But Allah is your Protector, and He is the Best of Helpers.
- 151. We shall cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve because they ascribe unto Allah partners, for which no warrant hath been revealed. Their habitation is the Fire, and hapless the abode of the wrong-doers.
- 152. Allah verily made good His promise unto you when ye routed them by His leave, until (the moment) when your courage failed you, and ye disagreed about the order and ye disobeyed, after He had shown you that for which ye long. Some of you desired the world, and some of you desired the Hereafter. Therefore He made you flee from them, that He might try you. Yet now He hath forgiven you. Allah is a Lord of Kindness to believers.
- 153. When ye climbed (the hill) and paid no heed to anyone, while the messenger, in your rear, was calling you (to fight). Therefor He rewarded you grief for (his) grief, that (He might teach) you not to sorrow either for that

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ When this exchers described their post to share in the speils, thinking that the day was won.

وَلاَ مَا أَصَابَكُمْ وَ ٱللهُ خَبِيرٌ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مُا مُمَّا أَزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِنْ بَعْدِ ٱلْغَمِّ أَمَنَهُ يُعَاسًا يَغْشَىٰ طَآ بِفَ لَهُ مَنكُرُ وَطَا بِفَ أُهُ قَدْ أَهَمَّ أَن فُسُهُمْ يَظُنُونَ بِالله غَيْرِ أَلْحَقَ ظَنَّ ٱلْحَلَهِ لِيَّةً يَقُولُونَ هَلِ لَّنَامَنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ مِن شَيْءٍ قُلْ إِنَّ ٱلْأَمْرَ كُلَّهُ وَللهُ يُخْفُونَ فَي أَنفُسهم مَّالَا يَبدُونَ لَكَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْكَانَ لَنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ مَنِي * مَّا قُتْلَنَا هَلُهُنَّا قُل لَّوْكُنتُمْ في بيُو تَكُرُ لَبَرَزَ الَّذِينَ كُتبَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْقَتْلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهُمْ وَلَيَبْتَلَى اللهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ وَلَيُمَحَّصَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُمُّ وَٱللهُ عَلَمُ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْاْ مَنكُر يَوْمَ اَلْتَنَى الْجُمْعَانِ إِنَّمَا أَسْرَكُمْ مُ الشَّيْطَانُ بَبِعْضِ مَا كَسُواْ وَلَقَدْ عَفَا ٱللهُ عَنْهُم إِنَّ ٱللهَ غَفُورٌ حَلَمْ ﴿ يَتَأَيُّكَ الذين وامنوا لا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَقَالُواْ لإِخْوَ الهُمْ إِذَا

which ye missed or for that which befell you. Allah is Informed of what ye do.

- 154. Then, after grief, He sent down security for you. As slumber did it overcome a party of you, while (the other) party, who were anxious on their own account, thought wrongly of Allah, the thought of ignorance. They said: Have we any part in the cause? Say (O Muhammad): The cause belongeth wholly to Allah. They hide within themselves (a thought) which they reveal not unto thee, saying: Had we had any part in the cause we should not have been slain here. Say: Even though ye had been in your houses, those appointed to be slain would have gone forth to the places where they were to lie. (All this hath been) in order that Allah might try what is in your breasts and prove what is in your hearts. Allah is Aware of what is hidden in the breasts (of men).
- 155. Lo! those of you who turned back on the day when the two hosts met, Satan alone it was who caused them to backslide, because of some of that which they have earned. Now Allah hath forgiven them. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Clement.
 - 156. O ye who believe! Be not as those who disbelieved

ضَرَبُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْكَانُواْ نُخْرِي لَّوْكَانُواْ عِندَنَا مَا مَانُواْ وَمَا تُتَلُواْ لَيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَالَكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ يُحْى، وَيُمِيتُ وَاللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ وَإِن وَلَيْن قُتَلَّمُ فَي سَبيل ٱلله أو منه لَمَغَفْرَةٌ مَنَ الله وَرَحْمَةٌ خَيْرٌ ثُمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ رَهِيْنَ وَلَينَ مُمَّ أُو قُتُلُمُ لَإِلَى اللهُ يُحَشُّرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَبِمَا رَحْمَةً مَّنَ الله لنتَ لَمُ أُمُّ وَلَوْ كُنتَ فَقًا عَليظَ الْقَلْب لَا نَفَضُواْ منْ رُحُولِكَ فَأَعْنُ عَنْهُمْ وَأَسْتَغْفِرْ لَمُمْ وَشَاوِرْهُمْ فِي ٱلْأُمْرِ فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الله إِنَّ اللهَ يُحَبُّ الْمُتَوَكَّلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ عِنْهِ إِن يَنفُرْكُمُ اللهُ فَلاَ غَالبَ لَكُمْ وَإِن يَحْدُلُكُمْ لَمَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يَنصُر كُم مَّن بَعْدُهُ مَ وَعَلَى الله فَلْيَتُوكَّل ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لَنَّيِّي أَنْ يَغُلُّ ۚ وَمَن يَغْلُلْ يَأْت بَمَا غَلَّ يَوْمَ الْقَيْدَمَةُ ثُمَّ تُوفِّي كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كُسَبَتْ وَهُمْ and said of their brethren who went abroad in the land or were fighting in the field: If they had been (here) with us they would not have died or been killed; that Allah may make it anguish in their hearts. Allah giveth life and causeth death; and Allah is Seer of what ye do.

- 157. And what though ye be slain in Allah's way or die therein? Surely pardon from Allah and mercy are better than all that they amass.
- 158. What though ye be slain or die, when unto Allah ye are gathered?
- 159. It was by the mercy of Allah that thou wast lenient with them (O Muhammad), for if thou hadst been stern and fierce of heart they would have dispersed from round about thee. So pardon them and ask forgiveness for them and consult with them upon the conduct of affairs. And when thou art resolved, then put thy trust in Allah. Lo! Allah loveth those who put their trust (in Him).
- 160. If Allah is your helper none can overcome you, and if He withdraw His help from you, who is there who can help you after Him? In Allah let believers put their trust.
- 161. It is not for any prophet to embezzle. Whoso embezzleth will bring what he embezzled with him on the Day of Resurrection. Then every soul will be paid in full what

لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَنَ ٱلَّهَ عَرضُونَ ٱللهَ كُنَّ بَاءَ بِسَخَط مَنَ اللهُ وَمَأْ وَلهُ جَهَمُ وَبُشَ الْمُصَيرُ ﴿ إِنَّ هُمْ دَرَجَكُ عَندَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ لَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى ٱلْمُوْمنينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فيم رَسُولًا مَنْ أَنفُسهم يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهمْ ءَايَنته وَيُزكِّهمْ وَيُعلِّمُهُمُ الْكَتَنبَ وَالْحُكُمةَ وَإِن كَانُواْ مِن قَبْلُ لَنِي ضَلَال مُبِينِ رَئِينَ أُوَلَمَّا أَصَلَبْتُكُم مُصِيبَةٌ وَدَ أَصِبْتُم مِثْلَيْهِا قُلْتُم أَنَّى هَلَذَا قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عَنْدَأَنْفُسُكُرُ قَدْ أَصِبْتُم مِثْلَيْهِا قُلْتُم أَنَّى هَلَذَا قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عَنْدَأَنْفُسُكُرُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلُّ شَيْءِ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَا أَصَابَكُرْ يَوْمَ ٱلْمَتَى ٱلْجُمْعَانِ فَبِإِذْنِ اللهِ وَلَيَعْلَمَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَلِيعَلَمُ ٱلَّذِينَ نَافَقُواْ وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالُواْ قَاتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ أَو ٱدْفَعُواْ فَالُواْ لَوْ نَعْلَمُ قَتَا لَا لَا تَبَعَنَاكُمُ ۚ هُمْ لِلَّكُفْرِ يَوْمَهِذَ أَقْرَبُ مُنْهُمُ لَلَّا يَمُن يَكُولُونَ بِأَغْوَاهِهِم مَّا لَيْسَ ف قُلُوبِهِم

- 162. Is one who followeth the pleasure of Allah as one who hath earned condemnation from Allah, whose habitation is the Fire, a hapless journey's end?
- 163. There are degrees (of grace and reprobation) with Allah, and Allah is Seer of what they do.
- 164. Allah verily hath shown grace to the believers by sending unto them a messenger of their own who reciteth unto them His revelations, and causeth them to grow, and teacheth them the Scripture and wisdom; lathough before (he came to them) they were in flagrant error.
- 165. And was it so, when a disaster smote you, though ye had smitten (them with a disaster) twice (as great),² that ye said: How is this? Say (unto them, O Muhammad): It is from yourselves. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 166. That which befell you, on the day when the two armies met, was by permission of Allah; that He might know the true believers;
- 167. And that He might know the hypocrites, unto whom it was said: Come, fight in the way of Allah, or defend yourselves. They answered: If we knew aught of fighting we would follow you. On that day they were nearer disbelief than faith. They utter with their mouths a thing

¹ In fulfilment of the prayer of Abraham (stirah II, v. 129)

وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَّا إِنَّ قَالُواْ لا خُوَانِهِمْ وَقَعَدُواْ لَوْاَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتُلُواْ قُلْ فَأَدْرَ مُواْعَنْ أَنفُسُكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿ وَلا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتلُواْ في سَبِيلِ الله أَمُواتًا ۚ بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ عَنْدَ رَبِّهُمْ يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَرَحِينَ بَمَا ءَ اتَّنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ مِن فَضَّله ع وَيَسْتَبْشِرُ ونَ بِٱلَّذِينَ لَمْ يَلْحَقُواْ بهم منْ خَلْفَهُمْ أَلَّا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَاهُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ * يَسْتَبْشُرُونَ بنْعْمَة مَنَ الله وَفَصّْل وَأَنَّ اللهَ لَا يُضيعُ أَجْرَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَي ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسْتَجَابُواْ للله وَٱلرَّسُول من بَعْد مَا أَصَابِهُمُ الْقَرْحُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا مَنْهُمْ وَاتَّقُواْ أَجْرُ عَظمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالَ لَمُمُّ النَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُواْ لَكُرْ فَأَخْشُوهُمْ وَرَادَهُمْ إِيمَنا وَقَالُواْحَسْبَنَا اللهُ وَنَعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ ٢ فَأَنْقَلَبُواْ بِنَعْمَةُ مَنَّ اللهِ وَفَصْلِ لَّهِ يَمْسَمُهُمْ سُوَّةً وَأَتَّبِعُواْ



which is not in their hearts. Allah is Best Aware of what they hide.

- 168. Those who, while they sat at home, said of their brethren (who were fighting for the cause of Allah): If they had been guided by us they would not have been slain. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Then avert death from your-selves if ye are truthful,
- 169. Think not of those, who are slain in the way of Allah, as dead. Nay, they are living. With their Lord they have provision.
- 170. Jubilant (are they) because of that which Allah hath bestowed upon them of His bounty, rejoicing for the sake of those who have not joined them but are left behind: that there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 171. They rejoice because of favour from Allah and kindness, and that Allah wasteth not the wage of the believers.
- 172. As for those who heard the call of Allah and His messenger after the harm befell them (in the fight); for such of them as do right and ward off (evil), there is great reward.
- 173. Those unto whom men said: Lo! the people have gathered against you, therefor fear them. (The threat of danger) but increased the faith of them and they cried: Allah is Sufficient for us! Most Excellent is He in Whom we trust!
- 174. So they returned with grace and favour from Allah, and no harm touched them. They followed the good pleasure

رضُّوانَ ٱللهُ وَٱللهُ ذُو فَضَّل عَظيم ١٠٠٠ إِنَّمَا ذَالكُمُ ٱلشَّبْطَانُ يُحَوِّفُ أَوْلَيَاءَهُ فَلَا يَخَافُوهُمْ وَخَافُونَ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمنينَ وَثِينَ وَلَا يَعْزُنكَ الَّذِينَ يُسَارِعُونَ فِي ٱلْكُفْرَ إِنْهُ مَ أَن يَضُرُواْ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ الَّا يَجْعَلَ هَمْ حَظًّا في ٱلْآخِرَةُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ عَظيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ٱشْتَرَوْا ٱلْكُفْرَ بِاللَّإِيمَانِ لَن يَضُرُّ وَا اللَّهَ شَيْعًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلَمْ ١٠٠ وَلَا يَحْسَبُنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَنَّمَا ثُمْلِي لَمُمْ خَيْرٌ لَأَنفُسهم إِنَّمَا نُمْلِي هَمُ لَيَزْدَادُواْ إِنْمَا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿ مَّا كَانَ اللهُ ليَـذَرَ الْمُؤْمنينَ عَلَى مَا أَنُمُ عَلَيْهُ حَتَّى يَميزَ ٱلْخَيَيْثَ مِنَ ٱلطَّيْبُ وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لَيُطْلَعَكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْغَيْب وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهَ يَجْتَنِي مِن رُّسُله ع مَن يَشَاء فَعَامنُواْ بِالله ورسله وإن تُومنوا وتَتَقُوا فَلَكُمْ أَجْرُ عَظْمُ ١ ****

of Allah, and Allah is of Infinite Bounty.

175. It is only the devil who would make (men) fear his partisans. Fear them not; fear Me, if ye are true believers.

176. Let not their conduct grieve thee, who run easily to disbelief, for lo! they injure Allah not at all. It is Allah's Will to assign them no portion in the Hereafter, and theirs will be an awful doom.

177. Those who purchase disbelief at the price of faith harm Allah not at all, but theirs will be a painful doom.

178. And let not those who disbelieve imagine that the rein We give them bodeth good unto their souls. We only give them rein that they may grow in sinfulness. And theirs will be a shameful doom.

179. It is not (the purpose) of Allah to leave you in your present state till He shall separate the wicked from the good. And it is not (the purpose of) Allah to let you know the Unseen. But Allah chooseth of His messengers whom He will, (to receive knowledge thereof). So believe in Allah and His messengers. If ye believe and ward off (evil), yours will be a vast reward.

وَلَا يَحْسَنُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَبِحُلُونَ مَنَ اللَّهُ مُم ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضَّلَه ع ور روم توطع مر ور را الله و مراهم مسيطوقون ما بخلوا به يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَاحَةَ وَللهُ ميزَاثُ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَٱللَّهُ بَىٰ تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ رَبُّنِ لَقَدْ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّذِيرَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَتَحْنُ أَغْنِيآ ۗ سَنَكْتُ مَا قَالُواْ وَقَتْلَهُمُ ٱلْأَنْبِيَآءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقَّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ بَمَا قَلَّمَتْ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَنَّ ٱللهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَّامِ لَلْعَبِيدِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مَا عَلَيْهِ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ ٱللهَ عَهِ لَ إِلَيْنَآ أَلَّا نُؤْمِنَ لِرَسُولِ حَتَّى يَأْ تَيْنَا بِقُرْبَانِ تَأْكُلُهُ ٱلنَّـارُّ ۖ قُلْ قَدْ جَآءَكُمْ رُسُلٌ مّر. قَبْلِي بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَبِالَّذِي قُلُّتُمْ فَلَمَّ قَتَلْتُمُوهُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقِينَ ١٠٠ فَإِن كَذَّابُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذَّبَ رُسُلٌ مِّن قَبْكَ جَآءً وبِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ وَالزُّبُرُ وَٱلْكَتَابِ ٱلْمُنيرِ ١

- 180. And let not those who hoard up that which Allah hath bestowed upon them of His bounty think that it is better for them. Nay, it is worse for them. That which they hoard will be their collar on the Day of Resurrection. Allah's is the heritage of the heavens and the earth, and Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 181. Verily Allah heard the saying of those who said, (when asked for contributions to the war): "Allah, forsooth, is poor, and we are rich!" We shall record their saying with their slaying of the prophets wrongfully and We shall say: Taste ye the punishment of burning!
- 182. This is on account of that which your own hands have sent before (you to the judgment). Allah is no oppressor of (His) bondmen.
- 183. (The same are) those who say: Lo! Allah hath charged us that we believe not in any messenger until he bring us an offering which fire (from heaven) shall devour. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Messengers came unto you before me with miracles, and with that (very miracle) which ye describe. Why then did ye slay them? (Answer that) if ye are truthful!
- 184. And if they deny thee, even so did they deny messengers who were before thee, who came with miracles and with the Psalms and with the Scripture giving light.

¹ A saying of some Jews of Al-Madinah.

يَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَةَ فَمَن زُحْرَحَ عَن النَّارِ وَأَدْخِلَ الْجُخَّةَ فَقَدْ فَازُّ وَمَا ٱلْحَيَاةُ ٱلدُّنْيَ ۚ إِلَّا مَتَكُمُ ٱلْفُرُورِ شِيْ * لَتُبْلُونُ فِي أَمُولَكُمْ وَأَنْفُسُكُمْ وَلَيَسْمَعُنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَلَبَ مِن قَبَلَكُمْ وَمَنَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوٓ أَأَذَى كَثِيرًا وَ إِن تَصْبِرُواْ وَنَتَقُواْ فَإِنَّ ذَالِكَ مِنْ عَنْمِ ٱلْأَمُورِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مُورِ ﴿ إِنَّا وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللهُ مِيثَنِي الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَنْبَ لَنُبَيِّنُنَّهُ للنَّاس وَلَا تَكْتُمُونَهُ وَنَبَدُوهُ وَرَآء طُهُورهم وَأَشْتَرُواْ به ء تَمَنَّا قَلَيْلًا فَبِنْسَ مَا يَشْتَرُونَ ١٠ لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ

كُلُّ نَفْسِ ذَا يَقَةُ ٱلْمَوْتُ وَإِنِّكَ أُوفَوْنَ أَجُورَكُمْ

يَفْرَحُونَ بَمَا أَتُواْ وَيُحِبُونَ أَن يُحْمَدُواْ بِمَا لَهُ يَفْعَلُواْ فَلَا

تَحْسَيْنَهُم عَفَازَة مَّنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَهَدُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَمٌ ١

وَللهُ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَنُواتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّلَ شَيْءٍ

- on the Day of Resurrection only that which ye have fairly earned. Whoso is removed from the Fire and is made to enter paradise, he indeed is triumphant. The life of this world is but comfort of illusion.
- 186. Assuredly ye will be tried in your property and in your persons, and ye will hear much wrong from those who were given the Scripture before you, and from the idolaters. But if ye persevere and ward off (evil), then that is of the steadfast heart of things.
- 187. And (remember) when Allah laid a charge on those who had received the Scripture (He said): Ye are to expound it to mankind and not to hide it. But they flung it behind their backs and bought thereby a little gain. Verily evil is that which they have gained thereby.
- 188. Think not that those who exult in what they have given, and love to be praised for what they have not done—
 Think not, they are in safety from the doom. A painful doom is theirs.
- 189. Unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. Allah is Able to do all things.

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قَديرُ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَاءَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتَلَافِ الَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارَ لَآيَت لأُولِ الأَلْبَبِ ﴿ الَّذِينَ بَذْكُرُونَ ٱللهَ قَيْلُما وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَى جُنُوبِهِمْ وَيَتَفَكَّرُ ونَ ف خَلْق ٱلسَّمَنَوَات وَٱلْأَرْض رَبِّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَنذَا بَطلًا سُبْحَننَكَ فَقَنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّكَ مَن تُدْخِلِ النَّارَ فَقَدْ أَخْزِيتُهُ وَمَا للظَّلْلَمِينَ مَنْ أَنصَار ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّا سَمَعْنَا مُنَادِياً يُنَادَى لِلْإِيمَانَ أَنْ عَامِنُواْ بِرَبِكُرْفَامَنَا رَبَّنَا فَأَغْفِرْ لَنَّا ذُنُوبَنَا وَكَفَرْعَنَّا سَيْعَاتِنَا وَتَوَفَّنَا مَعَ ٱلْأَرْار ١ رَبِّنَا وَءَاتِنَا مَا وَعَدَّنَّا عَلَى رُسُلكَ وَلا تُحْزَنَا يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَدَمَة إِنَّكَ لَا تُخْلِفُ الميعَادَ ﴿ فَا فَأَسْتَجَابَ لَمُمْ رَبُّهُمْ أَنَّى لَا أَضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَلمل مَّنكُم مِن ذَكِّر أَو أَنْفَى بَعْضُكُم مَنْ بَعْضَ فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَّرُواْ وَأَثْمَرُجُواْ مِنْ دِيْرَهِمْ وَأُوذُواْ

- 190. Lo! In the creation of the heavens and the earth and (in) the difference of night and day are tokens (of His Sovereignty) for men of understanding,
- reclining, and consider the creation of the heavens and the earth, (and say): Our Lord! Thou createdst not this in vain. Glory be to Thee! Preserve us from the doom of Fire.
- 192. Our Lord! Whom Thou causest to enter the Fire: him indeed Thou hast confounded. For evil-doers there will be no helpers.
- 193. Our Lord! Lo! we have heard a crier calling unto Faith: "Believe ye in your Lord!" So we believed. Our Lord! Therefor forgive us our sins, and remit from us our evil deeds, and make us die the death of the righteous.
- 194. Our Lord! And give us that which Thou hast promised to us by Thy messengers. Confound us not upon the Day of Resurrection. Lo! Thou breakest not the tryst.
- 195. And their Lord hath heard them (and He saith): Lo! I suffer not the work of any worker, male or female, to be lost. Ye proceed one from another. So those who fled and were driven forth from their homes and suffered

¹ This expression, which occurs in the Cur'an, is a seminder so men that women are of the same human status as themselves.

في سَبِيلِي وَقَلْتَلُواْ وَقُتِلُواْ لَأَكَفَرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيْعَاتِهُمْ وَلَأَدْخَلَنَّهُمْ جَنَّلت تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ ثَوَا بَا مَنْ عند الله وَاللهُ عندَهُ حُسنُ الشُّوَابِ ﴿ لَا يَغُرَّنَّكَ تَقَلُّبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فِي الْبِلَنِدِ ﴿ مَا مَنَّكُ قَلِيلٌ ثُمَّ مَأْوَنَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَبُئْسَ الْمَهَادُ ﴿ إِنَّ لَكُنَ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْاْ رَبُّهُمْ لَهُمُ جَنَّكَ تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا زُزُلًا مِّنْ عنـ دَ اللهِ وَمَا عندَ الله خَيْرُ لَلاَّ بْرَارِ ﴿ إِنَّا مِنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْكَتَابِ لَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَمَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَمَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِـمْ خَصْعَبِنَ للهَ لَا يَشْـتَرُونَ بِعَايَلتِ اللهُ تَمَنَّا قَليلًا أُولَنَهِكَ لَهُمُ أَجْرُهُمْ عَندَ رَبَّهُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللهَ سَرِيعُ الحسَاب ﴿ يَكَأَيُّكَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ اصْبِرُواْ وَصَابِرُواْ وَرَاهِمُواْ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ 😁 🌞

damage for My cause, and fought and were slain, verily I shall remit their evil deeds from them and verily I shall bring them into Gardens underneath which rivers flow—A reward from Allah. And with Allah is the fairest of rewards.

- 196. Let not the vicissitude (of the success) of those who disbelieve, in the land, deceive thee (O Muhammad).
- 197. It is but a brief comfort. And afterward their habitation will be hell, an ill abode.
- 198. But, those who keep their duty to their Lord, for them are Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will be safe for ever. A gift of welcome from their Lord. That which Allah hath in store is better for the righteous.
- 199. And lo! of the People of the Scripture there are some who believe in Allah and that which is revealed unto you and that which was revealed unto them, humbling themselves before Allah. They purchase not a trifling gain at the price of the revelations of Allah. Verily their reward is with their Lord. Lo! Allah is swift to take account.
- 200. O ye who believe! Endure, outdo all others in endurance, be ready, and observe your duty to Allah, in order that ye may succeed.

SÜRAH IV

An-Niså, "Women," is so called because it deals largely with women's rights. The period of revelation is the months following the battle of Uhud, or, between the end of the third year and the end of the fifth year of the Prophet's reign at Al-Madinah. As the sûrah contains no reference to the siege of Al-Madinah ("The War of the Trench") by the allied tribes, which took place in the fifth year, I should rather say, between the end of the third year and the beginning of the fifth year.

Many Muslims were killed at the battle of Uhud, hence the concern for orphans and widows in the opening verses which lead on to a declaration of some rights of women of which they were deprived among the pagan Arabs. The defection of the Hypocrites—as the lukewarm or purely time-serving adherents were called—had been the chief cause of the reverse at Uhud; and after that reverse some of the Jewish tribes, who had till then observed the letter of their treaty with the Prophet, became avowed supporters of the enemy, even going so far as to declare that the old Arab idolatry was preferable to Al-Islâm as a religion, and giving help and information to Qureysh, so that in the end the Muslims were obliged to make war on them. Both the Hypocrites and the rebellious Jews are dealt with incidentally in this sûrah, the former at some length. There is a reference to Christian beliefs in vv. 171–2.

The period of revelation is the fourth year of the Hijrah.

(٤) سُوْطُ النسّناء مَلاثِيْت وآياها ١٧٦ نزلِت بغّداللمنحنت

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الْأَخْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

يَنَأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مَّن نَّفْس وَحدَة وَخَلَقَ مَنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مَنْهُمَا رَجَالًا كَثِيرًا وَنسَآمُ وَآتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ ٱلَّذِي تَسَآءَ لُونَ بِهِ ۚ وَٱلْأَرْحَامُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللهَ كَانَ عَلَيْكُمْ رَقيبًا ١٥ وَءَانُواْ الْيَنْدَى أَمْوَ لَمْمُ وَلاَ تَتَبَدَّلُواْ ٱلْخَيِثَ بِٱلطِّيبُ وَلَا تَأْكُلُواْ أَمْوَالْهُمْ إِلَّا أَمْوَالْكُمْ إِنَّهُ كَانَ حُوبًا كَبِيرًا ﴿ وَإِنْ خَفْتُمْ أَلَّا تُقْسَطُواْ ف ٱلْبَتَامَىٰ فَأَنْكُمُ مَنَ ٱلنَّسَاءِ مَثْنَىٰ وَثُلَثَ وَرَبُّمْ فَإِنْ خَفْتُمْ أَلَّا تَعْدَلُواْ فَوَاحَدَةً أَوْمَا مَلَكَتْ





Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O mankind! Be careful of your duty to your Lord Who created you from a single soul and from it created its mate and from them twain hath spread abroad a multitude of men and women. Be careful of your duty toward Allah in Whom ye claim (your rights) of one another, and toward the wombs (that bare you). Lo! Allah hath been a Watcher over you.
- Give unto orphans their wealth. Exchange not the good for the bad (in your management thereof) nor absorb their wealth into your own wealth. Lo! that would be a great sin.
- 3. And if ye fear that ye will not deal fairly by the orphans, marry of the women, who seem good to you, two or three or four; and if ye fear that ye cannot do justice (to so many) then one (only) or (the captives) that your right

أَمْنَنُكُمُّ ذَاكَ أَدْنَكَ أَلَّا تَعُولُواْ ﴿ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلنَّسَآءَ صَدُقَتْهِنَ نَحْلَةً فَإِن طَبْنَ لَكُرْ عَن شَيْءٍ مَّنْهُ نَفْسًا فَكُلُوهُ هَنتِكًا مَّربَّكًا ﴿ وَلا تُؤْتُواْ السَّفَهَاءَ أَمُوالَّكُمُ الَّتِي جَعَلَ ٱللهُ لَكُرَّ قَيْدُما وَأَرْزُقُوهُمْ فِيهَا وَأَكْسُوهُمْ وَقُولُواْ لَحُمُ قَوْلًا مْعُرُوفًا () وَابْتَلُواْ الْيَتَدَعَى حَنَّى إِذَا بَلَغُواْ النَّكَاحَ فَإِنْ بره و موره مرم ريروس عَانَستُم منهم رشدًا فَادْفُعُواْ إِلَيْهِمُ أَمُوالُهُمْ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَا إِسْرَا فَا وَبِدَارًا أَن يَكْبَرُواْ وَمَن كَانَ غَنيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعْفُ وَمَن كَانَ فَقيرًا فَلْيَأْ كُلِّ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفَ فَإِذَا دَفَعْتُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ فَأَشْهِدُواْ عَلَيْهُمْ وَكُفِّن بِٱللهُ حَسِيبًا ﴿ لِلَّهِ جَالَ نَصِيبٌ مَّا تَرَكَ ٱلْمَالَدَانِ وَٱلْأَقْرَبُونَ وَللنَّسَآءِ نَصِيبٌ مَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ مَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ أَوْكَ ثُرَّ نَعِيدًا مَفْرُوضًا ١٠ وَإِذَا حَضَرَ الْقَسْمَةَ أُولُواْ الْقُرْيَ hands possess. Thus it is more likely that ye will not do injustice.

- 4. And give unto the women (whom ye marry) free gift of their marriage portions; but if they of their own accord remit unto you a part thereof, then ye are welcome to absorb it (in your wealth).
- 5. Give not unto the foolish (what is in) your (keeping of their) wealth, which Allah hath given you to maintain; but feed and clothe them from it, and speak kindly unto them.
- 6. Prove orphans till they reach the marriageable age; then, if ye find them of sound judgment, deliver over unto them their fortune; and devour it not by squandering and in haste lest they should grow up Whoso (of the guardians) is rich, let him abstain generously (from taking of the property of orphans); and whoso is poor let him take thereof in reason (for his guardianship). And when ye deliver up their fortune unto orphans, have (the transaction) witnessed in their presence. Allah sufficeth as a Reckoner.
- 7. Unto the men (of a family) belongeth a share of that which parents and near kindred leave, and unto the women a share of that which parents and near kindred leave, whether it be little or much—a legal share.
 - 8. And when kinsfolk and orphans and the needy are

وَالْيَتَلَغَىٰ وَالْمَسَكِينُ فَارْزُونُوهُم مَّنَّهُ وَقُولُواْ لَهُمَّ قَوْلًا مَّعُرُوهُا ﴿ وَلْيَخْشَ الَّذِينَ لَوْ رَكُواْ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ ذُرَّيَّةً ضعَنْهًا خَافُواْعَلَيْمْ فَلْيَتَّقُواْ ٱللهُ وَلْيَقُولُواْ قَوْلاً سَديدًا ٢ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ أَمْوَالَ الْيَتَدَمَى ظُلْمًا إِنَّكَ يَأْكُلُونَ في بُعُونهم نَارًا وَسَيْصَلُونَ سَعِيرًا رَبُّ يُوصِيكُمُ اللهُ فِيَّ أَوْلَندُكُمْ للذَّكَرِ مِشْلُ حَظَّ ٱلْأُنتَكِيْنَ فَإِن كُنَّ نَسَاءً فَوْقَ اثْنَتَيْنُ فَلَهُ مُن ثُلُفَ مَا تَرَكُّ وَإِن كَانَتْ وَاحدَةً فَلَهَا النَّصْفُ وَلأَبَوَيْه لكُلِّ وَاحد مَّنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ مَّا رَكَ إِن كَانَ لَهُ, وَلَدٌ فَإِن لَمْ يَكُن لَهُ وَلَدُو وَرَنَّهُ أَبَوَاهُ فَلاَّمَهُ الثُّلُثُ فَإِن كَانَ لَهُ إِنَّا إِخْدَةٌ فَلاُّمَّهِ ٱلسَّدُسُّ مر يَعْدُ وَمِينَةً فِي أَنْهُ مِنْ أُودِينَ عَابًا وَكُمْ وَأَبْنَا وَكُمْ لَا تَدُرُونَ أَيِّهِم أَقْرِبُ لَكُمْ نَفْعًا فَرِيضَةً مَنَ اللهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

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present at the division (of the heritage), bestow on them therefrom and speak kindly unto them.

- 9. And let those fear (in their behaviour toward orphans) who if they left behind them weak offspring would be afraid for them. So let them mind their duty to Allah, and speak justly.
- 10. Lo! Those who devour the wealth of orphans wrongfully, they do but swallow fire into their bellies, and they will be exposed to burning flame.
- 11. Allah chargeth you concerning (the provision for) your children: to the male the equivalent of the portion of two females, and if there be women more than two, then theirs is two-thirds of the inheritance, and if there be one (only) then the half. And to each of his¹ parents a sixth of the inheritance, if he have a son; and if he have no son and his parents are his heirs, then to his mother appertaineth the third; and if he have brethren, then to his mother appertaineth the sixth, after any legacy he may have bequeathed, or debt (hath been paid). Your parents and your children: Ye know not which of them is nearer unto you in usefulness. It is an injunction from Allah. Lo! Allah is Knower, Wise.

¹ The deceased.



كَانَ عَلَمُ احْكُمُ إِنَّ * وَلَكُمْ نَصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ أَزْ وَاجْكُمْ إِن لَّهُ يَكُن لَّمُن وَلَدٌ فَإِن كَانَ لَمُنَّ وَلَدٌ فَلَكُمُ ٱلْرَبُعُ مَّا رَ حَنْ مَن بَعْد وَصِيَّة يُوصِينَ بَهِ أَوْدَيْنَ وَلَمْنَ الرَّبُعُ مَّا تَرَكُتُمْ إِن لَّهُ يَكُن لَّكُمْ وَلَدٌّ فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌّ فَلَهُنَّ ٱلثُّمُنُّ مِمَّا تَرَكُّتُمْ مَنْ بَعْد وَصيَّة تُوصُونَ بَهَا أُودَيْنُ وَ إِن كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُورَثُ كَلَالَةً أُو آمْرَاةٌ وَلَهُ إِنَّ خُ أَوْأَخُتُ فَلَكُلُّ وَ'حد مَنْهُمَا ٱلسُّدُسُ فَإِن كَانُواْ أَكْثَرَمن دَّالَكَ فَهُمْ شُرَكَآءُ فِي ٱلثَّلُثُ مِنْ بَعْد وَصِيَّة يُوصَيٰ بَهَآ أَوْ دَيْنَ غَيْرَ مُضَارً وَصِيَّةُ مَنَ الله وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ حَلَيْمٍ ١ تَلْكَ حُدُودُ اللهُ وَمَن يُطع اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ يُدَخَلُهُ جَنَّك تَجْرى من تَعَبَّ الْأَنْهَارُ خَلدينَ فيها وَذَاكَ الْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ٢٠ وَمَن يَعْص الله وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ

- 12. And unto you belongeth a half of that which your wives leave, if they have no child; but if they have a child then unto you the fourth of that which they leave, after any legacy they may have bequeathed, or debt (they may have contracted, hath been paid). And unto them belongeth the fourth of that which ye leave if ye have no child, but if ye have a child then the eighth of that which ye leave, after any legacy ye may have bequeathed, or debt (ye may have contracted, hath been paid). And if a man or a woman have a distant heir (having left neither parent nor child), and he (or she) have a brother or a sister (only on the mother's side) then to each of them twain (the brother and the sister) the sixth, and if they be more than two, then they shall be sharers in the third, after any legacy that may have been bequeathed or debt (contracted) not injuring (the heirs by willing away more than a third of the heritage) hath been paid. A commandment from Allah. Allah is Knower, Indulgent.
- 13. These are the limits (imposed by) Allah. Whoso obeyeth Allah and His messenger, He will make him enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow, where such will dwell for ever. That will be the great success.
 - 14. And whoso disobeyeth Allah and His messenger and

يُدْخَلُهُ نَارًا خَدَلَدًا فِيهَا وَلَهُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ عَيْنٌ وَٱلَّتِي يَأْتِينَ ٱلْفَنحشَةَ من نَّسَآ بِكُرْ فَٱسْتَشْهُدُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ أَرْبَعَةٌ مَّنكُرُ فَإِن شَهِدُواْ فَأَمْسَكُوهُنَّ فِي الْبُيُوتِ حَتَّى يَتُوفَّا لُهُنَّ ٱلْمَوْتُ أَوْيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ لَمَنَّ سَبِيلًا ﴿ وَالَّذَانِ يَأْتِينَهَا مِنكُمْ فَعَاذُوهُمْ فَإِن تَابَا وَأَصْلَحَا فَأَعْرِضُواْ عَنْهُمَا ۗ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ تَوَّابًا رَّحًّا ﴿ إِنَّهَا ٱلتَّوْبَةُ عَلَى ٱلله لَّذَينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلشُّوَّة بَجَهَالَة ثُمَّ يَتُوبُونَ من قَريب فَأُولَتَهِكَ يَتُوبُ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَمَا حَكُمًا ١٠ وَلَيْسَتِ التَّوْبَةُ للَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلسَّيْعَاتِ حَتَّى إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ قَالَ إِنَّى تُبْتُ ٱلْقَانَ وَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ يَمُوتُونَ وَهُمَّ كُفَّارًّ أُولَيْكَ أَعْتَدْنَا لَمُمْ عَذَابًا أَلَمُ ١ إِنَّا أَمَّا الَّذِينَ المَنُواْ لَا يَعَلُّ لَكُمْ أَنْ تَرْمُواْ النَّسَاءَ كُرُّهَا وَلَا تَعْضُلُوهُنَّ لَنَذْهَبُواْ

transgresseth His limits, He will make him enter Fire, where he will dwell for ever; his will be a shameful doom.

- 15. As for those of your women who are guilty of lewdness, call to witness four of you against them. And if they testify (to the truth of the allegation) then confine them to the houses until death take them or (until) Allah appoint for them a way (through new legislation).
- 16. And as for the two of you who are guilty thereof, punish them both. And if they repent and improve, then let them be. Lo! Allah is ever Relenting, Merciful.
- 17. Forgiveness is only incumbent on Allah toward those who do evil in ignorance (and) then turn quickly (in repentance) to Allah. These are they toward whom Allah relenteth. Allah is ever Knower, Wise.
- 18. The forgiveness is not for those who do ill-deeds until, when death attendeth upon one of them, he saith: Lo! I repent now; nor yet for those who die while they are disbelievers. For such We have prepared a painful doom.
- 19. O ye who believe! It is not lawful for you forcibly to inherit the women (of your deceased kinsmen), nor (that) ye should put constraint upon them that ye may take away

بَعْض مَا ءَأَتُونُهُ وَهُنَّ إِلَّا أَن يَأْتِينَ بِفَنحَسَة مُبَيِّنَة وَعَاشُرُ وَهُنَّ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفَ فَإِن كَرَهْتُمُوهُنَّ فَعَسَى أَبَ تَكْرَهُواْ شَيْعًا وَيَجْعَلَ اللهُ فيه خَيْرًا كَثيرًا رَبِّي وَإِنْ أَرَدْتُمُ ٱسْتَبْدَالَ زَوْجٍ مَّكَانَ زَوْجٍ وَءَاتَيْتُمْ إِحْدَىٰهُنَّ فَنطَارًا فَلا تَأْخُذُوا مُّنَّهُ شَيَّعًا أَتَأْخُذُونَهُ مُهْتَنَّا وَإِنَّكَا مُبِينًا عِي وَكَيْفَ تَأْخُذُونَهُ, وَقَدْأَ فْضَى بَعْضُكُمْ إِلَى بَعْض وَأَخَذْنَ منكُم مَيْفَاقًا غَلَيْظًا ﴿ وَلَا تَنكُواْ مَا نَكُحَ اَ ابَّا وَكُم مِّنَ ٱلنَّسَآءِ إِلَّا مَاقَدْ سَلَفٌ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَدحشَةُ وَمَقْتًا وَسَآءَ سَبِيلًا ﴿ مُنَّ عَلَيْكُمُ أُمَّهَا تُكُرُّ وَبِنَا تُكُرُّ وَأَخَوَا نُحَرَّ تُكُرُّ وَعَمَّلَتُكُرُ وَخَالَلْتُكُرُ وَبَنَاتُ الْأَحْ وَبَنَاتُ الْأَحْت وَأُمَّهَانَتُكُو الَّذِي أَرْضَعْنَكُمْ وَأَخَوَا يُكُمِّنَ الرَّضَاعَة وأمهلت نسآيكم وربتيبكم التي في حجوركم من 9 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

a part of that which ye have given them, unless they be guilty of flagrant lewdness. But consort with them in kindness, for if ye hate them it may happen that ye hate a thing wherein Allah hath placed much good.

- 20. And if ye wish to exchange one wife for another and ye have given unto one of them a sum of money (however great), take nothing from it. Would ye take it by the way of calumny and open wrong?
- 21. How can ye take it (back) after one of you hath gone in unto the other, and they have taken a strong pledge from you?
- 22. And marry not those women whom your fathers married, except what hath already happened (of that nature) in the past. Lo! it was ever lewdness and abomination, and an evil way.
- 23. Forbidden unto you are your mothers, and your daughters, and your sisters, and your father's sisters, and your mother's sisters, and your brother's daughters and your sister's daughters, and your foster-mothers, and your foster-sisters, and your mothers-in-law, and your step-daughters who are under your protection (born) of your women unto

نْسَآيِكُمُ ٱلَّذِي دَخَلْتُم بِهِنَّ فَإِن لَّوْ تَكُونُواْ دَخَلْتُم بِهِنَّ فَلا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَحَلَيْلُ أَبْنَا بِكُدُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ أَصْلَبِكُمْ وَأَن تَجْمَعُواْ بَيْنَ ٱلْأُنْحَنَيْنِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيكًا ﴿ وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ النَّسَآءِ إِلَّا مَامَلَكُتْ أَيْمَنُنُكُمُّ كَتَنَبَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمُّ وَأُحلَّ لَكُم مَّاوَرَآءَ ذَاكُرُ أَن تَبْتَغُواْ بِأَمْوَالِكُم عُصْنِينَ غَيْرَمُسَفَعِينَ وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيَا تَرَاضَيْتُم به ع من بَعْد ٱلْفَريضَة إِنَّ ٱللهَ كَانَ عَلَيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿ وَمَن لَّمْ يَسْتَطَعُ مَنكُمْ طَوْلًا أَن يَنكَحَ المُحْصَنَاتِ المُوْمِنَاتِ فَن مَّا مَلَكَتْ أَيْنَانُكُ مِن فَتَيَانَكُ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ وَاللهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيمَانَكُمُ يَعْضُكُمْ مَنْ يَعْضَ فَأَنْكُحُوهُنَّ بِإِذِّن أَهْلَهِنَّ وَءَاتُوهُنَّ



whom ye have gone in—but if ye have not gone in unto them, then it is no sin for you (to marry their daughters) and the wives of your sons who (spring) from your own loins. And (it is forbidden unto you) that ye should have two sisters together, except what hath already happened (of that nature) in the past. Lo! Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.

- 24. And all married women (are forbidden unto you) save those (captives) whom your right hands possess. It is a decree of Allah for you. Lawful unto you are all beyond those mentioned, so that ye seek them with your wealth in honest wedlock, not debauchery. And those of whom ye seek content (by marrying them), give unto them their portions as a duty. And there is no sin for you in what ye do by mutual agreement after the duty (hath been done). Lo! Allah is ever Knower, Wise.
- 25. And whoso is not able to afford to marry free, believing women, let them marry from the believing maids whom your right hands possess. Allah knoweth best (concerning) your faith. Ye (proceed) one from another; so wed them by permission of their folk, and give unto them their

³ This expression, which recurs in the Qur'an, is a reminder to men that women are of the same human status as themselves.

أَجُورَهُنَ بَا لَمَعْرُوف مُصَنِّلَت غَيْرَ مُسْلِفَحَلِت وَلَا مُتَّخَذَات أَخْدَانٌ فَإِذَآ أُحْصِنَّ فَإِنَّ أَتَيْنَ بِفَاحِشَة فَعَلَيْنَ نَصْفُ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحْصَنَات مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ ذَالكَ لَمَنْ خَشَىَ ٱلْعَنَتَ منكُرٌ ۚ وَأَنْ تَصْبِرُواْ خَيْرٌ لَّـكُمُّ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمٌ ويُّ يُريدُ اللهُ ليُبينَ لَكُرُ وَيَهْديكُرْ سُنَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَيَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَمٌ حَكُمٌ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَيُرِيدُ الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ الشَّهَوَ'ت أَن تَميلُواْ مَيْـلًا عَظيمًا ﴿ يُنْ يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَن يُخَفَّفَ عَنكُرُّ ۚ وَخُلَقَ ٱلَّا نِسَنُ ضَعِيفًا ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَأْكُلُواْ أَمْوَا لَكُد بَيْنَكُ بِٱلْبَلِطِلْ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَ نَجَلْرَةً عَن تَرَاض مَّنكُمْ ۚ وَلَا تَقْتُلُوٓا أَنفُسَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُمْ رَحِهَا ۞ وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَاكَ عُدُواناً وَظُلْمُ فَسَوْفَ نُصَّلِيه نَاراً

portions in kindness, they being honest, not debauched nor of loose conduct. And if when they are honourably married they commit lewdness they shall incur the half of the punishment (prescribed) for free women (in that case). This is for him among you who feareth to commit sin. But to have patience would be better for you. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

- 26. Allah would explain to you and guide you by the examples of those who were before you, and would turn to you in mercy. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 27. And Allah would turn to you in mercy; but those who follow vain desires would have you go tremendously astray.
- 28. Allah would make the burden light for you, for man was created weak.
- 29. O ye who believe! Squander not your wealth among yourselves in vanity, except it be a trade by mutual consent. and kill not one another. Lo! Allah is ever Merciful unto you.
 - 30. Whoso doeth that through aggression and injustice,

وَكَانَ ذَاكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرًا ﴿ إِن تَجْتَنْبُواْ كَبَّا يَرَمَا تُنْهُونَ عَنْهُ نُكَفِّرْ عَنكُمْ سَيَّعَا تكُمُّ وَنُدْخِلْكُمُ مُدْخَلًا كَرِيمَا ﴿ وَلَا نَتَمَنُّواْ مَا فَضَّلَ ٱللهُ بهء بَعْضَكُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضٌ لَّلرِّجَال نَصِيبٌ مَّنَا اكْتَسَبُواْ وَلِلنَّسَاءِ نَصِيبٌ مَّنَا اكْتَسَبَّنَ وَسْتَلُواْ ٱللهَ مَن فَضَّله م إِنَّ ٱلله كَانَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَمَا ﴿ ٢ وَلَكُلَّ جَعَلْنَا مَوَ'لَى مَّا تَرَكَ ٱلْوَ'لِدَان وَٱلْأَقْرَبُونَ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ عَقَدَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ فَعَاتُوهُمْ نَصِيبُهُمْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَى كُلَّ مَني مِ شَهِيدًا رَأَى الرَّجَالُ قَوَّامُونَ عَلَى النَّسَآءِ بِمَا فَضَّلَ اللهُ بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْض وَ بِمَاۤ أَنفَقُواْ مِنْ أَمْوَاهُمُّ فَالصَّالحَاتُ قَانِتَاتٌ حَافظَاتٌ لَلْغَيْبِ عَـَا حَفظَ اللَّهُ وَالَّتِي نَحَافُونَ نُشُوزَهُنَّ فَعَظُوهُنَّ وَاهْجُرُوهُنَّ فِي الْمَضَاحِ وَأَضْرِبُوهُنَّ فَإِنَّ أَطَّعَنَّكُمْ فَلَا تَبْغُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ سَبِيلًا

إن

We shall cast him into Fire, and that is ever easy for Allah.

- 31. If ye avoid the great (things) which ye are forbidden, We will remit from you your evil deeds and make you enter at a noble gate.
- 32. And covet not the thing in which Allah hath made some of you excel others. Unto men a fortune from that which they have earned, and unto women a fortune from that which they have earned. (Envy not one another) but ask Allah of His bounty. Lo! Allah is ever Knower of all things.
- 33. And unto each We have appointed heirs of that which parents and near kindred leave; and as for those with whom your right hands have made a covenant, give them their due. Lo! Allah is ever Witness over all things.
- 34. Men are in charge of women, because Allah hath made the one of them to excel the other, and because they spend of their property (for the support of women). So good women are the obedient, guarding in secret that which Allah hath guarded. As for those from whom ye fear rebellion, admonish them and banish them to beds apart, and scourge them. Then if they obey you, seek not a way

إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ عَلَيًّا كَبيرًا ﴿ وَإِنْ حَفْتُمْ شَقَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا فَأَ بْعَثُواْ حَكُما مِنْ أَهْلِهِ عَ وَحَكَما مَنْ أَهْلِهَا إِن يُريدَآ إِصْلَحَا يُو فَقَ اللهُ بَيْنَهُما إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَعَلَمَّا خَبِيرًا ﴿ * وَأَعْبُدُواْ الله وَلَا تُشْرِكُواْ به عَ شَيْئًا وَبا لُوَ لَدَيْن إِحْسَنا وَبدى الْقُرُّ بَى وَالْيَتَنَمَى وَالْمَسَكِينِ وَالْجُارِذِي الْقُرُّ بِي وَالْجَارِ ٱلْحُنُبُ وَالصَّاحِبِ بِٱلْحَنَٰبِ وَأَبْنِ السَّبِيلِ وَمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَنُكُمُّ إِنَّ اللهَ لَايُحِبُّ مَن كَانَ مُخْتَ الْا فَخُورًا ١ ٱلَّذِينَ يَبْخَلُونَوَ يَأْمُرُ وَنَ ٱلنَّاسَ بِٱلْبُخْلِ وَيَكْتُمُونَ مَآ ٓ اتَّلَهُمُ اللهُ من فَضْلُهُ وَأَعْتَدْنَا للْكَنفرينَ عَذَابًا مُهينًا ﴿ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفَقُونَ أَمْوَ ۚ لَهُمْ رِعَآءَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلله وَلَا بِٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرَ وَمَن يَكُن ٱلشَّيْطَانُ لَهُ قَريناً فَسَآءَ قَرِيكَ ﴿ وَمَاذَا عَلَيْهِمْ لَوْءَ امْنُواْ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآبر



against them. Lo! Allah is ever High, Exalted, Great.

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- 35. And if ye fear a breach between them twain (the man and wife), appoint an arbiter from his folk and an arbiter from her folk. If they desire amendment Allah will make them of one mind. Lo! Allah is ever Knower, Aware.
- 36. And serve Allah. Ascribe no thing as partner unto Him. (Show) kindness unto parents, and unto near kindred, and orphans, and the needy, and unto the neighbour who is of kin (unto you) and the neighbour who is not of kin, and the fellow-traveller and the wayfarer and (the slaves) whom your right hands possess. Lo! Allah loveth not such as are proud and boastful,
- 37. Who hoard their wealth and enjoin avarice on others, and hide that which Allah hath bestowed upon them of His bounty. For disbelievers We prepare a shameful doom;
- 38. And (also) those who spend their wealth in order to be seen of men, and believe not in Allah nor the Last Day. Whoso taketh Satan for a comrade, a bad comrade hath he.
- 39. What have they (to fear) if they believe in Allah

وَأَنْفَقُواْ مَّكَ رَزَقَهُمُ اللهُ وَكَانَ اللهُ بِهِمْ عَلَمًا رَبِّي إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَظْلُمُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةً وَ إِن تَكُ حَسَنَةً يُضَعِفْهَا وَيُؤْت من لَّدُنَّهُ أَجْرًا عَظَما جَيْ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جِئْنَا مِن كُلِّ أُمَّة بشهيد وَجَنَّا بِكَ عَلَىٰ هَتَوُلَّاء شَهِيدًا ١٠٠ يَوْمَهِ ذَيُودُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَعَصَواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ لَوْنُسَوَّى بِهُمُ ٱلْأَرْضُ وَلَا بَكْتُمُونَ اللهَ حَديثاً رَأْقِي يَتاأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَقْرَبُواْ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ وَأَنْتُمْ سَكَدرَى حَتَّى تَعْلَمُواْ مَا تَقُولُونَ وَلا جُنبًا إِلَّا عَابِرِي سَبِيلِ حَتَّى تَغْتَسُلُوا ۚ وَإِن كُنتُم مَّرْضَيْ أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرا أَوْجَاءَ أَحَدٌ مَنكُر مَنَ الْغَابِط أَوْلَمَسَّمُ النسآة فَلَمْ تَجَدُواْ مَا مَ فَنَيَمُّهُواْ صَعِيدًا طَيْباً فَامْسَحُواْ بِوُجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا غَفُورًا ﴿ أَلَمْ أَرَّ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكتنب يَشْتَرُونَ

and the Last Day and spend (aright) of that which Allah hath bestowed upon them, when Allah is ever Aware of them (and all they do)?

- 40. Lo! Allah wrongeth not even of the weight of an ant; and if there is a good deed, He will double it and will give (the doer) from His presence an immense reward.
- 41. But how (will it be with them) when We bring of every people a witness, and We bring thee (O Muhammad) a witness against these?
- 42. On that day those who disbelieved and disobeyed the messenger will wish that they were level with the ground, and they can hide no fact from Allah.
- 43. O ye who believe! Draw not near unto prayer when ye are drunken, till ye know that which ye utter, nor when ye are polluted, save when journeying upon the road, till ye have bathed. And if ye be ill, or on a journey, or one of you cometh from the closet, or ye have touched women, and ye find not water, then go to high clean soil and rub your faces and your hands (therewith). Lo! Allah is Benign, Forgiving.
- 44. Seest thou not those unto whom a portion of the Scripture hath been given, how they purchase error, and

ٱلضَّلَالَةَ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَن تَضلُّواْ ٱلسَّبيلَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ أَعْـلَمُ بأَعْدَآ بِكُمُّ ۚ وَكُفَى بَاللَّهِ وَلَيَّا وَكَفَى بَاللَّهِ نَصِيرًا ﴿ مَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلَمَ عَن مَّوَاضعه ـ وَيَقُولُونَ سَمَعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَٱشْمَعْ غَيْرَمُسْمَع وَرَاعَنَا لَيَّا بِٱلسِّنْهُمْ وَطَعْنَا في الدِّينَ وَلَوَّا نَّهُمْ قَالُواْ سَمْعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَاسْمَعْ وَانظُرْنَا لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّمَا مُ وَأَقُومَ وَلَكُن لَّعَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفُرهمْ فَلا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا رَبِّي يَتَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أُو تُواْ الْكَتَابَ ءَامنُواْ عَا نَزَّلْنَا مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا مَعَكُم مَن قَبْلِ أَن نَّطْمسَ وُجُوهَا فَنَرُدَّهَا عَلَيْ أَدْبَارِهَا أَوْ نَلْعَهُمْ كَمَا لَعَنَّا أَصِحَابَ السَّبْتُ وَكَانَ أَمْرُ ٱلله مَقْعُولًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفُرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ ء وَيَغْفُرُ مَا دُونَ ذَالِكَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ ۚ وَمَن يُشْرِكُ بِاللهِ فَقَد ٱفْتَرَىٰٓ إِنَّمَّا عَظِيًّا ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَوْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ يُزَّكُونَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ بَلِ اللهُ seek to make you (Muslims) err from the right way?

- 45. Allah knoweth best (who are) your enemies. Allah is sufficient as a Guardian, and Allah is sufficient as a supporter.
- 46. Some of those who are Jews change words from their context and say: "We hear and disobey; hear thou as one who heareth not" and "Listen to us!" distorting with their tongues and slandering religion. If they had said: "We hear and we obey: hear thou, and look at us" it had been better for them, and more upright. But Allah hath cursed them for their disbelief, so they believe not, save a few.
- 47. O ye unto whom the Scripture hath been given! Believe in what We have revealed confirming that which ye possess, before We destroy countenances so as to confound them, or curse them as We cursed the Sabbath-breakers (of old time). The commandment of Allah is always executed.
- 48. Lo! Allah forgiveth not that a partner should be ascribed unto Him. He forgiveth (all) save that to whom He will. Whoso ascribeth partners to Allah, he hath indeed invented a tremendous sin.
 - 49. Hast thou not seen those who praise themselves for

¹ Devices of some of the Jews of Al-Madînah to annoy the Muslims by distorting words of Scripture. Ra'ma (meaning "look at us"), by which the Muslims used to call the Prophet's notice, they turned by slight mispronunciation into a Hebrew word of insult (cf. sûtah II, v. 104, footnote).

يُزَكِّي مَن يَشَآءُ وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ فَتيـلَّا ۞ انظُـرْ كَيْفَ يَفْتَرُ ونَ عَلَى اللهُ ٱلْكَذَبُّ وَكَفَى بِهِ مَا مُكَا مُبِينًا عَبَّى أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ نَصِيبًا مِّنَ الْكَتَابِ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْحُبُّت وَالطَّنغُوت وَيَقُولُونَ للَّذِينَ كَغَرُواْ هَنَوُلاَّهِ أَهْدَى منَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ سَبيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ أُولَتِهِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَعَنَّهُ مُ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن يَلْعَنَ ٱللهُ فَلَن تَجِدُلَهُ نَصِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ لَمُمْ نَصِيبٌ مِّنَ ٱلْمُلِّكَ فَإِذَا لَّا يُؤْتُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ نَقيرًا ﴿ مَ الْمُ يَعْسُدُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ عَلَىٰ مَا ءَاتَلُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضْلَهُ عَ فَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا عَالَ إِرَاهِمَ الْكُتَلَبُ وَالْحُكُمَةَ وَءَا تَيْنَاهُم مُلْكًا عَظَما فِي سَعيرًا رَثِي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ بِعَا يَنتَنَا سَوْفَ نُصْلِيهُمْ نَارًا كُلَّمَا نَصْجَتْ جُلُودُهُم بَدَّ لَنَاهُمْ جُلُودًا غَيْرَهَا ليَذُوقُواْ

purity? Nay, Allah purifieth whom He will, and they will not be wronged even the hair upon a date-stone.

- 50. See, how they invent lies about Allah! That of itself is flagrant sin.
- 51. Hast thou not seen those unto whom a portion of the Scripture hath been given, how they believe in idols and false deities, and how they say of those (idolaters) who disbelieve: "These are more rightly guided than those who believe"?
- 52. Those are they whom Allah hath cursed, and he whom Allah hath cursed, thou (O Muhammad) wilt find for him no helper.
- 53. Or have they even a share in the Sovereignty? Then in that case, they would not give mankind even the speck on a date-stone.
- 54. Or are they jealous of mankind because of that which Allah of His bounty hath bestowed upon them? For We bestowed upon the house of Abraham (of old) the Scripture and wisdom, and We bestowed on them a mighty kingdom.
- 55. And of them were (some) who believed therein and of them were (some) who turned away from it. Hell is sufficient for (their) burning.
- 56. Lo! Those who disbelieve Our revelations, We shall expose them to the Fire. As often as their skins are consumed We shall exchange them for fresh skins that they

ٱلْعَذَابُّ إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ عَرِيزًا حَكِيمًا ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ سَنَّدُ خُلُهُمْ جَنَّاتِ تَجْزى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهُارُ خَلَدِينَ فَيِهَا أَبَدًا لَهُمْ فَيَهَا أَزُواجٌ مُطَهَّرةً وَنُدْعَلُهُمْ ظَلَّا ظَلِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّا اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَن تُوَدُّواْ ٱلأَمْنَنَت إِلَىٰٓ أَهْلَهَا وَ إِذَا حَكَمْتُمْ بَيْنَ ٱلنَّاسِ أَن تَحْكُمُواْ بَالْعَدُّلُّ إِنَّ اللهَ نَعَمَّا يَعظُكُم بَهَ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا رَبِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ المَنُواْ أَطْيِعُواْ اللهُ وَأَطْيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ وَأَوْلِي ٱلْأَمْرِ مِنكُرٌ ۖ فَإِن تَنَذَرْعَتُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ فَرُدُّوهُ إِلَى الله وَ الرَّسُولِ إِن كُنتُمْ تُؤْمنُونَ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخر ذَاكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا رَبُّي أَلَوْ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يَزْعُمُونَ أَنَّهُمْ ءَامَنُواْ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ مِن قَبْلُكَ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَكُمَا كُواْ إِلَى ٱلطَّنْفُوتِ وَقَدْ أُمْرُواْ أَنْ يَكُفُرُ واْ بِهِ

نفن نفن چهر may taste the torment. Lo! Allah is ever Mighty, Wise.

- 57. And as for those who believe and do good works, We shall make them enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow—to dwell therein for ever; there for them are pure companions—and We shall make them enter plenteous shade.
- 58. Lo! Allah commandeth you that ye restore deposits to their owners, and, if ye judge between mankind, that ye judge justly. Lo! comely is this which Allah admonisheth you. Lo! Allah is ever Hearer, Seer.
- 59. O ye who believe! Obey Allah, and obey the messenger and those of you who are in authority; and if ye have a dispute concerning any matter, refer it to Allah and the messenger if ye are (in truth) believers in Allah and the Last Day. That is better and more seemly in the end.
- 60. Hast thou not seen those who pretend that they believe in that which is revealed unto thee and that which was revealed before thee, how they would go for judgment (in their disputes) to false deities when they have been

وَرُيدُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ أَن يُضلَّهُمْ ضَلَلاً بَعِيدًا ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْاْ إِلَىٰ مَا أَزَلَ اللهُ وَ إِلَى الرَّسُولِ رَأَيْتَ الْمُنَفَقِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنكَ صُدُودًا ١٠٠ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا أَصَابَتُهُمُ مُصِيبَةُ بَى قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ ثُمَّ جَآءُ وكَ يَعْلَفُونَ بَالله إِنْ أَرَدْنَا إِلَّا إِحْسَنَا وَتَوْفِيقًا ﴿ أَوْلَكُمِكَ الَّذِينَ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ مَافِي قُلُوبِهِمْ فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهِمْ وَعَظْهُمْ وَقُل لَمُّهُمْ فِي أَنفُسِهِمْ قَوْلَا بَلِيغًا ١٠ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِن رَّسُول إِلَّا ليُطَاعَ بإِذْن ٱلله وَلَوَا نَهُمْ إِذَ ظُلَمُواْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ جَآءُوكَ فَٱسْتَغَفَّرُ وَا ٱللَّهُ وَٱسْتَغْفَرَ لَهُمُ ٱلرَّسُولُ لَوَجَدُواْ ٱللهَ تَوَّاباً رَّحيماً ﴿ فَلَا وَرَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ حَتَّى يُحَكِّمُوكَ فَهَا شَجَرَ بَيْنَهُمْ ثُمَّ لَا يَجَدُواْ فِيَّ أَنْفُسِهِمْ حَرَجًا ثَمَّا قَضَيْتَ وَيُسَلِّمُواْ تَسْلَبُمَا ﴿ وَلَوْأَنَّا حَتَبْنَا عَلَيْمٌ أَن أَقْتُلُواْ أَنفُكُمُواْ وَالْتُرجُواْ من ديَركُم

ordered to abjure them? Satan would mislead them far astray.

- 61. And when it is said unto them: Come unto that which Allah hath revealed and unto the messenger, thou seest the hypocrites turn from thee with aversion.
- 62. How would it be if a misfortune smote them because of that which their own hands have sent before (them.)? Then would they come unto thee, swearing by Allah that they were seeking naught but harmony and kindness.
- 63. Those are they, the secrets of whose hearts Allah knoweth. So oppose them and admonish them, and address them in plain terms about their souls.
- 64. We sent no messenger save that he should be obeyed by Allah's leave. And if, when they had wronged themselves, they had but come unto thee and asked forgiveness of Allah, and asked forgiveness of the messenger, they would have found Allah Forgiving, Merciful.
- 65. But nay, by thy Lord, they will not believe (in truth) until they make thee judge of what is in dispute between them and find within themselves no dislike of that which thou decidest, and submit with full submission.
- 66. And if We had decreed for them: Lay down your lives or go forth from your dwellings, but few of them

مَّا فَعَلُوهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ مَنْهِمْ وَلَوْ أَنْهِمْ فَعَلُواْ مَا يُوعَظُّونَ بِهِۦ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَمُّ مُ وَأَشَدَّ تَنْبِينًا ١٠٠ وَإِذًا لَّا تَيْنَكُم مَّن لَّدُنَّا أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا ١٠ وَلَمْدَيْنَهُمْ صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا ١٠ وَمَن يُطِعِ اللهُ وَالرَّسُولَ فَأُولَيْكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِم مَّنَ ٱلنَّبِيْتُنَ وَالصَّدْيقينَ وَٱلشُّهَدَّاءِ وَٱلصَّلْحينُّ وَحَسُنَ أُوْلَتِهِكَ رَفِيقًا ﴿ ذَاكَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ مَنَ الله وكَفَي بِالله عَليما ريِّي يَتأيُّها الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ خُذُواْ حَذْرَكُمْ فَآنِفِرُواْ ثُبَات أُوانِفرُواْ جَمِيعًا ١٠ وَإِنَّا مِنكُمْ لَمَن لَّيُبَطِّنَّ فَإِنْ أَصَبَتْكُم مُصِيبةٌ قَالَ قَدْ أَنْهُمَ اللهُ عَلَّ إِذْ لَرْ أَكُن مَّعَهُمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿ وَلَيْنَ أَصَابَكُمْ فَضْلٌ مَنَ الله لَيَقُولَنَّ كَأَنْ لَمْ تَكُنَّ بِلْنَكُمْ وَبِيْنَهُ مُودَّةٌ يَلَيْتَنَى كُنتُ مَعَهُمْ فَأَفُوزَ فَوْزًا عَظيمًا ﴿ إِلَّهُ * فَلَّيْقَتِلْ في سَبيل الله



would have done it; though if they did what they are exhorted to do it would be better for them, and more strengthening;

- 67. And then We should bestow upon them from Our presence an immense reward,
 - 68. And should guide them unto a straight path.
- 69. Whoso obeyeth Allah and the messenger, they are with those unto whom Allah hath shown favour, of the prophets and the saints and the martyrs and the righteous. The best of company are they!
- 70. That is bounty from Allah, and Allah sufficeth as Knower.
- 71. O ye who believe! Take your precautions, then advance the proven ones, or advance all together.
- 72. Lo! among you there is he who loitereth; and if disaster overtook you, he would say: Allah hath been gracious unto me since I was not present with them.
- 73. And if a bounty from Allah befell you, he would surely cry, as if there had been no love between you and him: Oh, would that I had been with them, then should I have achieved a great success!
 - 74. Let those fight in the way of Allah who sell the life

ٱلَّذِينَ يَشَرُّ ونَّ ٱلْحَيَوَٰةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا بِٱلْآخِرَةَ ۚ وَمَن يُقَتِعْلْ فِسَبيل ٱلله فَيُقَتَلُ أَوْ يَغْلَبُ فَسَوْفَ نُوْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظيمًا ﴿ ٢ وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُقَاتِلُونَ في سَبِيلِ اللهِ وَ الْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ ٱلرَّجَال وَٱلنَّسَآءِ وَٱلْولْدَان ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّناً أَتْرِجْنَا منْ هَانِهِ ٱلْقَرْيَةِ ٱلظَّالِمِ أَهَّلُهَا وَأَجْعَلِ لَّنَا مِن لَّدَٰبِكَ وَلَيًّا وَ أَجْعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ نَصِيرًا رَثِي ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يُقَنتلُونَ في سَبيل الله وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُقَاعِلُونَ في سَبيل الطَّنغُوتَ فَقَنتلُوٓا أَوْلِيَآ الشَّيْطَانَ إِنَّ كَيْدَالشَّيْطَان كَانَ ضَعيفًا شُي أَلَّمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ قِيلَ لَهُمْ كُفُوٓا أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَقْيِمُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ فَلَمَّا كُتبَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْقَتَالُ إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مَنْهُمُ يَحْشَوْنَ ٱلنَّـاسَ كَخَشْيَة ٱلله أَوْ أَشَدَّ خَشْيَةٌ وَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لَمَ كَتَبْتِ عَلَيْنَا الْقِبَالَ لَوْلَا أَثَوْبَنَا إِلَى أَجَلِ قَرِيبَ قُلْ مَنَعُ

of this world for the other. Whoso fighteth in the way of Allah, be he slain or be he victorious, on him We shall bestow a vast reward.

75. How should ye not fight for the cause of Allah and of the feeble among men and of the women and the children who are crying: Our Lord! Bring us forth from out this town! of which the people are oppressors! Oh, give us from Thy presence some protecting friend! Oh, give us from Thy presence some defender!

76. Those who believe do battle for the cause of Allah; and those who disbelieve do battle for the cause of idols. So fight the minions of the devil. Lo! the devil's strategy is ever weak.

77. Hast thou not seen those unto whom it was said: Withhold your hands, establish worship and pay the poordue, but when fighting was prescribed for them behold! a party of them fear mankind even as their fear of Allah or with greater fear, and say: Our Lord! Why hast Thou ordained fighting for us? If only Thou wouldst give us respite yet a while! Say (unto them, O Muhammad): The

¹ Mecca.

ٱلدُّنْيَا قَليلٌ وَٱلْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لّمَنِ ٱتَّقَى وَلَا تُظْلَمُونَ فَتيلًا ﴿ أَيْنَمَا تَكُونُواْ يُدَّرِكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ وَلَوْكُنُمُّ فَي بُرُوج مُ مَنْ يَكُمُ وَ إِنْ نُصِيْهُمْ حَسَنَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هَاذُهُ عِنْ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ وَ إِن تُصِيُّمْ سَيِّنَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هَاذه عَ مَنْ عَنَاكَ قُلُّ كُلُّ مِّنْ عند الله فَكَال هَنْؤُلآءِ الْقَوْم لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حديثًا ١ مَّا أَصَابَكَ منْ حَسَنَة فَنَ اللهُ وَمَا أَصَابَكَ من سَيْنَة فَمن نَّفْسكَ ۚ وَأَرْسَلْنَكَ للنَّاس رَسُولًا ۚ وَكَفَىٰ بِاللَّهُ شَهِيدًا رَبِّي مَّن يُطعِ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَقَدْ أَطَاعَ ٱللَّهَ وَمَنْ قُولًىٰ فَمَا أَرْسَلْنَكَ عَلَيْهُمْ حَفيظًا ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ طَاعَةٌ فَإِذَا بَرَزُواْ منْ عندكَ بَيَّتَ طَآ بِفَةٌ مَّنَّهُمْ غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِي تَقُولُ وَاللَّهُ مِكْنُهُ مَا مُبِيَتُونَ فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَمَو كُلُّ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَكَفَىٰ بِاللهُ وَكِيلًا ١١ أَفَلا يَشَدَبُّ وَنَ الْقُرْءَ الَّ وَلَوْكَانَ

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comfort of this world is scant; the Hereafter will be better for him who wardeth off (evil); and ye will not be wronged the down upon a date-stone.

- 78. Wheresoever ye may be, death will overtake you, even though ye were in lofty towers. Yet if a happy thing befalleth them they say: This is from Allah; and if an evil thing befalleth them they say: This is of thy doing (O Muhammad). Say (unto them): All is from Allah. What is amiss with these people that they come not nigh to understand a happening?
- 79. Whatever of good befalleth thee (O man) it is from Allah, and whatever of ill befalleth thee it is from thyself. We have sent thee (Muhammad) as a messenger unto mankind and Allah is sufficient as Witness.
- 80. Whoso obeyeth the messenger hath obeyed Allah, and whoso turneth away: We have not sent thee as a warder over them.
- 81. And they say: (It is) obedience; but when they have gone forth from thee a party of them spend the night in planning other than what thou sayest. Allah recordeth what they plan by night. So oppose them and put thy trust in Allah. Allah is sufficient as Trustee.
 - 82. Will they not then ponder on the Qur'an? If it had

¹ The reference is to the reverse which the Muslims suffered at Mt. Uhud which was caused by their own disobedience to the Prophet's orders.

منْ عند غَيْر الله لَوَجَدُوافيه أَخْتَلَاها كَثْيُرا رَيْنِ وَإِذَاجَاءَهُمْ أَمْرُ مَنَ ٱلْأَمْنِ أَوِ ٱلْخَـوْفِ أَذَاعُواْ بِهِ وَلَوْ رَدُّوهُ إِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ وَإِلَىٰ أَوْلِي ٱلأَمْرِ مِنْهُمْ لَعَلَمُهُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسْتَنْبُطُونَهُمْ مَنْهُمْ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ وَلَا تَبَعْتُمُ الشَّيطَانَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ فَا فَقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ لَا تُكَلَّفُ إِلَّا نَفْسَكُ اللهِ لَا تُكَلَّفُ إِلَّا نَفْسَكُ وَحَرْضِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَسَى ٱللهُ أَنْ يَكُفُّ بَأْسَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَاللهُ أَشَدُ بَأْسًا وَأَشَدُ تَنكيلًا رَبِّينَ مَّن يَشْفَعَ شَفَعَةً حَسَنَةً يَكُن لَّهُ نَصِيبٌ مَّنَّهَ وَمَن يَشْفَعُ شَفَاعَةً سَيْثَةً يَكُن لَّهُ كُفُّ مَنْهَا ۖ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ مُقيتًا رَثِينَ وَإِذَا حُيِيتُم بِخَيَّة فَحَيْواْ بِأَحْسَنَ مَنْهَا أُورُدُوهَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَسيبًا ﴿ اللَّهُ لَا إِلَٰكَ إِلَّا هُوَّ لَيَجْمَعَنَّكُمْ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقَيْلَمَةَ لَارَيْبَ فِيهَ وَمَنْ أَصَّدَقُ been from other than Allah they would have found therein much incongruity.

- 83. And if any tidings, whether of safety or fear, come unto them, they noise it abroad, whereas if they had referred it to the messenger and to such of them as are in authority, those among them who are able to think out the matter would have known it. If it had not been for the grace of Allah upon you and His mercy ye would have followed Satan, save a few (of you).
- 84. So fight (O Muhammad) in the way of Allah Thou art not taxed (with the responsibility for anyone) except thyself—and urge on the believers. Peradventure Allah will restrain the might of those who disbelieve. Allah is stronger in might and stronger in inflicting punishment.
- 85. Whoso interveneth in a good cause will have the reward thereof, and whoso interveneth in an evil cause will bear the consequence thereof. Allah overseeth all things.
- 86. When ye are greeted with a greeting, greet ye with a better than it or return it. Lo! Allah taketh count of all things.
- 87. Allah! There is no God save Him. He gathereth you all unto a Day of Resurrection whereof there is no



مَنَ ٱلله حَديثًا ﴿ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَدَيثًا وَٱللَّهُ أَرْكُسُهُم بَمُ كَسُبُواْ أَثْرِيدُونَ أَنْ تَهَدُواْ مَنْ أَضَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن يُضْلِل ٱللهُ فَلَن تَجَدَلَهُ مَسِيلًا رَيْنَ وَدُواْ لَوْ تَكْفُرُونَ كَمَّا كَفُرُواْ فَتَكُونُونَ سَوَآءً فَلا تَغَذُواْ مَنْهُمْ أَوْلَيَآ عَنِي يُهَاجِرُواْ في سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ فَإِن تَولَّواْ فَخُذُوهُمْ وَٱقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ وَجَدِّيمُوهُم وَلاَ تَغَذُواْ مَنْهُمْ وَلَيَّا وَلاَ نَصِيرًا ١ إِلَّا ٱلَّذَينَ يَصلُونَ إِلَىٰ قَوْم بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُم مَّيثَنَّى أَوْجَآءُ وَكُرْ حَصَرَتْ صُدُورُهُمْ أَنْ يُقَاتِلُو كُرْ أَوْ يُقَاتِلُواْ فَوْمَهُمْ ۚ وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ لَسَلَّطَهُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَلَقَنْتُلُوكُمْ فَإِن اعْزَلُوكُمْ فَلَمْ يُقَنتلُوكُمْ وَأَلْقَوْاْ إِلَيْكُ ٱلسَّلَمَ فَمَا جَعَلَ ٱللهُ لَكُرْ عَلَيْمٌ سَبِيلًا ﴿ سَتَجِدُونَ وَاتَّو بِنَ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَأْمَنُوكُ وَيَأْمَنُواْ قَوْمَهُمْ كُلَّ مَارُدُواْ إِلَى ٱلْفَتْنَة doubt. Who is more true in statement than Allah?

- 88. What aileth you that ye are become two parties regarding the hypocrites, when Allah cast them back (to disbelief) because of what they earned? Seek ye to guide him whom Allah hath sent astray? He whom Allah sendeth astray, for him thou (O Muhammad) canst not find a road.
- 89. They long that ye should disbelieve even as they disbelieve, that ye may be upon a level (with them). So choose not friends from them till they forsake their homes in the way of Allah; if they turn back (to enmity) then take them and kill them wherever ye find them, and choose no friend nor helper from among them,
- 90. Except those who seek refuge with a people between whom and you there is a covenant, or (those who) come unto you because their hearts forbid them to make war on you or make war on their own folk. Had Allah willed He could have given them power over you so that assuredly they would have fought you. So, if they hold aloof from you and wage not war against you and offer you peace, Allah alloweth you no way against them.
- 91. Ye will find others who desire that they should have security from you, and security from their own folk. So often as they are returned to hostility they are plunged

According to tradition, the reference here is not to the lukewarm section of the Muslims of Al-Madhah, but to a particular group of alleged converts from among the Arabs, who afterwards relapsed into idolatry, and concerning whom there were two opinious among the Muslims.

أُرْكُسُواْ فِهَا ۚ فَإِن لَّهُ يَعْزَلُوكُمْ وَيُلْقُواْ إِلَّيْكُمُ ٱلسَّلَمَ ر رود ما ما مردود رود و مردود و مردود و مردود و مردود و ما ما و مردود و ما و یک فوا ایدیهم فخذوهم و اقتلوهم حیث ثقفتموهم وَأُولَنَّهِكُرْ جَعَلْنَا لَكُرْ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَكْنَا مُّبِينًا ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لمُوْمن أَن يَقْتُلَ مُؤْمنًا إِلَّا خَطَئًا ۚ وَمَن قَتَلَ مُؤْمنًا خَطَعًا نَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةَ مُؤْمَنَةَ وَدَيَةٌ مُسَلَّمَةً إِلَىٰٓ أَهْلُهُ ٓ إِلَّآ أَن يَصَدَّتُواْ فَإِن كَانَ مِن قَوْمٍ عَدُو لَّكُمْ وَهُو مُؤْمِنٌ فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَة مُّوْمَنَةً ۗ وَإِن كَانَ مِن قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُرُ وَبَيْنَهُم مَّيْئَكُ فَدَيَةٌ مُسَلَّمَةً إِلَىٰ أَهْله ع وَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَة مُّوْمِنَةٌ فَمَن لَّرْيَجَدْ فَصِيَامُ شَهْرَيْنُ مُتَنَا بَعَيْنِ تَوْبَةُ مَنَ اللهِ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَليمًا ر ريم حکيماً ﴿ وَمَن يَقْتُلُ مُؤْمِناً مُتَعَمَّداً فَجَزا وهُ جَهُمْ خَدَلَدًا فَيِهَا وَغَضَبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَعَنَهُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُ عَذَابًا عَظيمًا ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَا ضَرَبْتُمْ في سَبِيلِ الله

therein. If they keep not aloof from you nor offer you peace nor hold their hands, then take them and kill them wherever ye find them. Against such We have given you clear warrant.

- 92. It is not for a believer to kill a believer unless (it be) by mistake. He who hath killed a believer by mistake must set free a believing slave, and pay the blood-money to the family of the slain, unless they remit it as a charity. If he (the victim) be of a people hostile unto you, and he is a believer, then (the penance is) to set free a believing slave. And if he cometh of a folk between whom and you there is a covenant, then the blood-money must be paid unto his folk and (also) a believing slave must be set free. And whoso hath not the wherewithal must fast two consecutive months. A penance from Allah. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 93. Whoso slayeth a believer of set purpose, his reward is hell for ever. Allah is wroth against him and He hath cursed him and prepared for him an awful doom.
 - 94. O ye who believe! When ye go forth (to fight) in

فَتَبَيَّنُواْ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ لَمَنْ أَلْقَتَى إِلَيْكُدُ السَّلَمَ لَسْتَ مُؤْمِنًا تَبْتَغُونَ عَرَضَ ٱلْحَيَوَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا فَعَندَ ٱلله مَغَانمُ كَثْيرةً كَذَاكَ كُنتُم مِن قَبْلُ فَمَنَّ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَتَبَيَّنُوا ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ بَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَمِيرًا ﴿ لَا يَسْتَوى الْقَاعِدُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ غَيْرُأُولِي ٱلظَّرَرِ وَٱلْمُجَلِهِدُونَ في سَبِيلِ ٱلله بِأُمْوَالْهُمْ وَأَنْفُسِهُمْ فَضَّلَ اللهُ ٱللهُ الْمُجَلِمِدِينَ بِأَمْوَالْهُمْ وَأَنْفُسُهُمْ عَلَى ٱلْقَلَعَدِينَ دَرَجَةً وَكُلًّا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ ٱلْحُسْنَى وَفَضَّلَ اللهُ ٱلمُجَلِهِدِينَ عَلَى ٱلْقَلَعِدِينَ أَجْرًا عَظيمًا رَقِي درجنت منه ومغفرة ورحمة وكان الله عَفُورًا رَحمًا ١ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَوَقَّلُهُمُ ٱلْمَلَتَيِكَةُ ظَالِمِيَّ أَنفُسِهِمْ قَالُواْ فِيمَ كُنتُمْ قَالُواْ كُنَّا مُسْتَضْعَفِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ قَالُواْ أَلَمْ تَكُنْ أَرْضُ ٱلله وَاسْعَةُ فَتُهَاجِرُواْ فِيهَا فَأُولَيْكَ مَأُولَهُمْ جَهَمْ وَسَاءَتْ the way of Allah, be careful to discriminate, and say not unto one who offereth you peace: "Thou art not a believer," seeking the chance profits of this life (so that ye may despoil him). With Allah are plenteous spoils. Even thus (as he now is) were ye before; but Allah hath since then been gracious unto you. Therefore take care to discriminate. Allah is ever Informed of what ye do.

- 95. Those of the believers who sit still, other than those who have a (disabling) hurt, are not on an equality with those who strive in the way of Allah with their wealth and lives. Allah hath conferred on those who strive with their wealth and lives a rank above the sedentary. Unto each Allah hath promised good, but He hath bestowed on those who strive a great reward above the sedentary;
- 96. Degrees of rank from Him, and forgiveness and mercy. Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 97. Lo! as for those whom the angels take (in death) while they wrong themselves, (the angels) will ask: In what were ye engaged? They will say: We were oppressed in the land. (The angels) will say: Was not Allah's earth spacious that ye could have migrated therein? As for such, their habitation will be hell, an evil journey's end;

مَصِيرًا ﴿ إِلَّا ٱلمُّسْتَضْعَفِينَ مَنَ ٱلرَّجَالِ وَٱلنَّسَآءِ وَٱلْوِلْدَانَ لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ حِيلَةً وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ سَبِيلًا (اللهُ) فَأُولَيْكَ عَسَى ٱللهُ أَنْ يَعْفُو عَهْمٌ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَفُوا غَفُورًا رَبِّي * وَمَن يُهَاجِرْ في سَبِيلِ ٱلله يَجِدُ في ٱلأَرْض مراغبً كثيرًا وسعة ومن يخرج من بيته عماجًا إلَى ٱلله وَرَسُولِه عُمَّ يُدْرِكُهُ ٱلْمَوْتُ فَقَدْ وَقَعَ أَجْرُهُ عَلَى ٱلله وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا رَبُّنِي وَإِذَا ضَرَبْتُم فَى ٱلْأَرْض فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَنْ تَقْصُرُواْ مِنَ ٱلصَّلَوْة إِنَّ خَفْتُمْ أَنْ يَفْتَنَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۚ إِنَّ ٱلْكَنفرينَ كَانُواْ لَـكُمْ عَدُوًّا مُّبِينًا ١ إِذَا كُنتَ فِهِمْ فَأَقَمْتَ لَمُمُّ الصَّلَاةَ فَلْتَقُمْ طَا بِفَةٌ مَّنْهُم مَّعَكَ وَلَيَأْخُذُواْ أَسْلَحَهُمْ فَإِذَا سَجِـدُواْ فَلْيَكُونُواْ مِن وَرَآبِكُرْ وَلْنَأْتِ طَآيِفَةً أُنْرَىٰ لَرْ يُصَلُّواْ



- 98. Except the feeble among men, and the women, and the children, who are unable to devise a plan and are not shown a way.
- 99. As for such, it may be that Allah will pardon them. Allah is ever Clement, Forgiving.
- 100. Whoso migrateth for the cause of Allah will find much refuge and abundance in the earth, and whoso forsaketh his home, a fugitive unto Allah and His messenger, and death overtaketh him, his reward is then incumbent on Allah. Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 101. And when ye go forth in the land, it is no sin for you to curtail (your) worship if ye fear that those who disbelieve may attack you. In truth the disbelievers are an open enemy to you.
- and arrangest (their) worship for them, let only a party of them stand with thee (to worship) and let them take their arms. Then when they have performed their prostrations let them fall to the rear and let another party come that

وَدُورَهُ وَمَاكُ وَلَيَأْخُذُواْ حَذْرَهُمْ وَأَسْلَحْهُمْ وَدَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوْ تَغْفُلُونَ عَنْ أَسْلَحَتَكُمْ وَأَمْتَعَتَكُمْ فَيَمِيلُونَ عَلَيْكُمُ مَّيْلَةٌ وَاحدَةً وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِن كَانَ بُكُمْ أَذَى مَن مَّطَر أَوْ كُنتُم مَّرْضَيَّ أَنْ تَضَعُواْ أَسْلَحَنَّكُمْ وَخُذُواْ حَذْرَكُمْ ۖ إِنَّ ٱللهَ أَعَدَّ للْكَلفرينَ عَذَابًامُّهِينًا ﴿ فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ فَأَذْ كُرُواْ اللهَ قيلماً وَقُعُوداً وَعَلَىٰ جُنُو بِكُمْ ۚ فَإِذَا اطْمَأْ نَنْتُمْ فَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَوٰةَ إِنَّ الصَّلَوْةَ كَانَتْ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ كَتْلِبًا مَّوْفُوتَا ﴿ وَلاَ تَهْنُواْ فِي أَبْتَغَاءِ الْقَوْمَ إِن تَكُونُواْ تَأْلَمُونَ فَإِنَّهُمْ يَأْلَمُونَ كَمَا تَأْلَمُونَ وَتَرْجُونَ مَنَاللهُ مَا لَا يَرْجُونَ ۚ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَمَّا حَكُمًّا رَبُّ إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ الْكَتَابَ بِالْحَقَّ لْتَحْكُرَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بَمَ آرَىٰكَ اللَّهُ وَلَا زَكُن لَلْخَا بِنِينَ خَصِيمًا ﴿ وَاسْتَغْفِرَاللَّهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ إِنَّ ***0*0*0*0*0*0*0*0***0*0*0*0

hath not worshipped and let them worship with thee, and let them take their precaution and their arms. Those who disbelieve long for you to neglect your arms and your baggage that they may attack you once for all. It is no sin for you to lay aside your arms, if rain impedeth you or ye are sick. But take your precaution. Lo! Allah prepareth for the disbelievers shameful punishment.

103. When ye have performed the act of worship, remember Allah, standing, sitting and reclining. And when ye are in safety, observe proper worship. Worship at fixed times hath been enjoined on the believers.

104. Relent not in pursuit of the enemy. If ye are suffering, lo! they suffer even as ye suffer and ye hope from Allah that for which they cannot hope. Allah is ever Knower, Wise.

tos. Lo! We reveal unto thee the Scripture with the truth, that thou mayst judge between mankind by that which Allah showeth thee. And be not thou a pleader for the treacherous;

106. And seek forgiveness of Allah. Lo! Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.

وَلَا تُجَدِدُلُ عَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخْتَانُونَ أَنفُسَهُم إِنَّ ٱللهُ لَا يُحِبُّ مَن كَانَ خَوَّانًا أَثِيمًا ﴿ يَسْتَخَفُونَ مَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَلَا يَسْتَخْفُونَ مَنَ اللهُ وَهُوَ مَغَهُامُ إِذْ يُبِيتُونَ مَالاً يَرْضَى مَنَ ٱلْقَوْلُ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطًا ﴿ مِنْ هَا أَنَّهُمْ هَنَوُلآء جَندَلَتُمْ عَنْهُمْ فِي الْحَيَوةِ الدُّنْيَ الْمَن يُجَدلُ اللهَ عَنْهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة أَمْ مَّن يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيلًا ﴿ وَمَن يَعْمَلُ سُوءًا أَوْ يَظْلَمْ نَفْسَهُ ثُمَّ يَسْتَغْفِر ٱللهَ يَجِد ٱللهَ غَفُوراً رَّحِيماً رَبِّي وَمَن يَنكُسبُ إِنَّمَا فَإِنَّكَ يَكُسبُهُ عَلَىٰ نَفْسه ، وَ كَانَ ٱللهُ عَلَماً حَكِيماً ﴿ وَمَن يَكْسَبُ خَطْبَعَةً أَوْ إِنْكُ ثُمَّ يَرْم به ع بَرَبِّعًا فَقَد أَخْتَمَلَ لِهِتَلْنَا وَ إِنَّمَا مُّبِينًا رَأْقٍ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللهُ عَلَيْكَ وَرَحْمَتُهُم لَمَتَ طَا يَفَةً مَنْهُمُ أَنْ يُضِلُّوكَ وَمَا يُضِلُّونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسُهُمْ

- themselves. Lo! Allah loveth not one who is treacherous and sinful.
- 108. They seek to hide from men and seek not to hide from Allah. He is with them when by night they hold discourse displeasing unto Him. Allah ever surroundeth what they do.
- 109. Ho! ye are they who pleaded for them in the life of the world. But who will plead with Allah for them on the Day of Resurrection, or who will then be their defender?
- 110. Yet whoso doeth evil or wrongeth his own soul, then seeketh pardon of Allah, will find Allah Forgiving, Merciful.
- 111. Whoso committeth sin committeth it only against himself. Allah is ever Knower, Wise.
- 112. And whoso committeth a delinquency or crime, then throweth (the blame) thereof upon the innocent, hath burdened himself with falsehood and a flagrant crime.
- 113. But for the grace of Allah upon thee (Muhammad), and His mercy, a party of them had resolved to mislead thee, but they will mislead only themselves and they will

وَمَا يَضُرُّ ونَكَ مِن شَيْءٍ وَأَنْزَلَ اللهُ عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَابَ وَالْحَكْمَةَ وَعَلَّمَكَ مَا لَرْ تَكُن تَعْلَمْ وَكَانَ فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكَ عَظيمًا ١١٠ ﴿ لَّا خَيْرَ فِي كَثيرِ مَن تَجْوَلَهُمْ إِلَّا مَنْ أَمَر بصَدَقَة أَوْمَعْرُوف أَوْ إِصْلَاحِ بَيْنَ ٱلنَّاسَ وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَاكَ ٱبْتَغَآءَ مَرْضَات الله فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيه أَبْرًا عَظَما ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَن يُشَا قِي ٱلرَّسُولَ مِنْ بَعْد مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ ٱلْمُدَى وَيَتَّبَعْ غَيْرَ سَبِيلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ نُولَة عِمَا تَوَ إِنَّ وَنُصُّله عَجَهَمْ وَسَآءَتْ مَصِيرًا وَإِنَّ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَغْفُرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ به ، وَيَغْفُرُ مَادُونَ ذَ الكَ لَمَن يَشَآءٌ وَمَن يُشْرِكُ بَاللهُ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَاكُ بَعِيدًا ١١ إِن يَدْعُونَ من دُو نه مِ إِلَّا إِنَاهًا وَ إِن يَدْعُونَ إِلَّا شَيْطَكُنَّا مِّرِيدًا ﴿ إِلَّا لَعَنَّهُ اللَّهُ وَقَالَ لَأَتَّخَذَنَّ مَنْ عَادكَ



بِ مَنْ عَادِهِ مِنْ الْمِيْلِ وَلَأَصْلَتْهِمْ وَلَا مَنْدِينُهُمْ وَلَا مُنْدِينُهُمْ وَلَا مُنْهِمْ

hurt thee not at all. Allah revealeth unto thee the Scripture and wisdom, and teacheth thee that which thou knewest not. The grace of Allah toward thee hath been infinite.

- save (in) him who enjoineth almsgiving and kindness and peace-making among the people. Whoso doeth that, seeking the good pleasure of Allah, We shall bestow on him a wast reward.
- 115. And whoso opposeth the messenger after the guidance (of Allah) hath been manifested unto him, and followeth other than the believer's way, We appoint for him that unto which he himself hath turned, and expose him unto hell—a hapless journey's end!
- ascribed unto Him. He pardoneth all save that to whom He will. Whoso ascribeth partners unto Allah hath wandered far astray.
- 117. They invoke in His stead only females; they pray to none else than Satan, a rebel
- 118. Whom Allah cursed, and he said: Surely I will take of Thy bondmen an appointed portion,
- 119. And surely I will lead them astray, and surely I will arouse desires in them, and surely I will command them

¹ The idols which the pagan Arabs worshipped were all female.

فَلَيُبَتِّكُنَّ ءَاذَانَ ٱلْأَنْعَلِم وَلَآمُرَةُمْ فَلَيُغَيِّرُنَّ خَلْقَ ٱلله وَمَن يَخَّذَ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ وَلَيًّا مِّن دُونِ ٱللهَ فَقَدْ حَسرَ خُسْرَانًا مُ بِينًا ﴿ يَعَدُهُمْ وَيُمَنِّيهِ مُ وَمَا يَعَدُهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطُانُ إِلَّاغُرُ ورَّا رَبِّي أُولَتِيكَ مَأْ وَنهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَلَا يَجدُونَ عَنْهَا تحيصًا ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَلُواْ الصَّالحَنت سَنَّدْخَلُهُمَّ جَنَّاتَ تَجْرَى مِن تَحْنَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَالَدِينَ فَيهَآ أَبِيُّمُ وَعَدَ ٱلله حَقًّا وَمَنْ أَصْدَقُ مِنَ ٱلله قِيلًا ١١٠ لَيْسَ بِأَمَا نيكُمْ وَلَاّ أَمَّانِيّ أَهُلِ ٱلْكَتَابُ مَن يَعْمَلُ سُوَّءًا يُجْزَبه ع وَلَا يَجِـدْ لَهُرُ مِن دُون ٱلله وَلَيَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ١٠ وَمَن يَعْمَلْ من الصَّالحَات من ذَكر أَوْ أَنْنَى وَهُو مُؤْمِنُ فَأَوْلَتِهِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ نَقيرًا ١٠٠ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ دينًا عَنْ أَسَلَمُ وَجُهُو لِلهُ وَهُو مُحَسَنُ وَأَتَبَعَ مُلَّةً إِبْرَاهُمْ حَنْيُفًا 0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0

and they will cut the cattle's ears, and surely I will command them and they will change Allah's creation. Whoso chooseth Satan for a patron instead of Allah is verily a loser and his loss is manifest.

- 120. He promiseth them and stirreth up desires in them, and Satan promiseth them only to beguile.
- 121. For such, their habitation will be hell, and they will find no refuge therefrom.
- 122. But as for those who believe and do good works We shall bring them into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever. It is a promise from Allah in truth; and who can be more truthful than Allah in utterance?
- 123. It will not be in accordance with your desires, nor the desires of the People of the Scripture. He who doeth wrong will have the recompense thereof, and will not find against Allah any protecting friend or helper.
- 124. And whoso doeth good works, whether of male or female, and he (or she) is a believer, such will enter paradise and they will not be wronged the dint in a date-stone.
- 125. Who is better in religion than he who surrendereth his purpose to Allah while doing good (to men) and followeth the tradition of Abraham, the upright? Allah

¹ Jews and Christians.

وَٱتَّخَـٰذَ اللَّهُ إِبْرَاهِمَ خَلِيكُ ﴿ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَنُواتُ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ تُحيطًا شَيْ وَيَسْتَقْتُونَكَ فِي ٱلنَّسَآءِ قُل الله يُفْتيكُرُ فِهِنَّ وَمَا يُتَّلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الْكُتَابِ فِي يَتَلَمَى النَّسَاءِ الَّذِي لَا تُؤْتُونَهُنَّ مَا كُتِبَ لَهُنَّ وَتَرْغَبُونَ أَن تَنكُوهُنَّ وَٱلْمُسْتَضْعَفينَ منَ ٱلْوِلْدَانَ وَأَن تَقُومُواْ الْمَيْنَكَ مَن بَالْقَسْطُ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مَنْ خَيْرَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِهِ عَلَمُا ﴿ وَإِن ٱمْرَأَةً خَافَتْ مَنْ بَعْلَهَا أَشُوزًا أَوْ إِعْرَاضًا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهَا أَنْ يُصلحا بَيْنَهُمَا مُلْحًا وَالصَّلَّحُ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْضَرَتَ الْأَنْفُسُ الشَّحِ وَ إِن تُحْسَنُواْ وَنَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللهُ كَانَ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ١ وَلَن تَسْتَطيعُواْ أَن تَعْدَلُواْ بَيْنَ النَّسَاءِ وَلَوْ حَرَصْتُمْ فَلا تَمْيلُواْ كُلَّ ٱلْمَيْلِ فَتَذَرُوهَا كَأَلْمُعَلَّقَة ۚ وَإِن تُصْلُحُواْ

(Himself) chose Abraham for friend.

- 126. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. Allah ever surroundeth all things.
- 127. They consult thee concerning women. Say: Allah giveth you decree concerning them, and the Scripture which hath been recited unto you (giveth decree), concerning female orphans and those unto whom ye give not that which is ordained for them though ye desire to marry them, and (concerning) the weak among children, and that ye should deal justly with orphans. Whatever good ye do, lo! Allah is ever Aware of it.
- 128. If a woman feareth ill treatment from her husband, or desertion, it is no sin for them twain if they make terms of peace between themselves. Peace is better. But greed hath been made present in the minds (of men). If ye do good and keep from evil, lo! Allah is ever Informed of what ye do.
- 129. Ye will not be able to deal equally between (your) wives, however much ye wish (to do so). But turn not altogether away (from one), leaving her as in suspense. If

وَنَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ إِنِّي وَ إِن يَتَغَرَّ قَا يُغْن اللهُ كُلَّا مَّن سَعَتْهُ وَكَانَ اللهُ وَاسعًا حَكِيمًا رَضِ وَلَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُواتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ وَلَقَدْ وَصَّيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَنَّابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَإِيَّاكُوْ أَن ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَإِن تَكْفُرُواْ فَإِنَّ للهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُواتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ غَنيًّا حَمِيدًا ﴿ وَللهِ مَافِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَافِي ٱلْأَرْضُ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهُ وَكِيلًا ﴿ إِن يَشَأْ يُذُّهُ بُكُرٌ أَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَيَأْت بِعَا خَرِينٌ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَلَىٰ ذَالكَ قَـديرًا ﴿ مَّن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ ٱلدُّنْيَا فَعندَ الله ثَوَابُ الدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةُ وَكَانَ اللهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مِنَا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ َّامَنُواْ كُونُواْ قَوَّ مِينَ بَا لَقَسْطِ شُهَداءَ لله وَلَوْعَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسُكُمْ أُوا لُوَ الدِّين وَٱلْأَقْرَبِينَ إِن يَكُنْ غَنبًا أَوْ فَقيرًا فَاللَّهِ أَوْ لَيْ بِهُمَا



ye do good and keep from evil, lo! Allah is ever Forgiving,

- 130. But if they separate, Allah will compensate each out of His abundance. Allah is ever All-Embracing, All-Knowing.
- 131. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. And We charged those who received the Scripture before you, and (We charge) you, that ye keep your duty toward Allah. And if ye disbelieve, lo! unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth, and Allah is ever Absolute, Owner of Praise.
- 132. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. And Allah is sufficient as Defender.
- 133. If He will, He can remove you, O people, and produce others (in your stead). Allah is Able to do that.
- 134. Whoso desireth the reward of the world, (let him know that) with Allah is the reward of the world and the Hereafter. Allah is ever Hearer, Seer.
- 135. O ye who believe! Be ye staunch in justice, witnesses for Allah, even though it be against yourselves or (your) parents or (your) kindred, whether (the case be of) a rich man or a poor man, for Allah is nearer unto both (than ye

فَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ ٱلْمُوَكِينَ أَنْ تَعْلَوا ۗ وَإِن تَلْوُرِا أَوْ تُعْرِضُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ كَانَ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ مِنَا يُهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ءَامنُواْ بِالله وَرَسُوله ع وَالْكتَنب الَّذِي نَزَّلَ عَلَى رَسُوله ع وَالْكُنَّابِ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَنْزَلَ مِن قَبْلُ ۚ وَمَن يَكُفُر بِٱلله وَمَلَتَهَكَته ع وَكُنبُه ع وَرُسُله ع وَالْيَوْم ٱلْآخر فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَلَا بَعِيدًا ١١ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُواْ ثُمَّ ءَامَنُواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُواْ ثُمَّ أَزْدَادُواْ كُفْرًا لَرْ يَكُن اللهُ لَيَغْفِرَ لَمُـُمَّ وَلَا لَيَهُدَيُّهُمْ سَبِيلاً ﴿ إِنَّ بَشِّر ٱلْمُنْفَقِينَ بأَنَّ لَمُمْ عَذَابًا أَليمًا ١ الذينَ يَغَّذُونَ الْكَنفرينَ أَوْليَآ من دُون ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَيَبْتَغُونَ عِندَهُمُ ٱلْعَزَّةَ فَإِنَّ ٱلْعَزَّةَ لله جَمِيعَا ﴿ وَقَدْ زَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الْكَتَلِبِ أَنْ إِذَا سَمَعْتُمْ عَابَلتِ اللهِ يُكْفَرُ بِهَا وَيُسْتَهِزُ أَبِهَا فَلَا تَقَعُدُواْ مَعَهُمْ حَتَّى يَخُوضُواْ

- are). So follow not passion lest ye lapse (from truth) and if ye lapse or fall away, then lo! Allah is ever Informed of what ye do.
- 136. O ye who believe! Believe in Allah and His messenger and the Scripture which He hath revealed unto His messenger, and the Scripture which He revealed aforetime. Whoso disbelieveth in Allah and His angels and His scriptures and His messengers and the Last Day, he verily hath wandered far astray.
- 137. Lo! those who believe, then disbelieve and then (again) believe, then disbelieve, and then increase in disbelief, Allah will never pardon them, nor will He guide them unto a way.
- 138. Bear unto the hypocrites the tidings that for them there is a painful doom;
- 139. Those who choose disbelievers for their friends instead of believers! Do they look for power at their hands? Lo! all power appertaineth to Allah.
- 140. He hath already revealed unto you in the Scripture that, when ye hear the revelations of Allah rejected and derided, (ye) sit not with them (who disbelieve and mock)

في حَديث غَيْرِهُ مَ إِنَّاكُمْ إِذًا مِثْلُهُمْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ جَامِعُ ٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَٱلْكَافِرِينَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ جَمِيعًا ﴿ الَّذِينَ يَتَرَبَّصُونَ بِكُرْ فَإِن كَانَ لَكُرْ فَتُحْ مَنَ الله قَالُوٓ أَلَرْ نَكُن مَّعَكُرُ وَ إِن كَانَ لِلْكَنفرينَ نَصِيبٌ قَالُوٓ أَ أَلَمُ نَسْتَحُوذُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَتَمْنَعْكُمْ مَنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَاللَّهُ يَحَكُرُ بَيْنَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَيْنَمَةَ وَلَن يَجْعَلَ اللهُ للْكَنفرينَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمنينَ سَبِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُنَافَقِينَ يُخَلِدُعُونَ اللَّهَ وَهُوَ خَلدُعُهُمْ وَ إِذَا قَامُواْ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوْةِ قَامُواْ كُسَالَى بُرَ آ اللَّهِ وَاللَّاسَ وَلَا يَذْكُرُونَ اللهَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ مُذَابِّذَ بِينَ بَيْنَ ذَاكَ لآ إِنَّى هَتَوُلآء وَلآ إِنَّ هَتَوُلآء ۚ وَمَن يُضْلل اللهُ فَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُ مَسبيلًا ١ يَنَأْبُكَ الَّذِينَ ١ مَنُواْ لَا تَخَذُواْ ٱلْكَنفرينَ أَوْلَياءَ من دُون ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ أَرُّ يدُونَ أَن

until they engage in some other conversation. Lo! in that case (if ye stayed) ye would be like unto them. Lo! Allah will gather hypocrites and disbelievers, all together, into hell:

- 141. Those who wait upon occasion in regard to you and, if a victory cometh unto you from Allah, say: Are we not with you? and if the disbelievers meet with a success say: Had we not the mastery of you, and did we not protect you from the believers?—Allah will judge between you at the Day of Resurrection, and Allah will not give the disbelievers any way (of success) against the believers.
- 142. Lo! the hypocrites seek to beguile Allah, but it is He Who beguileth them. When they stand up to worship they perform it languidly and to be seen of men, and are mindful of Allah but little;
- 143. Swaying between this (and that), (belonging) neither to these nor to those. He whom Allah causeth to go astray, thou (O Muhammad) wilt not find a way for him:
- 144. O ye who believe! Choose not disbelievers for (your) friends in place of believers. Would ye give Allah a

تَجْعَلُواْ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطَاناً مُّبينًا ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُنافقينَ فِ ٱلدَّرْكِ ٱلْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ ٱلنَّارِ وَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُمُّ نَصِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُواْ وَأَصْلَحُواْ وَاعْتَصَمُواْ بِاللَّهِ وَأَخْلَصُواْ دِينَهُمْ لله فَأُولَتِيكَ مَمَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ وَسَوْفَ يُؤْتِ ٱللهُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ أَجْرًا عَظَماً ﴿ إِنَّ مَّا يَفْعَلُ اللَّهُ بَعَذَابِكُرْ إِن شَكَرْتُمُ وَءَامَنتُمْ وَكَانَ اللهُ شَاكرًا عَلَمَا ﴿ لَا يُحَبُّ اللهُ ٱلْحَهْرَ بِٱلسُّوءِ منَ ٱلْقَوْلِ إِلَّا مَن ظُلمٌّ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ سَمِعًا عَليمًا ﴿ اللهِ مَن ٱلْقَوْلِ إِلَّا مَن ظُلمٌ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ سَمِعًا عَليمًا إِن تُبَدُّواْ خَيْرًا أَوْتُحُفُوهُ أَوْ تَعْفُواْ عَن سُوءٍ فَإِنَّ الله كَانَ عَضُوًّا قَديرًا ١٠ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَكُفُرُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلهِ عَ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُفَرَّقُواْ بَيْنَ الله وَرُسُله، وَيَقُولُونَ نُوَّمنُ بِعَض وَنَكُفُرُ بِعَض وَ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يَخْذُواْ بَيْنَ ذَاكَ سَبِيلًا ١٠٠ أُوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ الْكَنفرُونَ حَقَّا ۚ وَأَعْتَدْنَا clear warrant against you?

- 145. Lo! the hypocrites (will be) in the lowest deep of the Fire, and thou wilt find no helper for them;
- 146. Save those who repent and amend and hold fast to Allah and make their religion pure for Allah (only). Those are with the believers. And Allah will bestow on the believers an immense reward.
- 147. What concern hath Allah for your punishment if ye are thankful (for His mercies) and believe (in Him)? Allah was ever Responsive, Aware.
- 148. Allah loveth not the utterance of harsh speech save by one who hath been wronged. Allah is ever Hearer, Knower.
- 149. If ye do good openly or keep it secret, or forgive evil, lo! Allah is ever Forgiving, Powerful.
- 150. Lo! those who disbelieve in Allah and His messengers, and seek to make distinction between Allah and His messengers, and say: We believe in some and disbelieve in others, and seek to choose a way in between;
 - 151. Such are disbelievers in truth; and for disbelievers

لْلَكَيْفِرِ مِنْ عَذَابًا مُّهِينًا رَبُّ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللهُ وَرُسُله، وَلَمْ يَفُرِقُواْ بِينَ أَحَدِ مِنْهُمْ أُولَنَبِكَ سَوْفَ يُؤْتِهِمُ أَجُورُهُمْ وَلَمْ يَفُرِقُواْ بِينَ أَحَدِ مِنْهُمْ أُولَنَبِكَ سَوْفَ يُؤْتِهِمُ أَجُورُهُمْ وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُورًا رَّحُها رَبِّي يَشْعَلُكَ أَهُلُ الْكَتَابِ أَن تُرزَّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ كَتَلْبُامْنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ فَقَدْ سَأَلُواْ مُوسَى أَكْبَر من ذَ الكَ فَقَالُوٓ أَ أَرَا اللهَ جَهْرَةَ فَأَخَذَتُّهُ الصَّاعَقَةُ بِظُلْمِهِ ثُمَّ الَّحَذُوا ٱلْعَجْلَ مِنْ بَعْد مَاجَآءَ تُهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَاتُ فَعَفَوْنَا عَن ذَاكَ ۚ وَءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ سُلْطَانَا مُبِينَا ﴿ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَهُمُ ٱلطُّورَ بِمِيثَنْقِهِمْ وَقُلْنَا لَهُمُ أَدَّ خُلُواْ ٱلْبَابَ سُعِّدًا وَقُلْنَا لَمُ مُ لَا تَعْدُواْ فِي ٱلسَّبْتِ وَأَخَذْنَا مَنْهُم مَّيثَنَقًّا غَلِيظًا ﴿ إِنَّ فَهِمَا نَقْضِهِم مَّيْثَاقَهُمْ وَكُفْرِهِم بِعَآيَلَتِ ٱلله وَقَتَلْهِمُ الْأُنْبِيَاءَ بَغَيْرِحَقَ وَقَوْلِهُمْ قُلُوبُنَا غُلْفَ بَلْ طَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا بكُفْرهمْ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَليلًا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَ وَقَوْلِهُمْ

We prepare a shameful doom.

- 152. But those who believe in Allah and His messengers and make no distinction between any of them, unto them Allah will give their wages; and Allah was ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 153. The People of the Scripture ask of thee that thou shouldst cause an (actual) Book to descend upon them from heaven. They asked a greater thing of Moses aforetime, for they said: Show us Allah plainly. The storm of lightning seized them for their wickedness. Then (even after that) they chose the calf (for worship) after clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty) had come unto them. And We forgave them that! And We bestowed on Moses evident authority.
- 154. And We caused the Mount to tower above them at (the taking of) their covenant: and We bade them: Enter the gate, prostrate! and We bade them: Transgress not the Sabbath! and We took from them a firm covenant.

(A)

- 155. Then because of their breaking of their covenant, and their disbelieving in the revelations of Allah, and their slaying of the prophets wrongfully, and their saying: Our hearts are hardened—Nay, but Allah hath set a seal upon them for their disbelief, so that they believe not save a few—
 - 156. And because of their disbelief and of their speaking

عَلَى مَرْيَمَ بُهْتَكُنَّا عَظَمًا ﴿ وَ وَقَوْلِهُمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْنَا ٱلْمَسِيحَ عيسَى أَنْ مَرْجَمَ رَسُولَ ٱلله وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ وَمَا صَلَبُوهُ وَلَكَن شُبَّهَ لَمُ مُ ۚ وَ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فيه لَنِي شَكَّ مَّنَّهُ مَا لَهُم به عَمْ عَلْم إِلَّا أَتِّبَاعَ ٱلظَّلَّ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ يَقَيْنُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ال رَّفَعَهُ ٱللَّهُ إِلَيْهُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكُما ﴿ إِنَّ مَنْ إِنَّا مَنْ أَهْلَ ٱلْكَتَلِبِ إِلَّا لَيُؤْمَنَّ بِهِ عَبْلَ مَوْتُهُ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَدَمَة يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿ فَيْ فَلِلَّمْ مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ طَيَّبَكَ أُحلَّتْ لَهُمْ وَبَصَدَّهُمْ عَن سَبيل الله كَثيرًا ١٠٠ وَأَخْذَهُمُ الرَّبَوْا وَقَدْنُهُواْ عَنْهُ وَأَكْلِهِمْ أَمْوَالَ النَّاس بِالْبَطل وَأَعْتَدْنَا للْكَنفر بِنَ مَنْهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلَمَ إِنَّ اللَّهِ لَّكُن الرَّا سُخُونَ فِي الْعَلْمِ مَنَّهُمْ وَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بَعَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمِآ أَزِلَ مِن قَبْلِكَ وَإِلْمُقِيمِينَ الصَّلَوَ ۗ وَالْمُؤْتُونَ

against Mary a tremendous calumny;

- 157. And because of their saying: We slew the Messiah, Jesus son of Mary, Allah's messenger—They slew him not nor crucified him, but it appeared so unto them; and lo! those who disagree concerning it are in doubt thereof; they have no knowledge thereof save pursuit of a conjecture; they slew him not for certain,
- 158. But Allah took him up unto Himself. Allah was ever Mighty, Wise.
- 159. There is not one of the People of the Scripture but will believe in him before his death, and on the Day of Resurrection he will be a witness against them—
- 160. Because of the wrongdoing of the Jews We forbade them good things which were (before) made lawful unto them, and because of their much hindering from Allah's way,
- 161. And of their taking usury when they were forbidden it, and of their devouring people's wealth by false pretences. We have prepared for those of them who disbelieve a painful doom.
- 162. But those of them who are firm in knowledge and the believers believe in that which is revealed unto thee, and that which was revealed before thee, especially the diligent in prayer and those who pay the poor-due, the

ٱلزَّكَوْةَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِأُولَيَهِكَ سَنُوْتِهِمْ أَجْرًا عَظيمًا رَبُّني * إِنَّا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ كُمَا أُوحَيْنَا إِلَّىٰ نُوحِ وَٱلنَّبِيِّنَ مَن بَعْده ، وَأَوْحَيْنَ ٓ إِلَّهِ إِبْرَهم وَ إِسْمَعِيلَ وَ إِسْمَانَ وَيَعْقُرِبَ وَٱلْأَسْبَاطِ وَعِيمَينِ وَأَيْوبَ وَيُونُسُ وَهَارُونَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ وَءَاتَيْنَا دَاوُدِدَ زَبُورًا ﴿ وَرُسُلًا قَدْ قَصَصْنَاهُمْ عَلَيْكَ مِن قَبْلُ وَرُسُلًا لَّرَّ نَقْصُصُهُمْ عَلَيْكَ وَكَلَّمَ اللهُ مُوسَى تَكُليمًا رَيُّ رُّسُكُ مُّبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذرينَ لَعُلَّا يَكُونَ للنَّاسِ عَلَى الله حُجَّةُ أَبَعْدَ ٱلرُّسُلُّ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَزِيزًا حَكُمَا ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ بِمَآأَزُلَ إِلَيْكُ أَزْلَهُ بِعلْمَهُ ۚ وَٱلْمَلَتَهِكُهُ يَشْهَدُونَ وَكَفَى بَاللَّهُ شَهِيدًا ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَصَدُّواْ عَرِ سَبِيلِ اللهُ قَدْ ضَلُّواْ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ believers in Allah and the Last Day. Upon these We shall bestow immense reward.

- 163. Lo! We inspire thee as We inspired Noah and the prophets after him, as We inspired Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the tribes, and Jesus and Job and Jonah and Aaron and Solomon, and as We imparted unto David the Psalms;
- 164. And messengers We have mentioned unto thee before and messengers We have not mentioned unto thee; and Allah spake directly unto Moses;
- 165. Messengers of good cheer and of warning, in order that mankind might have no argument against Allah after the messengers. Allah was ever Mighty, Wise.
- 166. But Allah (Himself) testifieth concerning that which He hath revealeth unto thee; in His knowledge hath He revealed it; and the angels also testify. And Allah is sufficient Witness.
- 167. Lo! those who disbelieve and hinder (others) from the way of Allah, they verily have wandered far astray.
 - 168. Lo! those who disbelieve and deal in wrong, Allah

وَظَلَمُواْ لَمْ يَكُن اللهُ ليَغْفَرَ لَمَهُمْ وَلَا ليَهْدَيَهُمْ طَريقًا ١ إِلَّا طَرِيقَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلدينَ فَهَآ أَبَدًّا وَكَانَ ذَالكَ عَلَى الله يَسيراً ١١ يَتَأْبُهَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَآءَكُمُ الرَّسُولُ بِٱلْحُـنَّىٰ مِن رَّبِّكُمْ فَعَا مُنُواْ خَيْراً لَّكُمُّ وَ إِن تَكُفُرُ وَا فَإِنَّ للهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَلَيمًا حَكِيمًا ١ إِنَّ يَتَأَهِّلَ ٱلْكَتَابِ لَا تَغْلُواْ في دينكُرُ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ عَلَى الله إِلَّا الْحَتَقَّ إِنَّكَ الْمَسْيِحُ عِيسَى ابَّنُ مريم رسُولُ اللهُ وَكُلَّمَتُهُۥ أَلْقَلُهَا ۚ إِلَّى مُرْيَمُ وَرُوحٌ مُنَّهُ فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللهِ وَرُسُلهُ عَ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ نَلَنَهُ ۚ ٱنتَهُواْ خَيْراً لَّكُمْ إِنَّمَا ٱللَّهُ إِلَنَّهُ وَاحِدُّ سُبْحَانَهُۥ أَن يَكُونَ لَهُۥ وَلَدُّ لَّهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَا وَ السَّمَا فِي ٱلأَرْضُ وَكَفَى بِاللَّهُ وَكِيلًا ١ أَن يَسْتَنكِفَ إِلْبَسيحُ أَن يَكُونَ عَبْداً will never forgive them, neither will He guide them unto a road.

169. Except the road of hell, wherein they will abide for ever. And that is ever easy for Allah.

170. O mankind! The messenger hath come unto you with the Truth from your Lord. Therefor believe; (it is) better for you. But if ye disbelieve, still, lo! unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. Allah is ever Knower, Wise.

171. O People of the Scripture! Do not exaggerate in your religion nor utter aught concerning Allah save the truth. The Messiah, Jesus son of Mary, was only a messenger of Allah, and His word which He conveyed unto Mary, and a spirit from Him. So believe in Allah and His messengers, and say not "Three"—Cease! (it is) better for you!—Allah is only One God. Far is it removed from His Transcendent Majesty that He should have a son. His is all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allah is sufficient as Defender.

172. The Messiah will never scorn to be a slave unto Allah,

لله وَلَا ٱلْمَلَنِّيكَةُ ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ وَمَن يَسْتَنكفْ عَنْ عَبَادَته ع وَيَسْتَكْبُرُ فَسَيَحْشُرُهُمْ إِلَيْهُ جَمِيعًا ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُواْ الصَّلَحَاتَ فَيُونَيِّهُمْ أَجُورَهُمْ وَيَزَيدُهُمْ مَنِ فَضْلُهُ ۚ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ اَسْتَنكَفُواْ وَٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ فَيُعَذَّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا أَليمًا وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُم مَّن دُونِ ٱللهِ وَلَيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ١٠٠٠ يَنَأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ قَدْجَاءَ كُم بُرْهَانٌ مِّن رَّبِكُرُوا أَزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُرْنُورًا مُّبِينًا ﴿ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِاللَّهُ وَاعْتَصَمُواْ به، فَسَيْدٌ خَلُهُمْ فِي رَحْمَة مَّنَّهُ وَفَضْلِ وَيَهْدِيهِمْ إِلَيْه صرَاطًا مُسْتَقِياً وإِنَّ يَسْتَفْتُونَكَ قُلُ اللهُ يُفْتِكُمْ فِي الْكَالَةَ إِنْ أَمْرُواْ هَلَكَ لَيْسَ لَهُ, وَلَدُّ وَلَهُ إِنَّا مُرْوًّا هَلَكَ لَيْسَ نَصْفُ مَا تَرَكَّ وَهُوَ يَرُهُمَا إِن لَّمْ يَكُن لَّمَا وَلَدٌّ فَإِن كَانَتَا ٱثْنَتَيْن فَلَهُمَا الثُّلُثَانِ مَّا تَرَكُّ وَإِن كَانُوٓ إِخْوَةٌ رَّجَا لَا وَنْسَاءً nor will the favoured angels. Whoso scorneth His service and is proud, all such will He assemble unto Him;

- 173. Then, as for those who believed and did good works, unto them will He pay their wages in full, adding unto them of His bounty; and as for those who were scornful and proud, them will He punish with a painful doom. And they will not find for them, against Allah, any protecting friend or helper.
- 174. O mankind! Now hath a proof from your Lord come unto you, and We have sent down unto you a clear light;
- 175. As for those who believe in Allah, and hold fast unto Him, them He will cause to enter into His mercy and grace, and will guide them unto Him by a straight road.
- 176. They ask thee for a pronouncement. Say: Allah hath pronounced for you concerning distant kindred. If a man die childless and he have a sister, hers is half the heritage, and he would have inherited from her had she died childless. And if there be two sisters, then theirs are two-thirds of the heritage, and if they be brethren, men and

SÛRAH V

Al Ma'idab, "The Table Spread," derives its name from vv. 112 ff., where it is told how the disciples of Jesus asked that a table spread with food might be sent down from heaven, and their prayer was granted, a passage in which some have seen an allusion to the Eucharist. Many authorities regard it as the last sûrah in order of revelation, but the claim can only be established in the case of verse 3. which announces the completion of their religion for the Muslims, and the choice for them of Al-Islâm (The Surrender to Allah) as their religion. That verse is undoubtedly the latest of the whole Qur'an. It was revealed during the Prophet's last pilgrimage ("The Farewell Pilgrimage," as it is called) to Mecca, and spoken by him in the course of his address to the assembled thousands at 'Arafat, when all Arabia had embraced Al-Islâm, only a little while before his death. It is possible that, as two other verses near to it are of the same date, but the remainder of the revelations contained in this sûrah belong rather to the period between the fourth and seventh years of the Hijrah. Its subject is observance of religious duties. The followers of former prophets had failed through breaking their covenant, and so the Muslims are adjured to keep their covenant with Allah and all their obligations watchfully, because Allah's covenant is only with those who do right. There is more mention of the Christians here than in the former sûrahs, from which some writers infer that this sûrah must have been revealed at the time when the Prophet was at war with certain Christian tribes belonging to the Eastern Roman Empire. But there is no evidence for that either in tradition or in the text itself.

The period of revelation is between the fifth and tenth years of the Hijrah.

فَلِلذَّ كَرِ مِشْلُ حَظِّ ٱلْأَنْسَيْنِ بَبَيْنُ ٱللهُ لَكُرُ أَن تَضِلُّواً وَاللهُ بِكُلِّ مَنْ عِ عَلْمُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلْمُ مَنْ عِ عَلْمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

> (٥) سُؤلِوٌ المُنَاصُلِعٌ مَلَ فَيْتِهِ الا آية ٣ فَنَزَلَت بِعَانَ فِي حِبِهُ الوداع والما تمنا ١٢٠ نزلت بعث الفت ع

بِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

يَتَأَيُّكَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَوْفُواْ بِالْعُقُودُ أَحِلَّتَ لَكُمْ بَهِيمَةُ الْأَنْعَنِمِ إِلَّا مَا يُتْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ غَيْرَ مُحِلِّي الصَّيْدِ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرُمُ اللَّا يَعْنُكُمُ مَا يُرْبِعُ لَيْ اللَّهَ يَعْنُكُمُ مَا يُرِيدُ ﴿ يَتَأَيّٰكَ اللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا يُحَلُّواْ فَعَنْ اللهَ يَعْنُكُمُ مَا يُربِعُ فَي وَلَا الْفَلَتِيدَ شَعَتْ إِلَّا اللهَ الْمَدَى وَلَا الْفَلَتِيدَ وَلَا اللهَ اللهُ مَن اللهَ اللهُ مَن اللهَ اللهُ مَن وَلَا الْفَلَتِيدَ وَلَا اللهَ اللهُ مَن رَبِيمِ مُن اللهُ مِن اللهُ اللهُ مَن وَلِا اللهُ اللهُ مَن رَبِيمِ مُن اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن وَلِا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ مَن وَلا اللهُ اللهُ



women, unto the male is the equivalent of the share of two females. Allah expoundeth unto you, so that ye err not. Allah is Knower of all things.

THE TABLE SPREAD

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O ye who believe! Fulfil your indentures. The beast of cattle is made lawful unto you (for food) except that which is announced unto you (herein), game being unlawful when ye are on the pilgrimage. Lo! Allah ordaineth that which pleaseth Him.
- 2. O ye who believe! Profane not Allah's monuments nor the Sacred Month nor the offerings nor the garlands, nor those repairing to the Sacred House, seeking the grace and pleasure of their Lord. But when ye have left the sacred territory, then go hunting (if ye will). And let not your

1 i.e. the Ka'bah at Mecca.

قَوْم أَن صَدُّوكُمْ عَن ٱلْمَسْجِد ٱلْحَرَام أَن تَعْتَدُواْ وَتَعَاوَنُواْ عَلَى ٱلْبِرِّ وَالنَّقْوَىٰ ۖ وَلَا تَعَاوَنُواْ عَلَى ٱلْإِثْم وَٱلْعُدُوانَ وَآتَقُواْ الله مَ إِنَّ الله صَديدُ الْعقاب ٣ حُرْمَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَيْنَةُ وَالدَّمُ وَلَحْهُ ٱلْخُذِيرِ وَمَا أَهْلَ لَغَيْرَ الله بِه ء وَالْمُنْخَنَقَةُ وَالْمَوْقُوذَةُ وَالْمُتَرَدَّيَّةُ وَالنَّطِيحَةُ وَمَا أَكُلَ السَّبُعُ إِلَّا مَاذَكَّيْتُمْ وَمَا ذُبِحَ عَلَى النَّصُب وَأَن نَسْتَقْسُمُواْ بِٱلْأَزْلَكُمْ ذَالكُمْ فَشُقُّ ٱلْيَوْمَ يَبِسَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن دينكُرْ فَلَا يَخْشُوهُمْ وَاخْشُونَ ۚ ٱلْيَوْمَ أَكْمَلْتُ لَكُمْ دينَكُمْ وَأَتَّمَتُ عَلَيْكُمْ نَعْمَتِي وَرَضِيتُ لَكُو ٱلْإِسْلَامَ دِينًا ۚ فَنَ ٱضْطُرَّ فِي خَمْصَة غَيْرَ مُتَجَانِف لِإِثْمَهُ فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحميمٌ ﴿ يَسْتَلُونَكَ مَا ذَآ أُحلَّ مَعَمُ مِنْ أَمِلَ لَكُرُ ٱلطَّيْبَلَتُ وَمَا عَلَمْتُمُ مَنَ ٱلْحُوَارِحِ لَهُمْ قُلْ أُحلَّ لَكُرُ ٱلطَّيْبَلَتُ وَمَا عَلَمْتُمُ مَنَ ٱلْحُوَارِحِ

hatred of a folk who (once) stopped your going to the Inviolable Place of Worship seduce you to transgress; but help ye one another unto righteousness and pious duty. Help not one another unto sin and transgression, but keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is severe in punishment.

- 3. Forbidden unto you (for food) are carrion and blood and swineflesh, and that which hath been dedicated unto any other than Allah, and the strangled, and the dead through beating, and the dead through falling from a height, and that which hath been killed by (the goring of) horns, and the devoured of wild beasts, saving that which ye make lawful (by the death-stroke), and that which hath been immolated unto idols. And (forbidden is it) that ye swear by the divining arrows. This is an abomination. This day are those who disbelieve in despair of (ever harming) your religion; so fear them not, fear Me! This day have I perfected your religion for you and completed My favour unto you, and have chosen for you as religion AL-ISLÂM.1 Whoso is forced by hunger, not by will, to sin: (for him) lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 4. They ask thee (O Muhammad) what is made lawful for them. Say: (all) good things are made lawful for you. And those beasts and birds of prey which ye have trained as hounds

¹ i.e. "The Surrender" to Allah. Thus solemnly the religion which the Prophet had established received its name.

مُكَلِّينَ تُعَلِّمُونَهِنَ مَّا عَلْمَكُرُ اللَّهُ فَكُلُواْ مَّلَ أَمْسَكُنَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَٱذْكُرُواْ ٱمْمَ ٱللهَ عَلَيْهُ ۗ وَٱتَّفُواْ ٱللهَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللهَ سَرِيعُ الْحَسَابِ ﴿ الْيَوْمَ أُحلَّ لَكُمُ الطَّيَبَاتُ وَطَعَامُ ٱلَّذِينَ أُو تُواْ ٱلْكَتَلِبَ حِلٌّ لَّكُرُّ وَطَعَامُكُرُّ حلٌّ لَّمَا مُّ وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ منَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ إِذَا ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُرِ . ﴿ أَجُورَهُنَّ مُحْصِنينَ غَيْرَمُسَلْفَحينَ وَلَا مُتَّخذَى أَخْـدَان وَمَن يَكُفُرْ بِٱلْإِيمَانِ فَقَدْ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُۥ وَهُوَ فِي ٱلْآخِرَة مِنَ الْخُلَسِرِينَ رَفِّي يَتَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ إِذَا لُمُمُّ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَاة فَاغْسُلُواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ وَأَيَّدْ يَكُمُّ إِلَى ٱلْمَرَافِق وَامْسَحُواْ بِرُو وسكُرْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ إِلَى الْكَعْبَيْنَ وَإِن كُنتُمْ جُنْبًا فَأَطَّهَّرُوا ۚ وَإِن كُنتُم مَّرْضَيَّ أَوْعَلَى سَفَر أَوْجَآءَ

أحد

are trained, ye teach them that which Allah taught you; so eat of that which they catch for you and mention Allah's name upon it, and observe your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is swift to take account.

- 5. This day are (all) good things made lawful for you. The food of those who have received the Scripture is lawful for you, and your food is lawful for them. And so are the virtuous women of the believers and the virtuous women of those who received the Scripture before you (lawful for you) when ye give them their marriage portions and live with them in honour, not in fornication, nor taking them as secret concubines. Whoso denieth the faith, his work is vain and he will be among the losers in the Hereafter.
- 6. O ye who believe! When ye rise up for prayer, wash your faces, and your hands up to the elbows, and lightly rub your heads and (wash) your feet up to the ankles. And if ye are unclean, purify yourselves. And if ye are sick or on a

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أَحَدٌ مَنكُم مَنَّ الْغَمَا بِط أَوْلَكَمَسُّمُ النَّسَاءَ فَلَمْ تَجُدُواْ مَا ؟ فَتَيْمُمُواْ صَعِيدًا طَيْبًا فَامْسَحُواْ بُوجُوهِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ مَنْهُ مَايُرِيدُ ٱللهُ لَيَجْعَلَ عَلَيْكُم مَنْ حَرَجٍ وَلَكَن يُرِيدُ لَيُطَهِّرَكُمْ وَلَيْمَ أَعْمَتُهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ لَشُكُرُونَ ﴿ وَاذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَةَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُرُ وَمِيثَنَقَهُ ٱلَّذِي وَاثَقَكُم بِهِ ۚ إِذْ قُلُتُمْ سَمَّعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَآتَفُواْ ٱللهَ إِنَّ ٱللهَ عَلَيْم بَذَات ٱلصَّدُور ٢ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كُونُواْ قَوَّامِينَ للهُ شُهَدَآءَ بَالْقَسْطَ وَلَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُو شَنَّانُ قَوْمِ عَلَىٰٓ أَلَّا تَعْدُلُوا ۚ اعْدَلُواْ هُوَا قُرَبُ للتَّقْوَى وَآتَقُواْ ٱللهُ إِنَّ ٱللهَ خَبِيرُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ٢ وَعَدَ اللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتَ لَهُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَأَجَّرُ عَظيمٌ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَا يَنْتَنَا أُولَدَ إِنَّ أَصْعَلُ أَصْعَلُ الجَحِم ٢ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ اذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَتَ الله عَلَيْكُرُ

journey, or one of you cometh from the closet, or ye have had contact with women, and ye find not water, then go to clean, high ground and rub your faces and your hands with some of it. Allah would not place a burden on you, but He would purify you and would perfect His grace upon you, that ye may give thanks.

- 7. Remember Allah's grace upon you and His covenant by which He bound you when ye said: We hear and we obey; and keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah knoweth what is in the breasts (of men).
- 8. O ye who believe! Be steadfast witnesses for Allah in equity, and let not hatred of any people seduce you that ye deal not justly. Deal justly, that is nearer to your duty. Observe your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 9. Allah hath promised those who believe and do good works: Theirs will be forgiveness and immense reward.
- 10. And they who disbelieve and deny Our revelations, such are rightful owners of hell.
 - 11. O ye who believe! Remember Allah's favour unto you, ererunda formula remanta remanta de la momo

إِذْ هُمَّ قُومُ أَن يَبْسُطُواْ إِلَيْكُمْ أَيْدَيْهُمْ فَكُفَّ أَيْدَهُمْ عَنكُمْ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهُ وَعَلَى اللهَ فَلْمَتُوكًا ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ * وَلَقَدْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَنَقَ بَنِيَّ إِشْرَآءِ بِلَ وَبَعَثْنَا مَهُمُ أَثْنَىٰ عَشَرَ نَقيباً وَقَالَ اللهُ إِنَّى مَعَكُمُّ لَينَ أَقَدْمُ الصَّلَوْةَ وَ عَالَيْهُمُ ٱلْآكِوْةَ وَعَامَنُهُ بِرُسُلِي وَعَنَّرٍ فَيُعُوهُمْ وَأَقْرَضْتُم ٱللهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا لَأَ كُفْرَنَّ عَنكُمْ سَيَّعَا تكُمْ وَلَأَدْخَلَنَّكُمْ جَنَّلت تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَثْهِلُو ۚ فَمَن كَفَرَ بَعْدَ ذَالكَ منكُرُ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَآءَ ٱلسَّبيل ﴿ يَ فَبِمَا نَقْضِهم مَّيثَلَقُّهُمْ لَعَنَاهُمْ وَجَعَلْنَا قُلُوبُهُمْ قَلْسِيةً يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلَمَ عَنِ مَّوَا ضعهُ ۦ وَنَسُواْ حَظَّا مَّكَ ذُكُّرُواْ بِهُ ۦ وَلَا نَزَالُ تَطَّلُعُ عَلَىٰ خَايِنَة مَنْهُمْ إِلَّا قَليلًا مَنْهُمْ ۚ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاصْفَحْ إِنَّاللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿إِنَّ وَمَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّا نَصَدَرَى



how a people were minded to stretch out their hands against you but He withheld their hands from you; and keep your duty to Allah. In Allah let believers put their trust.

- 12. Allah made a covenant of old with the Children of Israel and We raised among them twelve chieftains, and Allah said: Lo! I am with you. If ye establish worship and pay the poor-due, and believe in My messengers and support them, and lend unto Allah a kindly loan, surely I shall remit your sins, and surely I shall bring you into Gardens underneath which rivers flow. Whoso among you disbelieveth after this will go astray from a plain road.
- 13. And because of their breaking their covenant, We have cursed them and made hard their hearts. They change words from their context and forget a part of that whereof they were admonished. Thou wilt not cease to discover treachery from all save a few of them. But bear with them and pardon them. Lo! Allah loveth the kindly.
 - 14. And with those who say: "Lo! we are Christians,"

¹ f.e. a loan without interest or thought of gain.

أَخَذُنَا مِيثَلَقَهُمْ فَنَسُواْ حَظًّا ثمَّا ذُكُّرُواْ بِهِ فَأَغْرَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ ٱلْعَدَاوَةَ وَٱلْبَغْضَآءَ إِلَى يَوْمِ ٱلْقَيَدَمَةُ ۚ وَسَوْفَ يُنَبُّهُمُ ٱللَّهُ بَىا كَانُواْ يَصْنَعُونَ ﴿ يَا أَهْلَ الْكَتَابِ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولُنَا يُبِينُ لَكُرْ كَثِيرًا مَّا كُنتُمْ تُخْفُونَ مِنَ الْكَتَاب وَيَعْفُواْ عَن كَشِيرٌ قَدْ جَآءَكُم مَنَ الله نُورٌ وَكَتَابٌ مُبِينٌ ١٠٠ مَبِينٌ ١١٠ مَهُ مَن ٱتَّبَعَ رضُوا لَهُ سُبلَ ٱلسَّلَام وَيُخْرِجُهُم مَنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنه ع وَيَهْدِيهُم إِلَى صراط مُسْتَقيم ١٠٠ لَقَدْ كَفَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ ٱللهَ هُو ٱلْمَسِيحُ أَبْنُ مُرْيَمٌ قُلْ لَمَن يَمْلُكُ مِنَ ٱللهُ شَيْعًا إِنْ أَرَادَأَنْ يَهْلُكَ ٱلْمَسِيحَ أَيْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَأَمَّهُ وَمَنْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيًّا وَللهُ مُلْكُ ٱلسَّمَلَوَاتَ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَّا يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ ۚ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَـديرٌ ﴿ وَقَالَتِ الْمَهُودُ 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

We made a covenant, but they forgot a part of that whereof they were admonished. Therefor We have stirred up enmity and hatred among them till the Day of Resurrection, when Allah will inform them of their handiwork.

- come unto you, expounding unto you much of that which ye used to hide in the Scripture, and forgiving much. Now hath come unto you light from Allah and a plain Scripture,
- pleasure unto paths of peace. He bringeth them out of darkness unto light by His decree, and guideth them unto a straight path.
- Messiah, son of Mary. Say: Who then can do aught against Allah, if He had willed to destroy the Messiah son of Mary, and his mother and everyone on earth? Allah's is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them. He createth what He will. And Allah is Able to do all things.

وَانْصَارَىٰ نَحْنُ أَبِنَتُواْ ٱللهِ وَأَحْبَنَوُهُ وَلَ فَلَمَ يُعَذِّبُكُمُ بُذُنُوبِكُمْ بَلُ أَنْتُم بَسِرٌ مِّنَ خَلَقَ يَغْفُرُ لَمَن يَشَاءُ وَ يُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَللهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَنوَات وَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَّا وَإِلَيْهِ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ١ يَنَأَهُلَ ٱلْكَتَلْبِ قَدْ جَآءَكُمْ رَسُولُنَا يُبِينُ لَكُوْ عَلَى فَتْرَةَ مَنَ ٱلرُّسُلِ أَن تَقُولُواْ مَاجَآءَنَا مَنْ بَشِيرِ وَلَا نَذِيرٌ فَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بَشِيرٌ وَنَذِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلّ مَني ع قَديرٌ (مَنَّ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لَقَوْمه ع يَلقَوْم آذْكُرُ واْ نَعْمَةَ الله عَلَيْكُرْ إِذْ جَعَلَ فيكُرْ أَنْبِيَآءَ وَجَعَلَكُم مُّلُوكًا وَءَاتَلَكُمُ مَّالَدٌ يُوْتِ أَحَدًا مِّنَ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ يَلقَوْم ادْخُلُواْ الْأَرْضَ الْمُقَدَّسَةَ النِّي كَتَبَ اللهُ لَكُوْ وَلَا تَرْ تَدُّ واْ عَلَىٰٓ أَدْبَارِكُمْ فَتَنَقَلَبُواْ خَسْرِينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ يَدْمُوسَىٰ إِنَّ فِهَا قَوْمًا جَبَّارِينَ وَإِنَّا لَن نَّدُّخُلَهَا

- 18. The Jews and Christians say: We are sons of Allah and His loved ones. Say: Why then doth He chastise you for your sins? Nay, ye are but mortals of His creating. He forgiveth whom He will, and chastiseth whom He will. Allah's is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, and unto Him is the journeying.
- 19. O People of the Scripture! Now hath Our messenger come unto you to make things plain unto you after an interval (of cessation) of the messengers, lest ye should say: There came not unto us a messenger of cheer nor any warner. Now chath a messenger of cheer and a warner come unto you. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 20. And (remember) when Moses said unto his people: O my people! Remember Allah's favour unto you, how He placed among you prophets, and He made you kings, and gave you that (which) He gave not to any (other) of (His) creatures.
- 21. O my people! Go into the holy land which Allah hath ordained for you. Turn not in flight, for surely ye turn back as losers:
 - 22. They said: O Moses! Lo! a giant people (dwell) there-

حَنَّى يَخْرُجُواْ مِنْهَا فَإِن يَخْرُجُواْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّا دَ'خلُونَ ﴿ قَالَ رَجُلَان منَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخَـانُونَ أَنْعَمَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهِمَا ٱدْخُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْبَابَ فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُمُوهُ فَإِنَّكُمْ غَللُونَّ وَعَلَى ٱلله فَتَوَكَّلُواْ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤُمنينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ يَكُمُوسَى ٓ إِنَّا لَن نَّدُخُلَهَا أَبِداً مَّادَامُواْ فِيا ۖ فَأَذْهَبُ أَنتَ وَرَبُّكَ فَقَلتلا إِنَّا هَدُهُنَا قَدْعُدُونَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّى لَآ أَمُّكُ إِلَّا نَفْسِي وَأَخَى فَأَقُرُقَ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ الْقَوْمِ الْفَلِسقينَ ٢ قَالَ فَإِنَّهَا يُحَرَّمَهُ عَلَيْمٌ أَرْبَعِينَ سَنَّةً يَتِيهُونَ فَ ٱلأَرْضَ فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْفَلْسَقِينَ ٢٠٠٠ * وَأَنْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأُ ٱبْنَى ءَادَمَ بِٱلْحَتَى إِذْ قَرَّ بَا قُرْ بَا نَا فَتُقْبَلَ مِنْ أَحَدُهُمَا وَلَرْ يُتَقَبِّلُ مِنَ ٱلْآخِرِ قَالَ لَأَ تُتُلَنَّكَ قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَتَقَبَّلُ اللهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ لَهِ لَهِ اللَّهِ اللّ



in, and lo! we go not in till they go forth from thence. When they go forth from thence, then we will enter (not till then).

- 23. Then out spake two of those who feared (their Lord, men) unto whom Allah had been gracious: Enter in upon them by the gate, for if ye enter by it, lo! ye will be victorious. So put your trust (in Allah) if ye are indeed believers.
- 24. They said: O Moses! We will never enter (the land) while they are in it. So go thou and thy Lord and fight! We will sit here.
- 25. He said: My Lord! I have control of none but myself and my brother, so distinguish between us and the wrongdoing folk.
- 26. (Their Lord) said: For this the land will surely be forbidden them for forty years that they will wander in the earth, bewildered. So grieve not over the wrongdoing folk.
- 27. But recite unto them with truth the tale of the two sons of Adam, how they offered each a sacrifice, and it was accepted from the one of them and it was not accepted from the other. (The one) said: I will surely kill thee. (The other) answered: Allah accepteth only from those who ward off (evil).
 - 28. Even if thou stretch out thy hand against me to kill

يَدَىَ إِلَيْكَ لاَّ قَتُلَكَ ۚ إِنَّى أَخَافُ اللهَ رَبَّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّىٰ أَرِيدُ أَنْ تَبُواً بِإِنْهِي وَ إِنْمِكَ فَتَكُونَ مِنْ أَحْدَب ٱلنَّارُّ وَذَالِكَ جَزَآ وَأَ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿ فَكُوَّعَتْ لَهُۥ نَفْسُهُۥ ٱ قَتْلَ أَخِيه فَقَتَلَهُ وَأَصْبَحَ مَنَ ٱلْخَلَسرينَ ﴿ فَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ غُرَاباً يَبْحَثُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لِيُرِيَهُ كِيْفَ يُوَارِي سَوْءَةَ أَخِيه قَالَ يَنوَ يْلَنَيْ أَجَازْتُ أَنَّ أَكُونَ مثْلَ هَنذَا ٱلْغُرَاب فَأُورَى سَوَّةَ أَخَى فَأَصْبَحَ مَنَ ٱلنَّدَمِينَ ﴿ مِنْ أَجْل ذَاكَ كَتَبْنَا عَلَى بَنِي إِشْرَا عِيلَ أَنَّهُ مَن قَتَلَ نَفْسًا بِغَيْر نَفْسِ أَوْ فَسَاد فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَكَأَ ثَمَّا قَتَلَ النَّاسَ جَمِعًا وَمَنْ أَحْيَاهَا فَكُأَنِّكَ أَحْيَا ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعاً ۚ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُنَا بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ثُمَّ إِنَّ كَشِيرًا مِّهُمُ بِعَدْ ذَاكَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لَمُسْرِفُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا جَرَا وَا ٱلَّذِينَ يُحَارِبُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ me, I shall not stretch out my hand against thee to kill thee, lo! I fear Allah, the Lord of the Worlds.

- 29. Lo! I would rather thou shouldst bear the punishment of the sin against me and thine own sin and become one of the owners of the Fire. That is the reward of evil-doers.
- 30. But (the other's) mind imposed on him the killing of his brother, so he slew him and became one of the losers.
- 31. Then Allah sent a raven scratching up the ground, to show him how to hide his brother's naked corpse. He said: Woe unto me! Am I not able to be as this raven and so hide my brother's naked corpse? And he became repentant.
- 32. For that cause We decreed for the Children of Israel that whosoever killeth a human being for other than manslaughter or corruption in the earth, it shall be as if he had killed all mankind, and whoso saveth the life of one, it shall be as if he had saved the life of all mankind. Our messengers came unto them of old with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), but afterwards lo! many of them became prodigals in the earth.
 - 33. The only reward of those who make war upon Allah

وَيَسْعُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا أَنْ يُقْتِلُواْ أَوْ يُصَلِّبُواْ أَوْ تَقَطَّم أَيْدِيهِمْ وَأَرْجُلُهُمْ مِنْ خَلَفَ أَوْيُنَفُواْ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْضَ ذَالكَ لَمُ مُ خُرِيٌ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَلَهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخِرَة عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُواْ مِن قَبْلِ أَن تَقْدرُ واْ عَلَيْهُمَّ فَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحُّم إِنِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَنَّقُواْ اللهَ وَأَبْتَغُواْ إِلَيْهِ ٱلْوَسِيلَةَ وَجَلِهِدُ واْ في سَبِيله ع لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلَحُونَ رَثِي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَاللَّهِ أَنَّ لَمُهُم مَّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا وَمَثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لِيَفْتَدُواْ به عَنْ عَذَابِ يَوْمِ الْقَيْلَمَة مَاتُفَبَلَ مَنْهُمْ وَلَهُمْ عَلَابٌ أَلَيْمٌ ﴿ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَخْرُجُواْ مَنَ ٱلنَّارِ وَمَا هُم بَخَرِجِينَ مَنْهَا ۗ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُقَمَّ شِي وَالسَّارِقُ وَالسَّارِقَةُ فَاقْطَعُواْ أَيْدَيَهُمَا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَسَبَا نَكَلاً مَنَ الله وَ اللهُ عَر يزُ حَكيم ﴿ إِنَّ اللهِ عَر يزُ حَكيم ﴿ إِنَّهُ اللَّهِ عَد ظُلْمه عَ 000000000000000000

and His messenger and strive after corruption in the land will be that they will be killed or crucified, or have their hands and feet on alternate sides cut off, or will be expelled out of the land. Such will be their degradation in the world, and in the Hereafter theirs will be an awful doom;

- 34. Save those who repent before ye overpower them. For know that Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 35. O ye who believe! Be mindful of your duty to Allah, and seek the way of approach unto Him, and strive in His way in order that ye may succeed.
- 36. As for those who disbelieve, lo! if all that is in the earth were theirs, and as much again therewith, to ransom them from the doom on the Day of Resurrection, it would not be accepted from them. Theirs will be a painful doom.
- 37. They will wish to come forth from the Fire, but they will not come forth from it. Theirs will be a lasting doom.
- 38. As for the thief, both male and female, cut off their hands. It is the reward of their own deeds, an exemplary punishment from Allah. Allah is Mighty, Wise.
 - 39. But whoso repenteth after his wrongdoing and

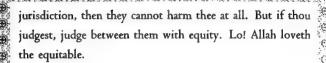
وَاصْلَحَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحْمُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحْمُ ﴿ أَلَّمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلَّكُ السَّمَنُواتِ وَالْأَرْضِ يُعَذَّبُ مَن يَشَآهُ وَيَغْفُرُلُمَن يَشَآهُ وَاللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ٢ * يَتَأْيُهَا ٱلرَّسُولُ لَا يَعْزُنكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُسَدِّعُونَ فِٱلْكُفْرِ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا بِأَفُواهِهِمْ وَلَمْ تُؤْمِن قُلُوبُهُمْ وَمَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ سَمَّنُعُونَ لِلْكَذِبِ سَمَّنُعُونَ لِقَوْم ءَاخَرِينَ لَرْيَأْ تُوكَّ يُحَرِّ فُونَ ٱلْكَلَمَ مَنُ بَعْدَ مَوَاضِعْمَ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّ أُوتِيتُمْ هَلَذَا مَوْرُورُ وَ إِن لَرْتُوْتُوهُ فَأَحَذَرُواْ وَمَن يُرِد ٱللهُ فَتَنَسَمُو فَلَنَ تَمْلِكَ لَهُ مِنَ اللهِ شَيْئًا أَوْلَنَيِكَ الَّذِينَ لَمْ يُرد اللهُ أَن يُطَهِّرُ قُلُوبَهُمْ لَمُدُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خُزِّيٌّ وَلَهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخِرَة عَذَابٌ عَظيمٌ ﴿ مَن سَمَّاعُونَ لَلْكَذِب أَكَّلُونَ للسُّحْتُ فَإِنْ جَاءُوكَ فَأَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ أَوْأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَإِنْ تُعْرِضْ



amendeth, lo! Allah will relent toward him. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

- 40. Knowest thou not that unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth? He punisheth whom He will, and forgiveth whom He will. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 41. O Messenger! Let not them grieve thee who vie one with another in the race to disbelief, of such as say with their mouths: "We believe," but their hearts believe not, and of the Jews: listeners for the sake of falsehood, listeners on behalf of other folk who come not unto thee, changing words from their context and saying: If this be given unto you, receive it, but if this be not given unto you, then beware! He whom Allah doometh unto sin, thou (by thine efforts) wilt avail him naught against Allah. Those are they for whom the Will of Allah is that He cleanse not their hearts. Theirs in the world will be ignominy, and in the Hereafter an awful doom:
- 42. Listeners for the sake of falsehood! Greedy for illicit gain! If then they have recourse unto thee (Muhammad) judge between them or disclaim jurisdiction. If thou disclaimest

رَهُ مَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُولِدُ شَيْءًا ۚ وَإِنْ حَكَمْتَ فَأَحَكُمْ بِينْهُم بِٱلْقَسْطُ إِنَّ اللهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُقْسِطِينَ ﴿ وَكُيْفَ يُحَكَّمُونَكَ وَعَنْدُهُمُ ٱلتَّوْرَنَّةُ فِيهَا حُكِّرُ ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ يَتُولُونَ مَنْ بَعْدَ ذَالَكَ وَمَا أُولَتِهِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ رَبُّ إِنَّا أَزَلْنَا التَّوْرَيةَ فِيهَا هُدًى وَوُرٌ لَمْ يَحْكُمُ بِهَا ٱلنَّبَيُّونَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَسْلَمُواْ للَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَ الرَّ بَّنْيُونَ وَالْأَحْبَارُ بِمَا ٱسْتُحْفُظُواْ مِن كَتَلْبِ ٱللهِ وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ مُهَدَآءٌ فَلَا تَحْشُواْ ٱلنَّاسَ وَٱخْشُونَ وَلَا تَشْتُرُواْ عَ آيِنتِي مَمَنا قَليلًا وَمَن لَّه يَعْمُمُ مَا أَزَلَ اللهُ فَأُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ الْكُنفرُونَ ﴿ وَكُنَّابْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ فَهَا أَنَّ النَّفْسَ بِالنَّفْسِ وَالْعَيْنَ بِالْعَيْنِ وَالْأَنْفَ بِالْأَنْفِ وَالْأُذُنَ بِالْأَذُن وَالسَّنَّ بِالسَّنَّ وَالْجُرُوحَ قَصَاصٌ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِهِ عَلَهُو كَفَّارَةً لَّهُمْ وَمَن لَمْ يَحْكُم بَمَا أَزَلَ اللَّهُ فَأُولَنِكَ هُـمُ



- 43. How come they unto thee for judgment when they have the Torah, wherein Allah hath delivered judgment (for them)? Yet even after that they turn away. Such (folk) are not believers.
- 44. Lo! We did reveal the Torah, wherein is guidance and a light, by which the prophets who surrendered (unto Allah) judged the Jews, and the rabbis and the priests (judged) by such of Allah's Scripture as they were bidden to observe, and thereunto were they witnesses. So fear not mankind, but fear Me. And barter not My revelations for a little gain. Whoso judgeth not by that which Allah hath revealed: such are disbelievers.
- 45. And We prescribed for them therein: The life for the life, and the eye for the eye, and the nose for the nose, and the ear for the ear, and the tooth for the tooth, and for wounds retaliation. But whose forgoeth it (in the way of charity) it shall be expiation for him. Whoso judgeth not by that which Allah hath revealed: such are wrong-doers.

ٱلظَّللُمُونَ رَفِّي وَقَفَّيْنَا عَلَيْ ءَا تَدرهم بعيسَى أَبْن مَرْيَمَ مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مَنَ النَّوْرَنَةَ وَءَاتَيْنَتُهُ ٱلْإِنجِيلَ فيه هُدِّي وَنُورٌ وَمُصِدِّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلتَّوْرَيْةِ وَهُدِّي وَمَوْعَظَةً لِّلُّمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَلْيَحْكُمْ أَهْلُ الَّالِحِيلِ بَمَا أَزَلَ اللهُ فيهُ وَمَن لَّمْ يَعْكُمُ بِمَآ أَزَلَ اللهُ فَأُولَتَهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَسَقُونَ ﴿ وَأَزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَنَبِ بِٱلْحَقّ مُصَدَّقًا لْمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ الْكُتَابِ وَمُهَيْمِنًا عَلَيْهُ فَأَحْكُم بِلْنَهُم بِمَا أَزَلَ اللهُ وَلاَ تَنَّامِ أَهُوآ اللهُ مَمَّا جَآءَكَ من ٱلْحَتَّ لَكُلِّ جَعَلْنَا مَنكُرْ شَرْعَةٌ وَمَنْهَاجًا وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللهُ لِحَمَلَكُمْ أُمَّةُ وَاحدَةً وَلَكن لَّيَبْلُوَكُمْ في مَاءَا تَلكُمُّ فَأَسْتَبَقُواْ ٱلْخَيْرَاتَ إِلَى ٱللهُ مَرْجُعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا فَيُسَبَّثُكُمُ بِمَا كُنتُمْ فيه تَخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ وَأَن الْحَكُمُ بَيْنَهُم بَمَاۤ أَزَلَ اللهُ



- 46. And We caused Jesus, son of Mary, to follow in their footsteps, confirming that which was (revealed) before him in the Torah, and We bestowed on him the Gospel wherein is guidance and a light, confirming that which was (revealed) before it in the Torah-a guidance and an admonition unto those who ward off (evil).
- 47. Let the People of the Gospel judge by that which Allah hath revealed therein. Whoso judgeth not by that which Allah hath revealed: such are evil-livers.
- 48. And unto thee have We revealed the Scripture with the truth, confirming whatever Scripture was before it, and a watcher over it. So judge between them by that which Allah hath revealed, and follow not their desires away from the Truth which hath come unto thee. For each We have appointed a divine law and a traced-out way. Had Allah willed He could have made you one community. But that He may try you by that which He hath given you (He hath made you as ye are). So vie one with another in good works. Unto Allah ye will all return, and He will then inform you of that wherein ye differ.
 - 49. So judge between them by that which Allah hath

وَ لَا تَتَّبِعُ أَهُوا عَلَمْ وَأَحْذَرُهُمْ أَن يَفْتُوكَ عَنْ بَعْض مَا أَزَلَ اللهُ إِلَيْكَ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْاْ فَأَعْلَمْ أَنَّكَ يُرِيدُ اللهُ أَنْ يُصِيبُهُم بَبِعْض ذُنُوبِهِمْ وَ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلنَّاس لَفَاسَقُونَ ٢ أَفَحُكُمُ ٱلْجِلَهَالِيَّةَ يَبَغُونٌ وَمَنْ أَحْسَرُ مِنَ اللهِ حُكُمَا لَقُوم يُوقِنُونَ رَبِّي ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَنْخَذُواْ ٱلْيَهُودَ وَٱلنَّصَارَىٰ أَوْلَيَآءَ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلَيَآ يَعْضُ وَمَن يَتُوَهُّمُ مَّنكُرْ فَإِنَّهُ مَنْهُم ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدى الْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلِلمِينَ ١ فَتَرَى ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ يُسَارِعُونَ فيهم يَقُولُونَ تَحْشَىٰ أَن تُصِيبَنَا دَايِرةٌ فَعَسَى اللهُ أَن يَأْتَى بَالْفَتْحَ أَوْ أَمْرِ مَنْ عنده ءَفَيُصْبِحُواْ عَلَىٰ مَا أَسَرُواْ فِي أَنفُسهمْ نَلدمينَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَهَلَوُلا ٓ ٱلَّذِينَ أَقْسَمُواْ بِٱللهُ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ لَمَعَكُمٌّ



revealed, and follow not their desires, but beware of them lest they seduce thee from some part of that which Allah hath revealed unto thee. And if they turn away, then know that Allah's Will is to smite them for some sin of theirs. Lo! many of mankind are evil-livers.

- 50. Is it a judgment of the time of (pagan) ignorance that they are seeking? Who is better than Allah for judgment to a people who have certainty (in their belief)?
- 51. O ye who believe! Take not the Jews and the Christians for friends. They are friends one to another. He among you who taketh them for friends is (one) of them. Lo! Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 52. And thou seest those in whose heart is a disease race toward them, saying: We fear lest a change of fortune befall us. And it may happen that Allah will vouchsafe (unto thee) the victory, or a commandment from His presence. Then will they repent them of their secret thoughts.
- 53. Then will the believers say (unto the People of the Scripture): Are these they who swore by Allah their most binding oaths that they were surely with you? Their works

حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ فَأَصْبَحُواْ خَلسرينَ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ مَن يَرْتَدَّ منكُرْ عَن دينه ع فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِي اللهُ بَقَوْم يُحْبِهِمْ وَيُحْبُونَهُ ۚ أَذَلَةَ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَعَرَّرَةَ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفرينَ يُجَاهِدُونَ في سَبيل آلله وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوْمَةَ لَآيِم وَاللَّهِ فَضْلُ ٱلله يُؤْتِيه مَن يَشَآءٌ وَاللهُ وَاسعُ عَلَمُ ﴿ إِنَّكَا وَلَيْكُمُ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ الَّذِينَ يُقيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوْةَ وَهُمْ رَاكُونَ ﴿ وَهُنَّ يَتُولَّ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولَهُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَإِنَّ حَرْبَ الله هُمُ الْغَلْبُونَ رَبِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَنْخَذُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ دِينَكُمْ هُزُوًّا وَلَعَبَّا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَنْبَ مِن قَبْلُكُمْ وَالْكُفَّارَ أَ وْلِيَاءً وَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمنينَ ﴿ وَإِذَا نَادَيْتُمْ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوٰة ٱتَّخَذُوهَا هُرُ وَا وَلَعَبُّ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَعْقِلُونَ ١

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have failed, and they have become the losers.

- 54. O ye who believe! Whoso of you becometh a renegade from his religion, (know that in his stead) Allah will bring a people whom He loveth and who love Him, humble toward believers, stern toward disbelievers, striving in the way of Allah, and fearing not the blame of any blamer. Such is the grace of Allah which He giveth unto whom He will. Allah is All-Embracing, All-Knowing.
- 55. Your guardian can be only Allah; and His messenger and those who believe, who establish worship and pay the poordue, and bow down (in prayer).
- 56. And whoso taketh Allah and His messenger and those who believe for guardian (will know that), lo! the party of Allah, they are the victorious.
- 57. O ye who believe! Choose not for guardians such of those who received the Scripture before you, and of the disbelievers, as make a jest and sport of your religion. But keep your duty to Allah if ye are true believers.
- 58. And when ye call to prayer they take it for a jest and sport. That is because they are a folk who understand not.

قُلْ يَنَأَهُلَ ٱلْكَتَابِ هَلْ تَنقُمُونَ مَنَّا إِلَّا أَنْ ءَامَنَّا بِالله وَمَا أَنِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أَنِلَ مِن قَبْلُ وَأَنَّا أَكْثَرَكُمْ فَسَقُونَ ﴿ مُو مُلَّ أَنَبُّكُمُ بِشَرَّ مِّن ذَاكَ مَثُوبَةً عندَ ٱلله عَن لَّعَنَّهُ ٱللهُ وَغَضبَ عَلَيْهِ وَجَعَلَ مَنْهُمُ ٱلْقَرَدَةَ وَٱلْخَنَازِيرَ وَعَبَدَ ٱلطَّنغُوتَ أَوْلَيْكَ شَرُّمَّكَانًا وَأَضَلُ عَن سَوَآءِ ٱلسَّبيل ﴿ وَإِذَا جَآءُ وَكُرْ قَالُوٓ ا عَامَنَّا وَقَد دَّ خَلُواْ بِالْكُفْرِ وَهُمْ قَدْ نَوَجُواْ بِهُ م وَ اللهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْنُمُونَ ١٥ وَرَى كَثِيرًا مَنْهُمْ يُسَارِعُونَ في الْإِثْمُ وَالْعُدُوانِ وَأَكْلِهِمُ السُّحْتُّ لَبُّسَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ لَوْلَا يَنْهَاهُمُ الرَّبَّنيُونَ وَالْأَحْبَارُ عَن قَوْلهُمُ ٱلْإِثْمَ وَأَكْلِهُمُ ٱلسُّحْتُّ لَبَنْسَ مَا كَانُواْ يَصْنَعُونَ ٢ وَقَالَتَ ٱلْيَهُودُ يَدُ اللهُ مَغَلُولَةً كُنَّتَ أَيْدَيِهِمْ وَلُعُنُواْ بَمَا قَالُواْ ****

- 59. Say: O People of the Scripture! Do ye blame us for aught else than that we believe in Allah and that which is revealed unto us and that which was revealed aforetime, and because most of you are evil-livers?
- 60. Shall I tell thee of a worse (case) than theirs for retribution with Allah? (Worse is the case of him) whom Allah hath cursed, him on whom His wrath hath fallen and of whose sort Allah hath turned some to apes and swine, and who serveth idols. Such are in worse plight and further astray from the plain road.
- 61. When they come unto you (Muslims), they say: We believe; but they came in in unbelief and they went out in the same; and Allah knoweth best what they were hiding.
- 62. And thou seest many of them vying one with another in sin and transgression and their devouring of illicit gain. Verily evil is what they do.
- 63. Why do not the rabbis and the priests forbid their evil-speaking and their devouring of illicit gain? Verily evil is their handiwork.
- 64. The Jews say: Allah's hand is fettered. Their hands are fettered and they are accursed for saying so. Nay, but

بَلْ يَدَاهُ مَبْسُوطَتَان يُنفَى كَيْفَ يَشَآءٌ ۚ وَلَيْزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مُّهُم مَّا أَزْلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ طُعْيَلْنَا وَكُفْراً وَأَلْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقَيْلَمَةَ كُلَّمَا أَوْقَدُواْ نَارًا لِلْحَرْبِ أَطْفَأُهُمَا اللهُ وَيَسْعُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهُلَ الْكَتَلِبِ ءَامَنُواْ وَا تَقُواْ لَكَفَّرْنَا عَنْهُمْ سَيْعَاتِهِمْ وَلَأَدْخَلْنَاهُمْ جَنَّلت النَّعيم ﴿ وَكُو أَنَّهُمْ أَقَامُواْ النَّوْرَيْةَ وَالْإِنجِيلَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِم مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ لَا تَكُواْ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَحْت أَرْجُلِهِمْ مده و المعالمة من الله من الما من المعالم المنافعة من المعالم المنافعة من المنافعة ا * يَنَأَيُّهَا الرَّسُولُ بَلْغُ مَا أَزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ وَإِن لَّهُ تَفْعَلْ فَمَا بَلَّغْتَ رَسَالَتَهُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْصِمُكَ مِنَ النَّاسِ إِنَّ اللهُ لَا يَهُ مِنْ الْقَوْمَ الْكُنفرينَ ١ قُلْ يَتَأَهُ لَ



both His hands are spread out wide in bounty. He bestoweth as He will. That which hath been revealed unto thee from thy Lord is certain to increase the contumacy and disbelief of many of them, and We have cast among them enmity and hatred till the Day of Resurrection. As often as they light a fire for war, Allah extinguisheth it. Their effort is for corruption in the land, and Allah loveth not corrupters.

65. If only the People of the Scripture would believe and ward off (evil), surely We should remit their sins from them and surely We should bring them into Gardens of Delight.

66. If they had observed the Torah and the Gospel and that which was revealed unto them from their Lord, they would surely have been nourished from above them and from beneath their feet. Among them there are people who are moderate, but many of them are of evil conduct.

67. O Messenger! Make known that which hath been revealed unto thee from thy Lord, for if thou do it not, thou wilt not have conveyed His message. Allah will protect thee from mankind. Lo! Allah guideth not the disbelieving folk.

ٱلْكَتَابِ لَسُّتُمْ عَلَىٰ ثَنَّ وِحَتَّىٰ تُقيمُوا النَّوْرَىٰةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ وَمَا أَزْلَ إِلَيْكُمْ مِن رَّبِكُمْ وَلَيْزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مَنْهُم مَّا أُزلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ طُغْيَلَنَّا وَكُفْرًّا فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى ٱلْقَوْم ٱلْكَنفرينَ (إِنَّ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَالَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَالصَّابِعُونَ وَالنَّصَنرَىٰ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بَالله وَالْيَوْمِ ٱلَّا خر وَعَمَلَ صَلْحًا فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ١٠٠ لَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَلَقَ بَنَيَ إِسْرَاءِيلَ وَأَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ رَسُلًا كُلَّمَا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولُ بِمَا لَا تَهْوَى أَنْفُسُهُمْ فَرِيقًا كُذَّاوا وَفَرِيقًا يَقْتُلُونَ ٢ وَحَسْبُواْ أَلَّا تَكُونَ فَتَنَدُّ فَعَمُواْ وَصَمُّواْ ثُمَّ آبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمْ مُ عَمُواْ وَصَمُواْ كَثَيْرُ مَنْهُمْ وَٱللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ لَقَـدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ اللهَ هُوَ الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْبَمَ وَقَالَ الْمُسيحُ يَدَنِنَى إِسْرَاءِيلَ اعْبُدُواْ اللهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ

- 68. Say: O People of the Scripture! Ye have naught (of guidance) till ye observe the Torah and the Gospel and that which was revealed unto you from your Lord. That which is revealed unto thee (Muhammad) from thy Lord is certain to increase the contumacy and disbelief of many of them. But grieve not for the disbelieving folk.
- 69. Lo! those who believe, and those who are Jews, and Sabaeans, and Christians—Whosoever believeth in Allah and the Last Day and doeth right—there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.¹
- 70. We made a covenant of old with the Children of Israel and We sent unto them messengers. As often as a messenger came unto them with that which their souls desired not (they became rebellious). Some (of them) they denied and some they slew.
- 71. They thought no harm would come of it, so they were wilfully blind and deaf. And afterward Allah turned (in mercy) toward them. Now (even after that) are many of them wilfully blind and deaf. Allah is Seer of what they do.
- 72. They surely disbelieve who say: Lo! Allah is the Messiah, son of Mary. The Messiah (himself) said: O Children of Israel, worship Allah, my Lord and your Lord.

¹ Almost identical with sûrah II, v. 62.

إِنَّهُ مِن يُشْرِكُ بِٱللَّهِ فَقَدْ حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَمَأُولُهُ ٱلنَّارُ وَمَا للظَّللمينَ منَّ أَنصَار ﴿ يَكِي لَّقَدَّ كَفَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ ثَالَثُ ثَلَاعَةً وَمَا منْ إِلَنه إِلَّا إِلَنَّهُ وَاحَدٌّ وَ إِنْ لَمْ يَنتَهُواْ عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ لَيَمَسَّنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَنْهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَيمُ رَيِّ أَفَلَا يَتُوبُونَ إِلَى ٱللهُ وَيَسْتَغْفُرُونُهُ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحْمٌ ﴿ مَّا ٱلْمُسِيحُ آبَنُ مَرْيَمَ إِلَّا رَسُولُ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلَه ٱلرُّسُلُ وَأَمْهُ وَصَدِيقَةٌ كَانَا يَأْ كُلَانِ ٱلطَّعَامَ ٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ نَبِينَ لَمْمُ ٱلْآيَلت ثُمَّ انظُرَّ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿ يَ قُلْ أَنَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونَ الله مَا لَا يَمَلْكُ لَـكُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا ۚ وَاللَّهُ هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيحُ ٱلْعَلَيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ قُلْ يَتَأَهَّلَ ٱلْكَتَلِ لَا تَعْلُواْ فِي دِينكُمْ غَيْرً ٱلْحَتَى وَلَا تَتَبَعُواْ أَهْوَاءَ قَوْمَ قَدْ ضَلُواْ مِن قَبْلُ وَأَضَلُواْ كَثِيرًا وَضَلُّواْ عَنِ سَوَآءِ السَّبِيلِ رَبُّني لُعَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ

Lo! whoso ascribeth partners unto Allah, for him Allah hath forbidden paradise. His abode is the Fire. For evil-doers there will be no helpers.

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- 73. They surely disbelieve who say: Lo! Allah is the third of three; when there is no God save the One God. If they desist not from so saying a painful doom will fall on those of them who disbelieve.
- 74. Will they not rather turn unto Allah and seek forgiveness of Him? For Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 75. The Messiah, son of Mary, was no other than a messenger, messengers (the like of whom) had passed away before him. And his mother was a saintly woman. And they both used to eat (earthly) food. See how We make the revelations clear for them, and see how they are turned away!
- 76. Say: Serve ye in place of Allah that which possesseth for you neither hurt nor use? Allah it is Who is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 77. Say: O People of the Scripture! Stress not in your religion other than the truth, and follow not the vain desires of folk who erred of old and led many astray, and erred from a plain road.
 - 78. Those of the Children of Israel who went astray were

مَنْ بَنَيْ إِسْرَاءِ بِلَ عَلَىٰ لَسَانِ دَاوُرُدَ وَعِيسَى أَبْنِ مَرْجُ ذَاكَ بَمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ ١٠٠٥ كَانُواْ لَا يَتَنَاهَوْنَ عَن مُنكَر فَعَلُوهُ لَبِنْسَ مَا كَانُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ تَرَىٰ كَثِيرًا مَهُ مِي يَتُولُونَ الَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ لَبُسُ مَا قَدَّمَتْ هُمُ أَنْفُسُهُمْ أَنْ سَخَطَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَفِي الْعَذَابِ هُمْ خَدَلدُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ كَانُواْ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالنَّبِيِّ وَمَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مَا آتَّخَذُوهُمْ أُولِيَاءَ وَلَكُنَّ كَثيرًا مِّهُمْ فَلسقُونَ ١٠ ﴿ لَنَجِدَنَّ أَشَدَّ ٱلنَّاسِ عَدَاوَةُ لَلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلْيَهُودَ وَٱلَّذِينَ أَشَرَكُواْ وَلَتَجِلَنَّ أَقْرَبَهُمُ مَّوَدَّةً لَلَّذِينَ امْنُواْ الَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّا نَصَدِّئ ذَاكَ بَأَنَّ مَنْهُمْ قَسِيسِينَ وَرُهَانَا وَأَتَّهُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبُرُونَ رَيْ وَ إِذَا سَمُواْ مَا أَزْلَ إِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ تَرَيَّ أَعْيُنَهُمْ تَفِيضُ مِنَ الدُّمْعِ مَّا عَرَفُواْ مِنَ الْحَقِّ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا عَامَنًا فَأَكْتُبْنَا cursed by the tongue of David, and of Jesus, son of Mary. That was because they rebelled and used to transgress.

- 79. They restrained not one another from the wickedness they did. Verily evil was that they used to do!
- 80. Thou seest many of them making friends with those who disbelieve. Surely ill for them is that which they themselves send on before them: that Allah will be wroth with them and in the doom they will abide.
- 81. If they believed in Allah and the Prophet and that which is revealed unto him, they would not choose them for their friends. But many of them are of evil conduct.
- 82. Thou wilt find the most vehement of mankind in hostility to those who believe (to be) the Jews and the idolaters. And thou wilt find the nearest of them in affection to those who believe (to be) those who say: Lo! We are Christians. That is because there are among them priests and monks, 1 and because they are not proud.
- 83. When they listen to that which hath been revealed unto the messenger, thou seest their eyes overflow with tears because of their recognition of the Truth. They say: Our Lord, we believe. Inscribe us as among the witnesses.

i.e. persons entirely devoted to the service of Allah, as were the Muslims.

ٱلْحَتَّ وَنَطْمَعُ أَنْ يُدْخَلَنَا رَبَّنَا مَعَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلصَّلَحِينَ ﴿ مِنْ فَأَثَنَبُهُ اللهُ بَمَا قَالُواْ جَنَّات تَجَّرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلأَنْهَارُ خَلدينَ فَهَا ۚ وَذَا لَكَ جَزَآءُ ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ ثِينَ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِتَايَلِنَنَا أَوْلَيْكَ أَعْكَنبُ الْحَحِيمِ اللَّهِ يِنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُحَرَّمُواْ طَيْبَلَت مَآ أَحَلَّ ٱللهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا تَعْتَدُوا أَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿ وَكُلُواْ مَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللهُ حَلَناكًا طَيَّبً ۖ وَاتَّقُواْ اللهَ الَّذَى أَنتُم به، مُؤْمِنُونَ رَبِّينَ لَا يُوَّاخِذُكُرُ اللهُ بِاللَّغُوفِي أَيْمَنِكُمْ وَلَكَن يُوَّاخِذُكُمُ بِمَا عَقَّد يُمُ الْأَيْمَانَ فَكَفَّرَ نُهُ إِطْعَامُ عَشَرَة مَسَكِينَ مِنْ أُوسَطِ مَا تُطْعِمُونَ أَهْلِيكُمْ أَوْ كُسُوتُهُمْ أَوْ تَخْرِيرُ رَقَبَةً فَمَن لَّدْ يَجَدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَنْنَةَ أَيَّامٌ ذَالِكَ كَفَّارَةُ

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- 84. How should we not believe in Allah and that which hath come unto us of the Truth. And (how should we not) hope that our Lord will bring us in along with righteous folk?
- 85. Allah hath rewarded them for that their saying-Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever. That is the reward of the good.
- 86. But those who disbelieve and deny Our revelations, they are owners of hell-fire.
- 87. O ye who believe! Forbid not the good things which Allah hath made lawful for you, and transgress not. Lo! Allah loveth not transgressors.
- 88. Eat of that which Allah hath bestowed on you as food lawful and good, and keep your duty to Allah in Whom ye are believers.
- 89. Allah will not take you to task for that which is unintentional in your oaths, but He will take you to task for the oaths which ye swear in earnest. The expiation thereof is the feeding of ten of the needy with the average of that wherewith ye feed your own folk, or the clothing of them, or the liberation of a slave, and for him who findeth not (the wherewithal to do so) then a three days' fast. This is the ****

أَيْمَنْكُمْ إِذَا حَلَفْتُمْ وَٱحْفَظُوٓاْ أَيْمَنَنُكُمُّ كَذَاكَ بُبَيْنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنته ع لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِنَّمَا ٱلْحُمْرُ وَٱلْمَيْسُرُ وَٱلْأَنْصَابُ وَٱلْأَزْلَامُ رَجْسٌ مَّنْ عَمَلِ ٱلشَّيْطُانِ فَأَجْتَنُبُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا يُرْبُدُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَن يُوقعَ بَيْنَكُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَآءَ فِي الْخَمْر وَٱلْمَيْسِرُ وَيَصُدَّكُمْ عَن ذَكْرِ ٱلله وَعَنِ ٱلصَّلَوْ ۚ فَهَلْ أَنَّهُم مُّنتَهُونَ ﴿ وَأَطْيعُواْ اللَّهَ وَأَطْيعُواْ الزَّسُولَ وَاحْذَرُواْ فَإِن تَوَلَّيْمُ فَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّا عَلَى رَسُولِنَا ٱلْبَلَاعُ ٱلمبينُ ٢ لَيْسَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ جُنَّاحٌ فيمَا طَعَمُواْ إِذَا مَا أَنَّقُواْ وَّءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّللحَات ثُمَّ ٱنَّقُواْ وَءَامَنُوا مُمَّ ٱ نَّقُواْ وَأَحْسَنُوا ۗ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ يَتَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَيَبْلُونَكُمُ اللهُ بَشَيْءِ مَّنَ الصَّيْد

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expiation of your oaths when ye have sworn; and keep your oaths. Thus Allah expoundeth unto you His revelations in order that ye may give thanks.

- 90. O ye who believe! Strong drink and games of chance and idols and divining arrows are only an infamy of Satan's handiwork. Leave it aside in order that ye may succeed.
- 91. Satan seeketh only to cast among you enmity and hatred by means of strong drink and games of chance, and to turn you from remembrance of Allah and from (His) worship. Will ye then have done?
- 92. Obey Allah and obey the messenger, and beware! But if ye turn away, then know that the duty of Our messenger is only plain conveyance (of the message).
- 93. There shall be no sin (imputed) unto those who believe and do good works for what they may have eaten (in the past). So be mindful of your duty (to Allah), and believe, and do good works; and again: be mindful of your duty, and believe; and once again: be mindful of your duty, and do right. Allah loveth the good.
- 94. O ye who believe! Allah will surely try you somewhat

تَنَالُهُ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَرِمَا حُكُمْ لَيْعَلِّمَ اللَّهُ مَن يَخَافُهُ بِالْغَيْبِ لَمَن أَعْتَدَىٰ بَعْدَ ذَاكَ فَلَهُ عَذَابُ أَلَيْمُ اللَّهِ إِنَّ يَتَأْبُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَقْتُلُواْ الصَّيْدَ وَأَنتُمْ حَرَمْ وَمَن قَتْلَهُ_ومِنكُم مُتعَمّداً فَجَزاً * مثلُ مَاقتلَ من النّعَم يَحُكُرُ به عذوا عدل مَّنكُرُ هَدِّياً بِللَّغَ ٱلْكَعْبَةَ أَوْ كَفَّلَرَّةٌ طَعَامُ مَسَلَكِينَ أَوْعَـدْلُ ذَالِكَ صِيَاكًا لَّيَذُوقَ وَبَالَ أَمْرُهُ عَفَ اللَّهُ عَمَّ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ عَادَ فَيَنْتَقَمُ اللَّهُ مِنَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انتقام ١ أُحلَّ لَكُمْ صَيْدُ الْبَحْرِ وَطَعَامُهُ مَتَنَعَالَّكُمْ وَللسَّيَارَةُ وَحُرْمَ عَلَيْكُمْ صَيْدُ ٱلْبَرْ مَا دُمَّمْ حُرَماً وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ ٱلَّذِي إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ ﴿ جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْكَعْبَةَ ٱلْبَيْتَ ٱلْحَرَامَ قينَمَا لَلنَّاس وَالشَّهْرَ ٱلْحَرَامَ وَٱلْمَدْى وَٱلْقَلَيْدِ ذَاكَ لِتَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمْوَاتِ



(in the matter) of the game which ye take with your hands and your spears, that Allah may know him who feareth Him in secret. Whoso transgresseth after this, for him there is a painful doom.

- 95. O ye who believe! Kill no wild game while ye are on the pilgrimage. Whoso of you killeth it of set purpose he shall pay its forfeit in the equivalent of that which he hath killed, of domestic animals, the judge to be two men among you known for justice, (the forfeit) to be brought as an offering to the Ka'bah; or, for expiation, he shall feed poor persons, or the equivalent thereof in fasting, that he may taste the evil consequences of his deed. Allah forgiveth whatever (of this kind) may have happened in the past, but whoso relapseth, Allah will take retribution from him. Allah is Mighty, Able to Requite (the wrong).
- 96. To hunt and to eat the fish of the sea is made lawful for you, a provision for you and for seafarers; but to hunt on land is forbidden you so long as ye are on the pilgrimage. Be mindful of your duty to Allah, unto Whom ye will be gathered.
- 97. Allah hath appointed the Ka'bah, the Sacred House, a standard for mankind, and the Sacred Month and the offerings and the garlands. That is so that ye may know that Allah knoweth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in

وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيٍّ ۗ عَلِيمٌ ﴿ اعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللهَ شَديدُ ٱلْعَفَابِ وَأَنَّ ٱللهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحمُّ ١ مَّا عَلَى الرَّسُولِ إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُبَّدُونَ وَمَا تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿ فَي قُل لَّا يَسْتَوى الْخَبِيثُ وَالطَّيْبُ وَلَوْ أَعْبَكَ كَثْرَهُ الْخَبِيثَ فَآتَفُواْ اللهَ يَنَاوُ لِي الْأَلْبَب لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ إِنَّ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَسْعَلُواْ عَنْ أَشْيَاءَ إِن تُبْدَلَكُمْ تَسُوْكُمْ وَإِن تَسْعَلُواْ عَنْهَا حِينَ بُنَزَّلُ ٱلْقُرْءَانُ تُبَدَّلَكُمْ عَفَا ٱللهُ عَنْهَا ۗ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ حَلَّمُ ﴿ قَدْ سَأَلْهَا قَوْمٌ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ ثُمَّ أَصْبَحُواْ بَهَا كَنفرينَ ١٠ مَا جَعَلَ اللهُ منَ بَحيرَة وَلَا سَآيِبَة وَلَا وَصيلَة وَلَا حَام وَلَكَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى الله الْكَذَبَ وَأَ كُثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَمُمَّ تَعَالَوْاْ إِلَىٰ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللهُ

- 98. Know that Allah is severe in punishment, but that Allah (also) is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 99. The duty of the messenger is only to convey (the message). Allah knoweth what ye proclaim and what ye hide.
- too. Say: The evil and the good are not alike even though the plenty of the evil attract thee. So be mindful of your duty to Allah, O men of understanding, that ye may succeed.
- vere made known unto you, would trouble you; but if ye ask of them when the Qur'an is being revealed, they will be made known unto you. Allah pardoneth this, for Allah is Forgiving. Clement.
- 102. A folk before you asked (for such disclosures) and then disbelieved therein.
- 103. Allah hath not appointed anything in the nature of a Babirah or a Sa'ibah or a Wasilah or a Hâmi, but those who disbelieve invent a lie against Allah. Most of them have no sense.
 - 104. And when it is said unto them: Come unto that

¹ Different classes of cattle liberated in honour of idols and reverenced by the pagen Arabs.

وَ إِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ قَالُواْ حَسْيُنَا مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ وَابَآءَ نَآ أُ وَلَوْاْ كَانَ ءَابَا وَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ شَيْعًا وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ وَيَ يَنَا يُهَا ٱلَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ أَنفُسَكُمْ لَا يَضُرُكُمُ مِّن ضَلَّ إِذَا اهْتَدَيْتُمْ إِلَى اللهُ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِعًا فَينْبَثُكُمْ بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ وَيْنَ يَنَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ شَهَادَةُ بَيْنَكُمْ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ حِينَ ٱلْوَصِيَّة ٱثْنَان ذَوَا عَدْل مَّنكُ أَوْ وَانْرَان مِنْ غَيْرِكُمْ إِنَّ أَنُّمْ ضَرَّبْتُمْ فَي ٱلْأَرْض فَأَصَابَتْكُمُ مُصِيبَةُ ٱلْمَوْتَ تَحْبُسُونَهُمَا مَنُ بَعْد ٱلصَّلَوْة فَيُقْسَمَان بِالله إِن أَرْ تَبْتُمْ لَا نَشْتَرى بِهِ عَمَنَا وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْبَيُّ وَلَا نَكُتُمُ شَهَدَةَ الله إِنَّا إِذَالَمْنَ ٱلَّا مُمِينَ ﴿ فَإِنْ عُثْرَ عَلِيَّ أَنَّهُمَا ٱسْتَحَقَّا إِنَّكَأَ فَعَا نَحَرَانَ يَقُومَانَ مَقَامَهُمَا منَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَوْلَيَانِ فَيُقْسمَان بالله which Allah hath revealed and unto the messenger, they say: Enough for us is that wherein we found our fathers. What! Even though their fathers had no knowledge whatsoever, and no guidance?

To5. O ye who believe! Ye have charge of your own souls. He who erreth cannot injure you if ye are rightly guided. Unto Allah ye will all return; and then He will inform you of what ye used to do.

106. O ye who believe! Let there be witnesses between you when death draweth nigh unto one of you, at the time of bequest—two witnesses, just men from among you, or two others from another tribe, in case ye are campaigning in the land and the calamity of death befall you. Ye shall empanel them both after the prayer, and, if ye doubt, they shall be made to swear by Allah (saying): We will not take a bribe, even though it were (on behalf of) a near kinsman nor will we hide the testimony of Allah, for then indeed we should be of the sinful.

107. But then, if it is afterwards ascertained that both of them merit (the suspicion of) sin, let two others take their place of those nearly concerned, and let them swear by Allah,

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لَشَهَدُتُنَا أَحَقُّ مِن شَهَدَتْهِمَا وَمَا اعْتَدَيْنَا إِنَّا إِذَا لَّمِنَ ٱلظَّللمينَ ﴿ يَا ذَاكَ أَدْنَىٰ أَن يَأْتُواْ بِٱلشَّهَدَة عَلَى وَجُهُمَّا أويحافوا أن تردّ أيمن بعد أيمنهم وأتّقوا الله وأسمعوا وَاللَّهُ لَايَهُدى الْقَوْمَ الْفَلسقينَ ﴿ إِنَّ * يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُ اللَّهُ ٱلرُّسُلَ فَيَقُولُ مَاذَآ أَجْبُمُ قَالُواْ لَاعْلَمَ لَنَا ۖ إِنَّكَ أَنَ عَلَّمُ ٱلْغُيُوبِ ﴿ إِنَّ قَالَ ٱللَّهُ يَعيسَى ٱبْنَ مَرْيَمَ ٱذْكُرْ نَعْمَتِي عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَى وَالدَنكَ إِذْ أَيَّدُّنْكَ برُوح الْقُدُس تُكَلَّمُ النَّاسَ في الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلا قَ إِذْ عَلَّمْنُكَ الْكَتَابَ وَٱلْحَكْمَةَ وَٱلدُّورَانَةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ ٱلطِّين كَهَبْئَةَ ٱلطَّبْرِ بِإِذْنِي فَتَنفُخُ فِهَا فَتَكُونُ طَـبْرَا بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِى الْأَكْمَةُ وَالْأَبْرَصَ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ يُحْرِجُ الْمَوْتَى بِإِذْنِّي وَ إِذْ كَفَفْتُ بَنِيَّ إِسْرًا وِبِلَّ عَنكَ إِذْ جِئْتُهُم



(saying): Verily our testimony is truer than their testimony and we have not transgressed (the bounds of duty), for then indeed we should be of the evil-doers.

108. Thus it is more likely that they will bear true witness or fear that after their oaths the oaths (of others) will be taken. So be mindful of your duty (to Allah) and hearken. Allah guideth not the froward folk.

109. In the day when Allah gathereth together the messengers, and saith: What was your response (from mankind)? they say: We have no knowledge. Lo! Thou, only Thou art the Knower of Things Hidden,

member My favour unto thee and unto thy mother; how I strengthened thee with the holy Spirit, so that thou spakest unto mankind in the cradle as in maturity; and how I taught thee the Scripture and Wisdom and the Torah and the Gospel; and how thou didst shape of clay as it were the likeness of a bird by My permission, and didst blow upon it and it was a bird by My permission, and thou didst heal him who was born blind and the leper by My permission; and how I restrained the Children of Israel from (harming) thee when thou camest

بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ مَنْهُمْ إِنْ هَلَآ إِلَّا سَحْرٌ مُّ بِنُّ إِنَّ وَإِذْ أُوحَيْتُ إِلَى ٱلْحَـوَارِ يَصَنَ أَنْ ءَامَنُواْ بِي وَ رَسُولِي قَالُوٓاْ ءَامَنَّا وَٱشْهَدْ بِأَنَّنَا مُسْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ ٱلْحَوَارِيُّونَ يَنْعِيسَى أَبْنَ مَرْيَمَ هَلْ يَسْتَطَيعُ رَبُّكَ أَن يُنْزَلَ عَلَيْنَا مَا يِدَةً مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ قَالَ اتَّقُواْ اللهَ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ١١ قَالُواْ نُرِيدُ أَن نَّأْ كُلَ مَنْهَا وَتَطْمَينَّ قُلُوبُنا وَنَعْلَمَ أَن قَدْ صَدَقْتَنا وَنَكُونَ عَلَيْهَا مِنَ الشَّنهدينَ ١ قَالَ عيسَى أَبْ مَرْيَمُ اللَّهُمُّ رَبِّنَا أَزْلُ عَلَيْنَا مَا يِدَهُ مَنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ تَكُونُ لَنَا عِيدًا لَأُوَّلَنَا وَوَانِرِنَا وَوَايَةً مِّنكَّ وَارْزُقْنَا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ ﴿ قَالَ اللهُ إِنِّي مُنزَلِّهُ ا عَلَيْكُمْ فَن يَكُفُرْ بِعَدُ مِنكُمْ فَإِنَّى أَعَذَّ بِهُ عَذَاباً لا أَعَذَّ بِهِ أَحَدًا مِّنَ الْعَلَمِينَ وَإِنَّ وَإِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَنْعِيسَى أَبْنَ مَرْيَمَ unto them with clear proofs, and those of them who disbelieved exclaimed: This is naught else than mere magic;

- 111. And when I inspired the disciples, (saying): Believe in Me and in My messenger, they said: We believe. Bear witness that we have surrendered (unto Thee) «we are muslims».
- 112. When the disciples said: O Jesus, son of Mary! Is thy Lord able to send down for us a table spread with food from heaven? He said: Observe your duty to Allah, if ye are true believers.
- satisfy our hearts and know that thou hast spoken truth to us, and that thereof we may be witnesses.
- 114. Jesus, son of Mary, said: O Allah, Lord of us! Send down for us a table spread with food from heaven, that it may be a feast for us, for the first of us and for the last of us, and a sign from Thee. Give us sustenance, for Thou art the Best of Sustainers.
- 115. Allah said: Lo! I send it down for you. And whoso disbelieveth of you afterward, him surely will I punish with a punishment wherewith I have not punished any of (My) creatures.
 - 116. And when Allah saith: O Jesus, son of Mary!

ءَأَنَتَ قُلْتَ للنَّاسِ ٱتَّخذُونِي وَأَمَّى إِلَيْهَيْنِ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ قَالَ سُبْحَنْنَكَ مَا يَكُونُ لِيَّ أَنْ أَقُولَ مَالَيْسَ لِي بَحَقَّ إِن كُنتُ قُلْتِه وَقَدْ عَلَمتُه وَ تَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِي وَلاَ أَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسَكُّ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوبِ ١ مَا قُلْتُ لَهُمْ إِلَّا مَا أَمْ تَنَى بِهِ ۚ أَنِ ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمٌّ ۚ وَكُنتُ عَلَيْهِمْ ۗ شَهِيدًا مَّا دُمْتُ فِيهِمْ فَلَمَّا تَوَفَّيْتَني كُنتَ أَنتَ الرَّقِبَ عَلَيْهُمْ وَأَنَّتَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ شَهِيدٌ ﴿ إِن تُعَذَّبُهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ عَبَادُكَّ وَإِن تَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ فَإِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْعَزِيرُ الْحَكُمُ ١ قَالَ اللهُ هَنْذَا يَوْمُ يَنْفَعُ ٱلصَّادَقِينَ صِدْقُهُمْ لَهُمْ جَنَّكُ ۗ تَجْرى مِن تَعْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا رَّضَى ٱللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ ذَاكَ ٱلْفَوْزُا لَعَظِيمُ ١١٥ اللَّهُ مَلْكُ ٱلسَّمَوَات وَ الْأَرْضِ وَمَا فِينَّ وَهُو عَلَىٰ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدرُ ﴿

Didst thou say unto mankind: Take me and my mother for two gods beside Allah? he saith: Be glorified! It was not mine to utter that to which I had no right. If I used to say it, then Thou knewest it. Thou knowest what is in my mind, and I know not what is in Thy Mind. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Knower of Things Hidden?

- 117. I spake unto them only that which Thou commandedst me, (saying): Worship Allah, my Lord and your Lord. I was a witness of them while I dwelt among them, and when Thou tookest me Thou wast the Watcher over them. Thou art Witness over all things.
- 118. If Thou punish them, lo! they are Thy slaves, and if Thou forgive them (lo! they are Thy slaves). Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Mighty, the Wise.
- 119. Allah saith: This is a day in which their truthfulness profiteth the truthful, for theirs are Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they are secure for ever, Allah taking pleasure in them and they in Him. That is the great triumph.
- 120. Unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth and whatsoever is therein, and He is Able to do all things.

SÜRAH VI

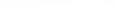
Al-An'âm "Cattle" takes its name from a word in v. 136, repeated in vv. 138, 139, where cattle are mentioned in connection with superstitious practices condemned by Al-Islâm.

With the possible exception of nine verses, which some authorities—e.g. Ibn Salâmah—ascribe to the Madînah period, the whole of this sûrah belongs to the year before the Hijrah. It is related, on the authority of Ibn 'Abbâs, that it was revealed in a single visitation. It is placed here on account of the subject, vindication of the Divine Unity, which fitly follows on the subjects of the previous sûrahs. The note of certain triumph is remarkable in the circumstances of its revelation, when the Prophet, after thirteen years of effort, saw himself obliged to flee from Mecca and seek help from strangers.

A late Meccan sûrah.

(٦) سِيُوْلِ الأنعام مَكيّة إلا الآيات ٢٠ ٢٠ ١٥ و ١٥ و ١١ و ١١ و ١٥ و ١٥ و و ١٥ فد ية وإياما من الزيت بعد الجر

ٱلْحَمْدُ للهُ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَلُوَاتِ وَ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَحَمَّلَ ٱلظُّلُمَنة وَ ٱلنُّورَ مُمَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدلُونَ ٢ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مِن طين ثُمَّ قَضَيْ أَجَلًّا وَأَجَلُّ مُسَمِّى عندَهُو ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ مُمْتَرُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ ٱللَّهُ فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضَ يَعْلَمُ سَرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرَكُمْ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ وَمَا تَأْتيهم منْ ءَ ايَة منْ ءَايَدت رَبّهم إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنْهَا مُعْرضِينَ ﴿ فَهَدْ كَدَّ بُواْ بِالْخَقَ لَمَّا جَآءَ مُمَّ فَسَوْفَ يَأْ تِيهِمْ أَنْبُكُواْ مَا كَانُواْ بِهِ يَسْتَهْزُهُ وِنَ ﴿ إِلَّا كُرُّواْ كُرُّ



CATTLE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Praise be to Allah, Who hath created the heavens and the earth, and hath appointed darkness and light. Yet those who disbelieve ascribe rivals unto their Lord.
- 2. He it is Who hath created you from clay, and hath decreed a term for you. A term is fixed with Him. Yet still ye doubt!
- 3. He is Allah in the heavens and in the earth. He knoweth both your secret and your utterance, and He knoweth what ye earn.
- 4. Never came there unto them a revelation of the revelations of Allah but they did turn away from it.
- 5. And they denied the truth when it came unto them. But there will come unto them the tidings of that which they used to deride.
 - 6. See they not how many a generation We destroyed

أَهْلَكُنَّا مِن قَبْلهِم مِّن قَرْن مَّكَّنَّهُم في ٱلأَرْض مَا لَرَّ تُمْكِّن لَّكُوْ وَأُرْسَلْنَا السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْهِم مَّدْرَارًا وَجَعَلْنَا الْأَبْهُرَ تَجْرى من تَحْتُهُمْ فَأَهْلَكُنَّكُمُ مِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَأَنْشَأْنَا مَنْ بَعْدَهُمْ قَرْنًا ءَانَرِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْ زَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ كَتَلِبًا فِي قُرْطَاسِ فَلَمَسُوهُ بأَيْديهم لَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِنْ هَلَذَآ إِلَّا سُمَّرُّمُبِينٌ ٢ وَقَالُواْ لَوْلِا أَزْلَ عَلَيْهُ مَلَكُ وَلَوْ أَزَلْنَا مَلَكًا لَّفَضَى ٱلْأُمْ ثُمَّ لَا يُنظَرُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ جَعَلْنَهُ مَلَكًا لِخَعَلْنَهُ رَجُلًا وَلَلْبُسْنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّا يَلْبِسُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدَ أَسْبُرْى مَّ رُسُل مَّن قَبْلَكَ فَحَاقَ بِالَّذِينَ سَخُرُواْ مَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ بِمِمَيِّسَتَهْزِ عُونَ رَبُّي قُلْ سيرُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ثُمَّ انظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١ مُّل لَّمَن مَّا فِي ٱلسَّمَنُوَّاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ قُل الله كَنَبَ عَلَى نَفْسه الرَّحْمَةُ لَيَجْمَعَنَّكُم إِلَّا before them, whom Wehad established in the earth more firmly than We have established you, and We shed on them abundant showers from the sky, and made the rivers flow beneath them. Yet We destroyed them for their sins, and created after them another generation.

- 7. Had We sent down unto thee (Muhammad) (actual) writing upon parchment, so that they could feel it with their hands, those who disbelieve would have said: This is naught else than mere magic.
- 8. They say: Why hath not an angel been sent down unto him? If We sent down an angel, then the matter would be judged; no further time would be allowed them (for reflection).
- 9. Had We appointed him (Our messenger) an angel, We assuredly had made him (as) a man (that he might speak to men); and (thus) obscured for them (the truth) they (now) obscure.
- 10. Messengers (of Allah) have been derided before thee, but that whereat they scoffed surrounded such of them as did deride.
- 11. Say (unto the disbelievers): Travel in the land, and see the nature of the consequence for the rejecters!
- 12. Say: Unto whom belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth? Say: Unto Allah. He hath prescribed for Himself mercy, that He may bring you all together to the

يَوْمِ الْقَيْلَمَةَ لَا رَبِّ فِيهُ لِأَذِينَ خَسْرُواْ أَنفُسُهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُوُّ مَنُونَ ﴿ ﴿ وَلَهُ مِ مَا سَكَنَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارُ وَ هُوَ أَ السَّميعُ الْعَليمُ ﴿ يَ قُلُ أَغَيْرَ اللهُ أَتَّخَذُ وَليُّ ا فَاطر ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَهُو يُطْعُمُ وَلَا يُطْعُمُ قُلْ إِنِّي اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّي قُلْ إِنِّي أَخَافُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّي عَذَابَ ﴿ يَوْمَ عَظِيمَ ١٠٠ مِّن يُصْرَفَ عَنْهُ يَوْمَهِذَ فَقَدْ رَحَمُهُمْ و ذَالِكَ ٱلْفَوْذُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ﴿ وَإِن يَعْسَسْكَ ٱللهُ بِضُرٌ فَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّ

مَّنَيْءِ قَدِيرٌ ﴿ وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عَبَادِهُ وَهُوَ الْحَكِيمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ مَنَّ اللهُ مَهِدُ الْحَكِيمُ الْحَدِيدُ وَهُو الْحَكِيمُ الْحَدِيدُ وَهُو الْحَدَيمُ اللهُ مَهِدُ اللهُ اللهُ مَهِدُ اللهُ اللهُ مَهِدُ اللهُ الل

وَبَيْنَكُمُ وَأُوحِي إِنَّ هَنَذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانُ لِأُنْذِرَكُم بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ



Day of Resurrection whereof there is no doubt. Those who ruin their own souls will not believe.

- 13. Unto Him belongeth whatsoever resteth in the night and the day. He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 14. Say: Shall I choose for a protecting friend other than Allah, the Originator of the heavens and the earth, Who feedeth and is never fed? Say: I am ordered to be the first to surrender (unto Him). And be not thou (O Muhammad) of the idolaters.
- 15. Say: I fear, if I rebel against my Lord, the retribution of an Awful Day.
- 16. He from whom (such retribution) is averted on that day, (Allah) hath in truth had mercy on him. That will be the signal triumph.
- 17. If Allah touch thee with affliction, there is none that can relieve therefrom save Him, and if He touch thee with good fortune (there is none that can impair it); for He is Able to do all things.
- 18. He is the Omnipotent over His slaves, and He is the Wise, the Knower.
- 19. Say (O Muhammad): What thing is of most weight in testimony? Say: Allah is Witness between me and you. And this Qur'an hath been inspired in me, that I may warn therewith you and whomsoever it may reach. Do ye in sooth bear

اً يَنْ مُو رَدُورُ وَ أَنَّ مَعَ الله عَالَهَ أُورِي قُل لا أَسْهِد قُلْ إِنَّكَ هُوَ إِلَكُ ۗ وَاحَدٌ وَ إِنَّنِي بَرِيَّ مَّنَّ أَشُرُكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مُلَّا أَشُرُكُونَ ﴿ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَلُهُمُ ٱلْكَتَلَبَ يَعْرُفُونَهُ كَمَّا يَعْرُفُونَ أَبْنَاءَ هُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسَرُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُوْمنُونَ ﴿ يَ وَمَنْ أَظُلَمُ ۗ مَنَّ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱلله كَذَبًا أَوْكَذَّبَ بِعَايَنته ۗ إِنَّهُ لِلا يُفْلحُ ٱلظَّللُمُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيمًا ثُمَّ نَقُولُ للَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ أَيْنَ أُمْرَكًا وَكُو الَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ يَزْعُمُونَ ﴿ مُ مَّالَّا مُكُن فَتَنَهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ وَاللهُ رَبِّنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ انظُرْ كُيْفَ كَذَبُواْ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسهم ۗ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ وَمَهُمُ مَّن يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ ۗ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكَنَّةُ أَن يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي ءَاذَانِهِمْ وَقُرّاً وَ إِن يَرَوّاْ كُلَّ ءَايَة لَا يُؤْمِنُواْ إِمّا حَنَّى إِذَا جَآءُ وكَ يُجَلِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِنَّ هَلَآ آ witness that there are gods beside Allah? Say: I bear no such witness. Say: He is only One God. Lo! I am innocent of that which ye associate (with Him).

- 20. Those unto whom We gave the Scripture recognise (this revelation) as they recognise their sons. Those who ruin their own souls will not believe.
- 21. Who doth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie against Allah or denieth His revelations? Lo! the wrong-doers will not be successful.
- 22. And on the day We gather them together We shall say unto those who ascribed partners (unto Allah): Where are (now) those partners of your make-believe?
- 23. Then will they have no contention save that they will say: By Allah, our Lord, we never were idolaters.
- 24. See how they lie against themselves, and (how) the thing which they devised hath failed them!
- 25. Of them are some who listen unto thee, but We have placed upon their hearts veils, lest they should understand, and in their ears a deafness. If they saw every token they would not believe therein; to the point that, when they come unto thee to argue with thee, the disbelievers say: This is

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إِلَّا أَسْطِيرُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَهُمْ يَنْهُونَ عَنْهُ وَيَنْعُونَ عَنَّهُ وَإِن يُهْلَكُونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذْ وَقَفُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ فَقَالُواْ يَعْلَيْنَنَا نُرَدُّولَا نُكَذَّبَ بِعَايَنت رَبِّنَا وَنَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ ١٠٠ بَلْ بَدَا لَحُمُ مَّا كَانُواْ يُحْفُونَ من قَـبُلُ وَلَوْرِدُواْ لَعَادُواْ لَمَا نُهُواْ عَنْهُ وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَكُنْدُبُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا ٱلدُّنْيَا وَمَا نَحْنُ بَمَنْعُوثِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَلَوْ تَرَيِّ إِذْ وُقَفُواْ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهُمْ قَالَ أَلَيْسَ هَنذَا بِٱلْحَتَّ قَالُواْ بِلَيْ وَرَبِّنا ۚ قَالَ فَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بِمَاكُنُمُ تَكْفُرُونَ رَبُّي قَدْ خَسَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بلقاء الله حَنَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ مُهُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَ أَ قَالُواْ يَتَحْسَرَتَنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَطْنَا فِهَا وَهُمْ يَحْمَلُونَ أَوْزَ ارَهُمْ عَلَىٰ ظُهُورِهِمْ أَلَاسَاءَ مَا يَزِرُونَ ﴿ وَمَا الْحَيَوَةُ الدُّنْيَا ۚ إِلَّا لَعَبُّ وَلَمْوُّ ۗ naught else than fables of the men of old.

- 26. And they forbid (men) from it and avoid it, and they ruin none save themselves, though they perceive not.
- 27. If thou couldst see when they are set before the Fire and say: Oh, would that we might return! Then would we not deny the revelations of our Lord but we would be of the believers!
- 28. Nay, but that hath become clear unto them which before they used to hide. And if they were sent back they would return unto that which they are forbidden. Lo! they are liars.
- 29. And they say: There is naught save our life of the world, and we shall not be raised (again).
- 30. If thou couldst see when they are set before their Lord! He will say: Is not this real? They will say: Yea, verily, by our Lord! He will say: Taste now the retribution for that ye used to disbelieve.
- 31. They indeed are losers who deny their meeting with Allah until, when the Hour cometh on them suddenly, they cry: Alas for us, that we neglected it! They bear upon their backs their burdens. Ah, evil is that which they bear!
 - 32. Naught is the life of the world save a pastime and a

وَلَلَدَّارُ ٱلْآخَرَةُ خَـيْرٌ لَّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونُ أَفَلَا تَعْقُلُونَ ﴿ قَدْ نَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُ لِيَحْزُنُكَ الَّذَى يَقُولُونَ فَإِنَّهُمْ لَا يُكَذَّبُونَكَ وَلَكُنَّ الظَّللمينَ بِعَايَلت الله يَجْعَدُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَلَقَدْ كُذَّبَتُ رُسُلٌ من قَبْلكَ فَصَبَرُواْ عَلَى مَا كُذَّبُواْ وَأُودُواْ حَنَّى أَتَنَهُمْ نَصْرُنَا ۚ وَلَا مُبَدِّلَ لَكُلَمَت الله وَلَقَدْ جَآءَ كَ من نَّيَاىُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ (إِنِي وَ إِن كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَإِن ٱسْتَطَعْتَ أَن تَبْتَغِي نَفَقاً فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْسُلَّما فِي السَّمَاءِ فَتَأْتِيهُم بِثَايَةً وَلَوْشَآءَ ٱللهُ لِحَمَعَهُمْ عَلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ فَلا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْجَلَهُلِينَ ﴿ ﴿ إِنَّمَا يَسْتَجِيبُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسْمَعُونَ وَالْمُونَى يَبِعْهُمُ اللهُ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهُ يُرْجَعُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَقَالُواْ لَوْلَا نُزَّلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَةٌ مِّن رَّبُّهُ عَلُّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَادرُ عَلَّمْ أَن يُنْزَلَ ءَايَةً وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ٢



sport. Better far is the abode of the Hereafter for those who keep their duty (to Allah). Have ye then no sense?

- 33. We know well how their talk grieveth thee, though in truth they deny not thee (Muhammad) but evil-doers flout the revelations of Allah.
- 34. Messengers indeed have been denied before thee, and they were patient under the denial and the persecution till Our succour reached them. There is none to alter the decisions of Allah. Already there hath reached thee (somewhat) of the tidings of the messengers (We sent before)
- 35. And if their aversion is grievous unto thee, then, if thou canst, seek a way down into the earth or a ladder unto the sky that thou mayst bring unto them a portent (to convince them all)!—If Allah willed, He could have brought them all together to the guidance—Sò be not thou among the foolish ones.
- 36. Only those can accept who hear. As for the dead, Allah will raise them up; then unto Him they will be returned.
- 37. They say: Why hath no portent been sent down upon him from his Lord? Say: Lo! Allah is Able to send down a portent. But most of them know not.

وَمَا مِن دَاَبَّة فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا طَنِّيرٍ يَطيرُ بَجَنَاحَبُه إِلَّا أُمُّ أَمْنَالُكُمْ مَّا فَرَّ طُنَا فِي الْكَتَلْبِ مِن شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهُمْ يُعْشَرُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّابُواْ بِعَايِنتَنَا صُمُّ وَابْحُرْ ۖ فِي الظُّلُمَاتُ مَن يَشَا إِ اللهُ يُضْلِلْهُ وَمَن يَشَأْ يَجْعَلُهُ عَلَى صراط مُسْتَقيم ري قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُكُمْ إِنَّ أَنَكُمْ عَذَابُ اللهُ اً وَأَنْهُ وَمُو اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَدْرَاللَّهُ تَدْعُونَ إِن كُنتُم صَلاقينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ بَلَّ إِيَّاهُ تَدْعُونَ فَيَكْشُفُ مَا تَدْعُونَ إِلَيْه إِن شَـآءً وَتَنْسَوْنَ مَا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ يَ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا ٓ إِلَّى أَمَد مِّن قَبْلِكَ فَأَخَذُنَّهُم بَالْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَضَرَّعُونَ ﴿ فَلُوْلَا إِذْ جَآءَ هُمِ بَأْسُنَا تَضَرَّعُواْ وَلَكُن قَسَتْ قُلُو بُهُمْ وَزَيَّنَ لَحُـُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فَي فَلَمَّا نَسُواْ مَاذُكُرُواْ به ع فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ أَبُولَ بَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ حَتَّى إِذَا فَرحُواْ

- 38. There is not an animal in the earth, nor a flying creature flying on two wings, but they are peoples like unto you. We have neglected nothing in the Book (of Our decrees). Then unto their Lord they will be gathered.
- 39. Those who deny Our revelations are deaf and dumb in darkness. Whom Allah will He sendeth astray, and whom He will He placeth on a straight path.
- 40. Say: Can ye see yourselves, if the punishment of Allah come upon you or the Hour come upon you, (calling upon other than Allah)? Do ye then call (for help) to any other than Allah? (Answer that) if ye are truthful.
- 41. Nay, but unto Him ye call, and He removeth that because of which ye call unto Him, if He will, and ye forget whatever partners ye ascribed unto Him.
- 42. We have sent already unto peoples that were before thee, and We visited them with tribulation and adversity, in order that they might grow humble.
- 43. If only, when Our disaster came on them, they had been humble! But their hearts were hardened and the devil made all that they used to do seem fair unto them!
- 44. Then, when they forgot that whereof they had been reminded, We opened unto them the gates of all things till, even as they were rejoicing in that which they were given, We

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بِمَا أُوتُواْ أَخَذْنَاهُم بَغْنَةً فَإِذَا هُم مُّبْلُسُونَ ٢ دَابُرَالْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ۚ وَالْحَمَدُ للهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿ قُلْ أَرَءَ يَتُمْ إِنَّ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَأَبْصَدْرَكُمْ وَخَتَّمَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِكُم مَّنْ إِلَكُ عَيْرُ اللهِ يَأْتِيكُم بِهُ أَنظُرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ ٱلْآيَنت ثُمَّ هُمْ يَصْدَفُونَ ﴿ يَ قُلْ أَرَءَ بُسَكُمْ إِنْ أَتَلَكُمْ عَذَابُ اللهَ بَعْتَةَ أَوْجَهْرَةً هَلْ يُهْلَكُ إِلَّا ٱلْقَوْمُ الظَّللُمُونَ ؟ وَمَا نُرْسُلُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذرينَ فَمَن عَامَنَ وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ عَايَنتنَا يَمَسُّهُمُ الْعَذَابُ عِمَا كَانُواْ يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿ قُل لَّا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ عندى خَزَا بِنُ الله وَلَا أَعْلَمُ ٱلْغَيْبَ وَلَآ أَقُولُ لَكُمْ إِنَّى مَلَكُ ۖ إِنَّ أَنَّبِحُ إِلَّا مَايُوحَىٰ إِلَى ۚ قُلْ هَلْ يَسْنَوِى ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيرُ أَفَلَا نَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿

- 45. So of the people who did wrong the last remnant was cut off. Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds!
- 46. Say: Have ye imagined, if Allah should take away your hearing and your sight and seal your hearts, Who is the God Who could restore it to you save Allah? See how We display the revelations unto them! Yet still they turn away.
- 47. Say: Can ye see yourselves, if the punishment of Allah come upon you unawares or openly? Would any perish save wrongdoing folk?
- 48. We send not the messengers save as bearers of good news and warners. Whoso believeth and doeth right, there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 49. But as for those who deny Our revelations, torment will afflict them for that they used to disobey.
- 50. Say (O Muhammad, to the disbelievers): I say not unto you (that) I possess the treasures of Allah, nor that I have knowledge of the Unseen; and I say not unto you: Lo! I am an angel. I follow only that which is inspired in me. Say: Are the blind man and the seer equal? Will ye not then take thought?

وَأَنذُرْ بِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ أَن يُحْشَرُواْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ لَيْسَ لَهُمُ مَّن دُونه ع وَلَيْ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَا نَظْرُد ٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ رَبُّهُم بِٱلْغَدَوٰةِ وَٱلْعَشِّي يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَهُم مَا عَلَيْكَ من حسابهم من مَي عِ وَما من حسابك عَلَيْهم مِّن مَّيْءٍ فَتَطْرُدُهُمْ فَنَكُونَ مِنَ الظَّلِمِينَ ﴿ وَكُذَاكَ فَتَنَّا بَعْضَهُم سِعْض لَيَقُولُواْ أَهَنَّوُكُو مَنَّ اللهُ عَلَيْهِم مَنْ بَيْنَنَا أَلْيُسَ اللهُ بِأَعْلَمَ بِٱلشَّكِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِذَا جَاءَكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِعَايَنتنَا فَقُلْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمٌّ كَتَبَرَ بُكُرْ عَلَىٰ نَفْسه ٱلرَّحْمَةُ أَنَّهُ مَنْ عَمَلَ منكُرُ سُوَءً 'ا بَجَهَلَة ثُمُّ تَابَ مِنْ بَعْدُهُ عُ وَأَصْلَحَ فَأَنَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحْمٌ ﴿ فَي وَكُذَّاكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآبَات وَلَتَسْتَبِينَ سَبِيلُ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ قُلْ إِنِّي نُهُبِيتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدَ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِ اللهِ

- 51. Warn hereby those who fear (because they know) that they will be gathered unto their Lord, for whom there is no protecting ally nor intercessor beside Him, that they may ward off (evil).
- 52. Repel not those who call upon their Lord at morn and evening, seeking His Countenance. Thou art not accountable for them in aught, nor are they accountable for thee in aught, that thou shouldst repel them and be of the wrong-doers.
- 53. And even so do We try some of them by others, that they say: Are these they whom Allah favoureth among us? Is not Allah Best Aware of the thanksgivers?
- 54. And when those who believe in Our revelations come unto thee, say: Peace be unto you! Your Lord hath prescribed for Himself mercy, that whoso of you doeth evil through ignorance and repenteth afterward thereof and doeth right, (for him) lo! He is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 55. Thus do We expound the revelations that the way of the unrighteous may be manifest.
 - 56. Say: I am forbidden to worship those on whom ye call

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قُلُ لَا أَتُّبُعُ أَهُواءً كُمْ قَدْ ضَلَتُ إِذَا وَمَا أَنَّا مَنْ ٱلمُهْتَدِينَ ٢٠ قُلْ إِنِّي عَلَى بَيِّنَة مِّن رَّبِّي وَكَدَّبْتُم بِهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الله مَا عندى مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهُ ۚ إِن ٱلْحُكُمُ ۚ إِلَّا لللهِ يَقُصُّ ٱلْحَقَّ وَهُو خَيْرُ ٱلْفَاصِلِينَ ﴿ ثُنِّ قُل لَّوْ أَنَّ عندى مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهِ عَلَقُضَى ٱلْأَمْرِ بِيْنِي وَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِٱلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿ وَعَنْدَهُۥ مَفَاتَحُ ٱلْغَيْبِ لَا يَعْلَمُهَا إِلَّا هُوَّ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ ۚ وَمَا نَسْفُطُ مِن وَرَقَة إِلَّا يَعْلَمُهَا وَلَا حَبَّه في ظُلُمَت ٱلْأَرْض وَلَا رَطْب وَلَا يَابِسِ إِلَّا فِي كَتَنْبِ مُّبِينِ ﴿ وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي يَتَوَفَّلَكُم بِٱلَّيْلِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا جَرَحْتُم بِٱلنَّهَارِ ثُمَّ يَبْعَشُكُرُ فِيه لُيُقْضَى أَجُلُ مُسَمَّى ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ ثُمَّ مِنْبِثُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ فِي وَهُوَ ٱلْقَاهِمِ فَوْقَ عَبَادِهِ وَرُسِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ



instead of Allah. Say: I will not follow your desires, for then should I go astray and I should not be of the rightly guided.

57. Say: I am (relying) on clear proof from my Lord, while ye deny Him. I have not that for which ye are impatient. The decision is for Allah only. He telleth the truth and He is the Best of Deciders.

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- 58. Say: If I had that for which ye are impatient, then would the case (ere this) have been decided between me and you. Allah is Best Aware of the wrong-doers.
- 59. And with Him are the keys of the Invisible. None but He knoweth them. And He knoweth what is in the land and the sea. Not a leaf falleth but He knoweth it, not a grain amid the darkness of the earth, naught of wet or dry but (it is noted) in a clear record.
- 60. He it is Who gathereth you at night and knoweth that which ye commit by day. Then He raiseth you again to life therein, that the term appointed (for you) may be accomplished. And afterward unto Him is your return. Then He will proclaim unto you what ye used to do.
 - 61. He is the Omnipotent over His slaves. He sendeth

حَفَظَةً حَتَّتَى إِذَا جَآءَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ تَوَفَّتُهُ رُولُونَا وَهُمْ لَا يُفَرَّطُونَ ﴿ مُعَمَّرُدُواْ إِلَى اللهُ مَوْلَكُهُمُ الْحَـنَّى أَلَالُهُ ٱلْحُكُو وَهُوَ أَسْرَءُ ٱلْحَسَبِينَ ﴿ قُلْ مَن يُنَجِيكُمْ مَن وُمُن الْبَرِ وَالْبَحْرِ تَدْعُونَهُ وَتَضَمُّا وَمُفْيَدُلُونَ أَنْجَلْنَا منْ هَلذه ع لَنَكُونَنَّ منَ ٱلشَّلَامِينَ ﴿ ثَيِّي قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يُنَجِّيكُمُ مَنْهَا وَمِن كُلِّ كَرْب ثُمَّ أَنتُمْ أَشُر كُونَ ﴿ قُلْ هُوَ الْقَادُر ﴿ عَلَىٰٓ أَن يَبْعَثَ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابًا مِن فَوْقَكُمْ أَوْمِن تَحْت أَرْجُلُكُمْ أَوْ يَلْبُسُكُمْ شَيْعًا وَيُذِينَ بَعْضَكُمْ بَأْسَ بَعْضَ اَنظُرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرَّفُ الْآبَات لَعَلَّهُمْ يَفْقَهُونَ ١ وَكَذَّبَ بِهِ عَوْمُكَ وَهُوَ ٱلْحَتُّ فُلِ لَّتُ عَلَيْكُمُ بُوكِيلِ ١ لَكُلُّ نَبَا مُسْنَقَرٌّ وَسَوْفَ نَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَ إِذَا رَأَيْتَ الَّذِينَ يَخُوضُونَ فِي وَايَلِننَا فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ

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guardians over you until, when death cometh unto one of you,
Our messengers¹ receive him, and they neglect not.

- 62. Then are they restored unto Allah, their Lord, the Just. Surely His is the judgment. And He is the most swift of reckoners.
- 63. Say: Who delivereth you from the darkness of the land and the sea? Ye call upon Him humbly and in secret, (saying): If we are delivered from this (fear) we truly will be of the thankful.
- 64. Say: Allah delivereth you from this and from all affliction. Yet ye attribute partners unto Him.
- 65. Say: He is able to send punishment upon you from above you or from beneath your feet, or to bewilder you with dissension and make you taste the tyranny one of another. See how We display the revelations so that they may understand.
- 66. Thy people (O Muhammad) have denied it, though it is the Truth. Say: I am not put in charge of you.
- 67. For every announcement there is a term, and ye will come to know.
- 68. And when thou seest those who meddle with Our revelations, withdraw from them until they meddle with

¹ i.e. angels. The same word rusul is used for angels and for prophets.

حَتَّى يَخُوضُواْ في حَديث غَيْره ، وَ إِمَّا يُنسَيَّنَكَ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ فَلَا تَقْعُدُ بَعْدَ الذُّكْرَى مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّلمينَ ١٠٥ وَمَا عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ منْ حسَابِهِم من شَيْءٍ وَلَكَن ذَكْرَى لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ وَ وَذَر الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُواْ دِينَهُمْ لَعَبُ وَلَهُوا _ وَغَرَّهُمُ ٱلْحَيْرُةُ ٱلدُّنِّيَّا وَذَكَّرُ بِهِ أَن تُبْسَلَ نَفْسُ بَى كَسَبَتْ لَيْسَ لَمَا من دُون الله وَلَّى وَلَا شَفيعٌ وَ إِن تَعْدِلْ كُلِّ عَدْل لَّا يُؤْخَذْ مَهُ أَ أُولَنَيكَ الَّذِينَ أَيسُلُواْ عِمَا كَسَبُواْ لَهُمْ شَرَابٌ مَنْ حَمِيم وَعَذَابُ أَلَيمُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ إِنَّ قُلْ أَنَدْعُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُنَا وَلَا يَضُرُّنَا وَنُرَدُّ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَىٰنَا ٱللهُ كَالَّذَى اَسْتَهُو لَهُ الشَّيَاطِينُ فِي الْأَرْضِ حَيْرَانَ لَهُ وَ أَصَّابُ يَدْعُونَهُ ۚ إِلَى الْمُدَى اثْنَنَا قُلْ إِنَّ هُدَى الله هُوَالْمُدَى another topic. And if the devil cause thee to forget, sit not, after the remembrance, with the congregation of wrong-doers.

69. Those who ward off (evil) are not accountable for them in aught, but the Reminder (must be given them) that haply they (too) may ward off (evil).

pastime and a jest, and whom the life of the world beguileth.

Remind (mankind) hereby lest a soul be destroyed by what it earneth. It hath beside Allah no protecting ally nor intercessor, and though it offer every compensation it will not be accepted from it. Those are they who perish by their own deserts. For them is drink of boiling water and a painful doom, because they disbelieved.

71. Say: Shall we cry, instead of unto Allah, unto that which neither profiteth us nor hurteth us, and shall we turn back after Allah hath guided us, like one bewildered whom the devils have infatuated in the earth, who hath companions who invite him to the guidance (saying): Come unto us? Say:

Lo! the guidance of Allah is Guidance, and we are ordered to

وَأُمْرُنَا لِنُسْلِمَ لَرَبِّ ٱلْعَلْمِينَ ﴿ وَأَنَّ أَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَاةَ وَٱتَّقُوهُ وَهُوَ ٱلَّذَى إِلَيْهُ مُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ ٱلَّذَى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَنوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحَـنَّ وَيَوْمَ يَقُولُ كُن فَيَكُونُ فَوْلُهُ ٱلْحَتَى وَلَهُ ٱلمُلْكُ يَوْمَ يُنفَعُ فِي ٱلصُّورْ عَللمُ ٱلْغَيْب وَالشَّهَلَةَ وَهُوَ الْحَكُمُ الْخَبِيرُ ١٤ مِ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِمُ لأبيه ءَازَرَ أَتَخَذُ أَصْنَامًا ءَاللَّهَ أَنَّى أَرَىٰكَ وَقُوْمَكَ في صَلَال مُّبين ﴿ وَكَذَا لِكَ نُرَى إِبْرَاهِمَ مَلَكُوتَ ٱلسَّمَنُوَات وَالْأَرْض وَليَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُوقِنينَ ١ جَنَّ عَلَيْهِ الَّيْلُ رَءًا كُوْكُبًّا قَالَ هَلْذَا رَبَّى فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ قَالَ لَا أُحبُ ٱلَّا فلينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلْقَمَرَ بَازِغَا قَالَ هَلِنَا رَبِّي فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ قَالَ لَين لَّهُ بَهْدِنِي رَبِّي لَأَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلطَّالَينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلشَّمْسَ بَازَغَةُ قَالَ هَلَا



- surrender to the Lord of the Worlds,
- 72. And to establish worship and be dutiful to Him, and He it is unto Whom ye will be gathered.
- 73. He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in truth. In the day when He saith: Be! it is. His Word is the Truth, and His will be the Sovereignty on the day when the trumpet is blown. Knower of the Invisible and the Visible, He is the Wise, the Aware.
- 74. (Remember) when Abraham said unto his father Azar: Takest thou idols for gods? Lo! I see thee and thy folk in error manifest.
- 75. Thus did We show Abraham the kingdom of the heavens and the earth that he might be of those possessing certainty:
- 76. When the night grew dark upon him he beheld a star. He said: This is my Lord. But when it set, he said: I love not things that set.
- 77. And when he saw the moon uprising, he exclaimed: This is my Lord. But when it set, he said: Unless my Lord guide me, I surely shall become one of the folk who are astray.
 - 78. And when he saw the sun uprising, he cried: This is

رَبَّي مَانَذَآ أَكْبَرُ فَلَمَّا أَفَلَتْ قَالَ بَاغَوْم إِنَّى بَرَيَّ مَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّى وَجَّهْتُ وَجْهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطَرَ ٱلسَّمَلُوات وَالْأَرْضَ حَنيفًا وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ وَحَاجَّهُ قَوْمُهُ ۚ قَالَ أَنْحُنَّجُونَى فِي اللهِ وَقَدْ هَدَنْ وَلآ أَخَافُ مَا نُشْرِكُونَ بِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ رَبِّي شَيْئًا ۗ وَسَعَ رَبِّي مَا أَشْرَكُمُ وَلَا تَخَافُونَ أَنَّكُمْ أَشْرَكُمُ بِٱللهُ مَالَمْ يُنَزَّلُ به عَلَيْكُوْ سُلْطَكْنَا فَأَيْ ٱلْفَرِيقَيْنَ أَحَقُّ بِٱلْأَمْنَ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ٢ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَرْ يَلْبُسُواْ إِيمَانَهُم بِظُلَّم أُوْلَيْكَ لَهُمُ ٱلْأَمْنُ وَهُم مُهْتَدُونَ ﴿ وَتُلْكَ حُجَّنُكَ ءًا تَيْنَكُمَا إِبْرَاهِمَ عَلَى قُومُهُ ء نَرْفَعُ دَرَجَك مَّن نَّسَآءُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكُمُّ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ ۖ إِنَّكَ مَا يَعْقُوبَ my Lord! This is greater! And when it set he exclaimed: O my people! Lo! I am free from all that ye associate (with Him).

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- 79. Lo! I have turned my face toward Him Who created the heavens and the earth, as one by nature upright, and I am not of the idolaters.
- 80. His people argued with him. He said: Dispute ye with me concerning Allah when He hath guided me? I fear not at all that which ye set up beside Him unless my Lord willeth aught. My Lord includeth all things in His knowledge. Will ye not then remember?
- 81. How should I fear that which ye set up beside Him, when ye fear not to set up beside Allah that for which He hath revealed unto you no warrant? Which of the two factions hath more right to safety? (Answer me that) if ye have knowledge.
- 82. Those who believe and obscure not their belief by wrongdoing, theirs is safety; and they are rightly guided.
- 83. That is Our argument. We gave it unto Abraham against his folk. We raise unto degrees of wisdom whom We will. Lo! thy Lord is Wise, Aware.
 - 84. And We bestowed upon him Isaac and Jacob; each of

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كُلَّا هَدَيْنَا وَنُوحًا هَدَيْنَ مِن قَبْلُ وَمِن ذُرِّيَّته ع دَاوُددَ ر ورمر رباع بر و و و من موسيع وهدون و كذاك تَجْزى ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ يَ وَزَكَرِيًّا وَيَعْيِي وَعِيسَىٰ وَ إِلْيَاسَ كُلُّ مَّنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ رَثِينَ وَ إِشْمَنعِيلَ وَٱلْيَسَعَ وَيُونُسَ وَلُوطًا ۚ وَكُلَّا فَضَّلْنَا عَلَى ٱلْعَلْمَينَ ﴿ وَمَنْ ءَابَآمِهِمْ وَدُرِيَّتُهُمْ وَ إِخْوَنْهُمْ وَأَجْتَبِينَهُمْ وَهَدَيْنَهُمْ إِلَّى صراط مُسْتَقيم ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ هُدَى الله يَهْدى به عَن يَسَاءُ منْ عَبَادهُ عَ وَلَوْ أَشْرَكُواْ لَحَبَطَ عَنَّهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١ أُوْلَيْكَ الَّذِينَ ءَا تَيْنَاهُمُ الْكَنَابَ وَالْخُكُرُ وَالنَّبُوَّةُ فَإِن يَكْفُرْ بِهَا هَتَؤُلآء فَقَدْ وَكَلْنَا بِهَا قَوْمًا لَّيْسُواْ بِهَا بَكَلْفُرِينَ ﴿ أَوْلَتُهِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَلَى ٱللَّهُ فَبَهُدَ لِلْهُمُ إِقْنَادُهُ قُل لَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْه أَجْراً إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذَكُرَى them We guided; and Noah did We guide aforetime; and of his seed (We guided) David and Solomon and Job and Joseph and Moses and Aaron. Thus do We reward the good.

85. And Zachariah and John and Jesus and Elias. Each one (of them) was of the righteous.

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- 86. And Ishmael and Elisha and Jonah and Lot. Each one (of them) did We prefer above (Our) creatures,
- 87. With some of their forefathers and their offspring and their brethren; and We chose them and guided them unto a straight path.
- 88. Such is the guidance of Allah wherewith He guideth whom He will of His bondmen. But if they had set up (for worship) aught beside Him, (all) that they did would have been vain.
- 89. Those are they unto whom We gave the Scripture and command and prophethood. But if these disbelieve therein, then indeed We shall entrust it to a people who will not be disbelievers therein.
- 90. Those are they whom Allah guideth, so follow their guidance. Say (O Muhammad, unto mankind): I ask of you no fee for it. Lo! it is naught but a Reminder to (His)

للْعَلْمَينَ رَبِّي وَمَا قَدَرُواْ اللهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ إِذْ قَالُواْ مَا أَزْلَ ٱللهُ عَلَىٰ بَشَر مَّن شَيْءٍ قُلْ مَنْ أَزَلَ الْكَتَبَ ٱلَّذِي جَاءَ به ع مُوسَى أُورًا وَهُ لَكَى لَلنَّاسَ يَجْعُلُونَهُ وَرَاطِيسَ البُدُ وَهَا وَتُخْفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلَمْتُمُ مَا لَوْ تَعْلَمُواْ أَنْهُ وَلَا ١ ءَابَا وَكُمْ قُلُ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ ذَرَهُمْ في خَوْضهمْ يَلْعَبُونَ ٢ وَهَلْذَا كُتَابُ أَزْلَنْكُ مُبَارَكُ مُصَدِّقُ الَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيْه وَلتُنذرَ أُمَّ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَمَنْ حَوْلَمْا ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ يُؤْمنُونَ بَا لَّآخِرَة يُؤُ منُونَ بَه ، وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهمْ يُحَافظُونَ ﴿ وَمَنَّ أَظْلَمُ مَّن ٱفْتَرَى عَلَى ٱلله كَذَبًا أَوْ قَالَ أُوحَى إِلَّ وَلَرْ يُوحَ إِلَيْه شَيْءٌ وَمَن قَالَ سَأْ زَلُ مثْلَ مَاۤ أَزَلَ ٱللَّهُ ۖ وَلَوْ تَرَكَ إذ الظَّللمُونَ في خَمَرَات الْمَوْت وَالْمَلَتِيكَةُ بَاسطُواْ أَيْدِيهِمُ أَخْرَجُواْ أَنْفُسُكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ تَجِزُونَ عَذَابَ ٱلْحُون creatures.

- 91. And they measure not the power of Allah its true measure when they say: Allah hath naught revealed unto a human being. Say (unto the Jews who speak thus): Who revealed the Book which Moses brought, a light and guidance for mankind, which ye have put on parchments which ye show, but ye hide much (thereof), and (by which) ye were taught that which ye knew not yourselves nor (did) your fathers (know it)? Say: Allah. Then leave them to their play of cavilling.
- 92. And this is a blessed Scripture which We have revealed, confirming that which (was revealed) before it, that thou mayst warn the Mother of Villages¹ and those around her. Those who believe in the Hereafter believe herein, and they are careful of their worship.
- 93. Who is guilty of more wrong than he who forgeth a lie against Allah, or saith: I am inspired, when he is not inspired in aught; and who saith: I will reveal the like of that which Allah hath revealed? If thou couldst see, when the wrongdoers reach the pangs of death and the angels stretch their hands out (saying): Deliver up your souls. This day ye are awarded doom of degradation for that ye spake concerning

2 i.e. Mecca.

بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَقُولُونَ عَلَى الله غَيْرَ الْحَقّ وَكُنتُمْ عَنْ ءَايَنته، تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جِئْتُمُونَا فُرَادَىٰ كَمَا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةً وَرَكُتُم مَّا خَوَّلْنَكُمْ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورُكُمْ وَمَا زَيْ مَعَكُمْ شُفَعَاءً كُرُ ٱلَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمْ أَنَّهُمْ فِيكُمْ شُرَكَتُوُّا لَقَدَ تَقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنكُمْ مَّا كُنتُمْ تَزْ عُمُونَ رَثِّي * إِنَّ اللهَ فَالتُ الْحَبِّ وَالنَّوَى يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مَنَ الْمَيَّت وَعُوْرُجُ ٱلْمَيْتِ مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ ذَالكُرُ ٱللهُ فَأَنَّى نُؤْفَيكُونَ (مِنْ فَالتُ ٱلْإِصْبَاحِ وَجَعَلَ ٱلَّيْلَ سَكَنَّا وَٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ حُسْبَانًا فَالكَ تَقْديرُ الْعَزيزِ الْعَليم ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُدُ النُّجُومَ لَتَهْتَدُواْ بِهَا في ظُلُمَنت الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرَ قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْآيَت لقَوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنْشَأَكُم مِّن نَفْس وَاحدة فَسَتَقَرْ وَمُسْتُودَعُ قَدْ فَصَلْنَا ٱلْآيَات



Allah other than the truth, and used to scorn His portents.

- 94. Now have ye come unto Us solitary as We did create you at the first, and ye have left behind you all that We bestowed upon you, and We behold not with you those your intercessors, of whom ye claimed that they possessed a share in you. Now is the bond between you severed, and that which ye presumed hath failed you.
- 95. Lo! Allah (it is) Who splitteth the grain of corn and the date-stone (for sprouting). He bringeth forth the living from the dead, and is the bringer-forth of the dead from the living. Such is Allah. How then are ye perverted?
- 96. He is the Cleaver of the Daybreak, and He hath appointed the night for stillness, and the sun and the moon for reckoning. That is the measuring of the Mighty, the Wise.
- 97. And He it is Who hath set for you the stars that ye may guide your course by them amid the darkness of the land and the sea. We have detailed Our revelations for a people who have knowledge.
- 98. And He it is Who hath produced you from a single being, and (hath given you) a habitation and a repository. We

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لقَوْم يَفْقَهُونَ ١٠ وَهُوا لَّذِي أَزْلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا عُ فَأَخْوَجْنَا بِهِۦنَبَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَأَخْرَجْنَا مَنْهُ خَضُراً نُحْرِجُمَنَّهُ حَبًّا مُّتَرًا كِبًّا وَمَنَ ٱلنَّخْلِ مِن طَلَّعِهَا قَنْوَانٌ دَانيةٌ وَجَنَّلت مِّنْ أَعْنَابِ وَالزَّيْسُونَ وَالرُّمَّانَ مُشْتَبِهَا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَلِبًا ٱنظُرُوٓاْ إِلَىٰ تَمَرهة إِذَآ أَثْمَرَ وَيَنْعَهْ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكُمْ لَاَيَتَ لَقَوْم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ وَجَعَلُواْ لللهُ شُرَكَاءَ ٱلْجُنَّ وَخَلَقَهُمْ وَخَرَقُواْ لَهُ بَنِينَ وَبَنَت بِغَيْرِ عَلْمٌ سُبْحَنْهُ وَتَعَلَقَ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ شُي بَديعُ ٱلسَّمَنُوات وَالْأَرْضُ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لَهُ وَلَدُّوْلَمْ تَكُن لَهُ صَدِحَةٌ وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ مَني عَلَيْمُ إِنَّ ذَالَكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّا هُوَّ خَالَقُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَأَعْبُدُوهُ ۗ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكيلٌ ١ لَا تُدْرِكُهُ ٱلْأَبْصَدُ وَهُو يُدْرِكُ ٱلْأَبْصَدْرَ وَهُو ٱللَّطِيفُ have detailed Our revelations for a people who have understanding.

99. He it is Who sendeth down water from the sky, and therewith We bring forth buds of every kind; We bring forth the green blade from which We bring forth the thick-clustered grain; and from the date-palm, from the pollen thereof, spring pendant bunches; and (We bring forth) gardens of grapes, and the olive and the pomegranate, alike and unlike. Look upon the fruit thereof, when they bear fruit, and upon its ripening. Lo! herein verily are portents for a people who believe.

though He did create them, and impute falsely, without knowledge, sons and daughters unto Him. Glorified be He and High Exalted above (all) that they ascribe (unto Him).

101. The Originator of the heavens and the earth! How can He have a child, when there is for Him no consort, when He created all things and is Aware of all things?

102. Such is Allah, your Lord. There is no God save Him, the Creator of all things, so worship Him. And He taketh care of all things.

103. Vision comprehendeth Him not, but He comprehendeth (all) vision. He is the Subtile, the Aware.

ٱلْخَبِيرُ ﴿ اللَّهِ قَدْ جَآءَكُم بَصَا يُرُ مِن رَّبُّكُمْ فَمَنْ أَبْصَرَ فَلَنَفْسُهُ عَرَنْ عَى فَعَلَيْهَا وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُم بَحَفيظ ﴿ وَكَذَّاكَ نُصَرَّفُ ٱلْآيَلَ وَليَقُولُواْ دَرَسْتَ وَلنُبَيِّنَهُ لِقَوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّهِ مَا أُوحَى إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ لَا إِلَنَّهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكُواْ وَمَا جَعَلْنَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفَيظًا وَمَا أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بُوكِيـل ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ أَوْا الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ من دُونَ اللهَ فَيَسُبُوا ﴿ ٱللهَ عَدْواً بِغَيْرِ عَلْمَ كَذَاكَ زَيَّنًا لِكُلِّ أُمَّة عَمَلَهُمْ ثُمَّ إِلَى رَبِّهِم مَّرْجِعُهُمْ فَيُنَبُّهُم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١ وَأَقْسُمُواْ بِاللهِ جَهْدَأُ يُكنِهِمْ لَينَ جَآءَ ثُهُمْ ءَايَةٌ لَّيُؤْمُنَّ بِهَا قُلْ إِنَّكَ الْآيَكَ عندَ الله وَمَا يُشْعُرُكُمُ أَنَّهَا ٓ إِذَا جَآءَتُ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ ٢٠٠٥ وَنُقَلُّبُ أَفْعَدَتَهُمْ وَأَبْصَدَرُهُمْ كَمَا لَرْ

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104. Proofs have come unto you from your Lord, so whoso seeth, it is for his own good, and whoso is blind is blind to his own hurt. And I am not a keeper over you.

105. Thus do We display Our revelations that they may say (unto thee, Muhammad): "Thou hast studied," and that We may make (it) clear for people who have knowledge.

106. Follow that which is inspired in thee from thy Lord; there is no God save Him; and turn away from the idolaters.

107. Had Allah willed, they had not been idolatrous. We have not set thee as a keeper over them, nor art thou responsible for them.

108. Revile not those unto whom they pray beside Allah lest they wrongfully revile Allah through ignorance. Thus unto every nation have We made their deed seem fair. Then unto their Lord is their return, and He will tell them what they used to do.

109. And they swear a solemn oath by Allah that if there come unto them a portent they will believe therein. Say: Portents are with Allah and (so is) that which telleth you that if such came unto them they would not believe.

110. We confound their hearts and their eyes. As they

يُو مُنُواْ بِهِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّة وَنَذَرُهُمْ في طُغَيَّتُهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ إِنَّ * وَلَوْأَنَّنَا زَّلْنَا إِلَيْهِمُ الْمَلَيْهِكَةَ وَكُلَّمَهُمُ الْمَوْتَى وَحَشَّرْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قُبُلًا مَّا كَانُواْ لُيُؤْمِنُواْ إِلَّا أَن يَشَاءَ اللهُ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ مَجْهَلُونَ ١٠ وَكَذَاكَ جَعَلْنَا لَكُلَّ نَبِّي عَدُوًّا شَيَاطِينَ ٱلْإِنسِ وَٱلِّحْنِّ يُوحَى بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَّى بَعْض زُرُفَ ٱلْقَوْلُ غُرُورًا وَلَوْشَآءَ رَبُّكَ مَا فَعَلُوهُ فَذَرْهُمْ وَمَا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَتَصْغَى إِلَيْهِ أَفْدَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخَرَة وَلَيَرْضَوْهُ وَلَيَقْتَرَفُواْ مَاهُم مُقْتَرَفُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَغَيْرَ الله أَبْنَغَى حَكًّا وَهُوَ الَّذِيَّ أَزَلَ إِلَيْكُرُ الْكَتَنْبَ مُفَصَّلًا وَالَّذِينَ عَاتَيْنَاهُمُ ٱلْكِتَابَ يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ مُنَزَّلٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ بِٱلْحَتُّ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلْمُمْتَرِينَ ١١٥ وَتَمَّتْ كَلَمَتُ رَبُّكَ صِدْقًا وَعَدُّلًا لَّا مُبَدَّلَ لِكَلَّمَنته ، وَهُو السَّميعُ believed not therein at the first, We let them wander blindly on in their contumacy.

- 111. And though We should send down the angels unto them, and the dead should speak unto them, and We should gather against them all things in array, they would not believe unless Allah so willed. Howbeit, most of them are ignorant.
- 112. Thus have We appointed unto every prophet an adversary—devils of humankind and jinn who inspire in one another plausible discourse through guile. If thy Lord willed, they would not do so; so leave them alone with their devising;
- 113. That the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter may incline thereto, and that they may take pleasure therein, and that they may earn what they are earning.
- 114. Shall I seek other than Allah for judge, when He it is Who hath revealed unto you (this) Scripture, fully explained? Those unto whom We gave the Scripture (aforetime) know that it is revealed from thy Lord in truth. So be not thou (O Muhammad) of the waverers.
- 115. Perfected is the Word of thy Lord in truth and justice. There is naught that can change His words. He is the Hearer,

ٱلْعَلَيمُ ١ وَإِن تُطعَ أَكْثَرَ مَن في ٱلأَرْض يُضلُّوكَ عَن سَبيل الله إِن يَتَّبعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا يَحْرُصُونَ ١١٠ إِنَّا رَبَّكَ هُوا أَعْلَمُ مَن يَضَلُّ عَن سَبيله عَا وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهُتَدِينَ ﴿ فَكُلُواْ مَّا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ أَ إِن كُنتُم بِعَايَنته ع مُؤْمنينَ ١٠ وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تَأْكُلُواْ مَّا ذُكرَ أَمْمُ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَقَدْ فَصَّلَ لَكُم مَّاحَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِلَّا مَا أَضْطُر رَبُّمْ إِلَيْهُ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا لَّيُصْلُونَ بِأَهْوَ آبِهِم بِغَيْر علم إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بَالْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿ وَوَرُواْ ظَلَهِ الْإِثْمَ وَبَاطِنَهُ ۚ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْسِبُونَ الَّإِثْمَ سَيُجْزَوْنَ بَمَا كَانُواْ يَقْتَرَفُونَ ١٠٠ وَلَا تَأْكُلُواْ مَّا لَرَّ يُنْكَر اللَّمُ الله عَلَيْه وَ إِنَّهُ لَفَسَّقَ ۚ وَ إِنَّ الشَّيَنطينَ لَيُوحُونَ إِلَىٰٓ أُوليَا بِهِمْ ۚ ليُجَلِلُوكُمْ وَإِنَّ أَطَعْتُمُوهُمْ إِنَّكُرْ لَمُشْرِكُونَ شَيَّ

- 116. If thou obeyedst most of those on earth they would mislead thee far from Allah's way. They follow naught but an opinion, and they do but guess.
- 117. Lo! thy Lord, He knoweth best who erreth from His way; and He knoweth best (who are) the rightly guided.
- 118. Eat of that over which the name of Allah hath been mentioned, if ye are believers in His revelations.
- 119. How should ye not eat of that over which the name of Allah hath been mentioned, when He hath explained unto you that which is forbidden unto you, unless ye are compelled thereto. But lo! many are led astray by their own lusts through ignorance. Lo! thy Lord, He is Best Aware of the transgressors.
- 120. Forsake the outwardness of sin and the inwardness thereof. Lo! those who garner sin will be awarded that which they have earned.
- 121. And eat not of that whereon Allah's name hath not been mentioned, for lo! it is abomination. Lo! the devils do inspire their minions to dispute with you. But if ye obey them, ye will be in truth idolaters.

أُومَن كَانَ مَيْتُ فَأَحْيِينَهُ وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُ نُورًا يَمْشَى بِهِ عَ في النَّـاسُ كُمَن مَّنَّاهُمُ في الظُّلُمَنت لَيْسَ بِخَارِج مِّنْهَـا كَذَاكَ زُيِّنَ للْكَنفرينَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ جَعَلْنَا فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةِ أَكْبِرَ مُجْرِمِهَا لَيَمْكُرُ وأَ فِهَا قَمَا يَمْكُرُ وِنَ إِلَّا بِأَنفُسِهِمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُ وِنَ ﴿ وَإِذَا جَآءَ تُهُمُّ ءَايَةٌ قَالُواْ لَن نُؤْمِنَ حَتِّي نُوْتَى مثلَ مَا أُوتِي رُسُلُ اللهُ الله أعلم حيث يجعل رساكته وسيصيب الذين أجرموا صَغَارُ عندَ الله وَعَذَابٌ شَديدُ عَلَا كَانُواْ يَحْكُرُونَ ١ فَمَن بُرِد اللهُ أَن يَهَديهُ يَشْرَحْ صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَام وَمَن يُردْأَن يُضلَّهُ يَجْعَلْ صَدْرَهُ ضَيَّقًا حَرَجًا كَأَنَّكَ يَصَّعَّدُ فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ ۚ كَذَاكَ يَبْعَلُ ٱللهُ ٱلرَّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَهَلِذَا صِرَاطُ رَبِّكَ مُسْتَقِيماً

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- 122. Is he who was dead and We have raised him unto life, and set for him a light wherein he walketh among men, as him whose similitude is in utter darkness whence he cannot emerge? Thus is their conduct made fairseeming for the disbelievers.
- 123. And thus have We made in every city great ones of its wicked ones, that they should plot therein. They do but plot against themselves, though they perceive not.
- 124. And when a token cometh unto them, they say: We will not believe till we are given that which Allah's messengers are given. Allah knoweth best with whom to place His message. Humiliation from Allah and heavy punishment will smite the guilty for their scheming.
- 125. And whomsoever it is Allah's Will to guide, He expandeth his bosom unto the Surrender, and whomsoever it is His Will to send astray, He maketh his bosom close and narrow as if he were engaged in sheer ascent. Thus Allah layeth ignominy upon those who believe not.
 - 126. This is the path of thy Lord, a straight path. We

 1 Al-Islâm.



قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْآيَكَ لَقُومَ بَدَّكُّرُونَ ﴿ ﴿ لَمُ مُ دَارُ السَّكَ عندَ رَبِّهُ وَهُوَ وَلَيْهُم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١٠ وَيُومُ يَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا يَلْمُعْشُرُ أَجْنَ قَدَ أَسْتَكُثُرُ ثُمُ مَن الإنس وَقَالَ أُولِيا وَهُم مَّنَ ٱلإنس رَبَّنَا اسْتَمْتَع بَعْضُنَا بِعَض وَ بِلَغْنَا آجَلَنَا ٱلَّذِي أَجَّلْتَ لَنا ۚ قَالَ ٱلنَّارُ مَثُونَكُمْ خَلْدِينَ فِيهَا إِلَّا مَاشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ حَكُمُ عَلَيْمٍ ١ وَكَذَاكَ نُولَى بَعْضَ الظَّللمينَ بَعْضًا بَمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّ يَلْمَعْشَرَ الْجُنَّ وَالْإِنسِ أَلَرْ يَأْتُكُرْ رُسُلٌ مَّنكُمْ يَتُصُّونَ عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايَتِي وَيُنذُرُ ونَكُمْ لَقَآءَ يَوْمكُمْ هَنَدا قَالُواْ شَهِدْنَا عَلَّمَ أَنفُسناً وَغَرَّتُهُمُ الْحَيَوْةُ الدُّنْيَا وَشَهدُواْ عَلَىٓ أَنفُسهمْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ كَلفرينَ ﴿ وَالكَ أَن لَّهُ يَكُن رَّبُّكَ مُهْلكَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ بِظُلْم وَأَهْلُهَا غَلِفُونَ ١٠ وَلَكُلُّ دَرَجَاتٌ

have detailed Our revelations for a people who take heed.

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127. For them is the abode of peace with their Lord. He will be their Protecting Friend because of what they used to do.

128. In the day when He will gather them together (He will say): O ye assembly of the jinn! Many of humankind did ye seduce. And their adherents among humankind will say: Our Lord! We enjoyed one another, but now we have arrived at the appointed term which Thou appointedst for us. He will say: Fire is your home. Abide therein for ever, save him whom Allah willeth (to deliver). Lo! thy Lord is Wise, Aware.

129. Thus We let some of the wrong-doers have power over others because of what they are wont to earn.

- 130. O ye assembly of the jinn and humankind! Came there not unto you messengers of your own who recounted unto you My tokens and warned you of the meeting of this your Day? They will say: We testify against ourselves. And the life of the world beguiled them. And they testify against themselves that they were disbelievers.
- 131. This is because thy Lord destroyeth not the townships arbitrarily while their people are unconscious (of the wrong they do).
 - 132. For all there will be ranks from what they did. Thy

مَّكَ عَلُوا ۚ وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَلْفِلِ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ١٠٠ وَرَبُّكَ ٱلْغَنَّ ذُو الرَّحْمَةُ إِن يَشَأْ يُذْهِبُكُو وَيَسْتَخْلُفْ مِنْ بَعْدِكُم مَّا يَشَاءُ كُمَا أَنشَأَكُم مَن ذُرَّيَّة فَوْم وَانتوينَ ١ مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَآتَ وَمَآ أَنتُم بُمُعْجزينَ ﴿ مُثَلِي تُقُلُّ يَنْقُوم ٱعْمَلُواْ عَلَىٰ مَكَا نَسُكُرُ إِنِّي عَامَلٌ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَن تَكُونُ لَهُ عَنقبَةُ ٱلدَّارَ إِنَّهُ لَا يُقْلِحُ الظَّلْمُونَ ١ وَجَعَلُواْ لله مَّا ذَرَأَ مَنَ الْحَرَّثُ وَالَّأَ نَعَام نَصِيبًا فَقَالُواْ هَنذَا الله بَرَعْمِهِمْ وَهَنذَا لُشُرَكَا بِنَّا لَكُ كَانَ لُشُرَكَا بِهِمْ فَلَا يَصِلُ إِلَى اللهِ وَمَا كَانَ للهِ فَهُوَ يَصِلُ إِلَىٰ شُرَكَا بِهِمَّ سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ ١٠٠٥ وَكَذَاكَ زَيَّنَ لَكُشير مَّنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ قَتْلَ أَوْلَكَ هُمْ شُرِكًا وَهُمْ لَيُردُوهُمْ وَلَيَلْبُسُواْ عَلَيْهُمْ دينهُمُّ وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ مَا فَعَلُوهُ قَذَرْهُمْ وَمَا يَغْتَرُونَ ١٠ Lord is not unaware of what they do.

- 133. Thy Lord is the Absolute, the Lord of Mercy. If He will, He can remove you and can cause what He will to follow after you, even as He raised you from the seed of other folk.
- 134. Lo! that which ye are promised will surely come to pass, and ye cannot escape.
- 135. Say (O Muhammad): O my people! Work according to your power. Lo! I too am working. Thus ye will come to know for which of us will be the happy sequel. Lo! the wrong-doers will not be successful.
- 136. They assign unto Allah, of the crops and cattle which He created, a portion, and they say: "This is Allah's"—in their make-believe—"and this is for (His) partners in regard to us." Thus that which (they assign) unto His partners in them reacheth not Allah and that which (they assign) unto Allah goeth to their (so-called) partners. Evil is their ordinance.
- 137. Thus have their (so-called) partners (of Allah) made the killing of their children to seem fair unto many of the idolaters, that they may ruin them and make their faith obscure for them. Had Allah willed (it otherwise), they had not done so. So leave them alone with their devices.

وَقَالُواْ هَاذِه مَ أَنْعَلُّم وَحَرْثُ حَجَّرٌ لا يَطْعَمُهَمَ إِلَّا مَن نَّسَاءُ رَعْمهم وأنعلم حرمت ظهورها وأنعلم لآيذ كرون أسم ٱللهُ عَلَيْهَا ٱفْتِرَاءً عَلَيْهُ سَيَجْزِيهِم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ إِلَّهُ وَقَالُواْ مَا فِي بُطُونِ هَٰذِهِ ٱلْأَنْعَلِم خَالصَةٌ لَّذُكُورِنَا وَمُحَرَّمُهُ عَلَيْ أَزُوا جِنَا وَ إِن يَكُن مَّيْتُ أَنَّهُمْ فيه شُرَكَاءٌ سَيَجْزِيهمْ وَصَفَهُمْ ۚ إِنَّهُ حَكُمُ عَلَيْ ﴿ قَلْ خَسَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَتَلُوٓاْ أَوْلَكَهُمْ سَفَهَا بَعَيْرِعْلَم وَحَرَّمُواْ مَارَزَقَهُمُ ٱللهُ أَفْتَرَاكًا عَلَى اللهُ قَدْ ضَلُواْ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُهْتَدِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ * وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنْشَأَ جَنَّكَ مَّعُرُوشَكَ وَغَيْرَمَعُرُوشَكَ وَٱلنَّخْلَ وَٱلزَّرْعَ عُتِلَفًا أَكُلُهُ وَالزَّيْدُونَ وَالزُّمَّانَ مُتَسَلِّهُا وَغَيْرَ مُتَسَلِّهِ كُلُواْ مِن تَمَرِهِ إِذَا أَثْمَرَ وَ النّواْ حَقَّهُ, يَوْمَ حَصَاده، وَلَا تُسْرِفُوا ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ١٠ وَمَنَ الْأَنْعَامِ



138. And they say: Such cattle and crops are forbidden. No-one is to eat of them save whom we will—in their makebelieve—cattle whose backs are forbidden, cattle over which they mention not the name of Allah. (All that is) a lie against Him. He will repay them for that which they invent.

139. And they say: That which is in the bellies of such cattle is reserved for our males and is forbidden to our wives; but if it be born dead, then they (all) may be partakers thereof. He will reward them for their attribution (of such ordinances unto Him). Lo, He is Wise, Aware.

140. They are losers who besottedly have slain their children without knowledge,² and have forbidden that which Allah bestowed upon them, inventing a lie against Allah. They indeed have gone astray and are not guided.

141. He it is Who produceth gardens trellised and untrellised, and the date-palm, and crops of divers flavour, and the olive and the pomegranate, like and unlike. Eat ye of the fruit thereof when it fruiteth, and pay the due thereof upon the harvest day, and be not prodigal. Lo! Allah loveth not the prodigals.

142. And of the cattle (He produceth) some for burdens,

¹ Verses 138 and 130 refer to customs of the pagan Arabs.

² The reference is to the burial alive of female children who were deemed superfluous or disgraceful, and the practice of human sacrifice to idols.

حَمُولَةٌ وَفَرْشًا كُلُواْ مَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ مُحْلُوات الشَّيْطَانُ إِنَّهُ لَكُرُ عَدُوُّ مَّانِينٌ ﴿ مَنَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْوَاجِ مَنَ اَلضَّأَن آثنين وَمنَ الْمَعْز آثنين فل اللَّذ كُر ين حرَّمَ أم ٱلْأَنْدَيْنَ أَمَّا ٱشْنَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ ٱلْأَنْدَيْنَ نَبُّوني بعلم إِن كُنتُمْ صَادقينَ ﴿ وَمِنَ ٱلْإِبلِ ٱثْنَيْنَ وَمِنَ ٱلْبَقَرَ أَنْنَيْنَ قُلْ ءَ ٱلذَّكْرَيْنِ حَرَّمَ أُمِ الْأَنْلَيَيْنِ أَمَّا ٱشْتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ ٱلْأَنْلَيَيْنَ أَمْ كُنتُمْ شُهَدَاءً إِذْ وَصَّلَكُ ٱللهُ بَهِلْذَا فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ ثُمَّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱلله كَذَبًّا لَّيُضَلَّ ٱلنَّاسَ بِغَيْر علُّم إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ الظَّللمينَ (إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْدى الْقَوْمَ الظَّللمينَ (إِنَّ اللهَ لَا أَجُدُ في مَا أُوحَى إِلَىَّ تُحَرِّمًا عَلَىٰ طَاعِم يَطْعَمُهُۥ إِلَّا أَنْ يَكُونَ مَيْرَةً أُودَمَا مُسْفُوحًا أُوجِمَ خَنْرِيرَ فَإِنَّهُ رَجِّسُ أُوفَسَقًا أُهلَّ لغَيْرِ الله بَهِ عَلَىٰ اصْطُرَّغَيْرَ بَاغِ وَلَا عَادِ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ

some for food. Eat of that which Allah hath bestowed upor you, and follow not the footsteps of the devil, for lo! he is an open foe to you.

- 143. Eight pairs: Of the sheep twain, and of the goats twain. Say: Hath He forbidden the two males or the two females, or that which the wombs of the two females contain? Expound to me (the case) with knowledge, if ye are truthful.¹
- 144. And of the camels twain and of the oxen twain. Say:
 Hath He forbidden the two males or the two females, or that
 which the wombs of the two females contain; or were ye by to
 witness when Allah commanded you (all) this? Then who
 doth greater wrong than he who deviseth a lie concerning
 Allah, that he may lead mankind astray without knowledge.
 Lo! Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 145. Say: I find not in that which is revealed unto me aught prohibited to an eater that he eat thereof, except it be carrion, or blood poured forth, or swineflesh—for that verily is foul—or the abomination which was immolated to the name of other than Allah. But whoso is compelled (thereto), neither craving nor transgressing, (for him) lo! thy Lord is

¹ This and the following verses relate to superstitions of the pagen Arabs with regard to cattle used for food.

غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ وَعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ حَرَّمْنَا كُلَّ ذِي ظُفُر وَمَنَ الْبَقَرِ وَٱلْغَنَمَ حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِم شُحُومَهُما إِلَّا مَا حَلَتْ ظُهُو رُهُمَا أَو ٱلْحَوَايَا أَوْمَا ٱخْتَلَطَ بِعَظْمٌ ذَالكَ جَزَيْنَاهُم بَغْيِهُمْ وَإِنَّا لَصَدِقُونَ ﴿ فَإِن كَذَّ بُوكَ فَقُل رَّبُكُمُ ذُورَهُمَة وَاسْعَة وَلَا يُرِدُ بَأْسُهُ عَنِ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ سَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ أَهْرَكُواْ لَوْشَآءَ اللهُ مَا أَشْرَكُنَا وَلَآءَ ابَآ وُّنَّا وَلَاحَرَّمْنَا مِن شَيْءٍ كَذَاكَ كَدَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلُهُمْ حَتَّىٰ ذَاقُواْ بَأْسَنَّا قُلْ هَلْ عندَكُم مَّنْ علْم فَتُخْرِجُوهُ لَنَّا إِن تَنَّعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَ إِنَّ أَنُّمْ إِلَّا تَخْرُصُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا ٱلْحُجَّةُ ٱلْبَلْغَةُ فَلَوْشَآءَ لَمَدَنكُمْ أَجْمَعِنَ ١٠٠ قُلْ هَلُمَّ شُهَدَآءَ كُمُ الَّذِينَ يَشْهَدُونَ أَنَّ اللهَ حَرَّمَ هَلَذَا فَإِن شَهِدُواْ فَلَا تَشْهَدُ مَعَهُمْ ۚ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُ أَهْوَآءَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَدَّبُواْ بِعَايَـٰتَنَا

Forgiving, Merciful.

- with claws. And of the oxen and the sheep forbade We unto them the fat thereof save that upon the backs or the entrails, or that which is mixed with the bone. That We awarded them for their rebellion. And lo! We verily are Truthful.
- 147. So if they give the lie to thee (Muhammad), say: (a) Your Lord is a Lord of All-Embracing Mercy, and His wrath (a) will never be withdrawn from guilty folk.
- 148. They who are idolaters will say: Had Allah willed, we had not ascribed (unto Him) partners neither had our fathers, nor had we forbidden aught. Thus did those who were before them give the lie (to Allah's messengers) till they tasted of the fear of Us. Say: Have ye any knowledge that ye can adduce for Us? Lo! ye follow naught but an opinion, Lo! ye do but guess.
- 149. Say—For Allah's is the final argument—Had He willed He could indeed have guided all of you.
- that Allah forbade (all) this. And if they bear witness, do not thou bear witness with them. Follow thou not the whims of those who deny Our revelations, those who believe not in the

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وَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بَا لَآتَكَ مَرَة وَهُم بَرَبِّهمْ يَعْلَلُونَ رَبُّي * قُلْ تَعَالَوْا أَتُلُ مَا حَرَمَ رَبُّكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ أَلَّا تُشْرِكُواْ بِهِ عَلَيْكُمْ أَلَّا تُشْرِكُواْ بِهِ ع شَيْئًا وَبِآ لَوَالدِّين إِحْسَلْنَا وَلاَ تَقْتُلُواْ أُوْلَادَكُمْ مَنْ إِمْلَكَ نِّحُنْ رَوْقُكُمْ وَ إِيَّاهُمْ وَلَا تَقْرَبُواْ ٱلْفَوَاحَسَ مَاظَهَرَ مَنْهَا ﴿ وَمَا بَطَنَّ وَلَا تَقْتُلُواْ ٱلنَّفْسَ ٱلَّتِي حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَـتَّ ذَالكُمْ وَصَّلَّكُم به ع لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقُلُونَ ١١٥ وَلَا تَقْرَبُواْ مَالَ ٱلْيَتِيمِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ حَتَّى يَبِلُغَ أَشُدَّهُ وَأَوْفُواْ ٱلْكَيْلَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ بِٱلْقَسْطَ ۚ لَانُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا ۖ وَ إِذَا قُلْتُمْ فَأَعْدُلُواْ وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَاقُرْ بَيْ وَبِعَهْد ٱللهُ أُوفُواْ ذَالكُمْ وَمَّالكُمُ بِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَأَنَّ هَلَا ا صرَاطِي مُسْتَقِيمًا فَأَتَّبُعُوهُ وَلَا تَتَّبُعُواْ السُّلِلَ فَتَفَرَّقَ بِكُرْ عَن سَبِيلَهُ ٤ ذَالكُمْ وَصَّلكُم به ٤ لَعَلَّكُمْ نَتَّقُونَ ٢



Hereafter and deem (others) equal with their Lord.

Lord hath made a sacred duty for you: that ye ascribe no thing as partner unto Him and that ye do good to parents, and that ye slay not your children because of penury—We provide for you and for them—and that ye draw not night to lewd things whether open or concealed. And that ye slay not the life which Allah hath made sacred, save in the course of justice. This He hath commanded you, in order that ye may discern.

- 152. And approach not the wealth of the orphan save with that which is better, till he reach maturity. Give full measure and full weight, in justice. We task not any soul beyond its scope. And if ye give your word, do justice thereunto, even though it be (against) a kinsman; and fulfil the covenant of Allah. This He commandeth you that haply ye may remember.
- 153. And (He commandeth you, saying): This is My straight path, so follow it. Follow not other ways, lest ye be parted from His way. This hath He ordained for you, that ye may ward off (evil).

ثُمَّ وَالَّذِي مُوسَى الْكُتُلَبِّ ثَمَّا مَّا عَلَى الَّذِيَّ أَحْسَنَ وَتَفْصِيلًا لَّكُلُّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدِّي وَرَحْمَةً لَّعَلَّهُم بِلَقَآءِ رَبُّهُمْ يُؤْمِنُونَ وَيْنِي وَهَلَذَا كَتَلَبُ أَزَلْنَهُ مُبَارَكٌ فَاتَبَعُوهُ وَأَنَّقُواْ لَعَلَّكُمْ أُرْحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مَا أَزُلَ ٱلْكَتَلُّ عَلَى طَآ يِفَتَيْنِ مِن قَبْلنَا وَإِن كُنَّا عَن دراستهم لَغَلفلينَ (١٠) أَوْتَقُولُواْ لَوْا لَنَا أَزِلَ عَلَيْنَا الْكُتَكُ لَكُنَّا أَهْدَى مَنْهُمَّ فَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بَيْنَةً مِن رَبِكُرُ وَهُلَى وَرَحْمَةً فَن أَغْلَمُ مَّن كَذَّبَ عَايَلت الله وَصَدَفَ عَنْهَا سَنَجْزى الَّذِينَ يَصْدُفُونَ عَنْ ءَايَنْنَا سُوَّة ٱلْعَذَابِ عَاكَانُواْ يَصْدَفُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَأْتَيَهُمُ ٱلْمَلَكَيْكَةُ أُوْيَأْتِي رَبُّكَ أُوْيَأْتِي بَعْضُ وَايَنت رَبِّكَ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ ءَايِلْت رَبِّكَ لَا يَنفَعُ نَفْسًا إِيمَنْهَا لَرْ تَكُنْ ءَامَنتُ

- 154. Again, We gave the Scripture unto Moses, complete for him who would do good, an explanation of all things, a guidance and a mercy, that they might believe in the meeting with their Lord.
- 155. And this is a blessed Scripture which We have revealed. So follow it and ward off (evil), that ye may find mercy.

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- 156. Lest ye should say: The Scripture was revealed only to two sects before us, and we in sooth were unaware of what they read;
- 157. Or lest ye should say: If the Scripture had been revealed unto us, we surely had been better guided than are they. Now hath there come unto you a clear proof from your Lord, a guidance and a mercy; and who doeth greater wrong than he who denieth the revelations of Allah, and turneth away from them? We award unto those who turn away from Our revelations an evil doom because of their aversion.
- 158. Wait they, indeed, for nothing less than that the angels should come unto them, or thy Lord should come, or there should come one of the portents from thy Lord? In the day when one of the portents from thy Lord cometh, its belief availeth naught a soul which theretofore believed not, nor in

من قَبْلُ أَوْكَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمَانَهَا خَيْرًا ۚ قُـل ٱنتَظُرُوٓا إِنَّا مُنتَظرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ فَرَّفُواْ دِينَهُمْ وَكَانُواْ شَيَعًا لَّسْتَ مَهُم في مَنْيُ إِنَّمَا آمُرُهُمْ إِلَى اللَّهُ ثُمَّ بِنَبْهُم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ مَن جَاءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَةَ فَلَهُ عَشْرُ أَمْثَالُهَا ۗ وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسَّيَّتَةَ فَلاَ يُجْزَئَ إِلَّا مَثْلَهَا وَهُمَّ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ قُلُّ إِنَّنِي هَدَىٰنِي رَبِّيٓ إِلَىٰ صَرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقيد دينًا قَيمًا مَّلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِ مَ حَنيفًا ۚ وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ مِنْ إِنَّا صَلَاتِي وَنُسُكِي وَتَحْيَاكَ وَمَمَاتِي للهُ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكُو وَبِذَاكَ أُمْرَتُ وَأَنَا الْوَلُ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ قُلْ أَغَيْرَ اللهُ أَبْغِي رَبًّا وَهُوَ رَبُّ كُلِّ مَنْ وَوَلا تَكْسبُ كُلُّ نَفْسِ إِلَّا عَلَيْهَا ۗ وَلَا زَرُ وَازِرَةٌ وزَرَ أَنْوَى مُمَّ إِلَى رَبَّكُم مَّرْجِعُكُرْ فَيُنتَبِّكُمُ مِنا كُنتُمْ فِيه تَخْتَلْفُونَ ١ its belief earned good (by works). Say: Wait ye! Lo! We (too) are waiting.

- 159. Lo! As for those who sunder their religion and become schismatics, no concern at all hast thou with them. Their case will go to Allah, Who then will tell them what they used to do.
- 160. Whoso bringeth a good deed will receive tenfold the like thereof, while whoso bringeth an ill-deed will be awarded but the like thereof; and they will not be wronged.
- 161. Say: Lo! As for me, my Lord hath guided me unto a straight path, a right religion, the community of Abraham, the upright, who was no idolater.

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- 162. Say: Lo! my worship and my sacrifice and my living and my dying are for Allah, Lord of the Worlds.
- 163. He hath no partner. This am I commanded, and I am first of those who surrender (unto Him).
- 164. Say: Shall I seek another than Allah for Lord, when He is Lord of all things? Each soul earneth only on its own account, nor doth any laden bear another's load. Then unto your Lord is your return and He will tell you that wherein ye differed.

وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَكُمْ خَلَيْهِ الْأَرْضِ وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَكُمْ فَوْقَ بَعْضِ دَرَجَتِ لِيَبْلُوكُمْ فِي مَا ءَاتَنْكُمُ إِنَّ رَبِّكَ سَرِيعُ الْعَقَابِ وَ إِنَّهُ لَعَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ هَا

> (٧) سُؤولاً الأعراف مكتَّم الا من آبة ١٩٠١ إلى غاية آبة ٧٠٠ قدنية وأيامنا ٢٠٠ نزلت بعدر مت

المَمْ شَ كَتَبُ أُزِلَ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا يَكُن فِي صَدْرِكَ حَرَجُ مَنْهُ لِتُنذِرَ بِهِ وَذِكْرَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ اللَّهُواْ مَا أُزِلَ إِلَيْكُمُ مِن رَّبِكُمْ وَلَا تَلْبَعُواْ مِن دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَا اللَّهُ فَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكُرُونَ ﴿ وَكُمْ مِن قَرْيَةَ أَهْلَكُمُنَاهَا فَجَاءَهَا بَأْسُنَا بَيْنَا أَوْهُمْ قَآبِلُونَ ﴿ يَا فَلْ كَانَ دَعُولُهُمْ



165. He it is Who hath placed you as viceroys of the earth and hath exalted some of you in rank above others, that He may try you by (the test of) that which He hath given you. Lo! Thy Lord is swift in prosecution, and lo! He verily is Forgiving, Merciful.

SÛRAH VII

Al-A'ráf, "The Heights," takes its name from a word in v. 46, "And on the Heights are men who know them all by their marks." The best authorities assign the whole of it to about the same period as sûrah VI, i.e. the Prophet's last year in Mecca, though some consider vv. 163–167 to have been revealed at Al-Madînah. The subject may be said to be the opponents of Allah's Will and Purpose, from Satan onward, through the history of Divine Guidance.

A late Meccan sûrah.

THE HEIGHTS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm. Şâd.1
- 2. (It is) a Scripture that is revealed unto thee (Muhammad)—so let there be no heaviness in thy heart therefrom—that thou mayst warn thereby, and (it is) a Reminder unto believers.
- 3. (Saying): Follow that which is sent down unto you from your Lord, and follow no protecting friends beside Him. Little do ye recollect!
- 4. How many a township have We destroyed! As a raid by night, or while they slept at noon, Our terror came unto them.

1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

إِذْ جَآءَهُم بَأْسُنَا إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَلَمينَ ٢ فَلَنْسَكُنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أُرْسَلَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَنَسْكَكَّ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ٢ فَلَنَقُصَّنَّ عَلَيْهِم بعلْم وَمَا كُنَّا غَمَّا يِبِينَ ﴿ وَالْوَزْنُ يَوْمَهِد ٱلْحَقَّ فَن تَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلَحُونَ ٢ وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَا زِينُهُ وَأُولَيْكَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسرُواْ أَنفُسُم بِمَا كَانُواْ شَايَنْتَنَايَظُلْمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدُّ مَكَّنَّكُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِهَا مَعَدِيشٌ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ ٢ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ صَوَّرْنَاكُمْ ثُمَّ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَنَبِكَة ٱشْجُدُواْ لآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوٓا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ لَرْ يَكُن مَّنَ ٱلسَّلجدينَ ١ قَالَ مَا مَنَعَكَ أَلَّا تَسْجُدَ إِذْ أَمْرَتُكَ ۖ قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرٌمَنَّهُ خَلَقْتَني مِن نَّار وَخَلَقْتَهُ مِن طِين ١٠٠ قَالَ فَأَ هُبِطُ منْهَا فَا يَكُونُ لَكَ أَن تَتَكَبَّرَ فيها فَآنُوجُ إِنَّكَ 5. No plea had they, when Our terror came unto them, save that they said: Lo! We were wrong-doers.

- Then verily We shall question those unto whom (Our message) hath been sent, and verily We shall question the messengers.
- 7. Then verily We shall narrate unto them (the event) with knowledge, for We were not absent (when it came to pass).
- 8. The weighing on that day is the true (weighing). As for those whose scale is heavy, they are the successful.
- And as for those whose scale is light: those are they who lose their souls because they used to wrong Our revelations.
- 10. And We have given you (mankind) power in the earth, and appointed for you therein livelihoods. Little give ye thanks!
- 11. And We created you, then fashioned you, then told the angels: Fall ye prostrate before Adam! And they fell prostrate, all save Iblîs, who was not of those who make prostration.
- 12. HE said: What hindered thee that thou didst not fall prostrate when I bade thee? (Iblîs) said: I am better than him. Thou createdst me of fire while him Thou didst create of mud.
- 13. HE said: Then go down hence! It is not for thee to show pride here, so go forth! Lo! thou art of those degraded.

منَ الصَّاغرينَ ﴿ مَا أَنظرُنَّ إِلَىٰ يَوْم يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿ مِنْ الصَّاعِلَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ا قَالَ إِنَّكَ مِنَ ٱلمُنظَرِينَ ﴿ قَالَ فَبِمَا أَغُو يُتِّنِي لاَّ قُعُدَنَّ لَمْمُ صَرَاطَكَ ٱلمُستَقيمَ ١٠٠٠ ثُمَّ لَا تَينَهُم مَنْ بَيْن أَيْديهم وَمنْ خَلْفهمْ وَعَنْ أَيْمَنهم وَعَن شَمَا بِلهم وَكَا تَجدُ أَكْثَرَهُمْ شَكَرِينَ ﴿ قَالَ آخُرِجْ مَنْهَا مَذْهُ وَمَا مَذْهُ وَمَا مَدْحُورًا لَّمَن تَبعَكَ مَنْهُمْ لَأَ مُلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مَنكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِلَّهُ مَا لَكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ وَ يَتَعَادُمُ ٱسْكُنْ أَنتَ وَزَوْجُكَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ فَكُلَا مِنْ حَيْثُ شَغَّتُمَا وَلَا تَقْرَبَا هَانه الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُونَا مَنَ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿ فَوسُوسَ لَهُما الشَّيطُانُ ليبدي لَحُما مَاوُد ري عَنْهُما من سَوْءَ البَّمَا وَقَالَ مَا نَهَ كُمَّا رَبُّكُمَّا عَنْ هَدْهُ ٱلشَّجَرَة إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَا مَلَكِينَ أَوْ تَكُونَا مِنَ ٱلْخَلَادِينَ ﴿ وَقَا سَمَهُمَا إِنَّى لَكُمَّا لَمَنَ ٱلنَّنصِعِينَ ﴿ فَكَلَّاهُمَا بِغُرُورَ ۚ فَلَمَّا ذَاقًا 14. He said: Reprieve me till the day when they are raised (from the dead).

- 15. HE said: Lo! thou art of those reprieved.
- 16. He said: Now, because Thou hast sent me astray, verily I shall lurk in ambush for them on Thy Right Path.
- 17. Then I shall come upon them from before them and from behind them and from their right hands and from their left hands, and Thou wilt not find most of them beholden (unto Thee).
- 18. He said: Go forth from hence, degraded, banished. As for such of them as follow thee, surely I will fill hell with all of you.
- 19. And (unto man): O Adam! Dwell thou and thy wife in the Garden and eat from whence ye will, but come not nigh this tree lest ye become wrong-doers.
- 20. Then Satan whispered to them that he might manifest unto them that which was hidden from them of their shame, and he said: Your Lord forbade you from this tree only lest ye should become angels or become of the immortals.
- 21. And he swore unto them (saying): Lo! I am a sincere adviser unto you.
 - 22. Thus did he lead them on with guile. And when they

ٱلشَّجَ ةَ يَدَتْ لَحُمُا سَوْءَ أَمُهُما وَطَفْقَا تَحْصِفَانِ عَلَيْهَا من وَرَق ٱلِحُنَّةُ وَنَادَىٰهُمَا رَبُهُمَا أَلَهُ أَنْهُكُمَا عَن تَلْكُمَا ٱلشَّجَرَة وَأَقُل لَّكُمَا إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ لَكُمَّا عَدُوٌّ مُّبِنُّ ﴿ قَالَا رَبَّنَا ظَلَمْنَآ أَنْفُسَنَا وَ إِن لَّمْ تَغَفَّرْلَنَا وَتَرْحَمْنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ منَ ٱلْخُلَسرينَ ١٠ قَالَ ٱهْبطُواْ بَعْضُكُمْ لَبَعْض عَدُوٌّ وَلَـكُرْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرُّ وَمَنَكُّ إِلَىٰ حين ﴿ قَالَ فِيهَا تَحْيَوْنَ وَفِهَا يَمُوتُونَ وَمَنْهَا يُحْرَجُونَ رَبِّي يَلَبْنَى ءَادَمَ قَدْ أَ زَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمْ لِبَاسَا يُوَ رِي سَوْءَ اتكُمْ وَرِيشاً وَلِبَاسُ التَّقْوَى ذَاكَ خَمْرٌ ۚ ذَاكَ منْ ءَايَنت الله لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكُّونَ ﴿ يَبَنِي وَادَمَ لَا يَفْتَنَنَّكُ الشَّيْطَانُ كُمَا أَنْوَجَ أَبُو يَكُمُ مَّنَ ٱجْكَنَّة يَنْزِعُ عَنْهُمَا لَبَاسُهُمَا لَيُرْبَهُمَا سَوْءَ الْهُمَا إِنَّهُ يَرَلَكُمْ هُو وَقَبِيلُهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا تَرُوْنَهُمْ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا الشَّيَطِينَ tasted of the tree their shame was manifest to them and they began to hide (by heaping) on themselves some of the leaves of the Garden. And their Lord called them, (saying): Did I not forbid you from that tree and tell you: Lo! Satan is an open enemy to you?

- 23. They said: Our Lord! We have wronged ourselves. If Thou forgive us not and have not mercy on us, surely we are of the lost!
- 24. He said: Go down (from hence), one of you a foe unto the other. There will be for you on earth a habitation and provision for a while.
- 25. HB said: There shall ye live, and there shall ye die, and thence shall ye be brought forth.
- 26. O Children of Adam! We have revealed unto you raiment to conceal your shame, and splendid vesture, but the raiment of restraint from evil, that is best. This is of the revelations of Allah, that they may remember.
- 27. O Children of Adam! Let not Satan seduce you as he caused your (first) parents to go forth from the Garden and tore off from them their robe (of innocence) that he might manifest their shame to them. Lo! he seeth you, he and his tribe, from whence ye see him not. Lo! We have made the

أَوْلَيَاءَ للَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَإِذَا فَعَلُواْ فَنحشَةُ قَالُواْ رَ ... وَمِدْنَا عَلَيْهِا ءَابِياءَنَا وَاللهُ أَمْرِنَا بِهَا قُلْ إِنَّ ٱللهُ لاَيامُ بِٱلْفَحْشَآءِ أَنَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللهُ مَا لَا نَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ثِنِّ أُلْ أُمِّرَ رَبِّي بِٱلْقَسْطُ وَأَقِيمُواْ وَجُوهَكُرٌ عِندَكُلِّ مَسْجِد وَٱدْعُوهُ تُعْلَصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَّ كَمَا بَدَأَكُمْ تَعُودُونَ ﴿ إِنَّى فَرِيقًا هَدَى وَفَرِيقًا حَنَّ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلضَّلَالَةُ إِنَّهُمُ ٱلْخَذُواْ ٱلشَّيَاطِينَ أَوْلَيَا مَ دُونَ اللهِ وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُ مَهْتَدُونَ شِي * يَلْبَنِيّ ءَادَمَ خُذُواْ زِينَتَكُمْ عندَ كُلّ مَسْجِد وَكُلُواْ وَاَشْرَبُواْ وَلَا نُسْرِفُواْ إِنَّهُ لِا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿ قُلْ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زينَةَ ٱلله ٱلَّتِيَّ أَنْوَجَ لعبَاده ع وَالطَّيبَات منَ الرَّزْقُ قُلُ هِيَ لَّذِينَ المَّنُواْ فِي الْحَيَوْةِ الدُّنْبَ خَالصَةً بَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَةُ كَلَالِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْآيَلَت لقَوْم



- 28. And when they do some lewdness they say: We found our fathers doing it and Allah hath enjoined it on us. Say: Allah, verily, enjoineth not lewdness. Tell ye concerning Allah that which ye know not?
- 29. Say: My Lord enjoineth justice. And set your faces upright (toward Him) at every place of worship and call upon Him, making religion pure for Him (only). As He brought you into being, so return ye (unto Him).
- 30. A party hath He led aright, while error hath just hold over (another) party, for lo! they choose the devils for protecting supporters instead of Allah and deem that they are rightly guided.
- 31. O Children of Adam! Look to your adornment at every place of worship, and eat and drink, but be not prodigal. Lo! He loveth not the prodigals.
- 32. Say: Who hath forbidden the adornment of Allah which He hath brought forth for His bondmen, and the good things of His providing? Say: Such, on the Day of Resurrection, will be only for those who believed during the life of the world. Thus do We detail Our revelations for people who

يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ قُلْ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّي ٱلْفَوَاحِشَ مَاظَهَرَ مَنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ وَٱلْإِثْمَ وَٱلْبَغْىَ بِغَيْراً لَحَتَى وَأَنْ ثُشْرِكُواْ بِاللهُ مَالَمْ يُنَزِّلْ به ع سُلْطَكُنَّا وَأَنْ تَقُولُواْ عَلَى الله مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ٢ وَلَكُلُّ أُمَّةً أَجَلُّ فَإِذَا جَآءً أَجَلُهُمْ لَا يَسْتَأْخُرُونَ سَاعَةً ﴿ وَلَا يَسْتَقْدُمُونَ ﴿ يَكِنِي يَلَبَنِي عَادَمَ إِمَّا يَأْ تَيَنَّكُمْ رُسُلٌ مَّنكُمْ يَقُصُونَ عَلَيْكُرْءَ ايَتَى فَنَ اتَّقَى وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَاهُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ شَايَلَتَنَا وَأَسْتَكْبَرُواْ عَنْهَا أَوْلَتَهِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِهُمْ فِيهَا خَدَلُدُونَ ﴿ فَيَ فَمَنْ ﴿ أَظْلَمُ مَّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى الله كَذِبًّا أَوْ كُذَّبَ بِعَايَنتُهُ ۗ أُولَتِهِكَ يَنَاهُمُ نَصِيبُهُم مَنَ ٱلْكَتَابِ حَيَّى إِذَا جَاءَتُهُم رُسُلُنَا يَتُوفُونُهُمْ قَالُواْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُون الله قَالُواْ ضَلُّواْ عَنَّا وَشَهِدُواْ عَلَيَّ أَنفُسِهُمْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ

have knowledge.

- 33. Say: My Lord forbiddeth only indecencies, such of them as are apparent and such as are within, and sin and wrongful oppression, and that ye associate with Allah that for which no warrant hath been revealed, and that ye tell concerning Allah that which ye know not.
- 34. And every nation hath its term, and when its term cometh, they cannot put it off an hour nor yet advance (it).
- 35. O Children of Adam! When messengers of your own come unto you who narrate unto you My revelations, then whosoever refraineth from evil and amendeth—there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 36. But they who deny Our revelations and scorn them—such are rightful owners of the Fire; they will abide therein.
- 37. Who doeth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie concerning Allah or denieth Our tokens. (For such) their appointed portion of the Book (of destiny) reacheth them till, when Our messengers¹ come to gather them, they say: Where (now) is that to which ye cried beside Allah? They say: They have departed from us. And they testify against themselves

1 i.e. angels.

كَنفرينَ ١٠٠ قَالَ أَدْخُلُواْ فِي أُمَد قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْل كُم مِّنَ ٱلْجَنِّ وَٱلَّانِسِ فِي النَّارُّ كُلَّمَا دَخَلَتْ أُمَّةٌ لَّعَنَتْ أَعْتَهَا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا آدَّارَكُواْ فِهَا جَمِيعًا قَالَتْ أَنْتُونُهُمْ لأُولَئِهُمْ رَبَّنَا هَنَوُلاتِهِ أَضَلُّونَا فَعَاتِهِمْ عَذَابًا ضَعْفًا مَنَ ٱلنَّارْ قَالَ لَكُلُّ ضَعْفُ وَلَكُن لَّا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَهَا لَتْ أُولَنَّهُمْ لأُنْتَرِيهُمْ فَى كَانَ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِن فَضْلِ فَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَذَّ بُواْ بِعَا يَلْنَنَا وَاسْتَكْبَرُواْ عَنَّهَا لَا تَفْتُح لَمُ مَا أُبُولُ السَّمَاءَ وَلَا يَدُخُلُونَ الْحُنَّةَ حَتَّى يَلْجَ الْجَمَلُ في سَمَّ الْحَيَاطُ وَكَذَاكَ نَجْزى الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ لَمُهُم مَّن جَهَنَّمَ مَهَادُّ وَمِن فَوْقِهِمْ غَوَاشٌ وَكَذَاكَ تَجْزى اَلظَّللمينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُواْ اَلصَّالَحَلتَ لَا نُحَلَفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا أَوْلَتِكَ أَصْلَبُ الْحَنَّةُ ۗ

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- 38. HB saith: Enter into the Fire among nations of the jinn and humankind who passed away before you. Every time a nation entereth, it curseth its sister (nation) till, when they have all been made to follow one another thither, the last of them saith unto the first of them: Our Lord! These led us astray, so give them double torment of the Fire. HB saith: For each one there is double (torment), but ye know not.
- 39. And the first of them saith unto the last of them: Ye were no whit better than us, so taste the doom for what ye used to earn.
- 40. Lo! they who deny Our revelations and scorn them, for them the gates of heaven will not be opened nor will they enter the Garden until the camel goeth through the needle's eye. Thus do We requite the guilty.
- 41. Theirs will be a bed of hell, and over them coverings (of hell). Thus do We requite wrong-doers.
- 42. But (as for) those who believe and do good works— We tax not any soul beyond its scope—Such are rightful

هُمَّ فيهَا خَلَدُونَ ﴿ وَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِهِم مَنْ عَلَّ تَجْرى من تَحْتَهُمُ ٱلْأَنْهُمْرُ وَقَالُواْ ٱلْحَمَدُ للهَ ٱلَّذِي هَدَ بننَا لَمُنَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدَى لَوْلَا أَنْ هَدَ لِنَا ٱللَّهُ لَقَدْ جَآءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبْنَا بِالْحَتِيُّ وَفُودُواْ أَنْ تِلْكُرُ الْجَنَّةُ أُورِثْتُمُوهَا بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَنَادَىٰ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةَ أَصْحَابَ النَّارِ أَن قَدْ وَجَدْنَا مَا وَعَدَنَا رَبُّنَ حَقًّا فَهَـلْ وَجَدَيُّم مَّا وَعَدَ رَهُ كُو رَكُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا أَذَنَ مُؤْذُنُ بَيْنَهُمُ أَنْ لَعْنَهُ الله عَلَى الظَّلمينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيل الله وَيَبْغُونَهَا عُوجًا وَهُم بِأَ لَآخَوَةً كَلْفُرُونَ ١ حَجَابٌ وَعَلَى ٱلْأَعْرِاف رَجَالٌ يَعْرُفُونَ كُلّا بسيمَاهُمَّ وَنَادُواْ أَصْلَبَ الْجَنَّة أَنْ سَلَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ ۚ لَمْ يَدْ خُلُوهَا وَهُمْ يَطْمَعُونَ ٢٠٠٠ * وَإِذَا صُرَفَتُ أَبْصَلُوهُمْ تَلْقَاءَ



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owners of the Garden. They abide therein.

- 43. And We remove whatever rancour may be in their hearts. Rivers flow beneath them. And they say: The praise to Allah, Who hath guided us to this. We could not truly have been led aright if Allah had not guided us. Verily the messengers of our Lord did bring the Truth. And it is cried unto them: This is the Garden. Ye inherit it for what ye used to do.
- 44. And the dwellers of the Garden cry unto the dwellers of the Fire: We have found that which our Lord promised us (to be) the Truth. Have ye (too) found that which your Lord promised the Truth? They say: Yea, verily. And a crier in between them crieth: The curse of Allah is on evil-doers,
- 45. Who debar (men) from the path of Allah and would have it crooked, and who are disbelievers in the Last Day.
- 46. Between them is a veil. And on the Heights are men who know them all by their marks. And they call unto the dwellers of the Garden: Peace be unto you! They enter it not although they hope (to enter).
- 47. And when their eyes are turned toward the dwellers of

أُصَّابِ النَّارِ قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا مَعَ ٱلْقَوْمِ الظَّلمينَ ﴿ وَنَادَىٰ أَصِحَابُ ٱلْأَعْرَاف رَجَالًا يَعْرِفُونَهُم بِسِيمَلُهُم قَالُواْ مَا أَغْنَى عَنكُمْ جَمْعُكُمْ وَمَا كُنتُمْ تَسْتَكْبُرُونَ ﴿ أُهْنَوُلاءِ الَّذِينَ أَقْسَمْمُ لا يِنَاهُمُ اللَّهُ برَحْمَةً أَدْخُلُواْ أَلْجُنَّةً لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَاّ أَنُّمْ تَعْزَنُونَ ﴿ وَلَا آَنُهُ أَخُولُ النَّارِ أَصَلَبَ الْجَنَّةَ أَنْ أَفْيضُواْ عَلَيْنَا مَنَ الْمَآءِ أَوْمَّىا رَزَقَكُمُ اللهُ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ اللهَ حَرَّمُهُمَا عَلَى ٱلْكَنفرينَ رَبِّي الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُواْ دِينَهُمْ لَهُواً وَلَعَبَا وَغَرَّتْهُمُ الْحَيَوَةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۚ فَالْيَوْمَ نَنْسَلُهُمْ كَمَا نَسُواْ لَقَاءَ يَوْمِهِمْ هَلْذَا وَمَا كَانُواْ بِعَآيِنتِنَا يَجْعَدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ جِئْنَاهُم بِكَتَلِبِ فَصَّلْنَاهُ عَلَىٰ عَلْم هُدَّى وَرَحْمَةً لَّقُوم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ وَنَّ إِلَّا تَأْ وِيلُهُ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي تَأْ وِيلُهُ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ لِسُوهُ من the Fire, they say: Our Lord! Place us not with the wrong-doing folk.

- 48. And the dwellers on the Heights call unto men whom they know by their marks, (saying): What did your multitude and that in which ye took your pride avail you?
- 49. Are these they of whom ye swore that Allah would not show them mercy? (Unto them it hath been said): Enter the Garden. No fear shall come upon you nor is it ye who will grieve.
- 50. And the dwellers of the Fire cry out unto the dwellers of the Garden: Pour on us some water or some of that wherewith Allah hath provided you. They say: Lo! Allah hath forbidden both to disbelievers (in His guidance),
- 51. Who took their religion for a sport and pastime, and whom the life of the world beguiled. So this day We have forgotten them even as they forgot the meeting of this their Day and as they used to deny Our tokens.
- 52. Verily We have brought them a Scripture which We expound with knowledge, a guidance and a mercy for a people who believe.
- 53. Await they aught save the fulfilment thereof? On the day when the fulfilment thereof cometh, those who were

قَبْلُ قَدْ جَآءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِٱلْحَتِّي فَهَلِ لَّنَا مِن شُفِعاً ۚ فَيَشْفَعُواْ لَنَا أُورُرُهُ فَنَعْمَلُ غَيْرِ ٱلَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَاً. قَدْ خَسرُواْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ٢ إِنَّ رَيُّكُمُ اللهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَلَوَاتِ وَ ٱلْأَرْضَ فِي سَنَّةً أَيَّام ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ يُغْشَى ٱلَّيْلَ ٱلنَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَثِيثًا وَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ وَالنَّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَات بامِّره * أَلَّا لَهُ ٱلْخَلَقُ وَالْأَمْرُ تَبَارَكَ اللهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمينَ ﴿ يَ آدْعُواْ رَبُّكُمْ تَضَرُّعُا وَخُفْيَةً إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُعْتَدِينَ رَقِي وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ إِصْلَحِهَا وَٱدْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا ۚ إِنَّ رَحْمَتَ الله قَريبٌ مَّنَ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّينَ بُشِراً بِنْ يَدَى رَحْمَتِه عَ حَيَّ إِذَا أَقَلَّتْ سَمَابًا ثقَالًا سُقْنَهُ لبَلَد مَّيْت فَأَزَلْنَا به

before forgetful thereof will say: The messengers of our Lord did bring the Truth! Have we any intercessors, that they may intercede for us? Or can we be returned (to life on earth), that we may act otherwise than we used to act? They have lost their souls, and that which they devised hath failed them.

- 54. Lo! your Lord is Allah Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days, then mounted He the Throne. He covereth the night with the day, which is in haste to follow it, and hath made the sun and the moon and the stars subservient by His command. His verily is all creation and commandment. Blessed be Allah, the Lord of the Worlds!
- 55. (O mankind!) Call upon your Lord humbly and in secret. Lo! He loveth not aggressors.
- 56. Work not confusion in the earth after the fair ordering (thereof), and call on Him in fear and hope. Lo! the mercy of Allah is nigh unto the good.
- 57. And He it is Who sendeth the winds as tidings heralding His mercy, till, when they bear a cloud heavy (with rain), We lead it to a dead land, and then cause water to descend

ٱلْمَاءَ فَأَنْوَجْنَا به ـ من كُلِّ ٱلشَّمَرَاتُ كَذَاكَ نُحْرِجُ ٱلْمَوْتِي لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكُّرُ وِنَ رَبِّي وَٱلْبَلَدُ الطَّيْبُ يَخْرُجُ نَبَاتُهُ بِإِذْنَ رَبِّهُ ءَ وَالَّذِي خَبُّثَ لَا يَخُرُجُ إِلَّا نَكُداً ۚ كَلَالَكَ نُصَرِّفُ ٱلْآيَتِ لَقَوْم يَشْكُرُونَ رَبِّي لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِ عَقَالَ يَنقَوْمِ أَعْبُدُواْ اللهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنْ إِلَنه غَيْرُهُ وَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْم عَظيم فِي قَالَ ٱلْمَلَأُ من قَوْمه عَ إِنَّا لَنُرَىكَ في ضَلَال مُّبين ﴿ قَالَ يَنقَوْم لَيْسَ بِي ضَلَالَةٌ وَلَكُنِّي رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ١٠ أَبَلَغُكُمْ رَسَالَت رَبَّى وَأَنْصَحُ لَكُرُو أَعْلَمُ مَنَ الله مَالَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ أُوَعَجَّبُمُ أَنْ جَآءَ كُرْ ذَكُّرٌ مَن رَّبَّكُمْ عَلَىٰ رَجُلِ مَّنكُمْ ليُنذَرَكُمْ وَلَتَنَّقُواْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ أَرْحَمُونَ ﴿ فَكَذَّ بُوهُ فَأَنْجَيْنَهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ فِي الْفُلْكِ وَأَغْرَقْنَا الَّذِينَ

- thereon and thereby bring forth fruits of every kind. Thus bring We forth the dead. Haply ye may remember.
- 58. As for the good land, its vegetation cometh forth by permission of its Lord; while as for that which is bad, only the useless cometh forth (from it). Thus do We recount the tokens for people who give thanks.
- 59. We sent Noah (of old) unto his people, and he said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. Lo! I fear for you the retribution of an Awful Day.
- 60. The chieftains of his people said: Lo! we see thee surely in plain error.
- 61. He said: O my people! There is no error in me, but I am a messenger from the Lord of the Worlds.
- 62. I convey unto you the messages of my Lord and give good counsel unto you, and know from Allah that which ye know not.
- 63. Marvel ye that there should come unto you a Reminder from your Lord by means of a man among you, that he may warn you, and that ye may keep from evil, and that haply ye may find mercy.
- 64. But they denied him, so We saved him and those with him in the ship, and We drowned those who denied Our

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كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتَنَّ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمًا عَينَ رَبُّ * وَإِلَى عَاد أَخَاهُمْ هُودًا قَالَ يَنقَوْم أَعْبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَالَكُمْ مَنْ إِلَّهُ غَيْرُهُ أَفَلَا نَتَّقُونَ ١٠٠ قَالَ ٱلْمَلَا أُلَالَهُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا من قَوْمه من إنَّا لَنَرَىٰكَ في سَفَاهَة وَ إِنَّا لَنَظُنُّكَ مِنَ ٱلْكَندبينَ ١ قَالَ يَنقَوْم لَيْسَ بِي سَفَاهَةٌ وَلَكَ عَنَّى رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ١٠ أَبَلَغُكُمُ رَسَالَت رَبِّي وَأَ نَاْلَكُمْ نَاصِحُ أَمِينُ ١ أُوَعَجِبُمُ أَنْ جَآءَكُمْ ذَكُّرٌ مِّن رَّبُّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُل مَنكُمْ لِينَدْرَكُمْ وَاذْكُرُواْ إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ بَعْد قَوْم نُوحٍ وَزَادَكُمْ فِي ٱلْخَلَق بَصْطَلَّةٌ فَٱذْكُرُ وَأَوَ الْآءَ ٱلله لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ ١٠ قَالُوٓا أَجِثْتَنَا لنَعْبُدَ ٱللهَ وَحْدَهُ وَنَذَرَ مَا كَانَ يَعْبُدُ وَابَا وَأَنَّا فَأَتَنَا بَى تَعَدُنَا إِن كُنتَ منَ الصَّدَقيرَ ١٠ قَالَ قَدْ وَقَعَ عَلَيْكُم مِّن رَّبَّكُمْ

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token. Latcher were blind folk

tokens. Lo! they were blind folk.

- 65. And unto (the tribe of) A'âd (We sent) their brother, Hûd.¹ He said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. Will ye not ward off (evil)?
- 66. The chieftains of his people, who were disbelieving, said: Lo! we surely see thee in foolishness, and lo! we deem thee of the liars.
- 67. He said: O my people! There is no foolishness in me, but I am a messenger from the Lord of the Worlds.
- 68. I convey unto you the messages of my Lord and am for you a true adviser.
- 69. Marvel ye that there should come unto you a Reminder from your Lord by means of a man among you, that he may warn you? Remember how He made you viceroys after Noah's folk, and gave you growth of stature. Remember (all) the bounties of your Lord, that haply ye may be successful.
- 70. They said: Hast come unto us that we should serve Allah alone, and forsake what our fathers worshipped? Then bring upon us that wherewith thou threatenest us if thou art of the truthful!
 - 71. He said: Terror and wrath from your Lord have

 An ancient Arab prophet.

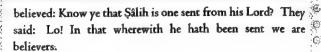
رجُسُ وَعَضَبُ أَنْجُلُدُلُونَنِي فِي أَسْمَاءٍ سَمَيْنُمُوهَا أَنْمُ وَ اَبَا وَكُمْ مَّا زَّلَ ٱللَّهُ بَهَا مِن سُلْطَكُنْ فَٱنْتَظُرُ وَأَ إِنِّي مَعَكُمُ مَّنَ الْمُنتَظرينَ ﴿ فَأَنْجَيْنَنَّهُ وَ الَّذِينَ مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَة مَّنَّا وَقَطَمْنَا دَابِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَا بَلْتَنَا وَمَا كَا نُواْمُؤْمنينَ رَبُّي وَ إِلَىٰ تَمُودَ أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا ۚ قَالَ يَنقَوْم ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهُ مَا لَـكُمْ مَنْ إِلَكَ غَيْرُهُۥ قَدْ جَآءَ تُكُم بَيْنَةٌ مِن رَّبُّكُم مَلْده، نَاقَةُ اللهُ لَكُمْ ءَا يَهُ فَذَرُوهَا تَأْكُلُ فِي أَرْضِ اللهِ وَلا تَمَسُّوهَا بِسُوهِ فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ ﴿ وَآذُكُواۤ إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفَآءَ مَنْ بَعْدَعَاد وَبَوَّأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ تَخَذُونَ مِن سُهُولِمَا قُصُورًا وَتَنْحِنُونَ ٱلْجَبَالَ بِيُوتاً فَأَذْكُرُوٓا ءَ الآءَ اللهُ وَلاَ تَعْتُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُفْسدينَ ﴿ قَالَ الْمَلَا الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ لِلَّذِينَ اسْنُضْعَفُواْ

already fallen on you. Would ye wrangle with me over names which ye have named, ye and your fathers, for which no warrant from Allah hath been revealed? Then await (the consequence), lo! I (also) am of those awaiting (it).

- 72. And We saved him and those with him by a mercy from Us, and We cut the root of those who denied Our revelations and were not believers.
- 73. And to (the tribe of) Thamûd (We sent) their brother Sâlih. He said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. A wonder from your Lord hath come unto you. Lo! this is the camel of Allah, a token unto you; so let her feed in Allah's earth, and touch her not with hurt lest painful torment seize you.
- 74. And remember how He made you viceroys after A'âd and gave you station in the earth. Ye choose castles in the plains and hew the mountains into dwellings. So remember (all) the bounties of Allah and do not evil, making mischief in the earth.
- 75. The chieftains of his people, who were scornful, said unto those whom they despised, unto such of them as

¹ An ancient Arab prophet.

لَمَنْ وَامَنَ مَهُمْ أَتَعَلَّمُونَ أَنَّ صَلْحًا مُرْسَلٌ مَن رَّبِّهُ قَالُواْ إِنَّا بَمَآ أَرْسَلَ بِهِ عَمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ إِنَّا بِالَّذِيَّ ءَامَنتُم به عَ كَلفُرُونَ ﴿ يَكَ فَعَقَرُواْ ٱلنَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْاْ عَنْ أَمْ رَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُواْ يَنصَلحُ ٱثْمَتنَا بَمَا تَعدُنَا إِن كُنتَ مَنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ فِي دَارِهِمْ جَنْمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَتَوَ لَيْعَنَّهُمْ وَقَالَ يَنقُوم لَقَدًا بُلَغْتُكُرُ رِسَالَةَ رَتَّى وَنَصَحْتُ لَـكُمْ وَلَكُن لَّاتُحَبُّونَ ٱلنَّنصِحينَ ﴿ إِلَّىٰ وَلُوطًا إِذْ قَالَ لَقُومِهِ مَا تَأْ تُونَ ٱلْفَحَمَةَ مَا سَبَقَكُم بَهَا مَنْ أَحَد مَّنَ ٱلْعَلَمينَ ﴿ إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ ٱلرَّجَالَ شَهُّواً مَّن دُون النَّسَآءِ بَلْ أَنتُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّسْرِفُونَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمُهُ ۗ إِلَّا أَن قَالُوٓا أَنْرَجُوهُم مَّن قَرْيَنكُرُّ ۗ إِنَّهُمْ أَنَّاسٌ يَتَطَهَّرُ ونَ ﴿ فَأَنْجَيْنَكُهُ وَأَهْلَهُ إِلَّا آمْرَأَ تَهُ



- 76. Those who were scornful said: Lo! in that which ye believe we are disbelievers.
- 77. So they hamstrung the she-camel, and they flouted the commandment of their Lord, and they said: O Salih! Bring upon us that thou threatenest if thou art indeed of those sent (from Allah).
- 78. So the earthquake seized them, and morning found them prostrate in their dwelling-place.
- 79. And (Sâlih) turned from them and said: O my people! I delivered my Lord's message unto you and gave you good advice, but ye love not good advisers.
- 80. And Lot! (Remember) when he said unto his folk: Will ye commit abomination such as no creature ever did before you?
- 81. Lo! ye come with lust unto men instead of women. Nay, but ye are wanton folk.
- 82. And the answer of his people was only that they said (one to another): Turn them out of your township. They are folk, forsooth, who keep pure.
 - 83. And We rescued him and his household, save his wife,
- ¹ The Arabic word *Quriab* means originally a settled community, polity or civilisation.

كَانَتْ مِنَ ٱلْغَنبرينَ ﴿ وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّطَرًا ۚ فَٱنظُرُ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنْقَبَةُ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ رَبِّي وَ إِنِّي مَدْيَنَ أَغَاهُمْ شُعِيْبًا ۚ قَالَ يَنقَوْم ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَالَكُمُ مَنْ إِلَّه غَيْرُهُۥ قَدْ جَآءَ تَكُمُ بَيْنَةُ مِن رَّ بَكُرُ فَأُونُواْ ٱلْكَيْلَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُواْ ٱلنَّاسَ أَشْيَآءَهُمْ وَلَا تُفْسدُواْ في ٱلْأَرْض بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا فَالكُو خَيْرٌ لَّكُو إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ المَّا وَلَا تَقْعُدُواْ بِكُلِّ صَرَاط تُوعدُونَ وَتَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيل ٱلله مَنْ وَامَنَ بِهِ وَتَبْغُونَهَا عَوْجًا وَأَذْ كُرُواْ إِذْ كُنتُمْ قَلْيَلًا فَكَثَّرَ كُرٌّ وَانظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ١ وَإِن كَانَ طَآ بِفَةٌ مَّنكُرُ ءَامَنُواْ بِالَّذِيُّ أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ ع وَطَآمِهَ أُمُّ أَيُوْمِنُواْ فَأَصْبِرُواْ حَتَّى يَحْكُرُ ٱللهُ بِينَنَّا وَهُو خَيْرُ الْحَنَكُمينَ ﴿ ﴿ قَالَ ٱلْمَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ



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- 84. And We rained a rain upon them. See now the nature of the consequence for evil-doers!
- 85. And unto Midian (We sent) their brother, Shu'eyb. He said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. Lo! a clear proof hath come unto you from your Lord; so give full measure and full weight and wrong not mankind in their goods, and work not confusion in the earth after the fair ordering thereof. That will be better for you, if ye are believers.
- 86. Lurk not on every road to threaten (wayfarers), and to turn away from Allah's path him who believeth in Him, and to seek to make it crooked. And remember, when ye were but few, how He did multiply you. And see the nature of the consequence for the corrupters!
- 87. And if there is a party of you which believeth in that wherewith I have been sent, and there is a party which believeth not, then have patience until Allah judge between us. He is the Best of all who deal in judgment.
 - 88. The chieftains of his people, who were scornful, said:

مِن قَوْمه ع لَنُخْر جَنَّكَ يَلْشُعَيْبُ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ وَامْنُواْ مَعَكَ من وَ يَنَنَآ أَوْلَتَعُودُنَّ فِي مِلَّتَنَّا ۚ قَالَ أَوْلَوْ كُنَّا كَدِهِينَ ﴿ مِينَ قَد أَفْتَرَيْنَا عَلَى الله كَذِبًا إِنْ عُدْنَا فِي مِلَّتِكُم بَعْدَ إِذْ تَجَّنا اللهُ مُنَّا وَمَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَن تَعُودَ فَهَا إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ ٱللهُ رَبُّنَا ۚ وَسعَ رَبُّنَا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَلْمًا عَلَى الله تَوَكَّلُنَا ۚ رَبَّنَا افْتَحْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِٱلْحَقَّ وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْفَنتِحِينَ رَثِيمَ وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلَأُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ من قَوْمه علَين أَتَّبَعْتُم شُعِيبًا إِنَّكُمْ إِذًا لِخُلَسرُونَ ٢ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ فِي دَارِهِمْ جَنْمِينَ ٢ الَّذِينَ كُمَّابُواْ شُعَيْبًا كَأَن لَّرْ يَغْنَواْ فِيهَا ۗ الَّذِينَ كُلَّ بُواْ شُعَيْبًا كَانُواْ هُمُ ٱلْخُلُسرينَ ﴿ فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَنقَوْم لَقَدُّ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ رسَلَلت رَبّي وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمٌّ فَكَيْفَ عَاسَى

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Surely we will drive thee out, O Shu'eyb, and those who believe with thee, from our township, unless ve return to our religion. He said: Even though we hate it?

- 89. We should have invented a lie against Allah if we returned to your religion after Allah hath rescued us from it. It is not for us to return to it unless Allah our Lord should (so) will. Our Lord comprehendeth all things in knowledge. In Allah do we put our trust. Our Lord! Decide with truth between us and our folk, for Thou art the Best of those who make decision.
- 90. But the chieftains of his people, who were disbelieving, said: If ye follow Shu'eyb, then truly ye shall be the losers.
- 91. So the earthquake seized them, and morning found them prostrate in their dwelling-place.
- 92. Those who denied Shu'eyb became as though they had not dwelt there. Those who denied Shu'eyb, they were the losers.
- 93. So he turned from them and said: O my people! I delivered my Lord's messages unto you and gave you good

عَلَىٰ قَوْمَ كَنفرينَ ﴿ يَكُ وَمَآ أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةِ مِّن نَّبِي إِلَّا أَخَذُنَا أَهْلَهَا بَالْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضَّرَّعُونَ ٢ ثُمَّ بَدَّلْنَا مَكَانَ السَّيْثَة الْحَسَنَةَ حَيَّى عَفَواْ وَّقَالُواْ قَدْ مَسَ ءَا بَآءَنَا ٱلضَّرَّاءُ وَٱلسَّرَّاءُ فَأَخَذُنَّكُم بَغْنَةُ وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْقُرَى عَامَنُواْ وَاتَّقَوْاْ لَغَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَرَكُت مَّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْض وَلَكُن كَذَّبُواْ فَأَخَذُنَّهُم بَ كَانُواْ يَكْسَبُونَ ١ أَفَأَمَنَ أَهْلُ ٱلْقُرَىٰ أَنْ يَأْ تَيُهُم بَأْهُ مَا يَكُنَّا وَهُمْ نَا يَعُونَ ﴿ أَوَ أَمِنَ أَهْلُ الْقُرَىٰ أَن يَأْ تَبَهُم بَأْسُنَا ضُحَى وَهُمَّ يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَأَمْنُواْ مَكْرَ اللَّهَ فَلَا يَأْمَنُ مَكْرَاللَّهُ إِلَّا ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلْخُنَسرُونَ رَبُّ أُولَرْيَهُد الَّذِينَ يَر ثُونَ ٱلْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ أَهْلِهَا أَن لَّو نَشَاءُ أَصَبْنَلُهُم بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَنَطْبَعُ

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advice; then how can I sorrow for a people that rejected (truth)?

- 94. And We sent no prophet unto any township but We did afflict its folk with tribulation and adversity that haply they might grow humble.
- 95. Then changed We the evil plight for good till they grew affluent and said: Tribulation and distress did touch our fathers. Then We seized them unawares, when they perceived not.
- 96. And if the people of the townships had believed and kept from evil, surely We should have opened for them blessings from the sky and from the earth. But (unto every messenger) they gave the lie, and so We seized them on account of what they used to earn.
- 97. Are the people of the townships then secure from the coming of Our wrath upon them as a night-raid while they sleep?
- 98. Or are the people of the townships then secure from the coming of Our wrath upon them in the daytime while they play?
- 99. Are they then secure from Allah's scheme? None deemeth himself secure from Allah's scheme save folk that perish.
- 100. Is it not an indication to those who inherit the land after its people (who thus reaped the consequence of evildoing) that, if We will, We can smite them for their sins and

عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ رَبُّ تِلَّكَ الْقُرَىٰ نَفُصُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَا بَهَا وَلَقَدْ جَآءَ تَهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ فَيَ كَانُواْ لَيُؤْمِنُواْ بِمَا كَذَاكَ يَطْبَعُ اللهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِ ٱلْكَلفرينَ ﴿ وَمَا وَجَدْنَا لأَكْثَرَهُم مَّنَّ ﴿ عَهْد وَ إِن وَجَدْنَآ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَفَسقينَ ١٠٠٠ ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مَن اللَّهُ بَعْدهم مُوسَىٰ بِثَايَانَنَا إِلَىٰ فَرْعُونَ وَمَلَا يِهِ عَظَلَمُواْ بِمَا فَأَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَلْقَبَةُ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ يَنفرْعَوْنُ إِنَّى رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَلَمينَ (إِنَّ حَقيقٌ عَلَى أَن لَّا أَقُولَ عَلَى الله إِلَّا الْحَتَّ قَدْ جِثْنُكُمُ بِيِّنَهُ مِّن رَّبُّكُرْ فَأُرْسِلْ مَعَى بَنِيّ إِسْرَا وِيلَ ﴿ قَالَ إِن كُنتَ جُئْتَ بِعَايَة فَأْت بَهَا إِن كُنتَ مَنَ الصَّلدقينَ اللَّهِ فَأَلْقَى عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ وَزَعَ يَدُّهُ وَإِذَا

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print upon their hearts so that they hear not?

- 101. Such were the townships. We relate some tidings of them unto thee (Muhammad). Their messengers verily came unto them with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), but they could not believe because they had before denied. Thus doth Allah print upon the hearts of disbelievers (that they hear not).
- 102. We found no (loyalty to any) covenant in most of them. Nay, most of them We found wrong-doers.
- 103. Then, after them, We sent Moses with our tokens unto Pharaoh and his chiefs, but they repelled them. Now, see the nature of the consequence for the corrupters!
- 104. Moses said: O Pharaoh! Lo! I am a messenger from the Lord of the Worlds,
- 105. Approved upon condition that I speak concerning Allah nothing but the truth. I come unto you (lords of Egypt) with a clear proof from your Lord. So let the Children of Israel go with me.
- 106. (Pharaoh) said: If thou comest with a token, then produce it, if thou art of those who speak the truth.
- 107. Then he flung down his staff and lo! it was a serpent manifest;
 - 108. And he drew forth his hand (from his bosom), and lo!

هِيَ بَيْضَآءُ للنَّنظرينَ ﴿ إِنَّ عَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِن قَوْمٍ فَرْعَوْنَ إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَسَلحرُ عَليمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُحْرِجَكُمْ مَنْ أَرْضَكُمْ أَ فَاذَا تَأْمُرُونَ شِي قَالُواْ أَرْجِهُ وَأَخَاهُ وَأَرْسُلُ فِي الْمَدَ آيِن حَاشرينَ ١١١) يَأْتُوكَ بِكُلِّ سَنحرَعليد ١١١) وَجَاءَ السَّحرَةُ فَرْعَوْنَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ لَنَا لَأَجْرًا إِن كُنَّا تَعُنُ ٱلْغَلبينَ ﴿ أً قَالَ نَعَمَّ وَ إِنَّكُمْ لَمَنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ أَن تُلْقِيَ وَإِمَّا أَن نَّكُونَ نَحْنُ ٱلْمُلْقِينَ ١٠ قَالَ أَلْقُواْ فَلَمَّ أَلْقُواْ سَحُرُواْ أَعْيَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَٱسْتُرْهَبُوهُمْ وَجَآءُو بسخر عَظيم ١١٥ * وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنْ أَلْق عَصَاكَ فَإِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَا يَأْفَكُونَ ١٠ فَوَقَعَ ٱلْحَتُّ وَبَطَلَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ شَلِي أَغْلَبُواْ هُنَالِكَ وَانقَلَبُواْ صَنغرينَ ١١٠ وَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سَنجدينَ ١١٠ قَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا



it was white for the beholders.

- 109. The chiefs of Pharaoh's people said: Lo! this is some knowing wizard,
- 110. Who would expel you from your land. Now what do ye advise?
- 111. They said (unto Pharaoh): Put him off (a while)—him and his brother-and send into the cities summoners.
 - 112. To bring each knowing wizard unto thee.
- 113. And the wizards came to Pharaoh, saying: Surely there will be a reward for us if we are victors.
- 114. He answered: Yea, and surely ye shall be of those brought near (to me).
- 115. They said: O Moses! Either throw (first) or let us be the first throwers?
- 116. He said: Throw! And when they threw they cast a spell upon the people's eyes, and overawed them, and produced a mighty spell.
- 117. And We inspired Moses (saying): Throw thy staff! And lo! it swallowed up their lying show.
- 118. Thus was the Truth vindicated and that which they were doing was made vain.
 - 119. Thus were they there defeated and brought low.
 - 120. And the wizards fell down prostrate,
 - 121. Crying: We believe in the Lord of the Worlds,

بِرَبِّ ٱلْعَلَلْمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ مُوسَىٰ وَهَلُونَ ﴿ قَالَ فَرْعَوْنُ ءَامَنتُم به ع فَبْلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمُّ إِنَّ هَلَذَا لَمَكُّرٌ مُكُوهُ في الْمَدينَة لتُخْرِجُواْ مَهُمَّا أَهْلَهَا فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ١ لَأُقَطَّعَنَّ أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مَنْ خَلَف ثُمَّ لَأَصَلَّبَنَّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّا إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبَّنَا مُنقَلَبُونَ ﴿ وَمَا تَنقمُ منَّا إِلَّاأَنْ ءَ امناً عِاينت رَبِّنَا لَمَّا جَآءَ ثَنا رَبِّنَا أَقْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَتَوَقَّنَا مُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ الْمَلاُّ مِن قَوْم فَرْعُونَ أَ تَذَرُ مُوسَىٰ وَقَوْمَهُ لِيُفْسِدُواْ فِي الْأَرْض وَيَذَرَكَ وَءَالْمَنَكَ قَالَ سَنُقَتْلُ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ وَنُسْتَحْي، نَسَاءَهُمْ وَ إِنَّا فَوْقَهُمْ قَنهرُونَ ١٠٠٠ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لقَوْمه ٱسْتَمِينُواْ بِاللهُ وَاصْبِرُواْ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلْأَرْضَ للهُ يُورِثُهَا مَن يَشَاءُ مَنْ عَبَادَهُ عُوالْعَنْقَبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ١١٥ قَالُوٓا أُوذِينَا

- 122. The Lord of Moses and Aaron.
- 123. Pharaoh said: Ye believe in Him before I give you leave! Lo! this is the plot that ye have plotted in the city that ye may drive its people hence. But ye shall come to know!
- 124. Surely I shall have your hands and feet cut off upon alternate sides. Then I shall crucify you every one.
- 125. They said: Lo! We are about to return unto our Lord!
- 126. Thou takest vengeance on us only forasmuch as we believed the tokens of our Lord when they came unto us. Our Lord! Vouchsafe unto us steadfastness and make us die as men who have surrendered (unto Thee).
- 127. The chiefs of Pharaoh's people said: (O King), wilt thou suffer Moses and his people to make mischief in the land, and flout thee and thy gods? He said: We will slay their sons and spare their women, for lo! we are in power over them.
- 128. And Moses said unto his people: Seek help in Allah and endure. Lo! the earth is Allah's. He giveth it for an inheritance to whom He will. And lo! the sequel is for those who keep their duty (unto Him).
 - 129. They said: We suffered hurt before thou camest unto

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من قَبْلِ أَن تَأْ تِينَا وَمن بَعْد مَاجِئْتَنَا قَالَ عَسَى رَبُّكُواْنَ يُهْلَكَ عَدُوَّكُمْ وَيَسْتَخْلَفَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرَكَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا ءَالَ فَرْعَوْنَ بِٱلسِّينَ وَنَقْص مِّنَ الشَّمَرَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكُّرُونَ شِي فَإِذَا جَآءَتُهُمُ الْحَسَنَةُ قَالُواْ لَنَا هَلَذَهُ ء وَ إِن تُصَبُّهُمْ سَيْمَةٌ يَطَّيَّرُواْ بَمُوسَىٰ وَمَن مَّعَهُ وَ أَلَا إِنَّمَا طَلَّهُمْ عَندَ الله وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١١٥ وَقَالُواْ مَهْمَا تَأْتَنَا بِهِ مِنْ ءَ آيَة لْتَسْحَرَنَا بِهَا فَكَ نَحْنُ لَكَ بُمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمُ الطُّوفَانَ وَٱلْحُرَادَ وَٱلْقُمَّلَ وَٱلضَّفَادِعَ وَالدَّمَ ءَايَت مُّفَصَّلَت فَأَسْتَكْبَرُواْ وَكَانُواْ قَوْمَا عُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا وَقَعَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلرَّجْزُ قَالُواْ يَنْمُوسَى أَدْعُ لَنَا رَبِّكَ عَا عَهِدَ عِندَكَّ لَين كَشَفْتَ عَنَّا الرَّجْزَلَنُوْمَنَّ لَكَ وَلَنُرْسَلَنَّ مَعَكَ بَنِي إِسْرَاءِ بِلَ رَبِّي

us, and since thou hast come unto us. He said: It may be that your Lord is going to destroy your adversary and make you viceroys in the earth, that He may see how ye behave.

- 130. And We straitened Pharaoh's folk with famine and dearth of fruits, that peradventure they might heed.
- 131. But whenever good befell them, they said: This is ours; and whenever evil smote them they ascribed it to the evil auspices of Moses and those with him. Surely their evil auspice was only with Allah. But most of them knew not.
- 132. And they said: Whatever portent thou bringest wherewith to bewitch us, we shall not put faith in thee.
- 133. So We sent against them the flood and the locusts and the vermin and the frogs and the blood—a succession of clear signs. But they were arrogant and became a guilty folk.
- 134. And when the terror fell on them they cried: O Moses! Pray for us unto thy Lord, because He hath a covenant with thee. If thou removest the terror from us we verily will trust thee and will let the Children of Israel go with thee.

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنَّهُ مُ ٱلرَّجْزَ إِلَىٰ أَجَل هُم بَلْغُوهُ إِذَا هُمْ يَنكُثُونَ وَإِن فَأَنتَقَمَّنَا مَنَّهُمْ فَأَغْرَ قَنَّهُمْ فَ الْيَدّ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَلتنا وَ كَانُواْ عَنْهَا غَلفلينَ ١٠٠ وَأُوْرَثْنَا ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَانُواْ يُسْتَضْعَفُونَ مَشَدِقَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَغَد بَهَا ٱلَّتِي بَدْرَكْنَا فِيهَا وَتَمَّتْ كُلْمَتُ رَبِّكَ ٱلْحُسْنَىٰ عَلَىٰ بَنِيٓ إِسْرَا وِيلَ بَمَا صَبِرُواْ وَدَمَرُنَا مَاكَانَ يَصَنَّعُ فَرْعَوْنُ وَقَوْمُهُ وَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْرِشُونَ ﴿ وَجَاوَزْنَا بِبَنِيَّ إِسْرَا عِيلَ ٱلْبَحْرَ فَأَنَوْا عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ يَعَكُفُونَ عَلَىٰٓ أَصْنَامٍ لَمُّمْ قَالُواْ يَلُمُوسَى ٱجْعَل لَّنَا إِلَاهَا كَمَا لَمُمْ ءَالْحَةٌ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ تَجْهَلُونَ ١١٠ إِنَّ هَنَوُلآ وَمُتَبِّرٌمَّا هُمْ فِيهِ وَبَطلٌ مَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَا أَغَيْرَ اللهُ أَبْعِيكُمْ إِلَيْهَا وَهُوَ فَضَّلَكُمْ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمينَ ﴿ وَإِذْ أَنْجَيْنَكُمُ مَنْ ١٤ فَرْعَوْنَ يَسُومُونَكُمُ

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- 135. But when We did remove from them the terror for a term which they must reach, behold! they broke their covenant.
- 136. Therefore We took retribution from them; therefore We drowned them in the sea: because they denied Our revelations and were heedless of them.
- 137. And We caused the folk who were despised to inherit the eastern parts of the land and the western parts thereof which We had blessed. And the fair word of thy Lord was fulfilled for the Children of Israel because of their endurance: and We annihilated (all) that Pharaoh and his folk had done and that they had contrived.
- 138. And We brought the Children of Israel across the sea, and they came unto a people who were given up to idols which they had. They said; O Moses! Make for us a god even as they have gods. He said: Lo! ye are a folk who know not.
- 139. Lo! as for these, their way will be destroyed and all that they are doing is in vain.
- 140. He said: Shall I seek for you a god other than Allah when He hath favoured you above (all) creatures?
 - 141. And (remember) when We did deliver you from

الجزء التأسع

سُوَّةِ ٱلْعَذَابِ يُقَتَّلُونَ أَبْنَاءً كُوْ وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ نَسَاءً كُوُّ وَفِي ذَالِكُمُ بَلَاتِهُ مِّن رَّبُّكُرْعَظِيِّ إِنَّ ﴿ وَوَاعَدْنَا مُوسَين ثَلَثْينَ لَيْلَةً وَأَثَّكُمُنَّلَهَا بِعَشْرِفَتَمَّ مِقَلْتُ رَبِّه ۗ أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً ۚ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ لأَخيه هَارُونَ ٱخْلُفْني في قَوْمي وَأَصْلحْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ١٠ وَلَمَّا جَآءَ مُوسَى لميقَننا وَكَلَّمَهُ رَبُّهُ قَالَ رَبّ أَرِنيَ أَنظُرْ إِلَيْكُ قَالَ لَن تَرَىنى وَلَئكن انظُرْ إِلَى اجْحَبَل فَإِن اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ فَسُوْفَ تَرَكْنَى فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّى رَبُّهُ لِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ وَتَكُا وَنَرَّ مُوسَى صَعَفًّا فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ سُبْحَنْنَكَ تُبْتُ إِلَيْكَ وَأَنَا أَوَّلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ قَالَ يَنْمُوسَى إِنَّى اصْطَفَيْتُكَ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ برسَلَتِنِي وَبِكَلَمِي فَخُذَّ مَا ءَاتَيْتُكَ وكُن مَّنَ الشَّكرينَ ﴿ وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُ فِي الْأَلْوَاحِ مِن كُلِّ شَيْو



Pharaoh's folk who were afflicting you with dreadful torment, slaughtering your sons and sparing your women. That was a tremendous trial from your Lord.

- 142. And when We did appoint for Moses thirty nights (of solitude), and added to them ten, and he completed the whole time appointed by his Lord of forty nights; and Moses said unto his brother, Aaron: Take my place among the people. Do right, and follow not the way of mischief-makers.
- 143. And when Moses came to Our appointed tryst and his Lord had spoken unto him, he said: My Lord! Show me (Thy Self), that I may gaze upon Thee. He said: Thou wilt not see Me, but gaze upon the mountain! If it stand still in its place, then thou wilt see Me. And when his Lord revealed (His) glory to the mountain He sent it crashing down. And Moses fell down senseless. And when he woke he said: Glory unto Thee! I turn unto Thee repentant, and I am the first of (true) believers.
- 144. HE said: O Moses! I have preferred thee above mankind by My messages and by My speaking (unto thee). So hold that which I have given thee, and be among the thankful.
 - 145. And We wrote for him, upon the tablets, the lesson

مَّوْعَظَةُ وَ تَفْصِيلًا لَكُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَخُدُهَا بِقُوَّةً وَأَمْرَ قُوْمَكَ يَأْخُدُواْ بِأَحْسَبًا ۚ سَأُورِ بِكُرْ دَارَ ٱلْفَلْسَقِينَ ۞ سَأَصْرِفُ عَنْ ءَايَنِيَ الَّذِينَ يَتَكَبَّرُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْر ٱلْحَقّ وَ إِن يَرَواْ كُلَّ ءايَه لّا يُؤْمنُوا بِهَا وَإِن يَرَواْ سَبيلَ ٱلرَّشْد لَا يَخْذُوهُ سَبِيلًا وَ إِن يَرَوْاْ سَبِيلَ ٱلْغَى يَخْذُوهُ سَبِيلًا ذَالِكَ بَأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُواْبِعَايَنتَنا وَكَانُواْعَنْهَا غَلفلينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَا يَنتنَا وَلَقَاءِ ٱلْآخِرَةِ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُكُمْ هَلَّ يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فَيْ وَاتَّخَذَ قَوْمُ مُوسَىٰ مَنُ ر. بعده ء من حُليهم عِحْلًا جَسَدًا لَهُ خُوارٌ أَلَم يروا انهُو لَا يُكَلِّمُهُمْ وَلَا يَهْديهمْ سَلِيلًا أَغَذُوهُ وَكَانُواْ ظَلمينَ ١٠٠ وَلَمَّا سُقطَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ وَرَأُواْ أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ ضَلُّواْ قَالُواْ لَين لَّرْ يَرْ حَمْنَا رَبُّنَا وَيَغْفِرْ لَنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْخَلَسرينَ ١ to be drawn from all things and the explanation of all things, then (bade him): Hold it fast; and command thy people (saying): Take the better (course made clear) therein. I shall show thee the abode of evil-livers.

- 146. I shall turn away from My revelations those who magnify themselves wrongfully in the earth, and if they see each token believe it not, and if they see the way of righteousness choose it not for (their) way, and if they see the way of error choose it for (their) way. That is because they deny Our revelations and are used to disregard them.
- 147. Those who deny Our revelations and the meeting of the Hereafter, their works are fruitless. Are they requited aught save what they used to do?
- 148. And the folk of Moses, after (he had left them), chose a calf (for worship), (made) out of their ornaments, of saffron hue, which gave a lowing sound. Saw they not that it spake not unto them nor guided them to any way? They chose it, and became wrong-doers.
- 149. And when they feared the consequences thereof and saw that they had gone astray, they said: Unless our Lord have mercy on us and forgive us, we verily are of the lost.

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ مُوسَىٰ إِلَىٰ قَوْمه، غَضْبَنَ أَسُفًا قَالَ بَلْسَمَا رَ وَرُوْ مِنْ مِنْ مُعْدَى أَجَمَّاتُهُمْ أَمْرَ رَبِكُمْ وَأَلْقَى الْأَلُواحِ خَلَفْتُمُونِي مِنْ بَعْدَى أَجَمَلُتُمْ أَمْرِ رَبِكُمْ وَأَلْقَى الْأَلُواحِ وَأَخَذَ بِرَأْسِ أَحِيهِ يَجِرُهُ إِلَيْهُ قَالَ أَبْنَ أُمْ إِنَّ ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱسْتَضْعَفُونِي وَكَادُواْ يَقْتُلُونَنِي فَلَا تُشْمِتْ بِيَ ٱلْأَعْدَاءَ وَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي مَعَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلامِينَ (نَ اللَّهِ) قَالَ رَبِّ ٱغْفَرْلِي وَلَأْخِي وَأَدْخُلْنَا فِي رَحْمَنَكَّ وَأَنتَ أَرْحُمُ الرَّاحِمِنَ ﴿ إِلَّ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آتَّخَذُواْ ٱلْعَجْلَ سَيَنَا لُمُمَّ غَضَبُّ مِّن رَّبِّهُمْ وَذَلَّةٌ فِي ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَأْ وَكَذَاكَ نَجْزى ٱلْمُفْتَرِينَ ﴿ ثَيْ وَالَّذِينَ عَمَلُواْ السَّيْعَاتُ ثُمَّ نَابُواْ مَنْ بَعْدَهَا وَءَامَنُواْ إِنَّ رَبِّكَ مَنْ بَعْدَ هَا لَغَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ وَإِنَّا صَكَتَ عَنِ مُوسَى الْغَضَبُ أَخَذَ الْأَلْوَاحَ وَفِي نُسْخَتَهَا هُدًى وَرَحْمَةٌ لَلَّذِينَ هُمْ لَرَبُّهُمْ يَرْهَبُونَ ١٠ وَٱخْتَارَ مُوسَىٰ قَوْمَهُم

- 150. And when Moses returned unto his people, angry and grieved, he said: Evil is that (course) which ye took after I had left you. Would ye hasten on the judgment of your Lord? And he cast down the tablets, and he seized his brother by the head, dragging him toward him. He said: Son of my mother! Lo! the folk did judge me weak and almost killed me. Oh, make not mine enemies to triumph over me and place me not among the evil-doers!
- 151. He said: My Lord! Have mercy on me and on my brother; bring us into Thy mercy, Thou the Most Merciful of all who show mercy.
- 152. Lo! those who chose the calf (for worship), terror from their Lord and humiliation will come upon them in the life of the world. Thus do We requite those who invent a lie.
- 153. But those who do ill-deeds and afterward repent and believe—lo! for them, afterward, Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 154. Then, when the anger of Moses abated, he took up the tablets, and in their inscription there was guidance and mercy for all those who fear their Lord.
 - 155. And Moses chose of his people seventy men for Our

رِّ سَبِعِينَ رَجُلًا لَميقَنتنا ۚ فَلَمَّا أَخَدَتُهُمُ ٱلرَّجْفَةُ قَالَ رَبِّ لَوْشَلْتَ أَهْلَكُنَّهُم مَّن قَبْلُ وَإِيِّنَيُّ أَنْهِلُكُنَّا بِمَا فَعَلَ ٱلسُّفَهَا وَمِنَّا إِنْ هِي إِلَّا فَتَنَتُكَ تُصَلُّ بَهَا مَن آسَاءً وَتَهْدى مَن لَسَامٌ أَنْ وَلَيْنَا فَأَغْفُر لَنَا وَأَرْحَمْنَا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْغَلَفرينَ ١٠٠٠ ﴿ وَٱكْتُبُّ لَنَا فِي هَلَهُ ٱلدُّنَّيا حَسَنَةً وَفِي ٱلْآخَرَةِ إِنَّا هُدُنَا إِلَيْكُ قَالَ عَذَاتِي أُصِيبُ بِهِ ع مَنْ أَشَاءُ وَرَحْمَتِي وَسَعَتْ كُلِّ شَيَّءٍ فَسَأَ كُتُهَا للَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمِ بِعَايَنتَنَايُؤُمنُونَ ١ ٱلَّذِينَ يَنَّبُعُونَ ٱلرَّسُولَ ٱلنِّيَّ ٱلْأَمَّ ٱلَّذِي يَجِدُونَهُ مَكْنُوبًا عندَهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَنة وَالْإِنجيلِ يَأْمُرُهُم بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَلُهُمْ عَن الْمُنكَر وَيُحُلُّ لَهُمُ الطَّيْبَاتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهُمُ الْخَبَلَيْتَ وَيَضَعُ عَهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ وَالْأَغْلَالَ الَّتِي كَانَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ



appointed tryst and, when the trembling came on them, he said: My Lord! If Thou hadst willed Thou hadst destroyed them long before, and me with them. Wilt Thou destroy us for that which the ignorant among us did? It is but Thy trial (of us). Thou sendest whom Thou wilt astray and guidest whom Thou wilt: Thou art our Protecting Friend, therefore forgive us and have mercy on us, Thou, the Best of all who show forgiveness.

156. And ordain for us in this world that which is good, and in the Hereafter (that which is good), Lo! We have turned unto Thee. HE said: I smite with My punishment whom I will, and My mercy embraceth all things, therefore I shall ordain it for those who ward off (evil) and pay the poor-due, and those who believe Our revelations:

157. Those who follow the messenger, the Prophet who can neither read nor write, whom they will find described in the Torah and the Gospel (which are) with them. He will enjoin on them that which is right and forbid them that which is wrong. He will make lawful for them all good things and prohibit for them only the foul; and he will relieve them of their burden and the fetters that they used to wear. Then

فَالَّذِينَ المُواْبِهِ وَعَنْ رُوهُ وَنَصَرُوهُ وَأَتَّبِهُواْ النُّورَالَّذِي أَرْلَ مَعَهِ وَاللَّهِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلَحُونَ رَبِّي قُلْ يَنَّا بُهَا النَّاسُ إِنِّي رَسُولُ ٱلله إِلَيْكُرْ جَمِيعًا ٱلَّذِي لَهُ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَلُوات وَالْأَرْضُ لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْىء وَيُميتُ فَعَامنُواْ بِالله وَرَسُوله النِّي ٱلْأَيّ الَّذِي يُوَّمنُ بِالله وَكَلَمَاته عَ وَاتَّبَعُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ١٠٠ وَمَن قَوْم مُوسَى أُمَّةٌ بَهْدُونَ بِٱلْحَقَ وَبِهِ يَعْدُلُونَ ﴿ وَقُلْعَنْكُمُ أَنْذَى عَشْرَةَ أَسْبَاطًا أَنْمُكُ وَأُوحِينَا إِلَى مُوسَىٰ إِذَ اسْتَسْقَلُهُ قُومُهُ أَنْ اَضْرِب بَعْصَاكَ الْحَبَرِ فَا نُبِجَسَتْ منهُ الْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَبِنًا قَدْ عَلَمَ كُلُّ أَنَاسَ مَشْرَبُهُمْ وَظَلَّلْنَا عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْغَمَامَ وَأَزَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمُ الْمَنَّ وَالسَّلُوكَ كُلُواْ مِن طَيَّبَت مَارَزَقْنَكُمُّ وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَكُن كَانُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلَمُونَ ١٠ وَإِذْ قِيلَ

those who believe in him, and honour him, and help him, and follow the light which is sent down with him: they are the successful.

158. Say (O Muhammad): O mankind! Lo! I am the messenger of Allah to you all—(the messenger of) Him unto Whom belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. There is no God save Him. He quickeneth and He giveth death. So believe in Allah and His messenger, the Prophet who can neither read nor write, who believeth in Allah and in His Words, and follow him that haply ye may be led aright.

159. And of Moses' folk there is a community who lead with truth and establish justice therewith.

160. We divided them into twelve tribes, nations; and We inspired Moses, when his people asked him for water, saying: Smite with thy staff the rock! And there gushed forth therefrom twelve springs, so that each tribe knew their drinking-place. And We caused the white cloud to overshadow them and sent down for them the manna and the quails (saying): Eat of the good things wherewith We have provided you. They wronged Us not, but they were wont to wrong themselves.

لَمُمُ ٱسْكُنُواْ هَلَاهِ ٱلْقَرْيَةَ وَكُلُواْ مَهَا حَيْثُ شَنْتُمْ وَقُولُواْ حطَّةٌ وَادْخُلُواْ الْبَابَ سَجِدًا نَّغُفْرُ لَكُمْ خَطيَّكُمْ سَنَزِيدُ ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ١١٥ فَبَدَّلَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَنْهُمْ قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ رَجْزًا مَّنَ السَّمَاء بَمَا كَانُواْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَسَعَلْهُمْ عَنِ ٱلْقَرْيَةِ ٱلَّتِي كَانَتْ حَاضَرَةَ ٱلْبَحْرِ إِذْ يَعْدُونَ فِي ٱلسَّبْتِ إِذْ تَأْتِهِمْ حِيتَانُهُمْ يَوْمَ سَبْتُهُمْ شُرَّعًا وَيَوْمَ لَا يَسْبِتُونَ لَا تَأْتِيهُمْ كَذَاكَ نَبْلُوهُم عَا كَانُواْ يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَتْ أُمَّةٌ مَّنَّهُمْ لَمَ تَعَظُونَ قَوْمًا اللهُ مَهْلَكُهُمْ أَوْمَعَذَ بِهِمْ عَذَابُا شَدِيدًا قَالُواْ مَعْدَرَةً إِلَىٰ رَبَّكُرْ وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْلَمَّا نَسُواْ مَا نُكَورُواْ بِهِ مَا أَنَجَيْنَا الَّذِينَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ السُّوِّ وَأَخَذْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ بِعَذَابِ بَعِيسٍ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَغْسُقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَمَّا

Ö

- 161. And when it was said unto them: Dwell in this township and eat therefrom whence ye will, and say "Repentance,"1 and enter the gate prostrate; We shall forgive you your sins; We shall increase (reward) for the right-doers.
- 162. But those of them who did wrong changed the word which had been told them for another saying, and We sent down upon them wrath from heaven for their wrongdoing.
- 163. Ask them (O Muhammad) of the township that was by the sea, how they did break the Sabbath, how their big fish came unto them visibly upon their Sabbath day and on a day when they did not keep Sabbath came they not unto them. Thus did We try them for that they were evil-livers.
- 164. And when a community among them said: Why preach ye to a folk whom Allah is about to destroy or punish with an awful doom, they said: In order to be free from guilt before your Lord, and that haply they may ward off (evil).
- 165. And when they forgot that whereof they had been reminded, We rescued those who forbade wrong, and visited those who did wrong with dreadful punishment because they were evil-livers.

¹ Sûrah II, v. 58, footnote

عَتَوْاْ عَنِ مَّا نُهُواْ عَنْهُ قُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُونُواْ قُرْدَةً خَلْتَ إِنَّ ١ وَإِذْ تَأَذَّنَ رَبُّكَ لَيَبْعَثَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ إِلَى يَوْم ٱلْقَيْدَمَة مَن يَسُومُهُمْ مُ سُوَّةِ ٱلْعَذَابِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَسَرِيعُ ٱلْعَقَابِ وَ إِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَّحْتُمْ ۞ وَقَطَّعَنَنُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ أَنَّمَكُ مَنْهُمُ الصَّالُحُونَ وَمَنْهُم دُونَ ذَاكَ وَبَلَوْنَكُم بِٱلْحَسَلَت وَالسَّيْعَاتَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجُعُونَ شَيِّ فَخَلَفَ مَنْ بَعْدَهُمْ خَلْقٌ وَرِثُواْ ٱلْكَتَابَ يَأْخُذُونَ عَرَضَ هَاذَا ٱلْأَدْنَى ويقُولُونَ سَيْغَفُرُلْنَا وَإِن يَأْتُهُمْ عَرَضٌ مَثْلُهُ يَأْخُذُوهُ أَلِّمْ يُؤْخَذُ عَلَيْهِم مِّيثَتُ ٱلْكَتَلِبِ أَن لَّا يَقُولُواْ عَلَى ٱلله إِلَّا ٱلْحَقَّ وَدَ رَسُواْ مَا فَيِهِ وَالدَّارُ ٱلْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّلَذِينَ يَتَّقُونَا ۖ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِلَّذِينَ يُمَسَّكُونَ بِٱلْكَتَابِ وَأَقَامُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ إِنَّا لَا نُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُصَّلَحِينَ ﴿ ﴿ إِذْ نَتَقَّنَا



- 166. So when they took pride in that which they had been forbidden, We said unto them: Be ye apes despised and loathed!
- would raise against them till the Day of Resurrection those who would lay on them a cruel torment. Lo! verily thy Lord is swift in prosecution and lo! verily He is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 168. And We have sundered them in the earth as (separate) nations. Some of them are righteous, and some far from that. And We have tried them with good things and evil things that haply they might return.
- 169. And a generation hath succeeded them who inherited the scriptures. They grasp the goods of this low life (as the price of evil-doing) and say: It will be forgiven us. And if there came to them (again) the offer of the like, they would accept it (and would sin again). Hath not the covenant of the Scripture been taken on their behalf that they should not speak aught concerning Allah save the truth? And they have studied that which is therein. And the abode of the Hereafter is better, for those who ward off (evil). Have ye then no sense?
- 170. And as for those who make (men) keep the Scripture, and establish worship—lo! We squander not the wages of reformers.

ٱلْجَبَلَ فَوْقَهُمْ كَأَنَّهُ مُلَّةً وَظَنُواْ أَنَّهُ وَاقْعُ بِهِمْ خُذُواْ مَا ءَاتَيْنَكُمُ بِقُوَّة وَآذَكُرُواْ مَا فِيهِ لَعَلَّكُم لَنَقُونَ شَيْ وَإِذْ أَخَدَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَنَّ ءَادَمَ مِن ظُهُورِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّهُمْ وَأَشْهَدَهُمْ عَلَيْ أَنفُسِهِمْ أَلَسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمَّ ۚ قَالُواْ بِلَيْ شَهِدْنَا أَنْ تَقُولُواْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَامَة إِنَّا كُنَّا عَنْ هَلْذَا غَلْلِينَ ١٠٠٠ أَوْ تَقُولُواْ إِنَّمَا أَشْرَكَ ءَابَاوْنَا مِن قَبْلُ وَكُنَّا ذُرَّيَّهُ مَرْك بَعْدِهِمْ أَفَتُهْ لَكُنَّا مِمَا فَعَلَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَكَذَاكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَكَ وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ١٠٠ وَأَنَّلُ عَلَيْهُمْ نَبَأَ ٱلَّذَى ءًا تَدْنَكُ ءَايَنْنَا فَأَنْسَلَخَ مَنْهَا فَأَتْبَعَهُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ فَكَانَ مَنَ ٱلْغَاوِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّاللّلْمُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّل الْأَرْضِ وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَيْهُ فَمَنَّلُهُ كُمَّثَلُ الْكَلْبِ إِن تَحْمَلُ عَلَيْه يَلْهَثْ أَوْ تَتْرُكُهُ يَلْهَثْ ذَّاكَ مَشَلُ الْقَوْم الَّذِينَ ward off (evil).

- 171. And when We shook the Mount above them as it were a covering, and they supposed that it was going to fall upon them (and We said): Hold fast that which We have given you, and remember that which is therein, that ye may
- the Children of Adam, from their reins, their seed, and made them testify of themselves, (saying): Am I not your Lord? They said: Yea, verily. We testify. (That was) lest ye should say at the Day of Resurrection: Lo! of this we were unaware;
- 173. Or lest ye should say: (It is) only (that) our fathers ascribed partners to Allah of old and we were (their) seed after them. Wilt Thou destroy us on account of that which those who follow falsehood did?
- 174. Thus We detail the revelations, that haply they may return.
- 175. Recite unto them the tale of him to whom We gave Our revelations, but he sloughed them off, so Satan overtook him and he became of those who lead astray.
- 176. And had We willed We could have raised him by their means, but he clung to the earth and followed his own lust. Therefor his likeness is as the likeness of a dog: if thou attackest him he panteth with his tongue out, and if thou leavest him he panteth with his tongue out. Such is the

كَذَّبُواْ بِعَا يَنْنَا ۚ فَاقْصُصِ الْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ١ سَآءَ مَشَلًا ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنْنَا وَأَنفُسَهُمْ كَانُواْ يَظْلَمُونَ ﴿ مَن يَهِدُ ٱللَّهُ فَهُو ٱلْمُهْتَدَى وَمَن يُصْلَلْ فَأُوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ الْخُنْسِرُونَ ١٠ وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأَ نَا لِحَهَنَّمَ كَثيراً مَّنَ ٱلَّحِنَّ وَٱلَّانِسِ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَّا يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ أَعْيِنْ لَّا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمْ ءَاذَانٌ لَّا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا ۖ أُولَيْكِ كَالْأَنْعَام بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ أَوْلَدَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْغَافلُونَ ١١٠ وَللهُ ٱلْأَشْكَاءُ ٱلْحُسْنَىٰ فَآدْعُوهُ بَهَا ۚ وَذَرُواْ ٱلَّذِيرِ ﴾ يُلْحدُونَ فِي أَشْمَتَهِهُ عَسَيْجَزَوْنَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَكُمَّنْ خَلَقْنَآ أُمَّةٌ بَهِٰدُونَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَبِهِۦ يَعْدَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّ بُواْ بِعَا يَلْتَنَا سَنَسْتَدْر جُهُم مَّنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ وَأَمْلِي لَمُمُمَّ إِنَّ كَيْدى مَنين ١٠٠

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likeness of the people who deny Our revelations. Narrate unto them the history (of the men of old), that haply they may take thought.

- 177. Evil as an example are the folk who denied Our revelations, and were wont to wrong themselves.
- 178. He whom Allah leadeth, he indeed is led aright, while he whom Allah sendeth astray-they indeed are losers.
- 179. Already have We urged unto hell many of the jinn and humankind, having hearts wherewith they understand not, and having eyes wherewith they see not, and having ears wherewith they hear not. These are as the cattle-nay, but they are worse! These are the neglectful.
- 180. Allah's are the fairest names. Invoke Him by them. And leave the company of those who blaspheme His names. They will be requited what they do.
- 181. And of those whom We created there is a nation who guide with the Truth and establish justice therewith.
- 182. And those who deny Our revelations-step by step We lead them on from whence they know not.
 - 183. I give them rein (for) lo! My scheme is strong.

أُوَلَرُ يَتَفَكَّرُواْ مَا بِصَاحِبِهِم مَّن جِنَّةً إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا نَذيرٌ مُّبِينُّ إِنِّي أَوَلَرْ يَنظُرُوا في مَلكُوت السَّمنوات وَالأرْض وَمَا خَلَقَ ٱللهُ مِن شَيْءٍ وَأَنْ عَسَيْ أَن يَكُونَ قَد ٱقْتَرَبَ أَجَلُهُمْ قَبَأَى حَدِيثُ بَعَدُهُ يُؤْمِنُونَ شِينَ مَن يُضْلِلُ ٱللهُ مَّلًا هَادَى لَهُ وَيِلْرَهُمْ فِي طُغَيْنَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ شَ يَسْتَكُونَكَ عَن السَّاعَة أَيَّانَ مُرْسَلَهَا فَلْ إِنَّمَا عَلْمُهَا عند رَبُّ لا يُجَلِّهَا لوَقْهَا إِلَّا هُوَّ تَقُلَتْ فِي السَّمَوَات وَالْأَرْضُ لَا تَأْتِيكُمْ إِلَّا بَغْتَةً يَسْفَلُونَكَ كَأَنَّكَ حَنَّى عَنَّهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا عَلْمُهَا عِندَ ٱللهِ وَلَكُنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ قُلِ لَا أَمْلُكُ لِنَفْسِي نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ كُنتُ أَعْلَمُ ٱلْغَيْبَ لَآسَكُنَرْتُ مِنَ ٱلْخَيْرِ وَمَا مَسَّنَى السُّومُ إِنْ أَنَّا إِلَّا نَذَيْرٌ وَبَشْيِرْلَقَوْم

- 184. Have they not bethought them (that) there is no madness in their comrade? He is but a plain warner.
- 185. Have they not considered the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and what things Allah hath created, and that it may be that their own term draweth nigh? In what fact after this will they believe?
- 186. Those whom Allah sendeth astray, there is no guide for them. He leaveth them to wander blindly on in their contumacy.
- 187. They ask thee of the (destined) Hour, when will it come to port. Say: Knowledge thereof is with my Lord only. He alone will manifest it at its proper time. It is heavy in the heavens and the earth. It cometh not to you save unawares. They question thee as if thou couldst be well informed thereof. Say: Knowledge thereof is with Allah only, but most of mankind know not.
- 188. Say: For myself I have no power to benefit, nor power to hurt, save that which Allah willeth. Had I knowledge of the Unseen, I should have abundance of wealth, and adversity would not touch me. I am but a warner, and a bearer of good tidings unto folk who believe.

يُوِّ مُنُونَ شِي * هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مِّن نَّفْس وَاحدَة وَجَعَلَ مَنْهَا زَوْجَهَا لَيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا ۚ فَلَمَّا نَغَشَّلُهَا حَلَتْ حَمَّلًا خَفِيفًا فَرَتْ بِهُ عَلَمَّا أَثْقَلَت دَّعَوا اللهُ رَبَّهُمَا لَيْنُ ءَاتَيْنَنَا صَالِحًا لَّنكُونَنَّ مَنَ الشَّلَايِنَ ١ صَلْحًا جَعَلَالَهُ مُركَّاءً فيما ءَاتَنْهُما فَتَعَلَى ٱللهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ أَيُشْرِكُونَ مَا لَا يَخْلُقُ شَيْءًا وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ ﴿ وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ لَحُمُّ نَصْرًا وَلَآ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَنصُرُونَ شِي وَ إِن تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى الْمُدَىٰ لَا يَتَّبَعُوكُمْ سَوا } عَلَيْكُمْ أَدَعَوْ يُمُوهُمْ أَمْ أَنْتُمْ صَلْمَتُونَ ١٠٠٠ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ من دُون ٱلله عَبَادُّ أَمثَالُكُمْ فَآدْعُوهُمْ فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَلدَقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلْهُمْ أَرْجُلٌ يَمْشُونَ بَهَا ٓ أَمْ لَمُمَّ أَيْدِ يَبِطُسُونَ بِهَا أَمْ هُمْ أَعَيْنُ يَبِصُرُونَ بِهَا أَمْ لَهُمْ

- 189. He it is Who did create you from a single soul, and therefrom did make his mate that he might take rest in her. And when he covered her she bore a light burden, and she passed (unnoticed) with it, but when it became heavy they cried unto Allah, their Lord, saying: If thou givest unto us aright we shall be of the thankful.
- 190. But when He gave unto them aright, they ascribed unto Him partners in respect of that which He had given them. High is He Exalted above all that they associate (with Him).
- 191. Attribute they as partners to Allah those who created naught, but are themselves created,
- 192. And cannot give them help, nor can they help themselves?
- 193. And if ye call them to the Guidance, they follow you not. Whether ye call them or are silent is all one for you.
- 194. Lo! those on whom ye call beside Allah are slaves like unto you. Call on them now, and let them answer you, if ye are truthful!
- 195. Have they feet wherewith they walk, or have they hands wherewith they hold, or have they eyes wherewith they

ءَاذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بَهَا فُل أَدْعُواْ شُرَكَاءً كُرْ ثُمَّ كَيدُون فَلَا تُنظرُون ﴿ إِنَّا وَلَتَّى اللَّهُ الَّذِي زَرَّلَ الْكَنَّابَ وَهُوَيَتُولًى ٱلصَّلَحِينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ عَالَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ عَ لَا يَسْتَطيعُونَ نَصْرَكُمْ وَلَاّ أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِن اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ مَا إِنْ اللَّ تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى ٱلْحُدَىٰ لَا يَسْمَعُوا ۚ وَتَرَكُهُمْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ يَكُ خُذَ ٱلْعَفْوَ وَأَمْرٌ بِٱلْعُرْفِ وأُعْرِضْ عَن الْحَنهلينَ ﴿ وَإِمَّا يَنزَعَنَّكَ مَنَ الشَّيطَان زَعْ فَا سَتَعَذَ بِاللهِ إِنَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا إِذَا مَسَّهُمْ طَلَّهِتُ مُنَ الشَّيْطَانِ تَذَكُّرُواْ فَإِذَا هُم مُبْصُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِخْوَانُهُمْ يَمُدُّونَهُمْ فِي الْغَيْ ثُمَّ لَايُقْصُرُونَ ﴿ إِذَا لَرْ تَأْتُهِم بِكَايَة قَالُواْ لَوْلَا اجْتَبَيْتُهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَتَّبِعُ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَى مِن رَّبِّي هَلْذَا بَصَلَ إِرْ see, or have they ears wherewith they hear? Say: Call upon your (so-called) partners (of Allah), and then contrive against me, spare me not!

- 196. Lo! my Protecting Friend is Allah Who revealeth the Scripture. He befriendeth the righteous.
- 197. They on whom ye call beside Him have no power to help you, nor can they help themselves.
- 198. And if ye (Muslims) call them to the Guidance they hear not; and thou (Muhammad) seest them looking toward thee, but they see not.
- 199. Keep to forgiveness (O Muhammad), and enjoin kindness, and turn away from the ignorant.
- 200. And if a slander from the devil wound thee, then seek refuge in Allah. Lo! He is Hearer, Knower.
- 201. Lo! those who ward off (evil), when a glamour from the devil troubleth them, they do 'but remember (Allah's Guidance) and behold them seers!
- 202. Their brethren plunge them further into error and cease not.
- 203. And when thou bringest not a verse for them they say: Why hast thou not chosen it? Say: I follow only that which is inspired in me from my Lord. This (Qur'an) is

SÛRAH VIII

Al-Anfâl, "The Spoils," takes its name from the first verse by which it is proclaimed that property taken in war belongs "to Allah and His messenger"—that is to say, to the Muslem Community, to be used for the commonweal. The date of the revelation of this sûrah is established, from the nature of the contents, as the time that elapsed between the battle of Badr and the division of the spoils—a space of only one month—in the second year of the Hijrah. The concluding verses are of later date and lead up to the subject of sûrah IX.

A Meccan caravan was returning from Syria, and its leader, Abû Sufvân, fearing an attack from Al-Madînah, sent a camel-rider on to Mecca with a frantic appeal for help; which must have come too late, considering the distances, if, as some writers even among Muslims have alleged, the Prophet had always intended to attack the caravan. It is a fact that the prophet only advanced when the army sent to protect the caravan, or rather (it is probable) to punish the Muslims for having plundered it, was approaching Al-Madînah. His little army of three hundred and thirteen men, ill-armed and roughly equipped, traversed the desert for three days till, when they halted near the water of Badr, they had news that the army of Oureysh was approaching on the other side of the valley. Then rain fell-heavily upon Qureysh so that they could not advance further on account of the muddy state of the ground, lightly on the Muslims, who were able to advance to the water and secure it. At the same time Abû Sufyan, the leader of the caravan, which was also heading for the water of Badr, was warned by one of his scouts of the advance of the Muslims and turned back to the coast-plain. Before the battle against what must have appeared to all men overwhelming odds, the Prophet gave the Ansar, the

SÛRAH VIII

men of Al-Madînah, whose oath of allegiance had not included fighting in the field, the chance of returning if they wished; but they were only hurt by the suggestion that they could possibly forsake him. On the other hand, several of Qureysh, including the whole Zuhri clan, returned to Mecca when they heard the caravan was safe, having no grudge otherwise against the Prophet and his followers, whom they regarded as men who had been wronged.

Still the army of Qureysh outnumbered the Muslims by more than two to one, and was much better mounted and equipped, so that their leaders counted on an easy victory. When the Prophet saw them streaming down the sandhills, he cried: "O Allah! Here are Qureysh with all their chivalry and pomp, who oppose Thee and deny Thy messenger. O Allah! Thy help which Thou hast promised

me! O Allah! Make them bow this dav!"

The Muslims were successful in the single combats with which Arab battles opened. But the mêlee at first went hard against them; and the Prophet stood and prayed under the shelter which they had put up to screen him from the sun, and cried: "O Allah! If this little company is destroyed, there will be none left in the land to worship Thee." Then he fell into a trance and, when he spoke again, he told Abû Bakr, who was with him, that the promised help had come. Thereupon he went out to encourage his people. Taking up a handful of gravel, he ran towards Qureysh and flung it at them, saying: "The faces are confounded!" on which the tide of battle turned in favour of the Muslims. The leader of Qureysh and several of their greatest men were killed, many were taken prisoner, and their baggage and camels were captured by the Muslims. It was indeed a day to be remembered in the early history of Al-Islâm, and there was great rejoicing in Al-Madînah. But the Muslims are warned in this sûrah that it is only the beginning of their struggle against heavy odds. In fact, in the following year at Mt. Uhud (referred to in sûrah III), the enemy came against them with an army of three thousand, and in the fifth year of the Hijrah, an allied army of the pagan clans, amounting to 10,000, besieged Al-Madînah in the "War of the Trench" (see sûrah XXXIII, "The Clans").

The date of revelation is the second year of the Hijrah for the most part. Some good Arabic authorities hold that vv. 30-40, or some of them, were revealed at Mecca just before the Hijrah.

من رَّبَكُرُ وَهُدَى وَرَحْمَةٌ لَقَوْم يُوْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قُرِئَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَلَّ كُوْ تُرَحَمُونَ ﴿ وَالْمَلْمَ اللَّهُ اللَّلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّا ال

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يَسْفَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنفَالِ قُلِ ٱلْأَنفَالُ للهِ وَالرَّسُولِ فَأَتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَصْلِحُواْ ذَاتَ بَيْنِكُمْ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۖ



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insight from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy for a people that believe.

204. And when the Qur'an is recited, give ear to it and pay heed, that ye may obtain mercy.

205. And do thou (O Muhammad) remember thy Lord within thyself humbly and with awe, below thy breath, at morn and evening. And be not thou of the neglectful.

206. Lo! those who are with thy Lord are not too proud to do Him service, but they praise Him and adore Him.

SPOILS OF WAR

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. They ask thee (O Muhammad) of the spoils of war. Say: The spoils of war belong to Allah and the messenger, so keep your duty to Allah, and adjust the matter of your difference, and obey Allah and His messenger, if ye are (true)

إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ إِنَّا الْمُؤْمنُونَ الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكرَ ٱللهُ وَجَلَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَ إِذَا تُلَيَّتْ عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنْتُهُ زَادَتْهُمْ إِيمَانَا وَعَلَىٰ رَبُّهُمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ يُقيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ وَمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُوْلَدَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا ۗ لَّهُمْ دَرَجَاتُ عندَ رَبِّهمْ وَمَغْفَرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿ كَمَا أَنْرَجَكَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَيْتِكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ فَرِيقًا مَنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ لَكُلرِهُونَ ﴿ يُجَلدلُونَكَ فِي ٱلْحُتَّى بَعْدَ مَا نَبَيَّنَ كَأَنَّمَا يُسَاقُونَ إِلَى الْمَوْتِ وَهُمْ يَنظُرُونَ ٢ وَ إِذْ يَعَدُكُرُ ٱللهُ إِحْدَى ٱلطَّآ بِفَتَيْنَ أَنَّهَا لَكُمْ وَتَوَدُّونَ أَنَّ غَيْرَ ذَاتَ الشَّوْكَة تَكُونُ لَكُمْ وَيُرِيدُ اللهُ أَنْ يُحتَّى ٱلْحَتَّى بكُلَمَنته، وَيَقَطَعَ دَابِرَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ لَيُحَنَّ ٱلْحَتَّ وَ يُبْطَلَ الْبَاطِلَ وَلَوْ كُرَهَ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ إِذْ تَسْتَغِيثُونَ



- 2. They only are the (true) believers whose hearts feel fear when Allah is mentioned, and when His revelations are recited unto them they increase their faith, and who trust in their Lord:
- 3. Who establish worship and spend of that We have bestowed on them.
- 4. Those are they who are in truth believers. For them are grades (of honour) with their Lord, and pardon, and a bountiful provision.
- 5. Even as thy Lord caused thee (Muhammad) to go forth from thy home with the Truth, and lo! a party of the believers were averse (to it),
- 6. Disputing with thee of the Truth after it had been made manifest, as if they were being driven to death visible.
- 7. And when Allah promised you one of the two bands¹ (of the enemy) that it should be yours, and ye longed that other than the armed one might be yours. And Allah willed that He should cause the Truth to triumph by His words, and cut the root of the disbelievers;
- 8. That He might cause the Truth to triumph and bring vanity to naught, however much the guilty might oppose;

¹ Either the army or the caravan.

رَبَّكُوْ فَاسْتَجَابَ لَكُوْ أَنِّي مُدُّكُمُ بِأَلْف مَنَ الْمَلَتَهِكَة مُرْدفينَ رَبِّي وَمَا جَعَلَهُ ٱللهُ إِلَّا بُشْرَى وَلنَظْمَينَّ به، قُلُو بُكُمُّ وَمَا ٱلنَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عند ٱلله إِنَّ ٱللهَ عَزِيزً حَكُمُ إِنِّي إِذْ يُغَشِّيكُمُ النَّعَاسَ أَمَنَهُ مَنْهُ وَيُعْزَّلُ عَلَيْكُم مَّنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا مُ لَيُطَهِّرَكُم به عَ وَيُذْهِبَ عَنكُمْ رَجْزَ الشَّيْطَانِ وَليَرْبِطَ عَلَى قُلُوبِكُرْ وَيُثَبِّتَ بِهِ ٱلْأَقْدَامَ ٢ إذْ يُوحى رَبُّكَ إِلَى الْمَلَنِّكَة أَنِّي مَعَكُمْ فَتَبْتُواْ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ۚ سَأَلْتِي فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا ٱلرُّعْبَ فَٱضْرِبُواْ فَوْقَ ٱلْأَعْنَاقِ وَٱضْرِبُواْ مَنْهُمْ كُلَّ بَنَانَ ﴿ يَكُ ذَلَكَ بَأَنَّهُمُ شَا قُواْ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَمَن يُشَاقِق اللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَإِنَّ اللهَ شَديدُ ٱلْعَقَابِ ﴿ ذَالَكُمْ فَذُوتُوهُ وَأَنَّ الْكَافرِينَ عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿ يَتَأْيُهَا الَّذِينَ وَامُّنُواْ إِذَا لَقَيْمُ الَّذِينَ

- 9. When ye sought help of your Lord and He answered you (saying): I will help you with a thousand of the angels, rank on rank.
- 10. Allah appointed it only as good tidings, and that your hearts thereby might be at rest. Victory cometh only by the help of Allah. Lo! Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 11. When He made the slumber fall upon you as a reassurance from Him and sent down water from the sky upon you, that thereby He might purify you, and remove from you the fear of Satan, and make strong your hearts and firm (your) feet thereby.
- 12. When thy Lord inspired the angels, (saying): I am with you. So make those who believe stand firm. I will throw fear into the hearts of those who disbelieve. Then smite the necks and smite of them each finger.
- 13. That is because they opposed Allah and His messenger. Whoso opposeth Allah and His messenger, (for him) lo! Allah is severe in punishment.
- 14. That (is the award), so taste it, and (know) that for disbelievers is the torment of the Fire.
 - 15. O ye who believe! When ye meet those who

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كَفَرُواْ زَحْفًا فَلَا تُوَلُّوهُمُ ٱلْأَدْبَارَ ﴿ وَمَن يُولَهُمْ يَوْمَهِذ دُرُهُ إِلَّا مُتَحَرِّفًا لَقْتَالَ أَوْ مُتَحَيِّزًا إِلَىٰ فَشَهَ فَقَدَّ بَآءَ بغَضَبْ مَنَ اللهُ وَمَأْ وَلهُ جَهَنَّمُ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيرُ ١ فَكُمْ تَقْتُلُوهُمْ وَلَكُنَّ اللهَ قَتَلَهُمْ وَمَا رَمَيْتَ إِذْ رَمَيْتَ وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهَ رَمَىٰ ۚ وَلَيْبَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَنْهُ بَلَآءٌ حَسَّنًّا إِنَّ ٱللهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلَيٌّ ﴿ ذَالكُرْ وَأَنَّ ٱللهَ مُوهِنُ كَيْد ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ إِن أَسْتَفْتُحُواْ فَقَدْ جَاءَكُرُ ٱلْفَتْحُ وَإِن يَدُو أَنَّهُ وَ خَدِرٌ لَّكُمْ وَ إِنْ يَعُودُواْ نَعَدُ وَلَنْ تُعْنَى عَنكُمْ فَتُتُكُدُ شَيْءًا وَلَوْ كَثُرَتْ وَأَنَّ اللهَ مَمَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ أَطْيِعُواْ ٱللهَ وَرَسُولَهُۥ وَلَا تَوَلَّوْاْ عَنْهُ وَأَنْهُمْ تَسْمَعُونَ ﴿ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّذِينَ قَالُواْ سَمْعَنَا وَهُمْ لَا يَسْمِعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَآبِّ عَنَدَ الله



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- 16. Whoso on that day turneth his back to them, unless manœuvring for battle or intent to join a company, he truly hath incurred wrath from Allah, and his habitation will be hell, a hapless journey's end.
- 17. Ye (Muslims) slew them not, but Allah slew them. And thou (Muhammad) threwest not when thou didst throw, but Allah threw, that He might test the believers by a fair test from Him. Lo! Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 18. That (is the case); and (know) that Allah (it is) Who maketh weak the plan of disbelievers.
- 19. (O Qureysh!) If ye sought a judgment, now hath the judgment come unto you. And if ye cease (from persecuting the believers) it will be better for you, but if ye return (to the attack) We also shall return. And your host will avail you naught, however numerous it be, and (know) that Allah is with the believers (in His Guidance).
- 20. O ye who believe! Obey Allah and His messenger, and turn not away from him when ye hear (him speak).
- 21. Be not as those who say, we hear, and they hear not.
 - 22. Lo! the worst of beasts in Allah's sight are the deaf,

ٱلصُّمُّ ٱلْبُكُدُ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقلُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْعَلَمَ ٱللَّهُ فَيْهِمْ خَيْراً لَأَسْمِعُهُمْ وَلَوْ أَسْمِعُهُمْ لَتُولُواْ وَهُمُمُعُوضُونَ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱسْتَجِيبُواْ للهُ وَللَّرْسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لَمَا يُحِيكُمُ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهِ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ ٱلْمَرْءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَأَنَّهُ إِلَيْهُ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَأَنَّقُواْ فَتَنَّةً لَّا تُصِينَّ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ منكُمْ خَاصَّةً وَآعَلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعَقَابِ وَآذَكُرُواْ إِذْ أَنْيُمْ قَلِيلٌ مُّسْتَضَّعَفُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ تَخَافُونَ أَنْ يَنْخَطَّفَكُ ٱلنَّاسُ فَعَاوَلَكُمْ وَأَيَّدَكُمْ بَنْصُرِهِ ء وَرَزَقَكُمُ مَّنَ الطَّيَّبَاتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ يَتَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَاتَخُونُواْ اللهَ وَالرَّسُولَ وَتَخُونُواْ أَمَلَنَاسَكُمْ وَأَنْهُ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّا أَمْوَالُكُمْ وَأُولَكُ كُمْ فَتُنَّةٌ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عندَهُ وَ أَجْرَعَظَيُّم ﴿ يَكَأَبُّ الَّذِينَ وَآمَنُواْ

the dumb, who have no sense.

- 23. Had Allah known of any good in them He would have made them hear, but had He made them hear they would have turned away, averse.
- 24. O ye who believe! Obey Allah, and the messenger when He calleth you to that which quickeneth you, and know that Allah cometh in between the man and his own heart, and that He it is unto Whom ye will be gathered.
- 25. And guard yourselves against a chastisement which cannot fall exclusively on those of you who are wrong-doers, and know that Allah is severe in punishment.
- 26. And remember, when ye were few and reckoned feeble in the land, and were in fear lest men should extirpate you, how He gave you refuge, and strengthened you with His help, and made provision of good things for you, that haply ye might be thankful.
- 27. O ye who believe! Betray not Allah and His messenger, nor knowingly betray your trusts.
- 28. And know that your possessions and your children are a test, and that with Allah is immense reward.

إِن نُتَّقُواْ ٱلله يَجْعَلَ لَّكُمْ فُرْقَانَا وَيُكَفِّرْ عَنكُمْ سَيَّعَاتكُمْ وَيَغْفُرْ لَكُمُّ وَاللَّهُ ذُوالْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ ﴿ وَإِذْ يَمْكُرُ بِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِيُتَّبِتُوكَ أَوْ يَقْتُلُوكَ أَوْ يُخْرِجُوكَ ۗ وَيَمْكُرُونَ وَيَمْكُرُ اللهُ وَاللهُ خَيْرُ الْمَكرينَ ﴿ وَإِذَا نُتَلَى عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنْتَنَا قَالُواْ قَدْسَمَعْنَا لَوْ نَشَآءُ لَقُلْنَا مثْلَ هَلَدَأُ إِنَّ هَلَدَا إِلَّا أَسَنطيرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالُواْ ٱللَّهُمَّ إِن كَانَ هَـٰذَا هُوَ الْحَقُّ مَنْ عندكَ فَأَ مُطرُّ عَلَيْنَا حِجَارَةٌ مَنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ أُو ٱتَّمْنَا بعَذَابِ أليد ١٥٠ وَمَا كَانَ ٱللهُ ليعَذَّبَهُمْ وَأَنتَ فيهم وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ مُعَذَّبَهُمْ وَهُمْمْ يَسْتَغْفُرُونَ ﴿ وَمَا لَهُمْ أَلَّا يُعَذِّبُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَهُمْ يَصُدُّونَ عَنِ ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحَـرَامِ وَمَا كَانُواْ أُولِيَاءَهُۥ إِنْ أُولِيَاوُهُۥ إِلَّا ٱلْمُتَّفُونَ وَلَكَرَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ صَلاَّتُهُمْ عِندَ الْبَيْتِ إِلَّا

- 29. O ye who believe! If ye keep your duty to Allah, He will give you discrimination (between right and wrong) and will rid you of your evil thoughts and deeds, and will forgive you. Allah is of Infinite Bounty.
- 30. And when those who disbelieve plot against thee (O Muhammad) to wound thee fatally, or to kill thee or to drive thee forth; they plot, but Allah (also) plotteth; and Allah :, the best of plotters.
- 31. And when Our revelations are recited unto them they say: We have heard. If we wish we can speak the like of this. Lo! this is naught but fables of the men of old.
- 32. And when they said: O Allah! If this be indeed the truth from Thee, then rain down stones on us or bring on us some painful doom!
- 33. But Allah would not punish them while thou wast with them, nor will He punish them while they seek forgiveness.
- 34. What (plea) have they that Allah should not punish them, when they debar (His servants) from the Inviolable Place of Worship, though they are not its fitting guardians. Its fitting guardians are those only who keep their duty to Allah. But most of them know not.
 - 35. And their worship at the (holy) House is naught but

مُكَآيَّ وَتَصْدِيَةٌ فَذُوتُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكَفُرُونَ ٢ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُنفقُونَ أَمْوَ لَهُمُ ليَصُدُّواْ عَن سَبيل ٱلله فَسَيْنَفَقُونَهَا ثُمَّ لَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسْرَةُ ثُمَّ يُغْلَبُونَ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِلَى جَهَنَّمَ يُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ لِيَمِيزَ اللَّهُ ٱلْخَبَيثَ منَ ٱلطَّيْبِ وَيَجْعَلَ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بَعْضَهُ عَلَى بَعْض فَيَرْكُمَهُ جَمِيعًا فَيَجْعَلَهُ فِي جَهَنَّمُّ أَوْلَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَنْسُرُونَ ١ قُلِ لَلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِن يَنتَهُواْ يُغْفَرْ لَحُهُم مَّا قَدْ سَلَفَ وَإِن يَعُودُواْ فَقَدْ مَضَتْ سُنَّتُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ١٠ وَقَلْتُلُوهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُونَ فَتَنَةٌ وَ يَكُونَ ٱلدِّينُ كُلُّهُ, اللَّهَ فَإِن ٱنتَهَوَّاْ فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ بَمَا يَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ ۖ وَإِن تَوَلَّوْاْ فَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ مَوْلَنَكُمْ نَعْمَ الْمَوْلَىٰ وَنَعْمَ النَّصِيرُ ﴿ ﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّمَىٰ غَنْمَتُم مِّن ثَمَىْءٍ فَأَنَّ لللهُ نُحُسَـهُۥ وَللرَّسُول وَلذى



whistling and hand-clapping. Therefore (it is said unto them): Taste of the doom because ye disbelieve.

- 36. Lo! those who disbelieve spend their wealth in order that they may debar (men) from the way of Allah. They will spend it, then it will become an anguish for them, then they will be conquered. And those who disbelieve will be gathered unto hell.
- 37. That Allah may separate the wicked from the good. The wicked will He place piece upon piece, and heap them all together, and consign them unto hell. Such verily are the losers.
- 38. Tell those who disbelieve that if they cease (from persecution of believers) that which is past will be forgiven them; but if they return (thereto) then the example of the men of old hath already gone (before them, for a warning).
- 39. And fight them until persecution is no more, and religion is all for Allah. But if they cease, then lo! Allah is Seer of what they do.
- 40. And if they turn away, then know that Allah is your Befriender-a Transcendent Patron, a Transcendent Helper!
- 41. And know that whatever ye take as spoils of war, lo! a fifth thereof is for Allah, and for the messenger and for the

¹ i.e. for the State, to be used for the commonweal.

ٱلْقُرْبَى وَٱلْمُسَلَمِينِ وَٱلْمَسَكِينِ وَآبْنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِ إِن كُنتُمْ ءَامَنتُم بِالله وَمَا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَى عَبْدَنَايَوْمَ ٱلْفُرْقَانِ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلجُمْعَانَ وَاللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ إِذْ أَنتُم بِٱلْعُدُوة الدُّنْيَ وَهُم بِالْعُدُوةِ الْقُصْوَىٰ وَالرَّكُ أَسَّفَلَ منكُرُّ وَلَوْ تَوَاعَدُمُ لَا خَتَلَفُتُمْ فِي الْمِيعَدُ وَلَكُن لَّيَقُضَى اللهُ أَمْرُا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا لَيَهْلَكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيْنَة وَيَحْيَى مَنْ حَى عَنْ بَيْنَةٌ وَإِنَّ اللهُ لَسَمِيعُ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِذْ يُرِيكُهُمُ اللَّهُ في مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ أَرَبَّكُهُمْ كَثِيرًا لَّفَسْلُمْ وَلَتَنَّزَعْتُمْ في ٱلْأَمْرِ وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهُ سَلَّمْ إِنَّهُ عَلَيْمٌ بُذَات الصُّدُور ١ وَ إِذْ يُرِيكُمُوهُمْ إِذَالْتَقَيْتُمْ فِي أَعْيَنُكُمْ قَلِيلًا وَيُقَلِّلُكُمْ فِي أَعْيُهُمْ لِيَقْضَى اللهُ أَمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا وَ إِلَى الله رُرْجُعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ﴾ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَا لَقيتُمْ فَسَةً kinsman (who hath need) and orphans and the needy and the wayfarer, if ye believe in Allah and that which We revealed unto Our slave on the Day of Discrimination, the day when the two armies met. And Allah is Able to do all things.

- 42. When ye were on the near bank (of the valley) and they were on the yonder bank, and the caravan was below you (on the coast plain). And had ye trysted to meet one another ye surely would have failed to keep the tryst, but (it happened, as it did, without the forethought of either of you) that Allah might conclude a thing that must be done; that he who perished (on that day) might perish by a clear proof (of His Sovereignty) and he who survived might survive by a clear proof (of His Sovereignty). Lo! Allah in truth is Hearer, Knower.
- 43. When Allah showed them unto thee (O Muhammad) in thy dream as few in number, and if He had shown them to thee as many, ye (Muslims) would have faltered and would have quarrelled over the affair. But Allah saved (you). Lo! He knoweth what is in the breasts (of men).
- 44. And when He made you (Muslims), when ye met (them), see them with your eyes as few, and lessened you in their eyes, (it was) that Allah might conclude a thing that must be done. Unto Allah all things are brought back.
 - 45. O ye who believe! When ye meet an army, hold firm

فَا تَبُتُواْ وَآذْ كُرُوالله كَثِيرًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ ﴿ وَإِن وَإِلَّا لَهُواْ الله ورَسُولَهُ ولا تَنْازَعُواْ فَتَغْشَلُواْ وَتَلْعَبَ رِيحُكُمْ وَاصْبُرُواۚ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَمَ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَا لَّذِينَ خَرَجُواْ من ديدرهم بَطَراً وَريَّاتَهُ النَّاسِ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَن ﴿ سَبِيلِ الله وَاللهُ بَمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُعِيطٌ ﴿ وَإِذْ زَيَّ لَ لَمُهُمُ الشَّيْطُنُ أَعْمَلَهُمْ وَقَالَ لَاغَالَبَلَكُمُ ٱلْيَـوْمَ مَنَ ﴿ ٱلنَّاسِ وَ إِنِّى جَارُّلًا كُمُّ فَلَمَّا تَرَا ٓءَتِ ٱلْفَتْنَانِ نَكُصَ عَلَىٰ عَقبَيْه وَقَالَ إِنَّى بَرَى * مَنكُمْ إِنَّى أَرَى مَا لَا تَرَوْنَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعَقَابِ فَيْ إِذْ يَقُولُ ٱلْمُنَافَقُونَ وَالَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ غَرَّهَ لَوْ لَا عِدِينَهُمْ وَمَن يَتُوَكُّلْ عَلَى اللهُ فَإِنَّ اللهُ عَزيزٌ حَكَمٌ ﴿ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكَمٌ ﴿ وَلَوْ تَرَئ إِذْ يَتَوَفَّى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ الْمَلَنَيْكَةُ يَضْرِبُونَ وُجُوهَهُمْ

- 46. And obey Allah and His messenger, and dispute not one with another lest ye falter and your strength depart from you; but be steadfast! Lo! Allah is with the steadfast.
- 47. Be not as those who came forth from their dwellings boastfully and to be seen of men, and debar (men) from the way of Allah, while Allah is surrounding all they do.
- 48. And when Satan made their deeds seem fair to them and said: No-one of mankind can conquer you this day, for I am your protector. But when the armies came in sight of one another, he took flight, saying: Lo! I am guiltless of you. Lo! I see that which ye see not. Lo! I fear Allah. And Allah is severe in punishment.
- 49. When the hypocrites and those in whose hearts is a disease said: Their religion hath deluded these. Whoso putteth his trust in Allah (will find that) lo! Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 50. If thou couldst see how the angels receive those who disbelieve, smiting their faces and their backs and (saying):

وَأَدْبَرَهُمْ وَذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْحَرَيقِ ﴿ يَ ذَاكَ بَمَاقَدَّمَتُ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَنَّ ٱللهَ لَيْسَ بَطَلَّكُ مَ لَلْعَبِيد ﴿ يَ كُدَأْبِ وَال فْرَعُونٌ وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبَّلُهُمْ كَفَرُواْ بِثَايَلِت اللهُ فَأَخَذَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ إِنَّ ٱللهَ قَوِيُّ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعَقَابِ ﴿ وَ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّ ٱلله لَرْ يَكُ مُغَيِّرًا نَعْمَةً أَنْعَمَهَا عَلَى قَوْمَ حَتَى يُغَيِّرُوا مَا بِأَنفُسهم وَأَنَّ اللهَ سَمِيعُ عَلَمٌ ﴿ كَدَأْبِ وَال فْرَعَوْنُ وَٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهم مَّ كَلَّهُواْ بِعَايَات رَبُّهمْ فَأَهْلَكُنْنَهُم بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَأَغْرَقْنَآءَالَ فَرْعَوْنَ وَكُلُّ كَانُواْ ظَـٰلمـينَ ﴿ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَآبَ عنــدَ الله الَّذينَ كَفَرُ واْ فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عَلَهَدتَّ مَنْهُمْ مُ مَّ يَنْقُضُونَ أَ عَهْدَهُمْ في كُلِّ مَرَّة وَهُمْ لَا يَتَّقُونَ ١٠٠ فَإِمَّا تَثْقَفَنَّهُمْ في الْحَرْبِ فَشَرَدْ بهم مَّنْ خَلْفَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكُّرُونَ ﴿

Taste the punishment of burning!

4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

- 51. This is for that which your own hands have sent before (to the Judgment), and (know) that Allah is not a tyrant to His slaves.
- 52. (Their way is) as the way of Pharaoh's folk and those before them; they disbelieved the revelations of Allah, and Allah took them in their sins. Lo! Allah is Strong, severe in punishment.
- 53. That is because Allah never changeth the grace He hath bestowed on any people until they first change that which is in their hearts, and (that is) because Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 54. (Their way is) as the way of Pharaoh's folk and those before them; they denied the revelations of their Lord, so We destroyed them in their sins. And We drowned the folk of Pharaoh. All were evil-doers.
- 55. Lo! the worst of beasts in Allah's sight are the ungrateful who will not believe;
- 56. Those of them with whom thou madest a treaty, and then at every opportunity they break their treaty, and they keep not duty (to Allah).
- 57. If thou comest on them in the war, deal with them so as to strike fear in those who are behind them, that haply they may remember.

وَ إِمَّا تَخَافَنَ من قَوْم خَيَانَةٌ فَانْبُذْ إِلَيْهُمْ عَلَىٰ سَوَآءٍ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْخَـَا ۚ بِنِينَ رَبِّي وَلَا يَعْسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ سَبُقُوا إِنَّهُمْ لَا يُعْجِزُونَ ١ وَأَعَدُواْ لَكُم مَّا ٱسْتَطَعْتُم مِّن قُوَّة وَمن رَبَاط اَلْخَيْل تُرْهَبُونَ بِه عَدُوَّالله وَعَدُوكُمْ وَ عَانَو بِنَ مِن دُونِهِمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَهُمْ اللهُ يَعْلَمُهُمْ وَمَا تُنفَقُواْ من شَيْءٍ في سَبيل الله يُوفَ إِلَيْكُرُ وَأَنَّمُ لا تُظْلَمُونَ ٢ * وَ إِن جَنَّحُواْ السَّلْمِ فَأَجْنَحْ لَمَا وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّميعُ الْعَلَمُ ١٠ وَ إِن يُرِيدُواْ أَن يَخْدَعُوكَ فَإِنَّ حَسْبَكَ الله مُو الذي أيدك بنصره و بالمؤمنين ١ وَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِمْ لَوْأَنفَقْتَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مَّآ أَلَّفْتَ بَيْنَ قُلُومِهِمْ وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهُ أَلَّفَ بَيْنَهُمْ إِنَّهُ عَن يُرَّ حَكُمْ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ حَسَبُكَ اللَّهُ وَمَن ٱتَّبَعَكَ مَنَ



- 58. And if thou fearest treachery from any folk, then throw back to them (their treaty) fairly. Lo! Allah loveth not the treacherous.
- 59. And let not those who disbelieve suppose that they can outstrip (Allah's Purpose). Lo! they cannot escape.
- 60. Make ready for them all thou canst of (armed) force and of horses tethered, that thereby ye may dismay the enemy of Allah and your enemy, and others beside them whom ye know not. Allah knoweth them. Whatsoever ye spend in the way of Allah it will be repaid to you in full, and ye will not be wronged.
- 61. And if they incline to peace, incline thou also to it, and trust in Allah. Lo! He, even He, is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 62. And if they would deceive thee, then lo! Allah is Sufficient for thee. He it is Who supporteth thee with His help and with the believers,
- 63. And (as for the believers) hath attuned their hearts. If thou hadst spent all that is in the earth thou couldst not have attuned their hearts, but Allah hath attuned them. Lo! He is Mighty, Wise.
- 64. O Prophet! Allah is Sufficient for thee and those who follow thee of the believers.

الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا النَّيُّ حَرْضِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى الْقَتَالَ إِن يَكُن مَّنكُمْ عَشُّرُونَ صَدبرُونَ يَغْلُبُواْ مَا تَتَيُّنْ وَإِن يَكُن مَّنكُمُ مَا ثَنُّ يَغْلُبُواْ أَلْفَامَنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿ أَنَّكُنَ خَفَّفَ اللَّهُ عَنكُمْ وَعَلَمَ أَنَّا فَيكُمْ ۗ إِنَّا ضَعَفًّا فَإِن يَكُن مَّنكُم مَّا ثَةٌ صَابِرَهٌ يَغْلَبُواْ مَا تَنَبِّن ۗ وَ إِن يَكُن مَّنكُمْ أَلَّفُ يَعْلُبُواْ أَلْفَيْن بِإِذْن ٱللهُ وَٱللهُ مَعَ ٱلصَّدِينَ ﴿ مَا كَانَ لَنَبِيَّ أَن يَكُونَ لَهُ وَأَسْرَىٰ حَتَّى يُشخنَ في ٱلأَرْضُ تُريدُونَ عَرَضَ ٱلدُّنْيَ وَٱللهُ يُريدُ ٱلْآخِرَةَ وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكُمُّ ﴿ لَٰ لَوْلَا كَتَكُبُّ مَنَ اللهِ سَبَقَ لَمَسَّكُمْ فِيمَا أَخَذْتُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظَيِّم ﴿ فَكُلُواْ مِنَّ غَنْمُمْ حَلَالًا طَيْبًا ۚ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِّم ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ قُل لَمَن فِيَ أَيْدِيكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَشْرَىٰ إِن يَعْلَم ﴿

- 65. O Prophet! Exhort the believers to fight. If there be of you twenty steadfast they shall overcome two hundred, and if there be of you a hundred (steadfast) they shall overcome a thousand of those who disbelieve, because they (the disbelievers) are a folk without intelligence.
- 66. Now hath Allah lightened your burden, for He knoweth that there is weakness in you. So if there be of you a steadfast hundred they shall overcome two hundred, and if there be of you a thousand (steadfast) they shall overcome two thousand by permission of Allah. Allah is with the steadfast.
- 67. It is not for any prophet to have captives until he hath made slaughter in the land. Ye desire the lure of this world and Allah desireth (for you) the Hereafter, and Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 68. Had it not been for an ordinance of Allah which had gone before, an awful doom had come upon you on account of what ye took.
- 69. Now enjoy what ye have won, as lawful and good, and keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.¹
 - 70. O Prophet! Say unto those captives who are in your

Verses 67-69 were revealed when the Prophet had decided to spare the lives of the prisoners taken at Badr and hold them to ransom, against the wish of Omar, who would have executed them for their past crimes. The Prophet took the verses as a reproof, and they are generally understood to mean that no quarter ought to have been given in that first bartle.

ٱللهُ في قُلُو بِكُرْ خَيْراً يُوْنِكُرْ خَيْراً مَّمَّا أَخْذَ مِنكُرْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ۗ وَاللَّهُ خَفُورٌ رَّحْمٌ ﴿ نَ ۗ وَ إِن يُرِيدُواْ خِيَانَتَكَ فَقَدْ خَانُواْ ٱللَّهَ مِن قَبِّلُ فَأَمَّكَنَ مَنْهُمْ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكِّيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَلْهَدُواْ بِأَمْوَالْهُمْ وَأَنفُسِهُمْ في سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاوَواْ وَّنَصَرُواْ أُولَيَكِ بَعْضُ هُمْ أُولَيَا * بَعْض وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَرْ يُهَاجُرُواْ مَا لَكُم مّن وَلَنَيْهُم مِّن شَيْءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجُرُوا ۚ وَإِن ٱسْتَنصَرُوكُرْ فِي ٱلدِّين فَعَلَيْكُمُ ٱلنَّصْرُ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ قَوْمِ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مَيْثَنَّى وَ اللَّهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ بَعْضُهُمْ أُولِيَآةً بَعْضَ إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوهُ تَكُن فَتْنَةً فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَفَسَادٌّ كبير ﴿ وَ اللَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَلْهَدُواْ في سَبِيل الله وَ الَّذِينَ ، اوَ وأ وَّنَصَرُواْ أُولَدَيِكَ هُــُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا

لمم

hands: If Allah knoweth any good in your hearts He will give you better than that which hath been taken from you, and will forgive you. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

- 71. And if they would betray thee, they betrayed Allah before, and He gave (thee) power over them. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 72. Lo! those who believed and left their homes and strove with their wealth and their lives for the cause of Allah. and those who took them in and helped them: these are protecting friends one of another. And those who believed but did not leave their homes, ye have no duty to protect them till they leave their homes; but if they seek help from you in the matter of religion then it is your duty to help (them) except against a folk between whom and you there is a treaty. Allah is Seer of what ye do.
- 73. And those who disbelieve are protectors one of another -If ye do not so, there will be confusion in the land, and great corruption.
- 74. Those who believed and left their homes and strove for the cause of Allah, and those who took them in and helped them-these are the believers in truth. For them is pardon,

SÛRAH IX

At-Tawbah, "Repentance," takes its name from v. 104. It is often called Al-Barâ'at (The Immunity), from the first word. It is the only sûrah which is without the Bi'smi'llâhi'r-Rahmâni'r-Rahîm ("In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful") which is generally considered to be on account of the stern commandments against idolaters which it contains. Verses 1-12, forming the proclamation of immunity from obligation toward the idolaters, were revealed after the pilgrims had started for Mecca in the ninth year of the Hijrah and sent by special messenger to Abû Bakr, leader of the pilgrimage, to be read out by Ali to the multitudes at Mecca. It signified the end of idolatry in Arabia. The Christian Byzantine Empire had begun to move against the growing Muslim power, and this sûrah contains mention of a greater war to come, and instructions with regard to it. Verses 38-99 refer to the Tabûk campaign, and especially to those Arab tribes who failed to join the Muslims in that campaign. The "Hypocrites," as the half-hearted supporters of Al-Islâm were called, had long been a thorn in the side of the Muslims. They had even at one time gone the length in dissent of forming a congregation and building a mosque of their own surreptitiously. On the Prophet's return from Tabûk they invited him to visit that mosque. This is referred to in vv. 107 ff.

The date of revelation is the ninth year of the Hijrah.

لَّهُمْ مَعْفَرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَهَا مَرُواْ وَجَهَدُواْ مَعَكُمْ فَأُولَتَهِكَ مِنكُمُ وَأُولُواْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللهَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللهَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللهَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللهَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللهَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللهَ اللَّهُ اللهُ الل

(٩) شِوْطُ النَّوْبَ مَّ مَالِمَتِّ مَ الا الاِيتِينِ الأخيرِينِ فَكِينَانِ وَإِيَّا مِنْ الْأَوْلِينِينِ الْمُعْلِمِينِ

بَرَآءَ أَنْ مِنَ اللهِ وَرَسُولهِ عَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ عَلَهَدَثُمْ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ شَيْ فَسِيحُواْ فَي الْأَرْضِ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرِ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنْكُمْ أَوْبَعَهَ أَشْهُرِ وَاعْلَمُواْ فَي اللهِ وَأَنْ اللهَ مُعْزِى اللهِ وَرَسُولهِ عَ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَيِّ اللَّاكِبَرِ وَأَذَانٌ مِنَ اللهِ وَرَسُولهِ عَ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَيِّ اللَّاكِبَرِ وَأَذَانٌ مِنَ اللهِ وَرَسُولهِ عَ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَيِّ اللَّاكِبَرِ وَأَذَانٌ مِنَ اللهِ وَرَسُولهِ عَ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَيْجِ اللَّاكِبَرِ وَأَنْ اللهِ بَرِي مَا الْمُشْرِكِينَ وَرَسُولُهُ فَإِنْ اللهِ الْمُشْرِكِينَ وَرَسُولُهُ وَإِنْ اللهِ الْمُشْرِكِينَ وَرَسُولُهُ وَإِنْ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللّهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الل



and a bountiful provision.

75. And those who afterwards believed and left their homes and strove along with you, they are of you; and those who are akin are nearer one to another in the ordinance of Allah. Lo! Allah is Knower of all things.

REPENTANCE

Revealed at Al-Madînab

- Freedom from obligation (is proclaimed) from Allah and His messenger toward those of the idolaters with whom ye made a treaty:
- 2. Travel freely in the land four months, and know that ye cannot escape Allah and that Allah will confound the disbelievers (in His Guidance).
- 3. And a proclamation from Allah and His messenger to all men on the day of the Greater Pilgrimage that Allah is free from obligation to the idolaters, and (so is) His messenger.

خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ وَإِن تُولَيْمُ فَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّكُمْ غَيْرُ مُعْجزى الله وَبَشِّر الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَذَابِ أَلِيمٍ ٢٠ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَلَهَدُّمُّ مَّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَنقُصُوكُمْ شَيَّاً وَلَمْ يُظَاهِرُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ أَحَدُا فَأَمُواْ إِلَيْهِمْ عَهْدُهُمْ إِلَىٰ مُدَّتَّهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحبُّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ فِي فَإِذَا ٱنسَلَخَ ٱلْأَشَّهُرُ ٱلْحُرُّمُ فَٱقْتُلُواْ أَلْمُشْرِكُينَ حَيْثُ وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ وَخُذُوهُمْ وَأَخْصُرُوهُمْ وَاقْعُدُواْ لَمَهُمْ كُلَّ مَرْصَدٌ فَإِن تَابُواْ وَأَقَامُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ وَءَاتَوُا ٱلزَّكَوْةَ فَخَلُواْ سَبِيلَهُمَّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّ ٢ وَ إِنْ أَحَدُ مَنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ أَسْتَجَارَكَ فَأَجْرُهُ حَتَّى يَسْمَعَ كَلَامَ اللهُ ثُمَّ أَبْلُغُهُ مَأْمَنَهُ وَذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يُعْلَمُونَ ﴿ كَيْفَ يَكُونُ للمُشْرِكِينَ عَهْدُ عندَ الله وَعندَ رَسُوله ٣ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَنهَدتُم عندَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحُرَامِ فَمَا اسْتَقَلَّمُواْ

So, if ye repent, it will be better for you; but if ye are averse, then know that ye cannot escape Allah. Give tidings (O Muhammad) of a painful doom to those who disbelieve,

- 4. Excepting those of the idolaters with whom ye (Muslims) have a treaty, and who have since abated nothing of your right nor have supported anyone against you. (As for these), fulfil their treaty to them till their term. Lo! Allah loveth those who keep their duty (unto Him).
- 5. Then, when the sacred months have passed, slay the idolaters wherever ye find them, and take them (captive), and besiege them, and prepare for them each ambush. But if they repent and establish worship and pay the poor-due, then leave their way free. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 6. And if anyone of the idolaters seeketh thy protection (O Muhammad), then protect him so that he may hear the Word of Allah, and afterward convey him to his place of safety. That is because they are a folk who know not.
- 7. How can there be a treaty with Allah and with His messenger for the idolaters save those with whom ye made a treaty at the Inviolable Place of Worship? So long as they

لَكُمْ فَأَسْتَقِيمُواْ لَهُمْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُتَّقِّينَ ﴿ كَيْفَ وَ إِن يَظْهَرُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَا يَرْقُبُواْ فِيكُمْ إِلَّا وَلَا ذُمَّةٌ يرضونكم بأقواههم وتأتي قلوبهم وأكثرهم فلسقون ٢ أشْتَرَوَّا بِحَايَنت اللهُ تَمَنَّا قَليلًا فَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبيله عَ اللَّهِ إِنَّهُمْ سَآءَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ لَا يَرْقُبُونَ فِي مُؤْمِنِ إِلَّا ﴾ وَلَا ذَمَّةً وَأُولَتَهِكَ مُمُ المُعْتَدُونَ ﴿ يَ فَإِن تَابُواْ وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ وَءَاتَوُا ٱلزَّكُوةَ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ فِي ٱلدِّينَ وَنَفَصُّلُ ٱلْآيَنَت لَقُوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ وَإِن نَّكَثُواْ أَيْمَانُم مَّن بَعْد عَهْدهـ مْ وَطَعَنُواْ فِ دِينَكُمْ فَقَائِلُواْ أَيَّمَةَ ٱلْكُفْرِ إِنَّهُمْ لَا أَيْمَانَ هَمُ مُ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنتَهُونَ ١٠٠ أَلَّا تُقَتتُونَ قَوْمًا نَّكَثُواْ أَيْمَنَهُمْ وَهَمُّواْ بِإِنْرَاجِ الرَّسُولِ وَهُم بَدَهُ وكُرْ أُوَّلَ رية أيجروروه ما ما مورة على بروروم إن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ are true to you, be true to them. Lo! Allah loveth those who keep their duty.

- 8. How (can there be any treaty for the others) when, if they have the upper hand of you, they regard not pact nor honour in respect of you? They satisfy you with their mouths the while their hearts refuse. And most of them are wrong-doers.
- 9. They have purchased with the revelations of Allah a little gain, so they debar (men) from His way. Lo! evil is that which they are wont to do.
- 10. And they observe toward a believer neither pact nor honour. These are they who are transgressors.
- 11. But if they repent and establish worship and pay the poor-due, then are they your brethren in religion. We detail Our revelations for a people who have knowledge.
- 12. And if they break their pledges after their treaty (hath been made with you) and assail your religion, then fight the heads of disbelief—Lo! they have no binding oaths—in order that they may desist.
- 13. Will ye not fight a folk who broke their solemn pledges, and purposed to drive out the messenger and did attack you first? What! Fear ye them? Now Allah hath more right that ye should fear Him, if ye are believers

وَتَنْكُوهُمْ يُعَدِّبُهُمْ اللهُ بأيد يكر ويحزهم وينصركُم عَلَيْهُمْ وَيَشْف صُدُورَ قَوْم مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ وَيُذَهِبُ غَيْظُ قُلُوبِهُمْ وَيَتُوبُ اللهُ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآءُ وَاللهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكُمُّ ١٠ أَمُّ حَسَبْتُمْ أَن تُتَرَكُواْ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَم اللهُ الَّذِينَ جَنهَدُواْ منكُرُ وَلَمْ يَغَّذُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللهُ وَلَا رَسُولِه ، وَلَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ وَلِيجَةٌ وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ أَنْ يَعْمُرُواْ مَسَاجِدَ اللهِ شَاهِدِينَ عَلَيْ أَنفُسهم بَالْكُفْرِ أَوْلَتَهِكَ حَبَطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ وَفِي النَّارِ هُمْ خَلَلُدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا يَعْمُرُ مَسَاجِدَ ٱللهُ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِٱللهِ وَٱلْيَــوْمِ ٱلْآخِر وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَوْةَ وَءَاتَى الرَّكُوةَ وَلَرْ يَخْشَ إِلَّا اللهَ فَعَسَىٰ اللَّهُ أَوْلَكُمِكَ أَن يَكُونُواْ مَنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ ١٠٠٠ ﴿ أَجَعَلَتُمْ سَقَايَةَ ا الْحَاجَ وَعَمَارَةَ ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ كَمَنْ ءَامَنَ بِٱلله



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- 14. Fight them! Allah will chastise them at your hands, and He will lay them low and give you victory over them, and He will heal the breasts of folk who are believers.
- 15. And He will remove the anger of their hearts. Allah relenteth toward whom He will. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 16. Or deemed ye that ye would be left (in peace) when Allah yet knoweth not those of you who strive, choosing for familiar none save Allah and His messenger and the believers? Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 17. It is not for the idolaters to tend Allah's sanctuaries, bearing witness against themselves of disbelief. As for such, their works are vain and in the Fire they will abide.
- 18. He only shall tend Allah's sanctuaries who believeth in Allah and the Last Day and observeth proper worship and payeth the poor-due and feareth none save Allah. For such (only) is it possible that they can be of the rightly guided.
- 19. Count ye the slaking of a pilgrim's thirst and tendance of the Inviolable Place of Worship as (equal to the worth of) him who believeth in Allah and the Last Day, and striveth

وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ وَجَلْهَدَ في سَبِيلِ ٱلله لَا يَسْتَوُونَ عندَ الله وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدى الْقَوْمَ الظَّلمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَابَرُواْ وَجَلْهَدُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ الله بِأَمْوَا لَمْ وَأَنفُسِهمْ أَعْظَمُ دَرَجَةً عَندَ الله وَأُولَنَّهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَآيِرُونَ ﴿ بِبَشْرِهُمْ رَبِهِم بِرَحْمَة منهُ وَرضُوان وَجَنَّت لَحَمْ فيها نَعِيمٌ مُّقيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ خَلِدِينَ فِيكَ أَبِدًا ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَندَهُ و أَجْرٌ عَظْمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ بِكَأْيُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَنَّخُذُواْ ءَابَاءَكُمْ وَ إِخْوَانَكُمْ أُولَيَا مَ إِن ٱسْتَحَبُّواْ ٱلْكُفْرَ عَلَى ٱلْإِيمَانَ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّمُ مَّنكُمْ فَأُولَتِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّالمُونَ ﴿ قُلْ إِن كَانَ ءَابَآ وَكُرْ وَأَبْنَآ وَكُرْ وَ إِخْوَانُكُمْ وَأَزْ وَاجُكُرْ وَعَشِيرَتُكُمْ وَأَمْوَالُ أَقْتَرَفْتُمُوهَا وَيَجِلَرُهُ يَحْشُونَ كَسَادَهَا وَمَسْكُنُ تَرْضُونَهَا أَحَبُّ إِلَيْكُم مَنَ الله وَرَسُوله ع

in the way of Allah? They are not equal in the sight of Allah.

Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.

- 20. Those who believe, and have left their homes and striven with their wealth and their lives in Allah's way are of much greater worth in Allah's sight. These are they who are triumphant.
- 21. Their Lord giveth them good tidings of mercy from Him, and acceptance, and Gardens where enduring pleasure will be theirs;
- 22. There they will abide for ever. Lo! with Allah there is immense reward.
- 23. O ye who believe! Choose not your fathers nor your brethren for friends if they take pleasure in disbelief rather than faith. Whoso of you taketh them for friends, such are wrong-doers.
- 24. Say: If your fathers, and your sons, and your brethren, and your wives, and your tribe, and the wealth ye have acquired, and merchandise for which ye fear that there will be no sale, 1 and dwellings ye desire are dearer to you than Allah

¹ It was objected that, if idolaters were forbidden to make the pilgrimage, the trade of Mecca would decline.

وَجِهَاد في سَبِيله ع فَتَرَبَصُواْ حَتَّى يَأْتَى اللهُ بأَمْره ع وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَسَقِينَ ﴿ يَكُنِّ كَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ ٱللهُ فِي مَوَاطِنَ كَثيرةً ويَوْم حُنَيْن إِذْ أَعْبَتْكُو كَثْرَنكُو فَلَمْ تُغْنَعْنكُو شَيْئًا وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحْبَتْ ثُمَّ وَلَّيْتُم الْحُرْضُ مُدرِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَزَلَ اللهُ سَكينَتُهُ عَلَى رَسُوله ، وعَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَنْزَلَ جُنُودًا لَّهُ تَرَوْهَا وَعَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَذَاكَ جَزَآهُ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ يَتُوبُ ٱللَّهُ مَنْ بَعْد ذَاكَ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآءُ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِنَّمَا ٱلمُشْرِكُونَ نَجَسٌ فَلاَ يَقْرَبُواْ ٱلْمَسْجِدَ ٱلْحَرَامَ بَعْدَ عَامِهِمْ هَلْذًا وَ إِنْ خَفْتُمْ عَيْلَةً فَسَوْفَ يُغْنِكُرُ اللَّهُ من فَضْله من أَمَّ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَيمُ حَكُمْ ﴿ فَا تَعْلُواْ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ بَالله وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَلَا يُحَرِّمُونَ and His messenger and striving in His way: then wait till Allah bringeth His command to pass, Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.

- 25. Allah hath given you victory on many fields and on the day of Huneyn,1 when ye exulted in your multitude but it availed you naught, and the earth, vast as it is, was straitened for you; then ye turned back in flight;
- 26. Then Allah sent His peace of reassurance down upon His messenger and upon the believers, and sent down hosts ye could not see, and punished those who disbelieved. Such is the reward of disbelievers.
- 27. Then afterward Allah will relent toward whom He will; for Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 28. O ye who believe! The idolaters only are unclean. So let them not come near the Inviolable Place of Worship after this their year. If ye fear poverty (from the loss of their merchandise) Allah shall preserve you of His bounty if He will. Lo! Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 29. Fight against such of those who have been given the Scripture as believe not in Allah nor the Last Day, and forbid

¹ The Muslim army, ambushed at Huneyn, gained a great victory after being nearly routed.

مَا حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُۥ وَكَا يَدينُونَ دينَ ٱلْحَـَقَ مَنَ ٱلَّذينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَابَ حَنَّى يُعْطُواْ ٱلْحَرْيَةَ عَن يَد وَهُمْ صَلغُرُونَ رَبُّ وَقَالَت ٱلْهَودُ عُزَيْرٌ أَبُّنُ ٱلله وَقَالَت ٱلنَّصَارَى ٱلْمَسيحُ آبُنُ ٱللهُ ذَالَكَ قَوْلُهُم بِأَفُواهِممُّ يُضَلِهُ وَنَ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَبْلُ قَلْتَلَهُمُ اللَّهُ أَنَّى يُوْفَكُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ لَوَا أَحْبَارُهُمْ وَرُهْبَانُهُمْ أَرْبَابًا مَن دُون الله وَالْمُسيحَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَمَا أَمُرُواْ إِلَّا لَيْعَبُدُواْ إِلَّهَا وَاحَدًا لَّا إِلَّهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ مُبْحَنَّهُ مَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يُطْفَعُواْ نُورَ الله بأَ فَوَ هِمْ وَيَأْنَى اللهُ إِلَّا أَن يُتِمَّ نُورَهُ, وَلَوْ كَرَهَ ٱلْكَنفُرُونَ ﴿ هُوَ ٱلَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ بِالْمُدَىٰ وَدِينِ الْحَتِّي لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّينِ كُلَّه ، وَلَوْكُوهَ ٱلْمُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّكِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِنَّ not that which Allah hath forbidden by His messenger, and follow not the Religion of Truth, until they pay the tribute readily, being brought low.

- 30. And the Jews say: Ezra is the son of Allah, and the Christians say: The Messiah is the son of Allah. That is their saying with their mouths. They imitate the saying of those who disbelieved of old. Allah (Himself) fighteth against them. How perverse are they!
- 31. They have taken as lords beside Allah their rabbis and their monks and the Messiah son of Mary, when they were bidden to worship only One God. There is no God save Him. Be He Glorified from all that they ascribe as partner (unto Him)!
- 32. Fain would they put out the light of Allah with their mouths, but Allah disdaineth (aught) save that He shall perfect His light, however much the disbelievers are averse.
- 33. He it is Who hath sent His messenger with the guidance and the Religion of Truth, that He may cause it to prevail over all religion, however much the idolaters may be averse.
 - 34. O ye who believe! Lo! many of the (Jewish) rabbis

كَثُمُ أَمِّنَ ٱلْأُحْبَارِ وَٱلْمُهَانِ لَيَأْكُلُونَ أُمُّو ٓ لَ ٱلنَّاسِ بَٱلْبَيْطِلِ وَيَصُدُونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَكُنزُونَ ٱلذَّهَبَ وَٱلْفضَّةَ وَلَا يُنفقُونَهَا في سَبيل ٱلله فَبَشَّرُهُم بعَذَابِ أَلِيدِ ﴿ يَوْمَ يُحْمَىٰ عَلَيْهَا فِي نَارِجَهَنَّمَ فَتُكُوِّي بِهَا جِبَا هُهُمْ وَجُنُو بُهُمْ وَظُهُو رُهُمْ هَلْذَا مَا كَنْ ثُمُّ لأَنفُسكُمْ فَذُوقُواْ مَا كُنتُمْ تَكُنزُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا عِدَّةَ ٱلشَّهُورِ عندَ الله آثنًا عَشَرَ شَهْرًا في كتلب الله يَوْمَ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَنوَات وَالْأَرْضَ مِنْهَا آرَبِعَةً حَرِمْ ذَالكَ الدِّينُ الْقَيْمِ فَلَا تَظْلُمُواْ فِينَّ أَنْفُسَكُمُّ ۚ وَقَلْتُلُواْ الْمُشْرِكِينَ كَا فَةً كَمَّا يُقَنتُلُونَكُمْ كَافَّةٌ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا النَّسِيَّ ۚ زِيَادَةٌ فِي الْكُفْرِ يُضَلُّ بِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مُعْ أَوْ مِهُ مِنْ مُورٍ و مِوْ مُو مَا مُا لَيْقِ اطْعُواْ عَـلَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ يَحْلُونَهُ عَامًا وَيُحْرِمُونَهُ عَامًا لَيْقِ اطْعُواْ عَـلَّةَ مَا حَرْمَ ٱللَّهُ *********************

and the (Christian) monks devour the wealth of mankind wantonly and debar (men) from the way of Allah. They who hoard up gold and silver and spend it not in the way of Allah, unto them give tidings (O Muhammad) of a painful doom,

- 35. On the day when it will (all) be heated in the fire of hell, and their foreheads and their flanks and their backs will be branded therewith (and it will be said unto them): Here is that which ye hoarded for yourselves. Now taste of what ye used to hoard.
- 36. Lo! the number of the months with Allah is twelve months by Allah's ordinance in the day that He created the heavens and the earth. Four of them are sacred: that is the right religion. So wrong not yourselves in them. And wage war on all of the idolaters as they are waging war on all of you. And know that Allah is with those who keep their duty (unto Him).
- 37. Postponement (of a sacred month)¹ is only an excess of disbelief whereby those who disbelieve are misled; they allow it one year and forbid it (another) year, that they may make up the number of the months which Allah hath hallowed, so

¹ The idolaters would postpone a sacred month in which war was forbidden, when they wanted to make war, and make up for it by hallowing another month.

فَيُحلُّواْ مَاحْرَمَ اللهُ زُينَ هَمْ سُوءً أَعْمَلُهُمْ وَاللهُ لاَيَهُدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ رَبُّ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَا لَكُمُّ إِذَا قِيلَ لَكُو الفرواف سبيل الله اثَّا قَلَّمٌ إِلَى الْأَرْض أَرْضِيتُم بِٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا مِنَ ٱلْآخِرَةَ فَا مَنْكُمُ ٱلْحَيَوْة الدُّنْيَا فِي ٱلْآخِرَة إِلَّا قَلْمِثُلِّ إِنَّا يَنْفُرُواْ يُعَذِّبْكُرْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا وَيَسْتَبْدُلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرِكُمْ وَلَا تَضُرُوهُ شَيْئًا وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِلَّا تَنْصُرُوهُ فَقَدَّ نَصَرَهُ اللَّهُ إِذْ أَنْرَجَهُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ثَانِيَ ٱثْنَيْنِ إِذْ هُمَا فِي ٱلْغَارِ إِذْ يَقُولُ لصَلْحِبِهِ عَلَا تَحْزَنُ إِنَّ اللهَ مَعَنَا ۖ فَأَ زَلَ اللهُ سَكِينَتُهُ عَلَيْهُ وَأَيَّدُهُ بَجُنُودًا مُرْوَهًا وَجَعَلَ كَلَمَةً ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱلسُّفَلَى ۗ وَكَلَّمَةُ ٱلله هَى ٱلْعُلْيَا ۗ وَٱللهُ عَن يزُّ حَكيم ﴿ إِنفُرُواْ خِفَافًا وَثقَالًا وَجَنه دُواْ بِأُمُوالكُمُّ that they allow that which Allah hath forbidden. The evil of their deeds is made fairseeming unto them. Allah guideth not the disbelieving folk.

- 38. O ye who believe! What aileth you that when it is said unto you: Go forth in the way of Allah, ye are bowed down to the ground with heaviness. Take ye pleasure in the life of the world rather than in the Hereafter? The comfort of the life of the world is but little in the Hereafter.
- 39. If ye go not forth He will afflict you with a painful doom, and will choose instead of you a folk other than you. Ye cannot harm Him at all. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 40. If ye help him not, still Allah helped him when those who disbelieve drove him forth, the second of two; when they two¹ were in the cave, when he said unto his comrade: Grieve not. Lo! Allah is with us. Then Allah caused His peace of reassurance to descend upon him and supported him with hosts ye cannot see, and made the word of those who disbelieved the nethermost, while Allah's Word it was that became the uppermost. Allah is Mighty, Wise.
 - 41. Go forth, light-armed and heavy-armed, and strive

¹ The Prophet and Abû Bakr during the Flight from Mecca to Al-Madinah.

وَأَنْفُسكُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ أَللَّهُ ذَالكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ (٢٦) لَوْ كَانَ عَرَضًا قَرِيبًا وَسَفَراً قَاصِدًا لَّا تَبَعُوكَ وَلَكُنُ بَعُدَتْ عَلَيْهُمُ الشُّقَّة ۚ وَسَيَحْلُفُونَ بِالله لَو ٱسْتَطَعْنَا لَخَرَجْنَا مَعَكُمْ يُهْلِكُونَ أَنْفُسِهُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَ اللَّهُ عَنَا اللَّهُ عَنكَ لَرَ أَذِنتَ لَمُمْ حَتِّي يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكَ ٱلَّذِينَ صَدَقُواْ وَتَعْلَمَ ٱلْكَندبينَ ﴿ لَا يَسْتَعْدُنُكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخر أَب يُجَنهدُواْ بِأَمْوَا لِمُمْ وَأَنفُسهم وَ اللهُ عَلَمُ بُالْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا يَسْتَقْدُنُكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخر وَأَرْتَابَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ فَهُمْ فَي رَيْبِهُمْ يَتَرَدَّدُونَ ٢ * وَلَوْأَ رَادُواْ ٱلْخُدُو جَ لَأَعَدُ وَاْ لَهُرُ عَدَّةً وَلَكَن كُوهَ ٱللَّهُ أَنْبِعَا مَهُمْ فَتَبَعَلُهُمْ وَقِيلَ أَقْعُدُواْ مَعَ ٱلْقَنعدينَ ٢



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with your wealth and your lives in the way of Allah! That is best for you if ye but knew.

- 42. Had it been a near adventure and an easy journey they had followed thee, but the distance seemed too far for them.¹ Yet will they swear by Allah (saying): If we had been able we would surely have set out with you. They destroy their souls, and Allah knoweth that they verily are liars.
- 43. Allah forgive thee (O Muhammad)! Wherefor didst thou grant them leave ere those who told the truth were manifest to thee and thou didst know the liars?
- 44. Those who believe in Allah and the Last Day ask no leave of thee lest they should strive with their wealth and their lives. Allah is Aware of those who keep their duty (unto Him).
- 45. They alone ask leave of thee who believe not in Allah and the Last Day, and whose hearts feel doubt, so in their doubt they waver.
- 46. And if they had wished to go forth they would assuredly have made ready some equipment, but Allah was averse to their being sent forth and held them back and it was said (unto them): Sit ye with the sedentary!

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The reference is to the Tabûk expedition. Tabûk is half-way between Al-Madînah and Damascus.

لَوْنَرَجُواْ فِيكُمُ مَّازَادُوكُمْ إِلَّا خَبَالًا وَلَا وْضَعُواْ خَلَالُكُمْ يَبْغُونَكُمُ ٱلْفَتْنَةَ وَفِيكُمْ سَمَّلُعُونَ لَهُمَّ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَمُ بِٱلظَّلِلمِينَ ﴿ يَهِ لَقَد آبْتَغَوُّ الْفَتَّنَةَ مِن قَبْلُ وَقَلَّبُواْ لَكَ ٱلْأُمُورَحَتَى جَآءَ ٱلْحَتَّ وَظَهَرَ أَمْرُ ٱللهُ وَهُمْ كَلْرِهُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ مَا لِلَّهُ وَهُمْ كَلْرِهُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَقُولُ ٱثْذَن لَى وَلَا تَفْتنَّى ۚ أَلَا فِي ٱلْفَتْنَةَ سَقَطُواۗ وَ إِنَّ جَهَمَّ لَمُحيطَةُ بَآ لُكَنفرينَ ﴿ إِن تُصبُّكَ حَسَنَةٌ ۗ تَسُوُّهُمْ وَإِن تُصِبُّكَ مُصِيبَةٌ يَقُولُواْ قَدْ أَخَذْنَآ أَمْرَنَا مِن قَبْلُ وَيَتَوَلَّواْ وَهُمْ فَرَحُونَ شِي قُل لَّن يُصِيبَنآ إِلَّامَا كَتَبَ ٱللهُ لَنَا هُوَ مَوْلَنَا ۚ وَعَلَى ٱلله فَلَيْنَوَكُّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ ٢٥ و مرارية و بريارية و مرارية و قُلْ هَلْ تَرْبُصُونَ بِنَا إِلَّا إِحْدَى الْحُسْلِيينِ وَنَحْنَ نُتَرْبُصُ جَكُمْ أَن يُصِيبَكُدُ اللهُ بِعَذَابِ مَنْ عنده م أَ وْبِأَيَّد بِنَا فَتَرَبَّصُواْ إِنَّا مَعَكُمُ مُّتَرَبِّصُونَ ﴿ يَ قُلُ أَنفَقُواْ طَوْعًا

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- 47. Had they gone forth among you they had added to you naught save trouble and had hurried to and fro among you, seeking to cause sedition among you; and among you there are some who would have listened to them. Allah is Aware of evil-doers.
- 48. Aforetime they sought to cause sedition and raised difficulties for thee till the Truth came and the decree of Allah was made manifest, though they were loth.
- 49. Of them is he who saith: Grant me leave (to stay at home) and tempt me not. Surely it is into temptation that they (thus) have fallen. Lo! hell verily is all around the disbelievers.
- 50. If good befalleth thee (O Muhammad) it afflicteth them, and if calamity befalleth thee, they say: We took precaution, and they turn away well pleased.
- 51. Say: Naught befalleth us save that which Allah hath decreed for us. He is our Protecting Friend. In Allah let believers put their trust!
- 52. Say: Can ye await for us aught save one of two good things (death or victory in Allah's way)? while we await for you that Allah will afflict you with a doom from Him or at our hands. Await then! Lo! We are awaiting with you.
 - 53. Say: Pay (your contribution), willingly or unwillingly,

أَوْكُرُهَا لَّن يُتَقَبَّلَ منكُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ كُنتُمْ قَوْمًا فَلِسقينَ ﴿ وَا وَمَا مَنْعُهُمْ أَنْ تُقْبِلَ مَنْهُمْ نَفَقَلْتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُواْ بِالله وَ بِرَسُولِه م وَ لَا يَأْ تُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ إِلَّا وَهُمْ كُسَالَىٰ وَلَا يُنفقُونَ إِلَّا وَهُمْ كَدْرِهُونَ ﴿ فَي فَلَا تُعْجِبْكَ أَمْوَاهُمُمْ وَلَا ٓ أَوْلَنَدُهُمَّ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لَيُعَذَّبُّهُم بِهَا فِي الْحَيَوْةِ الدُّنْيَا وَتَزْهَقَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَهُمْ كَنفرُونَ رَثِينَ وَيَحْلَفُونَ بِاللهِ إِنَّهُمْ لَمَنكُرٌ وَمَا هُم مَّنكُرْ وَلَكَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ يَفْرَقُونَ ﴿ لَيْ لَوْ يَجِدُ وِنَ مَلْجَعًا أَوْمَغَلَرَاتَ أَوْمُدَّخَلًا لَّوَلَّوْاْ إِلَيْهِ وَهُـمْ يَجْمَحُونَ ١ وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَلْمَزُكَ في الصَّدَقَات فَإِنَّ أَعْطُواْ مَنَّهَا رَضُواْ وَ إِن لَّوْ يُعْطَوْاْ مُنْهَا إِذَا هُمْ يَسْخَطُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ رَضُواْ مَا عَانَنَهُمُ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ وَقَالُواْ حَسَّبُنَا اللهُ سَيُوْتِينَا ٱللهُ مِن فَضْله، وَرَسُولُهُ ۥ إِنَّا إِلَى ٱللهُ رَاغِبُونَ ﴿ يَثُّمُ

رذا

it will not be accepted from you. Lo! ye were ever froward

- 54. And naught preventeth that their contributions should to be accepted from them save that they have disbelieved in Allah and in His messenger, and they come not to worship save as idlers, and pay not (their contribution) save reluctantly.
- 55. So let not their riches nor their children please thee (O Muhammad). Allah thereby intendeth but to punish them in the life of the world and that their souls shall pass away while they are disbelievers.
- 56. And they swear by Allah that they are in truth of you, when they are not of you, but they are folk who are afraid.
- 57. Had they but found a refuge, or caverns, or a place to enter, they surely had resorted thither swift as runaways.
- 58. And of them is he who defameth thee in the matter of the alms. If they are given thereof they are content, and if they are not given thereof, behold! they are enraged.
- 59. (How much more seemly) had they been content with that which Allah and His messenger had given them and had said: Allah sufficeth us. Allah will give us of His bounty, and (also) His messenger. Unto Allah we are suppliants.

* إِنَّمَا ٱلصَّدَقَاتُ النَّفُقَرَآءِ وَٱلْمَسَكِينِ وَٱلْعَلَمِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةَ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَفِي الرَّفَابِ وَالْغَرْمِينَ وَفِي سَبِيلِ الله وَأَبْنِ ٱلسَّبِيلَ فَرِيضَةً مِّنَ ٱلله وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيُّ حَكُمٌ ﴿ وَمَهُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤَذُونَ ٱلنَّبِيَّ وَيَقُولُونَ هُو أَذُنَّ قُلْ أَذُنَّ خَيْرٍ لَّكُمْ يُوْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَيُؤْمِنُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَرَحْمَةٌ لِّلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ منكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ رَسُولَ الله لَمُمْ عَذَابُّ أَلَيْم شَ يَحْلَفُونَ بِاللَّهُ لَـكُمْ لِيُرْضُوكُمْ وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُۥ أَحَقُّ أَرِب يُرْضُوهُ إِن كَانُواْ مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَوْ يَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّهُ مَن يُحَادِد ٱللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَأَنَّ لَهُ نَارَجَهَنَّمَ خَلِدًا فِيهَا ۚ ذَاكَ ٱلْخُرِّي ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿ يَحْ ذَرُ ٱلْمُنْفَقُونَ أَن تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُورَةٌ تُنْبِئُهُم بَمَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ قُلُ أَسْتَهْرُ ۚ وَأَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ مُعْرِجٌ مَّا تَحْذَرُ وِنَ ١ ﴿ وَلَينِ سَأَلْتَهُمْ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّمَا كُنَّا تَخُوضُ

- 60. The alms are only for the poor and the needy, and those who collect them, and those whose hearts are to be reconciled, and to free the captives and the debtors, and for the cause of Allah, and (for) the wayfarer; a duty imposed by Allah. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 61. And of them are those who vex the Prophet and say: He is only a hearer. Say: A hearer of good for you, who believeth in Allah and is true to the believers, and a mercy for such of you as believe. Those who vex the messenger of Allah, for them there is a painful doom.
- 62. They swear by Allah to you (Muslims) to please you, but Allah, with His messenger, hath more right that they should please Him if they are believers.
- 63. Know they not that whoso opposeth Allah and His messenger, his verily is fire of hell, to abide therein? That is the extreme abasement.
- 64. The hypocrites fear lest a sûrah should be revealed concerning them, proclaiming what is in their hearts. Say: Scoff (your fill)! Lo! Allah is disclosing what ye fear.
 - 65. And if thou ask them (O Muhammad) they will say:

A special portion of the alms was allotted to the people of Mecca, the former enemies of Al-Islâm, who were converted en masse after the capture of the city, and whose "hearts were to be reconciled."

وَ نَلْعَبُ قُلْ أَبَّاللهُ وَءَا يَنته ، وَ رَسُولِه ، كُنتُمْ تَسْتَهْزُ ءُونَ ﴿ لَا تَعْتَذُرُ وَا قَدَّ كَفَرْتُم بَعْدَ إِيمَانَكُمُّ إِن نَّعْفُ عَنطَآ يِفَةً مَّنكُرْ نُعَذَّبْ طَآ بِفَةً بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ تُجْرِمِينَ رَبُّ ٱلْمُنْفَقُونَ وَأَمُنُ فَقَاتُ بَعْضُهُم مِنْ بَعْضَ يَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْمُنكِرِ وَيَنْهُونَ عَنِ ٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَقْبِضُونَ أَيْدَيْهُمْ أَسُواْ ٱللهَ فَنَسَيُهُمَّ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ هُــمُ ٱلْفَاسِقُونَ ۞ وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنَافِقَاتِ وَٱلْكُفَّارَ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلدينَ فيها هي حسبهم ولعنهم الله ولم عَذَابٌ مُقَمَّ ﴿ كَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ كَانُوٓاْ أَشَدَّ مِنكُمْ قُوَّةً وَأَكْثَرَ أَمْوَالًا وَأُولَكُ ا فَاسْتَمْتَعُواْ بِخَلَاقِهِمْ فَاسْتَمْتَعْتُم بِخَلَاقِكُمْ كَمَا ٱسْتَمْتَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُم بِخَلَاقِهِمْ وَخُضْتُمْ كَٱلَّذِي خَاضُوٓا ۚ أَوْلَتِهِكَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَ وَٱلْآخِرَةَ We did but talk and jest. Say: Was it at Allah and His revelations and His messenger that ye did scoff?

- 66. Make no excuse. Ye have disbelieved after your (confession of) belief. If We forgive a party of you, a party of you We shall punish because they have been guilty.
- 67. The hypocrites, both men and women, proceed one from another. They enjoin the wrong, and they forbid the right, and they withhold their hands (from spending for the cause of Allah). They forget Allah, so He hath forgotten them. Lo! the hypocrites, they are the transgressors.
- 68. Allah promiseth the hypocrites, both men and women, and the disbelievers fire of hell for their abode. It will suffice them. Allah curseth them, and theirs is lasting torment.
- 69. Even as those before you who were mightier than you in strength, and more affluent than you in wealth and children. They enjoyed their lot awhile, so ye enjoy your lot awhile even as those before you did enjoy their lot awhile. And ye prate even as they prated. Such are they whose works have perished in the world and the Hereafter. Such are they

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وَأُولَنَيِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْحَنْسُرُونَ ١٠ أَلَوْ يَأْمُهُمْ نَبَأُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْم نُوح وَعَاد وَيَمُودَ وَقَوْمٍ إِبْرَاهِمَ وَأَصْحَلِب مَدْيَنَ وَٱلْمُؤْتَفَكَنَ أَتَتُهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيْنَكَ فَكَ كَانَ ٱللهُ لَيظْلَمَهُمْ وَلَكُن كَانُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلَمُونَ ٢٠٠ وَالْمُؤْمنُونَ ر در . والمؤمنك بعضهم أولياء بعض يأمرون بآلمعروف وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِوَ يُقيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ اللهِ وَرَسُـولَهُۥ أَوْلَـيْكَ سَيْرِحُهُمُ اللهِ إِنَّ اللهِ عَرِيزُ حَكِيمٌ ﴿ وَعَدَ اللهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ جَنَّنت تَجْرى من تَعْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَلَرُ خَللدينَ فيهَا وَمَسَلَكُنَّ طَيَّبَةً في جَنَّلت عَدَّنَّ وَرضُوانٌ مَنَ الله أَكُبُّرُ ذَاكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا النَّبِي جَلهد الْكُفَّارَ وَٱلْمُنْكُفَقِينَ وَأَغْلُظُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَمَأْوَنَهُمْ جَهِيمٌ وَبُلْسَ who are the losers.

- 70. Hath not the fame of those before them reached them 6—the folk of Noah, A'âd, Thamûd, the folk of Abraham, the
 dwellers of Midian and the disasters (which befell them)?

 Their messengers (from Allah) came unto them with proofs
 (of Allah's Sovereignty). So Allah surely wronged them not,
 but they did wrong themselves.
- 71. And the believers, men and women, are protecting friends one of another; they enjoin the right and forbid the wrong, and they establish worship and they pay the poor-due, and they obey Allah and His messenger. As for these, Allah will have mercy on them. Lo! Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 72. Allah promiseth to the believers, men and women, Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide—blessed dwellings in Gardens of Eden. And—greater (far)!—acceptance from Allah. That is the supreme triumph.
- 73. O Prophet! Strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites! Be harsh with them. Their ultimate abode is hell, a hapless journey's end.

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ٱلْمَصِيرُ وَإِنَّ يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللهِ مَاقَالُواْ وَلَقَدْ قَالُواْ كَلْمَةَ ٱلْكُفْر وَكُفَرُواْ بَعْدَ إِسْلَمْهُمْ وَهَمُواْ بَمَا لَمْ يَنَالُواْ وَمَا نَقَمُواْ إِلَّا أَنْ أَغْنَاهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِنْ فَضْلَهُ عَ فَإِنْ يَتُوبُواْ يَكُ خَيْرًا لَمْ مُ وَإِن يَتَوَلُّواْ يُعَدِّبُهُ اللهُ عَذَابًا أَليمًا فَ الدُّنيا وَٱلْآنَحَرَةُ وَمَا لَهُمْ فَى ٱلْأَرْضَ مِن وَلَى وَلَا نَصِير ﴿ * وَمَنْهُم مَّنْ عَنْهَدَ ٱللهُ آيَنْ وَاتَّلَنَا مِن فَضَّلَه عَلَيْكُ أَنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّا الللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّل وَلَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ رَثِي فَلَمَّا ءَاتَنْهُم مَّن فَضَّله، بَحْلُواْ بِهِ عَ وَتَوَلَّوا وَّهُم مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿ فَأَعْقَبَهُمْ نَفَاقًا فى قُلُوبهِمْ إِلَىٰ يَوْم يَلْقَوْنَهُ بِمَا أَخْلَفُواْ اللهُ مَا وَعَدُوهُ وَ بَمَا كَانُواْ يَكْذَبُونَ ١٠٠ أَلَوْ يَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ يَعْلَمُ سَرَّهُمْ وَنَجْوَ نِهُمْ وَأَنَّ اللهَ عَلَّمُ ٱلْغُيُوبِ ١ الَّذِينَ يَلْمَزُ وِنَ ٱلْمُطَّوِّعِينَ مَنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ فِي ٱلصَّدَقَنِتِ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ



- 74. They swear by Allah that they said nothing (wrong), yet they did say the word of disbelief, and did disbelieve after their Surrender (to Allah). And they purposed that which they could not attain, and they sought revenge only that Allah by His messenger should enrich them of His bounty. If they repent it will be bettet for them; and if they turn away, Allah will afflict them with a painful doom in the world and the Hereafter, and they have no protecting friend nor helper in the earth.
- 75. And of them is he who made a covenant with Allah (saying): If He give us of His bounty we will give alms and become of the righteous.
- 76. Yet when He gave them of His bounty, they hoarded it and turned away, averse;
- 77. So He hath made the consequence (to be) hypocrisy in their hearts until the day when they shall meet Him, because they broke their word to Allah that they promised Him, and because they lied.
- 78. Know they not that Allah knoweth both their secret and the thought that they confide, and that Allah is the Knower of Things Hidden?
- 79. Those who point at such of the believers as give the alms willingly and such as can find naught to give but their

إِلَّا جُهَّاهُمْ فَيَسْخَرُونَ مَنْهُمْ سَخَرَ اللَّهُ مَنْهُمْ وَكَلَّمُ عَذَاكِ أَلُّمُ ﴿ إِنَّ السَّغَفْرُ لَهُمُ مَّ أُولَا تَسْتَغَفْرُ لَهُمَّ إِن تَسْتَغْفُرْ لَهُمْ سَبْعِينَ مَرَّةَ فَلَن يَغْفَرَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُمْ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُواْ بَالله وَرَسُوله عَ وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدى الْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَلسقينَ رَبِّي فَرَحَ ٱلْمُخَلَّفُونَ بَمَقْعَدهمْ خلَافَ رَسُول ٱلله وَكُرهُواْ أَن يُجَلَهُدُواْ بِأَمْوَ لَهُمْ وَأَنفُسِهُمْ في سَبِيلِ اللهِ وَقَالُواْ لَا تَنفُرُواْ فِي ٱلْحَرَّ قُلْ نَارُجَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُّ حَرَّا لَوْكَانُواْ يَفْقَهُونَ ١٠ فَلْيَضْحَكُواْ قَلْيلًا وَلْيَبْكُواْ كَثْيرًا جَزَآةً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ فَإِن رَّجَعَكَ اللَّهُ إِلَىٰ طَآيِفَة مَّنَّهُمْ فَٱسْتَعْذَ نُوكَ للْخُرُوجِ فَقُل لَّن تَخْرُجُواْ مَعَىَ أَبَدًا وَلَنَ تُقَلِّنُواْ مَعَى عَدُوا ۚ إِنَّكُمْ رَضِيتُم بِٱلْقُعُودِ أُوَّلَ مَرَّة فَأَقْعُدُواْ مَعَ أَخْلَفِينَ ﴿ وَلَا تُصَلَّ عَلَيْ أَحَد مَّنَّهُم

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endeavours, and deride them-Allah (Himself) derideth them. Theirs will be a painful doom.

- 80. Ask forgiveness for them (O Muhammad), or ask not forgiveness for them; though thou ask forgiveness for them seventy times Allah will not forgive them. That is because they disbelieved in Allah and His messenger, and Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 81. Those who were left behind rejoiced at sitting still behind the messenger of Allah, and were averse to striving with their wealth and their lives in Allah's way. And they said: Go not forth in the heat! Say: The fire of hell is more intense of heat, if they but understood.
- 82. Then let them laugh a little: they will weep much, as the reward of what they used to earn.
- 83. If Allah bring thee back (from the campaign) unto a party of them and they ask of thee leave to go out (to fight), then say unto them: Ye shall never more go out with me nor fight with me against a foe. Ye were content with sitting still the first time. So sit still, with the useless.
 - 84. And never (O Muhammad) pray for one of them who

مَّاتَ أَبَدًا وَلاَ تَقُمْ عَلَىٰ قَبْرِهَ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَفَرُ واْ بِٱللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ع وَمَا تُواْ وَهُمْ فَلِسِقُونَ ﴿ وَلاَ تُعْجِبُكَ أَمُوا لَهُمْ وَأُولَئِدُهُمْ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُعَذِّبُهُم بِهَا فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَيَزْهَقَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَهُمْ كَنفُرُونَ رَثِينَ وَإِذَا أُنزِلَتْ سُورَةً أَنْ عَامنُواْ بِٱلله وَجَنهدُواْ مَعَ رَسُولِه ٱسْتَعْذَنَكَ أُولُواْ ٱلطَّوْلِ منْهُمْ وَقَالُواْ ذَرْنَا نَكُن مَّعَ ٱلْقَلِعدينَ ٢٠٠٥ رَضُواْ بِأَن يَكُونُواْ مَعَ ٱلْخُوَالف وَطُبِعَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ ١٠٠٠ لَنكن ٱلرَّسُولُ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ رَجَلِهَدُواْ بِأَمْوَا لِمَمْ وَأَنْفُسِهمْ وَأُولَيْكِ لَمْهُمُ الْخَيْرَاتُ وَأُولَيْكِ هُمُ الْمُقَامُونَ ﴿ أَعَدَّ اللهُ لَهَامٌ جَنَّات تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَلَرُ خَلدينَ فيهاً ذَاكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظيمُ رَبُّنِي وَجَاءَ ٱلْمُعَذَّرُونَ مَنَ ٱلْأَعْرَاب لِيُؤْذَنَ لَهُمُمْ وَقَعَدَ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُواْ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولَهُۥ سَيُصيدُ dieth, nor stand by his grave. Lo! they disbelieved in Allah and His messenger, and they died while they were evil-doers.

- 85. Let not their wealth nor their children please thee! Allah purposeth only to punish them thereby in the world, and that their souls shall pass away while they are disbelievers.
- 86. And when a sûrah is revealed (which saith): Believe in Allah and strive along with His messenger, the men of wealth among them still ask leave of thee and say: Suffer us to be with those who sit (at home).
- 87. They are content that they should be with the useless and their hearts are sealed, so that they apprehend not.
- 88. But the messenger and those who believe with him strive with their wealth and their lives. Such are they for whom are the good things. Such are they who are the successful.
- 89. Allah hath made ready for them Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide. That is the supreme triumph.
- 90. And those among the wandering Arabs who had an excuse came in order that permission might be granted them. And those who lied to Allah and His messenger sat at home.

ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَنْهُمْ عَلَاكُ أَلَّيْمِ ﴿ لَيْ النَّهِ عَلَى الضَّعَفَآء وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْمَرْضَىٰ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ لَايَجِدُونَ مَايُنفقُونَ حَرَّجُ إِذَا نَصَحُواْ للهُ وَ رَسُوله عَمَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحْسنينَ مِن سَبِيلَ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحمُّ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا أَتَوْكَ لتَحملُهُ مَ قُلْتَ لَآ أَجدُ مَا أَحْلُكُمْ عَلَيْهُ تُولُواْ وَأَعْيِنُهم تَفيضُ منَ الدَّمْعِ حَزَناً أَلَّا يَجِدُواْ مَا يُنفقُونَ ﴿ * إِنَّمَا السَّبِيلُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَسْتَعْذُنُونَكَ وَهُمْ أَغْنيَا } رَضُواْ بِأَن يَكُونُواْ مَعَ ٱلْخَوَالِف وَطَبَعَ ٱللهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمَّ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ يَعْتَذُرُونَ إِلَيْكُمْ إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ إِلَيْهُمْ قُل لَّا تَعْتَذُرُ وِ النَّ نُّؤُمِنَ لَكُمْ قَدْ نَبَّأَنَا اللَّهُ مِنْ أَخْبَارُكُمْ وَسَيْرَى اللهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ ثُمَّ تُرِدُونَ إِلَى عَلَم الْغَيْب وَالشَّهَادَةَ فَيُنْتَبُّكُم بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مِنْ سَيَعْلَفُونَ



A painful doom will fall on those of them who disbelieve.

- 91. Not unto the weak nor unto the sick nor unto those who can find naught to spend is any fault (to be imputed though they stay at home) if they are true to Allah and His messenger. Not unto the good is there any road (of blame). Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 92. Nor unto those whom, when they came to thee (asking) that thou shouldst mount them, thou didst tell: I cannot find whereon to mount you. They turned back with eyes flowing with tears, for sorrow that they could not find the means to spend.
- 93. The road (of blame) is only against those who ask for leave of thee (to stay at home) when they are rich. They are content to be with the useless. Allah hath sealed their hearts so that they know not.
- 94. They will make excuse to you (Muslims) when ye return unto them. Say: Make no excuse, for we shall not believe you. Allah hath told us tidings of you. Allah and His messenger will see your conduct, and then ye will be brought back unto Him Who knoweth the Invisible as well as the Visible, and He will tell you what ye used to do.

بالله لَكُمْ إِذَا ٱنقَلَبْتُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ لُتُعْرِضُواْ عَنْهُمْ فَأَعْرِضُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ يَعْلَفُونَ لَكُمْ لَتَرْضُواْ عَنْهُمْ فَإِن تَرْضُواْ عَنَّهُمْ فَإِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَرْضَىٰ عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفَسَقِينَ ٢ ٱلْأَعْرَابُ أَشَدُ كُفْراً وَنَفَاقاً وَأَجْدَرُ أَلَّا يَعْلَمُواْ حُدُودَ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللهُ عَلَى رَسُولُه، وَاللهُ عَلَمُ حَكُمْ ﴿ وَمِنَ ٱلْأَغْرَابِ مَن يَتَّخَذُ مَا يُنفَقُ مَغْرَمًا وَيَتَرَبُّصُ بِكُرُ الدَّوَآيِرَ عَلَيْهُمْ دَآيِرَهُ السَّوْءِ وَاللهُ سَمِيعُ عَلَيْمٌ (إِنِّ وَمنَ ٱلأَعْرَابِ مَن يُوْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ وَيَظَّذُ مَا يُنفِقُ تُو^مُبَنت عنــدَ الله وَصَلَوَت الرَّسُولُ أَلَآ إِنَّهَا مُرْبَةٌ لَمَّـمُ سَيْدْ خِلُهُمُ اللهُ فِي رَحْمَتُهُ } إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم اللَّهُ وَالسَّنبِقُونَ الْأَوَّلُونَ مَنَ الْمُهَدِجِرِينَ وَالْأَنْصَارِ وَالَّذِينَ

- 95. They will swear by Allah unto you, when ye return unto them, that ye may let them be. Let them be, for lo! they are unclean, and their abode is hell as the reward for what they used to earn.
- 96. They swear unto you, that ye may accept them. Though ye accept them, Allah verily accepteth not wrong-doing folk.
- 97. The wandering Arabs are more hard in disbelief and hypocrisy, and more likely to be ignorant of the limits which Allah hath revealed unto His messenger. And Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 98. And of the wandering Arabs there is he who taketh that which he expendeth (for the cause of Allah) as a loss, and awaiteth (evil) turns of fortune for you (that he may be rid of it). The evil turn of fortune will be theirs. Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 99. And of the wandering Arabs there is he who believeth in Allah and the Last Day, and taketh that which he expendeth and also the prayers of the messenger as acceptable offerings in the sight of Allah. Lo! verily it is an acceptable offering for them. Allah will bring them into His mercy. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
 - 100. And the first to lead the way, of the Muhâjirîn1 and

¹ The fugitives from Mecca to Al-Madinah.

أتبعوهم بإحسان رضى الله عنهم ورضوا عنه وأعد لَهُمْ جَنَّكَ تَجْرَى تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلَدَينَ فيهَا أَبَدَّا ذَالِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَّنْ حَوْلَكُمُ مِّنَ ٱلْأَعْرَابِ مُنْفَقُونَ وَمَنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْمَدَيَّنَةِ مَرَدُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّفَاقِ لَا تَعْلَمُهُ بَهُ رِمِدُورٌ ﴾ رور و عار مع ورفي إِلَى عَذَابِ عَن مُم يردُونَ إِلَى عَذَابِ عَظيم (وَ الرَّونَ اعْتَرَفُواْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ خَلَطُواْ عَلَا صَلْحًا وَءَانَرَ سَيْمًا عَسَى اللهُ أَن يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهُم إِنَّ اللهُ عَفُورٌ رَحيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ خُذُ مِنْ أَمُوالَهُمْ صَدَقَةٌ تَطَهُرهُمْ وَنْزَكْمِم مِهَا وَصَلَّ عَلَيْهُم إِنَّ صَلَوْتَكَ سَكُنَّ لَمُّهُمَّ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللَّهُ هُو يَقْبُلُ النَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عَبَاده ع وَيَأْخُذُ الصَّدَقَات وَأَنَّ اللهَ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحيمُ ﴿ وَ وَقُل اعْمَلُواْ فَسَيْرَى اللهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ

the Ansar, 1 and those who followed them in goodness-Allah is well pleased with them and they are well pleased with Him, and He hath made ready for them Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever. That is the supreme triumph.

- 101. And among those around you of the wandering Arabs there are hypocrites, and among the townspeople of Al-Madînah (there are some who) persist in hypocrisy whom thou (O Muhammad) knowest not. We, We know them, and We shall chastise them twice; then they will be relegated to a painful doom.
- 102. And (there are) others who have acknowledged their faults. They mixed a righteous action with another that was bad. It may be that Allah will relent toward them. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 103. Take alms of their wealth, wherewith thou mayst purify them and mayst make them grow, and pray for them. Lo! thy prayer is an assuagement for them. Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 104. Know they not that Allah is He Who accepteth repentance from His bondmen and taketh the alms, and that Allah is He Who is the Relenting, the Merciful.
- 105. And say (unto them): Act! Allah will behold your actions, and (so will) His messenger and the believers, and ye

¹ The Muslims of Al-Madinah who welcomed the fugitives from Mecca and helped the Prophet with their wealth and defended him with their lives.

وَٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَسَتَرَدُونَ إِلَىٰ عَلَم ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَالَة فَينَبِئُكُمُ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعَمَلُونَ ﴿ وَعَانَكُونَ مُرْجَوْنَ لأَمْرُ ٱللهُ إِمَّا يُعَذَّبُهُمْ وَإِمَّا يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ حَكِيمُ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ الَّخَذُواْ مَسْجِدًا ضَرَارًا وَكُفْرًا وَ تَفْرِ يَقَا بَيْنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَ إِرْصَادًا لَمَنْ حَارَبَ ٱللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ من قَبْلُ وَلَيَحْلُفُنَّ إِنَّ أَرَدْنَآ إِلَّا ٱلْحُسَّنَىٰ وَٱللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَنْدُونَ ١٠٠ لَا تَقُمْ فِيهِ أَبَدًّا لَّمَسْجُدُ أُسْسَ عَلَى التَّقْوَى مِنْ أُوَّل يَوْمِ أَحَقُّ أَن تَقُومَ فيه فيه رَجَالٌ يُحبُّونَ أَن يَتَطَهَّرُواْ وَاللهُ يُحبُّ الْمُطَّهَرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَ هَنْ أَسُّسَى بُنْيَكُنَهُ عَلَى تَقُوَى مَنَ ٱلله وَرَضُوَان خَيْرٌ أَم مِّنْ أَسَّسَ بُنْيَلْنَهُ عَلَى شَفَاجُوفَ هَارِ فَأَنْهَا رَبِهِ في نَارِجَهَنَّمَ وَاللَّهُ لَآيَهُ مِن الْقَوْمَ الظَّلَمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ

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will be brought back to the Knower of the Invisible and the Visible, and He will tell you what ye used to do.

106. And (there are) others who await Allah's decree, whether He will punish them or will forgive them. Allah is Knower, Wise.

107. And as for those who chose a place of worship out of opposition and disbelief, and in order to cause dissent among the believers, and as an outpost for those who warred against Allah and His messenger aforetime, they will surely swear: We purposed naught save good. Allah beareth witness that they verily are liars.

108. Never stand (to pray) there. A place of worship which was founded upon duty (to Allah) from the first day is more worthy that thou shouldst stand (to pray) therein, wherein are men who love to purify themselves. Allah loveth the purifiers.

109. Is he who founded his building upon duty to Allah and His good pleasure better; or he who founded his building on the brink of a crumbling, overhanging precipice so that it toppled with him into the fire of hell? Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.

لَا يَزَالُ بُنْيِكُهُمُ ٱلَّذِي بَنَوْا رِيبَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ إِلَّا أَن تَقَطَّعَ قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللهُ عَلَيْمُ حَكُمْ إِنَّ اللهُ الشَّرَىٰ مَنَ ٱلمُوْمنينَ أَنفُسُهُمْ وَأَمْولُهُم بِأَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلْجُنَّةُ يُقَلِمُونَ فى سَبِيلِ ٱللهُ فَيَقْتُلُونَ وَيُقْتَلُونَ وَيُقَالَونَ وَمُقَالَقِي التَّوْرَنة وَالْإِنجيل وَالْفُرْءَانُ وَمَنْ أَوْفَى بِعَهْده مِنَ الله فَأَسْتَبْشُرُواْ بِيَعْكُمُ الَّذِي بَايَعْتُم به ع وَذَالِكَ هُوَ اَلْفَوْزُ الْعَظيمُ ﴿ النَّالَهِ النَّلْهِ النَّلْهِ الْعَديدُونَ الْحَدَدُونَ ٱلسَّتَبِحُونَ ٱلرَّاكِعُونَ ٱلسَّنجِدُونَ ٱلْآمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعْرُوف وَالنَّاهُونَ عَنِ الْمُنكَرِ وَ الْحَلَفظُونَ لِحُدُودِ اللَّهِ وَيَشْرِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ إِنَّ مَا كَانَ للنِّي وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَن بَسْتَغْفُرُ واْ للمُشْرِكِينَ وَلَوْكَانُواْ أُولِي قُرْبِي مِنْ بَعْد مَا نَبِينَ لَمُهُ أنهم أصحن الجكحيم الله وماكان استغفار إبراهم لأبيه ***

- 110. The building which they built will never cease to be a misgiving in their hearts unless their hearts be torn to pieces. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 111. Lo! Allah hath bought from the believers their lives and their wealth because the Garden will be theirs: they shall fight in the way of Allah and shall slay and be slain. It is a promise which is binding on Him in the Torah and the Gospel and the Qur'ân. Who fulfilleth His covenant better than Allah? Rejoice then in your bargain that ye have made, for that is the supreme triumph.
- those who serve (Him), those who praise (Him), those who fast, those who bow down, those who fall prostrate (in worship), those who enjoin the right and who forbid the wrong and those who keep the limits (ordained) of Allah—And give glad tidings to believers!
- 113. It is not for the Prophet, and those who believe, to pray for the forgiveness of idolaters even though they may be near of kin (to them) after it hath become clear that they are people of hell-fire.
- 114. The prayer of Abraham for the forgiveness of his

إِلَّا عَن مَّوْعَدَة وَعَدَهَا إِيَّاهُ فَلَمَّا تَبِينَ لَهُۥ اتَّهُۥ عَدُولَكُ تَبَرَّأُ مَنَّهُ إِنَّ إِبْرَهِمَ لَأُوَّهُ حَلَّمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لَيُضِلَّ قَوْمَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَىٰهُمْ حَتَّىٰ يُبِينَ لَهُم مَّا يَتَّقُونَ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَيْمٌ (إِنَّ اللهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَات وَ ٱلْأَرْضُ يُعْي، وَيُميتُ وَمَا لَكُمْ مَن دُون ٱلله من وَلَى وَلَا نَصِيرِ ١١٦ لَّقَد تَّابَ اللهُ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ وَٱلْأَنْصَارِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُوهُ في سَاعَة ٱلْعُسْرَة من بَعْد مَا كَادَ يَزِيخُ فُلُوبُ فَرِيقَ مَّنَّهُمْ ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ إِنَّهُ بِهِمْ رَهُ وَفُ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ وَعَلَى ٱلثَّلَاثَـةَ ٱلَّذِينَ خُلَّفُواْ حَتَّى إِذَا ضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتْ وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَظَنُّواْ أَنْ لَامَلْهَا مَنَ الله إِلَّا إِلَيْهُ ثُمَّ نَابَ عَلَيْهُمْ لَيْتُوبُوا إِنَّ اللهُ هُوَ النَّوَّابُ الرَّحيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ يَنَّا لِهَا الَّذِينَ

father was only because of a promise he had promised him, but when it had become clear unto him that he (his father) was an enemy to Allah he (Abraham) disowned him. Lo! Abraham was soft of heart, long-suffering.

- 115. It was never Allah's (part) that He should send a folk astray after He had guided them until He had made clear unto them what they should avoid. Lo! Allah is Aware of all things.
- 116. Lo! Allah! Unto Him belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. He quickeneth and He giveth death. And ye have, instead of Allah, no protecting friend nor helper.
- 117. Allah hath turned in mercy to the Prophet, and to the Muhâjirîn and the Anṣâr¹ who followed him in the hour of hardship. After the hearts of a party of them had almost swerved aside, then turned He unto them in mercy. Lo! He is Full of Pity, Merciful for them.
- 118. And to the three also (did He turn in mercy) who were left behind, when the earth, vast as it is, was straitened for them, and their own souls were straitened for them till they bethought them that there is no refuge from Allah save toward Him. Then turned He unto them in mercy that they (too) might turn (repentant unto Him).² Lo! Allah! He is the Relenting, the Merciful.

¹ See v. 100, footnotes.

⁸ The reference is to three men of Al-Madînah who were ostracised on account of a misdeed, but afterwards repented and were forgiven.

ءَامَنُواْ آتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَكُونُواْ مَعَ ٱلصَّدَقِينَ ﴿ مَا كَانَ لاَّ هُل ٱلْمَدَيِنَة وَمَنْ حَوْلَهُمُ مِّنَ ٱلْأَعْرَابِ أَنْيَتَخَلَّفُواْ عَرِب رَّسُول ٱلله وَلا يَرْغَبُواْ بِأَنفُسِهِمْ عَن نَّفْسهُ ذَالكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ لَا يُصِيبُهُمْ ظَمَأُ وَلَا نَصَبُ وَلَا تَحْمَصَةٌ في سَبِيلِ الله وَلَا يَطَعُونَ مَوْطِئًا يَغِيظُ ٱلْكُفَّارَ وَلَا يَسَالُونَ مِنْ عَدُوّ نَيْلًا إِلَّا كُتَبَ لَهُم به عَمَلٌ صَالَحُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ وَلَا يُنفقُونَ نَفَقَةً صَغيرَةً وَلَا كَبيرَةً وَلَا يَقْطَعُونَ وَادِيًّا إِلَّا كُنبَ لَمُمْ لَيَجْزَيُّهُمُ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ * وَمَا كَانَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ لِيَنفِرُ واْ كَا فَأَةً فَلَوْ لَا نَفَرَ مِن كُلِّ فِرْقَة مِّنْهُمْ طَآ بِفَةٌ لِّينَفَقَّهُواْ فِي الدِّين وَلَيْنَذُرُواْ قَوْمَهُمْ إِذَا رَجَعُواْ إِلَيْهِمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَحَذَّرُ وِنَ رَبُّ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قَدْتُلُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يَلُونَكُم مَّنَ ٱلْكُفَّار



119. O ye who believe! Be careful of your duty to Allah, and be with the truthful.

those around them of the wandering Arabs to stay behind the messenger of Allah and prefer their lives to his life. That is because neither thirst nor toil nor hunger afflicteth them in the way of Allah, nor step they any step that angereth the disbelievers, nor gain they from the enemy a gain, but a good deed is recorded for them therefor. Lo! Allah loseth not the wages of the good.

121. Nor spend they any spending, small or great, nor do they cross a valley, but it is recorded for them, that Allah may repay them the best of what they used to do.

122. And the believers should not all go out to fight. Of every troop of them, a party only should go forth, that they (who are left behind) may gain sound knowledge in religion, and that they may warn their folk when they return to them, so that they may beware.

123. Oye who believe! Fight those of the disbelievers who

وَلَيْجِدُواْ فِيكُمْ غُلْظُةٌ وَأَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ مَعَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَ إِذَا مَا أَثْرَكَتْ سُورَةٌ فَنْهُم مَّن يَقُولُ أَيْكُمْ زَادَتُهُ هَانُهُمْ إِيمَانًا ۚ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَزَادَتُهُمْ إِيمَانَا وَهُمْ يَسْتَبْشُرُونَ ﴿ وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ فَرَادَتُهُمْ رَجْسًا إِلَىٰ رَجْسَهُمْ وَمَاتُواْ وَهُمْ كَلْفُرُونَ ﴿ أَنَّ أُولَا يَرَوْنَ أَيْهُ مُ مُعْدُونَ فَي كُلُّ عَام مَرَّةً أَوْ مُرْتَيْنَ ثُمَّ لَا يَتُوبُونَ وَلَا هُمْ يَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا مَا أَزْلَتْ سُورَةٌ نَظَرَ بَعْضُهُمْ ۚ إِلَّى بَعْضِ هَـ لَ يَرَكُمُ مَنْ أَحَدُثُمَّ انصَرَفُوا ۚ صَرَفَ اللَّهُ قُلُوبَهُم بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَفْقَهُونَ ١٠٠ لَقَدْ جَآءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مَنْ أَنفُسكُمْ عَزِيزُ عَلَيْهُ مَاعَنتُمْ حَرِيضٌ عَلَيْكُمُ بِٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ رَءُوفٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ لَا نَوَلَّوْاْ فَقُلْ حَسْبَى اللَّهُ لَا إِلَـٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْهُ نَوَكَّلُتُ وَهُوَ رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظْيمِ ﴿ إِنَّا الْعَظْيمِ ﴿ إِنَّا الْعَظْيمِ

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are near to you, and let them find harshness in you, and know that Allah is with those who keep their duty (unto Him).

- 124. And whenever a sûrah is revealed there are some of & them who say: Which one of you hath thus increased in faith? As for those who believe, it hath increased them in faith and they rejoice (therefor).
- 125. But as for those in whose hearts is disease, it only addeth wickedness to their wickedness, and they die while they are disbelievers.
- 126. See they not that they are tested once or twice in T every year? Still they turn not in repentance, neither pay they heed.
- 127. And whenever a sûrah is revealed, they look one at another (as who should say): Doth anybody see you? Then they turn away. Allah turneth away their hearts because they are a folk who understand not.
- 128. There hath come unto you a messenger, (one) of yourselves, unto whom aught that ye are overburdened is grievous, full of concern for you, for the believers full of pity, merciful.
- 129. Now, if they turn away (O Muhammad) say: Allah sufficeth me. There is no God save Him. In Him have I put my trust, and He is Lord of the Tremendous Throne.

(١٠) سُِؤكَّ يُوائِنَ مَكَتِّبَ الإالآيات ١٠٠٤٠ و ١٠٠ و ١٠ قدنية وآيامن ١٠٩ نزلت بعث الأساع

بِنْ لِنَّهُ الْأَمْرُ الَّحِيمِ

الرُّ تلك ءَايَنتُ الْكَنْبِ الْحَكِمِ إِن أَكَانَ للنَّاس عَبَّا أَنْ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى رَجُل مِّنْهُمْ أَنْ أَنْدُر ٱلنَّاسَ وَ بَشِرِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَنَّ لَمُ مُ قَدَمَ صَدَّق عندَ رَبِّهُمُّ قَالَ ٱلْكَلْفُرُونَ إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَسَّلَحُرٌّ مَّبِينِّ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ فِي سَنَّة أَيَّامُ ثُمَّ ٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمْنِ مَا مِن شَفيـ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْـد إِذْنَهُ ـ ذَالكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ فَأَعْبُدُوهُ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿ إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمَيَّا ۚ وَعَدَ اللَّهَ حَقًّا



Derives its title from v. 98. "If only there had been a community (of all those that were destroyed of old) that believed and profited by its belief as did the folk of Jonah!" As is the case with nearly all the Meccan sûrahs, the date of revelation is uncertain, on account of the dearth of historical allusion. All that can with certainty be said is, that it belongs to the latest group of Meccan sûrahs, and must therefore have been revealed at some time during the last four years before the Hijrah.

A late Meccan sûrah, with the exception of three verses revealed

at Al-Madînah.

JONAH

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Alif. Lâm. Râ.1 These are verses of the Wise Scripture.

2. Is it a wonder for mankind that We have inspired a man among them, saying: Warn mankind and bring unto those who believe the good tidings that they have a sure footing with their Lord? The disbelievers say: Lo! this is a mere wizard.

3. Lo! your Lord is Allah Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days,² then He established Himself upon the Throne, directing all things. There is no intercessor (with Him) save after His permission. That is Allah, your Lord, so worship Him. Oh, will ye not remind?

4. Ûnto Him is the return of all of you; it is a promise of See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

2 See XXII, 47, XXXII, 5, and LXX, 4.

إِنَّهُ يَبْدَوُّا ٱلْخَلَقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ لِيَجْزِى ٱلَّذِينَ المُّواْ وَعَمْلُواْ ٱلصَّلَحَت بِٱلْقَسْطُ وَٱلذِّينَ كَفَرُواْ لَمُمَّ شَرَابٌ مِّنْ حَمِيد وَعَذَابُ أَلَيمُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ ﴿ هُوَ ٱلَّذَى جَعَلَ الشَّمْسَ ضِياءً وَالْقَمَرُ ثُورًا وَقَدَّرَهُ مَنَازَلَ لَتَعْلَمُواْ عَدَدَ السَّنينَ وَالْحُسَابُ ۚ مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ ذَاكَ إِلَّا بِالْحَتَّى يُفَصَّلُ ٱلَّا يَتَ لَقُوم يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي أَخْتَلَافِ ٱلَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ فِي السَّمَنَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ لَآيَلَتِ لَقَوْم يَتَقُونَ ٢ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ لَقَآءَنَا وَرَضُواْ بِٱلْحَيَوَةَ ٱلدُّنْيَ وَٱطْمَأْنُواْ بِهَا وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنْ اَيَنتنا غَنفلُونَ ﴿ أُولَدَمِكَ مَأْوَنهُمُ النَّارُ عِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّالَحَاتَ يَهْديهمْ رَبُّهُم بِإِيمَانِهمْ تَجْرى من تَحْتَهُمُ ٱلْأَثْهَارُ في جَنَّاتِ ٱلنَّعْيِم ﴿ وَعَوْلِهُمْ الْمُعْمِ Allah in truth. Lo! He produceth creation, then reproduceth it, that He may reward those who believe and do good works with equity; while, as for those who disbelieve, theirs will be a boiling drink and painful doom because they disbelieved.

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- 5. He it is Who appointed the sun a splendour and the moon a light, and measured for her stages, that ye might know 👙 the number of the years, and the reckoning. Allah created not (all) that save in truth. He detaileth the revelations for people who have knowledge.
- 6. Lo! in the difference of day and night and all that Allah hath created in the heavens and the earth are portents, verily, for folk who ward off (evil).
- 7. Lo! those who expect not the meeting with Us but desire the life of the world and feel secure therein, and those who are neglectful of Our revelations,
- 8. Their home will be the Fire because of what they used to earn.
- 9. Lo! those who believe and do good works, their Lord guideth them by their faith. Rivers will flow beneath them in the Gardens of Delight,

فيهَا سُبْحَنَنَكَ ٱللَّهُمَّ وَتَحْيَتُهُمْ فِيهَا سَلَامٌ ۚ وَءَاخِرُ دَعُونَهُمْ أَن ٱلْحَمْدُ للهُ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾ وَلَوْ يُعَجِّلُ ٱللهُ للُّنَّاسَ الشَّرَّ اسْتَعْجَا لَهُمْ بِٱلْخَيْرِ لَقُضَى إِلَيْهُمْ أَجَلُهُمْ فَنَذَرُ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ لَقَاءَنَا في طُغْيَنَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ٢ وَ إِذَا مَسَّ ٱلْإِنسَدْنَ ٱلضُّرُّ دَعَانَا لِحَنْبهة أُوقَاعِدًا أُوْقَا مِكَا فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُ ضُرَّهُ مَ كَأَن لَّهُ يَدْ عُنَا إِلَّا ضُرّ مَّسَّهُ كَذَاكَ زُيْنَ للمُسْرِفِينَ مَا كَأُنُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَمْلَكُنَّا ٱلْقُرُونَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ لَمَّا ظَلَمُوا ۚ وَجَاءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ وَمَا كَانُواْ لَيُؤْمِنُواْ كَذَاكَ نَجْزى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَكُمْ خَلَيْهَ فَ ٱلْأَرْضَ مَنْ بَعْدَهُمْ لَنَنظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا نُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَا ثُنَا بَيْنَتُ قَالَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ لَقَاءَنَا أَثْتَ بِقُرْءَان

10. Their prayer therein will be: Glory be to Thee, O Allah! and their greeting therein will be: Peace. And the conclusion of their prayer will be: Praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds!

PART XI

- 11. If Allah were to hasten on for men the ill (that they have earned) as they would hasten on the good, their respite would already have expired. But We suffer those who look not for the meeting with Us to wander blindly on in their contumacy.
- 12. And if misfortune touch a man he crieth unto Us, (while reclining) on his side, or sitting or standing, but when We have relieved him of the misfortune he goeth his way as though he had not cried unto Us because of a misfortune that afflicted him. Thus is what they do made (seeming) fair unto the prodigal.
- 13. We destroyed the generations before you when they did wrong; and their messengers (from Allah) came unto them with clear proofs (of His Sovereignty) but they would not believe. Thus do We reward the guilty folk.
- 14. Then We appointed you viceroys in the earth after them, that We might see how ye behave.
- 15. And when Our clear revelations are recited unto them, they who look not for the meeting with Us say: Bring a

غَيْرِ هَلَذَا أَوْبَدَلَّهُ قُلْ مَايَكُونُ لِيَ أَنْ أَبَدْلَهُ مِن تُلْقَابَي نَفْسَى إِنْ أَنَّبُ إِلَّا مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَى ۗ إِنَّى أَغَافُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّي عَذَابَ يَوْم عَظيم ﴿ وَ عَلَمْ لَوْ شَآءَ اللهُ مَا تَلُونُهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا أَدْرَىٰكُمْ بِهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا أَدْرَىٰكُمْ بِهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيَكُمْ عُمْرًا مِن قَبْلُهُ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ١٠ فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مُمَّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱلله كَذَبًا أَوْكَذَّبَ بِعَايَنتُهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ لِلا يُفْلحُ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُمْ مَ وَلَا يَنفَعُهُمْ وَيَقُولُونَ هَنَوُلَاءِ شُفَعَنَوُنَا عِندَ الله قُلْ أُتُنَبُّونَ اللهُ عَا لَا يَعْلَمُ فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ سُبْحَننَهُ وَتَعَلِي عَمَّ يُشْرِكُونَ ١٠٥ وَمَا كَانَ ٱلنَّاسُ إِلَّا أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً فَاخْتَلَفُوا وَلَوْ لَا كَلَمَةٌ سَبِقَتْ من رَّبِّكَ لَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ فَيَا فِيه يَخْتَلَفُونَ ١٠٠ وَيَقُولُونَ لَوْ لَا أَزِلَ

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the retribution of an awful Day.

- 16. Say: If Allah had so willed I should not have recited it to you nor would He have made it known to you. I dwelt among you a whole lifetime before it (came to me). Have ye then no sense?
- 17. Who doeth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie concerning Allah and denieth His revelations? Lo! the guilty never are successful.
- 18. They worship beside Allah that which neither hurteth them nor profiteth them, and they say: These are our intercessors with Allah. Say: Would ye inform Allah of (something) that He knoweth not in the heavens or in the earth? Praised be He and High Exalted above all that ye associate (with Him)!
- 19. Mankind were but one community; then they differed; and had it not been for a word that had already gone forth from thy Lord it had been judged between them in respect of that wherein they differ.
 - 20. And they will say: If only a portent were sent down

1 Ar. Qur'ân.

عَلَيْهِ ءَايَةٌ مَن رَّبِهِۦ فَقُلْ إِنَّمَا ٱلْعَيْبُ للهِ فَٱنْتَظُرُواْ إِنَّى مَعَكُم مِن ٱلمُنتظرين ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَّهُ النَّاسَ رَحْمَةُ مَنْ بَعْدُ ضَرَاءً مُسْتُهُمْ إِذَا لَهُمْ مُكُرُّ فِي ءَايَاتِنَا قُلُ ٱللهُ أَسْرُعُ مَكُرًا إِنَّا رُسُلَنَا يَكُنُبُونَ مَا تَمْكُرُ وِنَ ﴿ هُوَ الَّذِي بُسَيْرُكُمْ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ حَتَّى إِذَا كُنتُمْ فِي الْفُلْك وَجَرَيْنَ بِهِم بريح طَيْبَة وَفَرْحُواْ بِهَا جَآءَتُهَا رَجُ عَاصَفْ وَجَآءَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْجُ مِن كُلِّ مَكَان وَظَنْوا أَنَّهُمْ أُحيطَ بهمْ دَعُوا الله مُخْلصينَ لَهُ الدّينَ لَينْ أَنْجَيْنَكَ مِنْ هَلدُه، لَنَكُونَنَّ منَ الشَّكرينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا أَنْجَلُهُمْ إِذَا هُمْ يَبْغُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَتَّ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّكَ بَغْيُكُمْ عَلَيْ أَنفُسُكُم مَّنَّكَم الْحَيَوة الدُّنيَّ أَثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُكُم فَنُنَبُّكُم بَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا مَثَلُ الْحَيَوة الدُّنيا كَمَا و upon him from his Lord! Then say, (O Muhammad): The Unseen belongeth to Allah. So wait! Lo! I am waiting with you.

- 21. And when We cause mankind to taste of mercy after some adversity which had afflicted them, behold! they have some plot against Our revelations. Say: Allah is more swift in plotting. Lo! Our messengers write down that which ye plot.
- 22. He it is Who maketh you to go on the land and the sea till, when ye are in the ships and they sail with them with a fair breeze and they are glad therein, a storm-wind reacheth them and the wave cometh unto them from every side and they deem that they are overwhelmed therein; (then) they cry unto Allah, making their faith pure for Him only: If Thou deliver us from this, we truly will be of the thankful.
- 23. Yet when He hath delivered them, behold! they rebel in the earth wrongfully. O mankind! Your rebellion is only against yourselves. (Ye have) enjoyment of the life of the world; then unto Us is your return and We shall proclaim unto you what ye used to do.
 - 24. The similitude of the life of the world is only as water

أَ زَلْنَكُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَاتَّخَلَطَ بِهِ عَنَبَاتُ الْأَرْضِ مِمَّا يَأْكُمُ النَّاسُ وَالْأَنْعَامُ حَتَّى إِذَآ أَخَذَت الْأَرْضُ رُدُرر بِيَّ يَّدِهُ وَطَنَّ أَهُدُورَا عَيْهُ وَمِي مِنْ الْهُمَّ عَلَيْهِا أَنْهُمَ قَلْدُرُونَ عَلَيْهَا أَتُلْهَا أَمْرُنَا لَيْلًا أَوْنَهَارًا فَجَعَلْنَلْهَا حَصِيدًا كَأَنْ لَرْ تَغْرَ بِٱلْأَمْسُ كَذَاكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَت لقَوْمِ يَتَفَكَّرُ ونَ ١٠ وَاللَّهُ يَدْعُواْ إِلَىٰ دَارِ ٱلسَّلَامِ وَيَهَّدَى مَن يَشَاءُ إِلَىٰ ﴿ صَرَاطَ مُسْتَقِيم ﴿ يَلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُواْ ٱلْحُسْنَى وَزَيَادَةً ۗ وَلا يَرْهَنُ وُجُوهُمُ مُ قَدَّرٌ وَلاَ ذَلَّهُ أَوْلَيْكَ أَصْحَابُ ٱلْحَنَّة ﴾ هُمْ فيهَا خَدْلدُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَسَبُواْ ٱلسَّيْعَاتَ جَزَآهُ سَيْثَة بمثلها وَرَهُمُهُمْ ذَلَّةً مَّالَمُ مِنَ الله منْ عَاصِم كَأَنَّمَ الْغُشِيَتُ وُجُوهُمْ قَطَعًا مَنَ الَّيْلِ مُظْلَمًا أُولَيْكِ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِهُمْ فَهَا خَلَدُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نَحَشُّرُهُمْ جَمِيكًا



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66666666666666 which We send down from the sky, then the earth's growth of that which men and cattle eat mingleth with it till, when the earth hath taken on her ornaments and is embellished, and her people deem that they are masters of her, Our commandment cometh by night or by day and We make it as reaped corn as if it had not flourished yesterday. Thus do We expound the revelations for people who reflect.

- 25. And Allah summoneth to the abode of peace, and leadeth whom He will to a straight path.
- 26. For those who do good is the best (reward) and more (thereto). Neither dust nor ignominy cometh near their faces. Such are rightful owners of the Garden; they will abide therein.
- 27. And those who earn ill-deeds, (for them) requital of each ill-deed by the like thereof; and ignominy overtaketh them-They have no protector from Allah-as if their faces had been covered with a cloak of darkest night. Such are rightful owners of the Fire; they will abide therein.
 - 28. On the day when We gather them all together, then

أَمْ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ مَكَانَكُمْ أَنْمُ وَشُرَكَا وُكُمْ فَرِيلْنَا يَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ شُرِكَا وَهُم مَّا كُنتُمْ إِيَّانَا تَعْبُدُونَ ٢ فَكَفَى بِاللَّهُ شَهِيداً بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ إِن كُنَّا عَنْ عَبَادَتكُمْ لَغَنفلينَ ﴿ مُنَالِكَ تَبْلُواْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّاۤ أَسْلَفَتُ ۗ وَرُدُواْ إِلَى اللهُ مَوْلَلَهُمُ ٱلْحَيْقُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ عَنْ قُلْ مَن يَرْزُقُكُم مّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمِّن يَمْلكُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَمَن يُحْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مَنَ الْمَيَّت وَيُخْرِجُ الْمَيْتَ مِنَ الْحَيْ وَمَن يُدْبِرُ ٱلْأُمْرِ فَسِيقُولُونَ اللَّهُ فَقُلْ أَفَلَا نَتَقُونَ ١ فَذَالِكُمُ اللهُ رَبُّكُ ٱلْحُقَ فَاَذَا بَعْدَ ٱلْحَقّ إِلَّا ٱلصَّلَالُ فَأَنَّى تُصْرَفُونَ ﴿ كُذَاكَ حَقَّتْ كَلَّمَتُ رَبِّكَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ فَسَقُوٓاْ أَنَّهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ قُلْ هَلْ مِن شُرِّكَا إِلَى مُن يَبْدَقُواْ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعيدُهُ

We say unto those who ascribed partners (unto Us): Stand back, ye and your (pretended) partners (of Allah)! And We separate them, the one from the other, and their (pretended) partners say: It was not us ye worshipped.

- 29. Allah sufficeth as a witness between us and you, that we were unaware of your worship.
- 30. There doth every soul experience that which it did aforetime, and they are returned unto Allah, their rightful Lord, and that which they used to invent hath failed them.
- 31. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Who provideth for you from the sky and the earth, or Who owneth hearing and sight; and Who bringeth forth the living from the dead and bringeth forth the dead from the living; and Who directeth the course? They will say: Allah. Then say: Will ye not then keep your duty (unto Him)?
- 32. Such then is Allah, your rightful Lord. After the Truth what is there saving error? How then are ye turned away!
- 33. Thus is the Word of thy Lord justified concerning those who do wrong: that they believe not,
- 34. Say: Is there of your partners (whom ye ascribe unto Allah) one that produceth Creation and then reproduceth it?

قُل اللهُ يَبِدَوُا ٱلْحَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿ قُلْ هَلْ مَنْ مُرَكَا إِنكُم مِّن يَهْدِي إِلَى ٱلْحَتَّ فُل ٱللهُ مِدى للْحَقِّ أَفِّنَ مِهْدَى إِلَى ٱلْحَقَ أَحَقُ أَنْ يُتَبَعُ أَمَّن لَّا يَهِدَى إِلَّا أَنْ يُهِدَى فَا لَكُوْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ ١ وَمَا يَتَبِعُ أَ كُثُرُهُمْ إِلَّا ظَنَّا إِنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِي مِنَ الْحَـتَّ شَيْئًا إِنَّ ٱللهُ عَلَمُ مُكَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ هَلْدَا ٱلْقُرْءَانُ أَن يُفْتَرَى من دُون الله وَلَكن تَصْديق الَّذي بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَتَفْصيلَ ٱلْكتَابِ لَا رَبُّ فيه من رَّبّ ٱلْعَلَمينَ ﴿ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ ٱفْتَرَكُ ۚ قُلْ فَأَنُواْ بِسُورَة مَثْلُهُ ءَ وَادْعُواْ مَن أَسْتَطَعْتُمُ مَن دُون الله إِن كُنتُمْ صَندقينَ ﴿ مِنْ مَلْ كَذَّبُواْ بِمَا لَرَّ يُحيطُواْ بعلْمه ، وَلَمَّا يَأْتَهمْ تَأْوِيلُهُ كُذَاكَ كَذَّبَ إِلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ ۖ فَٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ

کان

- Say: Allah produceth Creation, then reproduceth it. How then, are ye misled!
- 35. Say: Is there of your partners (whom ye ascribe unto Allah) one that leadeth to the Truth? Say: Allah leadeth to the Truth. Is He Who leadeth to the Truth more deserving that He should be followed, or he who findeth not the way unless he (himself) be guided. What aileth you? How judge ye?
- 36. Most of them follow not but conjecture. Assuredly conjecture can by no means take the place of truth. Lo! Allah is Aware of what they do.
- 37. And this Qur'ân is not such as could ever be invented in despite of Allah; but it is a confirmation of that which was before it and an exposition of that which is decreed for mankind—Therein is no doubt—from the Lord of the Worlds.
- 38. Or say they: He hath invented it? Say: Then bring a sûrah like unto it, and call (for help) on all ye can besides Allah, if ye are truthful.
- 39. Nay, but they denied that, the knowledge whereof they could not compass, and whereof the interpretation (in events) hath not yet come unto them. Even so did those

كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلظَّالِمينَ ﴿ وَمَنَّهُم مَّن يُؤْمنُ بِهِ عَ وَمَنْهُم مَّن لَّا يُؤْمِنُ إِنَّهُ وَرَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ بِٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ عَيْ وَ إِن كَذَّ بُوكَ فَقُل لَى عَمَلِي وَلَكُمْ عَلَكُمْ أَنتُم بَرِيَعُونَ مَّا أَعْمَ لُ وَأَنَا بَرِيَّ مَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَسْنَمَعُونَ إِلَيْكَ أَفَأَنتَ تُسْمِعُ الصُّمَّ وَلَوْكَانُواْ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَنظُرُ إِلَيْكُ أَفَأَنتَ مَهْدى ٱلْعُمْيَ وَلَوْكَانُواْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَظَّلَمُ ٱلنَّاسَ شَيْئًا وَلَكُنَّ ٱلنَّاسَ أَنفُسُهُم يَظْلُمُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ كَأْنَ لَرْ يَلْبَثُواْ إِلَّا سَاعَةُ مَّنَ ٱلنَّهَارِيَتَعَارَفُونَ بَيْنَهُمْ قَدْ حَسرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِلقَآءِ الله وَمَا كَانُواْ مُهْتَدِينَ وَإِن وَ إِمَّا نُرِيَّكَ بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي نَعدُهُمْ أَوْنَتُوفَّيَّنَّكَ فَإِلَّيْنَا مَرْجِعُهُمْ مُمَّ اللهُ شَهِيدُ عَلَى مَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ إِنِّي وَلَكُلَّ before them deny. Then see what was the consequence for the wrong-doers!

- 40. And of them is he who believeth therein, and of them is he who believeth not therein, and thy Lord is Best Aware of the corrupters.
- 41. And if they deny thee, say: Unto me my work, and unto you your work. Ye are innocent of what I do, and I am innocent of what ye do.
- 42. And of them are some who listen unto thee. But canst thou make the deaf to hear even though they apprehend not?
- 43. And of them is he who looketh toward thee. But canst thou guide the blind even though they see not?
- 44. Lo! Allah wrongeth not mankind in aught; but mankind wrong themselves.
- 45. And on the day when He shall gather them together, (when it will seem) as though they had tarried but an hour of the day, recognising one another, those will verily have perished who denied the meeting with Allah and were not guided.
- 46. Whether We let thee (O Muhammad) behold something of that which We promise them or (whether We) cause thee to die, still unto Us is their return, and Allah, moreover, is Witness over what they do.

أُمَّةً رَسُولٌ فَإِذَا جَآءَ رَسُولُهُمْ قَضَى بِينَهُم بِٱلْقَسْط وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَّىٰ هَٰذَا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿ قُل لَّا أَمْلُكُ لِنَفْسِي ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَكُلَّ أُمَّةً أَجَلُّ إِذَا جَآءَ أَجَلُهُمْ فَلَا يَسْتَعْخُرُونَ سَاعَةً وَلَا يَسْتَقْدُمُونَ ﴿ يَعُمُ لَلَّهُ مُرَّا إِنْ أَتَكُمْ عَذَابُهُ بِيَاتًا أَوْنَهَا رًا مَّاذَا يَسْتَعْجِلُ منْهُ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ مَا أَثُمَّ إِذَا مَا وَقَعَ وَامَنتُم بِدْ عَ وَالْمُن وَقَدْ كُنتُم به ع تَسْتَعْجلُونَ ١٠٠٠ ثُمَّ قِيلَ للَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ذُوتُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْخُلُدُ هَلْ تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ * وَيَسْتَنْجُونَكَ أَحَدُّ هُوٓ قُلْ إِي وَرَقَ إِنَّهُ إِخَدَّةً وَمَا أَنْتُم بُمُعْجِرِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّ لَكُلَّ نَفْسَ ظَلَمَتْ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ لَا فَتَدَتْ بِهِ عَ وَأَسَرُواْ النَّدَامَةَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ



47. And for every nation there is a messenger. And when their messenger cometh (on the Day of Judgment) it will be judged between them fairly, and they will not be wronged.

PART XI

- 48. And they say: When will this promise be fulfilled, if ye are truthful?
- 49. Say: I have no power to hurt or benefit myself, save that which Allah willeth. For every nation there is an appointed time. When their time cometh, then they cannot put it off an hour, nor hasten (it).
- 50. Say: Have ye thought: When His doom cometh unto you as a raid by night, or in the (busy) day; what is there of it that the guilty ones desire to hasten?
- 51. Is it (only) then, when it hath befallen you, that ye will believe? What! (Believe) now, when (until now) ye have been hastening it on (through disbelief)?
- 52. Then will it be said unto those who dealt unjustly Taste the torment of eternity. Are ye requited aught save what ye used to earn?
- 53. And they ask thee to inform them (saying): Is it true? Say: Yea, by my Lord, verily it is true, and ye cannot escape.
- 54. And if each soul that doeth wrong had all that is in the earth it would seek to ransom itself therewith; and they will feel remorse within them, when they see the doom. But it hath

ٱلْعَذَابُ وَقُضَى بَيْنَهُم بَالْقَسْط وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ (إِنْ أَلَآ إِنَّ للهَ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَنَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضُ ۚ أَلَآ إِنَّ وَعْدَ ٱلله ﴿ حَقٌّ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠٥ هُوَ يُحْيء وَيُمِتُ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ رَبِّي يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ قَدْ جَآءَ ثُـكُم مَّوْعَظَةٌ مِن رَّبِّكُمْ وَشَفَآ عُلَمَا فِي الصُّدُورِ وَهُدِّي وَرَحْمَةٌ للمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ يَهِ عَلْ بَفَصْلِ ٱللهِ وَ بَرَحْمَته ع فَبِذَالكَ فَلْيَفْرَحُواْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ ثَمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿ قُلْ أَرَءَ يُنُّم مَّا أَزَلَ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ مَّن رِّزْق فَجَعَلْتُم مَّنَّهُ حَرَامًا وَحَلَىٰلًا قُلْ ءَ ٱ للهُ أَذِنَ لَـكُمَّ أُمْ عَلَى اللهُ تَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ وَهَا ظَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى ا ٱلله ٱلْكَذَبَ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ إِنَّ اللهَ لَذُو فَضْل عَلَى ٱلنَّاس وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ خُي وَمَا تَكُونُ في شَأْن وَمَا نَتْلُواْ منْهُ من قُرْءَان وَلَا تَعْمَلُونَ منْ عَسَل إِلَّا كُنَّا

- been judged between them fairly and they are not wronged.
- 55. Lo! verily all that is in the heavens and the earth is Allah's. Lo! verily Allah's promise is true. But most of them know not.
- He quickeneth and giveth death, and unto Him ye will be returned.
- 57. O mankind! There hath come unto you an exhortation from your Lord, a balm for that which is in the breasts, a guidance and a mercy for believers.
- 58. Say: In the bounty of Allah and in His mercy: therein let them rejoice. It is better than what they hoard.
- 59. Say: Have ye considered what provision Allah hath sent down for you, how ye have made of it lawful and unlawful? Say: Hath Allah permitted you, or do ye invent a lie concerning Allah?
- 60. And what think those who invent a lie concerning Allah (will be their plight) upon the Day of Resurrection? Lo! Allah truly is Bountiful toward mankind, but most of them give not thanks.
- 61. And thou (Muhammad) art not occupied with any business and thou recitest not a Lecture¹ from this (Scripture), and ye (mankind) perform no act, but We are Witness of you

¹ Ar. Qur'ân.

عَلَيْكُوْ شُهُودًا إِذْ تُفيضُونَ فِيهٌ وَمَا يَعْزُبُ عَن رَّبِّكَ من مَثْقَال ذَرَّة في الأرض وَلافي السَّمَاء وَلآ أَصْغَرَ من ذَ الَّكَ وَلَآ أَكْبَرَ إِلَّا فِي كُنَّابٍ مُّدِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا إِنَّا أُولِيَآ اللهُ لَا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَعْزَنُونَ ٢ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَكَانُواْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ لَهُمُ الْبُشِّرِي فِي الْحَيَاةِ ﴿ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَفِي ٱلْآخِرَةُ لَا تَبُّديلَ لِكَلَّمَتِ ٱللَّهُ ذَاكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظْمُ لِنَ وَلَا يَحْزُنكَ قَوْلُمُمُّ إِنَّ ٱلْعِزَّةَ للهُ جَمِيًّا ۚ هُوَ السَّميعُ ٱلْعَلَيمُ ﴿ أَلَّا إِنَّا لللَّهُ مَنِ في السَّمَنوَات وَمَن في الْأَرْضَ وَمَا يَتَّبِعُ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ من دُون الله شُرَكَاءَ إِن يَتَّبعُـونَ إِلَّا الظَّـنَّ وَ إِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا يَخْرُصُونَ ١٠ هُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلَّذِيلَ لتَسْكُنُواْ فيه وَالنَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا إِنَّ في ذَاكَ لَآيَت لقَوْم when ye are engaged therein. And not an atom's weight in the earth or in the sky escapeth your Lord, nor what is less than that or greater than that, but it is (written) in a clear Book.

PART XI

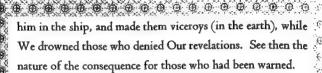
- 62. Lo! verily the friends of Allah are (those) on whom fear (cometh) not, nor do they grieve?
 - 63. Those who believe and keep their duty (to Allah),
- 64. Theirs are good tidings in the life of the world and in the Hereafter—There is no changing the Words of Allah that is the Supreme Triumph.
- 65. And let not their speech grieve thee (O Muhammad). Lo! power belongeth wholly to Allah. He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 66. Lo! is it not unto Allah that belongeth whosoever is in the heavens and whosoever is in the earth? Those who follow aught instead of Allah follow not (His) partners. They follow only a conjecture, and they do but guess.
- 67. He it is Who hath appointed for you the night that ye should rest therein and the day giving sight. Lo! herein verily are portents for a folk that heed.

يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ أَتَّحَذَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَدًا سَبَحَنَنَّهُ وَأَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَدًا سَبَحَنَّنَّهُ وَالْغَني لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ ۚ إِنَّ عِندَكُمُ مِّرِ. سُلْطَان بَهَاذَآ أَ تَقُولُونَ عَلَى الله مَالَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ مُلْ عُلْ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى ٱلله ٱلْكَذَبَ لَا يُفْلِحُونَ ﴿ مَنَكُ فِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُهُمْ ثُمَّ نُذيقُهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلشَّديدَ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكَفُرُ ونَ رَبُّ ﴿ وَ ٱتَّلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ نُوح إِذْ قَالَ لقَوْمه عَ يَنقَوْم إِن كَانَ كُبُرَ عَلَيْكُم مَّقَامى وَتَذْكِرِي عَايَنت الله فَعَلَى الله تَوَكَّلْتُ فَأَجْمُواْ أَمْرَكُمْ وَشُرَكَاءً كُونُمُ لَا يَكُنْ أَمْرُكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ ثُمَّا يَكُمُ أَفْضُواْ إِلَّ وَلَا تُنظِرُونَ ﴿ فَإِن تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَكَ سَأَلْتُكُم مَّرْ أَجْرَ إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى اللهِ وَأَمْرُتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مَنَ ٱلمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ فَكُذَّبُوهُ فَنَجَّيْنَهُ وَمَن مَّعَهُ فَي ٱلْفُلْك



- 68. They say: Allah hath taken (unto Him) a son-Glorified be He! He hath no needs! His is all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. Ye have no warrant for this. Tell ye concerning Allah that which ye know not?
- 69. Say: Verily those who invent a lie concerning Allah will not succeed.
- 70. This world's portion (will be theirs), then unto Us is their return. Then We make them taste a dreadful doom because they used to disbelieve.
- 71. Recite unto them the story of Noah, when he told his people: O my people! If my sojourn (here) and my reminding you by Allah's revelations are an offence unto you, in Allah have I put my trust, so decide upon your course of action you and your partners. Let not your course of action be in doubt for you. Then have at me, give me no respite.
- 72. But if ye are averse I have asked of you no wage. My wage is the concern of Allah only, and I am commanded to be of those who surrender (unto Him).
 - 73. But they denied him, so We saved him and those with

وَجَعَلْنَهُمْ خَلَيْفَ وَأَغْرَفْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّهُواْ بِعَايِنْتَا فَٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنْقَبَةُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ ﴿ مَنْ اللَّهِ مُعَمَّناً مَنْ بَعْده ع رُسُلًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِمْ فَجَآءُ وهُم ِبِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانُواْ لِيُؤْمِنُواْ مِمَا كَذَّبُواْ به ع من قَبْلُ كُذَا لِكَ نَطْبَعُ عَلَى قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مَنْ بَعْدهم مُّوسَىٰ وَهَنرُونَ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَاثِهِۦ بِعَايَنتنَا فَٱسْنَكْبَرُواْ وَكَانُواْ قَوْمًا غُجْرِمينَ ﴿ ثَيْنِ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْحُقُّ منْ عندنا قَالُوۤ أ إِنَّ هَلْذَالَسَحْرُّ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ مَا عَالَ مُوسَىٰ أَ تَقُولُونَ لَلْحَقَّ لَمَّا جَآءَكُم أَسخرُ هَلَذَا وَلَا يُفْلِحُ ٱلسَّلِحُرُونَ ١٠٠ وَاللَّهِ أَجْتَلَنَا لِتَلْفَتَنَا عَمَّا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ ءَابَآءَنَا وَتَكُونَ لَكُمَّا الْكُرْ يَآةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكُمَّا بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ فَرْعَوْنُ أَنَّوْنِي بِكُلِّ سَلحر عَليم ﴿ فَلَمَّا جَآءَ ٱلسَّحَرَةُ قَالَ لَحُم مُوسَى



- 74. Then, after him, We sent messengers unto their folk, and they brought them clear proofs. But they were not ready to believe in that which they before denied. Thus print We on the hearts of the transgressors.
- 75. Then, after them, We sent Moses and Aaron unto Pharaoh and his chiefs with Our revelations, but they were arrogant and were a guilty folk.
- 76. And when the Truth from Our presence came unto them, they said: Lo! this is mere magic.
- 77. Moses said: Speak ye (so) of the Truth when it hath come unto you? Is this magic? Now magicians thrive not.
- 78. They said: Hast thou come unto us to pervert us from that (faith) in which we found our fathers, and that you two may own the place of greatness in the land? We will not believe you two.
 - 79. And Pharaoh said: Bring every cunning wizard unto me.
 - 80. And when the wizards came, Moses said unto them:

أَلْقُواْ مَا أَنتُم مُلْقُونَ ﴿ يَكِي فَلَمَّا أَلْقَوْاْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ مَا جِئَّتُم به السَّحْرُ إِنَّ اللهَ سَيْبِطُلُهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُصْلَحُ عَمَلَ ٱلْمُفْسدينَ ﴿ وَيُعَقُّ اللهُ ٱلْحَقَّ بِكَلَمَنته، وَلَوْكُوهَ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ رَبُّينَ لَكَ اَءَامَنَ لمُوسَى إِلَّا ذُرِّيَّةٌ مِّن قَوْمه ع عَلَىٰ خَوْفِ مِن فَرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِ مِهُمْ أَن يَفْتَهُمْ وَ إِنَّ فَرْعَوْنَ لَعَالَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَإِنَّهُ لَمَنَ ٱلْمُسْرِفِينَ رَثِيمَ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ يَلْقَوْم إِن كُنتُمْ ءَامَنتُم بِاللهُ فَعَلَيْه تَو كُلُواْ إِن كُنتُم مُّسْلمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَقَالُواْ عَلَى اللهُ تَوكَّلُنَا رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فَتْنَةً لَلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلمينَ رَثِي وَنَجَّنَا بَرْحَتكَ منَ ٱلْقَوْم ٱلْكَلفرينَ ١ لقَوْمُكَا بِمِصْرَ بِيُونَا وَآجْعَلُواْ بِيُونَكُدْ قَبْلَةَ وَأَقْيِمُواْ الصَّلَاةَ وَبَشِّرِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ رَبِّنَا ٓ إِنَّكَ ءَ اتَيْتَ

Cast your cast!

- 81. And when they had cast, Moses said: That which ye have brought is magic. Lo! Allah will make it vain. Lo! Allah upholdeth not the work of mischief-makers.
- 82. And Allah will vindicate the Truth by His words, however much the guilty be averse.
- 83. But none trusted Moses, save some scions of his people, (and they were) in fear of Pharaoh and their chiefs, that he would persecute them. Lo! Pharaoh was verily a tyrant in the land, and lo! he verily was of the wanton.
- 84. And Moses said: O my people! If ye have believed in Allah then put trust in Him, if ye have indeed surrendered (unto Him)!
- 85. They said: In Allah we put trust. Our Lord! Oh, make us not a lure for the wrongdoing folk;
- 86. And, of Thy mercy, save us from the folk that disbelieve.
- 87. And We inspired Moses and his brother, (saying): Appoint houses for your people in Egypt and make your houses oratories, and establish worship. And give good news to the believers.
 - 88. And Moses said: Our Lord! Lo! Thou hast given

فَ عَوْنَ وَمَلَاهُ وَسَنَّةُ وَأَمُوا لَا فِي الْحَيْوَةِ الدُّنْهَا رَبَّنَا ليُضلُّواْ عَن سَبِيلَكُ رَبَّنَا ٱطْمَسْ عَلَىٰٓ أَمُوا لَهُمْ وَٱشْدُدْ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُواْ حَتَّى يَرَوُا الْعَذَابَ الْأَلْمَ ١ قَالَ قَدْ أُجِيبَ دَّعُونُكُمَ فَأَسْتَقيماً وَلَا تَتَّبَعَانَ سَبيلَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ رَبِّينَ * وَجَنَّوَزْنَا بَيْنِيَّ إِشْرَ ۗ وَبَلَّ ٱلْبَحْرَ رَءُ رَرَهُ مَ مَرَهُ مُ رَهُ مُو رَهُ مِنْ مَا رَدَهُ مَ مَنَى إِذَا أَدَرَكُهُ فَأَتْبَعَهُمْ فَرَعُونُ وَجُنُودُهُ بِغَيّا وَعَدُواً حَتَى إِذَا أَدْرَكُهُ ٱلْغَرَقُ قَالَ ءَامَنتُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَكَ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِي ءَامَنَتْ بِهِ عَبَنُوٓاْ إِسْرَاءِيلَ وَأَنَا مَنَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ عَالَا عَانَ وَقَدْ عَصَيْتَ قَبْلُ وَكُنتَ مِنَ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ١٠ فَالْيَوْمَ نُنَجِيكَ بِبَدَنكَ لتَكُونَ لَمَنْ خَلْفَكَ ءَايَةٌ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلنَّاس عَنْ ءَايَنتَ لَغَنفُلُونَ رَبُّ وَلَقَدْ بَوَّأَنَّا بَنِي إِسْرَا عِيلَ مُبَوّاً صِدْق وَرَزَقْنَاهُم مَنَ الطَّيْبَاتِ فَمَا اخْتَلَفُواْ حَيَّى



 T_{c}

- 89. He said: Your prayer is heard. Do ye twain keep to the straight path, and follow not the road of those who have no knowledge.
- 90. And We brought the Children of Israel across the sea, and Pharaoh with his hosts pursued them in rebellion and transgression, till, when the (fate of) drowning overtook him, he exclaimed: I believe that there is no God save Him in Whom the Children of Israel believe, and I am of those who surrender (unto Him).
- 91. What! Now! When hitherto thou hast rebelled and been of the wrong-doers?
- 92. But this day We save thee in thy body that thou mayst be a portent for those after thee. Lo! most of mankind are heedless of Our portents.
- 93. And We verily did allot unto the Children of Israel a fixed abode, and did provide them with good things; and they

جَآءَهُمُ الْعَلْمُ إِنَّا رَبَّكَ يَقْضَى بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْدَمَة فيمَ كَانُواْ فيه يَخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ فَإِن كُنتَ في شَكَّ ثَمَّآ أَزَلْنَآ إِلَيْكَ فَسْتَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُرَءُونَ ٱلْكَتَنْبَ مِن قَبْلَكَّ لَقَدْ جَآءَكَ ٱلْحَتُّى من رَّبِّكَ فَلاَ تَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلْمُثَّرَينَ ﴿ وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنت ٱلله فَنَكُونَ مَنَّ ٱلْخُنَسرينَ ١٠ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ حَقَّتْ عَلَيْهِمْ كَلَمْتُ رَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَوْجَاءَ مُّهُمُّ كُلُّ ءَايَة حَتَّى يَرَوُا ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلْأَلْمَ ١ فَكُولًا كَانَتْ قَرْيَةٌ وَامَنَتْ فَنَفَعَهَا إِيمَنْهَا إِلَّا قَوْمَ يُونُسَ لَمَّا ءَامَنُواْ كَشَفْنَا عَنَّهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلْخُرْي في الْحَيَوة الدُّنْيَا وَمَتَّعْنَنَّهُمْ إِلَىٰ حين رَبِّي وَلَوْشَاءَ رَبُّكَ لَا مَنَ مَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ كُلُّهُمْ جَمِيعًا أَفَأَنْتَ تُكُرِهُ ٱلنَّاسَ حَتَّىٰ يَكُونُواْ مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفْسِ أَن تُؤْمِنَ

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differed not until the knowledge came unto them. Lo! thy Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they used to differ.

- 94. And if thou (Muhammad) art in doubt concerning that which We reveal unto thee, then question those who read the Scripture (that was) before thee. Verily the Truth from thy Lord hath come unto thee. So be not thou of the waverers.
- 95. And be not thou of those who deny the revelations of Allah, for then wert thou of the losers.
- 96. Lo! those for whom the word of thy Lord (concerning sinners) hath effect will not believe,
- 97. Though every token come unto them, till they see the painful doom.
- 98. If only there had been a community (of all those that were destroyed of old) that believed and profited by its belief as did the folk of Jonah! When they believed We drew off from them the torment of disgrace in the life of the world and gave them comfort for a while.
- 99. And if thy Lord willed, all who are in the earth would have believed together. Wouldst thou (Muhammad) compel men until they are believers?
 - 100. It is not for any soul to believe save by the permission

إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهَ وَيَجْعَلُ الرَّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ قُـل انظُرُواْ مَاذَا في السَّمَـٰوَات وَالْأَرْضُ ۚ وَمَا نُغْـني ٱلْآيَنَتُ وَٱلنَّذُرُ عَن قَوْم لَّا يُؤْمنُونَ ١١٠ فَهَلْ يَنتَظُرُ ونَ إِلَّا مثلَ أَيَّامِ ٱلَّذِينَ خَلَوْاْ مِن قَبْلُهِمُّ قُلْ فَٱنْتَظُرُ وَأَ إِنِّي مَعَكُمُ مَنَ ٱلْمُنتَظرينَ ﴿ مِنْ أَنْهِ مُعْ نُنجَى رُسُلَنَا وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كَذَاكَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نُنج الْمُؤْمِنِينَ رَبِّي فُلْ يَتَأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ إِن كُنتُمْ فِي شَكِّ من ديني فَلاّ أَعْبُدُ ٱلَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُونَ من دُون الله وَلَلَكُنْ أَعْبُدُ اللهَ الَّذِي يَتَوَفَّلُكُمَّ وَأُمْرِتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مَنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَأَنْ أَقَمْ وَجُهَكَ لِلدِّيرِ . حَنيْفًا وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ يَكُونَ مُن دُون ٱلله مَا لَا يَنفَعُكَ وَلَا يَضُرُّكُ فَإِن فَعَلْتَ فَإِنَّكَ إِذًا مَّنَ ٱلظَّللمينَ ﴿ وَإِن يَمْسَلُّكَ ٱللهُ بَضُرَّ فَلَا كَاللَّهُ

of Allah. He hath set uncleanness upon those who have no sense.

IOI. Say: Behold what is in the heavens and the earth! But revelations and warnings avail not folk who will not believe.

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- 102. What expect they save the like of the days of those who passed away before them? Say: Expect then! I am with you among the expectant.
- 103. Then shall We save Our messengers and the believers, in like manner (as of old). It is incumbent upon Us to save believers.
- 104. Say (O Muhammad): O mankind! If ye are in doubt of my religion, then (know that) I worship not those whom ye worship instead of Allah, but I worship Allah Who causeth you to die, and I have been commanded to be of the believers.
- 105. And, (O Muhammad) set thy purpose resolutely for religion, as a man by nature upright, and be not of those who ascribe partners (to Allah).
- 106. And cry not, beside Allah, unto that which cannot profit thee nor hurt thee, for if thou didst so then wert thou of the wrong-doers.
 - 107. If Allah afflicteth thee with some hurt, there is none

لَهُ إِلّا هُوَ وَإِن يُرِدْكَ بَحَيْرِ فَلاَ رَآدَ لَفَضْلَهُ عَصِيبُ اللهُ وَالْمَوْرُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿ اللهُ فَلْ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُو

(۱۱) سُمُولاً هُوُلِ مِكَيَّةِ الا الآيات ۱۲ و ۱۷ و ۱۱۱ فدنتِ وآيانها ۱۲۳ نزلت بغالهورتيونس

يِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

الَّـرُّ كِنَابُ أَحْكَمَتْ ءَايَنْتُهُ مُمَّ فُصِّلَتْ مِن لَدُنْ حَكِيمٍ خَبِيرٍ ﴿ أَلَا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا اللهُ إِنَّنِي لَـكُمْ مِنْهُ who can remove it save Him; and if He desireth good for thee, there is none who can repel His bounty. He striketh with it whom He will of his bondmen. He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.

108. Say: O mankind! Now hath the Truth from your Lord come unto you. So whosoever is guided, is guided only for (the good of) his soul, and whosoever erreth erreth only against it. And I am not a warder over you.

109. And (O Muhammad) follow that which is inspired in thee, and forbear until Allah give judgment. And He is the

Best of Judges.

SÛRAH XI

Takes its name from v. 50, which begins the story of Hûd, of the tribe of A'âd, one of the prophets of Arabia who are not mentioned in the Hebrew scriptures. The sûrah also contains the stories of two other Arab prophets, Şâlih, of the tribe of Thamûd, and Shu'eyb of Midian (identified with Jethro), which, with those of Noah and Moses, are quoted as part of the history of Divine Revelation, the truth of which is here vindicated, in a manner supplementary to sûrah X.

A late Meccan sûrah, except v. 114 f., revealed at Al-Madînah.

НÛВ

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Râ.¹ (This is) a Scripture the revelations whereof are perfected and then expounded. (It cometh) from One Wise, Informed,
 - 2. (Saying): Serve none but Allah. Lo! I am unto you

 1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

يُمتعكمُ مَتَنَعًا حَسَنًا إِلَىٰ أَجَل مُسَعَّى وَ يُؤْت كُلَّ ذي فَضْلِ فَضْلَهُ ۗ وَ إِن تَوَلَّواْ فَإِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ كَبِيرِ ﴿ إِلَى اللهُ مَرْجُعُكُم ۗ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّهُم يَتَّنُونَ صُدُورَهُمْ لَيَسْتَخَفُواْ مَنَّهُ ٱلَّا حين يُستَغَشُونَ ثَيَابُهُمْ يَعَلَمُ مَا يُسرُونَ وَمَا يُعَلِّنُ ۚ إِنَّهُۥ عَلَيْمُ بَذَاتَ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿ ﴿ وَمَا مِن دَاَّبَّةَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ إِلَّا عَلَى الله رزَّقُهَا وَيَعْلَمُ مُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتُودَعُهَا كُلُّ ف كتَنب مُّبين ﴿ وَهُو الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَو ا وَٱلْأَرْضَ فِي سَنَّةَ أَيَّامٍ وَكَانَ عَرْشُهُۥ عَلَى ٱلْمَآءِ ليَبْلُوكُمْ أَيْكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَالًا وَلَين قُلْتَ إِنَّكُمْ مَبْعُوثُونَ مَنْ بَعْد

نَذِيرٌ وَبَسْيرٌ ﴿ وَأَن ٱسْتَغْفُرُ وَا رَبَّكُمْ ثُمَّ تُوبُوا إِلَيْه



ٱلْمَوْتِ لَيَقُولَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ إِنْ هَنذَا إِلَّا سَعَّرٌ مُّبِينٌ ٢

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from Him a warner and a bringer of good tidings.

- 3. And (bidding you): Ask pardon of your Lord and turn to Him repentant. He will cause you to enjoy a fair estate until a time appointed. He giveth His bounty unto every bountiful one. But if ye turn away, lo! (then) I fear for you the retribution of an awful Day.
- 4. Unto Allah is your return, and He is Able to do all things.
- 5. Lo! now they fold up their breasts that they may hide (their thoughts) from Him. At the very moment when they cover themselves with their clothing, Allah knoweth that which they keep hidden and that which they proclaim. Lo! He is Aware of what is in the breasts (of men).
- 6. And there is not a beast in the earth but the sustenance thereof dependeth on Allah. He knoweth its habitation and its repository. All is in a clear Record.
- 7. And He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days¹—and His Throne was upon the water—that He might try you, which of you is best in conduct. Yet if thou (O Muhammad) sayest: Lo! ye will be raised again after death! those who disbelieve will surely say: This is naught but mere magic.

¹ XXII, 47, XXXII, 5, and LXX, 4.

وَلَينَ أَخَرْنَا عَنَّهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰ أُمَّةً مَّعْدُودَةً لَّيَقُولُرَّ مَا يَحْبُسُهُ وَ أَلَا يُومَ يَأْتُهِم لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا عَنْهُم وَحَاقَ بهم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ مَ يَسْتَهَّزُءُ ونَ ﴿ وَلَا أَذَقْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ منًا رَحْمَهُ ثُمَّ نُرَعْنُهَا منْهُ إِنَّهُ لَيُعُوسٌ كَفُورٌ ﴿ وَلَيْنَ أَدَقَنَاهُ نَعْمَاءَ بَعْدَ ضَرّاء مَسَّنَّهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ ٱلسَّيْعَاتُ عَنَّى ۚ إِنَّهُ لَفَر ۗ فَخُورٌ ﴿ إِنَّا إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ وَعَلُواْ ٱلصَّلحَاتِ أُوْلَنَيِكَ لَمُمُ مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌكبيرٌ ١ فَلَعَلَّكَ تَارِكُ بَعْضَ مَا يُوحَى إِلَيْكَ وَضَآيِقٌ به ع صَدْرُكَ أَنْ يَقُولُواْ لَوْلَا أَزْلَ عَلَيْهُ كَنْزًاوْ جَآءَ مَعَهُ مَلَكُ ۚ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ نَذَيُّ وَ ٱللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِدُّلُ رَيُّ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ أَفْتَرَنَّهُ قُلْ فَأَتُواْ بِعَشْرِسُورَ مَثْلَهُ عِيمُفْتَرِيَكَ وَأَدْعُواْ مَن ٱسْتَطَعْتُم مَّن دُون ٱلله إِن كُنتُمْ صَلدقينَ ﴿

- 8. And if We delay for them the doom until a reckoned time, they will surely say: What withholdeth it? Verily on the day when it cometh unto them, it cannot be averted from them, and that which they derided will surround them.
- And if We cause man to taste some mercy from Us and afterward withdraw it from him, lo! he is despairing, thankless.
- 10. And if We cause him to taste grace after some misfortune that had befallen him, he saith: The ills have gone from me. Lo! he is exultant, boastful;

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- 11. Save those who persevere and do good works. Theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward.
- 12. A likely thing, that thou wouldst forsake aught of that which hath been revealed unto thee, and that thy breast should be straitened for it, because they say: Why hath not a treasure been sent down for him, or an angel come with him? Thou art but a warner, and Allah is in charge of all things.
- 13. Or they say: He hath invented it. Say: Then bring ten sûrahs, the like thereof, invented, and call on everyone ye can beside Allah, if ye are truthful!

فَإِلَّا يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَكُمْ فَأَعْلَمُواْ أَتَّمَا أُنزلَ بعلم الله وَأَن لَّآ إِلَٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ فَهَلْ أَنْتُم مُسْلَمُونَ ۞ مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ٱلْحَيْوَةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا نُوفٌ إِلَيْهُمْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ فِيهَا وَهُمْ فِيهَا لَا يُبْخَسُونَ ﴿ أُولَنَبِكَ الَّذِينَ لَيْسَ لَمُمَّ فِي ٱلْآخَرَةِ إِلَّا أَ ٱلنَّارُ وَحَبِطَ مَاصَنَّعُواْ فِيهَا وَبَلطُّلُّ مَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ٢ أَ فَمَنَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيَّنَة مِّن رَّبِّهِ عَ وَيَتْلُوهُ شَاهَدٌ مَّنَّهُ وَمِن ﴿ قَبْله عَكَنَابُ مُوسَى إِمَاماً وَرَحْمَةً أَوْلَيْكَ يُؤْمنُونَ بِهُ عَلَيْ وَمَن يَكُفُرُ به عَ مَنَ ٱلْأَحْزَابِ فَٱلنَّارُ مَوْعَدُهُو فَلَا تَكُ في مرِّيَة مَّنَّهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ ٱلْحَيُّ مِن رَّبِّكَ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ ﴿ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَّنَ أَفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللهَ كَذَبًّا أُوْلَدَيِكَ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ٱلْأَثْمَـٰكُ هَـَـُولَآءِ الَّذِينَ كَذَٰبُواْ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهُمْ أَلَا لَعْنَهُ اللهَ عَلَى الظَّلمينَ ۞

- 14. And if they answer not your prayer, then know that it is revealed only in the knowledge of Allah; and that there is no God save Him. Will ye then be (of) those who surrender?
- 15. Whoso desireth the life of the world and its pomp, We shall repay them their deeds herein, and therein they will not be wronged.
- 16. Those are they for whom is naught in the Hereafter save the Fire. (All) that they contrive here is vain and (all) that they are wont to do is fruitless.
- 17. Is he (to be counted equal with them) who relieth on a clear proof from his Lord, and a witness from Him reciteth it, and before it was the Book of Moses, an example and a mercy? Such believe therein, and whoso disbelieveth therein of the clans, the Fire is his appointed place. So be not thou in doubt concerning it. Lo! it is the Truth from thy Lord; but most of mankind believe not.
- 18. Who doeth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie concerning Allah? Such will be brought before their Lord, and the witnesses will say: These are they who lied concerning their Lord. Now the curse of Allah is upon wrong-doers,

¹ Ar. Muslimin.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيلِ ٱللهِ وَيَبْغُونَهَا عَوَجًا وَهُـم بِٱلْآخِرَةِ هُمْمٌ كَنفرُونَ ١٠٠ أَوْلَتَهِكَ لَرْ يَكُونُواْ مُعْجزينَ في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُم مِّن دُونِ ٱلله مِنْ أُوليَآ عَ يُضْلَعَفُ لَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مَا كَانُواْ يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَمَا كَانُواْ يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ أُوْلَيْكَ الَّذِينَ خَسْرُواْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنَّهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ لَكَ الْجَرَمَ أَنَّهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخَرَة هُمُ ٱلْأَخْسَرُ ونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَات وَأَخْبَنُواْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ أُولَتِهِكَ أَصَّعَبُ الْحَنَّة هُمْ فيها خَلدُونَ ﴿ ﴿ مَثَلُ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ كَالْأَعْمَىٰ وَالْأَصَمّ وَٱلْبَصِيرِ وَٱلسَّمِيعَ هَلْ يَسْتَو يَانَ مَثَلًا أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ رَبَيْ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَى قُومه مَ إِنِّي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ ثِي أَنْ لَا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا اللَّهُ إِنَّىٰ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْم



- 19. Who debar (men) from the way of Allah and would have it crooked, and who are disbelievers in the Hereafter.
- 20. Such will not escape in the earth, nor have they any protecting friends beside Allah. For them the torment will be double. They could not bear to hear, and they used not to see.
- 21. Such are they who have lost their souls, and that which they used to invent hath failed them.
- 22. Assuredly in the Hereafter they will be the greatest losers.
- 23. Lo! those who believe and do good works and humble themselves before their Lord; such are rightful owners of the Garden; they will abide therein.
- 24. The similitude of the two parties is as the blind and the deaf and the seer and the hearer. Are they equal in similitude? Will ye not then be admonished?
- 25. And We sent Noah unto his folk (and he said): Lo! I am a plain warner unto you.
- 26. That ye serve none, save Allah. Lo! I fear for you the retribution of a painful Day.

أَلْيه ﴿ فَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ مَا زَلَكَ إِلَّا بَشْرًا مَثْلَنَا وَمَا نَرَىٰكَ ٱتَّبَعَكَ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ أَرَادَلُنَا بَادِيَ ٱلرَّأْقِي وَمَا زَيْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِن فَضْل بَلْ نَظُنُّكُمْ كَلذبينَ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ عَلَوْم أَرَّءَ يُتُمُّ إِن كُنتُ عَلَى بَيَّنَة مَّن رِّ بِي وَءَا تَنْنِي رَحْمَةُ مَنْ عنده ٤ فَعَمِيتُ عَلَيْكُرَا نَلْزُمُكُمُوهَا وَأَنْهُمْ لَمَا كَارِهُونَ رَبِّي وَيَنقَوْم لَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مَا لَّا إِنَّ أَجْرَىَ إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ وَمَا أَنَا بِطَارِدِ الَّذِينَ ءَامُنُوٓا إِنَّهُم مُّلَنقُواْ رَبُّهمْ وَلَنكنَّى أَرَىكُمْ قَوْمًا تَجْهَلُونَ ﴿ وَيَلقَوْم مَن يَنصُرُني مَنَ ٱلله إِن طَرَدتُهُمْ أَفَلَا تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَلَآ أَقُولُ لَـكُمْ عندي خَزَآيِنُ ٱلله وَلآ أَعْلَمُ ٱلْغَيْبَ وَلآ أَقُولُ إِنَّى مَلَكُ وَلَآ أَقُولُ للَّذِينَ تَزْدَرِيَ أَعْيُنُكُمْ لَرَ. يُوْتِيهُمُ اللهُ حَيْرًا اللهُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَا فِي أَنفُسِهُمْ إِنِّي إِذَا لَّمَنَ

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- 27. The chieftains of his folk, who disbelieved, said: We see thee but a mortal like us, and we see not that any follow thee save the most abject among us, without reflection. We behold in you no merit above us—nay, we deem you liars.
- 28. He said: O my people! Bethink you, if I rely on a clear proof from my Lord and there hath come unto me a mercy from His presence, and it hath been made obscure to you, can we compel you to accept it when ye are averse thereto?
- 29. And O my people! I ask of you no wealth therefor. My reward is the concern only of Allah, and I am not going to thrust away those who believe—Lo! they have to meet their Lord—but I see you a folk that are ignorant.

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- 30. And, O my people! who would deliver me from Allah if I thrust them away? Will ye not then reflect?
- 31. I say not unto you: "I have the treasures of Allah" nor "I have knowledge of the Unseen," nor say I: "Lo! I am an angel!" Nor say I unto those whom your eyes scorn that Allah will not give them good—Allah knoweth best what is in their hearts—Lo! then indeed I should be of the wrong-doers.

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ٱلظَّلمينَ ﴿ مَا قَالُواْ يَكُو حُ قَدْ جَلدَلْتَنَا فَأَحْتَرْتَ جِدَالَنَا فَأَتِنَا بِمَا تَعَدُنَا إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّلدَقِينَ ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيكُم بِهِ ٱللَّهُ إِن شَآءَ وَمَآ أَنتُم بُمُعْجزينَ ﴿ وَلَا يَنفَعُكُمُ نُصْحَى إِنْ أَرَدتُ أَنْ أَنصَحَ لَكُمْ إِن كَانَ الله يريدُ أَنْ يَغُويَكُمُ هُورَبُكُمُ وَ إِلَيْهُ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ أَهُ يَقُولُونَ أَفْتَرَنْهُ قُلْ إِن أَفْتَرِيتُهُ فَعَلَى إِجْرَامِي وَأَنَّا بَرَى اللهُ مَمَّا تُجْرِمُونَ رَبِّي وَأُولَى إِلَى نُوحِ أَنَّهُ لَن يُؤْمِنَ من قَوْمِكَ إِلَّا مَن قَدْ ءَامَنَ فَلا تَبْتَيِسْ عَا كَانُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ ٢ وَاصْنَمَ ٱلْفُلْكَ بِأَعْيُنْنَا وَوَحْيِنَا وَلاَ تُخْطِبْنِي فِي ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ إِنَّهُم مُغْرَقُونَ ﴿ وَيَصْنَعُ ٱلْفُلَّكَ وَكُلَّمَا مَرَّ عَلَيْهِ مَلَاً مِن قَوْمه ۽ سَفْرُواْ مَنْهُ ۚ قَالَ إِن لَسْخَرُواْ مَنَّا فَإِنَّا نَسْخَرُ مَنكُمْ كَمَا تَسْخَرُونَ ۞ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

- 32. They said: O Noah! Thou hast disputed with us and multiplied disputation with us; now bring upon us that wherewith thou threatenest us, if thou art of the truthful.
- 33. He said: Only Allah will bring it upon you if He will, and ye can by no means escape.
- 34. My counsel will not profit you if I were minded to advise you, if Allah's will is to keep you astray. He is your Lord and unto Him ye will be brought back.
- 35. Or say they (again): He hath invented it? Say: If I have invented it, upon me be my crimes, but I am innocent of (all) that ye commit.
- 36. And it was inspired in Noah, (saying): No-one of thy folk will believe save him who hath believed already. Be not distressed because of what they do.
- 37. Build the ship under Our eyes and by Our inspiration, and speak not unto Me on behalf of those who do wrong. Lo! they will be drowned.
- 38. And he was building the ship, and every time that chieftains of his people passed him, they made mock of him. He said: Though ye make mock of Us, yet We mock at you even as ye mock;

مَن يَأْ تِيه عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيه وَيَهِلُّ عَلَيْه عَذَابٌ مُقيمٌ ﴿ حَيَّةِ إِذَا جَآءً أُمُّ نَا وَفَارَ ٱلتَّنُّورُ قُلْنَا ٱحْمَلْ فِهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجَيْنِ آشْيَنْ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا مَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَوْلُ وَمَنْ ءَامَنْ وَمَا ءَامَنَ مَعَهُ وَ إِلَّا قَلْيلٌ ﴿ ﴿ وَقَالَ أَرْكُبُواْ فَيَا بسْم الله تَجْرِينها وَمُرْسَلْها ۖ إِنَّ رَبِّي لَغَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ٢ وَهِيَ تَجْرِي بِهِمْ فِي مَوْجٍ كَآبِخْبَال وَنَادَىٰ نُوحُ ٱبْنَهُ وَكَانَ في مَعْول يَلبُنيَّ أَرْ كَب مَّعَنَا وَلا تَكُن مَّعَ ٱلْكَلفرينَ ٢ قَالَ سَنَاوِيّ إِنَّ جَبَلِ يَعْصِمُني مِنَ ٱلْمَاءِ قَالَ لَا عَاصِمَ ٱلْيَوْمَ مِنْ أَمْرِ ٱلله إِلَّا مَن رَّحمُّ وَحَالَ بَيْنَهُمَا ٱلْمَوْجُ فَكَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُغْرَقِينَ ﴿ وَقِيلَ يَتَأْرُضُ ٱبْلَعِي مَآءَك وَيَاسَمَا اللَّهُ وَعَيضَ الْمَا الْمَا الْمُوتُ وَلُّضِي الْأَمْرُ وَاسْتَوَتْ عَلَى ٱلْجُودِي وَقِيلَ بُعْدُ ٱللَّقَوْمِ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿



- 39. And ye shall know to whom a punishment that will confound him cometh, and upon whom a lasting doom will fall.
- 40. (Thus it was) till, when Our commandment came to pass and the oven gushed forth water, We said: Load therein two of every kind, a pair (the male and female), and thy household, save him against whom the word hath gone forth already, and those who believe. And but a few were they who believed with him.
- 41. And he said: Embark therein! In the name of Allah be its course and its mooring. Lo! my Lord is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 42. And it sailed with them amid waves like mountains, and Noah cried unto his son—and he was standing aloof—O my son! Come ride with us, and be not with the disbelievers.
- 43. He said: I shall betake me to some mountain that will save me from the water. (Noah) said: This day there is none that saveth from the commandment of Allah saze him on whom He hath had mercy. And the wave came in between them, so he was among the drowned.
- 44. And it was said: O earth! Swallow thy water and, O sky! be cleared of clouds! And the water was made to subside. And the commandment was fulfilled. And it (the ship) came to rest upon (the mount) Al-Jûdî and it was said: A far removal for wrongdoing folk!

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ This was a sign of the deluge, water gushing up from underground as well as falling from the sky.

وَنَادَىٰ نُوحٌ رَّبِّهُ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ ٱبْنِي مِنْ أَهْلِي وَ إِنَّ وَعْدَكَ الْحَتُّ وَأَنتَ أَحْكُمُ الْحَكَمِينَ ١٠٠ قَالَ يَلنُوحُ إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ مِنْ أَهْلَكُ إِنَّهُ عَمَلُ غَيْرُصَالِحِ فَلاَ تَسْعَلْنِ مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عَلْمُ إِنَّى أَعظُكَ أَن تَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْحَلَهلينَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّى أَعُوذُ بِكَ أَنَّ أَشْتَلَكَ مَالَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عَلْمُ وَ إِلَّا تَغْفِرْ لِي وَتَرْحَمْنِيَّ أَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْخُنسرينَ ١٠٠٠ قيلَ يَلنُوحُ أَهْبِطْ بِسَلَدِ مِنَّا وَبِرَ كُلت عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَيْ أَمْد مَّنَّ عرب معلى وأم سنمتعهم ثم يمسهم منا عَذَابُ أَلَيْم ﴿ تَلْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَآءِ ٱلْغَيْبِ نُوحِهَا إِلَيْكَ مَا كُنتَ تَعْلَمُهَا أَنتَ وَلَا قَوْمُكَ مِن قَبْلِ هَلذَّا فَأَصْبُّر إِنَّ ٱلْعَلْقَبَةَ لْمُتَّقِينَ رَبِّي وَ إِنَّ عَادَأَخَاهُمْ هُودًا قَالَ يَنقُوم آعُبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَا لَكُمُ مِنْ إِلَّهِ غَيْرُهُۥ إِنْ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا مُفْتَرُونَ ﴿

- 45. And Noah cried unto his Lord and said: My Lord! Lo! my son is of my household! Surely Thy promise is the Truth and Thou art the Most Just of Judges.
- 46. He said: O Noah! Lo! he is not of thy household; lo! he is of evil conduct, so ask not of Me that whereof thou hast no knowledge. I admonish thee lest thou be among the ignorant.
- 47. He said: My Lord! Lo! in Thee do I seek refuge (from the sin) that I should ask of Thee that whereof I have no knowledge. Unless Thou forgive me and have mercy on me I shall be among the lost.
- 48. It was said (unto him): O Noah! Go thou down (from the mountain) with peace from Us and blessings upon thee and some nations (that will spring) from those with thee. (There will be other) nations unto whom We shall give enjoyment a long while and then a painful doom from Us will overtake them.
- 49. This is of the tidings of the Unseen which We inspire in thee (Muhammad). Thou thyself knewest it not, nor did thy folk (know it) before this. Then have patience. Lo! the sequel is for those who ward off (evil)
- 50. And unto (the tribe of) A'âd (We sent) their brother, Hûd. He said: O my people! Serve Allah! Ye have no other God save Him. Lo! ye do but invent!

يَلقَوْم لَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْه أَجَرا إِنَّ أَجْرَى إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذي فَطَرَنَىٰ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَيَلْقَوْمِ ٱسْتَغْفَرُ وَا رَبَّكُو ثُمَّ تُوبُواْ إِلَيْه يُرْسِلِ ٱلسَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُم مَّدْرَارًا وَيَزَدْكُمْ فُوَّةً إِلِّي قُوَّ تُكُدُّ وَلَا نَتَوَلَّوْا تُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ يَلْهُودُ مَا جَنَّنَا بِبَيْنَة وَمَا نَحْنُ بِتَا رِكِيّ ءَالْهَتِنَا عَن قَوْلِكَ وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ ﴿ بُمُوْمنينَ ﴿ إِن تَقُولُ إِلَّا ٱعْتَرَنكَ بَعْضُ وَالْمَتَا بُسُوءٍ قَالَ إِنَّى أَشْهِدُ اللَّهَ وَاشْهَدُواْ أَنِّي بَرِي مَا مُّمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ من دُونه، فَكِيدُونِي جَمِيكًا ثُمَّ لَا تُنظُّرُون ﴿ إِنِّي إِنِّي نَوَكَّلْتُ عَلَى ٱللهُ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُم مَّامن دَآبَّة إِلَّا هُوَ ءَاخُذُ بنَاصِيَتُهَا ۚ إِنَّ رَبِّي عَلَىٰ صَرَاط مُّسْتَقيد رَبَّ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْا فَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمُ مَّا أَرْسلْتُ بِهِ ۚ إِلَيْكُمْ ۗ وَيَسْتَخْلُفُ رَبِّي قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ وَلَا تَضُرُّونَهُ مَسَيًّا إِنَّ رَبِّي عَلَى كُلَّ

- 51. O my people! I ask of you no reward for it. Lo! my reward is the concern only of Him Who made me. Have ye then no sense?
- 52. And, O my people! Ask forgiveness of your Lord, then turn unto Him repentant; He will cause the sky to rain abundance on you and will add unto you strength to your strength. Turn not away, guilty!
- 53. They said: O Hûd! Thou hast brought us no clear proof and we are not going to forsake our gods on thy (mere) saying, and we are not believers in thee.
- 54. We say naught save that one of our gods hath possessed thee in an evil way. He said: I call Allah to witness, and do ye (too) bear witness, that I am innocent of (all) that ye ascribe as partners (to Allah)
- 55. Beside Him. So (try to) circumvent me, all of you, give me no respite.
- 56. Lo! I have put my trust in Allah, my Lord and your Lord. Not an animal but He doth grasp it by the forelock! Lo! my Lord is on a straight path.

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57. And if ye turn away, still I have conveyed unto you that wherewith I was sent unto you, and my Lord will set in place of you a folk other than you. Ye cannot injure Him at all. Lo! my Lord is Guardian over all things.

شَيْءٍ حَفيظٌ ﴿ وَلَمَّا جَآءَ أَمْرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا هُودًا وَالَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ مَعَدُ بِرَحْمَة مَّنَّا وَنَجَيْنَكُهُم مَّنْ عَذَاب غَليظ (الله وَتَلْكَ عَادُّ جَحَدُواْ بِعَايَلت رَبِّهمْ وَعَصَواْ رَسَلَهُ وَ ٱتَّبعُواْ أَمْرَكُلَّ جَبَّارِ عَنيد ﴿ وَأَتْبَعُواْ فِي هَلَاهِ ٱلدُّنْيَالَعْنَةُ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ أَلاَّ إِنَّ عَادًا كَفَرُواْ رَبِّهِمُ أَلاَّ بُعْدًا لَّعَاد قَوْم هُودِ إِنَّ * وَ إِلَىٰ تَمُودَ أَخَا هُمْ صَالَحًا قَالَ يَلَقُوم أَعْبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَالَكُمُ مَنْ إِلَنه غَيْرُهُۥ هُوَ أَنْشَأَ كُمُ مَّرَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱسْتَعْمَرُكُمْ فِيهَا فَأَسْتَغْفُرُوهُ ثُمَّ تُوبُواْ إِلَيْهِ إِنَّ رَنَّى قَرِيبٌ عَجِيبٌ ﴿ وَإِن قَالُواْ يَنصَالُحُ قَدْ كُنتَ فينَا مَرْجُواً فَبِلَ هَلَدًا ۚ أَنْهَلُنَا أَنْ نَعْبُدُمَا يَعْبُدُ عَابِاً وَنَا وَ إِنَّنَا لَنِي شَكَ مَّكَ مَدَّحُونَا إِلَيْهُ مُرِيبِ ﴿ قَالَ يَنَقَوْم أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنتُ عَلَى بَيْنَةَ مَّن رَّبِّي وَءَاتَني منْهُ رَحْمَةً فَمَن يَنصُرُني



- 58. And when Our commandment came to pass We saved Hûd and those who believed with him by a mercy from Us; We saved them from a harsh doom.
- 59. And such were A'âd. They denied the revelations of their Lord and flouted His messengers and followed the command of every froward potentate.
- 60. And a curse was made to follow them in the world and on the Day of Resurrection. Lo! A'âd disbelieved in their Lord. A far removal for A'âd, the folk of Hûd!
- 61. And unto (the tribe of) Thamûd (We sent) their brother Şâlih. He said: O my people! Serve Allah, Ye have no other God save Him. He brought you forth from the earth and hath made you husband it. So ask forgiveness of Him and turn unto Him repentant. Lo! my Lord is Nigh, Responsive.
- 62. They said: O Sâlih! Thou hast been among us hitherto as that wherein our hope was placed. Dost thou ask us not to worship what our fathers worshipped? Lo! we verily are in grave doubt concerning that to which thou callest us.
- 63. He said: O my people! Bethink you: if I am (acting) on clear proof from my Lord and there hath come unto me a mercy from Him, who will save me from Allah if I disobey

مَنَ الله إِنْ عَصَـيْنُهُۥ لَمَا تَزيدُونَني غَيْرَ تَخْسـبر ﴿ وَ يَنقَوْم هَانِه ٤ نَاقَةُ ٱللهُ لَكُمْ ءَ آيَةً فَذَرُ وهَا تَأْكُلُ فِي أَرْض ٱلله وَلَا تَمَسُّوهَا بِسُوءِ فَيَأْخُذُكُمْ عَذَابٌ قَريبٌ ٢ فَعَقَرُ وَهَا فَقَالَ تَمَتَّعُواْ فِي دَارِكُمْ ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامُ ذَاكَ وَعْدُ غَيْرُ مَكْذُوبِ رَثِي فَلَمَّا جَآءَ أَمْرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا صَلْحًا وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ رِحْمَة مَنَّا وَمِنْ خِزَى يَوْمَدٍ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ ٱلْقُوىُ ٱلْعَزِيرُ ﴿ وَأَخَذَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ٱلصَّيْحَةُ فَأَصْبُحُواْ فِي دِيَارِهُمْ جَاشِمِينَ ۞ كَأَنْ لَرَّ يَغْنَوْاْ فَيَهَا أَلَّا إِنَّ مَمُودَاً كَفَرُواْ رَبِّهُمْ أَلَّا بُعْدًا لِّتُمُودَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا ۚ إِبْرَهِمَ بِٱلْبُشْرَىٰ قَالُواْ سَلَكُمُّ ۚ قَالَ سَلَكُمْ فَى لَبِثَ أَنْ جَآءَ بِعَجِلِ حَنِيدُ ﴿ فَلَمَّا رَءَآ أَيْدَيُّهُمْ لَا تَصِلُ إِلَيْهِ نَكَرَهُمْ وَأُوجِسَ مَنْهُمْ خِيفَةً قَالُواْ لَا يَحَفُّ 66666666666

Him? Ye would add to me naught save perdition.

- 64. O my people! This is the camel of Allah, a token unto you, so suffer her to feed in Allah's earth, and touch her not with harm lest a near torment seize you.
- 65. But they hamstrung her, and then he said: Enjoy life in your dwelling-place three days! This is a threat that will not be belied.
- 66. So, when Our commandment came to pass, We saved Sâlih, and those who believed with him, by a mercy from Us, from the ignominy of that day. Lo, thy Lord! He is the Strong, the Mighty.
- 67. And the (Awful) Cry overtook those who did wrong, so that morning found them prostrate in their dwellings,
- 68. As though they had not dwelt there. Lo! Thamûd disbelieved in their Lord. A far removal for Thamûd!
- 69. And Our messengers came unto Abraham with good news. They said: Peace! He answered: Peace! and delayed not to bring a roasted calf.
- 70. And when he saw their hands reached not to it, he mistrusted them and conceived a fear of them. They said: Fear

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى قَوْم لُوط رَبِّي وَأَمْرَأَتُهُ وَآيَمَةٌ فَضَحَكَتْ فَبَشَّرْنَلَهَا بِإِسْكَتَى وَمِن وَرَآءِ إِسْكَنَّى يَعْقُوبَ ١١٠ قَالَتُ يَلُو يُلَكِّنَ ءَأَلُدُ وَأَنَا بَحُوزٌ وَهَلْذَا بَعْلِي شَيْخًا ۚ إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَشَيْءٌ عَمِيبٌ ﴿ قَالُواْ أَنَعْجَبِينَ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللَّهُ رَحْمَتُ الله وَبِرَكَنْتُهُ عَلَيْكُمُ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتَ إِنَّهُ مَيدٌ مَّيدٌ مَّيدٌ مَّيدٌ في فَلَمَّا ذَهَبَ عَنْ إِبْرَهِمَ الرَّوْعُ وَجَاءَتُهُ الْبُشْرَى يُجَلِدلُنَا ﴿ يَنَإِرُاهِ مِ أَعْرِضْ عَنْ هَلَدًا ۚ إِنَّهُ قَلْدَ جَآءَ أَمْ رَبِّكَ وَ إِنَّهُمْ ءَاتِيهُمْ عَذَاكُ غَيْرُمْرُدُود ١٠٠٠ وَلَمَّا جَآءَتُ رُسُلُنَا لُوطًا سَى يَجْ بَهِمْ وَضَاقَ جِمْ ذَرْعًا وَقَالَ هَـٰذَا يَوْمُ عَصيبٌ ﴿ وَجَآءَهُ وَوَمُهُ مِهْرَعُونَ إِلَيْهُ وَمِن قَبْلُ كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيْعَاتُ قَالَ يَنقَوْم هَنَوُلآء بَنَاتي هُنَّ not! Lo! we are sent unto the folk of Lot.

- 71. And his wife, standing by, laughed when We gave her good tidings (of the birth) of Isaac, and, after Isaac, of Iacob.
- 72. She said: Oh, woe is me! Shall I bear a child when I am an old woman, and this my husband is an old man? Lo! this is a strange thing!
- 73. They said: Wonderest thou at the commandment of Allah? The mercy of Allah and His blessings be upon you, O people of the house! Lo! He is Owner of Praise, Owner of Glory!
- 74. And when the awe departed from Abraham, and the glad news reached him, he pleaded with Us on behalf of the folk of Lot.
 - 75. Lo! Abraham was mild, imploring, penitent.
- 76. (It was said) O Abraham! Forsake this! Lo! thy Lord's commandment hath gone forth, and lo! there cometh unto them a doom which cannot be repelled.
- 77. And when Our messengers came unto Lot, he was distressed and knew not how to protect them. He said: This is a distressful day.
- 78. And his people came unto him, running towards him —and before then they used to commit abominations—He said: O my people! Here are my daughters! They are purer

أَعْهَرُلَكُمْ فَأَتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَلَا يُعْرُون في ضَيْفِي أَلَيْسَ منكُرُ رَجُلٌ رَشيدٌ ﴿ مِنْ قَالُواْ لَقَدْ عَلَمْتَ مَا لَنَا في بَنَاتِكَ منْ حَقّ وَ إِنَّكَ لَتَعْلَمُ مَا نُرِيدُ ﴿ قَالَ لَوْأَنَّ لَى بِكُو قُوَّةً أَوْءَاوِىَ إِلَىٰ رُكُن شَديد رَبِّي قَالُواْ يَللُوطُ إِنَّا رُسُلُ رَبِّكَ لَن يَصِلُوا إِلَيْكَ فَأَسْرِ بِأَهْلِكَ بِقَطْعِ مَنَ الَّيْلِ وَلَا يَلْتَفْتُ مِنكُرُ أَجِدُ إِلَّا أَمْرَأَتِكُ إِنَّهُ مُصِيبِهَا مَا أَصَابِهِمْ إِنَّ مَوْعَدُهُمُ الصَّبِحُ أَلَيْسَ الصَّبِحُ بَقَرِيب ١ فَلَمَّا جَآءَ أُمْرُنَا جَعَلْنَ عَلْيَمَا سَافلَهَا وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا حَجَارَةً مِنْ سِجِيلِ مَّنْضُودِ ﴿ مِنْ مُسَوَّمَةً عَنْدَ رَبُّكَ ۗ وَمَا هِيَ مَنَ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ بِبَعِيدِ عِنْ ﴿ وَإِلَىٰ مَدِّينَ أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ يَنقَوْم أَعُبُدُواْ ٱللهُ مَالَكُمُ مَّنَّ إِلَنه غَيْرُهُۥ وَلَا تَنقُصُواْ ٱلْمُكْيَالَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ إِنِّي أَرْنَكُم بَخَيْرُ وَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُرْ



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- for you. Beware of Allah, and degrade me not in (the person of) my guests. Is there not among you any upright man?
- 79. They said: Well thou knowest that we have no right to thy daughters, and well thou knowest what we want.
- 80. He said: Would that I had strength to resist you or had some strong support (among you)!
- 81. (The messengers) said: O Lot! Lo! we are messengers of thy Lord; they shall not reach thee. So travel with thy people in a part of the night, and let not one of you turn round—(all) save thy wife. Lo! that which smiteth them will smite her (also). Lo! their tryst is (for) the morning. Is not the morning nigh?
- 82. So when Our commandment came to pass We overthrew (that township) and rained upon it stones of clay, one after another,
- 83. Marked with fire in the providence of thy Lord (for the destruction of the wicked). And they are never far from the wrong-doers.
- 84. And unto Midian (We sent) their brother Shu'eyb. He said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him! And give not short measure and short weight. Lo! I see you well-to-do, and lo! I fear for you the doom of a

عَذَابٌ يَوْم مُعِيط (فَي وَيَنقُوم أُونُوا الْمُكْيَالَ وَالْمِيزَانَ بِالْقَسْطُ وَلَا تَبْخُسُواْ النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَ هُمْ وَلَا تَغْشُواْ فِ ٱلْأَرْضِ مُفْسدينَ رَثِينَ بَقيَّتُ ٱلله خَيْرٌ لَّكُمَّ إِن كُنتُم مُّوْمِنينَ وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُم بَحَفيظ ﴿ قَالُواْ يَنْشُعَيْبُ أَصَلَوْتُكَ تَأْمُرُكَ أَن نَتُرُكُ مَا يَعْبُدُ وَابَا وْنَا أُوْأَن نَفْعَلَ فِيَ أَمْوَالِنَا مَا نَشَتُوااً إِنَّكَ لَأَنتَ الْحَلَمِ ٱلرَّشيدُ ١ قَالَ يَنقَوْمِ أُرَءَيْمُ إِن كُنتُ عَلَى بَينَة من رَّبِّي وَرَزَقَني مَّهُ رَوَّاً حَسَنًا وَمَا أَرِيدُ أَنَّ أَخَالَفَكُمْ إِلَىٰ مَا أَنْهَاكُمْ عَنْهُ إِنَّ أُرِيدُ إِلَّا ٱلْإِصْلَاحَ مَا ٱسْتَطَعْتُ وَمَا تَوْفِيقَ إِلَّا بِٱللهُ عَلَيْه نَوَكَٰلُتُ وَ إِلَيْه أُنبُ (إِنِّي وَيَنقَوْم لَا يَجْرِ مَنَّكُمْ شقَاقِي أَن يُصِيبَكُمُ مَثْلُ مَا أَصَابَ قَوْمَ نُوح أَوْ قَوْمَ مُود أَوْ قَوْمَ صَلَحِ وَمَا قَوْمُ أُوطِ مِنْكُم بِيَعِيدِ ١ besetting Day.

- 85. O my people! Give full measure and full weight in justice, and wrong not people in respect of their goods. And do not evil in the earth, causing corruption.
- 86. That which Allah leaveth with you is better for you if ye are believers; and I am not a keeper over you.
- 87. They said: O Shu'eyb! Doth thy way of prayer command thee that we should forsake that which our fathers (used to) worship, or that we (should leave off) doing what we will with our own property. Lo! thou art the mild, the guide to right behaviour.
- 88. He said: O my people! Bethink you: if I am (acting) on a clear proof from my Lord and He sustaineth me with fair sustenance from Him (how can I concede aught to you)? I desire not to do behind your backs that which I ask you not to do. I desire naught save reform so far as I am able. My welfare is only in Allah. In Him I trust and unto Him I turn (repentant).
- 89. And, O my people! Let not the schism with me cause you to sin so that there befall you that which befell the folk of Noah and the folk of Hûd, and the folk of Sâlih; and the folk of Lot are not far off from you.

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وَاسْتَغْفُرُواْ رَبِّكُمْ ثُمَّ تُوبُواْ إِلَيْهَ إِنَّا رَبِّي رَحمٌ وَدُودٌ رَجِي قَالُواْ يَنشُعَيْبُ مَا نَفْقَهُ كَثيرًا تَمَّ لَتُقُولُ وَإِنَّا لَنَرَىٰكَ فِينَا ضَعِيفًا وَلَوْلَا رَهْطُكَ لَرَجَمْنَنْكَ ۖ وَمَآ أَنتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْنَا بِعَزِيزِ ﴿ إِنَّ كَالَ يَنقُومُ أَرَهُ طِي أَعَزُّ عَلَيْكُم مَّنَ ٱلله وَٱلْخَذْتُمُوهُ وَرَآءَكُمْ ظَهْرِيًّا ۚ إِنَّا رَبِّي بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مُحيطٌ ﴿ وَيَنفَوْمِ اعْمَلُواْ عَلَى مَكَانَتُكُمْ إِنَّى عَنمُلَّ اللَّهِ عَلْمَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَن يَأْ تَيه عَذَاتِ يُخْزِيه وَمَنْ هُو كَلْذَبُّ وَأَرْتَعَبُواْ إِنَّى مَعَكُمْ رَقِيبٌ ﴿ وَلَمَّا جَآءَ أُمْرُنَا نَجِّينًا شُعَيْبًا وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَـهُ بِرَحْمَة مَّنَّا وَأَخَذَت الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ الصَّيْحَةُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ في ديارهم جَنثمينَ ﴿ كَأَن لَّا يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا ۚ أَلَا بُعْدًا لَمَدِّينَ كَمَا بَعَدَتْ تَمُ ودُ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِعَايِنتَنَا وَسُلْطُن مُّبِينِ

- 90. Ask pardon of your Lord and then turn unto Him (repentant). Lo! my Lord is Merciful, Loving.
- 91. They said: O Shu'eyb! We understand not much of that thou tellest, and lo! we do behold thee weak among us. But for thy family, we should have stoned thee, for thou art not strong against us.
- 92. He said: O my people! Is my family more to be honoured by you than Allah? And ye put Him behind you, neglected! Lo! my Lord surroundeth what ye do.
- 93. And, O my people! Act according to your power, lo! I (too) am acting. Ye will soon know on whom there cometh a doom that will abase him, and who it is that lieth. And watch! Lo! I am a watcher with you.
- 94. And when Our commandment came to pass We saved Shu'eyb and those who believed with him by a mercy from Us; and the (Awful) Cry seized those who did injustice, and morning found them prostrate in their dwellings,
- 95. As though they had not dwelt there. A far removal for Midian, even as Thamûd had been removed afar!
- 96. And verily We sent Moses with Our revelations and a clear warrant

إِلَىٰ فَرَعُونَ وَمَلَا بِهِ ءَ فَاتَبِعُواْ أَمْ فَرَعُونَ وَمَا أَمْ فَرَعُونَ برَشيد ﴿ يَقُدُمُ قُومُهُ مِومَ الْقَيْدَمَةُ فَأُورَدُهُمُ النَّارَ وَ بْشَسَ الْوِرْدُ الْمُورُودُ ﴿ وَأُنْبَعُواْ فِي هَنِذِهِ عَلَعْنَهُ وَيَوْمَ الْقَيْدَمَةُ بِنُّسَ الرِّفْدُ الْمَرَّفُودُ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَالِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَآءَ الْفُرَىٰ نَقُصُهُ عَلَيْكَ مَنْهَا قَآمٌ وَحَصِيدٌ ١ وَمَا ظَلَمْنَهُمْ ولككن ظَلَمُوا أَنفُسهم فَي آغَنتُ عَنْهُم وَالْحَارِي ٱلَّتِي يَدْعُونَ من دُون ٱلله من شَيْءٍ لِّمَّا جَآءَ أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ وَمَا زَادُوهُمْ غَيْرَ تَتْبيب ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ أَخْذُ رَبِّكَ إِذَا أَخَذَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَهِيَ ظَللَمَةٌ إِنَّ أَخْذَهُۥ أَليُّمْ شَديدٌ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَاَ يَةً لِّمَنْ خَافَ عَذَابَ ٱلْآخِرَة ذَاكَ يَوْمُ عَجْمُوعُ لَهُ ٱلنَّاسُ وَذَاكَ يَوْمٌ مَّشْهُودٌ ﴿ وَمَا نُوْتُرُهُ ۗ إِلَّا لأَجَلَ مَّعُدُود ﴿ إِنَّ يَوْمَ يَأْتَ لَا تَكَلَّمُ نَفْسُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنَّهُ عَلَّمُ لَفْسٌ إِلَّا بِإِذْنَّهُ

- 97. Unto Pharaoh and his chiefs, but they did follow the command of Pharaoh, and the command of Pharaoh was no right guide.
- 98. He will go before his people on the Day of Resurrection and will lead them to the Fire for watering-place. Ah, hapless is the watering-place (whither they are) led.
- 99. A curse is made to follow them in the world and on the Day of Resurrection. Hapless is the gift (that will be) given (them).
- 100. That is (something) of the tidings of the townships¹ (which were destroyed of old). We relate it unto thee (Muhammad). Some of them are standing and some (already) reaped.
- 101. We wronged them not, but they did wrong themselves; and their gods on whom they call beside Allah availed them naught when came thy Lord's command; they added to them naught save ruin.
- 102. Even thus is the grasp of thy Lord when He graspeth the townships¹ while they are doing wrong. Lo! His grasp is painful, very strong.
- 103. Lo! herein verily there is a portent for those who fear the doom of the Hereafter. That is a day unto which mankind will be gathered, and that is a day that will be witnessed.
 - 104. And We defer it only to a term already reckoned.
 - 105. On the day when it cometh no soul will speak except

فَنَهُمْ شَقَّ وَسَعِيدٌ ﴿ مِنْ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ شَقُواْ فَنِي ٱلنَّارِ لَهُمْ فيهَا زَفيرٌ وَشَهيتُ ﴿ يَكِنُ خَلَدِينَ فيهَا مَادَامَت ٱلسَّمَاوَاتُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ إِلَّا مَاشَآءَ رَبُّكَ ۚ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ فَعَّالٌ لَمَا يُرِيدُ ﴿ إِنَّ ي وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ سُعدُواْ فَنِي ٱلْحَنَّة خَدلدينَ فيهَا مَا دَامَت ٱلسَّمَنِوَاتُ وَٱلْأَرْضُ إِلَّا مَا شَآَّةً رَبُّكٌّ عَطَآءً غَيْرَ عَجْذُوذ ١٥ فَلَا تَكُ في مرْيَة مَّا يَعْبُدُ هَنَوُلَاَّ مَا يَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا كُمَّا يَعْبُدُ ءَا بَآؤُهُم مِن قَبْلُ وَإِنَّا لَمُوفُّوهُم نَصِيبُهُمْ غَيْرَ مَنقُوص ويم وَلَقَدْ عَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكتَبَ فَأَخْتُلُفَ فِيهُ ۚ وَلَوْلَا كُلَمَةُ سَبَقَتْ مِن رَّبِّكَ لَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَنِي شَكَّ مَّنَّهُ مُرِيبِ شِي وَ إِنَّ كُلًّا لَّمَّا لَيُوفَيَّنَّهُمْ رَبُّكَ أَعْمَلَهُمُّ إِنَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ١ فَأَسْتَقِمْ كَمَا أَمْرُتَ وَمَن تَابَ مَعَكَ وَلَا تَطْغَوّا ۚ إِنَّهُ مِنَا تَعْمَلُونَ



by His permission; some among them will be wretched, (others) glad.

- 106. As for those who will be wretched (on that day) they will be in the Fire; sighing and wailing will be their portion therein,
- 107. Abiding there so long as the heavens and the earth endure save for that which thy Lord willeth. Lo! thy Lord is Doer of what He will.
- 108. And as for those who will be glad (that day) they will be in the Garden, abiding there so long as the heavens and the earth endure save for that which thy Lord willeth: a gift unfailing.
- 109. So be not thou in doubt concerning that which these (folk) worship. They worship only as their fathers worshipped aforetime. Lo! We shall pay them their whole due unabated.
- 110. And We verily gave unto Moses the Scripture, and there was strife thereupon; and had it not been for a Word that had already gone forth from thy Lord, the case would have been judged between them, and lo! they are in grave doubt concerning it.
- 111. And lo! unto each thy Lord will verily repay his works in full. Lo! He is Informed of what they do.
- 112. So tread thou the straight path as thou art commanded, and those who turn (unto Allah) with thee, and transgress not. Lo! He is Seer of what ye do.

بَصِيرٌ ١١٥ وَلَا تَرْكُنُواْ إِلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ فَتَمَسَّكُمُ النَّارُ وَمَا لَكُمْ مَن دُونِ ٱللهِ مِنْ أَوْلَيَآءَ ثُمَّ لَا تُنصَرُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَوْةَ طَرَفَ النَّهَارِ وَزُلَفًا مِّنَ الَّيلِّ إِنَّ الْحُسَلَات يُذْهَبْنَ ٱلسَّيْعَاتُ ۚ ذَالكَ ذَكْرَىٰ للذَّا كُرِينَ ١٠٠٠ وَٱصْبِرْ فَإِنَّ ٱللهُ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَوْلَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْقُرُونِ من قَبْلَكُمْ أُولُواْ بَقِيَّة يَنْهُونَ عَن الْفَسَاد في الْأَرْض إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ثَمَّنْ أَنْجَيْنَا مَنْهُم وَأَتَّبَعَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَا أَرْفُواْ فيه وَكَانُواْ مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ لَهُمْكَ الْقُرَى بظُلْم وَأَهْلُهَا مُصْلِحُونَ ١٠٠ وَلَوْ شَآءَ رَبُّكَ بَحَكَلَّ ٱلنَّاسَ أُمَّةً وَاحدَةً وَلا يَزَ الونَ مُخْتَلفينَ ١١٥ إِلَّا مَن رَّحَمَ رَبُّكُّ وَلَاّلٰكَ خَلَقَهُمْ ۗ وَتَمَّتْ كَلَمَهُ رَبِّكَ لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مَنَ ٱلْحُنَّة وَٱلنَّاسَ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ وَكُلَّا نَّقُشُ عَلَيْكَ

- 113. And incline not toward those who do wrong lest the Fire touch you, and ye have no protecting friends against Allah, and afterward ye would not be helped.
- 114. Establish worship at the two ends of the day and in some watches of the night. Lo! good deeds annul ill-deeds. This is a reminder for the mindful.
- 115. And have patience, (O Muhammad), for lo! Allah loseth not the wages of the good.
- 116. If only there had been among the generations before you men possessing a remnant (of good sense) to warn (their people) from corruption in the earth, as did a few of those whom We saved from them! The wrong-doers followed that by which they were made sapless, and were guilty.
- 117. In truth thy Lord destroyed not the townships tyrannously while their folk were doing right.
- 118. And if thy Lord had willed, He verily would have made mankind one nation, yet they cease not differing,
- 119. Save him on whom thy Lord hath mercy; and for that He did create them. And the Word of thy Lord hath been fulfilled: Verily I shall fill hell with the jinn and mankind together.
 - 120. And all that We relate unto thee of the story of the

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SÛRAH XII

Yasuf takes its name from its subject which is the life-story of Joseph. It differs from all other sûrahs in having only one subject. The differences from the Bible narrative are striking. Jacob is here a prophet, who is not deceived by the story of his son's death, but is distressed because, through a suspension of his clairvoyance, he cannot see what has become of Joseph. The real importance of the narrative, its psychic burden, is emphasised throughout, and the manner of narration, though astonishing to Western readers, is vivid.

Tradition says that it was recited by the Prophet at Mecca to the first converts from Yathrib (Al-Madinah), i.e. in the second year before the Hijrah.

A late Meccan sûrah.

مِنْ أَنْبَآءِ الرُّسُلِ مَا تُشَبِّتُ بِهِ عُنُوَادَكَ وَجَآءَكَ فِي هَالَهِ الْحَقَّ وَجَآءَكَ فِي هَالَهُ الْحَقَّ وَمَوْعَظَةٌ وَذَكْرَى اللَّمُوَّمِنِينَ ﴿ وَقُل لَلَّذِينَ لَا اللَّهُ مُنُونَ أَعْمَلُوا عَلَى مَكَا نَتُكُمْ إِنَّا عَامِلُونَ ﴿ وَقُل لَلَّا مَنْظُرُ وَأَ الْتَعْلَمُ وَاللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهَ مَلُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَلُونَ وَالْأَرْضِ وَإِلَيْهِ مُرْجَعُ الْأَمْرُ كُلُّهُ فَآعُبْدُهُ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَيْهٌ وَمَا رَبُّكَ وَإِلَيْهِ مُرْجَعُ الْأَمْرُ كُلُّهُ فَآعُبْدُهُ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَيْهٌ وَمَا رَبُّكَ بَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَلَا يَعْمَلُونَ اللَّيْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْمَلُونَ اللَّهُ اللْمُعْلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ اللْمُعْلَى اللْمُولِ اللْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ اللْمُولَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُعْلِقُ الللْمُولُولُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُولُولُ اللَّه

(۱۲) سِّولِاً يُوسُفِّ مَكيْرٌ إلا الآيات ١ و ٢ و ٢ و ٧ فيدنية وإيانها ١١١ نزلت بعّده وواجهود

ين إَلَّهِ الرَّحْرِ الرِّحِيمِ

الرَّ يَلْكَ ءَايَنتُ الْكِتَنبِ الْمُبِينِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَزَلْنَهُ وَلَيْ الْمُبِينِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَزَلْنَهُ وَلَا الْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَلَهُ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُ وَمِنْ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَيْكُو

messengers is in order that thereby We may make firm thy heart. And herein hath come unto thee the Truth and an exhortation and a reminder for believers.

- 121. And say unto those who believe not: Act according to your power. Lo! We (too) are acting.
 - 122. And wait! Lo! We (too) are waiting.

PART XII

123. And Allah's is the Invisible of the heavens and the earth, and unto Him the whole matter will be returned. So worship Him and put thy trust in Him. Lo! thy Lord is not unaware of what ye (mortals) do.

JOSEPH

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Râ. These are verses of the Scripture that maketh plain.
- 2. Lo! We have revealed it, a Lecture² in Arabic, that ye may understand.
 - 3. We narrate unto thee (Muhammad) the best of narratives

¹ See footnote, sûtah II, v. 1.

³ Ar. Our dn.

أَحْسَنَ ٱلْقَصَصِ بَمَا أُوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ هَنَذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ وَإِنَّ كُنتَ من قَبْله علمنَ ٱلْغَنفلينَ ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ يُوسُفُ لأبيه يَنَأَبُّ إِنَّى رَأَيْتُ أَحَدَ عَشَرَكُوْكُبًّا وَالشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ رَأَيْتُهُمْ لِي سَلجدينَ ﴿ فَالَّ يَلُّنِّي لَا تَقْصُصْ رُ عِيَاكَ عَلَيْمَ إِخْوَتِكَ فَيكيدُواْ لَكَ كَيْدًا إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطُانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ عَدُوٌّ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ يَجْتَبِيكَ رَبُّكَ وَيُعَلِّمُكَ من تَأْوِيلِ ٱلْأَحَادِيثِ وَيُتُمُّ نَعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَيْ اللهِ يَعْقُوبَ كَمَا أَيُّهَا عَلَىٰ أَبُو يَكَ من قَبْلُ إِبْرَهُم وَ إِسْحَلَىٰ إِنَّ رَبِّكَ عَلَمُ حَكمٌ رَبُّ * لَّقَدْ كَانَ في يُوسُفَ وَ إِخْوَتِهَ عَايَثُ لِلسَّآبِلِينِ ﴿ إِذْ قَالُواْ لَيُوسُفُ وَأَخُوهُ أَحَبُ إِلَىٰ أَبِينَا مَنَّا وَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةً إِنَّا أَبَا نَا لَنِي صَلَالَ مَّدِين (في اقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ أَو اطْرَحُوهُ أَرْضَا يَحْلُ



- 4. When Joseph said unto his father: O my father! Lo! I saw in a dream eleven planets and the sun and the moon, I saw them prostrating themselves unto me.
- 5. He said: O my dear son! Tell not thy brethren of thy vision, lest they plot a plot against thee. Lo! Satan is for man an open foe.
- 6. Thus thy Lord will prefer thee and will teach thee the interpretation of events, and will perfect His grace upon thee and upon the family of Jacob as He perfected it upon thy forefathers, Abraham and Isaac. Lo! thy Lord is Knower, Wise.
- 7. Verily in Joseph and his brethren are signs (of Allah's Sovereignty) for the inquiring.
- 8. When they said: Verily Joseph and his brother are dearer to our father than we are, many though we be. Lo! our father is in plain aberration.
 - 9. (One said): Kill Joseph or cast him to some (other)

لَكُرُ وَجُهُ أَبِيكُرُ وَتَكُونُواْ مَنْ بَعْدُهُ عَوْمًا صَلَاحِينَ ﴿ قَالَ قَا مِنْ مَنْهُمْ لَا تَقْتُلُواْ يُوسُفَ وَأَنْقُوهُ في غَيَلْبَت ٱلْحُبُّ يَلْتَقَطَّهُ بَعْضُ ٱلسَّارَة إِن كُنتُمْ فَنعلينَ قَالُواْ يَكَأَبَانَا مَالَكَ لَا تَأْمَنَّا عَلَى يُوسُهِ فَ وَإِنَّا لَهُ لَنْصِحُونَ ١ أُرسَلُهُ مَعَنَا غَدًا يَرْتُمْ وَيَلْعَبْ وَإِنَّا لَهُمْ خَنْفَظُونَ ٢٠٥ قَالَ إِنِّي لَيَحْزُنُنِيَّ أَنْ تَذْ هَبُواْ بِهِ ء وَأَخَافُ أَن يَأْكُلُهُ ٱلذِّئْبُ وَأَنتُمْ عَنْهُ غَنفُلُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ لَينَ أَكَلُهُ ٱلذَّتُبُ وَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةً إِنَّا إِذَا لِخَلَسُرُ وِنَ رَبِّي فَلَمَّا ذَهَبُواْ به، وَأَجْمُواْ أَنْ يَجْعُلُوهُ فِي غَيْنَبَتَ ٱلْجُبُّ وَأُوحِيْنَا إِلَيْهُ لَتُنَبِّنَهُم بِأَمْرِهُمْ هَنذَا وَهُمْ لَايَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَجَآءُ وَأَ بَاهُمْ عَشَاءً يَبْكُونَ ٢٥ قَالُواْ يَكَأَبًا نَاۤ إِنَّا ذَهَبُّنَا نَسْتَبَقُ وَتَرَكُّنَا يُوسُفَ حندَ مَتَكَعنَا فَأَكَلَهُ ٱلذَّبُّ وَمَآ أَنتَ بِمُوْمِن لَّنَا

land, so that your father's favour may be all for you, and (that) ye may afterward be righteous folk.

- 10. One among them said: Kill not Joseph but, if ye must be doing, fling him into the depth of the pit; some caravan will find him.
- 11. They said: O our father! Why wilt thou not trust us with Joseph, when lo! we are good friends to him?
- 12. Send him with us to-morrow that he may enjoy himself and play. And lo! we shall take good care of him.
- 13. He said: Lo! in truth it saddens me that ye should take him with you, and I fear lest the wolf devour him while ye are heedless of him.
- 14. They said: If the wolf should devour him when we are (so strong) a band, then surely we should have already perished.
- 15. Then, when they led him off, and were of one mind that they should place him in the depth of the pit, We inspired in him: Thou wilt tell them of this deed of theirs when they know (thee) not.
 - 16. And they came weeping to their father in the evening.
- 17. Saying: O our father! We went racing one with another, and left Joseph by our things, and the wolf devoured him, and thou believest not our saying even when we speak the

وَلَوْ كُنَّا صَادِقِينَ ١٠ وَجَآءُ وعَلَىٰ قَسِمَهُ عَبِهُم كَذَبِ قَالَ بَلْ سَوَلَتْ لَكُمْ أَنْفُسُكُمْ أَمْرًا ۖ فَصَبْرٌ جَيْدًا وَٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلِيَ مَا تَصِفُونَ ۞ وَجَآءَتْ سَيَّارَةٌ فَأَرْسَلُواْ وَارِدَهُمْ فَأَدْنَى دَلُوهِ قَالَ يَدْبُشُرَىٰ هَلْذَا عُلْمُ وَأَسَرُوهُ بِضَاعِةٌ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْمٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَشَرُوهُ بَشَنَ بَخْس دَرَاهِم مَعْدُودَة وَكَانُواْ فيه منَ الزَّاهدينَ ربُّ وَقَالَ الَّذِي ٱشْـ تَرَنهُ من مَصْرَ لاّ مْرَأَته مّ أَكْرِي مَثْوَنهُ عَسَىٰ أَن يَنفَعَنَ أَوْتَغَلَّمُهُ وَلَداً وَكَلَاكَ مَكَا ليُوسُفَ في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلُنُعَلِّمَهُ مِن تَأْوِيلِ ٱلْأَحَادِيثُ وَٱللَّهُ غَالَبٌ عَلَةَ أَمْرِهِ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا بَلَّغَ أَشُدُّهُ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عُكُمًّا وَعَلْمًا وَكُلَّاكَ نَجْزى الْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ وَرَاوَدَتُهُ اللَّنِي هُوَ فِي يَتْمَا عَن نَّفْسه،

truth.

- 18. And they came with false blood on his shirt. He said: Nay, but your minds have beguiled you into something. (My course is) comely patience. And Allah it is Whose help is to be sought in that (predicament) which ye describe.
- 19. And there came a caravan, and they sent their water-drawer. He let down his pail (into the pit). He said: Good luck! Here is a youth. And they hid him as a treasure, and Allah was Aware of what they did.
- 20. And they sold him for a low price, a number of silver coins; and they attached no value to him.
- 21. And he of Egypt who purchased him said unto his wife: Receive him honourably. Perchance he may prove useful to us or we may adopt him as a son. Thus We established Joseph in the land that We might teach him the interpretation of events. And Allah was predominant in His career, but most of mankind know not.
- 22. And when he reached his prime We gave him wisdom and knowledge. Thus We reward the good.
 - 23. And she, in whose house he was, asked of him an evil

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وَغَلَّقَت الْأَبْوَ'بَ وَقَالَتْ هَيْتَ لَكٌّ قَالَ مَعَاذَ الله إِنَّهُ رَنَّى أَحْسَنَ مَثْوَائَى إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلَحُ ٱلظَّلَامُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ هَنَّتْ بِهُ عَ وَهَمَّ بِهَا لَوْلَآ أَنْ رَّءًا بُرْهَنَ رَبِّه عَ كَذَاكَ لنَصْرِفَ عَنْهُ ٱلسُّوءَ وَٱلْفَحْشَاءَ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عَبَادِنَا ٱلمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ وَٱسْتَبَقَا ٱلْبَابَ وَقَلَّتْ قَيصَهُ مِن دُبُر وَأَنْفَيَا سَيْدَهَا لَدَا ٱلْبَابُ قَالَتْ مَا جَزَآءُ مَنْ أَرَادَ بِأَهْلَكَ سُوءًا إِلَّا أَن يُسْجَنَ أَوْعَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ ﴿ قَالَ هِي رَاوَدَتْنِي عَن نَّفْسِي وَشَهِدَ شَاهِـ دُّ مِّنْ أَهْلَهَا إِن كَانَ قَيصُهُ قُدَّ مِن قُبُلِ فَصَدَقَتْ وَهُوَ مِنَ ٱلْكَندبينَ ﴿ وَإِن كَانَ قَيصُهُ وَقُدَّ مِن دُبُر فَكَذَبَتْ وَهُوَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدَقِينَ ١٠ فَلَتَّ رَوَا قَيصَهُ وَلَا مِن دُبُر قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِن كَيْد كُنُّ إِنَّ كَيْدَ كُنَّ عَظيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ يُوسُفُ أَعْرِضَ عَنْ هَلَدًا act. She bolted the doors and said: Come! He said: I seek refuge in Allah! Lo! he is my lord, who hath treated me honourably. Lo! wrong-doers never prosper.

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- 24. She verily desired him, and he would have desired her if it had not been that he saw the argument of his Lord. Thus it was, that We might ward off from him evil and lewdness. Lo! he was of Our chosen slaves.
- 25. And they raced with one another to the door, and she tore his shirt from behind, and they met her lord and master at the door. She said: What shall be his reward, who wisheth evil to thy folk, save prison or a painful doom?
- 26. (Joseph) said: She it was who asked of me an evil act. And a witness of her own folk testified: If his shirt is torn from before, then she speaketh truth and he is of the liars.
- 27. And if his shirt is torn from behind, then she hath lied and he is of the truthful.
- 28. So when he saw his shirt torn from behind, he said: Lo! this is of the guile of you women. Lo! the guile of you is very great.
 - 29. O Joseph! Turn away from this, and thou, (O

وَٱشْتَغْفَرى لَاَنَّبِكَ ۗ إِنَّكَ كُنت مِنَ ٱلْخَاطِينَ ﴿ * وَقَالَ نَسُوَّةٌ فِي ٱلْمَدْيِنَةِ ٱمْرَأَتُ ٱلْعَزِيزِ تُزَودُ فَتَلَهَا عَن نَّفْسهُ عَ قَدْ شَعَفَهَا حَبًا إِنَّا لَنَرَ عَهَا فِي ضَلَالِ شَبِين ﴿ فَلَمَّا سَمَعَتْ بَمَكُر هِنَّ أَرْسَلَتْ إِلَيْهِنَّ وَأَعْتَدَتْ لَمُّنَّ مُنَّكُ أَوْ ءَاتَتْ كُلُّ وَ حدَة منْهُنَّ سَكينًا وَقَالَت أَنْرُجْ عَلَيْهِ فَلَمَّا رَأَيْنَهُ أَكْبِرِنَهُ وَقَطَّعْنَ أَيْدِيهُنَّ وَقُلْن حَنسَ للهُ مَا هَلَذَا بَشَرًا إِنَّ هَلَذَا إِلَّا مَلَكُ كُريمٌ قَالَتْ فَذَالكُنَّ الَّذِي لُمُّنَّنِّي فِيهٌ وَلَقَدْ رَاوَدتُهُ عَن نَّفْسه عَ فَاسْتَعْصَمُ وَلَين لَرْيَفْعَلْ مَا عَامُرُهُ لِيسْجَنَنَ وَلَيْكُونَا مِّنَ ٱلصَّنغرينَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ ٱلسَّجْنُ أَحَبُّ إِلَّ مَّا يَدْحُونَنَيْ إِلَيْهُ وَ إِلَّا تَصْرِفْ عَنَّى كَيْدَهُنَّ أَصْبُ إِلَيْنَ وَأَكُن مَنَ الْحَنهلينَ ١٠٠ فَأَسْتَجَابَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ woman), ask forgiveness for thy sin. Lo! thou art of the faulty.

- 30. And women in the city said: The ruler's wife is asking of her slave-boy an ill-deed. Indeed he has smitten her to the heart with love. We behold her in plain aberration.
- 31. And when she heard of their sly talk, she sent to them and prepared for them a cushioned couch (to lie on at the feast) and gave to every one of them a knife and said (to Joseph): Come out unto them! And when they saw him they exalted him and cut their hands, exclaiming: Allah Blameless! This is not a human being. This is no other than some gracious angel.
- 32. She said: This is he on whose account ye blamed me. I asked of him an evil act, but he proved continent, but if he do not my behest he verily shall be imprisoned, and verily shall be of those brought low.
- 33. He said: O my Lord! Prison is more dear than that unto which they urge me, and if Thou fend not off their wiles from me I shall incline unto them and become of the foolish.
 - 34. So his Lord heard his prayer and fended off their wiles

فَصَرَفَ عَنْهُ كَيْدُهُنَّ إِنَّهُ أُهُو السَّمَيْعُ الْعَلَيمُ ٢ ثُمَّ بَدَا هَمُ مِنْ بَعْد مَا رَأُواْ ٱلْآيِنَتِ لَيَسْ جُنْنُهُ حَتَّى حين ﴿ وَدَخَلَ مَعَهُ السَّجْنَ فَتَيَانٌ قَالَ أَحَدُ هُمَّا إِنَّىٰ أَرْدِنِيَ أَعْسُرُ مُمْرًا وَقَالَ ٱلْآخَرُ إِنَّى أَرْدِنِيَ أَهُلُ فَوْقَ رَأْسِي خُبْرًا تَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرِ مِنْهُ نَبِثْنَا يَنَا وِيله، إِنَّا رَ لَكَ مَنَ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ قَالَ لَا يَأْتِيكُمَا طَعَامٌ تُرْزَقَانِه ۚ إِلَّا نَبَّأَ تُكُمَّا بِنَأْ ويله ء قَبْلَ أَن يَأْ تَيَكُمَا ذَالُكُمَا مَّا عَلَّمَنِي رَبِّنْ إِنِّي تَرَكُّتُ مَلَّةَ قَوْمٍ لَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالله وَهُمِ بِٱلْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كُنفُرُ ونَ ١٠٠ وَٱتَّبَعْتُ مَلَّةَ ءَابَآءِي إِبْرَهِ عَ وَ إِسْمَنَقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ * مَا كَانَ لَنَآ أَن تُشْرِكَ بِالله من مَّيْءٍ ۚ ذَاكَ من فَضْل الله عَلَيْنَا وَعَلَى النَّاس وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَايَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ يَنْصَدْحَى السَّجْنِ ءَأَرْ بَابُّ

from him. Lo! He is Hearer, Knower.

- 35. And it seemed good to them (the men-folk) after they had seen the signs (of his innocence) to imprison him for a time.
- 36. And two young men went to prison with him. One of them said: I dreamed that I was pressing wine. The other said: I dreamed that I was carrying upon my head bread whereof the birds were eating. Announce unto us the interpretation, for we see thee of those good (at interpretation).
- 37. He said: The food which ye are given (daily) shall not come unto you but I shall tell you the interpretation ere it cometh unto you. This is of that which my Lord hath taught me. Lo! I have forsaken the religion of folk who believe not in Allah and are disbelievers in the Hereafter.
- 38. And I have followed the religion of my fathers, Abraham and Isaac and Jacob. It never was for us to attribute aught as partner to Allah. This is of the bounty of Allah unto us (the seed of Abraham) and unto mankind; but most men give not thanks.
 - 39. O my two fellow-prisoners! Are divers lords better, or

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مُّتَفَرَّقُونَ خَيْرًا مَا اللهُ الْوَاحدُ الْقَهَّارُ ﴿ مُالْعَبْدُونَ مِن دُونه ٓ إِلَّا أَسْمَا ۚ سَمَّيْتُمُوهُمْ آذُتُمْ وَءَابَاۤ وَكُمْ مَّا أَزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَا مِن سُلْطَكِنَ ۚ إِن ٱلْحَٰكُمُ إِلَّا للهِ أَمَرَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ ۚ ذَاكَ ٱلدِّينُ ٱلْقَيِّمُ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِيَّ يَصَاحِي ٱلسَّجْنِ أُمَّا أَحَدُّكُمَا فَيَسْنِي رَبَّهُ جَمْراً وَأَمَّا الْآخَرُ فَيُصْلَبُ فَنَأْ كُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِن رَّأَسْهُ قُضَى ٱلْأَمْرُ ٱلَّذِي فيه تَسْتَفْتيَان ﴿ وَقَالَ للَّذِي ظَنَّ أَنَّهُو نَاجٍ مَّنْهُمَا ٱذْكُرْ في عند رَبِّكَ فَأَنْسَهُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ ذَكْرَ رَبِّه عَلَبْتَ في السَّجْنِ بضْعَ سنينَ ربُّ وَقَالَ الْمَلكُ إِنِّي أَرَىٰ سَبَّعَ بَقَرَات سَمَان يَأْ كُلُهِنَّ سَبِعُ عَجَافٌ وَسَبِعَ سُنْبُلَت خُضْر وَأَخَرَ يَا بِسَلْتَ يَنَابِهَا ٱلْمَلَأَأَ فَتُونِي فِي رُءِينِي إِن كُنتُمْ للُّوْمَا تَعْبُرُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ أَضْغَلْثُ أَحَلَكُمْ وَمَا يَحْنُ

Allah the One, the Almighty?

- 40. Those whom ye worship beside Him are but names which ye have named, ye and your fathers. Allah hath revealed no sanction for them. The decision rests with Allah only, Who hath commanded you that ye worship none save Him. This is the right religion, but most men know not.
- 41. O my two fellow-prisoners! As for one of you, he will pour out wine for his lord to drink; and as for the other, he will be crucified so that the birds will eat from his head. Thus is the case judged concerning which ye did inquire.
- 42. And he said unto him of the twain who he knew would be released: Mention me in the presence of thy lord. But Satan caused him to forget to mention it to his lord, so he (Joseph) stayed in prison for some years.
- 43. And the king said: Lo! I saw in a dream seven fat kine which seven lean were eating, and seven green ears of corn and other (seven) dry. O notables! Expound for me my vision, if ye can interpret dreams.
 - 44. They answered: Jumbled dreams! And we are not

بِتَأْوِيلِ ٱلْأَحْلَـٰم بِعَلْمينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِي نَجَا مَنْهُمَا وَادَّكَرَ بَعْدَ أُمَّةَ أَنَّا أَنْبَتْكُمُ بِنَأُ ويله ع فَأْرْسِلُونِ يُوسُفُ أَيُّهَا ٱلصَّدِّيقُ أَقْتَنَا فِي سَبْعِ بِقَرْات سَمَان يَأْكُلُهِنَّ سَبِعُ عِجَافٌ وَسَبْعُ سُنْبُلَت خُضْرِ وَأَنَرَ يَا بِسَلْت لَعَلَى أَرْجِعُ إِلَى ٱلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ قَالَ تَرْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سنينَ دَأَبًا لَهَا حَصَدهم فَذَرُوهُ في سُنبُله إلَّا قَليلًا مَّى اَ تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ يَأْتَى مَنْ بَعْد ذَاكَ سَبْعٌ شَدَادٌ يَأْكُونَ مَا قَدَّمْمُ هَٰنَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ثَمَّا تُخْصِنُونَ ﴿ مُنَّ مُمَّ يَأْتَى مَنْ بَعْد ذَاكَ عَامٌ فيه يُغَاثُ ٱلنَّاسُ وَفيه يَعْصُرُونَ رَبَّيْ وَقَالَ الْمَلُكُ اثْنُونِي بِهِ عَلَمَّا جَآءَهُ الرَّسُولُ قَالَ ارْجعُ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ فَسَعَلَّهُ مَابَالُ ٱلنَّسُوةَ ٱلَّذِي قَطَّعْنَ أَيْدَيَهُرَ ۖ إِنَّ رَبِّي بَكَيْدِ هِنَّ عَلَيمٌ ﴿ فَي قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُنَّ إِذْ رَاوَدَتُنَّ

knowing in the interpretation of dreams.

- 45. And he of the two who was released, and (now) at length remembered, said: I am going to announce unto you the interpretation, therefore send me forth.
- 46. (And when he came to Joseph in the prison, he exclaimed): Joseph! O thou truthful one! Expound for us the seven fat kine which seven lean were eating and the seven green ears of corn and other (seven) dry, that I may return unto the people, so that they may know.
- 47. He said: Ye shall sow seven years as usual, but that which ye reap, leave it in the ear, all save a little which ye eat.
- 48. Then after that will come seven hard years which will devour all that ye have prepared for them, save a little of that which ye have stored.
- 49. Then, after that, will come a year when the people will have plenteous crops and when they will press (wine and oil).
- 50. And the king said: Bring him unto me. And when the messenger came unto him, he (Joseph) said: Return unto thy lord and ask him what was the case of the women who cut their hands. Lo! my Lord knoweth their guile.
- 51. He (the king) (then sent for those women and) said: What happened when ye asked an evil act of Joseph? They

وُسُفَ عَنْ تَفْسَهُ عَ قُلْ حَلْشَ لَلْهُ مَاعَلَمْنَا عَلَيْهُ مِن سُو وِ قَالَتَ أَمْرَأَتُ ٱلْعَزِيرَ الْشَكَنَ حَصْحَصَ الْحَتَّى أَنَا رَاوَدْتُهُ عَن نَّفْسه ع وَ إِنَّهُ لَمَنَ ٱلصَّند قينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ لَيَعْلَمُ أَنَّى لَرْ أَخُنَّهُ بِالْغَيْبِ وَأَنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْدى كَيْدَ الْحَالَ بِنينَ ٢ * وَمَا أَبْرَى نَفْسَى إِنَّ النَّفْسَ لَأَمَّارَةُ السَّوْءِ إِلَّا مَا رَحِمَ رَبِّنَ إِنَّا رَبِّي غَفُورٌ رَّحيٌّم ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلْكُ ا نُتُونِي بِهِ مَا أَسْتَخْلُصْهُ لِنَفْسَى فَلَمَّا كُلَّمَهُ وَالَّ إِنَّكَ ٱلْيَوْمَ لَدَيْنَا مَكِينُ أَمِينٌ رَبِّي قَالَ اجْعَلْني عَلَىٰ خَزَآ بِنِ ٱلْأَرْضَ إِنَّى حَفيظٌ عَليمٌ ١١٥ وَكَدَاكَ مَكَّأَ ليُوسُفَ في الأَرْض يَتَبَوا منها حَيثُ يَشَاءُ نُصِيبُ برَحْمَنَا مَن نُشَاءُ وَلَا نُصْمِعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسَنِينَ ﴿ وَلَا جُوُ الْآخُو الْآخَرَة خَمْيْرٌ لِلَّذِينَ ءِامَنُواْ وَكَانُواْ يَنَّقُونَ ﴿ وَجَاءَ إِخْوَةُ يُوسُفَ answered: Allah Blameless! We know no evil of him. Said the wife of the ruler: Now the truth is out. I asked of him an evil act, and he is surely of the truthful.

- 52. (Then Joseph said: I asked for) this, that he (my lord) may know that I betrayed him not in secret, and that surely Allah guideth not the snare of the betrayers.
- 53. I do not exculpate myself. Lo! the (human) soul enjoineth unto evil, save that whereon my Lord hath mercy. Lo! my Lord is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 54. And the king said: Bring him unto me that I may attach him to my person. And when he had talked with him he said: Lo! thou art to-day in our presence established and trusted.
- 55. He said: Set me over the storehouses of the land. Lo! I am a skilled custodian.
- 56. Thus gave We power to Joseph in the land. He was the owner of it where he pleased. We reach with Our mercy whom We will. We lose not the reward of the good.
- 57. And the reward of the Hereafter is better, for those who believe and ward off (evil).
 - 58. And Joseph's brethren came and presented themselves

فَدَ خَلُواْ عَلَيْهِ فَمَرَ فَهُمْ وَهُمْ لَهُ مُنكرُونَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا جَهَزَهُم بِهَازِهِمْ قَالَ اثْنُونِي بِأَخِلَّكُمْ مَنْ أَسِكُمْ أَلَا تَرَوْنَ أَتَى أُوفِ الْكَيْلُ وَأَنَّا خَيْرُ ٱلْمُزلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَإِن لَّمْ تَأْتُونِي بِهِ ع فَلَا كَيْلَ لَكُمْ عندى وَلَا تَقْرَبُون ﴿ قَالُواْ سَنُرَاوِدُ عَنْهُ أَبَّاهُ وَ إِنَّا لَفَعلُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ لَفتْيَنَهُ ٱجْعَلُواْ بِضَاعَتُهُمْ في رَحَالُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْرُفُونَهَا إِذَا انْقَلَبُواْ إِنِّي أَهْلَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ١ فَلَمَّا رَجَعُواْ إِلَىٰ أَبِيهِمْ قَالُواْ يَنَأَ بَانَا مُنعَ مَنَّا ٱلْكَيْلُ فَأَرْسِلْ مَعَنَآ أَخَانَا نَكْتَلْ وَ إِنَّالُهُۥ كَلَفُطُونَ ﴿ قَالَ هَلْ ءَامَنُكُمْ عَلَيْه إِلَّا كُمَا أَمنتُكُمْ عَلَيْ أَخيه من قَبْلُ فَاللَّهُ خَيْرٌ حَافِظًا وَهُو أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِنَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا فَتَحُواْ مَتَلَعَهُمْ وَجَدُواْ بِضَنْعَتَهُمْ رُدَّتْ إِلَيْهُمْ قَالُواْ يَكَأَبَانَا مَا نَبْغَى هَالْهُ وَ بِضَاعَتُنَا رُدَّتْ إِلَيْنا وَتَمْيرُ أَهْلَنَا وَتَحْفَظُ أَخَاناً

before him, and he knew them but they knew him not.

- 59. And when he provided them with their provision he said: Bring unto me a brother of yours from your father. See ye not that I fill up the measure and I am the best of hosts?
- 60. And if ye bring him not unto me, then there shall be no measure for you with me, nor shall ye draw near.
- 61. They said: We will try to win him from his father: that we will surely do.
- 62. He said unto his young men: Place their merchandise in their saddlebags, so that they may know it when they go back to their folk, and so will come again.
- 63. So when they went back to their father they said: O our father! The measure is denied us, so send with us our brother that we may obtain the measure, surely we will guard him well.
- 64. He said: Can I entrust him to you save as I entrusted his brother to you aforetime? Allah is better at guarding, and He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy.
- 65. And when they opened their belongings they discovered that their merchandise had been returned to them. They said: O our father! What (more) can we ask? Here is our merchandise returned to us. We shall get provision for our folk and guard our brother, and we shall have the extra

وَ زَدَادُ كَيْلَ بَعِيرَ ذَاكَ كَيْلٌ يَسِيرٌ ﴿ قَالَ لَنْ أَرْسَلُهُۥ مَعَكُمُ حَتَّى تُؤْتُون مَوْثَقًا مَنَ ٱللهُ لَنَا أَنَّذِي بِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَنْ يُحَاطَّ بكُرُ فَلَمَّا ءَاتُوهُ مَوْنَقَهُمْ قَالَ اللهُ عَلَى مَانَقُولُ وَ كَيْلُ ٢ وَقَالَ يَلْبَنَّ لَا تَدْخُلُواْ مَنْ بَابِ وَاحد وَادْخُلُواْ مِنْ أَبُواب مُّنَفَرَّفَةً وَمَا أَغْنَى عَنكُم مِّنَ ٱلله من شَيُّهِ إِن ٱلْحُكُمُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ نَوَ كُلُّتُ وَعَلَيْهُ فَلْيَنَوَ كُلَّ ٱلْمُتَوَكَّلُونَ ٢ وَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ مَنْ حَيْثُ أَمْرَهُمْ أَبُوهُمٍ مَّا كَانَ يُغْنِي عَنْهُم مَّنَ الله من شَيُّ ۗ إِلَّا حَاجَةً فِي نَفْسٍ يَعْقُوبَ قَضَاعًا وَ إِنَّهُ لَذُو عَلْم لَّمَا عَلَّمْنَهُ وَلَكُنَّ أَكُرُ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ رَبِّي وَلَمَّا دَخُلُواْ عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ ءَاوَى إِلَيْهِ أَخَاهُ قَالَ إِنَّىٰ أَنَّا أَنُّوكَ فَلَا تَبْتَيِسْ بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ٢ فَلَمِّ جَهِّزَهُم جَهَازهم جَعَلَ السَّقَايَةَ في رَحْل أَحِيه

- 66. He said: I will not send him with you till ye give me an undertaking in the name of Allah that ye will bring him back to me, unless ye are surrounded. And when they gave him their undertaking he said: Allah is the Warden over what we say.
- 67. And he said: O my sons! Go not in by one gate; go in by different gates. I can naught avail you as against Allah. Lo! the decision rests with Allah only. In Him do I put my trust, and in Him let all the trusting put their trust
- 68. And when they entered in the manner which their father had enjoined, it would have naught availed them as against Allah; it was but a need of Jacob's soul which he thus satisfied; and lo! he was a lord of knowledge because We had taught him; but most of mankind know not.
- 69. And when they went in before Joseph, he took his brother unto himself, saying: Lo! I, even I, am thy brother, therefore sorrow not for what they did.
- 70. And when he provided them with their provision, he put the drinking-cup in his brother's saddlebag, and then a

¹ There is a prevalent superstition in the East that the members of a large family ought not to appear all-together, for fear of the ill luck that comes from envy in the hearts of others.

مُمَّا ذَنَّ مُؤْذُنُ أَيتُهَا أَلْعِيرُ إِنَّكُمْ لَسَلِرَقُونَ رَبِّي قَالُواْ وَأَقْبَلُواْ عَلَيْهِم مَّاذَا تَفْقدُونَ ١٥٥ قَالُواْ نَفْقدُ صُواعَ ٱلْمَلك وَلمَن جَآءَ به عَمْلُ بَعِيرِ وَأَنَا به عَزَعَيْ ﴿ إِنِّي قَالُواْ تَاللَّهُ لَقَدْ عَلَمْتُم مَّا جِئْنَا لِنُفْسِدَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا كُنَّا سَنرِقِينَ رَبِّنِ قَالُواْ فَمَا جَزَّ وُّهُ وَ إِن كُنتُمْ كَلذبينَ (إِن كَالُواْ جَزَّ وُّهُ مَن وُجدَ في رَحْله ع فَهُو جَزَآؤُهُ إِكَالَكَ نَجْزِى ٱلظَّلمينَ ٢ فَبَدَأَ بِأُوْعِيتُهِمْ قَبْلَ وعَاء أُحِيه ثُمَّ ٱسْتَخْرَجَهَا من وعَآء أَحِيه ۚ كَذَاكَ كَدْنَا لِيُوسُفَ مَا كَانَ لِيَأْخُذَ أَخَاهُ في دين ٱلْمَلِكَ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ اللَّهُ نَرْفَعُ دَرَجَنت مَّن نَّشَآءُ وَفَوْقَ كُلِّ ذي علم عَليمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ ال أَخْ لَهُ مِن قَبْلُ قَاسَرُهَا يُوسُفُ في نَفْسه وَلَرْ يُبِدُهَا لَمُمْ قَالَ أَنْتُمْ شُرُّمَكَاناً وَاللهُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَا تَصِفُونَ ٢



crier cried: O camel-riders! Lo! ye are surely thieves!

- 71. They cried, coming toward them: What is it ye have lost?
- 72. They said: We have lost the king's cup, and he who bringeth it shall have a camel-load, and I (said Joseph) am answerable for it.
- 73. They said: By Allah, well ye know we came not to do evil in the land, and are no thieves.
- 74. They said: And what shall be the penalty for it, if ye prove liars?
- 75. They said: The penalty for it! He in whose bag (the cup) is found, he is the penalty for it. Thus we requite wrong-doers.
- 76. Then he (Joseph) began the search with their bags before his brother's bag, then he produced it from his brother's bag. Thus did We contrive for Joseph. He could not have taken his brother according to the king's law unless Allah willed. We raise by grades (of mercy) whom We will, and over every lord of knowledge there is one more knowing.
- 77. They said: If he stealeth, a brother of his stole before. But Joseph kept it secret in his soul and revealed it not unto them. He said (within himself): Ye are in worse case, and Allah knoweth best (the truth of) that which ye allege.

قَالُواْ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلْعَزِيزُ إِنَّ لَهُۥ أَبَا شَيْخا كَبِيراً فَخُذْ أَحَدَنا مَكَانَهُ ۚ إِنَّا نَرَىٰكَ مَنَ ٱلْمُحْسَنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا مَعَاذَ ٱللَّهِ أَن نَّأْخُذَ إِلَّا مَن وَجَدْنَا مَتَلَعَنَا عندَهُ ﴿ إِنَّا إِذَا لَّظَالُمُونَ رَبِّي فَلَمَّا ٱسْتِيتُسُواْ منهُ خَلْصُواْ تَجِيبٌ قَالَ كَبِيرُهُمْ ٱلْمَ تَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ أَبَاكُمْ قَدْ أَخَذَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَّوْثَقًا مَنَ الله وَمن قَبْلُ مَافَرَّطُتُمْ في يُوسُفُّ فَلَنْ أَبْرَحَ ٱلْأَرْضَ حَنَّى بَأَذَنَ لِيَ أَنَّ أَنَّ أَنَّ أَوْ يَحْكُمُ اللهُ لَيْ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَنكمينَ ﴿ آرْجُعُواْ إِلَّ أَسِكُمْ فَقُولُواْ يَتَأَ بَانَآ إِنَّ ٱبْنَكَ سَرَقَ وَمَا شَهِدْنَا إِلَّا بَمَا عَلَّمْنَا وَمَا كُنَّا الْغَيْبِ حَلفظينَ ﴿ وَهُ وَسَّكُلُ ٱلْقَرْيَةَ ٱلَّتِي كُنَّا فِهَا وَٱلْعِيرَ ٱلَّتِيَّ أَقْبَلْنَا فِهَا ۚ وَإِنَّا لَصَادِتُونَ ﴿ قَالَ بَلْ سَوْلَتُ لَكُمْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَمْرًا فَصَدِيرٌ جَمِيلٌ عَسَى إِللَّهُ أَنْ يَأْ تَيْنَى بِهِمْ جَمِّهًا إِنَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْعَلِّمُ ٱلْحَكُمُ ٢

78. They said: O ruler of the land! Lo! he hath a very aged father, so take one of us instead of him. Lo! we behold thee of those who do kindness.

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- 79. He said: Allah forbid that we should seize save him with whom we found our property; then truly we should be wrong-doers.
- 80. So, when they despaired of (moving) him, they conferred together apart. The eldest of them said: Know ye not how your father took an undertaking from you in Allah's name and how ye failed in the case of Joseph aforetime? Therefore I shall not go forth from the land until my father giveth leave or Allah judgeth for me. He is the Best of Iudges.
- 81. Return unto your father and say: O our father! Lo! thy son hath stolen. We testify only to that which we know; we are not guardians of the Unseen.
- 82. Ask the township where we were, and the caravan with which we travelled hither. Lo! we speak the truth.
- 83. (And when they came unto their father and had spoken thus to him) he said: Nay, but your minds have beguiled you into something. (My course is) comely patience! It may be that Allah will bring them all unto me. Lo! He, only He, is the Knower, the Wise.

وَيُولِّي عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَتَأْسَفِي عَلَى يُوسُفَ وَأَيْسَضَّتْ عَيْنَاهُ مَنَ ٱلْحُرُّنَ فَهُو كَظَيُّم ﴿ إِنِّي قَالُواْ تَالله تَفْتَوُاْ الذَّكُرُ يُوسُفَ حَتَّى تَكُونَ حَرَضًا أَوْ تَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُنْلِكِينَ ﴿ مَالَّهُ اللَّهِ عَالَ إِنَّمَا أَشْكُواْ بَنِّي وَحُرْنَى إِلَى الله وَأَعْلَمُ مِنَ الله مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ١ يَكِنَى آذَهَبُواْ فَتَحَسَّسُواْ مِن يُوسُفَ وَأَخِيهِ وَلَا تَأْيْتُسُواْ مِن رَّوْحِ الله إِنَّهُ لِلا يَأْيْتُسُ مِن رَّوْحِ ٱلله إِلَّا ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلْكَـٰفُرُونَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ عَلَيْهِ قَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلْعَزِيزُ مَسَّنَا وَأَهْلَنَا ٱلضُّرُّ وَجَعْنَا ببضَعَة مُّزْجَلة فَأَوْف لَنَا ٱلْكَيْلَ وَتَصَدَّقْ عَلَيْنَا ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَجْزى الْمُتَصَدِّقِينَ رَبِّي قَالَ هَلْ عَلْمُتُم مَّا فَعَلَّتُم بِيُوسُفَ وَأَخِيهِ إِذْ أَنْتُمْ جَلهُلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ الْعَلْمَ الْعَنَّكَ لَأَنْتَ يُوسُفُّ قَالَ أَنَا يُوسُفُ وَهُلِذَا أَخَى قَدْ مَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيناً إِنَّهُ مَن

- 84. And he turned away from them and said: Alas, my grief for Joseph! And his eyes were whitened with the sorrow that he was suppressing.
- 85. They said: By Allah, thou wilt never cease remembering Joseph till thy health is ruined or thou art of those who perish!
- 86. He said: I expose my distress and anguish only unto Allah, and I know from Allah that which ye know not.
- 87. Go, O my sons, and ascertain concerning Joseph and his brother, and despair not of the Spirit of Allah. Lo! none despaireth of the Spirit of Allah save disbelieving folk.
- 88. And when they came (again) before him (Joseph) they said: O ruler! Misfortune hath touched us and our folk, and we bring but poor merchandise, so fill for us the measure and be charitable unto us. Lo! Allah will requite the charitable.
- 89. He said: Know ye what ye did unto Joseph and his brother in your ignorance?
- 90. They said: Is it indeed thou who art Joseph? He said: I am Joseph and this is my brother. Allah hath shown

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يَتَق وَيَصْبُرْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُضَيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسَنينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ تَالله لَقَدْ ءَاثَرَكَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا وَ إِن كُنَّا لِخَسَطِعِينَ ﴿ قَالَ لَا تَثْرِيبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْيَوْمَ يَغْفُرُ اللهُ لَكُمُ وَهُوَ أَرْحَمُ ٱلرَّاحِينَ ١٠ انْهَبُواْ بِقَميصي هَلْذَا فَأَلْقُوهُ عَلَى وَجْهِ أَبِي يَأْت بَصِيرًا وَأَتُونِي بِأَهْلِكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا فَصَلَت الْعِيرُ قَالَ أَبُوهُمْ إِنِّي لَأَجُدُ رِيْحَ يُوسُفَ لَوْلَآ أَن تُفَنَّدُونِ ﴿ قَالُواْ تَاللَّهُ إِنَّكَ لَنِي ضَلَاكَ ٱلْقَديم ١ مَن فَلَمَّ أَن جَآءَ ٱلْبَسِيرُ أَلْقَنهُ عَلَى وَجْهه، فَأَرْتَدَّ بَصِيراً قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُل لَّكُمَّ إِنَّى أَعْلَمُ مِنَ الله مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ قَالُواْ يَنَأَبَا نَا ٱسْتَغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَ إِنَّا كُنَّا خَلِطُ عِينَ ﴿ وَالْ سَوْفَ أَسْتَغْفُرُ لَكُو رَتَّ إِنَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ عَلَى يُوسُفَ ءَاوَى

us favour. Lo! he who wardeth off (evil) and endureth (findeth favour); for lo! Allah loseth not the wages of the kindly.

- 91. They said: By Allah, verily Allah hath preferred thee above us, and we were indeed sinful.
- 92. He said: Have no fear this day! May Allah forgive you, and He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy.
- 93. Go with this shirt of mine and lay it on my father's face, he will become (again) a seer; and come to me with all your folk.
- 94. When the caravan departed their father had said: Truly I am conscious of the breath of Joseph, though ye call me dotard.
- 95. (Those around him) said: By Allah, lo! thou art in thine old aberration.
- 96. Then, when the bearer of glad tidings came, he laid it on his face and he became a seer once more. He said: Said I not unto you that I know from Allah that which ye know not?
- 97. They said: O our father! Ask forgiveness of our sins for us, for lo! we were sinful.
- 98. He said: I shall ask forgiveness for you of my Lord. Lo! He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.
 - 99. And when they came in before Joseph, he took his

إِلَيْهِ أَبُوَيْهِ وَقَالَ ٱدْخُلُواْ مصَّرَ إِن شَآءَ ٱللهُ ءَامنينَ ﴿ ورَفَعَ أَبُويْهِ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ وَخَرُواْ لَهُ سُجِّدًا وَقَالَ يَنَابَتَ هَلِذَا تَأْوِيلُ رُءُ يَلِي مِن قَبْلُ قَدْ جَعَلَهَا رَبِّي حَقًّا وَقَدْ أَحْسَنَ بِنَ إِذْ أَنْرَجَنِي مِنَ السَّجْنِ وَجَآءَ بِكُمُ مِّنَ ٱلْبَدُّو مِنْ بَعْد أَن نَّزَعَ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ بَيْني وَبَيْنَ إِخْوَتَى ۗ إِنَّ رَبِّي لَطِيفٌ لَّمَا يَشَاءُ إِنَّهُ مُوا لَعَلَمُ الْحَكَمُ ٢ * رَبِّ قَدْ ءَا تَيْدَني منَ الْمُلُّك وَعَلَّمْتني من تَأْويل ٱلْأُحَادِيثُ فَاطرَ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ أَنتَ وَلَيْ عِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةَ تَوَقَّني مُسْلَمًا وَأَلْحَقْني بِٱلصَّالِحِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءَ ٱلْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا كُنتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ أَجْمَعُواْ أَمْرَهُمْ وَهُمْ يَمْكُرُ ونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَكْثَرُ أَلنَّاسَ وَلَوْ مَرَصْتَ بُمُوْمِنينَ ﴿ وَمَا لَسْعَلُهُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرَ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا ذَكُّ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَجْرَ



parents unto him, and said: Come into Egypt safe, if Allah will!

too. And he placed his parents on the dais and they fell down before him prostrate, and he said: O my father! This is the interpretation of my dream of old. My Lord hath made it true, and He hath shown me kindness, since He took me out of the prison and hath brought you from the desert after Satan had made strife between me and my brethren. Lo! my Lord is tender unto whom He will. He is the Knower, the Wise.

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- 101. O my Lord! Thou hast given me (something) of sovereignty and hast taught me (something) of the interpretation of events—Creator of the heavens and the earth! Thou art my Protecting Guardian in the world and the Hereafter. Make me to die musliman (unto Thee), and join me to the righteous.
- 102. This is of the tidings of the Unseen which We inspire in thee (Muhammad). Thou wast not present with them when they fixed their plan and they were scheming.
- 103. And though thou try much, most men will not believe.
- 104. Thou askest them no fee for it. It is naught else than a reminder unto the peoples.



لَّلْعَكَلَمِينَ ﴿ يَنِّي وَكَأَيْنِ مِّنْءَايَةٍ فِي ٱلسَّمَنُوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ يَمْرُ وَنَ عَلَيْهَا وَهُمْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ وَمَا يُؤْمِنُ أَكْثَرُهُمْ بَالله إِلَّا وَهُم مُّشْرِكُونَ رَبِّي أَفَامُنُواْ أَن تَأْتَيَهُمْ غَنشيَةٌ مَّنْ عَذَابِ اللهُ أَوْ تَأْتَيَهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُ وَنَ شِي قُلْ هَلْهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى بَصِيرَةً أَنَّا وَمَن ٱتَّبَعَنِي وَسُبْحَانَ ٱلله وَمَآ أَنَّا مِنَ ٱلمُّشْرِكِينَ ﴿ وَمَآ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ إِلَّا رِجَالًا نُوحِيّ إِلَيْهِم مَنْ أَهْل ٱلْقُرَيَّ أَفَكُم يُسَيرُوا في ٱلأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُوا كَيْفَكَانَ عَنْقَبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمُّ وَلَدَارُ ٱلْآخَرَةِ خَيْرٌ لَّلَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَوَّأُ أَ هَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ۞ حَنَّىٰ إِذَا ٱسْتَيْتَسَ ٱلرُّسُلُ وَظَنُواْ أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ كُذَبُواْ جَآءَ هُمْ نَصْرُنَا فَنُجِّيَ مَن نَّشَآءُ وَلا يُرَدُّ بَأَسُنا عَن الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ١ لَقَدْ كَانَ في قَصَصِهِمْ

- 105. How many a portent is there in the heavens and the earth which they pass by with face averted!
- 106. And most of them believe not in Allah except that they attribute partners (unto Him).
- 107. Deem they themselves secure from the coming on them of a pall of Allah's punishment, or the coming of the Hour suddenly while they are unaware?
- 108. Say: This is my Way: I call on Allah with sure knowledge, I and whosoever followeth me—Glory be to Allah!—and I am not of the idolaters.
- 109. We sent not before thee (any messengers) save men whom We inspired from among the folk of the townships—Have they not travelled in the land and seen the nature of the consequence for those who were before them? And verily the abode of the Hereafter, for those who ward off (evil), is best. Have ye then no sense?—
- 110. Till, when the messengers despaired and thought that they were denied, then came unto them Our help, and whom We would was saved. And Our wrath cannot be warded from the guilty.
 - 111. In their history verily there is a lesson for men of

SÜRAH XIII

Ar-Ra'd, "The Thunder," takes its name from a word in v. 13. The subject is Divine Guidance in relation to the law of consequences, it being explained here, as elsewhere in the Qur'ân, that there is no partiality or aversion on the part of God, but that reward and punishment are the result of obeying or rejecting natural (or Divine) laws. According to some ancient authorities, it is a Meccan sûrah with the exception of two verses revealed at Al-Madînah; according to others, a Madînan sûrah with the exception of two verses revealed at Mecca. The very fact of such wholesale difference of opinion favours the Meccan attribution because there could be no such doubt about a complete Madînian sûrah, owing to the great number of witnesses. The Madînan ascription may have arisen from the recognition of some verses by those witnesses as having been revealed at Al-Madînah on a certain occasion.

A late Meccan sûrah for the most part.

عِبْرَةٌ لِأَوْلِي ٱلْأَلْبَابِ مَا كَانَ حَدِيثًا يُفْتَرَىٰ وَلَنكِن عَبْرَةٌ لِأَوْلِي ٱلْأَلْبَابِ مَا كَانَ حَدِيثًا يُفْتَرَىٰ وَلَنكِن تَصْدِيقَ ٱلَّذِى بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَتَفْصِيلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدَّى وَتَفْصِيلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدَّى وَمُدَّى وَمُدَّى وَمُدَّى وَرَحْمَةً لَقَوْم يُؤْمِنُونَ شَيْ

(١٣) سِورة الرعل مكت وآباها ٢٤ نزلت بعل ورق محل

بِسْ لِسَالَةُ مُنْ أَلَّتُ مِنَ الْرَحِيدِ

المَّهُ اللَّهُ الْخَقُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّسَ وَالَّذِي أَزْلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِكَ الْحَقُ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّسَ سَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَتَعَرَّ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمِّ كُلُّ يَجْرِى لأَجَلِ عَلَى الْعَرْشُ وَتَعَرَّ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمِّ كُلُّ يَجْرِى لأَجَلِ عَسَمَى اللَّهَ يَسَ لَكُمْ اللَّهُ الْمَا عَلَى اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ اللهُ

SÜRAH XIII

understanding. It is no invented story but a confirmation of the existing (Scripture) and a detailed explanation of everything, and a guidance and a mercy for folk who believe.

THE THUNDER

Revealed at Meccal

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm. Râ.2 These are verses of the Scripture. That which is revealed unto thee from thy Lord is the Truth, but most of mankind believe not.
- 2. Allah it is Who raised up the heavens without visible supports, then mounted the Throne, and compelled the sun and the moon to be of service, each runneth unto an appointed term; He ordereth the course; He detaileth the revelations, that haply ye may be certain of the meeting with your Lord.

Also regarded in Egypt as revealed at Madînah.
 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

مورة الرعد

رَبِّكُرْ تُوفَنُونَ ﴿ يَ وَهُوَ الَّذِي مَدَّ الْأَرْضَ وَجَعَلَ فِهَا رَوَاسَى وَأَنْهِ رُأً وَمِن كُلِّ الشَّمَرَات جَعَلَ فيهَا زَ وْجَيْن ٱشَيْنً يُغْشَى ٱلَّيْلَ ٱلنَّهَارَّ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَات لَقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُ ونَ ﴿ وَفِي أَفَّارُضِ قَطَّمٌ مُّتَجَدُورَاتٌ وَجَنَّدتُ مَّنْ أَعْنَكِ وَزَرْعٌ وَتَحَيِّلُ صِنْوَانٌ وَغَيْرُ صِنْوَان يُسْقَى بَمَاءِ وَ حد وَنُفَضَّلُ بَعْضَهَا عَلَى بَعْض في ٱلْأَكُلُ إِنَّ في ذَالكَ لَا يَنْ لَقُوْم يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ وَإِن تَعْجَبْ فَعَجَبُّ قَوْهُمُ أَوْذَاكُنَّا تُرَابًا أَوِنَّا لَنِي خَلَّق جَديد أُولَتِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا بربهم وَ أُولَتَهِكَ الأَغْلَالُ فِي أَعْنَا فِهِمْ وَأُولَتَهِكَ أَصْحَلُ ٱلنَّارِ هُمْ فيهَا خَللُدُونَ ﴿ وَيَسْتَعْجُلُونَكَ بِالسَّيْفَةِ قَبْلَ الْحُسَنَةِ وَقَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلِهِمُ ٱلْمَثْلَثَّ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغْفَرَة لَّلنَّاسَ عَلَى ظُلْمَهُمْ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ



- 3. And He it is Who spread out the earth and placed therein firm hills and flowing streams, and of all fruits He placed therein two spouses (male and female). He covereth the night with the day. Lo! herein verily are portents for people who take thought.
- 4. And in the Earth are neighbouring tracts, vineyards and ploughed lands, and date-palms, like and unlike,1 which are watered with one water. And We have made some of them to excel others in fruit. Lo! herein verily are portents for people who have sense.
- 5. And if thou wonderest, then wondrous is their saying: When we are dust, are we then forsooth (to be raised) in a new creation? Such are they who disbelieve in their Lord; such have carcans on their necks; such are rightful owners of the Fire, they will abide therein.
- 6. And they bid thee hasten on the evil rather than the good, when exemplary punishments have indeed occurred before them. But lo! thy Lord is rich in pardon for mankind despite their wrong, and lo! thy Lord is strong in

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¹ Or it may be, "growing thickly or alone."

لَشَديدُ الْعَقَابِ ﴿ وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوْلا آثُولَ عَلَيْه ءَايَةٌ مِّن رَّبُّهُ ۚ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ مُنذَّرُّ وَلَكُلَّ قَوْم هَاد رُّيُّ ٱللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمَلُ كُلُّ أَنْنَى وَمَا تَغَيضُ ٱلْأَرْحَامُ وَمَا زَّدَادُ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ عندَهُ مِقْدَار فِي عَلْمُ ٱلْغَيْب وَالشَّهَدَة ٱلْكَيْرُ ٱلْمُتَعَالَ ﴿ سَوَآءٌ مَّنكُم مَّنْ أَسَرَّ ٱلْقَوْلَ وَمَن جَهَرَ به ع وَمَنْ هُو مُسْتَخْف با لَّيْل وَسَارِبُ با لنَّهَار رجي لَهُ مُعَقَبِكُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهُ وَمِنْ خَلْفَهِ يَحْفَظُونَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللهِ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُغَيِّرُمَا بِقَوْمِ حَتَّى يُغَيِّرُواْ مَا بأَ نُفُسِهمْ وَ إِذَا أَرَادَ آللهُ بِقَوْم سُوءً ا فَلَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ وَمَا لَحْهُم مَّن دُونه عن وَال ﴿ مُوَالَّذِي يُرِيكُمُ ٱلْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَيُشْنَى السَّعَابَ الثَّقَالَ رَثِي وَيُسَبِّحُ الرَّعْدُ بَحَمْده وَٱلْمَلَنَّكِكُةُ مَنْ خِيفَته م وَيُرْسُلُ ٱلصَّوَاعَقَ فَيُصِيبُ بَهَا

punishment.

- 7. Those who disbelieve say: If only some portent were sent down upon him from his Lord! Thou art a warner only, and for every folk a guide.
- 8. Allah knoweth that which every female beareth and that which the wombs absorb and that which they grow. And everything with Him is measured.
- 9. He is the Knower of the Invisible and the Visible, the Great, the High Exalted.
- 10. Alike of you is he who hideth the saying and he who noiseth it abroad, he who lurketh in the night and he who goeth freely in the daytime.
- 11. For him are angels ranged before him and behind him, who guard him by Allah's command. Lo! Allah changeth not the condition of a folk until they (first) change that which is in their hearts; and if Allah willeth misfortune for a folk there is none that can repel it, nor have they a defender beside Him.
- 12. He it is Who showeth you the lightning, a fear and a hope, 1 and raiseth the heavy clouds.
- 13. The thunder hymneth His praise and (so do) the angels for awe of Him. He launcheth the thunderbolts and smiteth with them whom He will while they dispute (in

¹ The fear is of the lightning, and the hope is of the rain.

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مَن يَشَاءٌ وَهُمْ يُجَدُلُونَ فَى اللهِ وَهُوَ شَديدُ ٱلْمَحَال ﴿ لَهُ وَعُوهُ ٱلْحُتُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ ۚ لَا يَسْتَجِيبُونَ لَمُم بشَّى ؛ إِلَّا كَبُسط كَفَّيه إِلَى ٱلْمَاء ليَبلُغَ فَاهُ وَمَا هُو بَلْغُهُ ءُ وَمَا دُعَآءُ ٱلْكَافِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالِ ﴿ وَللهُ يَسْجُدُ مَن فِي السَّمَانَ اللهِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ طَوْعًا وَكُرْهَا وَظَلَالُهُم بِٱلْغُدُووَ ٱلْأَصَال ١٠٠٠ مِنْ * قُلْمَن رَّبُّ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ قُلِ ٱللهُ قُلِ أَفَا تَخَذْتُم من دُونه مَ أُولياً } لَا يَمْلَكُونَ لأَنفُسِمْ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوى ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيرُ أَمْ هَلْ تَسْتَوى ٱلظُّلُمَاتُ وَٱلنُّورُ أَمْ جَعَلُواْ للهُ شُرَكَاءَ خَلَقُواْ كَخَلَقه عَ فَتَشْبَهَ ٱلْخَلَقُ عَلَيْهُمْ قُل اللهُ خَللُقُ كُلّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَهَّدُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاء مَا ﴾ فَسَالَتْ أَوْدية بُقدرها فَأَحْتَمَلَ السَّيلُ زَبدًا

doubt) concerning Allah, and He is mighty in wrath.

- 14. Unto Him is the real prayer. Those unto whom they pray beside Allah respond to them not at all, save as (is the response to) one who stretcheth forth his hands toward water (asking) that it may come unto his mouth, and it will never reach it. The prayer of disbelievers goeth (far) astray.
- 15. And unto Allah falleth prostrate whosoever is in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly, as do their shadows in the morning and the evening hours.
- 16. Say (O Muhammad): Who is Lord of the heavens and the earth? Say: Allah. Say: Take ye then (others) beside Him for protectors, which, even for themselves, have neither benefit nor hurt? Say: Is the blind man equal to the seer, or is darkness equal to light? Or assign they unto Allah partners who created the like of His creation so that the creation (which they made and His creation) seemed alike to them? Say: Allah is the Creator of all things, and He is the One, the Almighty.
- 17. He sendeth down water from the sky, so that valleys flow according to their measure, and the flood beareth (on its

رَّابِيًّا وَمَّا يُوقدُونَ عَلَيْه في ٱلنَّارِ ٱبْتَغَآءَ حَلْيَةَ أَوْمَتَنَع زَبَدٌّ مَّدُلُهُۥ كَذَاكَ يَضْرِبُ اللهُ ٱلْحَتَّ وَٱلْبَنْطُلُّ فَأَمَّا ٱلزَّبَدُ فَيَذَهَبُ جُفَا اللَّهِ وَأَمَّا مَا يَنفَعُ النَّاسَ فَيَمْكُثُ فِي الْأَرْضِ كَذَاكَ يَضْرِبُ اللهُ ٱلأَمْثَالَ ﴿ للَّهِ اللَّذِينَ ٱسْتَجَابُواْ لرَبْهُمُ ٱلْحُسْنَىٰ وَالَّذِينَ لَرْ يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَهُ, لَوْ أَنَّ لَهُمُ مَّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا وَمِثْلَهُ مِعَهُ لِآفَتَدُواْ بِهِ مَا أُولَيْكَ هُمْ مُسَوَّةُ الْحُسَابِ وَمَأْ وَنَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَبَنِّسَ الْمَهَادُ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْ * أَفَنَ يَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ ٱلْحَقُّ كَمْن هُو أُعْمَىٰ إِنَّكَ يَتَذَكَّرُ أُولُواْ الْأَلْبَابِ ١٠ الَّذِينَ يُوفُونَ بِعَهْدِ ٱللهُ وَلَا يَنقُضُونَ ٱلْمِيثَاقَ ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَصلُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللهُ بِهِ أَن يُوصَلَ وَيَحْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ وَيَحَافُونَ سُوَّء الحَسَاب (وَالَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ الْبَتَغَاءَ وَجُه رَبَّهُمْ وَأَقَامُواْ



surface) swelling foam—from that which they smelt in the fire in order to make ornaments and tools riseth a foam like unto it-thus Allah coineth (the similitude of) the true and the false. Then, as for the foam, it passeth away as scum upon the banks, while, as for that which is of use to mankind, it remaineth in the earth. Thus Allah coineth the similitudes.

- 18. For those who answered Allah's call is bliss; and for those who answered not His call, if they had all that is in the earth, and therewith the like thereof, they would proffer it as ransom. Such will have a woeful reckoning, and their habitation will be hell, a dire abode.
- 19. Is he who knoweth that what is revealed unto thee a from thy Lord is the truth like him who is blind? But only men of understanding heed;
- 20. Such as keep the pact of Allah, and break not the covenant:
- 21. Such as unite that which Allah hath commanded should be joined, and fear their Lord, and dread a woeful reckoning;
 - 22. Such as persevere in seeking their Lord's Countenance

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ٱلصَّلَاةَ وَأَ نَفَقُواْ مَسَّا رَزَقَنَنَهُمْ سرًّا وَعَلَانِسَةٌ وَ يَدْرَهُ ونَ بِٱلْحَسَنَة ٱلسَّيْعَةَ أُولَتِهِكَ لَمُمُّ عُقْبَى ٱلدَّار ﴿ حَبَّ جَنَّتُ عَدْن يَدْخُلُونَهَا وَمَن صَلَحَ مَنْ ءَابَآ مِهُ وَأَزْ وَاجِهُمْ وَذُرِيَّلَهُمْ وَٱلْمَلَتَهِكَةُ يَدْخُلُونَ عَلَيْهِم مَّن كُلِّ باَب رَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ بَمَا صَبَرْتُمْ فَنَعْمَ عُقْبَى ٱلدَّارِ ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَنْقُضُونَ عَهْدَ الله من بَعْد ميثنقه ويَقْطَعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللهُ به مَا أَن يُوصَلَ وَيُفْسُدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ أُولَتِهِكَ لَهُمُ ٱلَّاهُنَةُ وَلَمُمُّ سُوَّةُ ٱلدَّارِ ﴿ اللهُ يَبْسُطُ ٱلرِّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَقْدرُ وَفَرَحُواْ بِالْجَيَوْةِ الدُّنْكِ وَمَا الْحَيَوَةُ الدُّنْكِ فِي الْآخرة إِلَّا مَنَاتُمْ رَبُّ وَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوْلَآ أَنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَةٌ مَّن رَّبُّهُ ٤ قُلْ إِنَّ ٱللهَ يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهْدَىٓ إِلَيْه مَنْ أَنَابَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اَمَنُواْ وَتَطْمَينُ قُلُو بُهُم بِذَكُر الله

and are regular in prayer and spend of that which We bestow upon them secretly and openly, and overcome evil with good. Theirs will be the sequel of the (heavenly) Home,

- 23. Gardens of Eden which they enter, along with all who do right of their fathers and their helpmeets and their seed. The angels enter unto them from every gate,
- 24. (Saying): Peace be unto you because ye persevered. Ah, passing sweet will be the sequel of the (heavenly) Home.
- 25. And those who break the covenant of Allah after ratifying it, and sever that which Allah hath commanded should be joined, and make mischief in the earth: theirs is the curse and theirs the ill abode.
- 26. Allah enlargeth livelihood for whom He will, and straiteneth (it for whom He will); and they rejoice in the life of the world, whereas the life of the world is but brief comfort as compared with the Hereafter.
- 27. Those who disbelieve say: If only a portent were sent down upon him from his Lord! Say: Lo! Allah sendeth whom He will astray, and guideth unto Himself all who turn (unto Him),
 - 28. Who have believed and whose hearts have rest in the

أَلَا بِذَكَّرُ اللهُ تَطْمَينُ ٱلْقُلُوبُ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ الصَّلاَحَات طُونَى لَمُنُمْ وَحُسْنُ مَعَاب ﴿ كَاللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ أَرْسَلْنَكَ فِي أُمَّة قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلِهَا أُمِّ لْتَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَوْحَيْنَا ۚ إِلَيْكَ وَهُمْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِٱلرَّحْنَ ۗ قُلْ هُو رَبَّ لَا ٓ إِلَنَّهَ إِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْهُ نَوَكَّلْتُ وَ إِلَيْهِ مَتَابِ رَبِّي وَلَوْأَنَّ قُرْءَ انَا سُيرَتْ به الْجَبَالُ أَوْ قُطَّعَتْ به الْأَرْضُ أَوْ كُلَّمَ به ٱلْمَوْلَى بَلِ للهِ ٱلْأَمْرُ جَمِيعًا أَفَلَمْ يَا يْفَسِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَن لَّوْ يَشَآءُ اللهُ لَمَـٰ لَكَ النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَلا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ تُصِيبُهُم بَمَا صَنَعُواْ قَارَعَةً أَوْ تَحَلُّ قَرِيبًا مَن دَارهمْ حَتَّى يَأْتَى وَعْدُ اللهِ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُخْلُفُ الْمِيمَادَ رَبُّ وَلَقَد أَسْتُرْئَ بُرُسُلِ مَن قَبْلِكَ فَأَمْلَيْتُ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مُمَّ أَخَذْتُهُمْ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَقَابِ ﴿ أَفَنَ هُوَ قَائِمٍ ۗ أُ remembrance of Allah. Verily in the remembrance of Allah do hearts find rest!

- 29. Those who believe and do right: Joy is for them, and bliss (their) journey's end.
- 30. Thus We send thee (O Muhammad) unto a nation, before whom other nations have passed away, that thou mayst recite unto them that which We have inspired in thee, while they are disbelievers in the Beneficent. Say: He is my Lord; there is no God save Him. In Him do I put my trust and unto Him is my recourse.
- 31. Had it been possible for a Lecture¹ to cause the mountains to move, or the earth to be torn asunder, or the dead to speak, (this Qur'ân would have done so). Nay, but Allah's is the whole command. Do not those who believe know that, had Allah willed, He could have guided all mankind? As for those who disbelieve, disaster ceaseth not to strike them because of what they do, or it dwelleth near their home until the threat of Allah come to pass. Lo! Allah faileth not to keep the tryst.
- 32. And verily messengers (of Allah) were mocked before thee, but long I bore with those who disbelieved. At length I seized them, and how (awful) was My punishment!
 - 33. Is He Who is aware of the deserts of every soul (as he

1 Ar. Qur'an.

عَلَىٰ كُلِّ نَفْس بَمَا كَسَبَتْ وَجَعَلُواْ للهُ شُرَكَآءَ قُلْ سَمُوهُمْ أَمُّ تُنَبُّونَهُ مِمَا لَا يَعْلَمُ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَم بِظَابِهِ مِّنَ الْقَوْلَ بَلْ زُيِّنَ للَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَكُرُهُمْ وَصُدُّواْ عَن ٱلسَّبيلُ وَمَن يُضَّلِل اللهُ فَكَ اللهُ مِنْ هَاد ١٠٠٠ مَنَّ عَدَابٌ في ٱلْحَيَاةَ ٱلدُّنْيُّ وَلَعَدَابُ ٱلْآخِرَةَ أَشَقُّ وَمَا لَحُهُم مَّنَ ٱلله مِن وَاقِ رَبِّي ﴿ مَّشَلُ ٱلْجَنَّةِ ٱلَّذِي وُعَدَ ٱلْمُنْقُونَ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتَهَا الْأَنْهَارِ أَكُلُهَا دَآيٌم وَظَلُّهَا لَا تُلَّكَ عُقْبَى الَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَوَّا وَّعُقِّي ٱلْكَنفرينَ ٱلنَّارُ رَبِّي وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَنَّهُمُ ٱلْكَتَنْبَ يَفْرُحُونَ بِمَا أَزْلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَنَ ٱلْأَحْزَابِ مَن يُنكُرُ بَعْضَهُ فَلْ إِنَّمَا أَمْرَتُ أَنْ أَعْدُ اللَّهَ وَلَا أَشْرِكَ بِعَدْ إِلَيْهِ أَدْعُواْ وَ إِلَيْهِ مَعَابِ ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ أَزَلْنَهُ حُكُمًا عَرَبِيًّا وَلَينِ البُّعْتَ أَهُوا ءَهُم بُعْدَ مَاجَاءَكَ مَنَ الْعُلَّم



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who is aware of nothing)? Yet they ascribe unto Allah partners. Say: Name them. Is it that ye would inform Him of something which He knoweth not in the earth? Or is it but a way of speaking? Nay, but their contrivance is made seeming fair for those who disbelieve and they are kept from the right road. He whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no guide.

- 34. For them is torment in the life of the world, and verily the doom of the Hereafter is more painful, and they have no defender from Allah.
- 35. A similitude of the Garden which is promised unto those who keep their duty (to Allah): Underneath it rivers flow; its food is everlasting, and its shade; this is the reward of those who keep their duty, while the reward of disbelievers is the Fire.
- 36. Those unto whom We gave the Scripture rejoice in that which is revealed unto thee. And of the clans there are who deny some of it. Say: I am commanded only that I serve Allah and ascribe unto Him no partner. Unto Him I cry, and unto Him is my return.
- 37. Thus have We revealed it, a decisive utterance in Arabic; and if thou shouldst follow their desires after that which hath come unto thee of knowledge, then truly

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مَالَكَ مِنَ الله مِن وَلَى وَلَا وَإِن ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلًا مِّن قَبْلِكَ وَجَعَلْنَا لَمُ مَّ أَزُو كَا وَذُرِّيَّةً وَمَا كَانَ لِرَسُول أَنْ يَأْتَىَ بِعَايَة إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ لِكُلِّ أَجَلِ كَتَابُّ ﴿ يَمْحُواْ اللهُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَيُشْبِتُ وَعَندُهُ إِنَّمْ ٱلْكُتَابِ ٢ وَ إِن مَّا نُرِيَّنَّكَ بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي نَعَدُهُمْ أَوْ نَتَوَقَّيَنَّكَ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْبَلَغُ وَعَلَيْنَا ٱلْحُسَابُ رَجِي أُولَوْ يَرَوْا أَنَّا نَأْتِي ٱلْأَرْضَ نَنقُصُهَا مِنْ أَطْرَا فَهَا ۚ وَاللَّهِ يَحْكُمُ لَا مُعَقَّبَ لُحُكُمهُ ، وَهُوَسَرِيعُ ٱلْحُسَابِ ﴿ وَقَدْ مَكَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ من قَبْلهمْ فَلْهُ ٱلْمَكُرُ جَمِيًّا يَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسُبُ كُلُّ نَفْسٌ وَسَيَعْلَمُ الْكُفَّارُ لَمَنْ عُقْبَى الدَّارِ ﴿ وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَسْتَ مُرْسَلًا قُلْ كَفَىٰ بِاللهِ شَهِيدًا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ وَمَنْ عندَهُ عِلْمُ الْكُتَّابِ فَيْ

wouldst thou have from Allah no protecting friend nor defender.

- 38. And verily We sent messengers (to mankind) before thee, and We appointed for them wives and offspring, and it was not (given) to any messenger that he should bring a portent save by Allah's leave. For everything there is a time prescribed.
- 39. Allah effaceth what He will, and establisheth (what He will), and with Him is the source of ordinance.
- 40. Whether We let thee see something of that which We have promised them, or make thee die (before its happening), thine is but conveyance (of the message), Ours the reckoning.
- 41. See they not how We aim to the land, reducing it of its outlying parts? (When) Allah doometh there is none that can postpone His doom, and He is swift at reckoning.
- 42. Those who were before them plotted; but all plotting is Allah's. He knoweth that which each soul earneth. The disbelievers will come to know for whom will be the sequel of the (heavenly) Home.
- 43. They who disbelieve say: Thou art no messenger (of Allah). Say: Allah, and whosoever hath knowledge of the Scripture, is sufficient witness between me and you.

(١٤) سُولِوَّ ابراهِمْ مِهَرِيْتِ الا آبَى ٢٨ و ٢١ فيدنيان وآيالمَتَا ٢٥ نزلت بعد شُولُوْ نُوع

الَّرْ كَتَكُ أَزَلْنَهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْن رَبِّمُ إِلَىٰ صَرَاط الْعَر يِزَا لَحَميد ٢ ٱللهُ ٱلَّذِي لَهُ, مَا فِي ٱلسَّـمَنوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ ۖ وَوَيْلُ لَلْكَلْفُرِينَ مَنْ عَذَابِ شَـديد ﴿ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَحَبُّونَ ٱلْحَيَوَةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا عَلَى ٱلْآخَرَة وَ يَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيل ٱلله وَيَبْغُونَهَا عَوْجًا أُولَيَهِكَ في ضَلَال بَعِيد ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا من رَّسُول إِلَّا بلسَان قَوْمه عليُمَيِّنَ لَهُمَّ فَيُضِلُّ ٱللهُ مَن بَشَاءُ وَيَهْدى مَن بَشَاءً وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ

SÛRAH XIV

Ibrâbîm, so called from Abraham's prayer in vv. 35-41, at the time when he was establishing his son Ishmael, the ancestor of the Arabs, in the "uncultivable valley" of Mecca. Otherwise the subject of the sûrah is the same as that of other Meccan sûrahs revealed during the last three years before the Hijrah. The reference in v. 46 to the plot of the idolaters makes it probable that it is among the last of the Meccan revelations.

A late Meccan sûrah; except vv. 28-30; revealed at Al-Madînah.

ABRAHAM

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Râ. (This is) a Scripture which We have revealed unto thee (Muhammad) that thereby thou mayst bring forth mankind from darkness unto light, by the permission of their Lord, unto the path of the Mighty, the Owner of Praise,
- 2. Allah, unto Whom belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. And woe unto the disbelievers from an awful doom;
- 3. Those who love the life of the world more than the Hereafter, and debar (men) from the way of Allah and would have it crooked: such are far astray.
- 4. And We never sent a messenger save with the language of his folk, that he might make (the message) clear for them. Then Allah sendeth whom He will astray, and guideth whom He will. He is the Mighty, the Wise.

¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.



وَلَقَدُ أَرْسُلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِّاَيَلَنَنَا أَنْ أَثْرَجْ قَوْمَكَ من الظُّلُمَنت إِلَى النُّور وَذَكَّرُهُم بِأَيَّكُم الله إِنَّ في ذَاكَ لَاَّ يَنت لَّكُلُّ صَبَّار شَكُور ﴿ وَ إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لَقَوْمِه آذْ كُرُواْ نَعْمَةَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ أَنْجَلَكُمْ مَنْ ءَال فَرْعَوْنَ يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوَّةَ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَيُدْبِحُونَ أَيْنَا ۚ كُوْ وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ نَسَآءَكُمْ وَفِي ذَالِكُم بَلَآمُ مِن رَّبِّكُمْ عَظيٌّ شَي وَإِذْ نَأَذَّنَ رَبُّكُولَيِن شَكَرْتُمْ لَأَزِيدَنَّكُمُّ وَلَين كَفَرْتُمْ إِنَّ عَذَابِي لَشَدِيدٌ ﴿ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ إِن تَكْفُرُواْ أَنْتُمْ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ جَمِيعًا فَإِنَّ ٱللهَ لَغَنَّيُّ حَمِيدً ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ يَأْتُكُمْ نَبَوُّ اللَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَكُمْ قَوْم نُوح وَعَاد وَثَمُودٌ وَالَّذِينَ مَنْ بَعْدُهُمْ لاَ يَعْلَمُهُمْ إِلَّا اللهُ جَاءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِالْبَيْنَات فَرَدُواْ أَيْدَيَهُمْ فِي أَفُوا هِمْ وَقَالُواْ إِنَّا كَفَرْنَاعِكَ

- 5. We verily sent Moses with Our revelations, saying: Bring thy people forth from darkness unto light. And remind them of the days of Allah. Lo! therein are revelations for each steadfast, thankful (heart).
- 6. And (remind them) how Moses said unto his people: Remember Allah's favour unto you when He delivered you from Pharaoh's folk who were afflicting you with dreadful torment, and were slaying your sons and sparing your women; that was a tremendous trial from your Lord.
- 7. And when your Lord proclaimed: If ye give thanks, I will give you more; but if ye are thankless, lo! My punishment is dire.
- 8. And Moses said: Though ye and all who are in the earth prove thankless, lo! Allah verily is Absolute, Owner of Praise.
- 9. Hath not the history of those before you reached you: the folk of Noah, and (the tribes of) A'âd and Thamûd, and those after them? None save Allah knoweth them. Their messengers came unto them with clear proofs, but they thrust their hands into their mouths, and said: Lo! we

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أُرسُلْمُ به و إِنَّا لَنِي شَكَّ مَّا تَدْعُونَنَا إِلَيْه مُريب ﴿ قَالَتْ رُسُلُهُمْ أَفِي اللهِ شَكُّ فَاطِرِ السَّمَنَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ يَدْعُوكُ لِيَغْفِرَ لَكُم مِن ذُنُو بِكُرْ وَيُوَ نَرَكُمْ إِنَّ أَجَل مُسمَّى قَالُواْ إِنَّ أَنَّمُ إِلَّا بَشِّرٌ مَّثَّلُنَا تُرِيدُونَ أَنْ تَصُدُونَا عَمَّا كَانَ يَعْبُدُ وَا بَا أَوُنَا فَأَنُّونَا بِسُلْطَيْنِ مَّبِينِ ﴿ قَالَتْ لَمْمُ رُسُلُهُمْ إِن يَحْنُ إِلَّا بَشِرٌ مَثْلُكُمْ وَلَكُنَّ اللَّهَ يَمُنَّ عَلَى مَن يَشَاءُ مِنْ عَبَادُهُ عَ وَمَا كَانَ لَنَا أَن نَّأْ تَيكُم بِسُلْطَان إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَمَا لَنَا أَلَّا نَتُو كُلُّ عَلَى الله وَقَدْ هَدَنْنَا سُبُلَنَّ وَلَنَصْبِرَنَّ عَلَىٰ مَا ءَاذَيْتُمُونَا ۚ وَعَلَى اللهُ فَلْيَتُوكُّلُ ٱلْمُتُوكُّلُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا لَرُسُلِهِمْ لَنُخْرِ جَنَّكُمْ مَنْ أَرْضَنَا أُولَنَعُودُنَّ فِي مِلْنَكَ فَأُوحِيِّ إِلَيْهِمْ رَبُّهِمْ لَهُلَّكُنَّ disbelieve in that wherewith ye have been sent, and lo! we are in grave doubt concerning that to which ye call us.

- 10. Their messengers said: Can there be doubt concerning Allah, the Creator of the heavens and the earth? He calleth you that He may forgive you your sins and reprieve you unto an appointed term. They said: Ye are but mortals like us, who would fain turn us away from what our fathers used to worship. Then bring some clear warrant.
- 11. Their messengers said unto them: We are but mortals like you, but Allah giveth grace unto whom He will of His slaves. It is not ours to bring you a warrant unless by the permission of Allah. In Allah let believers put their trust!
- 12. How should we not put our trust in Allah when He hath shown us our ways? We surely will endure the hurt ye do us. In Allah let the trusting put their trust?
- 13. And those who disbelieved said unto their messengers: Verily we will drive you out from our land, unless ye return to our religion. Then their Lord inspired them, (saying): Verily We shall destroy the wrong-doers,

الظَّالمينَ ﴿ وَلَنُسْكَنَّكُمُ الْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ ذَاكَ لَمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامِي وَخَافَ وَعِيد رَيْنِ وَأَسْتَفْتَحُواْ وَخَابَ كُلُّ جَبَّارِ عَنيد ١٠٠٠ مَن وَرَآيِه، جَهَنَّمُ وَيُسْقَى من مَّآءِ صَديد ﴿ يَتَجَرَّعُهُۥ وَلَإِ يَكَادُ يُسِيغُهُۥ وَيَأْتِيهِ ٱلْمَوْتُ مِن كُلِّ مَكَان وَمَا هُوَ بَمَيْت وَمن وَرَآبِه ٤ عَذَابٌ غَليظٌ ١٠٠٠ مَّتُلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّهُمْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ كَرَمَاد اَشْتَدَّتْ بِهِ الرَّبِحُ في يَوْم عَاصِف لَّا يَقْدرُونَ مَّا كَسَبُواْ عَلَى مَتْيْءِ ذَاكَ هُوَ الضَّلَالُ الْبَعِيدُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ تَرَأَنَّ اللَّهَ خَلَقَ السَّمَوَات وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحُتَّ إِن يَشَأْ يُذْهِبُكُرُ وَ يَأْت بِخَلْق جَديد ﴿ وَمَا ذَالَكَ عَلَى الله بَعَزِيز ﴿ وَ مَرَزُواْ للهُ جَمِيعًا فَقَــالَ ٱلصّْعَفَتَوُّا للَّذِينَ ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ إِنَّاكُنَّا لَكُمْ تَبَعَا فَهَلْ أَنْتُم مُغْنُونَ عَنَّا مَنْ عَذَابِ ٱلله من ثَمَيْءٍ ۚ قَالُواْ لَوْهَدَىٰنَا ٱللهُ

- 14. And verily We shall make you to dwell in the land after them. This is for him who feareth My Majesty and feareth My threats.
- 15. And they sought help (from their Lord) and every froward potentate was brought to naught;
- 16. Hell is before him, and he is made to drink a festering water,
- 17. Which he sippeth but can hardly swallow, and death cometh unto him from every side while yet he cannot die, and before him is a harsh doom.
- 18. A similar of those who disbelieve in their Lord: Their works are as ashes which the wind bloweth hard upon a stormy day. They have no control of aught that they have earned. That is the extreme failure.
- 19. Hast thou not seen that Allah hath created the heavens and the earth with truth? If He will, He can remove you and bring (in) some new creation;
 - 20. And that is no great matter for Allah.
- 21. They all come forth unto their Lord. Then those who were despised say unto those who were scornful: We were unto you a following, can ye then avert from us aught of Allah's doom? They say: Had Allah guided us, we should

لَمُ لَيْنَاكُمُ سُوَاةً عَلَيْنَا أَجَزَعْنَا أَمْ صَبَرْنَا مَا لَنَا مِن عَّيص (إ اللَّهُ وَقَالَ الشَّيْطَانُ لَمَّا قُضَى الْأَمْرُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَعَدَكُمْ وَعْدَ ٱلْحَـٰقَ وَوَعَدَّتُكُمْ فَأَخْلَفْتُكُمْ وَمَا كَانَ لِيَ عَلَيْكُم مِن سُلَطُن إِلَّا أَنْ دَعُو تُكُرُّ فَآسْتَجْبُتُمْ لِي فَلَا تُلُومُونِي وَلُومُواْ اَنْفُسُكُمْ مَا أَنَا بَصْرِ حَكُمْ وَمَا أَنْمُ بَصْرِخَيْ إِنَّى كُفَرْتُ بِمَا أَشْرَكْتُمُون مِن قَبْلٌ إِنَّ الظَّلامينَ لَهُمْ عَذَابً أَلَمُّ ﴿ وَأَدْخَلَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَات جَنَّات تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلدينَ فيهَا بإذْن رَبِّهمْ تَحَيَّهُمْ فيها سَلَامٌ ١٠٥ أَلَوْ تَرَكِيْفَ ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا كَلَمَةُ طَيْبَةً كَشَجَرَة طَيَّبَة أَصْلُهَا ثَابِثُ وَفَرْعُهَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ ﴿ ثِنِي تُؤْتِي أَكُلَهَا كُلَّ حين بإِذْن رَبَّهَا ۖ وَيَضْرِبُ ٱللهُ ٱلْأَمْثَالَ للنَّاس لَعَلَّهُمْ بَنَذَ كَّرُونَ رَبِّي وَمَثَلُ كَلَمَة خَيِثَة كَشَجَرَة خَيِثَة ﴿ have guided you. Whether we rage or patiently endure is (now) all one for us; we have no place of refuge.

- 22. And Satan saith, when the matter hath been decided: Lo! Allah promised you a promise of truth; and I promised you, then failed you. And I had no power over you save that I called unto you and ye obeyed me. So blame me not, but blame yourselves. I cannot help you, nor can ye help me. Lo! I disbelieved in that which ye before ascribed to me. Lo! for wrong-doers is a painful doom.
- 23. And those who believed and did good works are made to enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow, therein abiding by permission of their Lord, their greeting therein: Peace!
- 24. Seest thou not how Allah coineth a similitude: A goodly saying, as a goodly tree, its root set firm, its branches reaching into heaven,
- 25. Giving its fruit at every season by permission of its Lord? Allah coineth the similitudes for mankind in order that they may reflect.
 - 26. And the similitude of a bad saying is as a bad tree,

ٱجْنُقَتْ مِن فَوْق ٱلْأَرْضِ مَا لَحَا مِن قَرَار ﴿ يُثَبِّتُ ٱللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱلْقَوْلِ ٱلثَّابِتِ فِي ٱلْحَيَلِةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَفِي ٱلْآخَرَةَ وَيُضِلُّ ٱللهُ ٱلظُّالمِينَّ وَيَفْعَلُ ٱللهُ مَايَشَاءُ ﴿ إِنَّ * أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ بَدَّلُواْ نَعْمَتَ ٱللهُ كُفْرًا وَأَحَلُواْ قَوْمَهُمْ ُ دَارَ الْبَوَارِ ﴿ جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلُونَهَا ۗ وَبَنْسَ الْقَرَارُ ﴿ وَجَعَلُواْ للهُ أَنْدَادَا لَيُصِلُّواْ عَن سَبيلَه ۦ قُلْ تَمَنَّعُواْ فَإِنَّ مَصِيرَكُمْ إِلَى النَّارِ ﴿ يَثِي قُل لَّعَبَادَىَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يُقيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَاةَ وَيُنفقُواْ مَّا رَزَقْنَلُهُمْ سَّرًا وَعَلَانِيَّةً مَّن قَبْل أَن يَأْتَى يَوْمٌ لَّا بَيْعٌ فيه وَلَا خَلَالٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضَ وَأَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَأَنْرَجَ به ع مِنَ النَّمَرَات وزْقًا لَّكُمْ وَسَغَرَ لَكُمُ ٱلْفُلْكَ لِنَجْرِى فِي ٱلْبَحْرِ بِأَمْرِهِ عِ وَسَغَّرَ لَكُمُ الْأَمْهُ رَبُّ وَسَغَّرَلَكُ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَدَ آيِبَيْن



- 27. Allah confirmeth those who believe by a firm saying in the life of the world and in the Hereafter, and Allah sendeth wrong-doers astray. And Allah doeth what He will.
- 28. Hast thou not seen those who gave the grace of Allah in exchange for thanklessness and led their people down to the Abode of Loss,
- 29. (Even to) hell? They are exposed thereto. A hapless end!
- 30. And they set up rivals to Allah that they may mislead (men) from His way. Say: Enjoy life (while ye may) for lot your journey's end will be the Fire.
- 31. Tell My bondmen who believe to establish worship and spend of that which We have given them, secretly and publicly, before a day cometh wherein there will be neither traffick nor befriending.
- 32. Allah is He Who created the heavens and the earth, and causeth water to descend from the sky, thereby producing fruits as food for you, and maketh the ships to be of service unto you, that they may run upon the sea at His command, and hath made of service unto you the rivers;
- 33. And maketh the sun and the moon, constant in their courses, to be of service unto you, and hath made of service

وَسَخَّرَ لَكُدُ ٱلَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ ﴿ وَءَاتَنكُم مِن كُلِّ مَاسَأَ لْنُمُوهُ وَإِن تَغُدُّواْ نَعْمَتَ اللهُ لَا تُحْصُوهَا ۚ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ لَظَلُومٌ كَفَّارٌ رَبُّ وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ رَبِّ أَجْعَلْ هَنْذَا ٱلْبَلَدَ ءَامَنًا وَأَجْنُبْنِي وَبَنَّي أَن نَعْبُدُ ٱلْأَصْنَامَ رَثِي رَبِّ إِنَّهِنَّ أَصْلَلْنَ كَثيرًا مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تَبعَني فَإِنَّهُ مِنَّى وَمَنْ عَصَاني فَإِنَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَحْمٌ ﴿ وَبَنَّا إِنَّى أَسَكَّنُ مَن ذُرَّ يَى بوَاد غَيْرِ ذِي زَرْعِ عَندَ يَوْتِكَ الْمُحَرَّمِ رَبَّنَا لِيُقيمُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ فَأَجْمَلُ أَفْعَدَةُ مَنَ النَّسَاسِ تَهْوِيَ إِلَيْهُمْ وَأَرْزُقُهُمْ مَنَ التَّمَرَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ تَعْلَمُ مَا يُعْنِي وَمَا نُعْلُ وَمَا يَعْفَى عَلَى الله من شَيْءٍ فَ الأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ ﴿ الْحَمْدُ للهِ الَّذِي وَمَبْ لِي عَلَى الكر إسمنعل وإعنق إذري لسميع الدعاون

unto you the night and the day.

- 34. And He giveth you of all ye ask of Him, and if ye would count the bounty of Allah ye cannot reckon it. Lo! man is verily a wrong-doer, an ingrate.
- 35. And when Abraham said: My Lord! Make safe this territory, and preserve me and my sons from serving idols.
- 36. My Lord! Lo! they have led many of mankind astray. But whoso followeth me, he verily is of me. And whoso disobeyeth me-Still Thou art Forgiving, Merciful.
- 37. Our Lord! Lo! I have settled some of my posterity in an uncultivable valley near unto Thy holy House,1 our Lord! that they may establish proper worship; so incline some hearts of men that they may yearn toward them, and provide Thou them with fruits in order that they may be thankful.
- 38. Our Lord! Lo! Thou knowest that which we hide and that which we proclaim. Nothing in the earth or in the heaven is hidden from Allah.
- 39. Praise be to Allah Who hath given me, in my old age, Ishmael and Isaac! Lo! my Lord is indeed the Hearer of Prayer.

¹ The valley of Mecca.



رَبِّ اجْعَلْنِي مُقيمَ الصَّلَوْة وَمن ذُرِّيتَيْ رَبَّنَا وَتَقَبَّلْ دُعَاءَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّنَا ٱغْفِرْ لِي وَلُوَ الدِّيُّ وَلَامُوْمِنِينَ يَوْمَ يَقُومُ ٱلْحَسَابُ رَبُّ وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ اللهَ غَنفلًا عَمَّا يَعْمَلُ ٱلظَّالْمُونَ إِنَّمَا يُؤَيِّرُهُمْ إِلِيَوْمِ تَشْخَصُ فِيهِ ٱلْأَبْصَارُ ١ مهطعين مقنعي رمُج وسهم لاَيرتنه إلَيْهم طَرفهم وَأَفْعَدُ تَهم هَوَآةُ ١٠ وَأَندر النَّاسَ يَوْمَ يَأْتِيهُمُ الْعَذَابُ فَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ رَبَّنَا أَنْتُرْنَا إِلَىٰٓ أَجَل قَريب ثُجبُ دَعْوَلَكَ وَنَتَّبِعِ الرُّسُلُّ أُولَا تَكُونُواْ أَقْسَمْمُ مِن قَبْلُ مَالَكُم مِّن زَوَال ١ صَلَعْتُمْ في مَسَاكِن ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَتَبَيَّنَ لَكُو كَيْفَ فَعَلْنَا بِهِمْ وَضَرَّبْنَا لَكُو ٱلْأَمْسَالَ ﴿ وَقَدْ مَكُرُواْ مَكْرَهُمْ وَعندَاللهُ مَكْرُهُمْ وَ إِن كَانَ مَكْرُهُمْ لَنَزُولَ مِنْهُ ٱلْحِبَالُ ﴿ فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ اللَّهُ

- ART XIII A B K A FI A M
- 40. My Lord! Make me to establish proper worship, and some of my posterity (also); our Lord! and accept my prayer.
- 41. Our Lord! Forgive me and my parents and believers on the day when the account is cast.
- 42. Deem not that Allah is unaware of what the wicked do. He but giveth them a respite till a day when eyes will stare (in terror),
- 43. As they come hurrying on in fear, their heads upraised, their gaze returning not to them, and their hearts as air.
- 44. And warn mankind of a day when the doom will come upon them, and those who did wrong will say: Our Lord! Reprieve us for a little while. We will obey Thy call and will follow the messengers. (It will be answered): Did ye not swear before that there would be no end for you?
- 45. And (have ye not) dwelt in the dwellings of those who wronged themselves (of old) and (hath it not) become plain to you how We dealt with them, and made examples for you?
- 46. Verily they have plotted their plot, and their plot is with Allah, though their plot were one whereby the mountains should be moved.
 - 47. So think not that Allah will fail to keep His promise

SÛRAH XV

Al-Hijr (which I take to be a place-name) is so called from vv. 80-84. where the fate of the dwellers at that place is described. The date of revelation is earlier than that of any of the Meccan sûrahs which precede it in the arrangement of the Book, though the subject and the tone are similar, which accounts for its position. Some historian places it in his middle group of Meccan sûrahs, that is (as far as one can judge from the inclusions), those revealed after the eighth year and before the third year before the Hijrah, and in so doing but confirms the judgment of the best Muslim authorities, though some Muslim authorities would place it among the earliest revelations.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

عُلْفَ وَعُده ع رُسُلُهُ إِنَّ اللهُ عَن يُرُّ ذُو انتقام ﴿ يَوْمَ اللهُ عَن يُرُّ ذُو انتقام ﴿ يَوْمَ اللهُ الْوَاحِدِ اللّهَ الْأَرْضِ وَالسَّمَلُواتُ وَبَرَوُوا للهُ الْوَاحِدِ الْقَهَّارِ ﴿ وَالسَّمَلُوانَ وَالسَّمَلُوانَ وَالْمَشْيِي وَجُوهَهُمُ للهُ الْأَصْفَادِ ﴿ فَي سَرَا بِيلُهُم مِن قَطرَانَ وَالْمَشْيِي وُجُوهَهُمُ النَّارُ وَقَ لَيْمَنِي اللهُ كُلِّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتُ إِنَّ الله سَريع اللهُ كُلِّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتُ إِنَّ الله سَريع المُعَلَّمُوا اللهُ سَريع اللهُ كُلِّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتُ إِنَّ الله سَريع المُعَلَمُوا المُعْلَمُونُ اللهُ ال

(١٥) مُبُورَقِ الِحِجْرِمِكِيْبَ الاآتِ: ٨٧ فيدنت وآمَامَا ١٩ نزلت بعندسولاً يوسُف

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الْمُعْرِ أَلَّهِ عِيدٍ

الَّـرُّ تِلْكَ ءَايَنْتُ الْكِتَابِ وَقُرْءَانِ مَّيِنِ ٢ * رُبَّمَا



to His messengers. Lo! Allah is Mighty, Able to Requite (the wrong).

- 48. On the day when the earth will be changed to other than the earth, and the heavens (also will be changed) and they will come forth unto Allah, the One, the Almighty,
- 49. Thou wilt see the guilty on that day linked together in chains.
- 50. Their raiment of pitch, and the Fire covering their faces.
- 51. That Allah may repay each soul what it hath earned. Lo! Allah is swift at reckoning.
- 52. This is a clear message for mankind in order that they may be warned thereby, and that they may know that He is only One God, and that men of understanding may take heed.

ALHIIR

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Alif. Lâm. Râ.1 These are verses of the Scripture and a plain Reading.2

¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

³ Ar. Qur'ân.

يَوَدُّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَالرَّكَانُواْ مُسْلَمِينَ ﴿ فَ ذَرْهُمْ يَأْكُواْ وَرَرَيْهُ وَ وَيُلْهُمُ الْأُمَلُ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَهْلَكُنَّا مِن قَرْيَة إِلَّا وَلَهَا كَتَابٌ مَّعْلُومٌ ﴿ مَّا تَسْبَقُ مَنْ أُمَّةً أَجَلَهَا وَمَا يَشْتَعْخُرُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذَى زُلَ عَلَيْهُ الذِّكْرُ إِنَّكَ لَمَجْنُونٌ ﴿ لَوْمَا تَأْتِينَا بِٱلْمَلَتَكِمَة إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّادِقِينَ ﴿ مَا نُنَزَّلُ ٱلْمُلَتِكَةَ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَمَا كَانُواْ إِذَا مُنظَرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا نَحْنُ زَلْنَا الذُّكُرَ وَ إِنَّا لَهُ لِحَافِظُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ في شَيَع ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَمَا يَأْ تَيْهِم مِّن رَّسُولَ إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ ــ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللّ يَسْتَهْزُ وَنَ ١٠٠ كَذَاكَ نَسْلُكُهُ فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ١٠٠ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ بِهِ ء وَقَدْ خَلَتْ سُنَّةُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ بَابًا مَّنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ فَظَلُواْ فِيهِ يَعْرُجُونَ ﴿

- 2. It may be that those who disbelieve wish ardently that they were Muslims.¹
- 3. Let them eat and enjoy life, and let (false) hope beguile them. They will come to know!
- 4. And We destroyed no township but there was a known decree for it.
 - 5. No nation can outstrip its term nor can they lag behind.
- 6. And they say: O thou unto whom the Reminder is revealed, lo! thou art indeed a madman!
- 7. Why bringest thou not angels unto us, if thou art of the truthful?
- 8. We send not down the angels save with the Fact, and in that case (the disbelievers) would not be tolerated.
- Lo! We, even We, reveal the Reminder, and lo! We verily are its Guardian.
- 10. We verily sent (messengers) before thee among the factions of the men of old.
- 11. And never came there unto them a messenger but they did mock him.
- 12. Thus do We make it traverse the hearts of the guilty:
- 13. They believe not therein, though the example of the men of old hath gone before.
- 14. And even if We opened unto them a gate of heaven and they kept mounting through it,

¹ Or "those who have surrendered."

لَقَالُواْ إِنَّمَا سُكَرَتْ أَبْصَارُنَا بَلْ نَحْنُ قَوْمَ مَسْحُورُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ بُرُوجًا وَزَيَّنَّهَا للنَّنظرينَ ٢ وَحَفَظْنَاهَا مِن كُلِّ شَيْطَانِ رَّجِيمٍ ﴿ إِلَّا مَن ٱسْتَرَقَ ٱلسَّمْعَ فَأَتَّبَعَهُ مُهَابٌ مُّبِنُّ ١ وَأَلْقَيْنَا فِيهَا رَوَاسَى وَأَنْبَتَنَا فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَّوْزُون (اللهِ وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُوْ فِهَا مَعَلِيشَ وَمَن لَّسْتُمْ لَهُ بِرَازِ قِينَ ٢ وَ إِن مِّن شَيْءٍ إِلَّا عندَنَا خَزَايِنهُ وَمَا نُنزَلُهُ ﴿ إِلَّا بِقَدَر مَّعْلُوم ١ وَأَرْسَلْنَا الرِّينَحَ لَوَاقِحَ فَأَ زَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَآةً فَأَسْقَيْنَكُمُوهُ وَمَآ أَنُّمْ لَهُ بِخَنزِنينَ ١٠٠٠ وَإِنَّا لَنَحْنُ نُحْى ، وَنُميتُ وَنَحُنُ الْوَارِثُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ وَلَقَدَّ عَلَمْنَا الْمُسْتَقَدِّمِينَ منكُرْ وَلَقَدْ عَلَمْنَا ٱلْمُسْتَعْخِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّا رَبُّكَ هُوَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ إِنَّهُ وَكُمُّ عَلَيْمٌ ﴿ فَيْ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ

- 15. They would say: Our sight is wrong—nay, but we are folk bewitched.
- 16. And verily in the heaven We have set mansions of the stars, and We have beautified it for beholders.
 - 17. And We have guarded it from every outcast devil,
- 18. Save him who stealeth the hearing, and them doth a clear flame pursue.
- 19. And the earth have We spread out, and placed therein firm hills, and caused each seemly thing to grow therein.
- 20. And We have given unto you livelihoods therein, and unto those for whom ye provide not.
- 21. And there is not a thing but with Us are the stores thereof. And We send it not down save in appointed measure.
- 22. And We send the winds fertilising, and cause water to descend from the sky, and give it you to drink. It is not ye who are the holders of the store thereof.
- 23. Lo! and it is We, even We, Who quicken and give death, and We are the Inheritor.
- 24. And verily We know the eager among you and verily We know the laggards.
- 25. Lo! thy Lord will gather them together. Lo! He is Wise, Aware.
 - 26. Verily We created man of potter's clay of black

من صَلْصَلْ مَنْ حَمَالٍ مَّشْنُون ﴿ وَالْجَاَّنَّ خَلَقْنَلُهُ من قَبْلُ من نَّار ٱلسَّمُوم ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لَلْمَلَنَيِّكَة إِنِّي خَالَتُ بَشَراً مِن صَلْصَالِ مَنْ حَمَلٍ مَّسْنُون ﴿ فَإِذَا سَوَّيْتُهُۥ وَنَفَخَّتُ فيه من رُّوحي فَقَعُواْ لَهُۥ سَلجدينَ ٢ فَسَجَدَ الْمَلَنَيِكَةُ كُلُّهُمْ أَجْمَعُونَ رَبِّي إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَنَّهِ أَنْ يَكُونَ مَعَ ٱلسَّنجدينَ ﴿ قَالَ يَدَإِبْليسُ مَالَكَ أَلَّا تَكُونَ مَعَ ٱلسَّنجدينَ ﴿ قَالَ لَمْ أَكُن لَا شُعُدَ لَبَشَر خَلَقْتَهُ مِن صَلْصَالِ مَنْ حَمَا مِسْدُون ﴿ مَا أَن فَأَخْرُجُ مَنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيمٌ ﴿ وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكَ ٱللَّعْنَةَ إِلَى يَوْم ٱلدِّين ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنظِرْنَ إِلَى يَوْم يُبْعَثُونَ ١٠٠ قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ منَ ٱلْمُنظَرِينَ ١٠ إِلَى يَوْمِ ٱلْوَقْتِ ٱلْمَعْلُومِ ١٠ قَالَ رَبّ عَمَا أَغُويْتَني لَأَزَّيْنَنَّ لَمُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَأَغُويَنَّهُمْ mud altered.

- 27. And the jinn did We create aforetime of essential fire.
- 28. And (remember) when thy Lord said unto the angels: Lo! I am creating a mortal out of potter's clay of black mud altered.
- 29. So, when I have made him and have breathed into him of My Spirit, do ye fall down, prostrating yourselves unto him.
 - 30. So the angels fell prostrate, all of them together
 - 31. Save Iblîs. He refused to be among the prostrate.
- 32. HE said: O Iblîs! What aileth thee that thou art not among the prostrate?
- 33. He said: I am not one to prostrate myself unto a mortal whom Thou hast created out of potter's clay of black mud altered!
- 34. He said: Then go thou forth from hence, for lo! thou art outcast.
- 35. And lo! the curse shall be upon thee till the Day of Judgment.
- 36. He said: My Lord! Reprieve me till the day when they are raised.
 - 37. HE said: Then lo! thou art of those reprieved
 - 38. Till the Day of appointed time.
- 39. He said: My Lord! Because Thou hast sent me astray, I verily shall adorn the path of error for them in the earth, and shall mislead them every one,

أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَكَ مَنْهُمُ ٱلْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ قَالَ هَلْذَا صرَاطً عَلَى مُسْتَقَمُّ ﴿ إِنَّ عَبَادَى لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهُمْ سُلْطَكُ ۚ إِلَّا مَنِ ٱتَّبَعَكَ مَنَ ٱلْغَـاوِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمَوْعِدُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَمَا سَبْعَةُ أَبْوَابِ لَّكُلِّ بَابِ مَّهُمْ جُزْهُ مَّقْسُومٌ شَيُّ إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ في جَنَّات وَعُيُون شِي ٱدْخُلُوهَا بِسَلَام ، امنينَ ﴿ وَنَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِ هِم مَّنْ عْلَ إِخْوَانًا عَلَىٰ سُرُر مُتَقَابِلِينَ ﴿ لَا يَمَشُّهُمْ فَيَهَا نَصَبُّ وَمَا هُم مَّنَّهَا بُمُخْرَجِينَ ﴿ يَكِي عَبَادِيَّ أَنَّى أَنَّا ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ وَأَنَّ عَذَابِي هُوَ ٱلْعَذَابُ ٱلْأَلِيمُ ﴿ وَنَبَتْهُمْ عَن ضَيْف إِبْرَاهِيمَ ۞ إِذْ دَخَلُواْ عَلَيْه فَقَالُواْ سَلَامًا قَالَ إِنَّا مِنكُرْ وَجِلُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَالُواْ لَا تَوْجَلُ إِنَّا نُبَشِّرُكَ بِعُلَامِ عَلِيهِ ﴿ قَ قَالَ أَبَشَّرْ ثُمُّونِي عَلَيْ أَن مَّسَّني



- 40. Save such of them as are Thy perfectly devoted slaves.
- 41. HE said: This is a right course incumbent upon Me:
- 42. Lo! as for My slaves, thou hast no power over any of them save such of the froward as follow thee,
 - 43. And lo! for all such, hell will be the promised place.
- 44. It hath seven gates, and each gate hath an appointed portion.
- 45. Lo! those who ward off (evil) are among gardens and watersprings.
- 46. (And it is said unto them): Enter them in peace, secure.
- 47. And We remove whatever rancour may be in their breasts. As brethren, face to face, (they rest) on couches raised.
- 48. Toil cometh not unto them there, nor will they be expelled from thence.
- 49. Announce, (O Muhammad) unto My slaves that verily I am the Forgiving, the Merciful,
 - 50. And that My doom is the dolorous doom.
 - 51. And tell them of Abraham's guests,
- 52. (How) when they came in unto him, and said: Peace. He said: Lo! we are afraid of you.
- 53. They said: Be not afraid! Lo! we bring thee good tidings of a boy possessing wisdom.
 - 54. He said: Bring ye me good tidings (of a son) when old

ٱلْكَبَرُ فَمَ تُبَشُّرُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ إِنَّا ثُلَكَ بِٱلْحَقَّ فَلَا تَكُن مَّنَ ٱلْقَانِطِينَ رَفِي قَالَ وَمَن يَقْنَطُ مَن رَّحْمَة رَبَّه ٓ إِلَّا ٱلضَّا لُّونَ ﴿ مَا لَا فَ خَطْبُكُمْ أَيُّهَا ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ مِنْ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّآ أَرْسُلْنَآ إِلَىٰ قَوْمٍ تُجْرِمِينَ ۞ إِلَّا ءَالَ لُوط إِنَّا لَمُنجُوهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا أَمْرَأَ نَكُم قَدَّرْنَا ۚ إِنَّهَا لَمَنَ ٱلْغَنبرِينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّاجَآءَ ءَالَ لُوطِ ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّنكَرُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ بَلْ جِئْنَكَ بَمَ كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَمْ تَرُونَ ١٠٠ وَأَ تَيْنَكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَ إِنَّا لَصَلاقُونَ ١٠٠ فَأَسْر بأُهَّاكَ بِقطْعِ مِنَ الَّيْلِ وَاتَّبِعْ أَدْبَلُوهُمْ وَلَا يَلْنَفْت منكُرْ أَحَدُّ وَآمْضُواْ حَيْثُ تُؤْمَرُونَ (عَيِّ) وَقَضَيْنَا إِلَيْه ذَاكَ ٱلْأَمْرَ أَنَّ دَابَرَ هَـٰتَوُكَّا ۚ وَمَقْطُوعٌ مُصْبِحِينَ ١ وَجَآءَ أَهْلُ ٱلْمَدينَة يَسْتَبْشُرُونَ ١٠ قَالَ إِنَّ هَنَوُلآء age hath overtaken me? Of what then can ye bring good tidings?

- 55. They said: We bring thee good tidings in truth. So be not thou of the despairing.
- 56. He said: And who despaireth of the mercy of his Lord save those who are astray?
- 57. He said: And afterward what is your business, O ye messengers (of Allah)?
 - 58. They said: We have been sent unto a guilty folk,
- 59. (All) save the family of Lot. Them we shall deliver every one,
- 60. Except his wife, of whom We had decreed that she should be of those who stay behind.
 - 61. And when the messengers came unto the family of Lot,
 - 62. He said: Lo! ye are folk unknown (to me).
- 63. They said: Nay, but we bring thee that concerning which they keep disputing,
 - 64. And bring thee the Truth, and lo! we are truth-tellers.
- 65. So travel with thy household in a portion of the night, and follow thou their backs. Let none of you turn round, but go whither ye are commanded.
- 66. And We made plain the case to him, that the root of them (who did wrong) was to be cut at early morn.
- 67. And the people of the city came, rejoicing at the news (of new arrivals).
 - 68. He said: Lo! they are my guests. Affront me not!

ضَيْفي فَلَا تَفْضَحُون ﴿ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهَ وَلَا تُخَذُّون ﴿ قَالُواْ أُولَمْ نَنْهَكَ عَن الْعَلَمِينَ رَبِّي قَالَ هَنَوُكَا وَبَنَاتَ إِن كُنتُمْ قَاعلينَ ﴿ لَكُ لَعَمْرُكَ إِنَّهُمْ لَنِي سَكْرَتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿ لَيْ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلصَّيْحَةُ مُشْرِقِينَ ﴿ فَكِي فَجَعَلْنَا عَلْيَهَا سَافِلُهَا وَ أَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ حَجَارَةً مَّن سَجِيل ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَا يَنت لَّلْمُتَوَسِّمِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهَا لَبَسَييل مُّقْيم ﴿ إِنَّ فَذَاكَ لَا يَهَّ لَلْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ وَإِن كَانَ أَصْحَابُ الْأَيْكَة لَظَالِمينَ ﴿ وَإِن كَانَ أَصْحَابُ الْأَيْكَة لَظَالِمينَ فَأَنتَقَمْنَا مَنْهُمْ وَ إِنَّهُمَا لَبْإِمَامُ مُّبِينَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبَ أُصِّكُ ٱلْحَجْرِ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ وَمَا آَيْنَاكُمْ مَا يَلْنَكُ فَكَانُواْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ ﴿ وَكَانُواْ يَنْحَتُونَ مَنَ ٱلْجَبَال بُيُوتًا ءَامنينَ ٢٠٠٠ فَأَخَذَ تُهُمُ الصَّيْحَةُ مُصْبِحِينَ ٢٠٠٠ فَىَ أَغْفَىٰ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقْنَا

- 69. And keep your duty to Allah, and shame me not!
- 70. They said: Have we not forbidden you from (entertaining) anyone?
- 71. He said: Here are my daughters, if ye must be doing (so).
- 72. By thy life (O Muhammad) they moved blindly in the frenzy of approaching death.
 - 73. Then the (Awful) Cry overtook them at the sunrise.
- 74. And We utterly confounded them, and We rained upon them stones of heated clay.
- 75. Lo! therein verily are portents for those who read the signs.
 - 76. And lo! it is upon a road still uneffaced.
 - 77. Lo! therein is indeed a portent for believers.
 - 78. And the dwellers in the wood1 indeed were evil-doers.
- 79. So We took vengeance on them; and lo! they both are on a high-road plain to see.
- 80. And the dwellers in Al-Hijr indeed denied (Our) messengers.
- 81. And We gave them Our revelations, but they were averse to them.
- 82. And they used to hew out dwellings from the hills, (wherein they dwelt) secure.
- 83. But the (Awful) Cry overtook them at the morning hour,
- 84. And that which they were wont to count as gain availed them not.

¹ Another name for Midian.

ٱلسَّمَلَوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا يَنْهُمَّا إِلَّا بِٱلْحَتَّ وَإِنَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ لَاَ تَيَةً ۚ فَأَصْفَحِ ٱلصَّفْحَ ٱلجَّـمَيلَ (إِنَّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ ٱلْحَلَّاقُ ٱلْعَلَّمُ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَكَ سَبُّكَا مِّنَ ٱلْمَثَانِي وَٱلْقُرَّ اَنَ ٱلْعَظِيمَ ﴿ لَا تُمُدَّنَّ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَىٰ مَامَتَعْنَا بِهِ مَا أَزْ وَاجُا مَنْهُمْ وَلَا يَحْزَنُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَٱخْفَضْ جَنَاحَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَقُلْ إِنَّ أَنَا ٱلنَّذِيرُ ٱلمُّبِينُ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ كَمَآ أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَى ٱلْمُقْتَسِمِينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ جَعَلُواْ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ عضينَ ﴿ فَوَرَبُّكَ لَنَسْعَلَنَّهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ عَلَّ كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فَأَصْدَعْ بَمَا تُؤْمَرُ وَأَعْرِضْ عَن ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا كَفَيْنَكَ ٱلْمُسْتَهْزِءِ بِنَ ﴿ ٱلَّذِينَ ﴿ يَجْعَلُونَ مَعَ ٱلله إِلَنَهَا ءَاخَرَ ۚ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ نَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ يَضِيقُ صَدَّرُكَ بَمَا يَقُولُونَ ﴿ فَسَبَّعْ بَحَمْد

- 85. We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them save with truth, and lo! the Hour is surely coming. So forgive, (O Muhammad), with a gracious forgiveness.
 - 86. Lo! Thy Lord! He is the All-Wise Creator.
- 87. We have given thee seven of the oft-repeated (verses)1 and the great Qur'an.
- 88. Strain not thine eyes toward that which We cause an some wedded pairs among them to enjoy, and be not grieved to on their account, and lower thy wing (in tenderness) for the @ believers.
 - 89. And say: Lo! I, even I, am a plain warner,
 - go. Such as We send down for those who make division,
 - 01. Those who break the Qur'an into parts.
 - 92. Them, by thy Lord, We shall question, every one,
 - 93. Of what they used to do.
- 94. So proclaim that which thou art commanded, and withdraw from the idolaters.
 - os. Lo! We defend thee from the scoffers.
- 96. Who set some other god along with Allah. But they will come to know.
- 97. Well know We that thy bosom is oppressed by what they say,
- According to a strong tradition, the reference is to sûrah I, which consists of seven verses and forms a part of every Muslim prayer.

SÛRAH XVI

An-Nabl, "The Bee," takes its name from v. 68, where the activities of the Bee are mentioned as a type of duty and of usefulness. It calls attention to God's providence for creation, and to His guidance to mankind as a necessary part of it, and warns disbelievers in that guidance of a folly in rejecting it as great as would be the rejection of food and drink. The sûrah is ascribed to the last Meccan group, though some ancient authorities regard the ascription as valid only for vv. 1–40, and consider the whole latter portion as revealed at Al-Madînah. The only verse in the sûrah which is self-evidently of Madinan revelation is v. 110, where the fugitives from persecution are said to have fought; for in the Meccan period fighting was unlawful for the Muslims, though many of them fled from persecution, taking refuge in Abyssinia.

A late Meccan sûrah, with the exception of v. 110, which must have been revealed at Al-Madinah not earlier than the year 2 A.H.,

and possibly many other verses toward the end.

رَبِّكَ وَكُن مِّنَ السَّنجِدِينَ ﴿ وَاعْبُدُ رَبَّكَ حَثَىٰ يَأْنِيكَ الْيَقْيِثُ ﴿ فَيْ

> (١٦) <u>سُواظًا لِخ</u>لِّ مَكِيْتِ الاالآبات الشَّلاث الأخيرة بذنيشة وآبلفت ١٢٨ نزلت بعند التحليث

ين أِلَّهِ الرَّمْ وَالرَّحِيمِ

أَنِّنَ أَمْرُ الله فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ سَبْحَنْتُهُ وَتَعَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ مَ اللهِ فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ سَبْحَنْتُهُ وَ لَا عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ فَشْرِكُونَ ﴿ يُنزِّلُ الْمَلَتَ عِكَةَ بِالرَّوحِ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَاءُ مِنْ عَبَادِهِ عَ أَنْ أَنَذُرُ وَا أَنَّهُ لَآ إِلَكَ إِلَّا أَنَا فَا يَشْرِكُونَ ﴿ عَلَىٰ السَّمَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَتِّ تَعَلَىٰ فَا اللهِ نَسَنَى مِن نُطْفَة فَإِذَا هُو عَلَىٰ اللهِ نَسَلَىٰ مِن نُطْفَة فَإِذَا هُو عَلَىٰ اللهِ نَسَلَىٰ مِن نُطْفَة فَإِذَا هُو خَصِيمٌ مَّبِينٌ ﴿ وَ الْأَنْعَلَمَ خَلَقَهُمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُولِ اللهُ ا



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- 98. But hymn the praise of thy Lord, and be of those who make prostration (unto Him).
- 99. And serve thy Lord till the Inevitable 1 cometh unto thee.

THE BEE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

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- 1. The commandment of Allah will come to pass, so seek not ye to hasten it. Glorified and Exalted be He above all that they associate (with Him).
- 2. He sendeth down the angels with the Spirit of His command unto whom He will of His bondmen, (saying): Warn mankind that there is no God save Me, so keep your duty unto Me.
- He hath created the heavens and the earth with truth.High be He Exalted above all that they associate (with Him).
- 4. He hath created man from a drop of fluid, yet behold! he is an open opponent.
 - 5. And the cattle hath He created, whence ye have warm

 1 i.e. death.

وَمَنْفَعُ وَمَنْهَا تَأْ كُلُونَ ﴿ وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا جَمَالُ حِينَ تُرْيِحُونَ وَحِينَ نَسْرَحُونَ ﴿ وَتَحْمُلُ أَثْقَالَكُمْ إِلَىٰ بَلَدَلَّمْ تَكُونُواْ بَلْغِيهِ إِلَّا بِشَقَ ٱلْأَنْفُسُ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ لَرَءُوكٌ رَّحيُّم ۞ وَٱلْحَيْلَ وَٱلْبِغَالَ وَٱلْحَمِيرَلَتَرْكُبُوهَا وَزِينَةٌ وَيَخْلُقُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَعَلَى اللهُ قَصْدُ السَّبِيلِ وَمَنْهَا جَآيٌّ وَلَوْ شَآءَ لَمَدَنُّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ رَبُّ هُوَ الَّذِيَّ أَزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَآةً لَّكُمُ مِّنَّهُ شَرَابٌ وَمَنْهُ شَجَرٌ فِيهِ تُسيمُونَ ﴿ يُنابُ لَكُم بِهِ الزَّرْعَ وَالزَّيْتُونَ وَالنَّخِيلَ وَ الْأَعْنَابَ وَمِن كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتُ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً لَّقَوْمَ يَتَفَكَّرُ وِنَ ١٥ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ وَالشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ وَالنَّجُومُ مُسَخَّرَاتُ بأَمْرِهُ عَ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَنت لَقَوْم يَعْقلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا ذَرَأَ لَكُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُخْتَلَفًا أَلْوَا نُهُ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَهَ لَقَوْم clothing and uses, and whereof ye eat;

- 6. And wherein is beauty for you, when ye bring them home, and when ye take them out to pasture.
- 7. And they bear your loads for you unto a land ye could not reach save with great trouble to yourselves. Lo! your Lord is Full of Pity, Merciful.
- 8. And horses and mules and asses (hath He created) that ye may ride them, and for ornament. And He createth that which ye know not.
- And Allah's is the direction of the way, and some (roads) go not straight. And had He willed He would have led you all aright.
- 10. He it is Who sendeth down water from the sky, whence ye have drink, and whence are trees on which ye send your beasts to pasture.
- 11. Therewith He causeth crops to grow for you, and the olive and the date-palm and grapes and all kinds of fruit. Lo! herein is indeed a portent for people who reflect.
- 12. And He hath constrained the night and the day and the sun and the moon to be of service unto you, and the stars are made subservient by His command. Lo! herein indeed are portents for people who have sense.
- 13. And whatsoever He hath created for you in the earth of divers hues, lo! therein is indeed a portent for people who

يَدَّكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي سَغَّرَ ٱلْبَحْرَ لَنَأْ كُلُواْ منْ لُحَمَّا طريًا وَتَسْتَخْرِجُواْ مَنْهُ حَلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا وَتَرَى الْفُلْكَ مَوَانرَ فِيه وَلتَبْتَغُواْ مِن فَضْله ع وَلَعَلَّكُم لَشُكُرُونَ ﴿ وَأَنْقَىٰ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ أَنْ تَمَيدَ بِكُمْ وَأَنْهَدُا وَسُبِلًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَهْنَدُونَ ١٥٥ وَعَلَامَتُ وَبِالنَّجْمِ هُمْ يَهْنَدُونَ ١٥٥ أَهُنَ يَخْلُقُ كُمَن لَّا يَخْلُقُ أَفَلَا لَذَكُّرُونَ ۞ وَ إِن لَعْدُواْ نَعْمَةَ اللهُ لَا تُحْصُومَا ۗ إِنَّ اللهَ لَغَفُورٌ رَّحيٌّ ۞ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُسَرُّونَ وَمَا تُعْلَنُونَ ۞ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مر_ دُون ٱلله لَا يَخْلُقُونَ شَيْعًا وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ ﴿ أَمُواتُّ غَيْرُ أَحْيَا ۚ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ أَيَّانَ يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿ إِلَّهُ كُمْ إِلَّهُ لُمْ إِلَّهُ لُمْ إِلَّهُ وَاحَدُّ فَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَةِ قُلُو بُهُم مُّنكَرَّةٌ وَهُم اً مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ ﴿ يَكُ لِجَرَمَ أَنَّ اللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّ وِنَ وَمَا يُعْلَنُونَ

take heed.

PART XIV

- 14. And He it is Who hath constrained the sea to be of service that ye eat fresh meat from thence, and bring forth from thence ornaments which ye wear. And thou seest the ships ploughing it that ye (mankind) may seek of His bounty, and that haply ye may give thanks.
- 15. And He hath cast into the earth firm hills that it quake not with you, and streams and roads that ye may find a way.
 - 16. And landmarks (too), and by the star they find a way.
- 17. Is He then Who createth as him who createth not? Will ye not then remember?
- 18. And if ye would count the favour of Allah ye cannot reckon it. Lo! Allah is indeed Forgiving, Merciful.
- 19. And Allah knoweth that which ye keep hidden and that which ye proclaim.
- 20. Those unto whom they cry beside Allah created naught, but are themselves created.
- 21. (They are) dead, not living. And they know not when they will be raised.
- 22. Your God is One God. But as for those who believe not in the Hereafter their hearts refuse to know, for they are proud.
 - 23. Assuredly Allah knoweth that which they keep hidden

إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُسْتَكْبِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ مَّاذَاۤ أَنْزَلَ رَبُّكُمْ قَالُواْ أَسْطِيرُ الْأُوَّلِينَ ١٠٠ لَيَحْمِلُواْ أُوزَارَهُمْ كَامَلَةُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْدَمَةُ وَمَنْ أَوْزَارِ ٱلَّذِينَ يُصَلُّونَهُم بِغَيْر علم أَلا سَآءَ مَا يَررُونَ ﴿ قَدْ مَكْرَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَهِمْ فَأَتَّى اللهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْقَوَاعِدِ فَخَرَّ عَلَيْهِمُ السَّقْفُ من فَوْقِهِمْ وَأَتَّلَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢ ثُمَّ يَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَةُ يُخْزِيهِمْ وَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَكَاءَى الَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ تُشَنَقُونَ فيهم م قَالَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْعِلْمَ إِنَّ الْخُزِّي الْيَوْمَ وَالسُّوَّءَ عَلَى الْكَلفرينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ نَتَوَقَّلُهُمُ الْمَلَيْكَةُ ظَالِمِيَّ أَنفُسِهِمْ فَأَلْقَوا السَّلَمَ مَا كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ مِن سُوَّةٍ بَلَيَّ إِنَّ اللهُ عَلَمُ كَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَدْخُلُواْ أَبُوابَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلدِينَ فِيكَ فَلَبْشَ مَثْوَى ٱلْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ﴿

and that which they proclaim. Lo! He loveth not the proud.

- 24. And when it is said unto them: What hath your Lord revealed? they say: (Mere) fables of the men of old,
- 25. That they may bear their burdens undiminished on the Day of Resurrection, with somewhat of the burdens of those whom they mislead without knowledge. Ah! evil is that which they bear!
- 26. Those before them plotted, so Allah struck at the foundations of their building, and then the roof fell down upon them from above them, and the doom came on them whence they knew not;
- 27. Then on the Day of Resurrection He will disgrace them and will say: Where are My partners, for whose sake ye opposed (My guidance)? Those who have been given knowledge will say: Disgrace this day and evil are upon the disbelievers,
- 28. Whom the angels cause to die while they are wronging themselves. Then will they make full submission (saying): We used not to do any wrong. Nay! Surely Allah is Knower of what ye used to do.
- 29. So enter the gates of hell, to dwell therein for ever. Woeful indeed will be the lodging of the arrogant.

* وَقِيلَ الَّذِينَ آتَقُواْ مَا ذَآ أَزَلَ رَبُّكُم ۗ قَالُواْ خَبْراً لَّذَينَ أَحْسَنُواْ في هَذِهِ ٱلدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةٌ وَلَدَارُ ٱلْآخَرَة خَيْرٌ وَلَنْعُمَ دَارُ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ جَنَّتُ عَدَّنْ يَدْخُلُونَهَا تَجْرى من تَحْتُهَا ٱلأَنْهَارُ هُمُمْ فيهَا مَا يَشَآءُونَ ۚ كَذَاكَ يَجْزِى ٱللهُ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ نَتَوَقَّلُهُمُ الْمَلَتَهِكَةُ طَيَّبِينٌ يَقُولُونَ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمُ أَدْخُلُواْ ٱلْحَنَّةَ بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مَلَّ مَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَن تَأْتَيَهُمُ الْمَلَنَبِكَةُ أَوْ يَأْتَى أَمُّ رَبُّكُّ كَذَالِكَ فَعَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَهِم وَمَا ظَلَمَهُم ٱلله وَلَكُن كَانُوٓاْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلُمُونَ ﴿ فَأَصَا بَهُمْ سَيَّعَاتُ مَا عَمُلُواْ وَحَاقَ بِهِم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ عِيسَتَهْزِءُونَ رَبُّ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ لَوْ شَآءَ اللهُ مَا عَبَدُنَا من دُونه عن شَيْءٍ نَعْنُ وَلا عَابَ أَوْنَا وَلا حَرَّمْنَا من دُونه عن شَيْءٍ كَذَالكَ فَعَلَ 30. And it is said unto those who ward off (evil): What hath your Lord revealed? They say: Good. For those who do good in this world there is a good (reward) and the home of the Hereafter will be better. Pleasant indeed will be the home of those who ward off (evil)—

- 31. Gardens of Eden which they enter, underneath which rivers flow, wherein they have what they will. Thus Allah repayeth those who ward off (evil),
- 32. Those whom the angels cause to die (when they are) good. They say: Peace be unto you! Enter the Garden because of what ye used to do.
- 33. Await they aught save that the angels should come unto them or thy Lord's command should come to pass? Even so did those before them. Allah wronged them not, but they did wrong themselves,
- 34. So that the evils of what they did smote them, and that which they used to mock surrounded them.
- 35. And the idolaters say: Had Allah willed, we had not worshipped aught beside Him, we and our fathers, nor had we forbidden aught without (command from) Him. Even so

اَلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ فَهَلْ عَلَى الرُّسُلِ إِلَّا الْبَلَئُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ بَعَثْنَا فِي كُلِّ أُمَّةً رَّسُولًا أَن أَعْبُدُ واْ ٱللهَ وَٱجْتَنْبُواْ ٱلطَّنغُوتَ فَمَنْهُم مِنْ هَدَى ٱللهُ وَمَنْهُم مِنْ حَقَّتُ عَلَيْه ٱلضَّلَكَةُ فَسيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلمُنكَذِّبينَ ﴿ إِن تَحْرَصْ عَلَىٰ هُدَامُهُمْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهُ لَا يَهْدى مَن يُضِلُّ وَمَا لَحُهُم مِّن نَّنصر بِنَ ﴿ وَأَقْسَمُواْ بَاللَّهُ جَهْدَ أَيْمَنَهُمْ لَا يَبْعَثُ اللَّهُ مَن يَمُوتُ بَلَنَ وَعْدًا عَلَيْه حَقًّا وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ ليبَيّنَ لَمُهُ الَّذِي يَخْتَلْفُونَ فِيهِ وَلَيْعَلَمَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ كَذبينَ ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّمَا قُولُنَالشَّى ۗ إِنَّا أَرَدْنَكُ أَنْ نَّقُولَ لَهُ كُن فَيَكُونُ رَبُّ وَالَّذِينَ هَا جَرُواْ فِي اللهِ مَنْ بَعْدَ مَاظُلُمُواْ لَنُبَوْنَتُهُمْ فِي الْدُنْيَا حَسَنَةً ۗ وَلَا بُرُ ٱلْآخِرَةَ أَكَبُرُ لَوْ كَانُواْ did those before them. Are the messengers charged with aught save plain conveyance (of the message)?

- 36. And verily We have raised in every nation a messenger, (proclaiming): Serve Allah and shun false gods. Then some of them (there were) whom Allah guided, and some of them (there were) upon whom error had just hold. Do but travel in the land and see the nature of the consequence for the deniers!
- 37. Even if thou (O Muhammad) desirest their right guidance, still Allah assuredly will not guide him who misleadeth. Such have no helpers.
- 38. And they swear by Allah their most binding oaths (that) Allah will not raise up him who dieth. Nay, but it is a promise (binding) upon Him in truth, but most of mankind know not.
- 39. That He may explain unto them that wherein they differ, and that those who disbelieved may know that they were liars.
- 40. And Our word unto a thing, when We intend it, is only that We say unto it: Be! and it is.
- 41. And those who became fugitives for the cause of Allah after they had been oppressed. We verily shall give them goodly lodging in the world, and surely the reward of the Hereafter is greater, if they but knew;

يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ وَعَلَىٰ رَبُّمْ يَتُو تَّكُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ إِلَّا رِجَالًا نُوحِى إِلَيْهِمْ فَسْتُلُواْ ﴿ أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ إِن كُنتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ بِالْبَيْنَاتِ وَالزُّبْرِ ﴾ وَأَزَلْنَا ۚ إِلَيْكَ ٱلذَّكُرَلتُبَينَ للنَّاسِ مَا زُزَّلَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكُّرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَأَمَنَ الَّذِينَ مَكَّرُواْ السَّبْعَاتِ أَن أَ يَحْسَفَ اللهُ بِهِمُ ٱلْأَرْضَ أَوْ يَأْ تَبَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَاَيَشْعُرُونَ ١٠٠٥ أَوْيَأْخُلَهُمْ فَي تَقَلَّبُهُمْ فَكَاهُم بُمُعْجِرِينَ ﴿ أُو يَأْخُلَهُ مُ عَلَىٰ تَخَوُّفَ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ لَرَهُ وَثُّ رَّحِيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ إِلَىٰ مَاخَلَقَ اللَّهُ مِن شَيْءٍ يَتَفَيَّوُ أَ ظَلَنْكُهُ عَن ٱلْيَمِين وَٱلشَّمَآيِل سُجَّدًا لله وَهُمَّ وَاخْرُونَ إِنَّ وَلَهُ يَسْجُدُ مَافِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَافِي ٱلْأَرْضِ من دَآبَّة وَالْمَلَنبِكَةُ وَهُمْ لَا بَسْنَكْبُرُونَ ٢

- 42. Such as are steadfast and put their trust in Allah.
- 43. And We sent not (as Our messengers) before thee other than men whom We inspired—Ask the followers of the Remembrance if ye know not!—
- 44. With clear proofs and writings; and We have revealed unto thee the Remembrance that thou mayst explain to mankind that which hath been revealed for them, and that haply they may reflect.
- 45. Are they who plan ill-deeds then secure that Allah will not cause the earth to swallow them, or that the doom will not come on them whence they know not?
- 46. Or that He will not seize them in their going to and fro so that there be no escape for them?
- 47. Or that He will not seize them with a gradual wasting? Lo! thy Lord is indeed Full of Pity, Merciful.
- 48. Have they not observed all things that Allah hath created, how their shadows incline to the right and to the left, making prostration unto Allah, and they are lowly?
- 49. And unto Allah maketh prostration whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth of living creatures, and the angels (also), and they are not proud.

يَخَافُونَ رَبِّهُم مِن فَوْقَهِمْ وَيَفْعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ رَبِّي * * وَقَالَ اللَّهُ لَا تَنْخُذُواْ إِلَىٰهِينِ ٱثْنَيْنَ إِنَّمَاهُوَ إِلَىٰهُ وَاحْدُ فَإِيَّلِيَ فَا رَّهَبُون ﴿ وَلَهُۥ مَا فِي السَّمَنُوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَهُ ٱلدِّينُ وَاصِبًا ۚ أَفَخَيْرَ ٱللهُ نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ وَمَا بِكُمْ مَن نَعْمَةَ فَمَنَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ إِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُّ وَإِلَيْهِ تَجْتَرُونَ ﴿ ثُمُّ إِذَا كَشَفَ الفُّرَّعَنكُم إِذَا فَريُّ مَنكُم برَّهِم مُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ لَيَكُفُرُواْ مِمَا ءَاتَيْنَكُهُمْ فَنَمَتُعُوا فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ وَيَجْعَلُونَ لَمَا لَا يَعْلَمُونَ نَصِيبًا مَّنَّا رَزَ قَنْلُهُم مَ لَاللَّهُ لَتُسْتَلُنَّ عَمَّا كُنتُمْ نَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ وَيَجْعَلُونَ لله ٱلْبَلَنت سُبْحَلنَهُ وَلَهُم مَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا بُشَرَ أَحَدُهُم بِالْأُنْيَىٰ ظَلَّ وَجْهُهُ مُسْوَدًّا وَهُو كَظَّمِّ ﴿ يَتُوْرَى مِنَ ٱلْقُوم مِن سُوَهِ مَا بُشَرَبِهُ مَ أَيْسُكُهُ عَلَى

- 50. They fear their Lord above them, and do what they are bidden.
- 51. Allah hath said: Choose not two gods. There is only One God. So of Me, Me only, be in awe.
- 52. Unto Him belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth, and religion is His for ever. Will ye then fear any other than Allah?
- 53. And whatever of comfort ye enjoy, it is from Allah. Then, when misfortune reacheth you, unto Him ye cry for help.
- 54. And afterward, when He hath rid you of the misfortune, behold! a set of you attribute partners to their Lord,
- 55. So as to deny that which We have given them. Then enjoy life (while ye may), for ye will come to know.
- 56. And they assign a portion of that which We have given them unto what they know not. By Allah! but ye will indeed be asked concerning (all) that ye used to invent.
- 57. And they assign unto Allah daughters—Be He Glorified!
 —and unto themselves what they desire;
- 58. When if one of them receiveth tidings of the birth of a female, his face remaineth darkened, and he is wroth inwardly.
- 59. He hideth himself from the folk because of the evil of that whereof he hath had tidings, (asking himself): Shall he

هُونَ أَمْ يَدُسُهُو فِي التَّرَابِ أَلَّاسَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ ١ لَّذَبِّنَ لَايُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخَرَةِ مَثَلُ ٱلسَّوْءِ وَللهِ ٱلْمَثَلُ ٱلْأَعْلَىٰ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكُمُ إِنِّي وَلَوْ يُوَّاخِذُ ٱللهُ ٱلنَّاسَ بِظُلَّمِهِم مَّا تَرَكَ عَلَيْهَا مِن دَآيَّة وَلَكُن يُؤَّنُّوهُمْ إِلَىٰ أَجَل مُسمَّى فَإِذَا جَآءًأَجَلُهُمْ لَايَسْتَعْخُرُونَ سَاعَةٌ وَلَا يَسْتَقْدُمُونَ ٢ وَيَجْعَلُونَ لله مَا يَكْرَهُونَ وَنَصِفُ أَلْسَنَهُمُ ٱلْكَذَبَأَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلْحُسْنَى لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلنَّارَ وَأَنَّهُم مُّفْرَطُونَ ﴿ تَالله لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَىٰ أُمَد مَن قَبْلِكَ فَزَيَّنَ لَمُمُّ الشَّيْطَنُ أَعْمَلُهُمْ فَهُو وَلَيْهُمُ أَلْيُومَ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَيْمٌ ﴿ وَمَا أَزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَلَبِ إِلَّا لُتَبَيِّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فَيْهُ وَهُدِّي وَرَحْمَةً لَّقَوْم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ أَنْزَلَ مَنَّ السَّمَاءِمَا } فَأَحْيَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَهَا أَ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَةً لَقَوْم

keep it in contempt, or bury it beneath the dust. Verily evil is their judgment.

- 60. For those who believe not in the Hereafter is an evil similitude, and Allah's is the Sublime Similitude. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 61. If Allah were to take mankind to task for their wrongdoing, he would not leave hereon a living creature, but He reprieveth them to an appointed term, and when their term cometh they cannot put (it) off an hour nor (yet) advance (it).
- 62. And they assign unto Allah that which they (themselves) dislike, and their tongues expound the lie that the better portion will be theirs. Assuredly theirs will be the Fire, and they will be abandoned.
- 63. By Allah, We verily sent messengers unto the nations before thee, but the devil made their deeds fairseeming unto them. So he is their patron this day, and theirs will be a painful doom.
- 64. And We have revealed the Scripture unto thee only that thou mayst explain unto them that wherein they differ, and (as) a guidance and a mercy for a people who believe.
- 65. Allah sendeth down water from the sky and therewith reviveth the earth after her death. Lo! herein is indeed, a portent for a folk who hear.

يَسْمَعُونَ رَبُّ وَإِنَّ لَكُرْ فِي ٱلْأَنْعَامِ لَعَبْرَةٌ تُسْقِيكُم مَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى بُطُونه عَمْ بَيْنَ فَرْثَ وَدَمَ لَّبَنَّا خَالَصُا سَآ بِغُا لَلسَّار بينَ ﴿ وَمَن تَمَرَات النَّخِيلِ وَ ٱلْأَعْنَابِ تَنَّخَذُونَ منْهُ سَكَرًا وَرِزْقًا حَسَنًا إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَةً لَقَوْم يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَأَوْحَىٰ رَبُّكَ إِلَى ٱلنَّعْلِ أَن ٱتَّخذى منَ ٱلْجَبَال بُيُونَا وَمَنَ ٱلشَّجَرِ وَمَّا يَعْرِشُونَ ﴿ ثَيِّ ثُمَّ كُلِّي مِن كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ فَاسْلُكِي سُبِلَ رَبِّكِ ذُلُكٌّ يَخْرُجُ مِنْ بَطُونَهَا شَرَابٌ غُمْنَلُفُ أَلْوَانُهُ فِيهِ شَفَآعُ لَلنَّاسَ إِنَّ فِي ذَالكَ لَا يَهُ لَقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَفَّلُكُمْ ۗ وَمنكُمُ مِّن يُرَدُّ إِلَىٰ أَرْدُل الْعُمُولِكُي لَا يَعْلَمَ بَعْدَ علْم شَيْئًا إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَمٌ قَديرٌ رَبَّى وَاللهُ فَضَّلَ بَعْضَكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضِ فِي الرَّزْقَ فَكَ الَّذِينَ فُضَّلُواْ بِرَآدَى رزَّقِهمْ

- 66. And lo! in the cattle there is a lesson for you. We give you to drink of that which is in their bellies, from betwixt the refuse and the blood, pure milk palatable to the drinkers.
- 67. And of the fruits of the date-palm, and grapes, whence ye derive strong drink and (also) good nourishment. Lo! therein is indeed a portent for people who have sense.
- 68. And thy Lord inspired the bee, saying: Choose thou habitations in the hills and in the trees and in that which they thatch;
- 69. Then eat of all fruits, and follow the ways of thy Lord, made smooth (for thee). There cometh forth from their bellies a drink divers of hues, wherein is healing for mankind. Lo! herein is indeed a portent for people who reflect.
- 70. And Allah createth you, then causeth you to die, and among you is he who is brought back to the most abject stage of life, so that he knoweth nothing after (having had) knowledge. Lo! Allah is Knower, Powerful.
- 71. And Allah hath favoured some of you above others in provision. Now those who are more favoured will by no means hand over their provision to those (slaves) whom their

عَلَىٰ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ فَهُمْ فيه سَوَا } أَفَهَنعْمَة الله يَجْمَدُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مَنْ أَنفُسكُمْ أَزْ وَاجَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ مَنْ أَزْوَاجِكُم بَدينَ وَحَفَدَةً وَرَزَقَكُم مَنَ ٱلطَّيْبَات أَفَبَالْبَطل يُؤْمِنُونَ وَبِنعَمَت الله هُمْ يَكْفُرُونَ ٣ وَ يَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ مَالَا يَمْلُكُ لَهُمْ رِزْقًا مَنَ ٱلسَّمَنَوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ شَيْعًا وَلَا يَشْتَطيعُونَ ﴿ فَلَا تَضْرَبُواْ لله ٱلأَمْثَالَ إِنَّ ٱللهَ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنَّمُ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ ﴿ ضَرَبَ ٱللهُ مَثَلاً عَبْدًا مَّالُوكًا لَّا يَقْدرُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَمَن رَّزَقْنَهُ مَنَّا رزًا حَسَنَا فَهُو بِنْفُقُ مِنْهُ سُرًا وَجَهُرًا ۚ هَلْ يُسْتُونَ ۚ الْحَمَدُ لله بَلَأَ كَثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠٥ وَضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا رَّجُلَيْن أَحَدُهُمَا أَبْكُولًا يَقْدُرُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُو كُلُّ عَلَىٰ مَوْكَ أَيْنَا يُوجَّهُ لَا يَأْت بَحْيرُ هَلْ يَسْتُوى هُو وَمَن يَأْمُر بِٱلْعَدْلُ



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right hands possess, so that they may be equal with them in respect thereof. Is it then the grace of Allah that they deny?

- 72. And Allah hath given you wives of your own kind, and hath given you, from your wives, sons and grandsons, and hath made provision of good things for you. Is it then in vanity that they believe and in the grace of Allah that they dishelieve?
- 73. And they worship beside Allah that which owneth no provision whatsoever for them from the heavens or the earth, nor have they (whom they worship) any power.
- 74. So coin not similitudes for Allah. Lo! Allah knoweth; ye know not.
- 75. Allah coineth a similitude: (on the one hand) a (mere) chattel slave, who hath control of nothing, and (on the other hand) one on whom We have bestowed a fair provision from Us, and he spendeth thereof secretly and openly. Are they equal? Praise be to Allah! But most of them know not.
- 76. And Allah coineth a similitude: Two men, one of them dumb, having control of nothing, and he is a burden on his owner; whithersoever he directeth him to go, he bringeth no good. Is he equal with one who enjoineth justice and

وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ صَرَاطَ مُسْتَقَيِم رَبُّ وَلَلَّهُ غَيْبُ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا أَمْرُ السَّاعَة إِلَّا كَلَمْتِ الْبَصَرِ أَوْهُوا أَمْرَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَاللَّهُ أَخْرَجَكُمْ مَنْ بُطُونَ أُمَّهَ لَتُكُرُّ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ شَيُّ كَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُرُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْأَبْصَلْرَ وَٱلْأَفْعَدَةً لَعَلَّكُمْ لَشَّكُرُونَ ١ ﴿ أَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ إِلَى الطَّيْرِ مُسَخَّرَات في جَوَّ السَّمَاءِ مَا يُمْسَكُهُنَّ إِلَّا اللهُ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَنت لَّقَوْم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مَّنَّ بِيُونكُمْ سَكَنَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم مِن جُلُود ٱلْأَنْعَدِم بُيُوتَا تَسْتَخَفُّونَهَا يَوْمَ ظَعْنَكُمْ وَيَوْمَ إِقَامَتَكُمْ وَمَنْ أَصُوافَهَا وَأَوْبَارِهَا وَأَشْعَارِهَا أَثَنَاكُ وَمَتَنَعًا إِلَىٰ حين ﴿ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُم تمَّا خَلَقَ ظَلَنَالًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ مَّنَ الْجَبَالِ أَكْنَانًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُوْسَرَابِيلَ تَقيكُو ٱلْحَرَّ وَسَرَابِيلَ تَقيكُمُ بَأْسَكُو ۚ كَوَاكَ followeth a straight path (of conduct)?

- 77. And unto Allah belongeth the Unseen of the heavens and the earth, and the matter of the Hour (of Doom) is but as a twinkling of the eye, or it is nearer still. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 78. And Allah brought you forth from the wombs of your mothers knowing nothing, and gave you hearing and sight and hearts that haply ye might give thanks.
- 79. Have they not seen the birds obedient¹ in mid-air? None holdeth them save Allah. Lo! herein, verily, are portents for a people who believe.
- 80. And Allah hath given you in your houses an abode, and hath given you (also), of the hides of cattle, houses² which ye find light (to carry) on the day of migration and on the day of pitching camp; and of their wool and their fur and their hair, caparison and comfort for a while.
- 81. And Allah hath given you, of that which He hath created, shelter from the sun; and hath given you places of refuge in the mountains, and hath given you coats to ward off the heat from you, and coats (of armour) to save you from

¹ Lit. made subservient-i.e. to the Law of Allah.

² Le. tents.

يُمُّ نَعْمَتُهُ عَلَيْكُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُسْلُمُونَ ﴿ مَا عَلَوْا مَا مَا مُا مَا مَا مُا مَا مَا مَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلَثَةُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿ يَعْرَفُونَ نَعْمَتَ اللهُ ثُمَّ يُنكرُ وَنَهَا وَأَكْثَرُهُمُ ٱلْكُنفُرُ وِنَ عَيْ وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ من كُلّ أُمَّة شَهِيدًا ثُمَّ لَا يُؤْذَنُ للَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ وَلَا هُمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا رَءًا ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ٱلْعَذَابَ فَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ هَيْنَ وَإِذَا رَءًا ٱلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ شُرَكَاءَ هُمْ قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا هَنَوُ لَآءِ شُرَكَا وُنَا ٱلَّذِينَ كُنَّا نَدُّعُواْ مِن دُونِكَّ فَأَلْقُواْ إِلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلَ إِنَّكُمْ لَكُللْهُونَ ١٠٠ وَأَلْقَوَّا إِلَّى ٱلله يَوْمَهِذَ ٱلسَّلَمَ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ٢ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا وَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبيل الله زدْنَاهُمْ عَذَابًا فَوْقَ ٱلْعَذَابِ بَمَا كَانُواْ يُفْسدُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ فِي كُلِّ أُمَّة شَهِيدًا عَلَيْهِم مَنْ أَنفُسهم وَجَنْنَا بِكَ شَهِيدًا

على

your own foolhardiness. Thus doth He perfect His favour unto you, in order that ye may surrender (unto Him).

- 82. Then, if they turn away, thy duty (O Muhammad) is but plain conveyance (of the message).
- 83. They know the favour of Allah and then deny it. Most of them are ingrates.
- 84. And (bethink you of) the day when We raise up of every nation a witness, then there is no leave for disbelievers, nor are they allowed to make amends.
- 85. And when those who did wrong behold the doom, it will not be made light for them, nor will they be reprieved.
- 86. And when those who ascribed partners to Allah behold those partners of theirs, they will say: Our Lord! these are our partners unto whom we used to cry instead of Thee. But they will fling to them the saying: Lo! ye verily are liars!
- 87. And they proffer unto Allah submission on that day, and all that they used to invent hath failed them.
- 88. For those who disbelieve and debar (men) from the way of Allah, We add doom to doom because they wrought corruption,
- 89. And (bethink you of) the day when We raise in every nation a witness against them of their own folk, and We bring thee (Muhammad) as a witness against these. And We

ن نف نف خوا

عَلَىٰ هَنَوُٰلِآءٌ وَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَابَ تَبْيَنَا لَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةُ وَبُسْرَىٰ لَلْمُسْلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَأْمُرُ بِٱلْعَدْلِ وَالْإِحْسَنِ وَ إِيتَآيِ ذِي ٱلْقُرْبَيِ وَيَنْهَىٰ عَن ٱلْفَحْشَآءِ وَٱلْمُنكَرِ وَٱلْبَغْيُ يَعظُكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَفَكُّرُ تَذَكُّرُ ونَ ٢ وَأَوْفُواْ بِمَهْدِ اللهِ إِذَا عَلْهَدْتُمْ وَلَا تَنقُضُواْ الْأَيْمَانَ بَعْدَ تَوْكِيدِهَا وَقَدْ جَعَلْتُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ كَفِيلًا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّتِي نَقَضَتْ غَرْلَمَا مَنُ بَعْدَقُوَّةً أَنكَاثُا تَغَذُونَ أَيمَانَكُمْ دَخَلًا يَهْنَكُمْ أَن تَكُونَ أُمَّةً هِيَ أَرْنَى مِنْ أُمَّةً إِنَّكَ يَبْلُوكُمُ اللهُ بِهِ عَ وَلَيُبَيِّنَ لَكُرْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة مَا كُنتُمْ فِيه تَخْتَلَفُونَ ٢ وَلَوْشَاءَ اللهُ لِحَامَلُكُمْ أُمَّةً وَاحدَةً وَلَكِن يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَهْدى مَن يَشَاءُ وَلَنُسْعَلُنَّ عَمَّا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ reveal the Scripture unto thee as an exposition of all things, and a guidance and a mercy and good tidings for those who have surrendered (to Allah).

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SÛRAH XVI

- 90. Lo! Allah enjoineth justice and kindness, and giving to kinsfolk, and forbiddeth lewdness and abomination and wickedness. He exhorteth you in order that ye may take heed.¹
- 91. Fulfil the covenant of Allah when ye have covenanted, and break not your oaths after the asseveration of them, and after ye have made Allah surety over you. Lo! Allah knoweth what ye do.
- 92. And be not like unto her who unravelleth the thread, after she hath made it strong, to thin filaments, making your oaths a deceit between you because of a nation being more numerous than (another) nation. Allah only trieth you thereby, and He verily will explain to you on the Day of Resurrection that wherein ye differed.
- 93. Had Allah willed He could have made you (all) one nation, but He sendeth whom He will astray and guideth whom He will, and ye will indeed be asked of what ye used to do.

¹ Since the time of Omar II the Omayyad, this verse has been secited at the end of every weekly sermon in all Sunni congregations.

وَلاَ يَخَدُواْ أَيْمَانُكُو دَخَلاً بِينَكُو فَيْزِلَّ قَدْم بِعَد نُبُونُهَا وَتَدُوتُواْ ٱلسُّوءَ بِمَا صَدَدَيُّمْ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱلله وَلَكُمْ عَذَابً عَظيمٌ ﴿ وَلا نَّشْتَرُواْ بِعَهْدِ اللهُ تَمَنَّا قَليلًا إِنَّمَا عَندَ الله هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ مَاعندَ كُرْيَنفَدُّ وَمَا عَنَدَ اللهُ بَاقَ وَلَنَجْزِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ صَبَرُوٓٱ أَجْرَهُم بأَحْسَن مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مَنْ عَمَلَ صَالِحًا مِّن ذَكُر أَوْ أَنْفَى بأُحْسَن مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فَإِذَا قَرَأْتَ الْقُرْءَانَ فَاسْتَعَدْ بَالله منَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّهُ لِيْسَ لَهُ سُلْطَانٌ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهُمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا سُلْطَكُنُّهُۥ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَتَوَلَّوْنَهُ وَالَّذِينَ هُم بِهِ مُشْرِكُونَ رَبُّ وَإِذَا بَلَّنْنَا عَايَةً مَّكَانَ عَايَةً وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يُنَزِّلُ قَالُواْ

- 94. Make not your oaths a deceit between you, lest a foot should slip after being firmly planted and yé should taste evil forasmuch as ye debarred (men) from the way of Allah, and yours should be an awful doom.
- 95. And purchase not a small gain at the price of Allah's covenant. Lo! that which Allah hath is better for you, if ye did but know.
- 96. That which ye have wasteth away, and that which Allah hath remaineth. And verily We shall pay those who are steadfast a recompense in proportion to the best of what they used to do.
- 97. Whosoever doeth right, whether male or female, and is a believer, him verily We shall quicken with good life, and We shall pay them a recompense in proportion to the best of what they used to do.
- 98. And when thou recitest the Qur'an, seek refuge in Allah from Satan the outcast.
- 99. Lo! he hath no power over those who believe and put trust in their Lord.
- 100. His power is only over those who make a friend of him, and those who ascribe partners unto Him (Allah).
- 101. And when We put a revelation in place of (another) revelation,—and Allah knoweth best what He revealeth—

إِنَّكَ آَنْتَ مُفْتَرَّ بَلْ أَكْتَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ فَلَ نَزَّلُهُ رُوحُ ٱلْقُدُس مِن رَّبِّكَ بِٱلْحَتِّ ليُثَبَّتَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهُدَى وَبُشْرَى للمُسلمينَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ نَعَلَمُ أَنَّهُمْ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّكَ يُعَلِّمُهُ مِبْسَرٌ لَسَانُ الَّذِي يُلْحِدُونَ إِلَيْهِ أَعْمَى وَهَنذَا لَسَانً عَرَيٌّ مُّبِينً ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِعَايَات الله لَايَهُ يهمُ اللهُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَمُ ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّكَ يَفْتَرى ٱلْكَذَبَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِعَايَنتِ اللَّهَ وَأُولَتِهِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْكَلْذَبُونَ وَإِنَّ مَن كَفَرَ بِاللهُ مَنْ بَعْد إِعَلَىٰهُ إِلَّا مَنْ أَكُرُهُ وَقَلْبُهُ مُطْمَيْنٌ بِالْإِيمَانِ وَلَنَكَن مَّن شَرَحَ بِالْكُفْرِ صَدْرًا فَعَلَيْهِمْ غَضَبٌ مَّنَ الله وَلَمْمُ عَذَابُ عَظمٌ ١ ﴿ ذَلكَ بأنَّهُمُ اسْتَحَبُّواْ الْحَيَوَةَ الدُّنْيَا عَلَى ٱلْآَعَرَة وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدى الْقَوْمَ ٱلْكَنْفُرِينَ ﴿ ثَنَّ they say: Lo! thou art but inventing. Most of them know not.

- 102. Say: The holy Spirit¹ hath delivered it from thy Lord with truth, that it may confirm (the faith of) those who believe, and as guidance and good tidings for those who have surrendered² (to Allah).
- 103. And We know well that they say: Only a man teacheth him. The speech of him at whom they falsely hint is outlandish, and this is clear Arabic speech.
- 104. Lo! those who disbelieve the revelations of Allah, Allah guideth them not and theirs will be a painful doom.
- 105. Only they invent falsehood who believe not Allah's revelations, and (only) they are the liars.
- 106. Whoso disbelieveth in Allah after his belief—save him who is forced thereto and whose heart is still content with the Faith—but whoso findeth ease in disbelief: On them is wrath from Allah. Theirs will be an awful doom.
- 107. That is because they have chosen the life of the world rather than the Hereafter, and because Allah guideth not the disbelieving folk.

¹ i.e. Gabriel.

³ Ar. muslimîn.

أُوْلَيْكِ الَّذِينَ طَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ وَسَمْعِهِمْ وَأَبْصَنْرِهِمْ وَأُوْلَدَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْغَنفُلُونَ ﴿ لَا كَارَمَ أَنَّهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخَرَة هُمُ ٱلْخُنَسِرُونَ ﴿ ثُنَّ إِنَّا رَبَّكَ لَّذِينَ هَاجَرُواْ من بَعْد مَا فَتنُوا ثُمَّ جَلَهُ واْ وَصَبَرُواْ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ من بَعْدهَا لَغَفُورٌ رَّحيمٌ ربَّ * يَوْمَ تَأْتَى كُلُ نَفْس تُجِدَدُلُ عَن نَّفْسَهَا وَ تُوفَّىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمَلَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ١٠ وَضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا قَرْيَةً كَانَتْ ءَامَنَا ۗ مُّطْمَبِنَّةٌ يَأْتيبَ رِزْقُهَا رَغَدًا مِن كُلِّ مَكَان فَكَفَرَتْ بأَ نَعُم الله فَأَذَا قَهَا اللهُ لَبَاسَ الْجُوعِ وَ الْخَوْفِ بَمَا كَانُواْ يَصْنَعُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَ هُمْ رَسُولٌ مَنْهُمْ فَكَذَّهُوهُ فَأَخَذَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَهُمْ ظَلْمُونَ ١٠ فَكُلُواْ مَّا رَزَفَكُمُ اللهُ حَلَاكَا طَيِّبَا وَاشْكُرُ واْ نَعْمَتَ الله



- 108. Such are they whose hearts and ears and eyes Allah hath sealed. And such are the heedless.
 - 109. Assuredly in the Hereafter they are the losers.
- 110. Then lo! thy Lord—for those who became fugitives after they had been persecuted, and then fought and were steadfast—lo! thy Lord afterward is (for them) indeed Forgiving, Merciful,
- 111. On the Day when every soul will come pleading for itself, and every soul will be repaid what it did, and they will not be wronged.
- 112. Allah coineth a similitude: a township that dwelt secure and well content, its provision coming to it in abundance from every side, but it disbelieved in Allah's favours, so Allah made it experience the garb of dearth and fear because of what they used to do.
- 113. And verily there had come unto them a messenger from among them, but they had denied him, and so the torment seized them while they were wrong-doers.
- 114. So eat of the lawful and good food which Allah hath provided for you, and thank the bounty of your Lord if it is

إِن كُنتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ ١ إِنَّكَ حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَيْنَةَ وَالدَّمَ وَكَمْمَ الْخُنزير وَمَا أَهْلَ لغَيْر الله بِهَ فَن اضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغِ وَلَا عَادِ فَإِنَّ اللهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمٌ ﴿ إِنِّي وَلَا تَقُولُواْ لَمَا تَصِفُ أَلْسَنْتُكُمُ ٱلْكَذَبَ هَنذَا حَلَالٌ وَهَنذَا حَرَامٌ لْنَفْتُرُواْ عَلَى الله الْكَذَبِ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى الله ٱلْكَذَبَ لَا يُقْلُحُونَ ١ مَتَلَعٌ قَلِيلٌ وَلَمُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَمْ ١ وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُواْ حَرَّمْنَا مَا قَصَصْنَا عَلَيْكَ مِن قَبْلُ وَمَا ظَلَمْنَكُهُمْ وَلَكُن كَانُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلَمُونَ ١٠ ثُمَّ إِنَّ رَبِّكَ للَّذِينَ عَملُواْ ٱلسُّوءَ بِجَهَلَة ثُمَّ تَابُواْ مَنْ بَعْد ذَالَكَ وَأَصْلَحُواْ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ مَنْ بَعْدَهَا لَغَفُورٌ رَّحَمُّ شَيِّ إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِمِ كَانَ أُمَّةً قَانَتَا لَلهُ حَنيفًا وَلَمْ يَكُ مَنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ شَاكُرُا لَأَنْعُمهُ ۚ اجْتَبَلُهُ وَهَـدَنُّ إِلَىٰ

Him ye serve.

- 115. He hath forbidden for you only carrion and blood and swineflesh and that which hath been immolated in the name of any other than Allah; but he who is driven thereto, neither craving nor transgressing, lo! then Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 116. And speak not, concerning that which your own tongues qualify (as clean or unclean), the falsehood: "This is lawful, and this is forbidden," so that ye invent a lie against Allah. Lo! those who invent a lie against Allah will not succeed.
- 117. A brief enjoyment (will be theirs); and theirs a painful doom.
- 118. And unto those who are Jews We have forbidden that which We have already related unto thee. And We wronged them not, but they were wont to wrong themselves.
- 119. Then lo! thy Lord—for those who do evil in ignorance and afterward repent and amend—lo! (for them) thy Lord is afterward indeed Forgiving, Merciful.
- 120. Lo! Abraham was a nation obedient to Allah, by nature upright, and he was not of the idolaters;
- 121. Thankful for His bounties; He chose him and He

صراط مُسْتَقيم ١١٠ وَءَاتَيْنَهُ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةٌ وَ إِنَّهُ في ٱلْآَعَرَة لَمَنَ ٱلصَّلَحِينَ ﴿ أَيُّ أُمَّ أُوْحَيُّنَا ٓ إِلَيْكَ أَن أَتَّبَعْ مَلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِمَ حَنيُفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا جُعلَ السَّبْتُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ الْحَتَلَفُواْ فيه ۗ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَيَحْكُرُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَة فِيمَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَدْعُ إِلَىٰ سَبِيلِ رَبِّكَ بِٱلْحَكْمَةِ وَٱلْمَوْعِظَةِ ٱلْحَسَنَةَ وَجَدَهُم بِٱلَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ إِنَّا رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبِيلُهُ عَ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِٱلْمُهْتَدِينَ ١٠٠٠ وَإِنْ عَاقَبْتُمْ فَعَاقَبُواْ عِشْلِ مَا عُوقِبْتُم بِهِ عَوَلَيْنِ صَبَرْتُمْ لَمُو خَيْرٌ لَمَّ عَبِرِينَ ١ وَأَصْبِرُ وَمَا صَبْرُكَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ وَلَا يَعْزَنُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا تَكُ فِ ضَيْقَ مَنَّا يَمْكُرُ ونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مَعَ الَّذِينَ اتَّقُواْ وَّ الَّذِينَ هُم تُحْسُنُونَ ﴿

guided him unto a straight path.

- 122. And We gave him good in the world, and in the Hereafter he is among the righteous.
- 123. And afterward We inspired thee (Muhammad, saying): Follow the religion of Abraham, as one by nature upright. He was not of the idolaters.
- 124. The Sabbath was appointed only for those who differed concerning it, and lo! thy Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they used to differ.
- 125. Call unto the way of thy Lord with wisdom and fair exhortation, and reason with them in the better way. Lo! thy Lord is Best Aware of him who strayeth from His way, and He is Best Aware of those who go aright.
- 126. If ye punish, then punish with the like of that wherewith ye were afflicted. But if ye endure patiently, verily it is better for the patient.
- 127. Endure thou patiently (O Muhammad). Thine endurance is only by (the help of) Allah. Grieve not for them, and be not in distress because of that which they devise.
- 128. Lo! Allah is with those who keep their duty unto Him and those who are doers of good.

(۱۷) سُوُرِلَا الْإِسْرَائِهِ مَكِيرَ الا الآيات ٢٦ و ٢٢ و ٢٢ و ٧٥ و مِزْلَةِ ٢٧ الى غاية آية ٨٠ فدنية والإنها ١١١ نزلت بعد القصص

سُبْحَنَ ٱلَّذَى أَشْرَى بِعَبْده عَلَيْلًا مِّنَ ٱلْمَسْجِد ٱلْحَرَام إِلَى الْمَسْجِد الْأَقْصَا الَّذِي بَلرَكْنَا حَوْلَهُ لِنُرِيُّهُ مِنْ ءَايِنَتَنَّا إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ ﴿ وَءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكُنَّابَ وَجَعَلْنَكُ هُدُى لَبَنَى إِسْرَاءِ بِلَ أَلَّا تَخَدُواْ مِن دُونِي وَكِيلًا ﴿ فَرَيَّةَ مَنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوحٌ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَبْدًا شَكُورًا ٢٥ وَقَضَيْنَا إِلَى بَنِي إِسْرَا عِيلَ في ٱلْكَتَاب لَتُفْسِدُنَّ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَرَّتَيْنِ وَلَتَعْلُنَّ عُلُوًّا كَبِيرًا ﴿ فَإِذَا جَآءَ وَعُدُ أُولَدُهُمَا بَعَثْنَا عَلَيْكُمْ عَبَاداً لَّنَا أَوْلِي بَأْس



SÛRAH XVII

Bant Isratil, "The Children of Israel," begins and ends with references to the Israelites. Verse 1 relates to the Prophet's spiritual tour, in which he was carried by night upon a heavenly Pegasus to the Temple at Jerusalem, whence he was caught up thorough the seven heavens to the very presence of Allah. The sûrah may be taken as belonging to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs, except v. 81, or, according to other commentators, vv 76-82, revealed at Al-Madînah.

THE AL-ISRÂ

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Glorified be He Who carried His servant by night from the Inviolable Place of Worship² to the Far Distant Place of Worship³ the neighbourhood whereof We have blessed, that We might show him of Our tokens! Lo! He, only He, is the Hearer, the Seer.
- 2. We gave unto Moses the Scripture, and We appointed it a guidance for the Children of Israel, saying: Choose no guardian beside Me.
- 3. (They were) the seed of those whom We carried (in the ship) along with Noah. Lo! he was a grateful slave.
- 4. And We decreed for the Children of Israel in the Scripture: Ye verily will work corruption in the earth twice, and ye will become great tyrants.
- 5. So when the time for the first of the two came, We roused against you slaves of Ours of great might who

² Mecca. ³ Jerusalem.

شَديد فَجَاسُواْ خَلَالَ ٱلدِّيَارْ وَكَانَ وَعُدَا مَّفْعُولًا ﴿ ثُمَّ رَدَدْنَا لَكُرُ ٱلْكَرَّةَ عَلَيْهُمْ وَأَمْدَدْنَكُمُ بِأَمْوَال وَبَنينَ وَجَعَلْنَكُمُ أَكْثَرَ نَفِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ أَحْسَنُمُ أَحْسَنُمُ لأَنفُسُكُمُ وَإِنْ أَسَأْتُمْ فَلَهَا ۚ فَإِذَا جَآءَ وَعُدُ ٱلْآخِرَة ليَسُتَعُواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ وَلَيَدْخُلُواْ ٱلْمُسْجِدَكَمَا دَخُلُوهُ أَوَّلَ مَنَّة وَلَيْتَ بِرُواْ مَا عَلَواْ تَتْبِيرًا ﴿ عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَن يَرْحَمُكُمْ وَ إِنْ عُدْتُمْ عُدْنًا وَجَعَلْنَا جَهَنَّمَ لَلْكَنفرينَ حَصيرًا ١ إِنَّ هَلْذَا الْقُرْءَانَ يَهْدى للَّتِي هِيَ أَقُومُ وَيُبِشِّرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ ٱلصَّالَحَاتِ أَنَّا لَمُمَّ أَجْرًا كَبِيرًا ﴿ وَأَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآئِرَةِ أَعْتَدُنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا رَبُّ وَيَدُّهُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ بِالشَّرِّ دُعَاءُهُ بِالْخَيْرُّ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَانُ بَحُولًا ١ وَجَعَلْنَ اللَّهِ لَ وَالنَّهَارَ وَايَتَيْنَ فَحَوْنَا وَايَةَ

ravaged (your) country, and it was a threat performed.

- 6. Then We gave you once again your turn against them, and We aided you with wealth and children and made you more in soldiery,
- 7. (Saying): If ye do good, ye do good for your own souls, and if ye do evil, it is for them (in like manner). So, when the time for the second (of the judgments) came (We roused against you others of Our slaves) to ravage you, and to enter the Temple even as they entered it the first time, and to lay waste all that they conquered with an utter wasting.
- 8. It may be that your Lord will have mercy on you, but if ye repeat (the crime) We shall repeat (the punishment), and We have appointed hell a dungeon for the disbelievers.
- Lo! this Qur'ân guideth unto that which is straightest, and giveth tidings unto the believers who do good works that theirs will be a great reward.
- 10. And that those who believe not in the Hereafter, for them We have prepared a painful doom.
- 11. Man prayeth for evil as he prayeth for good; for man was ever hasty.
 - 12. And We appoint the night and the day two portents.

ٱلَّيْلِ وَجَعَلْنَا ءَايَةَ ٱلَّهَارِ مُبْصَرَةً لَّنَبْنَغُواْ فَضَّلَامْن رَّبَّكُمْ وَلَنَعْلَمُواْ عَلَدَ السّنينَ وَالْحَسَابَ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَصَّلْنَهُ تَفْصِيلًا ﴿ وَكُلَّ إِنسَانِ أَلْزَمْنَاهُ طَلَّيْرَهُ وَ عُنُقَّهُ عَنْقَهُ عَ وَثُخُرِجُ لَهُ يَوْمَ الْقَيْمَة كَتَلُبَا يَلْقَنُهُ مَنشُورًا ﴿ الْمَيْ اقْرَأُ كَتَلَكَ كَفَى بِنَفْسِكَ ٱلْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكَ حَسِيبًا ﴿ مَن الْعَتَدَى فَإِنَّكَا يَهْنَدَى لنَفْسُهُ ء وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّكَ يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا وَلَا تَرُو وَازِرَةٌ وَزُرَ أَنْمَرَى فَمَا كُنَّا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّى نَبْعَثَ رَسُولًا ١ وَإِذَا أَرَدْنَا أَنْ أَنْ اللَّهُ عَرْيَةً أَمَرْنَا مُتْرَفِّهَا فَفَسَقُواْ فِهَا فَحَقَّ عَلَيْهَا ٱلْقَوْلُ فَدَمَّرْنَاهَا تَدْميرُا ١ وَكُوْ أَهْلَكُنَّا مِنَ الْقُرُونِ مِنْ بَعْدِ نُوحٌ وَكَفَى بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوب عَبَاده م خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا ﴿ مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ٱلْعَاجِلَةَ بَعَلْنَا لَهُ فَيَهَا مَا نَشَآهُ لَمَن تُريدُ ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَا لَهُ جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلَلْهَا Then We make dark the portent of the night, and We make the portent of the day sight-giving, that ye may seek bounty from your Lord, and that ye may know the computation of the years, and the reckoning; and everything have We expounded with a clear expounding.

- 13. And every man's augury have We fastened to his own neck, and We shall bring forth for him on the Day of Resurrection a book which he will find wide open.
- 14. (And it will be said unto him): Read thy Book. Thy soul sufficeth as reckoner against thee this day.
- 15. Whosoever goeth right, it is only for (the good of) his own soul that he goeth right, and whosoever erreth, erreth only to its hurt. No laden soul can bear another's load. We never punish until We have sent a messenger.
- 16. And when We would destroy a township We send commandment to its folk who live at ease, and afterward they commit abomination therein, and so the Word (of doom) hath effect for it, and We annihilate it with complete annihilation.
- 17. How many generations have We destroyed since Noah! And Allah sufficeth as Knower and Beholder of the sins of His slaves.
- 18. Whoso desireth that (life) which hasteneth away, We hasten for him therein what We will for whom We please. And afterward We have appointed for him hell; he will

مَـنْمُوماً مَّدْحُورًا ١٨٥ وَمَنْ أَرَادَ ٱلْآخِرَةَ وَسَعَى لَكَا سَعْهَا وَهُو مُوْمِنٌ فَأُ وُلَيْكَ كَانَ سَعْهُم مَشْكُورًا ﴿ اللَّهِ كُلًّا ثُمَدُّ هَنَؤُلَآءِ وَهَنَؤُلَآءِ منْ عَطَآءِ رَبُّكَ ۚ وَمَا كَانَ عَطَآءُ رَبُّكَ تَحْظُورًا ﴿ اللَّهِ ٱنظُـرَّكَيْفَ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضَ وَلَلْأُنْمَةُ أَكْبَرُ دَرَجَتَ وَأَكْبَرُ تَفْضِيلًا ﴿ لَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ ٱلله إِلَّهُا ءَاخَرَ فَتَقَعُدَ مَذْمُومًا تَحْذُولًا ١ * وَقَضَىٰ رَبُّكَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ وَبِاۤ لُوَالدِّينِ إِحْسَانًا إِمَّا يَبْلُغَنَّ عندَكَ ٱلْكبَرَ أَحَدُهُمَا أَوْكلا هُمَا فَلا تَقُل لَمُّمَا أَفْ وَلَا تَنْهَرُهُ وَقُل لِّمُما قَوْلاً كُرِيما شَ وَٱخْفَضْ لَمُمَا جَنَاحَ ٱلذُّلِّ مِنَ ٱلرَّحْمَةِ وَقُل رَّبِّ ٱرْحَمْهُمَا كَمَا رَبِّيانِي صَغيراً ﴿ يُكُرُّ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي نُفُوسُكُرٌّ إِن تَكُونُواْ صَلَحِينَ فَإِنَّهُ كَانَ لَلاَّ وَّ بِينَ غَفُورًا ﴿



endure the heat thereof, condemned, rejected.

19. And whoso desireth the Hereafter and striveth for it with the effort necessary, being a believer; for such, their effort findeth favour (with their Lord).

- 20. Each do We supply, both these and those, from the bounty of thy Lord. And the bounty of thy Lord can never be walled up.
- 21. See how We prefer one of them above another, and verily the Hereafter will be greater in degrees and greater in preferment.
- 22. Set not up with Allah any other god (O man) lest thou sit down reproved, forsaken.
- 23. Thy Lord hath decreed, that ye worship none save Him, and (that ye show) kindness to parents. If one of them or both of them attain old age with thee, say not "Fie" unto them nor repulse them, but speak unto them a gracious word.
- 24. And lower unto them the wing of submission through mercy, and say: My Lord! Have mercy on them both as they did care for me when I was little.
- 25. Your Lord is Best Aware of what is in your minds. If ye are righteous, then lo! He was ever Forgiving unto those who turn (unto Him).

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وَعَاتَ ذَا ٱلْقُرْكَ حَقَّهُ وَٱلْمُسْكِينَ وَأَبْنَ ٱلسَّبِيلِ وَلَا تُبَدَّرُ تَبْذيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُبَدِّرِينَ كَانُواْ إِخُوانَ الشَّيَطينَ وَكَانَ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ لَرَبّه عَكُفُورًا ﴿ وَإِمَّا تُعْرِضَنَ عَنَّهُمُ ٱبْتَغَاءَ رَحْمَة من رَّبِّكَ تَرْجُوهَا فَقُل لَّمُهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّيْسُورًا ١ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ يَدَكَ مَغْلُولَةً إِلَىٰ عُنْقَكَ وَلَا تَبْسُطُهَا كُلَّ ٱلْبَسِط فَتَقْعُدَ مَلُومًا عَسُورًا ﴿ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ يَبْسُطُ ٱلرَّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَقُدرُ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ عَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا رَجَّ وَلَا تَقْتُلُوٓا أَوْلَنَدُكُرْ خَشْيَةَ إِمْلَنَّتَ غَمْنُ نَرْزُقُهُمْ وَ إِيَّاكُرْ إِنَّ قَتْلَهُمْ كَانَ حَطْعًا كَبِيرًا ﴿ وَلَا تَقْرَبُواْ ٱلرَّفَيَّ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَنحشَةٌ وَسَاءَ سَبيلًا ﴿ وَلَا تَقْتُلُواْ النَّفْسَ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَتَّ وَمَن قُتَلَ مَظْلُوماً فَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا لُولَبِّه، سُلِّطُلِناً فَلَا يُسْرِفِ فَى الْقَشْلَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنْصُورًا ﴿

- 26. Give the kinsman his due, and the needy, and the wayfarer, and squander not (thy wealth) in wantonness.
- 27. Lo! the squanderers were ever brothers of the devils, and the devil was ever an ingrate to his Lord.
- 28. But if thou turn away from them, seeking mercy from thy Lord, for which thou hopest, then speak unto them a reasonable word.
- 29. And let not thy hand be chained to thy neck nor open it with a complete opening, lest thou sit down rebuked, denuded.
- 30. Lo! thy Lord enlargeth the provision for whom He will, and straiteneth (it for whom He will). Lo, He was ever Knower. Seer of His slaves.
- 31. Slay not your children, fearing a fall to poverty, We shall provide for them and for you. Lo! the slaying of them is great sin.
- 32. And come not near unto adultery. Lo! it is an abomination and an evil way.
- 33. And slay not the life which Allah hath forbidden save with right. Whoso is slain wrongfully, We have given power unto his heir, but let him not commit excess in slaying. Lo! he will be helped.

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وَلَا تَقْرَبُواْ مَالَ الْيَتِمِ إِلَّا بِٱلَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ أُمُ يَوْ عَادُواْ بِالْعَهِـ إِنَّ الْعَهْدَ كَانَ مَسْتُولًا ﴿ إِنَّ الْعَهْدَ كَانَ مَسْتُولًا ﴿ وَأُوفُواْ ٱلْكَيْلَ إِذَا كَلُّمُ وَزَنُواْ بِٱلْقَسْطَاسِ ٱلْمُسْتَقَيَّ ذَاكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا ﴿ وَلا تَقْفُ مَالَيْسَ لَكَ بهـ عْلَمُ إِنَّ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْبَصَرَ وَٱلْفُوَّادَكُلُّ أُوْلَيْكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْءُولًا ﴿ وَلاَ تَمْش فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا ۗ إِنَّكَ لَن تَخْرِقَ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَن تَبْلُغَ ٱلْحَبَالَ طُولًا ١٠٠٠ كُلُّ ذَاكَ كَانَ سَيِّتُهُ عِندَ رَبِّكَ مَكْرُوهًا ١٠ ذَاكَ مَّلَ أَوْحَى إِلَيْكَ رَبُّكَ مِنَ ٱلْحُكْمَةُ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللهِ إِلَاهًا ءَاخَرَ فَتُلْقَى في جَهَنَّمَ مَلُومًا مَّدَّحُورًا ١٠ أَفَأَصْفَنَكُم وَبُّكُم بِٱلْبَنِينَ وَاتَّخَذَ مَنَ ٱلْمَلْتَهِكَة إِنَدًا ۚ إِنَّكُمْ لَنَقُولُونَ قَوْلًا عَظُما ربُّ وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا فِي هَنْذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانِ لَيَذَّ كُرُواْ وَمَا يَزِ يِدُهُمْ

34. Come not near the wealth of the orphan save with that which is better till he come to strength; and keep the covenant. Lo! of the covenant it will be asked.

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- 35. Fill the measure when ye measure, and weigh with a right balance; that is meet, and better in the end.
- 36. (O man), follow not that whereof thou hast no knowledge. Lo! the hearing and the sight and the heart—of each of these it will be asked.
- 37. And walk not in the earth exultant. Lo! thou canst not rend the earth, nor canst thou stretch to the height of the hills.
- 38. The evil of all that is hateful in the sight of thy Lord.
- 39. This is (part) of that wisdom wherewith thy Lord hath inspired thee (O Muhammad). And set not up with Allah any other god, lest thou be cast into hell, reproved, abandoned.
- 40. Hath your Lord then distinguished you (O men of Mecca) by giving you sons, and hath chosen for Himself females from among the angels? Lo! verily ye speak an awful word!
- 41. We verily have displayed (Our warnings) in this Qur'an that they may take heed, but it increaseth them in

إَلَّا نُفُورًا ﴿ إِنَّ قُلِ لَّوْكَانَ مَعَهُ وَ وَالْحَدُّ كَمَا يَقُولُونَ إِذًا لَّا يَتَغَوَّا إِلَىٰ ذِي ٱلْعَرْشِ سَبِيلًا ﴿ صُبْحَلْنَهُ وَتَعَلَقُ عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ عُلُوًّا كَبِيرًا ﴿ تُسَبِّحُ لَهُ ٱلسَّمَوَ ثُ ٱلسَّبْعُ وَ الْأَرْضُ وَمَن فِينَ وَ إِن مِّن ثَنَّى ۚ إِلَّا يُسَبِّحُ بَحَمْده ٤ وَلَكُن لَّا تَفْقَهُونَ تَسْبِيحَهُم ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ خَلِّهَا غَفُورًا ١ وَ إِذَا قَرَأْتَ الْقُرْءَانَ جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَكَ وَبَيْنَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَة حِجَابًا مَّسْتُورًا ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكُنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي ءَاذَانهمْ وَقُراً وَ إِذَا ذَكَرْتَ رَبُّكَ فى ٱلْقُرْءَان وَحْدَهُ وَلَوْاْ عَلَىٰٓ أَدْبَرُهُمْ نُفُورًا ﴿ يَكُنَّا عَلَمُ بَىٰ يَسْتَمَعُونَ بِهُ ۚ إِذْ يَسْتَمَعُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَ إِذْ هُـمْ نَجُوَىٰٓ إِذْ يَقُولُ ٱلظَّالِمُونَ إِن تَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَّسْحُورًا ﴿ ٱنظُرْكَيْفَ ضَرَبُواْ لَكَ ٱلْأَمْثَالَ فَضَلُّواْ فَلَا يَسْتَطيعُونَ naught save aversion.

- 42. Say (O Muhammad, to the disbelievers): If there were other gods along with Him, as they say, then had they sought a way against the Lord of the Throne.
- 43. Glorified is He, and High Exalted above what they say!
- 44. The seven heavens and the earth and all that is therein praise Him, and there is not a thing but hymneth His praise; but ye understand not their praise. Lo! He is ever Clement, Forgiving.
- 45. And when thou recitest the Qur'an We place between thee and those who believe not in the Hereafter a hidden barrier;
- 46. And We place upon their hearts veils lest they should understand it, and in their ears a deafness; and when thou makest mention of thy Lord alone in the Qur'ân, they turn their backs in aversion.
- 47. We are Best Aware of what they wish to hear when they give ear to thee and when they take secret counsel, when the evil-doers say: Ye follow but a man bewitched.
- 48. See what similitudes they coin for thee, and thus are all astray, and cannot find a road!

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سَبِيلًا ﴿ وَقَالُواْ أَءِذَا كُنَّا عَظَامًا وَرُفَلنَّا أَءِنَّا لَمَبُّوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَديدًا ﴿ إِنَّ * قُلْ كُونُواْ حَجَارَةً أَوْ حَديدًا ﴿ وَ أَوْ حَلْقًا ثَمَّا بِكُبُرِ فِي صُدُورِكُمْ فَسَيْقُولُونَ مَن يُعِيدُنّا قُل الَّذِي فَطَرَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةً فَسَيْنَعْضُونَ إِلَيْكَ رُءُوسَهُمْ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَى هُو قُلْ عَسَىٰ أَن يَكُونَ قَريبُ ﴿ يَوْمَ يَدْ عُوكُمْ فَتَسْتَجِبُونَ بِحَمْده، وَتَظُنُونَ إِن لَّبَثْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا رَبُّ وَقُل لَعبَادى يَقُولُواْ الَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ يَنزَعُ بَيْنَهُمْ إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ كَانَ لِلْإِنسَان عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا ١٥ رَبُكُمُ أَعْلَمُ بِكُمْ إِن يَشَأْ يَرْحَمُ كُمْ أَوْ إِن يَشَأْ يُعَذِّبُكُمْ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَكَ عَلَيْمٍ وَكِلَّا ﴿ وَ وَرَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ بَمْن فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَقَدْ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَ ٱلنَّبِيُّنَ عَلَى بَعْضَ وَءَاتَيْنَا دَاوُودَ زَبُورًا ﴿ ثُلُ الْدُعُوا اللَّذِينَ



49. And they say: When we are bones and fragments, shall we, forsooth, be raised up as a new creation?

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- 50. Say: Be ye stones or iron
- 51. Or some created thing that is yet greater in your thoughts! Then they will say: Who shall bring us back (to life). Say: He Who created you at the first. Then will they shake their heads at thee, and say: When will it be? Say: It will perhaps be soon;
- 52. A day when He will call you and ye will answer with His praise, and ye will think that ye have tarried but a little while.
- 53. Tell My bondmen to speak that which is kindlier. Lo! the devil soweth discord among them. Lo! the devil is for man an open foe.
- 54. Your Lord is Best Aware of you. If He will, He will have mercy on you, or if He will, He will punish you. We have not sent thee (O Muhammad) as a warden over them.
- 55. And thy Lord is Best Aware of all who are in the heavens and the earth. And We preferred some of the prophets above others, and unto David We gave the Psalms.
 - 56. Say: Cry unto those (saints and angels) whom ye

زَعَمْتُمْ مِن دُونه عَ فَلَا يَمْلَكُونَ كَشُّفَ ٱلضَّرَّ عَنكُمْ وَلَا تَحْوَيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ أُوْلَتَهِكَ ٱلذَّينَ يَدَّعُونَ يَبْتَغُونَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهُمُ ٱلْوَسِيلَةَ أَيْهِمْ أَقْرِبُ وَيرْجُونَ رَحْمَتُهُۥ وَيَخَافُونَ عَذَابُهُۥ ۗ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ كَانَ مَحْذُورًا ﴿ وَإِن مَن قَرْيَة إِلَّا نَحْنُ مُهْلَكُوهَا قَبْلَ يَوْمِ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةِ أَوْ مُعَذَّبُوهَا عَذَابًا شَديدًا كَانَ ذَاكَ فِي ٱلْكَتَابِ مَسْطُورًا رَبِّي وَمَا مَنَعَنَا أَن زُّسلَ بِٱلْآيَنِتِ إِلَّا أَن كُذِّبَ بِهَا ٱلْأُوَّلُونَ ۚ وَءَاتَيْنَا تَكُودَ ٱلنَّاقَةَ مُبْصِرَةً فَظَلَمُواْ بَمَّا وَمَا نُرْسُلُ بِٱلْآيَنِتِ إِلَّا تَخُو يِفَا ﴿ ثُ وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لَكَ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ أَحَاطَ بِٱلنَّاسُ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا ٱلرُّءَيَّا ٱلَّتِيَّ أَرَيْنَكَ إِلَّا فَتُنَّةً لَّنَّاسَ وَالشَّجَرَةَ ٱلْمَلْعُونَةَ فِي الْقُرْءَانَ وَنُحَوِفُهُمْ فَمَا يَزِيدُهُمْ إِلَّا طُغْيَلْنَا كَبِيرًا رَبِّي وَ إِذْ قُلْنَا للمَلْنَيْكَةُ الْمُجُدُواْ لَآدَمَ فَسَجَدُواْ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ

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assume (to be gods) beside Him, yet they have no power to rid you of misfortune nor to change.

- 57. Those unto whom they cry seek the way of approach to their Lord, which of them shall be the nearest; they hope for His mercy and they fear His doom. Lo! the doom of thy Lord is to be shunned.
- 58. There is not a township¹ but We shall destroy it ere the Day of Resurrection, or punish it with dire punishment. That is set forth in the Book (of Our decrees).
- 59. Naught hindereth Us from sending portents save that the folk of old denied them. And We gave Thamûd the she-camel—a clear portent—but they did wrong in respect of her. We send not portents save to warn.
- 60. And (it was a warning) when We told thee: Lo! thy Lord encompasseth mankind, and We appointed the sight which We showed thee as an ordeal for mankind, and (likewise) the Accursed Tree in the Qur'ân. We warn them, but it increaseth them in naught save gross impiety.
- 61. And when We said unto the angels: Fall down prostrate before Adam and they fell prostrate all save Iblîs,

¹ Or community.

² The Prophet's tour to Jerusalem of his ascent through the seven heavens.

³ See sûrah XLIV, vv. 43-49.

قَالَ وَأُشِّهُ لَمَنْ خَلَقْتَ طِينًا ١ قَالَ أَرَوَ يُمَّكَ هَلْذَا الَّذِي كُرَّمْتَ عَلَى لَهِنْ أَشَّرَ ثَن إِلَى يَوْم الْقَيْلُمَة لَأَحْتَنكُنَّ ذُرَّيَّتُهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ قَالَ ٱذْهَبْ فَن تَبِعَكَ مَنْهُمْ فَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَآؤُكُمْ جَزَآءٌ مَّوْفُورًا ﴿ وَٱسْتَفْرَزُ مَن ٱسْتَطَعْتَ مَنْهُم بِصَوْتِكَ وَأَجْلَبْ عَلَيْهِم بَخَيْلِكَ وَرَجِلْكَ وَشَارِ كُهُمْ فِي ٱلْأُمْوَالِ وَٱلْأُولَلِدِ وَعَدُّهُمٌّ وَمَا يَعَدُهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا ﴿ إِنَّ عَبَادِي لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهُمْ سُلْطَكُنُّ وَكَفَى بَرَبِّكَ وَكِيلًا ﴿ رَبُّكُ الَّذِي يُزْجِي لَكُرُ الْفُلْكَ فِي الْبَحْرِلْتَبْتَغُواْ مِنْ فَضَّلَّهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِكُرُّ رَحَهُ ١ ﴿ وَإِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُفِ الْبَحْرِ ضَلَّ مَن تَدَّعُونَ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ فَلَمَّا نَجَّنكُمْ إِلَى الْبَرَّ أَعْرَضُهُمْ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَانُ كَفُورًا ١ أَفَأَمنتُمُ أَن يَعْسفَ بكُرْ جَانبَ ٱلْبَرَ أَوْرُسلَ

he said: Shall I fall prostrate before that which Thou hast created of clay?

- 62. He said: Seest Thou this (creature) whom Thou hast honoured above me, if Thou give me grace until the Day of Resurrection I verily will seize his seed, save but a few.
- 63. HE said: Go, and whosoever of them followeth thee—lo! hell will be your payment, ample payment.
- 64. And excite any of them whom thou canst with thy voice, and urge thy horse and foot against them, and be a partner in their wealth and children, and promise them. Satan promiseth them only to deceive.
- 65. Lo! My (faithful) bondmen—over them thou hast no power, and thy Lord sufficeth as (their) guardian.
- 66. (O mankind), your Lord is He Who driveth for you the ship upon the sea that ye may seek of His bounty. Lo! He was ever Merciful toward you.
- 67. And when harm toucheth you upon the sea, all unto whom ye cry (for succour) fail save Him (alone), but when He bringeth you safe to land, ye turn away, for man was ever thankless.
 - 68. Feel ye then secure that He will not cause a slope of

عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُمْ وَكِلَّا ١٠ أَمْ أَمْنُمُ أَنْ يُعيدَكُمْ فِيه تَارَةً أُخْرَىٰ فَيُرْسَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ قَاصَفًا مَّنَ ٱلرِّيح فَيُغْرَفَكُم بَمَا كَفَرْتُمْ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ عَلِيمًا ٢ * وَلَقَدْ كُرَّ مْنَا بَنَّ ءَادَمَ وَحَمَلْنَاهُمْ فَ ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحْر وَرَزَقْنَاهُم مَّنَ ٱلطَّيَّابَات وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ كَثِيرِ تِّمَّنَّ خَلَقْنَا تَفْضِيلًا إِنِّي يَوْمَ نَدْعُواْ كُلَّ أَنَاس بِإِمَامِهُمْ فَنَ أُوتَى كَتَنْبَهُ بِيَمِينه عَ فَأُولَيْكِ يَقْرَهُ وِنَ كَتَلْبُهُمْ وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ فَتيلًا ﴿ وَهَى وَمَن كَانَ في هَاـذه ۗ أَعْمَىٰ فَهُوَ فِي ٱلْآخَرَةَ أَعْمَىٰ وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا ﴿ وَإِن كَادُواْ لَيَفْتُونَكَ عَنِ الَّذِيّ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ لِتَفْتَرَى عَلَيْنَا غَيْرَهُ وَ إِذَا لَّا تَخَذُوكَ خَلِيلًا ﴿ وَهُ وَلَوْ لَا أَن تَبَّتُنكَ لَقَدْ كَدتَّ تَرْكُنُ إِلَيْهِمْ شَيْعًا قَلِيلًا ﴿ إِذَا لَّأَ ذَقُنَاكَ ضَعْفَ



the land to engulf you, or send a sand-storm upon you, and then ye will find that ye have no protector?

- 69. Or feel ye secure that He will not return you to that (plight) a second time, and send against you a hurricane of wind and drown you for your thanklessness, and then ye will not find therein that ye have any avenger against Us?
- 70. Verily We have honoured the Children of Adam. We carry them on the land and the sea, and have made provision of good things for them, and have preferred them above many of those whom We created with a marked preferment.
- 71. On the day when We shall summon all men with their record, whoso is given his book in his right hand—such will read their book and they will not be wronged a shred.
- 72. Whoso is blind here will be blind in the Hereafter, and yet further from the road.
- 73. And they indeed strove hard to beguile thee (Muhammad) away from that wherewith We have inspired thee, that thou shouldst invent other than it against Us; and then would they have accepted thee as a friend.¹
- 74. And if We had not made thee wholly firm thou mightest almost have inclined unto them a little.
 - 75. Then had We made thee taste a double (punishment)

¹ The idolaters more than once offered to compromise with the Prophet.

ٱلْحَيَوَة وَضَعْفَ ٱلْمَمَات ثُمَّ لَا تَجَدُلَكَ عَلَيْنَا نَصِيرًا رَبِّي وَ إِن كَادُواْ لَيَسْتَفَزُّ ونَكَ منَ ٱلأَرْضِ ليُخْرِجُوكَ منْهَا وَإِذَا لَّا يَلْبَثُونَ خَلَافَكَ إِلَّا قَليلًا ١٠ سُنَّةً مَن قَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِن رُّسُلِنا ۗ وَلَا تَجِدُ لُسُنَّتَنَا تَحْوِيلًا رَبُّ أَقَمَ الطَّسَلَوٰةَ لَدُلُوكَ الشَّمْسِ إِلَىٰ غَسَنَ الَّيْسِلِ وَقُرْءَانَ ٱلْفَجْرَ إِنَّ قُرْءَانَ ٱلْفَجْرِكَانَ مَشْهُودًا ﴿ وَمَنَ ٱلَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدْ بِهِ عِنَا فَلَةً لَّكَ عَسَىٰ أَن يَبْعَثُكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَىا مَا تَحْمُودُا ﴿ إِنَّ وَقُل رَّبَ أَدْخَلْنِي مُدْخَلَ صِدْق وَأَنْرِجْنِي مُخْرَجَ صدْق وَأَجْعَل لَى مِن لَّذُنِكَ سُلْطَئِنَا تَصِيرًا ﴿ وَقُلْ جَآءَ الْحَتَّ وَزَهَقَ الْبَنطلِ إِنَّ ٱلْبَنطلَ كَانَ زَهُوكًا ﴿ وَانْمَزَّلُ مَنَ الْقُرْءَ انْ مَاهُوَ شَفَا لِمُوَرَحَّمَةٌ لَّلْمُؤْمِنِنَّ وَلَا يَزِيدُ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ إِلَّا حَسَارًا ﴿ وَإِذَآ أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَى

- of living and a double (punishment) of dying, then hadst thou found no helper against Us.
- 76. And they indeed wished to scare thee from the land that they might drive thee forth from thence, and then they would have stayed (there) but a little after thee.¹
- 77. (Such was Our) method in the case of those whom We sent before thee (to mankind), and thou wilt not find for Our method aught of power to change.
- 78. Establish worship at the going down of the sun until the dark of night, and (the recital of) the Qur'ân at dawn. Lo! (the recital of) the Qur'ân at dawn is ever witnessed.
- 79. And some part of the night awake for it, a largess for thee. It may be that thy Lord will raise thee to a praised estate.
- 80. And say: My Lord! Cause me to come in with a firm incoming and to go out with a firm outgoing. And give me from Thy presence a sustaining Power.
- 81. And say: Truth hath come and falsehood hath vanished away. Lo! falsehood is ever bound to vanish.²
- 82. And We reveal of the Qur'an that which is a healing and a mercy for believers though it increase the evil-doers in naught save ruin.
 - 83. And when We make life pleasant unto man, he

If, as the Jalâleyn declare, vv. 76-82 were revealed at Al-Madînah the reference here is to the plotting of the Jews and Hypocrites.

^a These words were recited by the Prophet when he witnessed the destruction of the idols round the Ka'bah after the conquest of Mecca.

ٱلْإِنسَن أَعْرَضَ وَنَا بَجَانبه عَ وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ ٱلشَّرُّكَانَ يَعُوسًا ١٠٠ قُلْ كُلُّ يَعْمَلُ عَلَى شَاكلَته عَ فَرَبُّكُم أَعْلَمُ بَمَنْ هُوَ أَهْدَىٰ سَبِيلًا رَبِّي وَيَسْعَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلرُّوحَ قُل ٱلرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْ رَبِّي وَمَا أُوتِيتُم مِّنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا رَثِيْ وَلَيِن شَنْنَا لَنَذْ هَبَنَّ بِالَّذِيّ أَوْحَيْنَا ٓ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُ لَكَ به عَلَيْنَا وَكِيلًا ﴿ إِلَّا رَحْمَةُ مَن رَّبِّكَ ۚ إِنَّ فَضَّلَهُ كَانَ عَلَيْكَ كَبِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ قُل لَّإِن ٱجْتَمَعَت ٱلْإِنسُ وَٱلْحِنَّ عَلَىٰ أَن يَأْ تُواْ بَعْل هَنذَا ٱلْقُرْءَان لَا يَأْ تُونَ بَعْلُه عُولَوْ كَانَ بَعْضُهُمْ لَبَعْض ظَهِيرًا ﴿ وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا لِلنَّاسِ في هَلْذَا ٱلْقُرْءَان من كُلّ مَثَل فَأَنَّ أَكْثَرُ النَّاس إِلَّا كُفُورًا ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَنَ نُوْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّى تَفْجُر لَنَامِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعًا ﴿ أَوْ تَكُونَ لَكَ جَنَّةُ مَن نَخْدِل وَعَنَب فَتُفَجَّرَ الْأُنْهَارَ

- turneth away and is averse; and when ill toucheth him he is in despair.
- 84. Say: Each one doth according to his rule of conduct, and thy Lord is Best Aware of him whose way is right.
- 85. They are asking thee concerning the Spirit. Say: The Spirit is by command of my Lord, and of knowledge ye have been youchsafed but little.
- 86. And if We willed We could withdraw that which We have revealed unto thee, then wouldst thou find no guardian for thee against Us in respect thereof.
- 87. (It is naught) save mercy from thy Lord. Lo! His kindness unto thee was ever great,¹
- 88. Say: Verily, though mankind and the jinn should assemble to produce the like of this Qur'an, they could not produce the like thereof though they were helpers one of another.
- 89. And verily We have displayed for mankind in this Qur'ân all kinds of similitudes, but most of mankind refuse aught save disbelief.
- 90. And they say: We will not put faith in thee till thou cause a spring to gush forth from the earth for us;
- 91. Or thou have a garden of date-palms and grapes, and cause rivers to gush forth therein abundantly;

¹ Verses 85, 86 and 87 are said to have been revealed in answer to the third question which some Jewish rabbis prompted the idolaters to ask, the first two questions being answered in the following sûrah.

خَلَالَهَا تَفْجِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ أُونُّسْقَطَ السَّمَا عَكَما زَعْمَتَ عَلَيْنَا كَسَفًا أَوْ تَأْتَى بِالله وَالْمَلَتَيْكَة قَبِيلًا ﴿ أَوْ يَكُونَ لَكَ بَيْتٌ مِن زُنْمُون أَوْرَقِي فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ وَلَن نُوْمِنَ لرُقيكَ حَتِي تُنْزَلَ عَلَيْنَا كَتَلْبَا نَقْرُوهُ, قُلْ سُبْحَانَ رَبَّي هَـلْ كُنتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَّسُولًا ﴿ وَمَا مَنعَ ٱلنَّاسَ أَن يُؤْمنُوا إِذْ جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْهُ دَىٰ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ أَبَعَثَ اللهُ بَشَرًا رَّسُولًا ﴿ قُل لَّوْكَانَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَلَنَهِكَةٌ يَمْشُونَ مُطْمَيِنَينَ لَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَلَكًا رَّسُولًا ﴿ قَيْ قُلْ كَفَى بِٱللَّهُ شَهِيدًا يَتْنِي وَيَلْنَكُمُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بعبَاده عَ خَبيرًا بَصِيرًا رَبَّ وَمَن يَهْد اللهُ فَهُو المُهمَّد وَمَن يُصْللُ فَلَن يَجدَ لَحُمْ أُولَيَآ مَن دُونه ، وَتَحْشَرُهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَيَّامَة عَلَى وُجُوهِهُمْ عُمِياً وَجِهُما وَصِمَا مَأْ وَبِنَهُمْ جَهِنَّمُ كُلَّمَا خَبَتْ زِدْنَاهُمْ

- 92. Or thou cause the heaven to fall upon us piecemeal, as thou hast pretended, or bring Allah and the angels as a warrant:
- 93. Or thou have a house of gold; or thou ascend up into heaven, and even then we will put no faith in thine ascension till thou bring down for us a book that we can read. Say (O Muhammad): My Lord be Glorified! Am I aught save a mortal messenger?
- 94. And naught prevented mankind from believing when the guidance came unto them save that they said: Hath Allah sent a mortal as (His) messenger?
- 95. Say: If there were in the earth angels walking secure, We had sent down for them from heaven an angel as messenger.
- 96. Say: Allah sufficeth for a witness between me and you. Lo! He is Knower, Seer of His slaves.
- 97. And he whom Allah guideth, he is led aright; while, as for him whom He sendeth astray, for them thou wilt find no protecting friends beside Him, and We shall assemble them on the Day of Resurrection on their faces, blind, dumb and deaf; their habitation will be hell; whenever it abateth, We increase the flame for them.

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سَعيرًا ﴿ يَكُ خَرَا وَهُم بِأَنَّهُمْ كَفُرُواْ بِعَايَنتنَا وَقَالُواْ أَوْذَا كُنَّا عَظَامًا وَرُفَلنَّا أَوْنَا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا ١ عِ أُوَلَمْ مَرَوْاْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَنُواتِ وَالْأَرْضَ قَادرُّ عَلَيْ أَن يَحْلُقَ مثْلَهُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَحُـُمْ أَجَلَا لَارَيْبَ فيه فَأَنِي الظَّالِمُونَ إِلَّا كُفُورًا ١٠٠ قُل لَّوْ أَنتُمْ تَمْلكُونَ خَزَآيِنَ رَحْمَة رَتَّى إِذًا لَّأَمْسَكُتُمْ خَشْيَةَ ٱلْإِنفَاقَ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَانُ قَتُورًا رَبُّ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى تَسْعَ ءَايَات بَيْنَكْتُ فَسْعَلَ بَنِيَ إِسْرَاءِيلَ إِذْجَاءَهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُ وَرْعَوْنُ إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَلْمُوسَىٰ مَسْحُورًا ﴿ قَالَ لَقَدْ عَلَّمْتَ مَا أَزَلَ هَنَوُلا و إلَّا رَبُّ السَّمنوات وَالْأَرْض بَصَا ير وَ إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَكُمْ عَوْنُ مَثَّبُورًا ﴿ مَا فَأَرَادَ أَن يَسْتَفَرَّهُم مْنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ فَأَغْرَ قُنْنَهُ وَمَن مَّعَهُ بَعِيعًا ﴿ وَقُلْنَا

- SÛRAH XVII
- 98. That is their reward because they disbelieved Our revelations and said: When we are bones and fragments shall we, forsooth, be raised up as a new creation?
- 99. Have they not seen that Allah Who created the heavens and the earth is Able to create the like of them, and hath appointed for them an end whereof there is no doubt? But the wrong-doers refuse aught save disbelief.
- 100. Say (unto them): If ye possessed the treasures of the mercy of my Lord, ye would surely hold them back for fear of spending, for man was ever grudging.
- 101. And verily We gave unto Moses nine tokens, clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty). Do but ask the Children of Israel how he came unto them, then Pharaoh said unto him: Lo! I deem thee one bewitched, O Moses.
- 102. He said: In truth thou knowest that none sent down these (portents) save the Lord of the heavens and the earth as proofs, and lo! (for my part) I deem thee lost, O Pharaoh.
- 103. And he wished to scare them from the land, but We drowned him and those with him, all together.

من بعده علمنة إسر ويل أسكنوا الأرض فإذا جآء وعد ٱلْآخَرَة جُنْنَا بِكُوْ لَفِيفًا ﴿ وَبِالْحُقَّ أَزَلْنَكُ وَبِالْحُقَّ زَلَّ وَمَآ أَرْسَلْنَكَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرًا وَنَذيرًا ﴿ وَقُوْءَانَا فَرَقْنَكُ لتَقْرَأُهُ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسَ عَلَى مُكْثُ وَزَّلَّنْهُ تَنْزِيلًا ﴿ قُلْ اَمنُواْبِه مَا أُولَا تُؤْمنُوا ۚ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعلْمَ مَن قَبْله مَ إِذَا يُتَالَى عَلَيْهِمْ يَحْرُونَ لَلاَّذَقَانَ سُجِّداً لاَيْ وَيَقُولُونَ سُبْحَنَ رَبِّنَ ۚ إِن كَانَ وَعْدُ رَبِّنَا لَمَفْعُولًا ﴿ وَيَخْرُونَ لَلَّأَدُّقَانَ يَبْكُونَ وَيَزِيدُ هُمْ خُشُوعًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ أَوْ اللَّهُ أَوْ الدُّعُواْ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ أَيَّامًا تَدْعُواْ فَلَهُ ٱلأَسْمَاءُ ٱلحُسْنَى وَلا تَجَهَرُ بصَلَاتِكَ وَلَا تُخَافِتْ بِهَا وَٱبْتَعْ بَيْنَ ذَالِكَ سَبِيلًا ﴿ وَقُلِ ٱلْحَمْدُلله الَّذِي لَرْيَخَذَ وَلَدَا وَلَرْ يَكُن لَّهُ مَريكٌ ف المُلْك وَلَمْ يَكُن لَهُ وَلَى مَنَ الذُّلُّ وَكَبْرَهُ تَكْبِيراً ١٠٠



- 104. And We said unto the Children of Israel after him:

 Dwell in the land; but when the promise of the Hereafter cometh to pass We shall bring you as a crowd gathered out of various nations.¹
- 105. With truth have We sent it down, and with truth hath it descended. And We have sent thee as naught else save a bearer of good tidings and a warner.
- 106. And (it is) a Qur'an that We have divided, that thou mayst recite it unto mankind at intervals, and We have revealed it by (successive) revelation.
- 107. Say: Believe therein or believe not, lo! those who were given knowledge before it, when it is read unto them, fall down prostrate on their faces, adoring,
- 108. Saying: Glory to our Lord! Verily the promise of our Lord must be fulfilled.
- 109. They fall down on their faces, weeping, and it increaseth humility in them.
- 110. Say (unto mankind): Cry unto Allah, or cry unto the Beneficent,² unto whichsoever ye cry (it is the same). His are the most beautiful names. And thou (Muhammad), be not loud-voiced in thy worship nor yet silent therein, but follow a way between.
- 111. And say: Praise be to Allah, Who hath not taken unto Himself a son, and Who hath no partner in the Sovereignty, nor hath He any protecting friend through dependence. And magnify Him with all magnificence.

A reference to the dispersal of the Jews as the consequence of their own deeds after God had established them in the land.

^a The idolaters had a peculiar objection to the name Ar-Rahmân, "The Beneficent," in the Qur'ân. They said: "We do not know this Rahmân." Some of them thought that Ar-Rahmân was a man living in Yamâmah.

SÛRAH XVIII

Al-Kabf, "The Cave," takes its name from the story of the youths who took refuge from persecution in a cave (vv. 10-26) and were preserved there as if asleep for a long period. A strong tradition in the Muslim world assert that this story and that of Dhû'l-Qarneyn ("The Two-Horned One"), vv. 82–97, possibly also that of Moses and the angel, vv. 59–81, were revealed to the Prophet to enable him to answer the questions which the Jewish doctors of Yathrib had instructed the idolaters to ask him, as a test of prophethood.

The questions were three: "Ask him," said the Rabbis, "of some youths who were of old, what was their fate, for they have a strange story; and ask him of a much-travelled man who reached the sunrise regions of the earth and the sunset regions thereof, what was his

history; and ask him of the Spirit, what it is."

The tormentors of the Prophet, who had been to Yathrib to get hints from the Jews, on their return to Mecca put these questions to the Prophet, after having told the people that it was to be a crucial test. The Prophet said that he would surely answer them upon the morrow, without adding "if Allah will," as though he could command Allah's revelation. As a reproof for that omission, the wished-for revelation was withheld from him for some days, and when it came included the rebuke contained in verse 23.1 There is no reason whatever to doubt the truth of the tradition which connects this chapter with three questions set by Jewish rabbis, and the answers must have been considered satisfying, or at least silencing, or the Jews would certainly have made fun of them when they were taunting the Prophet daily after his flight to Yathrib (Al-Madinah). That being so, it would seem rash to identify the story with that of the Christian Seven Sleepers; it must belong, as the story of the "Two-Horned One" actually does belong, to rabbinical lore. The third of the questions is answered in sûrah XVII, vv. 85 ff.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

¹ Ibn Hishâm (Cairo edition), Part I, pp. 102, 103.

(۱۸) سِ**بُوْرِلَا الْكَهَافُ مَكَيُنَ** إلا آية ۲۸ ومن آية ۸۲ إلى غاية آية ۱۰ بَدْنَهَ والِمَافُ ۱۱۰ نَوْلَتَ بِعُـدُ الْغَاشِيَّةَ

الْحَمْدُ لله الَّذِي أَزَلَ عَلَى عَبْدهِ الْكَتَلَبُ وَلَا يَجْعَلَ لَهُ وَيُبَشِّرَ اللهُ عَلَى عَبْدهِ الْكَتَلَبُ وَلَا يَجْعَلَ لَهُ عَوَجَا ﴿ وَ قَيْمَا لَيُنَذِرَ بَأْسَا شَدِيدًا مِن لَدُنْهُ وَيُبَشِّرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ اللَّهِ مِنْ يَعْمَلُونَ الصَّلْحَلَتِ أَنَّ لَمُ مَا أَجْرًا حَسَنًا ﴿ مَ مَكْثِينَ فِيهِ أَبَدًا ﴿ وَيُنذِرَ اللَّذِينَ قَالُوا التَّخَذَ كَاللَّهُ وَلَدا لَآبَ إِمِم مَ اللَّهُ وَلَدا ﴿ وَلَا لاّ بَاللَّهُ وَلَدا اللَّهُ وَلَدا لا اللَّهُ مَا أَفُواهِم مَ إِن يَقُولُونَ إِلَّا كَذِبَانَ فَا اللَّهُ وَلَا لَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَا أَفُواهِم مَ إِن يَقُولُونَ إِلَّا كَذَبَانَ عَلَى اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَا عَلَى الْأَرْضَ وَيَنَا مَا عَلَى الْأَرْضَ وَيَنَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللل

سكتة لطيفة على الف عوجا

THE CAVE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Praise be to Allah Who hath revealed the Scripture unto His slave, and hath not placed therein any crookedness,
 - (But hath made it) straight, to give warning of stern punishment from Him, and to bring unto the believers who do good works the news that theirs will be a fair reward,
 - 3. Wherein they will abide for ever;
 - 4. And to warn those who say: Allah hath chosen a son,
- 5. (A thing) whereof they have no knowledge, nor (had) their fathers. Dreadful is the word that cometh out of their mouths. They speak naught but a lie.
- 6. Yet it may be, if they believe not in this statement, that thou (Muhammad) wilt torment thy soul with grief over their footsteps.
 - 7. Lo! We have placed all that is on the earth as an

لنَبلُوهُمْ أَيْهُمْ أَحْسُنُ عَمَلًا ﴿ وَإِنَّا لِخَلَعُلُونَ مَاعَلَيْهَا صَعِيدًا جُرُزًا ﴿ أَمْ حَسْبَتَ أَنَّ أَعْمَابَ ٱلْكَهْف وَالرَّقِيمِ كَانُواْ مِنْ ءَايَنتِنَا عَجَبًا ١٠ إِذْ أُوَى الْفَتْيَةُ إِلَى ٱلْكَهْف فَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا ءَاتنا من لَّدُنكَ رَحْمَةً وَهَيَّ لَنَا منْ أَمْرِنَا رَشَدًا ١٠ فَضَرَبْنَا عَلَىٰ عَاذَانهمْ في الْكَمُّف سنينَ عَدَدًا ١١ مُمَّ بَعَثْنَاهُم لنَعْلَمَ أَى الْحَزِينِ أَحْسَى لَمَا لَبِنُواْ أَمَدًا رَبُّ نَعُنُ نَقُصُ عَلَيْكَ نَبَأَهُم بِٱلْحَقُّ إِنَّهُمْ فَتِيةً عَامَنُواْ بَرَبِّمْ وَزَدْنَاهُمْ هُلَّى ١٠ وَرَبْطْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبهمْ إِذْ قَامُواْ فَقَالُواْ رَبُّنَا رَبُّ السَّمَنُوات وَ ٱلأَرْض لَن نَّدُّعُواْ من دُونه م إِلَّهَا لَّقَدْ قُلَّنَا إِذَا شَـطَطًا ﴿ هَنَوُلاَء قَوْمُنَا اتَّخَذُوامن دُونه ٓ ءَالْهَ أَ لَّولاَ يَأْ نُونَ عَلَيْهم بسُلْطَن بَيْنَ فَسَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَمَّن افْتَرَى عَلَى الله كَذَبًا ﴿ ornament thereof that We may try them: which of them is best in conduct.

- 8. And lo! We shall make all that is thereon a barren mound.
- 9. Or deemest thou that the People of the Cave and the Inscription are a wonder among Our portents?
- 10. When the young men fled for refuge to the Cave and said: Our Lord! Give us mercy from Thy presence, and shape for us right conduct in our plight.
- 11. Then We sealed up their hearing in the Cave for a number of years.
- 12. And afterward We raised them up that We might know which of the two parties would best calculate the time that they had tarried.
- 13. We narrate unto thee their story with truth. Lo! they were young men who believed in their Lord, and We increased them in guidance.
- 14. And We made firm their hearts when they stood forth and said: Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth. We cry unto no God beside Him, for then should we utter an enormity.
- 15. These, our people, have chosen (other) gods beside Him though they bring no clear warrant (vouchsafed) to them. And who doth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie concerning Allah?

وَ إِذَا عَرْ لَتُمُومُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ فَأْوُرُوا إِلَى ٱلْكَهْف يَنْشُرْلَكُو رَبُّكُم مِن رَحْمَته ع وَيَهِي لَكُم مِّن أَم كُم مَّرْفَقًا ١ ﴿ وَرَى الشَّمْسَ إِذَا طَلَعَت رَّا وَرُعَنِ كَهْفهمْ ذَاتَ ٱلْيَمِينَ وَإِذَا غَرَبَت تَقْرُضُهُمْ ذَاتَ ٱلشَّمَالَ وَهُمْ فِي فَجْوَة مَّنَّهُ ۚ ذَالِكَ مِنْ ءَا يَكَ ٱللَّهُ مَن يَهُ اللهُ فَهُو المُهَدُّ وَمَن يُضْلِلْ فَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُ وَلَيًّا ه مرسدان وتحسبهم أيقاظاً وهم رقود و نقلبهم ذات ٱلْيَمِين وَ ذَاتَ ٱلشَّمَالَ وَكَلُّهُمُ بَسطٌ ذَرَاعَيْه بٱلْوَصيد لَو ٱطَّلَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ لَوَلَّيْتَ مَنْهُمْ فرَارًا وَلَمُلَّثَ مَنْهُمْ رُعْبًا ١ وَكَذَاكَ بَعَثْنَهُمْ لَيَسَاءَلُواْ بَيْنَهُمْ قَالَ قَآيِلٌ مَهُمْ كَرَلَبَنْتُمْ قَالُواْ لَبَنْنَا يَوْمًا أَوْبَعْضَ يَوْمٌ قَالُواْ رَبُّكُمْ أُعْلَمُ بَمَا لَبِثْنُمُ فَابْعَثُواْ أُحَدَكُم بِوَرَقِكُمْ هَنِدُهُ إِلَى الْمَدينَة



- 16. And when ye withdraw from them and that which they worship except Allah, then seek refuge in the Cave; your Lord will spread for you of His mercy and will prepare for you a pillow in your plight.
- 17. And thou mightest have seen the sun when it rose move away from their cave to the right, and when it set go past them on the left, and they were in the cleft thereof. That was (one) of the portents of Allah. He whom Allah guideth, he indeed is led aright, and he whom He sendeth astray, for him thou wilt not find a guiding friend.
- 18. And thou wouldst have deemed them waking though they were asleep, and We caused them to turn over to the right and the left, and their dog stretching out his paws on the threshold. If thou hadst observed them closely thou hadst assuredly turned away from them in flight, and hadst been filled with awe of them.
- 19. And in like manner We awakened them that they might question one another. A speaker from among them said: How long have ye tarried? They said: We have tarried a day or some part of a day, (Others) said: Your Lord best knoweth what ye have tarried. Now send one of you with this your silver coin unto the city, and let him see what food

فَلْيَنظُرُ أَيْهَا أَزْكِي طَعَامًا فَلْيَأْ تَكُم بِرِزْقَ مَنْهُ وَلَيْتَلَطَّفْ وَلَا يُشْعَرَنَّ بِكُو أَحَدًا ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّهُمْ إِن يَظْهَرُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ يَرْجُوكُو أَوْيُعِيدُوكُو في ملَّهُمْ وَلَن تُفْلُحُواْ إِذًا أَبَدا رَجِي وَكُذَا لِكَ أَعْتَرُنَا عَلَيْهِمْ لِيَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ وَعْدَ الله حَيَّ وَأَنَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ لَارَيْبَ فِيهَا إِذْ يَتَنَنَزَعُونَ بَيْنَهُمْ أَمْرَهُمْ فَقَالُواْ ٱبْنُواْ عَلَيْهِم بُنْيَلُنَا رَّ مِهُم أَعْلَمُ مِهُمْ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ غَلَبُواْ عَلَيْ أَمْرِهِمْ لَنَتَّخْذَنَّ عَلَيْهِم مَّسْجِدًا ﴿ صَيْقُولُونَ ثَلَاثَةٌ رَابِعُهُمْ كَلَّهُمْ وَيَقُولُونَ عَمْدَةُ سَادُسُهُمْ كَلَّهُمْ رَجُّنَا بِٱلْغَيْبِ وَيَقُولُونَ سَبْعَةٌ وَثَامُهُمْ كَلُّبُهُمْ قُل رَّتِي أَعْلَمُ بعدَّتهم مَّا يَعْلَمُهُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ فَلَا يُمَّارِ فِيهُمْ إِلَّا مَنْ آيًا ظَنهراً وَلا تُسْتَفْت فيهم منهُم أَحَدًا ﴿ وَلا تَقُولَنَّ لشَّأَى وِ إِنِّي فَاعُلُ ذَاكَ غَدًا ﴿ إِلَّا أَن يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ 0

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is purest there and bring you a supply thereof. Let him be courteous and let no man know of you.

- 20. For they, if they should come to know of you, will stone you or turn you back to their religion; then ye will never prosper.
- 21. And in like manner We disclosed them (to the people of the city) that they might know that the promise of Allah is true, and that, as for the Hour, there is no doubt concerning it. When (the people of the city) disputed of their case among themselves, they said: Build over them a building: their Lord knoweth best concerning them. Those who won their point said: We verily shall build a place of worship over them.
- 22. (Some) will say: They were three, their dog the fourth, and (some) say: Five, their dog the sixth, guessing at random; and (some) say: Seven, and their dog the eighth. Say (O Muhammad): My Lord is Best Aware of their number. None knoweth them save a few. So contend not concerning them except with an outward contending, and ask not any of them to pronounce concerning them.
- 23. And say not of anything: Lo! I shall do that to-morrow,
 - 24. Except if Allah will. And remember thy Lord when

وَآذْكُر رَّبَّكَ إِذَا نَسِيتٌ وَقُلْ عَسَىٰ أَنْ يَهْدَين رَتَّى لأَقْرَبَ من هَنذَا رَشَدًا ﴿ وَلَبِثُواْ فِي كَهْفَهُمْ ثَلَثَ ما تَهَ سنينَ وَ أَزْدَادُواْ تَسْعًا ﴿ قُلِ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَا لَبِنُواْ لَهُ غَيْبُ ٱلسَّمَلَوٰتَ وَٱلْأَرْضُ أَبْصُرُ بِهِ ءَ وَأَسْمَعُ مَاكُّمُ مَّن دُونه ع من وَلَى وَلَا يُشْرِكُ فِي كُحُمه مَ أَحَدًا ١ وَأَثْلُمَا أَوْحَى إِلَيْكَ من كتَاب رَبَّكَ لَامُبَدَّلَ لكَلَمَنته وَلَن تَجِدَ من دُونه ع مُلْتَحَدًا رَثِي وَأَصْبِرْ نَفْسَكَ مَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ رَبُّهُم بِٱلْغَلَاةِ وَٱلْعَشِيُّ يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَهُ وَلَا تَعْدُ عَيْنَاكَ عَهُمْ تُرِيدُ زِينَةَ ٱلْحَيَلَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۗ وَلَا تُطعَ مَنْ أَغْفَلْنَا قَلْبَهُ عَن ذَكُرْنَا وَ اتَّبَعَ هَوَنهُ وَكَانَ أَمْرُهُ وُكُانَ أَمْرُهُ وُكُانٍ وَقُلِ ٱلْحَتُّ مِن رَّبُّكُمُّ فَلَن شَآة فَلْيُؤْمِن وَمَن شَآة فَلْيَكُفُر إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا للظَّلْمِينَ نَارًا أَحَاطَ بِهِمْ سُرَادُفُهَا

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thou forgettest, and say: It may be that my Lord guideth me unto a nearer way of truth than this.

- 25. And (it is said) they tarried in their Cave three hundred years and add nine.
- 26. Say: Allah is Best Aware how long they tarried. His is the Invisible of the heavens and the earth. How clear of sight is He and keen of hearing! They have no protecting friend beside Him, and He maketh none to share in His government.
- 27. And recite that which hath been revealed unto thee of the Scripture of thy Lord. There is none who can change His words, and thou wilt find no refuge beside Him.
- 28. Restrain thyself along with those who cry unto their Lord at morn and evening, seeking His Countenance; and let not thine eyes overlook them, desiring the pomp of the life of the world; and obey not him whose heart We have made heedless of Our remembrance, who followeth his own lust and whose case hath been abandoned.
- 29. Say: (It is) the truth from the Lord of you (all). Then whosoever will, let him believe, and whosoever will, let him disbelieve. Lo! We have prepared for disbelievers Fire.

وَ إِن يَسْتَغيثُواْ يُغَاثُواْ بَا عَا وَكَالْمُهْلِ يَشْوى الْوُجُوهُ بنُّسَ الشَّرَابُ وَسَآ ءَتْ مُرْ تَفَقًّا ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّبْلُحَاتِ إِنَّا لَا نُضِيعُ أَجْرَمَنْ أَحْسَنَ عَمَلًا ﴿ أُوْلَيَهِكَ لَمُمُّ جَنَّتُ عَدِّن تَجْرى من تَحْتَهُمُ ٱلْأَنْهَارُ يُحَلَّوْنَ فيهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ مِن ذَهَبِ وَيَلْبَسُونَ ثِيَابًا خُضَرًا مّرِ. سُندُس وَ إِسْتَبْرَق مُّتَّكِعِينَ فيها عَلَى ٱلْأُرْآيِكُ نعْمَ ٱلثَّوَابُ وَحَسُنَتْ مُرْتَفَقاً ١ ﴿ وَ اضْرِبْ لَمَهُم مَّثَلًا رَّ جُلِينَ جَعَلْنَا لأَحَدهمَا جَنَّتَيْن منْ أَعْنَاب وَحَفَقْنَاهُمَا بَخُول وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمَا زَرْعًا ﴿ كُلَّمَا الْجُنَّذَيْنَ وَاتَّتْ أَكُلُّهَا وَكُرْ تَظْلِم مَّنَّهُ شَيْئًا وَفَجَّرْنَا خَلَلَهُمَا نَهَراً ﴿ وَكَانَ لَهُۥ تَمَرُّ فَقَالَ لصَحبه ع وَهُو يُعَاوِرُهُ واللهُ أَنَا أَكْثَرُ منكَ مَا لا وَأَعَرْ نَفَرًا ١٥ وَدَخَلَ جَنَّتُهُ وَهُو ظَالَمٌ لَّنَفْسه عَالَ



Its tent encloseth them. If they ask for showers, they will be showered with water like to molten lead which burneth the faces. Calamitous the drink and ill the resting-place! .

- 30. Lo! as for those who believe and do good works-Lo! We suffer not the reward of one whose work is goodly to be lost.
- 31. As for such, theirs will be Gardens of Eden, wherein rivers flow beneath them; therein they will be given armlets of gold and will wear green robes of finest silk and gold embroidery, reclining upon thrones therein. Blest the reward, and fair the resting-place!
- 32. Coin for them a similitude: Two men, unto one of & whom We had assigned two gardens of grapes, and We had surrounded both with date-palms and had put between them tillage.
- 33. Each of the gardens gave its fruit and withheld naught thereof. And We caused a river to gush forth therein.
- 34. And he had fruit. And he said unto his comrade, when he spake with him: I am more than thee in wealth, and stronger in respect of men.
 - 35. And he went into his garden, while he (thus) wronged

مَا أَفُنُّ أَن تَبِيدَ هَنده مَا أَبَدًا ﴿ وَمَا أَفُنُّ السَّاعَةَ فَايَمَةً وَلَهِن رُّددتُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّي لَأَجدَنَّ خَيْرًا مَنْهَا مُنقَلَبًا ﴿ قَالَ لَهُ مَا حُبُهُ وَهُوَ يُحَاوِرُهُ أَكَفَرْتَ بِالَّذِي خَلَقَكَ من رُ اَبِ ثُمَّ مِن نُطْفَة ثُمَّ سَوَّىٰكَ رَجُلًا ﴿ إِنَّ لَكَنَّا هُوَ اللَّهُ رَبِّي وَلَا أَشْرِكُ بِرَتِّي أَحَدًا ﴿ وَلَوْلَا إِذْ دَخَلْتَ جَنَّتَكَ قُلْتَ مَاشَآءَ اللهُ لَاقُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللهِ إِن تَرَن أَنَا أَقَلَ منكَ مَالًا وَوَلَدًا رَثِي فَعَسَى رَبِّي أَن يُؤْتِين خَيْرًا مّن جَنَّتكَ وَيُرسلَ عَلَيْهَا حُسْبَانًا مَنَ السَّمَاءِ فَتُصْبِحَ صَعِيدًا زَلَقًا رَبِّ أَوْيُصْبِحَ مَآ وُهَا غَوْراً فَلَنَ تَسْتَطِيعَ لَهُ مُ طَلَبًا ﴿ وَأَحِيطَ شَمَره عَ فَأَصْبَحَ يُقَلَّبُ كَفَّيْهِ عَلَى مَا أَنفَقَ فيهَا وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةً عَلَى عُرُ وشَهَا وَيَقُولُ يَللَيْنَنِي لَرْأَ شُركُ بِرَيْن أَحَدًا ١٠ وَلَمْ تَكُن لَّهُ فَسَدٌّ يَنْصُرُ و نَهُ مِن دُون الله

himself. He said: I think not that all this will ever perish.

- 36. I think not that the Hour will ever come, and if indeed I am brought back unto my Lord I surely shall find better than this as a resort.
- 37. His comrade, when he (thus) spake with him, exclaimed: Disbelievest thou in Him Who created thee of dust, then of a drop (of seed), and then fashioned thee a man?
- 38. But He is Allah, my Lord, and I ascribe unto my Lord no partner.
- 39. If only, when thou enteredst thy garden, thou hadst said: That which Allah willeth (will come to pass)! There is no strength save in Allah! Though thou seest me as less than thee in wealth and children,
- 40. Yet it may be that my Lord will give me better than thy garden, and will send on it a bolt from heaven, and some morning it will be a smooth hillside,
- 41. Or some morning the water thereof will be lost in the earth so that thou canst not make search for it.
- 42. And his fruit was beset (with destruction). Then began he to wring his hands for all that he had spent upon it, when (now) it was all ruined on its trellises, and to say: Would that I had ascribed no partner to my Lord!
 - 43. And he had no troop of men to help him as against

وَمَا كَانَ مُنتَصِرًا ﴿ مُنَالِكَ ٱلْوَلْكِيةُ للهُ ٱلْحُتَّ هُوَ حَيْرٌ ثُوَابًا وَحَيْرً عُقْبًا ﴿ وَأَضْرِبْ لَهُمْ مَثَلَ الْحَيَوَةَ الدُّنْيَا كُمَّا وِأَنْزَلْنَكُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَآخْتَلَطَ بِهِ عَنَبَاتُ ٱلْأَرْضِ فَأَصْبَحَ هَشِيماً تَلْرُوهُ ٱلرِّيكُ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّقْتَدرًا وَإِن ٱلْمَالُ وَٱلْبَنُونَ زِينَهُ ٱلْحَيَوَة ٱلدُّنَّيَّا وَٱلْبَنقِينَ ٱلصَّلْحَاتُ خَيْرُ عندَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَابًا وَغَيْرً أَمَلًا ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نُسَيّرُ ٱلْجَبَالَ وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ بَارِزَةً وَحَشَرْنَاهُمْ فَلَمْ نُغَادرْ مَنْهُمُ أَحَدًا ﴿ وَعُرضُواْ عَلَىٰ رَبُّكَ صَفًّا لَّقَدْ جَثْنَمُونَا كَمَا خَلَقْنَاكُمُ أُولَ مَرَّةٌ بَلَ زَعْمَتُمُ أَلَنَ تَجْعَلَ لَكُمُ مَّوْعَدًا رَبِّي وَوُضعَ ٱلْكَتَابُ فَتَرَى ٱلْمُجْرِمينَ مُشْفقينَ مَّا فيه وَيَقُولُونَ يَدوَيْلَتَنَا مَال هَنذَا ٱلْكتَنب لَا يُغَادِرُ صَغِيرَةً وَلَا كَبِيرَةً إِلَّا أَحْصَلَهَا ۚ وَوَجَدُواْ مَاعَمُواْ

Allah, nor could he save himself.

- 44. In this case is protection only from Allah, the True. He is Best for reward, and best for consequence.
- 45. And coin for them the similitude of the life of the world as water which We send down from the sky, and the vegetation of the earth mingleth with it and then becometh dry twigs that the winds scatter. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 46. Wealth and children are an ornament of the life of the world. But the good deeds which endure are better in thy Lord's sight for reward, and better in respect of hope.
- 47. And (bethink you of) the Day when We remove the hills and ye see the earth emerging, and We gather them together so as to leave not one of them behind.
- 48. And they are set before thy Lord in ranks (and it is said unto them): Now verily have ye come unto Us as We created you at the first. But ye thought that We had set no tryst for you.
- 49. And the Book is placed, and thou seest the guilty fearful of that which is therein, and they say: What kind of a Book is this that leaveth not a small thing nor a great thing but hath counted it! And they find all that they did

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حَاضًا وَلَا يَظْلُمُ رَبُّكَ أَحَدًا رَثِي وَإِذْ قُلْنَا الْمَلَّتِكَة ٱشْجُدُواْ لَآدَمَ فَسَجَدُواْ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ كَانَ منَ ٱلْحِنَّ فَفَسَقَ عَنْ أَمْ رَبُّهُ ۗ أَفْتَنَّخَذُونَهُ وَذُرِّيتَهُ ۗ أَوْلَيَّا ۗ من دُونِي وَهُمْ لَكُمْ عَدُوا اللَّهِ الطَّلَامِينَ الدُّلَّا ﴿ * مَّا أَشْهَد تُهُمْ خَلْقَ السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْض وَلا خَلْقَ أَنْفُسُهُمْ وَمَا كُنتُ مُتَخَذَ ٱلْمُصْلِينَ عَضُدًا ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يَقُولُ نَادُواْ شُرَكَاءَى الَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمْ فَلَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجيبُواْ لَهُمْ وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مَوْبِقًا ﴿ وَرَءَا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ٱلنَّارَ فَظَنُواْ أَنَّهُم مُوا قَعُوهَا وَلَمْ يَجِدُواْ عَنْهَا مَصْرِفًا رَبِّي وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا فِي هَنْذَا ٱلْقُرَّءَانِ للنَّاسِ مِن كُلِّ مَثْلَ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنْسَانُ أَكْثَرَ شَيْءٍ جَدَلًا ﴿ وَمَا مَنَعَ النَّاسَ أَن يُؤْمِنُواْ إِذْ جَاءَهُمُ إَفْدَى ويستَغْفُرُواْ رَبُّهُمْ إِلَّاانَ مَا تَبَّهُمْ





confronting them, and thy Lord wrongeth no-one.

- 50. And (remember) when We said unto the angels: Fall prostrate before Adam, and they fell prostrate, all save Iblîs. He was of the jinn,1 so he rebelled against his Lord's command. Will ye choose him and his seed for your protecting friends instead of Me, when they are an enemy unto you? Calamitous is the exchange for evil-doers!
- 51. I made them not to witness the creation of the heavens and the earth, nor their own creation; nor choose I misleaders for (My) helpers.
- 52. And (be mindful of) the Day when He will say: Call those partners of Mine whom ye pretended. Then they will cry unto them, but they will not hear their prayer, and We shall set a gulf of doom between them.
- 53. And the guilty behold the Fire and know that they are about to fall therein, and they find no way of escape thence.
- 54. And verily We have displayed for mankind in this Qur'an all manner of similitudes, but man is more than anything contentious.
- 55. And naught hindereth mankind from believing when the guidance cometh unto them, and from asking forgiveness of their Lord unless (it be that they wish) that the judgment

¹ The fact that Iblis or Satan is of the jinn and not of the angels, though he was among the latter, explains his disobedience; since jinn, like men, can choose their path of conduct.

مُنَّةُ الْأُولِينَ أُوراً بَهِمَ الْعَذَابُ قُبِلًا ﴿ وَمَا نُرْسُلُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذرينٌ وَيُجَدِّلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بَالْبَيْطِلِ لَيُدْحِضُواْبِهِ ٱلْحَتَّ وَأَتَّخَذُواْ وَآيَتِي وَمَا أَنْدُرُواْ هُرُوا رَفِي وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَنَ ذُكَّرَ بِعَايِنت رَبِّه عَاقْمَرَضَ عَنْهَا وَنَسَى مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكَّنَّهُ أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي ءَاذَانِهِمْ وَقُراً وَ إِنْ تَدْعُهُمْ إِلَى ٱلْمُدَىٰ فَلَن يَهْنَدُواْ إِذًا أَبَدا رَقِي وَرَبُّكَ الْغَفُورُ ذُو الرَّحْمَة لَوْ يُوْاخِذُهُم بَا كَسَبُواْ لَعَجَّلَ لَحُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ بَل لَّمُمُ مَّوْعَدُ لَّن يَجِدُواْ مِن دُونِه عَوْ بِلَا ﴿ وَتِلْكَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ أَهْلَكْنَنَّهُمْ لَمَّاظَلَمُواْ وَجَعَلْنَا لَمَهْلَكُهُمْ مَّوْعَدَّانِينَ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لَفَتَهُ لَآ أَبْرَ حُ حَتَّى أَبْلُغَ تَجْمَعَ ٱلْبَحْرَيْن أَوَّأُمْضَى حُقُباً ﴿ فَلَمَّا بَلَغَا تَجْمَعَ بَيْنَهِمَا نَسِيا حُوبَهُما of the men of old should come upon them or (that) they should be confronted with the Doom.

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- 56. We send not the messengers save as bearers of good news and warners. Those who disbelieve contend with falsehood in order to refute the Truth thereby. And they take Our revelations and that wherewith they are threatened as a jest.
- 57. And who doth greater wrong than he who hath been reminded of the revelations of his Lord, yet turneth away from them and forgetteth what his hands send forward (to the Judgment)? Lo! on their hearts We have placed coverings so that they understand not, and in their ears a deafness. And though thou call them to the guidance, in that case they can never be led aright.
- 58. Thy Lord is the Forgiver, Full of Mercy. If He took them to task (now) for what they earn, He would hasten on the doom for them; but theirs is an appointed term from which they will find no escape.
- 59. And (all) those townships! We destroyed them when they did wrong, and We appointed a fixed time for their destruction.
- 60. And when Moses said unto his servant: I will not give up until I reach the point where the two rivers meet, though I march on for ages.
 - 61. And when they reached the point where the two met,

فَأَتَّخَذَسَبِيلَهُ فِي الْبَحْرِسَرَبَا ١٠ فَلَمَّا جَاوَزَا قَالَ لَفَتَنَّهُ ءَاتنَا غَدَآءَنَا لَقَدُ لَقينَا من سَفَر نَا هَنذَا نَصَبًا ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ عَالَ أَرَّءَيْتَ إِذْ أُوَيِّنَا إِلَى الصَّخْرَة فَإِنِّي نَسيتُ الْخُوتَ وَمَا أَنسَلنيهُ إِلَّا ٱلشَّيْطَانُ أَنْ أَذْ كُرَامٌ وَٱتَّخَذَ سَبيلَهُ. فِي ٱلْبَحْرِ عَمَباً ﴿ قَالَ ذَاكَ مَا كُنَّا نَبُّغُ فَٱرْتَدًّا عَلَيْ ءَاثَارِ هَمَا قَصَصًا ﴿ فَي فَوَجَدَا عَبْدًا مَنْ عَبَادَنَا ءَاتَيْنَكُ رَحْمَةُ مَّنْ عندنَا وَعَلَّمْنَاهُ مِن لَّذُنَّا عِلْمًا ١٠ قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَى هَلْ أَتَّبِعُكَ عَلَىٰ أَن تُعَلَّمَن مَّا عُلَّمْتَ رُشَّدًا ١ عَلَا قَالَ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعَى صَبْرًا ﴿ وَكَيْفَ تَصْبُرُ عَلَىٰ مَا لَمْ تُحَطُّ بِهِ عُخْبُرًا ﴿ إِنَّ قَالَ سَتَجِدُنَ إِن شَآءَ اللهُ صَابِرًا وَلَا أَعْمِى لَكَ أَمْرًا ﴿ قَالَ فَإِن آتَّبَعْتَنِي فَلَا تَسْعَلْنِي عَن شَيْءٍ حَتَّى أُحدثَ لَكَ منه دُحُرًا إِنَّي

- they forgot their fish, and it took its way into the waters, being free.
- 62. And when they had gone further, he said unto his servant: Bring us our breakfast. Verily we have found fatigue in this our journey.
- 63. He said: Didst thou see, when we took refuge on the rock, and I forgot the fish—and none but Satan caused me to forget to mention it—it took its way into the waters by a marvel.
- 64. He said: This is that which we have been seeking. So they retraced their steps again.
- 65. Then found they one of Our slaves, unto whom We had given mercy from Us, and had taught him knowledge from Our presence.
- 66. Moses said unto him: May I follow thee, to the end that thou mayst teach me right conduct of that which thou hast been taught?
 - 67. He said: Lo! thou canst not bear with me.
- 68. How canst thou bear with that whereof thou canst not compass any knowledge?
- 69. He said: Allah willing, thou shalt find me patient and I shall not in aught gainsay thee.
- 70. He said: Well, if thou go with me, ask me not concerning aught till I myself make mention of it unto thee.

فَأَنْطُلَقَا حَتَّتَ إِذَا رَكَبًا فِي السَّفْيَنَة نَرَقَهَا قَالَ أَنَرَقُهَا لتُغْرِقَ أَهْلَهَا لَقَدْ جِئْتَ شَيْعًا إِمْرًا ﴿ ثُنَّ قَالَ أَلَهُ أَقُلْ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسْتَطيعَ مَعَى صَـبْراً رَبِّي قَالَ لَا تُؤَاخِذْني بَمَا نَسيتُ وَلَا تُرْهِقُني مِنْ أَمْرِي عُسْرًا رَبِّي فَٱنطَلَقَا حَتَّجَ إِذَا لَقِياً غُلَامًا فَقَتَلَهُ وَآلَ أَقَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا زَكَّةَ أَغَيْرُ نَفْس لَّقَدْ جِنْتَ شَيْئًا نُّكُرًا ﴿ إِنَّ * قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُل لَّكَ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِي صَابِراً ﴿ إِن اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَن شَيْءٍ بَعْدَهَا فَلَا تُصَاحِبني قَدْ بَلَغْتَ مِن لَّذُنِّي عُذْراً فَأَنطَلَقَا حَيَّتَ إِذَا أَنيَا أَهْلَ قَرْيَة ٱسْتَطْعَمَا أَهْلَهَا فَأَبُواْ أَنْ يُضَيِّفُوهُمَا فَوَجَدًا فِيهَا جَدَارًا يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَنْقَضَّ فَأَقَامَهُ قَالَ لَوْشَئْتَ لَتَّخَذْتَ عَلَيْه أَجْرًا ﴿ مَنَّ قَالَ هَلْذَا فَرَاقُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنِكَ سَأْنَبَتُكَ بِنَأْوِيلِ مَا لَهُ تَسْتَطَعِ عَلَيْهِ صَبْراً ١

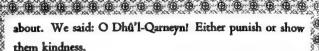


- 71. So they twain set out till, when they were in the ship, he made a hole therein. (Moses) said: Hast thou made a hole therein to drown the folk thereof? Thou verily hast done a dreadful thing.
- 72. He said: Did I not tell thee that thou couldst not bear with me?
- 73. (Moses) said: Be not wroth with me that I forgot, and be not hard upon me for my fault.
- 74. So they twain journeyed on till, when they met a lad, he slew him. (Moses) said: What! Hast thou slain an innocent soul who hath slain no man? Verily thou hast done a horrid thing.
- 75. He said: Did I not tell thee that thou couldst not bear with me?
- 76. (Moses) said: If I ask thee after this concerning aught, keep not company with me. Thou hast received an excuse from me.
- 77. So they twain journeyed on till, when they came unto the folk of a certain township, they asked its folk for food, but they refused to make them guests. And they found therein a wall upon the point of falling into ruin, and he repaired it. (Moses) said: If thou hadst wished, thou couldst have taken payment for it.
- 78. He said: This is the parting between thee and me! I will announce unto thee the interpretation of that thou couldst not bear with patience.

أَمَّا السَّفينَةُ فَكَانَتْ لمَسَكِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ في الْبَحْرِ فَأَرَدتْ أَنَّ أَعَيَهَا وَكَانَ وَرَآءَهُمِ مَّلَكُ يَأْخُذُكُلِّ سَفينَة غَصْبًا ١ وَأَمَّا ٱلْغُلَامُ فَكَانَ أَبَوَاهُ مُؤْمَنَيْنِ فَخَشِينَ ۖ أَن يُرْهَقَهُمَا طُغْيِلْنَا وَكُفْرًا ١ زَكُوٰةً وَأَقْرَبَ رُحْمَا ١٥ وَأَمَّا ٱلْجَدَارُ فَكَانَ لَغُلَمَيْن يَتيمَيْن فِي ٱلْمَدينَة وَكَانَ تَحْنَهُ كُنُرٌ لَّمُّمَا وَكَانَ أَبُوهُمَا صَلْحًا فَأَرَادَرَبُّكَ أَن يَبْلُغَا أَشُدَّهُمَّا وَيَسْتَخْرَجَا كَنْرَهُمَا رَحْمَةُ كُنَّ زَبِّكَ وَمَا فَعَلْتُهُ عَنْ أَمْرِى ۚ ذَالِكَ تَأُويلُ مَالَمْ تَسْطِع عَلَيْه صَبْرًا رَبِّي وَيَسْعَلُونَكَ عَن ذي ٱلْقَرْنَيْنَ قُلْ سَأَ تَلُواْ عَلَيْكُم مَّنَّهُ ذَكَّرًا رَبِّي إِنَّا مَكَّنَّا لَهُ فِي ٱلأَرْض وَءَ اتَيْنَكُ مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ سَبَا ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَتْبَعَ سَبَبًا ﴿ وَإِن حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ مَغْرِبَ ٱلشَّمْسِ وَجَدَهَا تَغْرُبُ فِي عَيْنَ مَشَّة

- 79. As for the ship, it belonged to poor people working on the river, 1 and I wished to mar it, for there was a king behind them who is taking every ship by force.
- 80. And as for the lad, his parents were believers and we feared lest he should oppress them by rebellion and disbelief.
- 81. And we intended that their Lord should change him for them for one better in purity and nearer to mercy.
- 82. And as for the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the city, and there was beneath it a treasure belonging to them, and their father had been righteous, and thy Lord intended that they should come to their full strength and should bring forth their treasure as a mercy from their Lord; and I did it not upon my own command. Such is the interpretation of that wherewith thou couldst not bear.
- 83. They will ask thee of Dhû'l-Qarneyn. Say: I shall recite unto you a remembrance of him.
- 84. Lo! We made him strong in the land and gave him unto every thing a road.
 - 85. And he followed a road
- 86. Till, when he reached the setting-place of the sun, he found it setting in a muddy spring, and found a people there
 1 Or, it might be, "sea."

وَوَجَدَعندَ مَا قَوْماً قُلْنَا يَنْذَا ٱلْقَرْنَيْنِ إِمَّا أَن تُعَذَّبَ وَ إِمَّا أَن تَغَخَّذَ فيهمْ حُسْنًا ﴿ قَالَ أَمَّا مَن ظَلَمَ فَسَوْفَ نُعَذَّبُهُ مُ مُردً إِنَّى رَبِّهِ فَيَعَذَّبُهُ عَذَابًا نُكُرًا ﴿ وَأَمَّا مَنْ ءَامَنَ وَعَملَ صَالَحًا فَلَهُ جَزَآءً ٱلْحُسْنَى وَسَنْقُولُ لَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِنَا يُسْرًا ﴿ مِنْ أُمَّ أَنْبَعَ سَبَبًا ﴿ مِنْ أَمْرِنَا يُسْرَا اللَّهِ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ مَطْلَعَ الشَّمْسِ وَجَدَهَا تَطْلُعُ عَلَىٰ قَوْم لَّرْ تَجْعَلَ لَمُّهُ مَن دُونِهَا سَتْرًا ﴿ يَكُ كَذَاكَ وَقَدْ أَحَطَّنَا بَمَا لَدَيْهِ خُرُا ١ مُمَّ أَتْبَعَ سَبَاً ١ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ بَيْنَ ٱلسَّذَيْنِ وَجَدَ من دُونهِ مَا قَوْمًا لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ فَوْلًا ﴿ مَا لَا الْقَرْنَيْنِ إِنَّ يَأْجُوجَ وَمَأْ جُوجَ مُفْسدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَهَلْ نَجْعَلُ لَكَ نَحْرَجًا عَلَيْ أَن تَجْعَلَ لَ يَيْنَنَا وَيَيْنَهُ مُ سَدًّا ﴿ قَالَ مَا مَكِّنَى فِيهِ رَبِّي خَيرٌ



- 87. He said: As for him who doeth wrong, we shall punish him, and then he will be brought back unto his Lord. Who will punish him with awful punishment!
- 88. But as for him who believeth and doeth right, good will be his reward, and We shall speak unto him a mild command.
 - 89. Then he followed a road
- 90. Till, when he reached the rising-place of the sun, he found it rising on a people for whom We had appointed no shelter therefrom.
 - 91. So (it was). And We knew all concerning him.
 - 92. Then he followed a road
- 93. Till, when he came between the two mountains, he found upon their hither side a folk that scarce could understand a saying.
- 94. They said: O Dhû'l-Qarneyn! Lol Gog and Magog are spoiling the land. So may we pay thee tribute on condition that thou set a barrier between us and them?
 - 95. He said: That wherein my Lord hath established me

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غَاْعِينُونِي بِقُوَّة أَجْعَلْ بَيْنَكُرْ وَ بَيْنَهُمْ رَدَّمَا رَبِّي ءَاتُونِي زُبِرَالْحَدَيد حَتَّىٰ إِذَا سَاوَىٰ بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيْنِ قَالَ ٱنفُخُواْ حَتَّى إِذَا جَعَلَهُ, نَارًا قَالَ ءَاتُونِيَّ أُفْرغٌ عَلَيْه قطرًا ١٠ فَ ٱسْطَاعُواْ أَنْ يَظْهَرُ وهُ وَمَا استَطَاعُواْ لَهُ نَقْبُ إِنَّهُ قَالَ هَلْذَا رَحْمَةٌ مِّن رَّتِّي فَإِذَا جَآءَ وَعْدُ رِّتِي جَعَلَهُ دَكَّا ۗ وَكَانَ وَعُدُرَتِي حَقًّا ١٠٠٠ * وَتَرَكَّنَا بَعْضَهُمْ يَوْمَسِد يَمُوجُ في بَعْضَ وَنُفخَ في ٱلصُّورِ فَجَمَعْنَنَهُمْ جَمْعًا رَبِّي وَعَرَضْنَا جَهَنَّمَ يَوْمَهِ لَالْكَنفرينَ عَرْضًا ١٠ الَّذِينَ كَانَتْ أَعْيُنْهُمْ في عَطَآءِ عَن ذَكرى وَكَانُواْ لَايَسْتَطيعُونَ سَمُعًا رَبُّم أَفَحسبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا أَن يَخَّذُواْ عَبَادى مِن دُونَيْ أُولِيَآ } إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا جَهَنَّمَ لِلْكَلْفِرِينَ زُكُلًا ﴿ مَلْ مَلْ نُنَبِّكُمُ بِالْأَخْسَرِينَ أَعْمَلُا ﴿



is better (than your tribute). Do but help me with strength (of men), I will set between you and them a bank.

- 96. Give me pieces of iron—till, when he had levelled up (the gap) between the cliffs, he said: Blow!—till, when he had made it a fire, he said: Bring me molten copper to pour thereon.
- 97. And (Gog and Magog) were not able to surmount, nor could they pierce (it).
- 98. He said: This is a mercy from my Lord; but when the promise of my Lord cometh to pass, He will lay it low, for the promise of my Lord is true.
- 99. And on that day We shall let some of them surge against others, and the Trumpet will be blown. Then We shall gather them together in one gathering.
- 100. On that day We shall present hell to the disbelievers, plain to view,
- 101. Those whose eyes were hoodwinked from My reminder, and who could not bear to hear.
- 102. Do the disbelievers reckon that they can choose My bondmen as protecting friends beside Me? Lo! We have prepared hell as a welcome for the disbelievers.
- 103. Say: Shall We inform you who will be the greatest losers by their works?

ٱلَّذِينَ ضَلَّ سَعْيِهُمْ فِي ٱلْحَيَوَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ يَحْسُبُونَ أَنَّهُمْ يُحْسُونَ صُنْعًا ﴿ أُولَتِهِكَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا بِعَايَلت رَبُّمْ وَلَقَا يِهِ عَ فَحَبِطَتُ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فَلَا نُقِيمُ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة وَزُنَا ١٠٠ فَإِلَّ جَزَآوَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ بَكَ كَفَرُواْ وَآتَحَذُواْ عَايَلَتِي وَرُسُلِي هُزُرُوًا ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالحَات كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ ٱلفَرْدَوْس أُزُلًا ١٠٠ خَلَدِينَ فِيهَا لَآيَبُغُونَ عَنْهَا حَوَلًا ١١٠ قُل لَّوْكَانَ ٱلْبَحْرُ مَدَادًا لَّكُلَمَنت رَبِّي لَنَفَدَ ٱلْبَحْرُ قَبِّلَ أَنْ تَسْفَدَ كَلَمَاتُ رَبِّي وَلَوْ جِئْنَا بِمِثْله عِمْدُا وَإِنَّ قُلْ إِنَّكَ أَنَّا بَشَرٌ مَنْلُكُمْ يُوحَى إِلَى أَنَّكَ إِلَّهُكُمْ إِلَكُ وَاحَدُّ فَهَن كَانَ يَرْجُواْ لَقَآءَ رَبِّهِ عَلْيَعْمَلْ عَمَلًا صَلْحًا وَلَا يُشْرِكُ بعبَادَة رَبِّه عَ أَحَدًا رَبِّي

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- 104. Those whose effort goeth astray in the life of the world, and yet they reckon that they do good work.
- 105. Those are they who disbelieve in the revelations of their Lord and in the meeting with Him. Therefor their works are vain, and on the Day of Resurrection We assign no weight to them.
- 106. That is their reward: hell, because they disbelieved, and made a jest of Our revelations and Our messengers.
- 107. Lo! those who believe and do good works, theirs are the Gardens of Paradise for welcome,
- 108. Wherein they will abide, with no desire to be removed from thence.
- 109. Say: Though the sea became ink for the Words of my Lord, verily the sea would be used up before the Words of my Lord were exhausted, even though We brought the like thereof to help.
- in me that your God is only One God. And whoever hopeth for the meeting with his Lord, let him do righteous work, and make none sharer of the worship due unto his Lord.

SÛRAH XIX

Maryam takes its name from v. 16 ff. That it is of quite early Meccan

revelation is established by the following tradition:

In the fifth year of the Prophet's mission (the ninth before the Hijrah, or Flight to Al-Madînah) a number of the poorer converts were allowed by the Prophet to emigrate to Abyssinia, a Christian country where they would not be subject to persecution for their worship of the One God. This is known as the first Hijrah. The rulers of Mecca sent ambassadors to ask the Negus for their extradition, accusing them of having left the religion of their own people without entering the Christian religion, and of having done wrong in their own country. The Negus (against the wish of the envoys) sent for the spokesmen of the refugees and, in the presence of the bishops of his realm, questioned them of their religion. Ja'far ibn Abî Tâlib, cousin of the Prophet, answered: (I translate from the account given by Ibn Ishâq).¹

"We were folk immersed in ignorance, worshipping idols, eating carrion, given to lewdness, severing the ties of kinship, bad neighbours, the strong among us preying on the weak; thus were we till Allah sent to us a messenger of our own, whose lineage, honesty, trustworthiness and chastity we knew, and he called us to Allah that we should acknowledge His unity and worship Him and eschew all the stones and idols that we and our fathers used to worship beside Him; and ordered us to be truthful and to restore the pledge and observe the ties of kinship, and be good neighbours, and to abstain from things forbidden, and from blood, and forbade us lewdness and false speech, and to prey upon the wealth of orphans, and to accuse good women; and commanded us to worship Allah only, ascribing no thing unto Him as partner, and enjoined upon us prayer and legal alms and fasting. (And he enumerated for him the teachings of Islâm).

¹ Ibn Hishâm Strab (Cairo Edition), Part I, p. 116.

"So we trusted him and we believed in him and followed that which he had brought from Allah, and we worshipped Allah only, and ascribed no thing as partner unto Him. And we refrained from that which was forbidden to us, and indulged in that which was made lawful for us. And our people became hostile to us and tormented us, and sought to turn us from our religion that they might bring us back to the worship of idols from the worship of Allah Most High, and that we might indulge in those iniquities which before we had deemed lawful.

"And when they persecuted and oppressed us, and hemmed us in, and kept us from the practice of our religion, we came forth to thy land, and chose thee above all others, and sought thy protection, and

hoped that we should not be troubled in thy land, O King!

"Then the Negus asked him: Hast with thee aught of that which he brought from Allah, Ja'far answered: Yes. Then the Negus said: Relate it to me, and Ja'far recited to him the beginning of Kâf. Hâ. Yâ. A'în. Şâd."—the Arabic letters with which this sûrah begins, such letters being generally used instead of titles by the early Muslims. Therefore this sûrah must have been revealed and well known before the departure of the emigrants for Abyssinia.

An early Meccan sûrah, with the possible exception of vv. 59 and 60, which, according to some authorities, were revealed at Al-

Madînah.

(۱۹) سُولَةً مُرِيمُرُمُكَيْتُ الاتق ٥٥ والا فدنيتان وآيافتا ٩٨ نزلت بعث ذ فا لمنو

حَدِيدَ مَن رَبِّهُ نِدَآءٌ خَفِي رَبِّكَ عَبْدُهُ وَرَدِياً ﴿ وَالْمَا اللّهُ عَبْدُهُ وَرَدِياً ﴿ وَالْمَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَكَانَتِ الْعَظّمُ مِنِي وَ الشّعَقَ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَرَاّهِ وَكَانَت المَرَأَ فِي عَافِراً فَهَبْ لِي مِن الدَّنكَ وَلَيّا فَي رَفْنِي وَرَبّ اللّهُ وَلَيّا فَي عَافِراً فَهَبْ لِي مِن الدُّنكَ وَلَيّا فَي رَفْنِي وَرَبّ إِنّا مِن اللّهُ وَلَيّا فَي عَافِراً اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ مِن قَبْلُ سَمِيّاً ﴿ وَاللّهُ مِن قَبْلُ سَمِيّاً ﴿ وَاللّهُ مِن قَبْلُ سَمِيّاً ﴿ وَاللّهُ مِن قَبْلُ سَمِيّاً فَي عَافِراً لَهُ مِن قَبْلُ سَمِيّاً فَي عَافِراً لَهُ وَاللّهُ وَكَانَتِ آمْرَأَيْ عَافِراً فَالّهُ وَكَانَتِ آمْرَانِي عَافِراً فَا اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الل



Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Kâf. Hâ. Yâ. A'în. Şâd.1
- A mention of the mercy of thy Lord unto His servant Zachariah.
 - 3. When he cried unto his Lord a cry in secret,
- 4. Saying: My Lord! Lo! the bones of me wax feeble and my head is shining with grey hair, and I have never been unblest in prayer to Thee, my Lord.
- 5. Lo! I fear my kinsfolk after me, since my wife is barren. Oh, give me from Thy presence a successor
- 6. Who shall inherit of me and inherit (also) of the house of Jacob. And make him, my Lord, acceptable (unto Thee).
- 7. (It was said unto him): O Zachariah! Lo! We bring thee tidings of a son whose name is John;² We have given the same name to none before (him).
 - 8. He said: My Lord! How can I have a son when my

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¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

وَقَدْ بَلَغْتُ مِنَ ٱلْكَبَرَعَتِيَّا ﴿ قَالَ كَذَاكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ هُوَعَلَّ هَيِّنٌ وَقَدْ خَلَقْتُكَ مِن قَبْلُ وَلَوْ تَكُ شَيْءًا ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ ٱجْعَلِ لَيْ ءَايَّةُ قَالَ ءَايَنُكَ أَلَّا تُكَلَّمَ النَّاسَ ثَلَثَ لَيَال سَويًا شِي فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمه ع من المحراب فَأُوْحَىٰ إِلَيْهِمْ أَن سَبُّواْ بُكْرَةً وَعَشَّا ١١) يَليَحْني خُذ ٱلْكَتَلَبَ بِقُوَّةً وَءَاتَيْنَكُ ٱلْحُكُمَ صَبِيًّا ١٠٠ وَحَنَّانًا مَن لَّهُ نَّا وَزَكَوْةً وَكَانَ تَقيًّا شِي وَبَرًّا بُولَدَيْهِ وَلَرْ يَكُن جَارًا عَصِيًا إِنَّ وَسَلَّمُ عَلَيْهِ يَوْمَ وُلَدُو يَوْمَ مُمُوتُ وَ يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُ حَيًّا وَإِنَّ وَأَذْكُرُ فِي الْكَتَلِ مَرْيَمَ إِذَ اللَّهَادَتْ مِنْ أَهْلُهَا مِكَانًا شَرْقِبًا ١٠٠ فَا تَخَذَتُ مِن دُونِهِمَّ حَجَا بَا فَأَرْسَلْنَا ٓ إِلَيْهَا رُوحَنَا فَتَمَثَّلَ لَهَا بَشَرَا سَويًّا ﴿ ثِنْ قَالَتْ إِنَّىٰ أُعُوذُ بِالرَّحْمَانِ مِنكَ إِن كُنتَ تَـقَّبَا ﴿

wife is barren and I have reached infirm old age?

- 9. He said: So (it will be). Thy Lord saith: It is easy for Me, even as I created thee before, when thou wast naught.
- 10. He said: My Lord! Appoint for me some token. He said: Thy token is that thou, with no bodily defect, shalt not speak unto mankind three nights.
- 11. Then he came forth unto his people from the sanctuary, and signified to them: Glorify your Lord at break of day and fall of night.
- 12. (And it was said unto his son): O John! Hold fast the Scripture. And We gave him wisdom when a child,
- 13. And compassion from Our presence, and purity; and he was devout,
- 14. And dutiful toward his parents. And he was not arrogant, rebellious.
- 15. Peace on him the day he was born, and the day he dieth and the day he shall be raised alive!
- 16. And make mention of Mary in the Scripture, when she had withdrawn from her people to a chamber looking East,
- 17. And had chosen seclusion from them. Then We sent unto her Our Spirit and it assumed for her the likeness of a perfect man.
- 18. She said: Lo! I seek refuge in the Beneficent One from thee, if thou art God-fearing.

قَالَ إِنَّمَا ۚ أَنَّا رَسُولُ رَبِّك لِأَهَبَ لَك غُلَمَا زَكًّا لِيُّ قَالَتْ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لِي غُلَكَ وَلَدْ يَمْسَسْنِي بَشَرٌ وَلَوْ أَكُ بَغَيَّا ﴿ وَ قَالَ كَذَاكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ هُوَ عَلَىَّ هَيٌّ وَلَنَّجَعَلُهُ ۗ ءَايَةُ لَنَّاسِ وَرَحْمَةُ مَنَّا وَكَانَ أَمْرًا مَّقْضِبًّا ﴿ * فَحَمَلَتْهُ فَآتَتَبَذَتْ به عَكَانًا قَصِيًّا ﴿ فَأَجَآءَ هَا ٱلْمَخَاضُ إِلَىٰ جِذْعِ النَّخْلَةِ قَالَتْ يَلْلَيْنَنِي مِتُّ قَبْلَ هَنذَا وَكُنتُ نَسْياً مَنسيًّا ﴿ فَنَادَنهَا مِن يَحْتَهَا أَلَّا تَحَزَّني قَدْ جَعَلَ رَبُّك تَحْتَك سَريًّا ﴿ وَهُرِّي إِلَيْك بَجِدْع ٱلنَّخْلَةَ تُسَلِقطُ عَلَيْك رُطَباً جَنيًّا رَبِّي فَكُلي وَأَشْرَى وَقَرَى عَيْنًا ۚ فَإِمَّا تَرَينً منَ ٱلْبَشَرِ أَحَدًا فَقُولَى إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ للَّرْحَلِن صَوْمًا فَكُنْ أَكُلَمَ الْمَيْوْمَ إِنسَيًّا ﴿ فَي فَأَتَتْ بِهِ عَ قَوْمَهَا تَحْمَلُهُ وَالُواْ يَلَمَرْيُمُ لَقَدْ جَنْتَ شَيْءًا فَرِيًّا ﴿



- 19. He said: I am only a messenger of thy Lord, that I may bestow on thee a faultless son.
- 20. She said: How can I have a son when no mortal hath touched me, neither have I been unchaste?
- 21. He said: So (it will be). Thy Lord saith: It is easy for Me. And (it will be) that We may make of him a revelation for mankind and a mercy from Us, and it is a thing ordained.
- 22. And she conceived him, and she withdrew with him to a far place.
- 23. And the pangs of childbirth drove her unto the trunk of the palm-tree. She said: Oh, would that I had died ere this and had become a thing of naught, forgotten!
- 24. Then (one) cried unto her from below her, saying: Grieve not! Thy Lord hath placed a rivulet beneath thee,
- 25. And shake the trunk of the palm-tree toward thee, thou wilt cause ripe dates to fall upon thee.
- 26. So eat and drink and be consoled. And if thou meetest any mortal, say: Lo! I have vowed a fast unto the Beneficent, and may not speak this day to any mortal.
- 27. Then she brought him to her own folk, carrying him. They said: O Mary! Thou hast come with an amazing thing.

يَنَأْخُتَ هَذُ وِنَ مَا كَانَ أَوْ كُ آمْرَ أَسُوْءِ وَمَا كَانَتْ أَمْكُ بَغَيًّا ﴿ فَأَشَارَتْ إِلَيْهُ ۖ قَالُواْ كَيْفَ نُكُلَّمُ مَن كَانَ فِي ٱلْمَهْدِ صَبِيًّا ﴿ إِنَّ قَالَ إِنِّي عَبَّدُ اللهُ ءَاتَّنِي ٱلْكَتَابَ وَجَعَلَنِي نَبِيًّا ﴿ وَجَعَلَنِي مُبَارَكًا أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُ وَأَوْصَانِي بَالصَّلَاة وَالزَّكَوة مَادُمْتُ حَبُّ ١٠ وَبَرَّا بِوَ لَدَى وَلَمْ يَجْعَلْني جَبَّاراً شَقيًّا ﴿ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَيَّ يَوْمَ وُلدتْ وَيَوْمَ أَمُوتُ وَ يَوْمَ أَبْعَثُ حَيًّا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلِسَى آبُ مَرْجَ قَوْلَ ٱلْحَقّ الَّذِي فِيهِ يَمْتَرُونَ ﴿ مَا كَانَ للهُ أَنْ يَغَّذَ مِن وَلَّدَ سُبْحَنْنُهُ وَ إِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُن فَيكُونُ ٢ وَإِنَّ ٱللهُ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَأَعْبُدُوهُ هَلْذَاصَرَاطٌ مُّسْتَقَمُّ ٢ فَآخْنَلُفَ ٱلْأَحْزَابُ مَنْ بَيْنَهُمُّ ۚ فَوَيْلٌ لَّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن مُّشْهَد يَوْم عَظيم ١٠ أَسْمِعْ بِهِمْ وَأَبْصِرَ يَوْمَ يَأْتُونَنَّا

- 28. O sister of Aaron!¹ Thy father was not a wicked man nor was thy mother a harlot.
- 29. Then she pointed to him. They said: How can we talk to one who is in the cradle, a young boy?
- 30. He spake: Lo! I am the slave of Allah. He hath given me the Scripture and hath appointed me a Prophet,
- 31. And hath made me blessed wheresoever I may be, and hath enjoined upon me prayer and almsgiving so long as I remain alive,
- 32. And (hath made me) dutiful toward her who bore me, and hath not made me arrogant, unblest.
- 33. Peace on me the day I was born, and the day I die, and the day I shall be raised alive!
- 34. Such was Jesus, son of Mary: (this is) a statement of the truth concerning which they doubt.
- 35. It besitteth not (the Majesty of) Allah that He should take unto Himself a son. Glory be to Him! When He decreeth a thing, He saith unto it only: Be! and it is.
- 36. And lo! Allah is my Lord and your Lord. So serve Him. That is the right path.
- 37. The sects among them differ: but woe unto the disbelievers from the meeting of an awful Day.
 - 38. See and hear them on the Day they come unto Us!

 1 See sûrah III, introduction.

لَكُنَ ٱلظَّاللُّمُونَ ٱلْيَوْمَ فِي ضَلَال مُّبِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْأَمْمُ مَ يَوْمَ ٱلْحُسَرَةَ إِذْ قُضِيَ ٱلْأُمِّرُ ۖ وَهُــمْ فِي غَفْلَة وَهُــمْ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا نَحَنُ نَرِثُ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَنْ عَلَيْبَ وَ إِلَيْنَا يُرْجَعُونَ رَبِّي وَ أَذْكُرْ فِي الْكَتَابِ إِبْرَاهِمَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ صِدِّيقًا نَّبِيًّا ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ لأَبِيهِ يَكَأَبَتِ لِمَ تَعْبُدُ مَالَا يَسْمَعُ وَلَا يُبْصِرُ وَلَا يُغْنِي عَنكَ شَيْعًا ﴿ إِنَّ يَتَأْبَت إِنِّي قَدْ جَآءَنِي مِنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ مَا لَرْ يَأْتُكَ فَٱنَّبَعْنِي أَهْدِكَ صِرَاطًا سَويًّا ﴿ يَتَأْبَتَ لَا تَعْبُدُ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ كَانَ للرَّحْمَن عَصِيًّا ﴿ يَنَأَبُت إِنَّى أَخَافُ أَن يَمَسَّكَ عَذَابٌ مَّنَ ٱلرَّحْمَن فَتَكُونَ لَلشَّيْطَانِ وَلَيُّ الثِّي قَالَ أَرَاغِبُ أَنتَ عَنْ ءَالْهَ يَ يَدَا لِرَاهِمُ لَيِن لَّهُ تَنتَه لَأَرْمُمَّنَّكُّ وَاهْجُرْنِي مَلَيًّا ﴿ قَالَ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكٌ ۚ سَأَسْتَغَفْرُ لَكَ رَتَّى yet the evil-doers are to-day in error manifest.

- 39. And warn them of the Day of anguish when the case hath been decided. Now they are in a state of carelessness, and they believe not.
- 40. Lo! We, only We, inherit the earth and all who are thereon, and unto Us they are returned.
- 41. And make mention (O Muhammad) in the Scripture of Abraham. Lo! he was a saint, a prophet.
- 42. When he said unto his father: O my father! Why worshippest thou that which heareth not nor seeth, nor can in aught avail thee?
- 43. O my father! Lo! there hath come unto me of knowledge that which came not unto thee. So follow me, and I will lead thee on a right path.
- 44. O my father! Serve not the devil. Lo! the devil is a rebel unto the Beneficent.
- 45. O my father! Lo! I fear lest a punishment from the Beneficent overtake thee so that thou become a comrade of the devil.
- 46. He said: Rejectest thou my gods, O Abraham? If thou cease not, I shall surely stone thee. Depart from me a long while!
 - 47. He said: Peace be unto thee! I shall ask forgiveness

إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِي حَفيًّا رَثِي وَأَعْتَرْ لُكُرْ وَمَاتَدْعُونَ مِن دُون ٱلله وَأَدُّعُواْ رَنَّى عَسَيْ أَلَّا أَكُونَ بِدُعَآءِ رَبَّى شَقيًّا ﴿ فَلَمَّا أَعْيَرُهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ مَن دُونَ ٱلله وَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِلَّحْلَقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَكُلًّا جَعَلْنَا نَبَيًّا ﴿ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُمْ مِّن رَّحْمَتَنَا وَجَعَلْنَا لَمُم لَسَانَ صدَّق عَليًّا ربُّي وَاذْ كُر في الْكتَّب مُوسَى إِنَّهُ كَانَ مُغْلَصًا وَكَانَ رَسُولًا نَّبِيًّا ﴿ وَنَدَيْنَهُ من جَانب الطُّور الْأَيْمَن وَقَرَّبْنَهُ نَجَيًّا ﴿ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ مِن رَّحْمَنَا آخَاهُ هَلُرُونَ نَبِيًّا ﴿ وَاذْكُرُ فِي الْكُتَّابِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ صَادقَ ٱلْمَوْعْد وَكَانَ رَسُولًا نَّبَيًّا ﴿ فِي وَكَانَ يَأْمُرُ أَهْلَهُ وِبِٱلصَّلَاةِ وَٱلزَّكَوةِ وَكَانَ عندَ رَبِّه ع مَرْضيًّا ١٠٠٠ وَآذْكُرْ فِي الْكُتَابِ إِذْرِيسٌ إِنَّهُ كَانَ صِدِّيقًا نَّبِيًّا ﴿ وَ رَفَعْنَنُهُ مَكَا نًا عَلَيْ اللَّهِي أُوْلَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ of my Lord for thee. Lo! He was ever gracious unto me.

- 48. I shall withdraw from you and that unto which ye pray beside Allah, and I shall pray unto my Lord. It may be that, in prayer unto my Lord, I shall not be unblest.
- 49. So, when he had withdrawn from them and that which they were worshipping beside Allah, We gave him Isaac and Jacob. Each of them We made a prophet.
- 50. And We gave them of Our mercy, and assigned to them a high and true renown.
- 51. And make mention in the Scripture of Moses. Lo! he was chosen, and he was a messenger (of Allah), a prophet.
- 52. We called him from the right slope of the Mount, and brought him nigh in communion.
- 53. And We bestowed upon him of Our mercy his brother Aaron, a prophet (likewise).
- 54. And make mention in the Scripture of Ishmael. Lo! he was a keeper of his promise, and he was a messenger (of Allah), a prophet.
- 55. He enjoined upon his people worship and almsgiving, and was acceptable in the sight of his Lord.
- 56. And make mention in the Scripture of Idrîs. Lo! he was a saint, a prophet;
 - 57. And We raised him to high station.
 - 58. These are they unto whom Allah showed favour from

عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنَ ٱلنَّبِيُّسَ مَن ذُرَّيَّة ءَادَمَ وَجَمَّنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوح وَمن ذُرِّيَّةً إِبْرُهم مَ وَ إِسْرَاءِيلَ وَمَّنْ هَدَّيْنَا وَاجْتَبَيْنَا إِذَا نُتَلَى عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَكُ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ خَوْواْ سُجِدًا وَبُكيًا ١٠٠٠ * * فَخَلَفَ مَنْ بَعْدهمْ خَلْفُ أَضَاعُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَٱتَّبَعُواْ ٱلشَّهَوَاتَ فَسَوْفَ يَلْقَوْنَ غَيًّا رَثِي إِلَّا مَن تَابَ وَءَامَنَ وَعَلَ صَالِحًا فَأُوْلَيْكَ يَدُّخُلُونَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا ﴿ جَنَّاتِ عَدْنِ الَّتِي وَعَدَ الرَّحْمَانُ عَبَادَهُ, بِالْغَيْبُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ وَعْدُهُ مَأْتِنَّا ﴿ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فَهَا لَغُوًّا إِلَّا سَلَامًا وَلَهُمُ مْ رِزْقُهُمْ فِيهَا بُكْرَةً وَعَشَيًّا ١٠ مِنْ لَكَ الْجَنَّةُ ٱلَّتِي نُورِثُ مِنْ عَبَادِنَا مَن كَانَ تَقَيَّا ﴿ وَمَا نَتَنَزَّلُ إِلَّا بأَمْرِ رَبِّكَ ۚ لَهُۥ مَابَيْنَ أَيْدينَ وَمَا خَلْفَنَا وَمَا بَيْنَ ذَا لكَّ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ نَسَيًّا ﴿ رَبُّ السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْض



among the prophets, of the seed of Adam and of those whom We carried (in the ship) with Noah, and of the seed of Abraham and Israel, and from among those whom We guided and chose. When the revelations of the Beneficent were recited unto them, they fell down, adoring and weeping.

- 59. Now there hath succeeded them a later generation who have ruined worship and have followed lusts. But they will meet deception.
- 60. Save him who shall repent and believe and do right. Such will enter the Garden, and they will not be wronged in aught—
- 61. Gardens of Eden, which the Beneficent hath promised to His slaves in the Unseen. Lo! His promise is ever sure of fulfilment—
- 62. They hear therein no idle talk, but only Peace; and therein they have food for morn and evening.
- 63. Such is the Garden which We cause the devout among Our bondmen to inherit.
- 64. We (angels) come not down save by commandment of thy Lord. Unto Him belongeth all that is before us and all that is behind us and all that is between those two, and thy Lord was never forgetful—
 - 65. Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is

سورة مريم

وَمَا بِينَهُمَا فَأَعْبُدُهُ وَأَصْطِيرُ لَعِبْدُتُهُ عَلَى تَعْلَمُ لَهُ سَمَيًّا رَبُّ وَيَقُولُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ أَوْذَا مَامَتْ لَسَوْفَ أُخْرَجُ حَيًّا ﴿ أُولَا يَذْكُرُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ أَنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُ مِن قَبْلُ وَلَوْ يَكُ شَيْعًا ﴿ فَوَرَبُّكَ لَنَحْشُرَتُهُمْ وَٱلشَّيْطِينَ ثُمَّ لَنْحَضْرَتُهُمْ حَوْلَ جَهَنَّمَ جِنْيًا ﴿ ثَنِّ ثُمَّ لَنَنْ عَنَّ مِن كُلِّ شيعَة أَيُّهُمْ أَشَدُّ عَلَى ٱلرَّحْمَانِ عَنيًّا ﴿ ثُمَّ لَنَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِٱلَّذِينَ هُمَّ أَوْ لَىٰ بَهَا صلَّنَّا ﴿ وَ إِن مَّنكُمْ إِلَّا وَاردُهَا ۚ كَانَ عَلَىٰ رَبُّكَ حَنَّماً مَّقْضِيًّا ﴿ إِنَّ مُمَّ مُنَجِّى ٱلَّذِينَ ٱنَّقُواْ وَنَذَرُ ٱلظَّللمينَ فيهَا جثيًّا ﴿ وَإِذَا نُتَّلَى عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَلُنَا بَيَّنَات قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَاللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَيُّ ٱلْفَرِيقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَّقَامًا وَأَحْسَنُ نَدِيًّا ﴿ وَكُمَّ أَهْلَكُمَّا قَبْلَهُم مِن قَرَّن هُمْ أَحْسَنُ أَثَنَاكُ وَرِءْياً ﴿ فَي قُلْ مَن كَانَ فِي الضَّلَلَةَ فَلْيَمَّدُدُ

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between them! Therefor, worship thou Him and be thou steadfast in His service. Knowest thou one that can be named along with Him?

- 66. And man saith: When I am dead, shall I forsooth be brought forth alive?
- 67. Doth not man remember that We created him before, when he was naught?
- 68. And, by thy Lord, verily We shall assemble them and the devils, then We shall bring them, crouching, around hell.
- 69. Then We shall pluck out from every sect whichever of them was most stubborn in rebellion to the Beneficent.
- 70. And surely We are Best Aware of those most worthy to be burned therein.
- 71. There is not one of you but shall approach it. That is a fixed ordinance of thy Lord.
- 72. Then We shall rescue those who kept from evil, and leave the evil-doers crouching there.
- 73. And when Our clear revelations are recited unto them, those who disbelieve say unto those who believe: Which of the two parties (yours or ours) is better in position, and more imposing as an army?
- 74. How many a generation have We destroyed before them, who were more imposing in respect of gear and outward seeming!
 - 75. Say: As for him who is in error, the Beneficent will

لَهُ ٱلرَّحْدُنُ مَـدًا حَتَى إِذَا رَأَوْاْ مَا يُوعَدُونَ إِمَّا ٱلْعَذَابَ وَ إِمَّا ٱلسَّاعَةَ فَسَيْعَلَمُونَ مَنْ هُوَشَرٌ مَّكَانًا وَأَضْعَفُ جُنداً وَإِن وَيَزيدُ اللهُ الَّذِينَ آهْنَدُواْ هُدَى وَ ٱلْبَلْقَيْلُتُ ٱلصَّالَحَاتُ خَيْرٌ عَندَ رَبُّكَ ثَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ مَّرَدًا ١ أَفَرَءَ يْتَ الَّذِي كَفَرَ عَايَنتنا وَقَالَ لَأُوتَيَنَّ مَالًا وَ وَلَدًا ۞ أَطَّلَمَ ٱلْغَيْبَ أَمِ اتَّخَذَ عندَ ٱلرَّحْمَن عَهْدًا ﴿ كُلَّا سَنَكْتُ مَا يَقُولُ وَتَمَدُّلُهُ مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ مَدَّا ۞ وَنَرَثُهُ مَا يَقُولُ وَيَأْتِينَا فَرْدًا ﴿ ثِينَ وَآتَخَذُواْ مِن دُونَ الله ءَالْهَةُ لَيْكُونُواْ لَمُمْ عَزَّا ١١ كُلَّا سَيَكُفُرُونَ بِعَبَادَتِهِمْ وَيَكُونُونَ عَلَيْهُمْ صَدًّا ﴿ يَٰ إِنَّ أَلَا تُرَأًنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا ٱلشَّيَاطِينَ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفرينَ تَوُزُّهُمْ أَزًّا ﴿ فَهِي فَلَا تَعْجَلُ عَلَيْهُمْ ۚ إِنَّمَا نَعُدُّ لَمُ مُ عَدًّا ﴿ إِنَّ يَوْمَ نَحْشُرُ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ إِلَى ٱلرَّحَمْنِ verily prolong his span of life until, when they behold that which they were promised, whether it be punishment (in the world), or the Hour (of Doom), they will know who is worse in position and who is weaker as an army.

- 76. Allah increaseth in right guidance those who walk aright, and the good deeds which endure are better in thy Lord's sight for reward, and better for resort.
- 77. Hast thou seen him who disbelieveth in Our revelations and saith: Assuredly I shall be given wealth and children?
- 78. Hath he perused the Unseen, or hath he made a pact with the Beneficent?
- 79. Nay, but We shall record that which he saith and prolong for him a span of torment.
- 80. And We, shall inherit from him that whereof he spake, and he will come unto Us, alone (without his wealth and children).
- 81. And they have chosen (other) gods beside Allah that they may be a power for them.
- 82. Nay, but they will deny their worship of them, and become opponents unto them.
- 83. Seest thou not that We have set the devils on the disbelievers to confound them with confusion?
- 84. So make no haste against them (O Muhammad). We do but number unto them a sum (of days).
- 85. On the Day when We shall gather the righteous unto the Beneficent, a goodly company.

وَفْدًا ١ ﴿ وَنَسُوقُ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ وَرُدًا ١ لَّا يَمْلَكُونَ ٱلشَّفَاعَةَ إِلَّا مَنِ ٱتَّخَذَ عندَ ٱلرَّحْمَن عَهْدًا ١ وَقَالُواْ ٱتَّخَذَ ٱلرَّحْمَنُ وَلَداً رَثِي لَّقَدْ جَنُّتُمْ شَيْعًا إِذَّا رَثِي تَكَادُ ٱلسَّمَكَاتُ يَتَفَطَّرْنَ منْهُ وَتَنشَقُ ٱلْأَرْضُ وَتَخْـرُ ﴿ ٱلْجَبَالُ هَدًّا ﴿ إِنَّ أَن دَعَوْاْ للرَّحْمَن وَلَدَا ﴿ وَهَا يَنْبَعَى للَّرْحَمْـن أَن يَنْخَــذَ وَلَدًا ﴿ إِنْ كُلُّ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَـلُوَاتِ ﴿ وَالْأَرْضِ إِلَّا ءَانِي ٱلرَّحْمَانِ عَبْدًا ﴿ لِي لَّقَدْ أَحْصَابُمْ وَعَدَّهُمْ عَدًّا إِنِّي وَكُنُّهُمْ ءَاتِيه يَوْمَ ٱلْقَبِّلَمَة فَرْدًا ١ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ سَيَجْعَلُ لَهُمُ ٱلرَّحْمَنُ وُدًّا ١٠ فَيْ غَا يَسَّرْنَهُ بِلسَانِكَ لِتُبَشَّرَ بِهِ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ وَتُنذرَ به عَوْمًا لَّذَّا ﴿ وَكُوْ أَهْلَكُنَّا قَبْلَهُم مِن قَرْن هَلْ تُحسُّ منهُم مِنْ أَحَد أَوْ تَسْمَعُ لَهُمْ رَكْزًا ﴿ إِنَّ

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- 86. And drive the guilty unto hell, a weary herd,
- 87. They will have no power of intercession, save him who hath made a covenant with his Lord.
- 88. And they say: The Beneficent hath taken unto Himself a son.
 - 89. Assuredly ye utter a disastrous thing,
- Whereby almost the heavens are torn, and the earth is split asunder and the mountains fall in ruins,
 - 91. That ye ascribe unto the Beneficent a son,
- 92. When it is not meet for (the Majesty of) the Beneficent that He should choose a son.
- 93. There is none in the heavens and the earth but cometh unto the Beneficent as a slave.
- 94. Verily He knoweth them and numbereth them with (right) numbering.
- 95. And each one of them will come unto Him on the Day of Resurrection, alone.
- 96. Lo! those who believe and do good works, the Beneficent will appoint for them love.
- 97. And We make (this Scripture) easy in thy tongue, (O Muhammad) only that thou mayst bear good tidings therewith unto those who ward off (evil), and warn therewith the froward folk.
- 98. And how many a generation before them have We destroyed! Canst thou (Muhammad) see a single man of them, or hear from them the slightest sound?

SÛRAH XX

Tâ Hâ takes its name from the Arabic letters which form the first verse. As in the case of sûrah XIX, the early date of revelation is

established by a strong tradition.

Omar ibn ul-Khattab, who afterwards became Caliph, was among the bitterest opponents of Islâm in early days. He set out one day, sword in hand, with the intention of killing the Prophet-"this Sabaean who has split the unity of Qureysh, calls their ideals foolish and their religion shameful, and blasphemes their gods"-when a friend who met him dissuaded him, reminding him that if he slew the Prophet he would have to reckon with the vengeance of a powerful clan: "Thinkest thou that the Banû 'Abd Munâf would let thee walk on the earth if thou hadst slain Muhammad?" for tribal pride survived religious difference. "Is it not better for thee to return to the folk of thine own house and keep them straight?" Omar asked "Which of the folk of my house?" "Thy brother-in-law and cousin, Sa'îd ibn Zeyd, and thy sister, Fâtimah daughter of Al-Khattâb, for, by Allah, they are become Muslims and followers of Muhammad in his religion, so look thou to them." Then Omar returned, enraged against his sister and brother-in-law, and there was with them in the house Khabâb ibn 'Arit, having with him a leaf on which was written Tâ Hâ (this sûrah) which he was reading aloud to them. When they heard the noise of Omar's coming, Khabâb hid in a closet that they had in the house and Fâtimah took the leaf and hid it under her thigh. But Omar had heard the sound of Khabâb's reading as he drew near the house, and when he entered he said: "What was that mumbling which I heard?" They said: "Thou heardest nothing." Omar said: "Yea, by Allah! And I have already been informed that ye are become followers of Muhammad in his religion." Then he attacked his brother-in-law Sa'îd ibn Zeyd, but Fâtimah sprang to keep him off her husband and he struck and wounded her. And when he had done that, his sister and his brother-in-law said to him: "Yes, we are

Muslims and we believe in Allah and His messenger, so do what thou wilt!" But when Omar saw the blood upon his sister he was sorry for what he had done, and he said to his sister: "Give me that leaf from which I heard you reading just now, that I may see what this is that Muhammad has brought." And Omar was a scribe. When he said that, his sister said: "We fear to trust thee with it." He said: "Fear not!" and swore by his gods that he would return it to her when he had read it. And when he said that, she hoped for his conversion to Al-Islâm, but said: "O my brother, thou art unclean on account of thine idolatry and none may touch it save the purified." Then Omar went out and washed himself, and she gave him the leaf on which Ta Ha was written and he read it. And when he had read it he said: "How excellent are these words!" and praised it highly. And when he heard that, Khabab came out to him and said: "O Omar, I hope that Allah has brought you in answer to the prayer of the Propher, for only yesterday I heard him saying: O Allah! Strengthen Al-Islâm with Abu'l-Hakam ibn Hishâm or Omar ibn Al-Khattâb; and Allah - Allah, O Omar!" At that he said: "O Khabâb, direct me to Muhammad that I may go to him and make surrender."1

The conversion of Omar took place in the fifth year of the Prophet's mission (ninth before the Hijrah) soon after the departure of the emigrants to Abyssinia. At that time this sûrah was already written down and in circulation.

An early 'M we a sûr h

¹ Ibn Hishâm, Part I, pp. 119 and 120.

(۲۰) سُورَقِ طُهُ مَكِيْبَ والله الله آبق ۱۲۰ و ۱۲۱ فذنینان وآباهٔ اس ۱۳۰ نزلت بعث د موبعر

طه ٢٥ مَا أَزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لَتَشْقَقَ ١ إِلَّا تَنْكَرَةُ لَمَن يَغْثَنِي ﴿ تَنزِيلًا مَّنَّنْ خَلَقَ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَالسَّمَنَوَاتِ ٱلْعُلَى ﴿ الرَّحْمَانُ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱسْتَوَىٰ ﴿ فِي لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُوات وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَبْنَهُمَا وَمَا تَحْتَ ٱلثَّرَىٰ ٢٥ وَ إِن تَجْهَرْ بِٱلْقَوْلِ فَإِنَّهُ يَعْلَمُ ٱلسَّرُّواَ خُفَى ٢ اللهُ لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّا هُوَّ لَهُ ٱلْأَسْمَاءُ ٱلْحُسْنَى فِي وَهَلْ أَتَلَكَ حَديثُ مُوسَىٰ ﴿ إِذْ رَءَا نَارًا فَقَالَ لأَهْله ٱمْكُثُواْ إِنَّى ءَانَسْتُ نَارًا لَّعَلَّى ءَاتِيكُم مَنْهَا بِقَبَس أَوْأَجِدُ عَلَى النَّار





Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- ı. Țâ Hâ.
- 2. We have not revealed unto thee (Muhammad) this Qur'an that thou shouldst be distressed,
 - 3. But as a reminder unto him who feareth,
- 4. A revelation from Him Who created the earth and the high heavens,
 - 5. The Beneficent One, Who is established on the Throne.
- 6. Unto Him belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth, and whatsoever is between them, and whatsoever is beneath the sod.
- 7. And if thou speakest aloud, then lo! He knoweth the secret (thought) and (that which is yet) more hidden.
- 8. Allah! There is no God save Him. His are the most beautiful names.
 - 9. Hath there come unto thee the story of Moses?
- 10. When he saw a fire and said unto his folk: Wait! Lo! I see a fire afar off. Peradventure I may bring you a brand therefrom or may find guidance at the fire.

هُـدُى شِي فَلَمَّا أَتَلْهَا نُودَى يَلْمُوسَى آلِ إِنِّيَ أَنَا رَبُّكَ فَآ خَلَعۡ نَعْلَيْكَ ۖ إِنَّكَ بِاۤ لْوَادِ ٱلْمُقَدَّسِ طُوَّى ١٠٠٠ وَأَنَا ٱخْــَةُ تُكَ فَأَسْتَمعْ لَمَا يُوحَىٰ ١٠ إِنَّنِي إِنَّنِي أَنَا اللَّهُ لَا إِلَنَهُ إِلَّا أَنَّا فَأَعْبُدُنِي وَأَقِمِ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ لذَّكُرِي ٢ إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ ءَاتِيةٌ أَكَادُ أُخْفِيكَ لِتُجْزَىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسِ بَكَ تَسْعَىٰ ١٠٥ فَلَا يَصُدَّنَّكَ عَنْهَا مَن لَّا يُؤْمنُ بِهَا وَٱتَّبعَ هَوَينهُ فَتَرْدَى ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَا تَلْكَ بِيَمِينِكَ يَنْمُوسَى ﴿ إِنَّ قَالَ هِيَ عَصَاىَ أَتُو كُواْ عَلَيْهَا وَأَهُشْ بَا عَلَى غَنَمي وَلَى فيهَا مَعَارِبُ أَنْوَىٰ ١ قَالَ أَلْقَهَا يَلْمُوسَىٰ ١ فَأَلْقَلْهَا فَإِذَا هِي حَيْةٌ نَسْعَى ٢٥ قَالَ خُذْهَا وَلَا تَحَفُّ سَنُعِيدُهَا سيرَّتَكَ ٱلْأُولَٰنَ ﴿ وَاضْمُمْ يَدَكَ إِنَّى جَنَاحِكَ تَخْرُجُ بَيْضَاءَ منْ غَيْرِسُوءِ وَايَةً أُنْرَىٰ ١٠٠٠ لَنُرِيكَ منْ

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- 11. And when he reached it, he was called by name: O Moses!
- 12. Lo! I, even I, am thy Lord. So take off thy shoes, for lo! thou art in the holy valley of Tuwa.
- 13. And I have chosen thee, so hearken unto that which is inspired.
- 14. Lo! I, even I, am Allah. There is no God save Me. So serve Me and establish worship for My remembrance.
- 15. Lo! the Hour is surely coming. But I will to keep it hidden, that every soul may be rewarded for that which it striveth (to achieve).
- 16. Therefor, let not him turn thee aside from (the thought of) it who believeth not therein but followeth his own desire, lest thou perish.
 - 17. And what is that in thy right hand, O Moses?
- 18. He said: This is my staff whereon I lean, and wherewith I beat down branches for my sheep, and wherein I find other uses.
 - 19. He said: Cast it down, O Moses!
 - 20. So he cast it down, and lo! it was a serpent, gliding.
- 21. HE said: Grasp it and fear not. We shall return it to its former state.
- 22. And thrust thy hand within thine armpit, it will come forth white without hurt. (That will be) another token.
 - 23. That We may show thee (some) of Our greater

ءَايَنْتَنَا ٱلۡكُبْرَى ﴿ اَذْهَبْ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُۥ طَغَىٰ ﴿ عَالِمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ قَالَ رَبِّ الشَّرْحَ لِي صَدْرى ١٥٥ وَيَسَّرْ لِيَ أَمْرِي ١٠ وَ أَحْلُلُ عُقْدَةً مِّن لَسَاني ﴿ يَفْقَهُواْ قَوْلِي ﴿ وَأَجْعَلَ لَى وَزِيرًا مَنْ أَهْلَى ﴿ هَٰ هَدُونَ أَخَى ﴿ آشُدُدْ به عَ أَذْرى ١٠ وَأَشْرَكُهُ فِيَ أَمْرِي ١٠ كَيْ نُسَبِّحَكَ كَثيرًا ﴿ وَنَذْ كُلُكَ كَثيرًا ﴿ إِنَّكَ كُنتَ بِنَا بَصِيرًا ﴿ قَالَ قَدْ أُوتِيتَ سُؤُلَكَ يَلمُوسَى ١٠٥ وَلَقَدْ مَنَنَّا عَلَيْكَ مَرَّةً أُنْرَىٰ ١ ١٥ إِذْ أُوْحَيْنَا إِلَّا أُمْكَ مَا يُوحَىٰ ١ أَنْ ٱ قَدْفيه في التَّابُوت فَٱقَّدْفيه في ٱلْبَدِّ فَلَيُلْقه ٱلْبَجُّ بِٱلسَّاحِلِ يَأْخُذُهُ عَدُوُّلَى وَعَدُوُّلَةً ۚ وَأَلْقَيْتُ عَلَيْكَ مَحَيَّةً مَّنَّى وَلَنُصْنَعَ عَلَى عَيْنَ ١٠٠ إِذْ تَمْشَىَّ أُخْتُكَ فَتَقُولُ مَ لَ أَدُلُكُمْ عَلَى مَن يَكْفُلُكُم فَرَجَعْنَاكَ إِنَّ أَمَّكَ

portents,

- 24. Go thou unto Pharaoh! Lo! he hath transgressed (the bounds).
 - 25. (Moses) said: My Lord! Relieve my mind
 - 26. And ease my task for me;
 - 27. And loose a knot from my tongue,
 - 28. That they may understand my saying.
 - 29. Appoint for me a henchman from my folk,
 - 30. Aaron, my brother.
 - 31. Confirm my strength with him
 - 32. And let him share my task,
 - 33. That we may glorify Thee much
 - 34. And much remember Thee.
 - 35. Lo! Thou art ever Seeing us.
 - 36. HE said: Thou art granted thy request, O Moses.
- 37. And indeed, another time, already We have shown thee favour,
- 38. When We inspired in thy mother that which is inspired,
- 39. Saying: Throw him into the ark, and throw it into the river, then the river shall throw it on to the bank, and there an enemy to Me and an enemy to him shall take him. And I endued thee with love from Me that thou mightest be trained according to My will,
- 40. When thy sister went and said: Shall I show you one who will nurse him? and We restored thee to thy mother that

كُلِّ تَقَرَّعَيْنُهَا وَلَا تَحْزَنَّ وَقَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا فَنَجَّيْنَكَ مِنَ ٱلْغَمَّ وَفَتَنَّكَ فُتُونًا ۚ فَلَبِئْتَ سنينَ فِي أَهْلِ مَدِّينَ ثُمَّ جُنَّتَ عَلَىٰ قَدَر يَدُمُوسَىٰ ﴿ وَٱصْطَنَعْتُكَ لَنَفْسِي ﴿ وَٱصْطَنَعْتُكَ لَنَفْسِي ﴿ ٱذْهَبْ أَنْتَ وَأَنُّوكَ بَايَنتِي وَلَا تَنيَا في ذَكْرى ٢ ٱذْهَبَ ۚ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَيى ﴿ يَ فَقُولًا لَهُ وَقُولًا لَّيَّا لَّعَلَّهُ يَسَلَدُ كُرُّ أَوْ يَخْشَيْ رَبِّي قَالَا رَبَّنَ إِنَّنَا تَخَافُ أَن يَفْرُطُ عَلَيْنَا أَوْأَن يَطْغَىٰ (إِنَّ قَالَ لِا تَخَافًا إِنَّني مَعَكُما أَشْمُمُ وَأَرَىٰ ﴿ فَأَنِّياهُ فَقُولًا إِنَّا رَسُولًا رَبَّكَ فَأَرْسُلْ مَعَنَا بَنِيَّ إِسْرَاءِيلَ وَلَا تُعَذَّبُّهُم مَّ قَدْ جَئْنَكَ بِعَايَة مَّن رَّبُّكُّ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَىٰ مَن اتَّبَعَ الْهُدَىٰ ﴿ إِنَّا قَدْ أُوحَى إِلَيْنَا أَنَّ ٱلْعَذَابَ عَلَى مَن كَدَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى ١ عَلَى مَا كَدَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى رَّبُكُمَا يَدُمُوسَين ﴿ قَالَ رَبُّكَ الَّذِي أَعْطَى كُلُّ شَيْءٍ her eyes might be refreshed and might not sorrow. And thou didst kill a man and We delivered thee from great distress, and tried thee with a heavy trial. And thou didst tarry years among the folk of Midian. Then camest thou (hither) by (My) providence, O Moses,

- 41. And I have attached thee to Myself.
- 42. Go, thou and thy brother, with My tokens, and be not faint in remembrance of Me.
- 43. Go, both of you, unto Pharaoh. Lo! he hath transgressed (the bounds).
- 44. And speak unto him a gentle word, that peradventure he may heed or fear.
- 45. They said: Our Lord! Lo! we fear that he may be beforehand with us or that he may play the tyrant.
- 46. HE said: Fear not. Lo! I am with you twain, Hearing and Seeing.
- 47. So go ye unto him and say: Lo! we are two messengers of thy Lord. So let the Children of Israel go with us, and torment them not. We bring thee a token from thy Lord. And peace will be for him who followeth right guidance.
- 48. Lo! it hath been revealed unto us that the doom will be for him who denieth and turneth away.
- 49. (Pharaoh) said: Who then is the Lord of you twain, O Moses?
 - 50. He said: Our Lord is He Who gave unto everything

خَلْقَهُ مُمَّ هَدَى ١٠ قَالَ فَمَا بَالُ الْقُرُونَ الْأُولَى ١٥ قَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّةُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل عَلَّمُهَا عَندَ رَنَّى في كَتَلْبُ لَّا يَضِلُّ رَبِّي وَلَا يَنْسَى ٢ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا وَسَلَكَ لَكُمْ فَهَا سُبُلًا وَأَنْزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَأَنْرَجْنَا بِهِ ٓ أَزْوَاجَا مِن نَّبَات شَنَّى إِنَّ كُلُواْ وَارْعَوْاْ أَنْعَلَمَكُم انَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَنت لَأُولِ ٱلنَّهَىٰ رَبُّ * منَّا خَلَقْ نَكُرُ وَفِهَا نُعيدُ كُمُ وَمَنَّهَا نُحْرِجُكُم تَارَةً أَحْرَىٰ ١٠٠٥ وَلَقَدُ أَرِينَهُ ءَايَنتنَا كُلَّهَا فَكَذَّبَ وَأَيِّن ﴿ قَالَ أَجِثْنَنَا لِتُخْرِجَنَا مِنْ أَرْضَنَا بِسحْرِكَ يَكُمُوسَى ﴿ ثُنَّ فَلَنَأْتَيَنَّكَ بِسحْرِمَ لَلهُ عَالَمُ فَأَجْعَلْ بِينْنَا وَبِيْنَكَ مَوْعِدًا لَا مُعْلَفُهُ بَعْنُ وَلَا أَنتَ مَكَانَا سُوَى ﴿ مَا قَالَ مَوْعِدُكُو ۚ يَوْمُ ٱلزِّينَةِ وَأَن يُحْشَرَ ٱلنَّاسُ ضُعَى ﴿ فَا فَتَوَلَّ فَرْعَوْنُ فَجَمَعَ كَيْدَهُ مُثَمَّ أَنَّ ﴿



- 51. He said: What then is the state of the generations of old?
- 52. He said: The knowledge thereof is with my Lord in a Record. My Lord neither erreth nor forgetteth,
- 53. Who hath appointed the earth as a bed and hath threaded roads for you therein and hath sent down water from the sky and thereby We have brought forth divers kinds of vegetation,
- 54. (Saying): Eat ye and feed your cattle. Lo! herein verily are portents for men of thought.
- 55. Thereof We created you, and thereunto We return you, and thence We bring you forth a second time.
- 56. And We verily did show him all Our tokens, but he denied them and refused.
- 57. He said: Hast come to drive us out from our land by thy magic, O Moses?
- 58. But we surely can produce for thee magic the like thereof; so appoint a tryst between us and you, which neither we nor thou shall fail to keep, at a place convenient (to us both).
- 59. (Moses) said: Your tryst shall be the day of the feast, and let the people assemble when the sun hath risen high.
- 60. Then Pharaoh went and gathered his strength, then came (to the appointed tryst).

قَالَ لَهَمُ مُوْسَىٰ وَ يَلَكُمُ لَا تَفْتَرُواْ عَلَى الله كَذَبَّا فَيُسْحَتُّكُم بعَذَابٍ وَقَدْ خَابَ مَن أَفَتَرَىٰ ١ فَتَنَازَعُواْ أَمْرُهُم بَيْنَهُمْ وَأَسَرُّ وَأَ ٱلنَّجْوَىٰ ﴿ مِنْ عَالُواْ إِنَّ هَلَانَ لَسَلْحَرَان يُريدَان أَن يُخْرجَاكُم مَنْ أَرْضكُم بِسحْرهما وَيَذْهَبَ بَطَرِيقَنَكُمُ ٱلْمُثْلَىٰ ﴿ فَأَجْمُواْ كَيْدَكُرُ ثُمَّ ٱلْتُواْ صَفًّا وَقَدْ أَفْلَحَ ٱلْيَوْمَ مَن ٱسْتَعْلَىٰ ﴿ يَ قَالُواْ يَكُمُوسَىٰ إِمَّا أَن تُلْغَى وَ إِمَّا أَن نَّكُونَ أُوَّلَ مَنْ أَلْقَى ﴿ مَا قَالَ بَلْ أَلْقُواْ فَإِذَا حَبَالْهُمْ وَعصيهم يحيلُ إِلَيْهُ مِن سَعْرِ هم أَنْهَا تَسْعَى ﴿ فَأُوْجَسَ فَ نَفْسه عَ حَيْفَةً مُوسَى ﴿ ﴿ قُلْنَا لَا تَعَفُّ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْأُعْلَى رَبِّي وَأَلْقَ مَافى يَمينكَ تَلْقَفْ مَاصَنَعُوا ۚ إِنَّكَ صَنَعُواْ كَيْدُ سَنْحَرْ وَلَا يُفْلَحُ السَّاحُ حَيْثُ أَتَّىٰ ﴿ مَنْ فَأَلْنَى السَّحَرَةُ سَجَّدًا قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا

- 61. Moses said unto them: Woe unto you! Invent not a lie against Allah, lest He extirpate you by some punishment. He who lieth faileth miserably.
- 62. Then they debated one with another what they must do, and they kept their counsel secret.
- 63. They said: Lo! these are two wizards who would drive you out from your country by their magic, and destroy your best traditions;
- 64. So arrange your plan, and come in battle line. Whoso is uppermost this day will be indeed successful.
- 65. They said: O Moses! Either throw first, or let us be the first to throw?
- 66. He said: Nay, do ye throw! Then lo! their cords and their staves, by their magic, appeared to him as though they ran.
 - 67. And Moses conceived a fear in his mind.
 - 68. We said: Fear not! Lo! thou art the higher.
- 69. Throw that which is in thy right hand! It will eat up that which they have made. Lo! that which they have made is but a wizard's artifice, and a wizard shall not be successful to whatever point (of skill) he may attain.
 - 70. Then the wizards were (all) flung down prostrate,

برَبّ هَدُرُونَ وَمُوسَىٰ ﴿ قَالَ ءَامَنُمْ لَهُ وَتَبْلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمُّ إِنَّهُ لِكَبِيرُكُ الَّذِي عَلَّمَكُ ٱلسَّحِّرَ فَلا فَطَعَنَّ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَ أَرْجُلَكُمْ مَنْ خَلَف وَلَأُصَلَّبَنَّكُمْ فَ جُذُوع ٱلنَّخْلِ وَلَتَعْلَمُنَّ أَيْنًا أَشَدُّ عَذَابًا وَأَبْقَىٰ (١٠) قَالُواْ لَن نُّؤْرُكَ عَلَى مَاجَآءَنَا مَنَ الْبَيَّنَاتِ وَالَّذِي فَطَرَنَّا فَأَقْض مَا أَنتَ قَاضَ إِنَّمَا تَقْضِي هَاذِهِ ٱلْحُيَارَةُ ٱلدُّنيَ آنَ إِنَّا ءَامَنَّا بِرَبِّنَا لَيَغْفِرَلَنَا خَطَلَيْلَنَا وَمَآ أَكُرُ هُتَنَا عَلَيْهِ منَ السَّحْرِ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُواً بَقَيْنَ ﴿ إِنَّهُ مِن يَأْتَ رَبُّهُ جُرِمًا فَإِنَّ لَهُ جَهَنَّمَ لَا يَمُوتُ فِيهَا وَلَا يَحْنَى ١ وَمَن يَأْتُهُ مُؤْمِنَا قَدْ عَمَلَ الصَّلْحَلْت فَأُولَدَيِكَ لَحُمُمُ ٱلدَّرَجَاتُ ٱلْعُلَىٰ ﴿ ثَنِي جَنَّاتُ عَدْن تَجْرى مِن تَحْبَ ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا ۚ وَذَالِكَ جَزَآةُ مَن تَزَكِّي ﴿

crying: We believe in the Lord of Aaron and Moses.

- 71. (Pharaoh) said: Ye put faith in him before I give you leave. Lo! he is your chief who taught you magic. Now surely I shall cut off your hands and your feet alternately, and I shall crucify you on the trunks of palm trees, and ye shall know for certain which of us hath sterner and more lasting punishment.
- 72. They said: We choose thee not above the clear proofs that have come unto us, and above Him Who created us. So decree what thou wilt decree. Thou wilt end for us only this life of the world.
- 73. Lo! we believe in our Lord, that He may forgive us our sins and the magic unto which thou didst force us. Allah is better and more lasting.
- 74. Lo! whoso cometh guilty unto his Lord, verily for him is hell. There he will neither die nor live.
- 75. But whoso cometh unto Him a believer, having done good works, for such are the high stations;
- 76. Gardens of Eden underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide for ever. That is the reward of him who groweth.

وَلَقَدْ أُوْحِيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنْ أَسْرِ بِعَبَادِي فَأَضْرِبْ لَحُمْ طَرِيقًا فِي ٱلْبَحْرِ يَبَسًا لَا تَخَلفُ دَرَكًا وَلَا تَخْشَى ﴿ ثُلُّ فَأَتْبَعَهُمْ فَرْعُونُ بَجُنُوده، فَغَشَيْهُم مَنَ ٱلْمِيمَ مَاغَشَيْهُمْ ١٠٠٠ وَأَضَلَّ فَرْعَوْنُ قَوْمَهُ وَمَا هَدَىٰ ١٠٠٠ يَلْبَنَّ إِسْرَ عِيلَ قَدْ أَنْجَيْنَكُمْ مَنْ عَدُوَّكُمْ وَوَاعَدْنَكُمْ جَانَبَ الطُّورِ ٱلْأَيْمَنَ وَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَنَّ وَٱلسَّلْوَىٰ ﴿ كُلُواْ مِن طَيَّبَكَ مَارَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَلَا تَطْغُواْ فيه فَيَحلُّ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَي وَمَن يَحْلَلْ عَلَيْه غَضَبِي فَقَدَّ هَوَى ﴿ إِنِّي وَ إِنِّي لَغَفَّارٌ لَمَن تَابَ وَعَامَنَ وَعَمَلَ صَلِلْحًا ثُمَّ الْهَلَدى ﴿ إِنَّ * وَمَا أَعْمَلُكُ عَن قَوْمِكَ يَكُمُوسَنِي رَثِينَ قَالَ هُمْ أَوْلَاءِ عَلَيْ أَثَرَى وَعَلْتُ إِلَيْكَ رَبِّ لِتَرْضَى ﴿ قَالَ فَإِنَّا قَدْ فَتَنَّا قَوْمَكَ مَنْ بَعْدَكُ وَأَضَلُّهُمُ السَّامِي فَي اللَّهِ عَرْجَعَ مُوسَى إِلَى قَوْمه



- 77. And verily We inspired Moses, saying: Take away My slaves by night and strike for them a dry path in the sea, fearing not to be overtaken, neither being afraid (of the sea).
- 78. Then Pharaoh followed them with his hosts and there covered them that which did cover them of the sea.
 - 79. And Pharaoh led his folk astray, he did not guide them.
- 80. O Children of Israel! We delivered you from your enemy, and We made a covenant with you on the holy mountain's side, and sent down on you the manna and the quails,
- 81. (Saying): Eat of the good things wherewith We have provided you, and transgress not in respect thereof lest My wrath come upon you; and he on whom My wrath cometh, he is lost indeed.
- 82. And lo! verily I am Forgiving toward him who repenteth and believeth and doeth good, and afterward walketh aright.
- 83. And (it was said): What hath made thee hasten from thy folk, O Moses?
- 84. He said: They are close upon my track. I hastened unto Thee, my Lord, that Thou mightest be well pleased.
- 85. He said: Lo! We have tried thy folk in thine absence, and As-Sâmiri hath misled them.
 - 86. Then Moses went back unto his folk, angry and sad.

غَضْبَكَنَ أَسْفًا قَالَ يَلقَوْم أَلَمْ يَعَدُّكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ وَعْدًا حَسَنًا أَفَطَالَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْعَهْدُأَمْ أَرَدُمُ أَنْ يَحَلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَبٌ مِن رَّبَكُمْ فَأَغْلَقُتُم مَّوْعدى ﴿ قَالُواْ مَا أَخْلَفْنَا مَوْعدَكَ عَلَكًا وَلَكَنَّا حُلْنَا أَوْزَارًا مَن زينَة الْقَوْم فَقَدَ فَنَهَا فَكَذَاكَ أَلْقَ السَّامِي شَي فَأَثْرَجَ لَمُمْ عِمْلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُ رُخُواً إِنَّ فَقَالُواْ هَلَدَا إِلَّهُ كُمْ وَ إِلَّهُ مُوسَىٰ فَنَسَى (١٠) أَفَلَا يَرَوْنَ أَلَا يَرْجِعُ إِلَيْهِمْ فَوْلًا وَلَا يَمْكُ لَهُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعُ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ قَالَ لَهُمْ هَارُونُ مِن قَبْلُ يَنقَوْم إِنَّمَا فُتنتُم به ٤ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ ٱلرَّحْدَنُ فَآتَبَعُونِي وَأَطيعُواْ أُمْرى ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ أَلَن نَّبْرَحَ عَلَيْهُ عَكَفِينَ حَتَّى يَرْجِعَ إِلَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ ﴿ قَالَ يَنْهَارُونُ مَا مَنْعَكَ إِذْ رَأَ يْتَهُمْ ضَلَّواْ ﴿ أَلَّا تَتَّبَعَنَ أَفَعَصَيْتَ أَمْرِي ﴿ قَالَ يَبْنَوُمُ لَا تَأْخُذُ

He said: O my people! Hath not your Lord promised you a fair promise? Did the time appointed then appear too long for you, or did ye wish that wrath from your Lord should come upon you, that ye broke tryst with me?

- 87. They said: We broke not tryst with thee of our own will, but we were laden with burdens of ornaments of the folk, then cast them (in the fire), for thus As-Sâmiri proposed.
- 88. Then he produced for them a calf, of saffron hue, which gave forth a lowing sound. And they cried: This is your god and the god of Moses, but he hath forgotten.
- 89. See they not, then, that it returneth no saying unto them and possesseth for them neither hurt nor use?
- 90. And Aaron indeed had told them beforehand: O my people! Ye are but being seduced therewith, for lo! your Lord is the Beneficent, so follow me and obey my order.
- 91. They said: We shall by no means cease to be its votaries till Moses return unto us.
- 92. He (Moses) said: O Aaron! What held thee back when thou didst see them gone astray,
- 93. That thou followedst me not? Hast thou then disobeyed my order?
 - 94. He said: O son of my mother! Clutch not my beard

بلَّحْيَتَى وَلَا بِرَأْسَى إِنِّى خَشيتُ أَن تَقُولَ فَرَّقْتَ بَيْنَ بَنِيّ إِسْرَا وِيلَ وَلَوْ تَرْقُبُ قَوْلِي ﴿ قَالَ فَا خَطْبُكَ يَنسَلمريُّ رَفِي قَالَ بَصُرْتُ بِمَالَدٌ يَبْصُرُواْ بِهِ فَقَبَضْتُ قَبْضَةً مِّنْ أَثَرَ الرَّسُولِ فَنَبَدْتُهَا وَكَذَاكَ سَوَّلَتْ لِي نَفْسِي ﴿ قَالَ فَا ذَهَبُ فَإِنَّ لَكَ فِي الْحَيَوْةِ أَن تَقُولَ لَامسَاسٌ وَ إِنَّ لَكَ مَوْعِدًا لَّن تُخْلَفَهُ وَانظُرْ إِنَّ إِلَاهِكَ الَّذِي ظَلْتَ عَلَيْهِ عَا كُفًّا لَّنْحَرْقَنَّهُ ثُمَّ لَنَنْسَفَنَّهُ فِي ٱلْمَمّ نَسْفًا ﴿ إِنَّكَ إِلَنْهُكُو اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِي لَآ إِلَنَّهَ إِلَّا هُوًّ وَسَعَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلْمًا ﴿ كُنَّ اللَّ نَقُصْ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَآءِ مَاقَدْ سَبَقٌ وَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَكَ مِن لَّدُنَّا ذِكْرًا ﴿ مَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَنْهُ فَإِنَّهُ يَعْمُلُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ وزَّرًا ﴿ عَلَادِينَ فِيهُ وَسَاءَ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة خَلَا ﴿ يَوْمَ يُنفَخُ فِي ٱلصُّورْ

nor my head! I feared lest thou shouldst say: Thou hast caused division among the Children of Israel, and hast not waited for my word.

- 95. (Moses) said: And what hast thou to say, O Sâmiri?
- 96. He said: I perceived what they perceive not, so I seized a handful from the footsteps of the messenger, and then threw it in. Thus my soul commended to me.¹
- 97. (Moses) said: Then go! And lo! in this life it is for thee to say: Touch me not! and lo! there is for thee a tryst thou canst not break. Now look upon thy god of which thou hast remained a votary. Verily we will burn it and will scatter its dust over the sea.
- 98. Your God is only Allah, than Whom there is no other God. He embraceth all things in His knowledge.
- 99. Thus relate We unto thee (Muhammad) some tidings of that which happened of old, and We have given thee from Our presence a Reminder.
- 100. Whoso turneth away from it, he verily will bear a burden on the Day of Resurrection,
- 101. Abiding under it—an evil burden for them on the Day of Resurrection,
 - 102. The day when the Trumpet is blown. On that day

¹ The explanation usually given is that As-Sâmiri had seen the angel Gabriel pass by, and had taken some of the dust which he had hallowed, and thrown it into the image of the calf, thus giving it a semblance of life. Others say that As-Sâmiri was an adept of the Egyptian idolatry who had believed for a little while and half-heartedly in the God of Moses.

وتحشر المجرمين يوميذ زُرقًا شِي يَغَنفُونَ بَينهُم إن لَّبَنْتُمْ إِلَّا عَشْرًا ﴿ إِنَّ نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَا يَقُولُونَ إِذْ يَقُولُ أَمْثُلُهُمْ طَرِيقَةً إِن لَّبَدُّتُمْ إِلَّا يَوْمُا نَيْنَ وَيَسْتَلُونَكَ عَن ٱلْجَبَالِ فَقُلْ يَنسَفُهَا رَبِّي نَسْفًا ﴿ يَ نَسْفُا قَاعًا صَفْصَفًا ﴿ إِلَّا تَرَىٰ فِيهَا عَوَجًا وَلَآ أَمْنَا ﴿ إِنَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ ال يَوْمَهِ لَدَ يَتَّبُّونَ ٱلدَّاعَى لَاعَوْجَ لَهُ وَخَشَعَتَٱلْأَصُوَاتُ للرَّحْمَان فَلَا تَسْمَعُ إِلَّا هَمْسًا ﴿ يُوْمَهِـذَ لَّا تَنفَعُ ٱلشَّفَاعَةُ إِلَّا مَنْ أَذَنَ لَهُ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ وَرَضَى لَهُ وَقُولًا ١ يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يُحيطُونَ به عَلْمُ اللَّهِ * وَعَنَتَ الْوُجُـوهُ لَلْحَى الْقَبُّومَ وَقَدْ خَابَ مَنْ حَمَـلَ ظُلْمُ اللَّهُ ﴿ وَمَن يَعْمَلُ مِنَ الصَّالحَات وَهُوَ مُؤْمِّنُ فَلَا يَخَافُ ظُلْمًا وَلَا هَفَّكُمْ إِلَيْ



We assemble the guilty white-eyed (with terror),

- 103. Murmuring among themselves: Ye have tarried but ten (days).
- 104. We are Best Aware of what they utter when their best in conduct say: Ye have tarried but a day.
- 105. They will ask thee of the mountains (on that day). Say: My Lord will break them into scattered dust.
 - 106. And leave it as an empty plain,
 - 107. Wherein thou seest neither curve nor ruggedness.
- 108. On that day they follow the summoner who deceiveth not, and voices are hushed for the Beneficent, and thou hearest but a faint murmur.
- 109. On that Day no intercession availeth save (that of) him unto whom the Beneficent hath given leave and whose word He accepteth.
- 110. He knoweth (all) that is before them and (all) that is behind them, while they cannot compass it in knowledge.
- 111. And faces humble themselves before the Living, the Eternal. And he who beareth (a burden of) wrongdoing is indeed a failure (on that Day).
- 112. And he who hath done some good works, being a believer, he feareth not injustice nor begrudging (of his wage).

وَكَذَاكَ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ قُرْءَانًا عَرَيًّا وَصَرَّفْنَا فِيه مِنَ ٱلْوَعِيد لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ أَوْيُحُدثُ لَحُمْ ذَكُرًا ١٠ فَتَعَلَّي ٱللهُ ٱلْمَلكُ ٱلْحَتُّ وَلَا تَعْجَلُ بِٱلْقُرْءَانِ مِن قَبْلِ أَن يُقْضَىٰ إِلَيْكَ وَحْيُهُ أَو قُل رَّبّ زدنى علما ش وَلَقَدْ عَهِدْ نَا إِلَىٰ ءَادَمَ مِن قَبْلُ فَنَسَى وَكُرْ نَجِدْ لَهُ عَزْمًا شِي وَإِذْ قُلْنَا للمَلْتَبِكَة ٱسْمُدُوا الآدَمَ فَسَجَدُواْ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَبِّي ﴿ إِنَّ فَقُلْنَا يَنْتَادَمُ إِنَّ هَلِذَا عَدُّوُّ لَّكَ وَلرَوْجِكَ فَلَا يُخْرِجَنَّكُمَا مِنَ الْحَنَّةِ فَتَشْقَىٰ ١٠ إِنَّ لَكَ أَلَّا تَجُوعَ فيهَا وَلَا تَعْرَىٰ ١ وَإِنَّكَ لَا تَظْمَوُّا فيهَا وَلَا تَضْحَى ١١٥ فَوَسُوسَ إِلَيْهِ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ قَالَ يَنْعَادُمُ هَـلْ أَدُلُكَ عَلَى شَجَرَة ٱلخُلُد وَمُلْك لَا يَسْلَى ١٠٠٠ فَأَكَلا منَّهَا فَبَدَتْ خَدُمَا سَوْءَ ثَهُمًا وَطَفَقًا يَخْصِفَان عَلَيْهِمَا

- have displayed therein certain threats, that peradventure they may keep from evil or that it may cause them to take heed.
- 114. Then Exalted be Allah, the True King! And hasten not (O Muhammad) with the Qur'an ere its revelation hath been perfected unto thee, and say: My Lord! Increase me in knowledge.
- 115. And verily We made a covenant of old with Adam, but he forgot, and We found no constancy in him.
- 116. And when We said unto the angels: Fall prostrate before Adam, they fell prostrate (all) save Iblîs; he refused.
- 117. Therefor We said: O Adam! This is an enemy unto thee and unto thy wife, so let him not drive you both out of the Garden so that thou come to toil.
- 118. It is (vouchsafed) unto thee that thou hungerest not therein nor art naked,
- 119. And that thou thirstest not therein nor art exposed to
- 120. But the devil whispered to him, saying: O Adam! Shall I show thee the tree of immortality and power that wasteth not away?
- 121. Then they twain ate thereof, so that their shame became apparent unto them, and they began to hide by heaping

Az. Qur'ân.

من وَرَق ٱلْحَـنَّةُ وَعَصَىٰ عَادَمُ رَبِّهُ فَعَوَىٰ ١١٠ ثُمَّ ٱجْتَبَّهُ رَبُّهُ فَتَابَ عَلَيْهِ وَهَدَىٰ ﴿ وَلَا قَالَ ٱهْبَطَا مَنْهَا حَمِيعًا بَعْضُكُمْ لَبَعْضِ عَدُولِ فَإِمَّا يَأْتِينَّكُمْ مَّنَّى هُـدَّى فَنَ أَتَّبَعَ هُدَايَ فَلَا يَضِلُّ وَلَا يَشْفَى شِي وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذكرى فَإِنَّ لَهُ مَعِيشَةٌ ضَنكًا وَتَحْشُرُهُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة أُعْمَىٰ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِ لِرَ حَشَرْ تَنِيَّ أُعْمَىٰ وَقَدْ كُنتُ بَصِيرًا وَإِنَّ قَالَ كَذَاكَ أَنْتُكَ ءَايَنُنَا فَنَسِيتَهَا ۗ وَكَذَاكَ ٱلْيَوْمَ تُنسَىٰ ١١٠ وَكَذَاكَ نَجْرى مَنْ أَسْرَفَ وَلَمْ يُوْمِنُ بِعَايَنت رَبُّ عَ وَلَعَذَابُ ٱلْآخِرَة أَشَدُ وَأَبْقَتَى ١٠٠ أَفَلَمْ يَهُد لَهُمُ كُو أَهْلَكُنَا قَبْلَهُم مّنَ ٱلْقُرُون يَمْشُونَ فى مَسَلَكنهم إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَلت لَّأُولِي النَّهَى اللَّهِ وَلَوْلَا كَانَ لَرَامًا وَأَجَلُّ on themselves some of the leaves of the Garden. And Adam disobeyed his Lord, so went astray.¹

- 122. Then his Lord chose him, and relented toward him, and guided him.
- 123. HE said: Go down hence, both of you, one of you a foe unto the other. But when there come unto you from Me a guidance, then whoso followeth My guidance, he will not go astray nor come to grief.²
- 12.4. But he who turneth away from remembrance of Me, his will be a narrow life, and I shall bring him blind to the assembly on the Day of Resurrection.
- 125. He will say: My Lord! Wherefor hast Thou gathered me (hither) blind, when I was wont to see?
- 126. He will say: So (it must be). Our revelations came unto thee but thou didst forget them. In like manner thou art forgotten this Day.
- 127. Thus do We reward him who is prodigal and believeth not the revelations of his Lord; and verily the doom of the Hereafter will be sterner and more lasting.
- 128. Is it not a guidance for them (to know) how many a generation We destroyed before them, amid whose dwellings they walk? Lo! therein verily are signs for men of thought.
- 129. And but for a decree that had already gone forth from thy Lord, and a term already fixed, the judgment would have been inevitable (in this world).

¹ Cf. sûrah VII, 20 ff.

² Cf. sûrah II, 38, and the passage leading up to it.

مُسَمَّى ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَصْبِرْ عَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ وَسَبِّحْ بَحْمَد رَبَّكَ قَبْلَ طُلُوعِ ٱلشَّمْسِ وَقَبْلَ غُرُوبَهَا ۚ وَمَنْ ءَانَآي ٱلَّيْلِ فَسَبَّحْ وَأَطْرَافَ النَّهَارِ لَعَلَّكَ تَرْضَى ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مُنَّاتً عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَىٰ مَا مَنَّعْنَا بِهِ ۚ أَزْوَاجًا مَنْهُمْ زَهْرَةَ ٱلْحَيَوْة ٱلدُّنْيَ النَّفْتَهُ مُ فيه وَرزْقُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَبْقَى ١ وَأْمُنْ أَهْلَكَ بِالصَّلَوْةِ وَاصْطَبْرَ عَلَيْكَ ۖ لَا نَسْتُلُكَ رِزْقًا مَّ فُن زَوُّكُ وَالْعَنقَبَةُ للتَّقْوَى ﴿ وَالْعَنقَالُواْ لَوْلَا يَأْتِيناً بِعَايَة مِن رَّبُّهُ مَّ أُولَرْ تَأْمُهم بَيِّنَةُ مَا فِي الصَّحُف ٱلأُولَى ١ وَلَوْ أَنَّا أَهْلَكُنَاهُم بِعَذَابِ مِن قَبْله ع لَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لَوْلَا أُرْسَلْتَ إِلَيْنَا رَسُولًا فَنَتَّبِعَ ءَايَنتكَ من قَبْل أَن نَّذلَّ وَيَحْزَىٰ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مُرْتُ اللَّهِ مُرْدُونُ مَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مُلَّا فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَصْحَلُ الصّرَاطِ السُّويّ وَمَن الْمُتَدَىٰ اللَّهِ

- 130. Therefor (O Muhammad), bear with what they say, and celebrate the praises of thy Lord ere the rising of the sun and ere the going down thereof. And glorify Him some hours of the night and at the two ends of the day, that thou mayst find acceptance.
- some wedded pairs among them to enjoy, the flower of the life of the world, that We may try them thereby. The provision of thy Lord is better and more lasting.
- 132. And enjoin upon thy people worship, and be constant therein. We ask not of thee a provision: We provide for thee. And the sequel is for righteousness.
- 133. And they say: If only he would bring us a miracle from his Lord! Hath there not come unto them the proof of what is in the former scriptures?
- 134. And if We had destroyed them with some punishment before it, they would assuredly have said: Our Lord! If only Thou hadst sent unto us a messenger, so that we might have followed Thy revelations before we were (thus) humbled and disgraced!
- 135. Say: Each is awaiting; so await ye! Ye will come to know who are the owners of the path of equity, and who is right.

(۲۱) سُوْرَقُ الأنبيّاءُ مَكَيْهُ وآياهَا ۱۱۲ نزلتْ بَعْدُنُ وَرَقَا الرَّهِيمُ

ٱقْتَرَبَ للنَّاسِ حَمَا بُهُمْ وَهُـمْ فِي غَفْلَة مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ مَا يَأْ تيهم مَّن ذَكَّر مِّن رَّبِّهم عُحْدَث إِلَّا أَسْتَمَعُوهُ وَهُمْ يَلْعَبُونَ ٢ لَاهَيَةُ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَأَسَرُواْ ٱلنَّجْوَى ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ هَلْ هَلَذَا ۚ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مَثْلُكُمُ أَفَتَأْتُونَ ٱلسَّحْرَ وَأَنتُم تُبْصرُونَ ﴿ مَا لَا رَبِّي يَعْلَمُ ٱلْقَوْلَ فِ ٱلسَّمَاءِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿ بَلْ قَالُوٓا أَضْغَنْتُ أَحَلَه بَل أَفْتَرَنَّهُ بَلْ هُوَشَاعِرٌ فَلْيَأْتَنَا بِثَايَة كَمَا أَرْسَلَ ٱلأَوْلُونَ رَفِّ مَاءَامَنَتْ قَبْلَهُم مِن قَرْيَة أَهْلَكُنْلُهَا ۖ أَقْهُم يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿



SÛRAH XXI

Al-Anbiyâ, "The Prophets," is named from its subject, the history of the former prophets. The speaker in v. 4 and v. 112 is every prophet. There is no historical reference or tradition to enable us to fix the date. It is undoubtedly of Meccan revelation, and lacks the characteristics of the latest and earliest Meccan sûrahs. It may, therefore, be taken as belonging to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

THE PROPHETS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

 Their reckoning draweth nigh for mankind, while they turn away in heedlessness.

2. Never cometh there unto them a new reminder from

their Lord but they listen to it while they play,

3. With hearts preoccupied. And they confer in secret. The wrong-doers say: Is this other than a mortal like you? Will ye then succumb to magic when ye see (it)?

4. He saith: My Lord knoweth what is spoken in the

heaven and the earth. He is the Hearer, the Knower.

5. Nay, say they, (these are but) muddled dreams; nay, he hath but invented it; nay, he is but a poet. Let him bring us a portent even as those of old (who were God's messengers) were sent (with portents).

6. Not a township believed of those which We destroyed before them (though We sent them portents): would they

then believe?

وَمَا أَرْسُلْنَا قَبْلُكَ إِلَّا رَجَاكُا نُوحِيَّ إِلَيْهِمْ فَسَعُلُواْ أَهْلَ ٱلذَّكْرِ إِن كُنتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَا جَعَلْنَكُمْ جَسَدًا لَّا يَأْ كُلُونَ ٱلطَّعَامَ وَمَا كَانُواْ خَدلدينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ صَدَّقْنَاهُمُ ٱلْوَعْدَ فَأَنْجَيْنَكُمْ وَمَن نَّشَآءُ وَأَهْلَكُنَّا ٱلْمُسْرِفِينَ ٢ لَقَدْ أَزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ كَتَلَبًا فِيهِ ذَكُرُكُمْ أَفَلا تَعْقُلُونَ شُ وَكُرْ قَصَمْنَا مِن قَرْيَة كَانَتْ ظَالَمَةً وَأَنْشَأْنَا بَعْدَهَا فَوْمًا ءَاخَرِينَ ۞ فَلَمَّ أَحَسُواْ بَأْسَنَا إِذَا هُم مَّهُمَّا يَرَكُضُونَ ١٠ لَا زَ كُضُواْ وَارْجِعُواْ إِلَّهِ مَا أَثْرَفْتُمْ فِ وَمَسَكِنكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ نُسْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ لِلَنَّ إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَلمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَكَ زَالَت تَلْكَ دَعْوَدُهُمْ حَتَّى جَعَلْنَاهُمْ حَصِيدًا تَحْمِدِينَ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقْنَا ٱلسَّمَاءَ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا يَهْنَهُمَا لَعبينَ ١٠ لَوْأُرَدْنَا أَن يُّخَذَ لَمُوا لاّ تَخَذَنهُ

- 7. And We sent not (as Our messengers) before thee other than men whom We inspired. Ask the followers of the Reminder1 if ye know not?
- 8. We gave them not bodies that would not eat food, nor were they immortals.
- o. Then We fulfilled the promise unto them. So We delivered them and whom We would, and We destroyed the prodigals.
- 10. Now We have revealed unto you a Scripture wherein is your Reminder. Have ye then no sense?
- 11. How many a community that dealt unjustly have We shattered, and raised up after them another folk!
- 12. And, when they felt Our might, behold them fleeing from it!
- 13. (But it was said unto them): Flee not, but return to that (existence) which emasculated you and to your dwellings, that ye may be questioned.
 - 14. They cried: Alas for us! Lo! we were wrong-doers.
- 15. And this their crying ceased not till We made them as reaped corn, extinct.
- 16. We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between them in play.
 - 17. If We had wished to find a pastime, We could have 1 i.e. the Jewish scripture.

من لَّدُ نَّا إِن كُنَّا فَعلينَ ﴿ بَلْ نَقُدْفُ بِٱلْحَقَّ عَلَى ٱلْبَيْطِلُ فَيَدْمَغُهُ فِإِذَا هُوزَاهِ أَ وَلَكُمُ ٱلْوَيْلُ مَّا تَصِفُونَ ﴿ وَلَهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَنْ عندَهُ, لَا يَسْتَكُبرُ ونَ عَنْ عَبَادَته عَ وَلَا يَسْتَحْسرُ ونَ عَنْ يُسَبُّحُونَ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ لَا يَفْتُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ اتَّخَذُواْ ءَالْحَةَ مَّنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ هُمْ يُنشُرُونَ ﴿ لَوْكَانَ فِيمَاۤ ءَالْحَةُ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ لَفَسَدَنَّا فَسُبَّحَانَ الله رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ لَا يُسْتَلُ عَمَّا يَفْعَلُ وَهُمْ يُسْتَلُونَ ١٠٠٠ أَم اتَّخَذُواْ من دُونه ؟ وَالْهَ أَ قُلْ هَاتُواْ بُرْهَانَكُم مَّ هَالَدَا ذَكُرُ مَرِ. مُّعَى وَذَكُّو مَن قَبْلًى بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ الْحَقَّ فَهُم مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ مِن رَّسُول إِلَّا نُوحَى إِلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ إِلَّا إِلَنَّهِ إِلَّا أَنَّا فَاعْبُدُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ

found it in Our presence-if We ever did.

- 18. Nay, but We hurl the true against the false, and it doth break its head and lo! it vanisheth. And yours will be woe for that which ye ascribe (unto Him).
- 19. Unto Him belongeth whosoever is in the heavens and the earth. And those who dwell in His presence are not too proud to worship Him, nor do they weary;
 - 20. They glorify (Him) night and day; they flag not.
- 21. Or have they chosen gods from the earth who raise the dead?
- 22. If there were therein gods beside Allah, then verily both (the heavens and the earth) had been disordered. Glorified be Allah, the Lord of the Throne, from all that they ascribe (unto Him).
- 23. He will not be questioned as to that which He doeth, but they will be questioned.
- 24. Or have they chosen other gods beside Him? Say: Bring your proof (of their godhead). This is the Reminder of those with me and those before me, but most of them know not the Truth and so they are averse.
- 25. And We sent no messenger before thee but We inspired him, (saying): There is no God save Me (Allah), so worship Me.

أَخَذَ الرَّحْدَنُ وَلَدَّا سُبْحَنَدُ أَبِ بَلْ عَبَادٌ مُكْرَمُونَ ﴿ لَا يَسْبِقُونَهُ إِبَالْقَوْلِ وَهُم إِأْمْرِهِ عَيْمَلُونَ ﴿ يَعْلَمُ مَابَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يَشْفَعُونَ إِلَّا لَمَن ٱرْتَضَىٰ وَهُم مَّنْ خَشَيْته عَ مُشْفَقُونَ ١٠٠٠ ﴿ وَمَن يَقُلُ مَنَّهُمْ إِنَّ إِلَّهُ مِّن دُونِهِ ء فَذَاكَ نَجْزِيه جَهَّمَ ۚ كَذَاكَ نَجْزِي ٱلظَّلْمِينَ شَ أَوَ لَرْ يَرَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَنَّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ كَانَتَ رَتْقًا فَفَنَقْنَلُهُما ۗ وَجَعَلْنَا مِنَ ٱلْمَاۤ وَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيَّ أَفَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ رَبِّ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ أَن تَميدَ بِمْ وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا فَجَاجًا شُبُلًا لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ ٢ وَجَعَلْنَا ٱلسَمَاءَ سَقْفًا تَحْفُوظًا ۖ وَهُمْ عَنْ ءَايَلْتَهَا مُعْرَضُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ الَّذِي أَمُورُ وَالنَّهَارَ وَالشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرُ كُلُّ فِي فَلَك يَسْبَحُونَ ﴿ وَمَا جَمَلْنَا لَبَشَرِ مَن



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- 26. And they say: The Beneficent hath taken unto Himself a son. Be He Glorified! Nay, but (those whom they call sons) are honoured slaves;
- 27. They speak not until He hath spoken, and they act by His command.
- 28. He knoweth what is before them and what is behind them, and they cannot intercede except for him whom He accepteth, and they quake for awe of Him.
- 29. And one of them who should say: Lo! I am a god beside Him, that one We should repay with hell. Thus We repay wrong-doers.
- 30. Have not those who disbelieve known that the heavens and the earth were of one piece, then We parted them, and We made every living thing of water? Will they not then believe?
- 31. And We have placed in the earth firm hills lest it quake with them, and We have placed therein ravines as roads that haply they may find their way.
- 32. And We have made the sky a roof withheld (from them). Yet they turn away from its portents.
- 33. And He it is Who created the night and the day, and the sun and the moon. They float, each in an orbit.
 - 34. We appointed immortality for no mortal before thee.

قَبْلُكَ الْخُلُدَّ أَفَإِن مَّتَّ فَهُمُ الْخُلَدُونَ ﴿ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَا يَفَةُ ٱلْمَوْتُ وَنَبْلُوكُم بِٱلشَّرْ وَٱلْخَيْرِ فَتْنَةً وَإِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا رَءَ اكَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِن يَغَذُونَكَ ۗ إِلَّا هُنُ وَا أَهْنَذَا ٱلَّذِي يَذْكُرُ وَالْهَتَكُرْ وَهُم بِذَكْرُ ٱلرَّحْمَنَ هُمَّ كَلفُرُونَ ﴿ خُلقَ ٱلْإِنسَانُ مَنْ بَعَلْ سَأُورِيكُمْ ءَايَنتي فَلَا تَسْ تَعْجِلُون ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَّى هَٰذَا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنتُمْ صَلدقينَ ﴿ لَوْ يَعْلَمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ حِينَ لَا يَكُنُّونَ عَن وُجُوهِهُ مُ النَّارَ وَلَا عَن ظُهُورِهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ بَلْ تَأْ تيهم بَغْتَةً فَتَبْهَهُمْ فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ رَدَّهَا وَلَا هُـمْ يُنظَرُونَ ١٠٠ وَلَقَد أَسْتُهْزِئَ رُسُل مَن قَبْلكَ فَعَاقَ بِالَّذِينَ سَخُرُواْ مَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ ع يَسْتَهْرُ وَنَ إِنَّ قُلْ مَن يَكُلُوكُمُ بِالَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ مِنَ الرَّحْمَنَ What! if thou diest, can they be immortal?

- 35. Every soul must taste of death, and We try you with evil and with good, for ordeal. And unto Us ye will be returned.
- 36. And when those who disbelieve behold thee, they but choose thee out for mockery, (saying): Is this he who maketh mention of your gods? And they would deny all mention of the Beneficent.
- 37. Man is made of haste. I shall show you My portents, but ask Me not to hasten.
- 38. And they say: When will this promise (be fulfilled), if ye are truthful?
- 39. If those who disbelieved but knew the time when they will not be able to drive off the fire from their faces and from their backs, and they will not be helped!
- 40. Nay, but it will come upon them unawares so that it will stupefy them, and they will be unable to repel it, neither will they be reprieved.
- 41. Messengers before thee, indeed, were mocked, but that whereat they mocked surrounded those who scoffed at them.
 - 42. Say: Who guardeth you in the night or in the day

بَلَّ هُمْ عَن ذكر رَبِّهم مُعْرضُونَ ﴿ أَمُّ لَمُّمْ مَالَحَةٌ يَمْنَعُهُم مِن دُونِنَا لَا يَسْتَطَيعُونَ نَصْرَ أَنفُسِهمْ وَلَا هُمْ مَنَّا يُصْحَبُونَ ﴿ يَ بَلْ مَتَعَنَا هَلَوُ لَآءِ وَءَابَآءَهُمْ حَتَّى طَالَ عَلَيْهِ مُ الْعُمرِ أَفَلَا رِرُونَ أَنَّا رَأْتِي ٱلْأَرْضَ نَنْقُصُهَا مِنْ أَطْرَافِهَا ۚ أَفَهُمُ الْغَلِبُونَ ١٠ قُلْ إِنَّكَ أَلْذِرُكُم بِٱلْوَحْيَ وَلَا يَسْمَعُ الصُّمُّ الدُّعَآءَ إِذَا مَايُنذَرُ ونَ رَفِي وَلَين مَّسَّتُهُمْ نَفْحَةُ مِّنْ عَذَابِ رَبِّكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ يَنُو يِلَنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَلمينَ ٢ وَنَضَعُ المَّوَازِينَ الْقَسْطَ ليَّوْمِ الْقَيْنَمَةِ فَلا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا وَإِن كَانَ مَثْقَالَ حَبَّة مَّنْ نَرْدَلَ أَتَيْنَا بَهَا وَكَفَى بَنَا حَسِبِينَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَهَدُونَ الْفُرْقَانَ وَضِياتُهُ وَدَكُرا للمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ يَخِشُونَ رَبُّهُم بِالْغَيْب وَهُم مِنَ السَّاعَةِ مُشْفَقُونَ ﴿ وَيَ وَهَلَذَا ذَكُّرٌ مُّبَارَكُ أَزَلْنَكُ ****

from the Beneficent? Nay, but they turn away from mention of their Lord!

- 43. Or have they gods who can shield them from Us? They cannot help themselves nor can they be defended from Us.
- 44. Nay, but We gave these and their fathers ease until life grew long for them. See they not how We aim to the land, reducing it of its outlying parts? Can they then be the victors?
- 45. Say (O Muhammad, unto mankind): I warn you only by the Inspiration. But the deaf hear not the call when they are warned.
- 46. And if a breath of thy Lord's punishment were to touch them, they assuredly would say: Alas for us! Lo! we were wrong-doers.
- 47. And We set a just balance for the Day of Resurrection so that no soul is wronged in aught. Though it be of the weight of a grain of mustard seed, We bring it. And We suffice for reckoners.
- 48. And We verily gave Moses and Aaron the Criterion (of right and wrong) and a light and a Reminder for those who keep from evil,
- 49. Those who fear their Lord in secret and who dread the Hour (of doom).
 - 50. This is a blessed Reminder that We have revealed:

1 See XIII, 41, note

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أَفَا نُتُمْ لَهُ مُنكُرُونَ رَبَّي ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ءَانَيْنَا ۚ إِبْرَاهِمَ رُشُدَهُۥ من قَبْلُ وَكُنَّا به عَلمينَ ١ إِذْ قَالَ لأَبِيه وَقَوْمه ع مَاهَاذه التَّمَاثيلُ الَّتِيَّ أَنتُمْ لَمَا عَلَكُفُونَ ﴿ فَي قَالُواْ وَجَدْنَا ءَابَآءَنَا لَمَا عَلِيدِينَ ﴿ قَالَ لَقَدْ كُنتُمْ أَنُّمْ وَءَا بَآؤُكُمْ ۗ في ضَلَال مُّبين ﴿ قَالُوا أَجِنْتَنَا بِالْخَقَ أَمْ أَنتَ منَ ٱلَّلْعِبِينَ رَثِي قَالَ بَلِ رَّبُّكُمْ رَبُّ السَّمَنُوَات وَٱلْأَرْض ٱلَّذِي فَطَرَهُنَّ وَأَنَا عَلَىٰ ذَالكُمْ مَّنَ الشَّلهدينَ ﴿ وَ تَالله لَأَ كِيدَنَّ أَصْنَامَكُم بَعْدَ أَن تُولُّواْ مُدْرِينَ ﴿ فَجَعَلَهُمْ جُذَا إِلَّا كَبِيرًا لَّهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِ يَرْجُعُونَ (١ قَالُواْ مَن فَعَلَ هَلْذَا بِعَالَهَتِنَا إِنَّهُ لِمَنَ ٱلظَّلْمِينَ رَبِّي قَالُواْ سَمَعْنَا فَتَى يَذْكُرُهُمْ يُقَالُ لَهُ ۚ إِبْرَاهِمُ ﴿ قَالُواْ فَأْتُواْ به عَلَيَّ أَعْيُن ٱلنَّاس لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْهَدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ قَالُواْ ءَأَنَّ

Will ye then reject it?

- 51. And We verily gave Abraham of old his proper course, and We were Aware of him,
- 52. When he said unto his father and his folk: What are these images unto which ye pay devotion?
- 53. They said: We found our fathers worshippers of them.
 - 54. He said: Verily ye and your fathers were in plain error.
- 55. They said: Bringest thou unto us the truth, or art thou some jester?
- 56. He said: Nay, but your Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth, Who created them; and I am of those who testify unto that.
- 57. And, by Allah, I shall circumvent your idols after ye have gone away and turned your backs.
- 58. Then he reduced them to fragments, all save the chief of them, that haply they might have recourse to it.
- 59. They said: Who hath done this to our gods? Surely it must be some evil-doer.
- 60. They said: We heard a youth make mention of them, who is called Abraham.
- 61. They said: Then bring him (hither) before the people's eyes that they may testify.

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فَعَلْتَ هَلْذَا بِعَالَهَتِنَا يَتَإِبْرَاهِمُ ﴿ إِنَّ عَالَ بَلْ فَعَلَّهُ كَبِيرُهُمْ هَلَذَا فَسْتَلُوهُمْ إِن كَانُواْ يَنطَقُونَ ٢ فَرَجُعُواْ إِلَىٰٓ أَنْفُسهمْ فَقَالُواْ إِنَّكُمْ أَنْتُمُ الظَّالْمُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ ثُمَّ نُكسُواْ عَلَىٰ رُوُوسِهِمْ لَقَدْ عَلَمْتَ مَاهَتَوُلاَء يَنطقُونَ رَثِي قَالَ أَفَتَعْبُدُونَ من دُون الله مَالا ينفَعُكُمْ شَيْعًا وَلا يَفُرُكُ إِنَّ أَفَ لَّكُو وَلَمَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللهُ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ حَرَّقُوهُ وَ انصُرُواْ عَالْهَنَكُمْ إِنْ كُنتُمْ فَعلينَ ١ كُلْنَا يَنْنَارُكُونِي بَرْدًا وَسَلَمًا عَلَيْ إِبْرَاهِمَ ١ وَأَرَادُواْ بِهِ كَيْدُا فَجَعَلْنَاهُمُ الْأَخْسَرِينَ (﴿ وَتَجَيَّنَاهُ الْأَخْسَرِينَ (﴿ وَتَجَيَّنَاهُ وَلُوطًا إِلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ ٱلَّتِي بَرَكْنَا فِيهَا للْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِسْمَانَ وَيَعْقُوبَ نَافَلَةً ۗ وَكُلَّا جَعَلْنَا صَالِحِينَ ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَهُمْ أَيَّهُ يَهَدُونَ بِأَمْرِنَا وَأُوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْمَ فَعْلَ

- 62. They said: Is it thou who hast done this to our gods, O Abraham?
- 63. He said: But this, their chief hath done it. So question them, if they can speak.
- 64. Then gathered they apart and said: Lo! ye yourselves are the wrong-doers.
- 65. And they were utterly confounded, and they said: Well thou knowest that these speak not.
- 66. He said: Worship ye then instead of Allah that which cannot profit you at all, nor harm you?
- 67. Fie on you and all that ye worship instead of Allah! Have ye then no sense?
- 68. They cried: Burn him and stand by your gods, if ye will be doing.
 - 69. We said: O fire, be coolness and peace for Abraham.
- 70. And they wished to set a snare for him, but We made them the greater losers.
- 71. And We rescued him and Lot (and brought them) to the land which We have blessed for (all) peoples.
- 72. And We bestowed upon him Isaac, and Jacob as a grandson. Each of them We made righteous.
- 73. And We made them chiefs who guide by Our command, and We inspired in them the doing of good deeds and

الْخَيْرات وَ إِفَامَ الصَّلَوْة وَ إِيناءَ الزَّكُوة وَكَانُواْ لَنَا عَلَيدينَ ﴿ وَلَوْطًا ءَاتَيْنَهُ حُكُماً وَعَلَّمُ الْ وَخَيْبُنَّهُ مِنَ ٱلْقَرْيَة ٱلَّتِي كَانَت تَّعْمَلُ ٱلْخَبَيْتِ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمَ سَوْءِ فَلسقينَ ﴿إِنِّي وَأَدْخَلُنَهُ فِي رَحْمَنَكَّ ۚ إِنَّهُ مر َ ٱلصَّالحينَ ﴿ يَ وَنُوحًا إِذْ نَادَىٰ مِن قَبِّلُ فَٱسْتَجَبُّنَا لَهُ ۗ فَنَجَيْنَهُ وَأَهْلَهُ مِنَ ٱلْكَرِّبِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿ وَلَهُ مَنَا لَكُمْ مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنْنَنَّ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمَ سَوْءٍ فَأَغْرَ قَنَاهُمْ أَجْعَينَ ﴿ وَوَاوُدِدَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ إِذْ يَحُكَّانَ في الْحَرَّث إِذْ نَفَشَتْ فِيه غَنَمُ الْقَوْم وَكُنَّا لَحُكُمهم شَنهدينَ ١٠ فَهُمَّنَّنَّهَا سُلِّيمَنَّ وَكُلَّا ءَاتَيْنَا حُكْمًا وَعْلَما ۗ وَسَغَّرْنَا مَعَ دَاوُدَدَ الْجَبَّالَ يُسَبَّحْنَ وَالطَّيْرَ وَكُنَّا فَعَلِينَ إِنِّي وَعَلَّمْنَاهُ صَنْعَةَ لَبُوسٍ لَّكُمُّ لَتُحْصِنَكُمُ the right establishment of worship and the giving of alms, and they were worshippers of Us (alone).

- 74. And unto Lot We gave judgment and knowledge, and We delivered him from the community that did abominations. Lo! they were folk of evil, lewd.
- 75. And We brought him in unto Our mercy. Lo! he was of the righteous.
- 76. And Noah, when he cried of old, We heard his prayer and saved him and his household from the great affliction.
- 77. And delivered him from the people who denied Our revelations. Lo! they were folk of evil, therefor did We drown them all.
- 78. And David and Solomon, when they gave judgment concerning the field, when people's sheep had strayed and browsed therein by night; and We were witnesses to their judgment.
- 79. And We made Solomon to understand (the case); and unto each of them We gave judgment and knowledge. And We subdued the hills and the birds to hymn (His) praise along with David. We were the doers (thereof).
 - 80. And We taught him the art of making garments (of

مَنْ بَأْسُكُمْ فَهَلَ أَنْتُمْ شَكْرُونَ ﴿ وَكُسُلَيْمُكُنَ الرِّجَ عَاصِفَةٌ تَجْرِى بأَمْرِه ۗ إِلَى ٱلأَرْضِ ٱلَّتِي بَلْرَكْنَا فِيكَ وَكُنَّا بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِمِينَ ﴿ وَمِنَ ٱلشَّـيَاطِينِ مَنِ يَغُوصُونَ لَهُ وَيَعْمَلُونَ عَمَلًا دُونَ ذَالَّ وَكُنَّا لَمُمْ حَنفظينَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّ اللَّهِ ﴿ وَأَيُوبَ إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّهُۥ أَنِّي مَسَّنَّي ٱلضُّرُّ وَأَنتَ أَرْحَمُ ٱلرَّاحِينَ ﴿ فَٱسْتَجَبْنَا لَهُۥ فَكَشَفْنَا مَا به عن ضر وعَالَيْنَهُ أَهْلَهُ وَمَثْلُهُم مَعْهُم رَحْمَةٌ مَنْ عندناً وَ ذَكْرَىٰ للْعَلَبدينَ رَثِينَ وَ إِسْمَنعيلَ وَ إِدْرِيسَ وَذَا ٱلْكُفُلُ كُلُّ مَنَ ٱلصَّابِرِينَ ﴿ وَأَدْخَلْنَاهُمْ فَ رَحْمَنَا ۚ إِنَّهُم مَّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ النَّونِ إِذِ ذَّهَبَ مُغَيضِبًا فَظَنَّ أَن لَّن نَّقُدرَ عَلَيْه فَنَادَى في الظُّلُمَات أَن لَّا إِلَنَهُ إِلَّا أَنتَ سُبْجَلنَكَ إِنِّى كُنتُ مَنَ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿



mail) to protect you in your daring. Are ye then thankful?

- 81. And unto Solomon (We subdued) the wind in its raging. It set by his command toward the land which We had blessed. And of everything We are Aware.
- 82. And of the evil ones (subdued We unto him) some who dived (for pearls) for him and did other work, and We were warders unto them.
- 83. And Job, when he cried unto his Lord, (saying): Lo! adversity afflicteth me, and Thou art Most Merciful of all who show mercy.
- 84. Then We heard his prayer and removed that adversity from which he suffered, and We gave him his household (that he had lost) and the like thereof along with them, a mercy from Our store, and a remembrance for the worshippers;
- 85. And (mention) Ishmael, and Idrîs, and Dhû'l-Kifl. All were of the steadfast.
- 86. And We brought them in unto Our mercy. Lo! they are among the righteous.
- 87. And (mention) Dhû'n-Nûn,2 when he went off in anger and deemed that We had no power over him, but he cried out in the darkness, saying: There is no God save Thee. Be Thou Glorified! Lo! I have been a wrong-doer.

¹ Ar. sbayåtin, lit. "devils."

² Lit. "Lord of the Fish" - Jonah.

فَأَسْتَجَبْنَالُهُ وَنَجَّيْنَهُ مَنَ ٱلْغُمَّ وَكَذَاكَ نُجِي ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَزَكَرِيّا إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّهُ رَبُّ لَا تَذَرْني فَرْداً وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ الْوَارِثِينَ ﴿ فَاسْتَجَبَّنَالُهُ وَوَهَبْنَالُهُ يَحْيَى وَأَصْلَحْنَا لَهُۥ زَوْجَهُۥ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يُسَرِّعُونَ فِي ٱلْخَيْرَات وَيَدْعُونَنَا رَغَباً وَرَهَباً وَكَانُواْ لَنَا خَيْشَعِينَ ﴿ وَالَّتِي أَحْصَنَتْ فَرْجَهَا فَنَفَخْنَا فيهَا مِن رُّوحِنَا وَجَعَلْنَاهَا وَأَبْنَهَا ءَايَةً لَلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَلَاهَ مَا أُمُّنُّكُمْ أُمَّةً وَ حَدَّةُ وَأَنَا رَبُكُرُ فَأَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ وَتَقَطَّعُواْ أَمْرُهُم بَينَهُمْ كُلُّ إِلَيْنَا رَاجِعُونَ إِنَّ فَمَن يَعْمَلُ مَن ٱلصَّالَحَات وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَلَا كُفْرَانَ لَسَعْيه ، وَإِنَّالَهُ كُنتُبُونَ ٢ وَحَرَّمُ عَلَىٰ قَرْيَهُ أَهْلَكُنَنْهَا أَنَّهُمْ لَا يَرْجُمُونَ رَثِي حَنَّىٰ إِذَا فَتَحَتْ يَأْجُوجُ وَمَأْجُوجُ وَهُم مَّن كُلَّ حَدَب يَنسلُونَ ٢

- 89. Then We heard his proves and saved him from the
- 88. Then We heard his prayer and saved him from the anguish. Thus We save believers.
- 89. And Zachariah, when he cried unto his Lord: My Lord! Leave me not childless, though Thou art the Best of inheritors.
- 90. Then We heard his prayer, and bestowed upon him John, and adjusted his wife (to bear a child) for him. Lo! they used to vie one with the other in good deeds, and they cried unto Us in longing and in fear, and were submissive unto Us.
- 91. And she who was chaste, therefor We breathed into her (something) of Our Spirit and made her and her son a token for (all) peoples.
- 92. Lo! this, your religion, is one religion, and I am your Lord, so worship Me.
- 93. And they have broken their religion (into fragments) among them, (yet) all are returning unto Us.
- 94. Then whoso doeth some good works and is a believer, there will be no rejection of his effort. Lo! We record (it) for him.
- 95. And there is a ban upon any community which We have destroyed: that they shall not return,
- 96. Until, when Gog and Magog are let loose, and they hasten out of every mound,
 - 1 The reference here is to the Virgin Mary.

وَٱقْتَرَبَ ٱلْوَعْدُ ٱلْحُتُّ فَإِذَا هِي شَلْخَصَةٌ أَبْصَارُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يَنَوَ يُلَنَا قَدْكُنَّا فِي غَفْلَة مْنْ هَنذَا بَلُّ كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ ﴿ ٢ إِنَّكُرْ وَمَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللهِ حَصَبُ جَهَنَّمَ أَنتُمْ لَمَا وَارِدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَوْكَانَ هَـنَّؤُلَّاءِ ءَالْحَةُ مَّاوَرَدُوهَا ۗ وَكُلُّ فَهَا خَلدُونَ ﴿ كُمُّ فَيهَا زَفيرٌ وَهُمْ فيهَا لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ سَبَقَتْ لَهُم مَّنَّا ٱلْحُسْنَى أُولَدَيِكَ عَنْهَا مُبْعَدُونَ شِ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ حَسيسَهَا ۖ وَهُمْ فِي مَا ٱشْتَهَتْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ خَلْدُونَ ﴿ يَكِي لَا يَعْزُنُهُمُ ٱلْفَزَعُ الْأَكْبَرُ وَنَتَلَقَّاهُمُ ٱلْمَلَّيْكَةُ هَاذَا يَوْمُكُمُ الَّذِي كُنتُمَّ تُوعَدُونَ ﴿ يَوْمَ نَطُوى ٱلسَّمَاءَ كَطَى ٱلسَّجِلِّ للْكُنُّبِ كَمَا بَدَأْنَا أُوَّلَ خَلْقَ نُّعِيدُهُۥ وَعْدًا عَلَيْنَا ۚ إِنَّا كُنَّا فَنعلينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّا وَلَقَدُكَتَبْنَا فِي ٱلزَّبُورِمنُ بَعْد الذَّكُرُ أَنَّ ٱلْأَرْضَ يَرثُهَا عَبَادَى الصَّالُحُونَ ﴿

- 97. And the True Promise draweth nigh; then behold them, staring wide (in terror), the eyes of those who disbelieve! (They say): Alas for us! We (lived) in forgetfulness of this. Ah, but we were wrong-doers!
- 98. Lo! ye (idolaters) and that which ye worship beside Allah are fuel of hell. Thereunto ye will come.
- 99. If these had been gods they would not have come thither, but all will abide therein.
- 100. Therein wailing is their portion, and therein they hear not.
- 101. Lo! those unto whom kindness hath gone forth before from Us, they will be far removed from thence.
- 102. They will not hear the slightest sound thereof, while they abide in that which their souls desire.
- 103. The Supreme Horror will not grieve them, and the angels will welcome them, (saying): This is your Day which ye were promised;
- 104. The Day when We shall roll up the heavens as a recorder rolleth up a written scroll. As We began the first creation, We shall repeat it. (It is) a promise (binding) upon Us. Lo! We are to perform it.
- 105. And verily We have written in the Scripture, after the Reminder: My righteous slaves will inherit the earth:

SURAH XXII

Al-Hajj, "The Pilgrimage," takes its name from vv. 26–38 relating to the pilgrimage to Mecca. This sûrah is ascribed by some authorities to the Meccan, by others to the Madînah period. The copy of the Qur'ân which I have followed throughout has the Madînah ascription, and, as it was copied long before the days of "higher" criticism, and was authorised for use throughout the Ottoman Empire, I retain that ascription. Verses 11–13, 25–30, 39–41 and 58–60 were, according to all authorities, revealed at Al-Madînah. Some historian, says that the ascription is justified on account of the importance of the verses in this sûrah which must, from the nature of their contents, have been revealed at Al-Madînah, while holding that much of the sûrah belongs to the last Meccan period.

إِنَّ فِي هَلْذَا لَلِلَغَا لِقُوْمِ عَلِيدِينَ ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَكَ إِلَّا وَمَّا أَرْسَلْنَكَ إِلَّا وَمَّمَ لَلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَهَا لَا يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَحَلَى إِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاحَدُّ اللَّهُ الللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ ا

(۲۲) مُيُوْرِقُ الْجِكَجُ مَكَانِيَّةً الا الآياتِ ٢٠ و ٥، و وه و فيزيكَة وللدية وآياهُ الآياتِ بعندُ الذي

بِنْ إِلَّامِ الرَّحْمُ وِ الرِّحِيمِ

يَنَا يُهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُمْ إِنَّ زَلْزَلَةَ السَّاعَةِ شَيْءٌ



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- 106. Lo! there is a plain statement for folk who are devout.
 - 107. We sent thee not save as a mercy for the peoples.
- 108. Say: It is only inspired in me that your God is One God. Will ye then surrender (unto Him)?
- 109. But if they are averse, then say: I have warned you all alike, although I know not whether nigh or far is that which ye are promised.
- 110. Lo! He knoweth that which is said openly, and that which ye conceal.
- 111. And I know not but that this may be a trial for you, and enjoyment for a while.
- 112. He saith: My Lord! Judge Thou with truth. Our Lord is the Beneficent, Whose help is to be implored against that which ye ascribe (unto Him).

THE PILGRIMAGE

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. O mankind! Fear your Lord. Lo! the earthquake of the Hour (of Doom) is a tremendous thing.

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عَظيمٌ ﴿ يُومَ نَرُونَهَا تَذْهَلُ كُلُّ مُرْضَعَة عَمَّا أَرْضَعَتْ وَنَضَعُ كُلُّ ذَات حَمْل حَمْلَهَا وَتَرَى ٱلنَّاسَ سُكَدْرَى وَمَا هُم بِسُكَارَىٰ وَلَكَنَّ عَذَابَ الله شَديدٌ ﴿ وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يُجَدِدُ فِي ٱلله بِغَيْرِ علْم وَيَتَّبِعُ كُلَّ شَيْطَانٍ مَّرِيد ﴿ اللَّهِ عَلَم اللَّهِ عَلَم ا كُتَبَ عَلَيْهُ أَنَّهُ مِن تَولًا هُ فَأَنَّهُ يُضِلُّهُ وَيَهْدِيهِ إِنَّى عَذَاب ٱلسَّعير ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِن كُنتُمْ فِي رَيْبِ مَنَ ٱلْبَعْثِ فَإِنَّا خَلَقْنَكُمُ مِن رُزَاب ثُمَّ مِن نُطْفَة ثُمَّ مَنْ عَلَقَة ثُمَّ مِن مُّضْفَة تُحَلَّقَة وَغَيْر كُخَلَّقَة لَنُبَيِّنَ لَكُمْ وَنُقرُ فِ ٱلْأَرْحَام مَا نَشَآهُ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَل مُسَمَّى ثُمَّ نُخْرِجُكُمْ طَفْلًا ثُمَّ لَتَبْلُغُواْ أَشُدَّكُمُّ وَمنكُم مَّن يُتَوَفِّي وَمنكُم مَّن يُرَدُّ إِلَىٰٓ أَرْدَل ٱلْعُمْرِ لِكَيْلًا يَعْلَمُ مَنْ بَعْد علْم شَيْعًا ۗ وَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا أَزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْمَاءَ اهْتَرَّتْ وَرَبَتْ وَأَنْبَلَتْ

- 2. On the day when ye behold it, every nursing mother will forget her nursling and every pregnant one will be delivered of her burden, and thou (Muhammad) wilt see mankind as drunken, yet they will not be drunken, but the Doom of Allah will be strong (upon them).
- 3. Among mankind is he who disputeth concerning Allah without knowledge, and followeth each froward devil;
- 4. For him it is decreed that whoso taketh him for friend, he verily will mislead him and will guide him to the punishment of the Flame.
- 5. O mankind! if ye are in doubt concerning the Resurrection, then lo! We have created you from dust, then from a drop of seed, then from a clot, then from a little lump of flesh shapely and shapeless, that We may make (it) clear for you. And We cause what We will to remain in the wombs for an appointed time, and afterward We bring you forth as infants, then (give you growth) that ye attain your full strength. And among you there is he who dieth (young), and among you there is he who is brought back to the most abject time of life, so that, after knowledge, he knoweth naught. And thou (Muhammad) seest the earth barren, but when We send down water thereon, it doth thrill and swell

مِن كُلِّ زَوْجٍ بَهِيجٍ ۞ ذَالكَ بأنَّ اللهَ هُوَ ٱلْحَـٰقُ وَأَنَّهُ يُحْى الْمَوْتَىٰ وَأَنَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ وَأَنَّ السَّاعَةَ ءَاتيَةٌ لَّارَيْبَ فيكَ وَأَنَّ اللهَ يَبْعَثُ مَن في ٱلْقُبُور ٢ وَمنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يُجَلدلُ في الله بغَيْرِ علْم وَلا هُدَى وَلَا كَتَكِ مُنير رَبُّ ثَانَى عَطْفه عَلَيْضًا عَن سَبيل الله لَهُ فِ الدُّنْكَ حزْيٌ وَنُذيقُهُ ويَوْمَ الْقَيَامَة عَذَابَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ ﴿ ذَاكَ بَمَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاكُ وَأَنَّ اللَّهُ لَيْسَ بِظَلَّهِ لَلْعَبِيدِ رَبُّ وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَعْبُدُ ٱللهُ عَلَى حَرْفَ فَإِنَّ أَصَابَهُۥ خَدْرٌ ٱطْمَأَنَّ بِهُ ء وَ إِنْ أَصَابَتُهُ فَتْنَةٌ ٱنقَلَبَ عَلَىٰ وَجْهِهِ عَصَرَ الدُّنْيَ ۚ وَٱلْآخِرَةُ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْخُسْرَانُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ٢٠ يَدُّعُواْ من دُون ٱلله مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُ, وَمَا لَا يَنْعُوهُ ذَالِكَ هُوَ الضَّلَالُ ٱلْبَعِيدُ ﴿ يَنْ يَدُّواْ لَمَن ضَرُّهُ ۖ أَقْرَبُ and put forth every lovely kind1 (of growth).

- 6. That is because Allah, He is the Truth and because He quickeneth the dead, and because He is Able to do all things;
- 7. And because the Hour will come, there is no doubt thereof; and because Allah will raise those who are in the graves.
- 8. And among mankind is he who disputeth concerning Allah without knowledge or guidance or a scripture giving light,
- 9. Turning away in pride to beguile (men) from the way of Allah. For him in this world is ignominy, and on the Day of Resurrection We make him taste the doom of burning.
- 10. (And unto him it will be said): This is for that which thy two hands have sent before, and because Allah is no oppressor of His slaves.
- 11. And among mankind is he who worshippeth Allah upon a narrow marge so that if good befalleth him he is content therewith, but if a trial befalleth him, he falleth away utterly. He loseth both the world and the Hereafter. That is the sheer loss.²
- 12. He calleth, beside Allah, unto that which hurteth him not nor benefiteth him. That is the far error.
 - 13. He calleth unto him whose harm is nearer than his

Or "every lovely pair." Prof. Ghamrawi who helped me in the revision of the text kept exclaiming on the subtlety and wealth of meaning of every expression used in the Qur'an concerning natural phenomena. Thus the word "pair" occurs often in the sense of "species," commemorating the fact that every growth of the earth exists as male and female. See particularly XXXVI, 36.—Tr.

* Tradition says that the reference is to certain Arabs who came to the Prophet at Al-Madinah and professed Al-Islâm; then, if they prospered in a worldly sense, they were content, but if they had to suffer at all they relapsed to idolatry.

مَن نَّفُعهُ عَلَيْكُ لَلَّهُ لَكُ وَلَبَيْسَ ٱلْعَشِيرُ ١ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُدْ خُلُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتِ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَدُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يُرِيدُ ﴿ مَن كَانَ يَظُنُّ أَن لَّن يَنصُرُهُ اللهُ في الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَة فَلْيَمُّدُدْ سَبَب إِلَى ٱلسَّمَاء ثُمَّ لَيَقَطَعَ فَلْيَنظُرْ هَلْ يُذْهِبَنَّ كَيْدُور مَا يَغيظُ ٢٠٠٠ وَكَذَاكَ أَزَلْنَهُ ءَايَت بَيَّنَت وَأَنَّ اللهَ يَهْدى مَرِ يُريدُ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَالَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَالصَّاعِينَ وَالنَّصَـٰرَى وَالْمَجُوسَ وَالَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ إِنَّ اللهَ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَيَامَةَ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدً ١ أَلَوْ تَرَأَنَّ الله يَسْجُدُلُهُ مَن فِي السَّمَوَات وَمَن فِي الْأَرْض وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ وَالنَّجُومُ وَالْجَبَالُ وَالشَّجْرُ وَالدَّوَابُّ وَكَثِيرٌ مَنَ النَّاسُ وَكَثِيرٌ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ الْعَلَابُ وَمَن يُهِن benefit; verily an evil patron and verily an evil friend!

- 14. Lo! Allah causeth those who believe and do good works to enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow. Lo! Allah doth what He intendeth.
- 15. Whoso is wont to think (through envy) that Allah will not give him (Muhammad) victory in the world and the Hereafter (and is enraged at the thought of his victory), let him stretch a rope up to the roof (of his dwelling), and let him hang himself. Then let him see whether his strategy dispelleth that whereat he rageth!
- 16. Thus We reveal it as plain revelations, and verily Allah guideth whom He will.
- 17. Lo! those who believe (this revelation), and those who are Jews, and the Sabaeans and the Christians and the Magians and the idolaters—Lo! Allah will decide between them on the Day of Resurrection. Lo! Allah is Witness over all things.
- 18. Hast thou not seen that unto Allah payeth adoration whosoever is in the heavens and whosoever is in the earth, and the sun, and the moon, and the stars, and the hills, and the trees, and the beasts, and many of mankind, while there are many unto whom the doom is justly due. He whom Allah

¹ The meaning is that Allah will undoubtedly cause the Prophet to triumph in both worlds, and therefore his opponents have no strategy save that of despair.

اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ ومن مُّكَرِمُ إِنَّ اللهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ رَبِي * هَلْذَان خَصْمَان ٱخْتَصَمُواْ فِي رَبِّهُمْ فَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ قُطَّعَتْ لَهُمْ ثِيابٌ مِّن نَّار يُصَبُّ من فَوْق رُمُ وسهمُ ٱلْحَمْمُ إِنَّ يُصْهَرُ به عَمَا في بُطُونهم وَٱلْجُلُودُ ٢ وَهَمُ مَقَدْمِعُ مِنْ حَدِيد ﴿ كُلَّمَاۤ أَرَادُوۤاْ أَن يَخْرُجُواْ منهاً منْ غَمَّ أُعيدُواْ فيهَا وَذُوتُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْحَرِيقِ رَبِّي إِنَّ اللهَ يُدْخُلُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَملُواْ الصَّالَحَات جَنَّات تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَثْهَارُ يُحَلَّوْنَ فِهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِ رَ مِن ذَهَب وَلُوْلُوَا ۚ وَلَبَاسُهُمْ فَيَهَا حَرِيرٌ ﴿ وَهُدُواْ إِلَى ٱلطَّيْبِ مِنَ ٱلْقَوْلُ وَهُدُواْ إِلَّى صَرَاطَ ٱلْحَميد ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبيل الله وَ الْمَسْجِد الْحَرَام الَّذي جَعَلْنَكُ النَّاس سَوآةً ٱلْعَلَافُ فيه وَٱلْبَادَ وَمَن يُردُ فيه بإلْحَاد scorneth, there is none to give him honour. Lo! Allah doeth what He will.

- 19. These twain (the believers and the disbelievers) are two opponents who contend concerning their Lord. But as for those who disbelieve, garments of fire will be cut out for them; boiling fluid will be poured down on their heads,
- 20. Whereby that which is in their bellies, and their skins too. will be melted:
 - 21. And for them are hooked rods of iron.
- 22. Whenever, in their anguish, they would go forth from thence they are driven back therein and (it is said unto them): Taste the doom of burning.
- 23. Lo! Allah will cause those who believe and do good works to enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will be allowed armlets of gold, and pearls, and their raiment therein will be silk.
- 24. They are guided unto gentle speech; they are guided unto the path of the Glorious One.
- 25. Lo! those who disbelieve and bar (men) from the way of Allah and from the Inviolable Place of Worship, which We have appointed for mankind together, the dweller therein and the nomad: whosoever seeketh wrongful partiality

بظُلْم نَّذَقُهُ مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلْمِهِ رَبُّ وَإِذْ بَوَّأَ نَا لِإِبْرَاهِمَ مَكَانَ ٱلْبَيْتِ أَن لَّا تُشْرِكُ بِي شَيْءًا وَطَهْرْ بَيْتِي للطَّآ بِفِينَ وَٱلْقَآ مِينَ وَٱلرُّكِّعِ ٱلسُّجُود ﴿ وَأَذِّن فِي ٱلنَّاسِ بِٱلْحَيَجَ يَأْ تُوكَ رَجَالًا وَعَلَىٰ كُلُّ ضَامر يَأْتِينَ مِن كُلِّ فَجْ عَمِق ٢ لَّيَشْهَدُواْ مَنَنفَعَ لَهُمْ وَيَذْكُرُ واْ السَّمَ الله في أَيَّام مَّعْلُومَنت عَلَى مَارَزَقَهُم مَّنْ بَهِيمَة ٱلْأَنْعَلَمُ فَكُلُواْ مَنْهَا وَأَطْعَمُواْ ٱلْبَايِسَ ٱلْفَقيرَ ﴿ مَن مُ لَيَقْضُواْ تَفَثَهُمْ وَلْيُوفُواْ أَنُدُو رَهُمْ وَلْيَطَّوْفُواْ بِالْبَيْتِ الْعَتِيقِ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ وَمَن يُعَظِّمُ حُرَّمَت ٱللهُ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُ عَنْ لَدَّ رَبُّهُ عَ وَأَحَلَّتْ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَنْعَلَمُ إِلَّا مَا يُسْلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ فَأَجْتَنبُواْ ٱلرَّجْسَ مِنَ ٱلْأَوْتَلنِ وَٱجْتَنْبُواْ قُولَ ٱلزُّورِ ﴿ صَيْفَاءَ اللَّهُ غَيْرَ مُشْرِكِينَ بِهُ ــ وَمَن يُشْرِكُ بِآلله فَكَأَنَّمَا حُرَّ منَ السَّمَاء فَتَخْطَفُهُ الطَّيْرُ therein, him We shall cause to taste a painful doom.

- 26. And (remember) when We prepared for Abraham the place of the (holy) House, saying: Ascribe thou no thing as partner unto Me, and purify My House for those who make the round (thereof) and those who stand and those who bow and make prostration.
- 27. And proclaim unto mankind the pilgrimage. They will come unto thee on foot and on every lean camel; they will come from every deep ravine,
- 28. That they may witness things that are of benefit to them, and mention the name of Allah on appointed days over the beast of cattle that He hath bestowed upon them. Then eat thereof and feed therewith the poor unfortunate.
- 29. Then let them make an end of their unkemptness and pay their vows and go around the ancient House.
- 30. That (is the command). And whoso magnifieth the sacred things of Allah, it will be well for him in the sight of his Lord. The cattle are lawful unto you save that which hath been told you. So shun the filth of idols, and shun lying speech,
- 31. Turning unto Allah (only), not ascribing partners unto Him; for whoso ascribeth partners unto Allah, it is as if he had fallen from the sky and the birds had snatched him or the

¹ Ⅱ, 196 €.

أَوْتَهُوى به ٱلرِّيحُ في مَكَان سَحيق ﴿ إِنِّي ذَاكَ وَمَن يُعَظَّمُ شَعَتْمِرَ الله فَإِنَّهَا مِن تَقْوَى ٱلْقُلُوبِ ﴿ لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنْفَعُ إِلَىٰ أَجَل مُسَمَّى ثُمَّ عَلْهَا إِلَى ٱلْبَيْتِ ٱلْعَنِيقِ ﴿ وَلَكُلُّ أُمَّةً جَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا لَيَذْ كُرُواْ آمْمَ اللهُ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُم مَّنْ بَهِيمَة ٱلْأَنْعَامُ فَإِلَّالُهُكُمْ إِلَّهُ وَاحَدٌ فَلَهُ وَأَسْلُمُواًّ وَبَشِّر ٱلْمُخْبِتِينَ ٢٠ الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ ٱللهُ وَجِلَتْ قُلُو بُهُمْ وَالصَّارِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَصَابَهُمْ وَالْمُقيمي الصَّلَوْة وَمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفقُونَ ١٥٥ وَالْبُدْنَ جَعَلْنَاهَا لَكُم من شَعَتير ٱلله لَكُمْ فيهَا خَمِيرٌ فَأَذْكُرُواْ ٱسْمَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهَا صَوَآفً فَإِذَا وَجَبَتْ جُنُوبُهَا فَكُلُواْ مَنْكَ وَأَطْعِمُواْ ٱلْقَانِعَ وَٱلْمُعَرَّ ۚ كَذَاكَ سَخَّ نَنْهَا لَكُو لَعَلَّكُوْ أَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ لَنَ يَنَالُ الله لَحُومُهَا وَلا دَمَا زُهَا وَلَكِن يَنَا لُهُ التَّقْرَى منكُمُّ

- 32. That (is the command). And whoso magnifieth the offerings consecrated to Allah, it surely is from devotion of the hearts.
- 33. Therein are benefits for you for an appointed term; and afterward they are brought for sacrifice unto the ancient House.
- 34. And for every nation have We appointed a ritual, that they may mention the name of Allah over the beast of cattle that He hath given them for food;² and your God is One God, therefor surrender unto Him. And give good tidings (O Muhammad) to the humble,
- 35. Whose hearts fear when Allah is mentioned, and the patient of whatever may befall them, and those who establish worship and who spend of that We have bestowed on them.
- 36. And the camels! We have appointed them among the ceremonies of Allah. Therein ye have much good. So mention the name of Allah over them when they are drawn up in lines. Then when their flanks fall (dead), eat thereof and feed the beggar and the suppliant. Thus have We made them subject unto you, that haply ye may give thanks.
- 37. Their flesh and their blood reach not Allah, but the devotion from you reacheth Him. Thus have We made

² In order that they may realise the awfulness of taking life, and the solemn nature of the trust which Allah has imposed on them in the permission to eat animal food.

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² The slaughter of animals for food for the poor which is one of the ceremonies of the Muslim pilgrimage is not a propiriatory sacrifice, but is in commemoration of the sacrifice of Abraham which marked the end of human sacrifices for the Semitic race, and which made it clear that the only sacrifice which Allah requires of man is the Surrender of his will and purpose—i.e. Al-Islam.

كَذَاكَ سَخَّرَهَا لَكُمْ لِنُكَبِّرُواْ ٱللهَ عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰكُمَّ وَبَشِّر ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱيدَافِعُ عَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاً إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ لَا يُحَبُّ كُلَّ حَوَّان كَفُور (إِنِّي أَذَنَ للَّذِينَ يُقَدَّلُونَ بِأَنَّهُمْ ظُلُمُوا ۚ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ نَصْرِهِمْ لَقَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بِنَ أَنْوَجُواْ مِن دَيَدرهم بغَيْر حَقّ إِلَّا أَن يَقُولُواْ رَبُّنَا ٱللَّهُ وَلَوْلَا دَفْمُ اللهُ النَّاسَ بَعْضَهُم بَبَعْض لَمُّـذَّمَتْ صَوَامعُ وَبِيَحٌ وَصَلَوَاتٌ وَمَسَاجِدُ يُذْكِرُ فِيهَا أَشُمُ الله كَثْمِرًا وَلَيْنَصُرَنَّ ٱللهُ مَن يَنصُرُهُ إِنَّ ٱللهَ لَقُوىٌّ عَن يَرُ ٢ ٱلَّذِينَ إِن مَّكَّنَّنُّهُمْ فِي ٱلأَرْضِ أَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوَةَ وَءَاتُواْ الزَّكَوٰةَ وَأَمَرُواْ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَنَهَوْاْ عَنِ ٱلْمُنَكِّرُ وَللْهَ عَنْقَبَةُ ٱلْأُمُورِ ﴿ وَإِن يُكَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوح وَعَادٌ وَتَمُودُ ١٠٠٠ وَقَوْمُ إِبْرَهِمَ وَقَوْمُ لُوط ١٠٠٠ them subject unto you that ye may magnify Allah that He hath guided you. And give good tidings (O Muhammad) to the good.

- 38. Lo! Allah defendeth those who are true. Lo! Allah loveth not each treacherous ingrate.
- 39. Sanction is given unto those who fight because they have been wronged; and Allah is indeed Able to give them victory;
- 40. Those who have been driven from their homes unjustly only because they said: Our Lord is Allah—For had it not been for Allah's repelling some men by means of others, cloisters and churches and oratories and mosques, wherein the name of Allah is oft mentioned, would assuredly have been pulled down. Verily Allah helpeth one who helpeth Him. Lo! Allah is Strong, Almighty—
- 41. Those who, if We give them power in the land, establish worship and pay the poor-due and enjoin kindness and forbid iniquity. And Allah's is the sequel of events.
- 42. If they deny thee (Muhammad), even so the folk of Noah, and (the tribes of) A'âd and Thamûd, before thee, denied (Our messengers);
 - 43. And the folk of Abraham and the folk of Lot;

وَأَصْحَابُ مَـدْيَنَ وَكُنَّبَ مُوسَىٰ فَأَمْلَيْتُ للْكَلفرينَ مُمَّ أَخَذْتُهُم ۚ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكير ﴿ مَنَ فَكَأَيْنِ مِن قَرْيَة أَهْلَكْنَاهَا وَهِيَ ظَالَمَةٌ فَهِيَ خَاوِيَّةٌ عَلَى عُرُوسَهَا وَبْرُ مُعَطَّلَة وَقَصْر مَّشيد رَيِّ أَفَكُمْ يَسيرُواْ في ٱلْأَرْض فَتَكُونَ لَمُ مُ قُلُوبٌ يَعْقَلُونَ بَهَ ۚ أَوْ ءَاذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بَهَ فَإِنَّهَا لَا تَعْمَى الْأَبْصَارُ وَلَكُن تَعْمَى الْقُلُوبُ الَّتي في الصُّدُورِ ﴿ وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِٱلْعَذَابِ وَلَن يُخْلَفَ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ وَ إِنَّ يَوْمًا عِندَ رَبِّكَ كَأَ لَف سَنَة مَّا تَعَدُّونَ ١ وَكَأَيْنِ مِن قَرْيَة أَمْلَيْتُ هَا وَهِي ظَالَمَةُ ثُمَّ أَخَذْتُهَا وَ إِنَّ الْمَصِيرُ فَيْ قُلْ يَنَأَيُّ النَّاسُ إِنَّكَ أَنَالَكُمْ نَذيرٌمُّبينٌ ﴿ فَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلَحَاتِ لَهُمُ مَّغَفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كُرِيمٌ رَبِّي وَالَّذِينَ سَعَوْاْ فِي عَايَنتُنَا مُعَاجِزِينَ 44. (And) the dwellers in Midian. And Moses was denied; but I indulged the disbelievers a long while, then I seized them, and how (terrible) was My abhorrence!

- 45. How many a township have We destroyed while it was sinful, so that it lieth (to this day) in ruins, and (how many) a deserted well and lofty tower!
- 46. Have they not travelled in the land, and have they hearts wherewith to feel and ears wherewith to hear? For indeed it is not the eyes that grow blind, but it is the hearts, which are within the bosoms, that grow blind.
- 47. And they will bid thee hasten on the Doom, and Allah faileth not His promise, but lo! a Day with Allah is as a thousand years of what ye reckon.
- 48. And how many a township did I suffer long though it was sinful! Then I grasped it. Unto Me is the return.
 - 49. Say: O mankind! I am only a plain warner unto you.
- 50. Those who believe and do good works, for them is pardon and a rich provision;
 - 51. While those who strive to thwart Our revelations,

أُوْلَيْكِ أَصْعَلُ الْجَحِمِ رَبِّي وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ مِن رَّسُول وَلَا نَبِيّ إِلَّا إِذَا تَمَنَّىٰ أَلْنَى ٱلشَّيْطَانُ فِي أَمْنِيَّتُهُ ء فَيَنْسَخُ اللَّهُ مَا يُلْقِي الشَّيْطَانُ ثُمَّ يَحْكُمُ اللَّهُ ءَايَلته ع وَاللَّهُ عَلَمُ حَكُمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ لَيَجْعَلَ مَا يُلْتِي ٱلشَّيْطَانُ فَتُنَّةً لَلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ وَٱلْقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ لَغِي شِفَاقِ بَعِيد ﴿ وَ لَيَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ أُونُواْ الْعَلَّمُ أَنَّهُ ٱلْحَتَّ مِن رَّبِّكَ فَيُوْمِنُواْ بِهِ عَنَتُخْبَتَ لَهُ, قُلُوبُهُمْ ۖ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَهَاد ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِلَىٰ صَرَاط مُّسْتَقبِ مِ ﴿ وَلَا يَزَالُ ٱلَّذِينَ ﴿ كَفَرُواْ فِي مِنْ يَهُ مَنْهُ حَتَىٰ تَأْتَيْهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً أَوْ يَأْتَيْهُمْ عَذَابُ يَوْمِ عَقْيِمِ رَثَقَ ٱلْمُلْكُ يَوْمَيِذَ لَلْهَ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ فَالَّذِينَ وَامَّنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَاتِ في جَنَّاتِ ٱلنَّعِيمِ ٢ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَايِنتَنَا فَأُولَتِهِكَ لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ **3 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0**

such are rightful owners of the Fire.

- 52. Never sent We a messenger or a prophet before thee but when He recited (the message) Satan proposed (opposition) in respect of that which he recited thereof. But Allah abolisheth that which Satan proposeth. Then Allah establisheth His revelations. Allah is Knower, Wise;
- 53. That He may make that which the devil proposeth a temptation for those in whose hearts is a disease, and those whose hearts are hardened—Lo! the evil-doers are in open schism—
- 54. And that those who have been given knowledge may know that it is the truth from thy Lord, so that they may believe therein and their hearts may submit humbly unto Him. Lo! Allah verily is guiding those who believe unto a right path.
- 55. And those who disbelieve will not cease to be in doubt thereof until the Hour come upon them unawares, or there come unto them the doom of a disastrous day.
- 56. The Sovereignty on that day will be Allah's, He will judge between them. Then those who believed and did good works will be in Gardens of Delight,
- 57. While those who disbelieved and denied Our revelations, for them will be a shameful doom.

مُّهِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّ وَالَّذِينَ هَا جَرُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ قُتُلُواْ أَوْمَاتُواْ كَيْرُزُقَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ رَزَّقًا حَسَنًّا وَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُوَخَيْرُ الزَّازَقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ لَيْدُخُلَتْهُمْ مَدْخُلاً يَرْضُونَهُ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ لَعَلَيمٌ خَلَيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَعَلَيمٌ خَلَيمٌ ﴿ * ذَاكَ وَمَنْ عَاقَبَ بِمثل مَا عُوقَبَ بِهِ عُمَّ بُغيَ عَلَيْه لَيَنْصُرَنَّهُ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَعَفُوٌّ غَفُورٌ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُولِجُ الَّيْلَ في النَّهَارِ وَيُولِجُ النَّهَارَ في الَّيْلِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ وَإِنَّ مَانَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَتَّ وَأَنَّ مَا يَدْعُونَ من دُونه عُهُوَ ٱلْبَنطلُ وَأَنَّ ٱللهَ هُوَ ٱلْعَلَّى ٱلْكَبيرُ ﴿ أَلَمْ تَرَأَنَّ اللهُ أَثْرَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَنُصْبِحُ الْأَرْضُ مُخْضَرَّةً إِنَّ ٱللهَ لَطِيفٌ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُواتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ وَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَمُوالَعَنَّى ٱلْحَميدُ ﴿ أَلَوْ الْعَلَى الْحَميدُ ﴿ أَلَوْ تَرَأَنَّ اللهُ سَخَّرَ لَكُم مَّا في الْأَرْضِ وَٱلْفُلْكَ تَجْرى



- 58. Those who fled their homes for the cause of Allah and then were slain or died, Allah verily will provide for them a good provision. Lo! Allah, He verily is Best of all who make provision.
- 59. Assuredly He will cause them to enter by an entry that they will love. Lo! Allah verily is Knower, Indulgent.
- 60. That (is so). And whoso hath retaliated with the like of that which he was made to suffer and then hath (again) been wronged, Allah will succour him. Lo! Allah verily is Mild, Forgiving.
- 61. That is because Allah maketh the night to pass into the day and maketh the day to pass into the night, and because Allah is Hearer, Seer.
- 62. That is because Allah, He is the True, and that whereon they call instead of Him, it is the False, and because Allah, He is the High, the Great.
- 61. Seest thou not how Allah sendeth down water from the sky and then the earth becometh green upon the morrow? Lo! Allah is Subtile, Aware.
- 64. Unto Him belongeth all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. Lo! Allah, He verily is the Absolute, the Owner of Praise.
- 65. Hast thou not seen how Allah hath made all that is in the earth subservient unto you? And the ship runneth upon

في الْبَحْرِ بِأُمْرِهِ ء وَيُمْسِكُ السَّمَاءَ أَنْ تَقَعَ عَلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهَ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بَالنَّاسَ لَرَهُ وفٌ رَّحهٌ ﴿ وَهُو َ الَّذِيَّ أَحْبَا كُرْثُمَّ بُمِنُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْمِيكُمْ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ لَكَفُورٌ ١٥ لَكُلُّ أُمَّة جَعَلْنَا مَنسَكًا هُمْ نَاسكُوهُ فَلَا يُنْزَعُنَّكَ فِي ٱلْأَمْرُ وَآدْعُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ إِنَّكَ لَعَلَىٰ هُدًى مُسْتَقيد ﴿ وَإِن جَلدَلُوكَ فَقُل اللهُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة فِيمَا كُنتُمْ فِيه تَخْتَلَفُونَ ٢٠ أَلَر تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا في السَّمَاء وَٱلْأَرْضَ إِنَّ ذَالِكَ فِي كَتَلْبُ إِنَّ ذَالِكَ عَلَى ٱلله يَسيرُ رَبِّ وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونَ اللهُ مَا لَرَ يُزَلُّ بِهِ مُلْطَكْنَا وَمَا لَيْسَ لَمُم به ع علم وَمَا للظَّلمينَ من نَّصير ١١٠ وَإِذَا نُعْلَى عَلَيْهُمْ اَيَانُنَا بَيَّنَتِ تَعْرِفُ فِي وُجُوهِ الَّذِينَ كَغَرُواْ

the sea by His command, and He holdeth back the heaven from falling on the earth unless by His leave. Lo! Allah is, for mankind, Full of Pity, Merciful.

- 66. And He it is Who gave you life, then He will cause you to die, and then will give you life (again). Lo! man is verily an ingrate.
- 67. Unto each nation have We given sacred rites which they are to perform; so let them not dispute with thee of the matter, but summon thou unto thy Lord. Lo! thou indeed followest right guidance.
- 68. And if they wrangle with thee, say: Allah is Best Aware of what ye do.
- 69. Allah will judge between you on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein ye used to differ.
- 70. Hast thou not known that Allah knoweth all that is in the heaven and the earth? Lo! it is in a record. Lo! that is easy for Allah.
- 71. And they worship instead of Allah that for which He hath sent down no warrant, and that whereof they have no knowledge. For evil-doers there is no helper.
- 72. And when Our revelations are recited unto them, thou knowest the denial in the faces of those who disbelieve; they

الحزء السابع عشر المتورجية المتعارض ا

ٱلْمُنكَرِّ يَكَادُونَ يَسْطُونَ بِٱلَّذِينَ يَتْلُونَ عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنتَنَا عُلَّ أَفَأَنَبُّكُمُ بِشَرَّ مَن ذَالكُمُّ ٱلنَّارُ وَعَدَهَا ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِيرَ. كَفَرُواْ وَبِئْسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ رَبِّي يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ ضُرِبَ مَثَلٌ فَآسْـنَّمُعُواْ لَهُ ۗ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللهُ لَرِ. يَخْلُقُواْ ذُبَاباً وَلَو ٱجْتَمَعُواْ لَكُرُ وَ إِن يَسْلُبْهُمُ ٱلذُّبَابُ شَيْحاً لَّا يَسْتَنقذُوهُ مَنْهُ ضَعُفَ ٱلطَّالُبُ وَٱلْمَطْلُوبُ رَبِّ مَا قَدَرُ واْ اللَّهَ حَقَّ قَدْرهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَقُويٌّ عَرْيَزٌ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَصْطَنِي مِنَ ٱلْمَلَتَكِمَةُ رُسُلًا وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسَ إِنَّ ٱللهَ سَمِيعُ بَصِيرٌ ١٠٠ يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَإِلَى الله تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱرَّكُمُواْ وَٱشْجُـدُواْ وَاعْبُدُواْ رَبَّكُمْ وَافْعَلُواْ الْخَيْرَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ ٢٠٠٠ وَجَلِهُ وَأَ فِي اللَّهِ حَتَّى جِهَاده ع هُوَ أَجْتَبُلُكُمْ وَمَا جَعَـاً.



all but attack those who recite Our revelations unto them. Say: Shall I proclaim unto you worse than that? The Fire! Allah hath promised it for those who disbelieve. A hapless journey's end!

- 73. O mankind! A similitude is coined, so pay ye heed to it: Lo! those on whom ye call beside Allah will never create a fly though they combine together for the purpose. And if the fly took something from them, they could not rescue it from it. So weak are (both) the seeker and the sought!
- 74. They measure not Allah His rightful measure. Lo! Allah is Strong, Almighty.
- 75. Allah chooseth from the angels messengers, and (also) from mankind. Lo! Allah is Hearer, Seer.
- 76. He knoweth all that is before them and all that is behind them, and unto Allah all things are returned.
- 77. O ye who believe! Bow down and prostrate yourselves, and worship your Lord, and do good, that haply ye may prosper.
- 78. And strive for Allah with the endeavour which is His right. He hath chosen you and hath not laid upon you in

عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ مِنْ حَرَجٌ مِلَةَ أَبِيكُمْ إِبْرَاهِمَ هُوَ سَمَّلَكُمُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ مِن قَبْلُ وَفِي هَلْذَا لِيكُونَ الرَّسُولُ شَهِيدًا عَلَيْكُمْ وَتَكُونُواْ شُهِدًا عَلَى النَّاسِ فَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَاةَ عَلَى النَّاسِ فَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَاةَ وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بِاللهُ هُوَمُولَلَكُمُ فَيْعُمَ الْمَوْلَى وَاتُواْ الزَّكُوةَ وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بِاللهُ هُومَوْلَلَكُمُ فَيْعُمَ الْمَوْلَى وَاتُواْ الزَّكُوةَ وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بِاللهِ هُومَوْلَلَكُمُ فَيْعُمَ الْمَوْلَى وَاللهُ وَاللهُ فَي مَوْلَلَكُمْ فَيْعُمَ الْمَوْلَى وَاللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ هُومَوْلَلَكُمْ فَي عَلَى اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ ال

(۲۳) سُوْرَةِ المؤمِّنونُ مَكَيْتِ وآياتُها ۱۱۸ نزلتْ بَعْدَالِانْبِيَاء

بِنْ لِيَّالِ الْمُعْرِ الْرَحِيمِ

قَدْ أَفْلَحَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ هُمْ فِي صَلَا بَهِمْ خَشِعُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ عَنِ اللَّفُو مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ لِفُرُوجِهِمْ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ لِلزَّكُوٰةِ فَلْعِلُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ لِفُرُوجِهِمْ



religion any hardship; the faith of your father Abraham (is yours). He hath named you Muslims1 of old time and in this (Scripture), that the messenger may be a witness against you, and that ye may be witnesses against mankind. So establish worship, pay the poor-due, and hold fast to Allah. He is your Protecting Friend. A blessed Patron and a blessed Helper!

SÜRAH XXIII

Al Mu'minun, "The Believers," is so named from a word occurring in the first verse or, it may be said, from its subject, which is the triumph of believers. It is considered to be the last of the sûrahs revealed at Mecca, immediately before the Prophet's flight to Yathrib (Al-Madînah).

A late Meccan sûrah.

THE BELIEVERS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Successful indeed are the believers
- 2. Who are humble in their prayers,
- 2. And who shun vain conversation,
- 4. And who are payers of the poor-due;5. And who guard their modesty—

حَفظُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَلَيْ أَزْوَاجِهِمْ أَوْمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ غَيْرُ مُلُومِينَ ﴿ فَمَنَ أَبْتَغَيْ وَرَآءَ ذَالِكَ فَأُولَنَيْكَ هُمُ ٱلْعَادُونَ ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ لاَّ مَلَنَتِهِمْ وَعَهْدِهِمْ رَّعُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَوَا تَهُمْ بُحَافِظُونَ ﴾ أُوْلَنَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْوَارِثُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّذِينَ يَرَثُونَ الْفَرْدُوسَ هُمَّ فيهَا تَحْدَلُدُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَ الَّإِنْسَانَ مِن سُلَالَة مَّن طين ﴿ مُنَّ جَعَلْنَكُ نُطْفَةً فِي قَرَارِ مَّكِينِ ﴿ مُنَّ مُمَّا خَلَقْنَا النَّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْعَلَقَةَ مُضِغَةً فَخَلَقْنَا ٱلْمُضْغَةَ عظَامًا فَكَسَوْنَا ٱلْعظَامَ لَحْمَا ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْنَهُ خَلْقًا ءَاتَر فَنَبَارَكَ اللهُ أُحْسَنُ الْخَلْقِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ إِنَّاكُمُ بَعْدَ ذَاكَ لَمَيْتُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ تُبْعَثُونَ ﴿ ثَالَّ لَكُمْ لِنَاكُمْ لَهُ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعَ طَرَآيِقَ وَمَا كُنَّا عَنِ ٱلْخَلْق

- 6. Save from their wives or the (slaves) that their right hands possess, for then they are not blameworthy,
 - 7. But whoso craveth beyond that, such are transgressors-
- 8. And who are shepherds of their pledge and their covenant.
 - 9. And who pay heed to their prayers.
 - 10. These are the heirs
 - 11. Who will inherit paradise. There they will abide.
 - 12. Verily We created man from a product of wet earth;
 - 13. Then placed him as a drop (of seed) in a safe lodging;
- 14. Then fashioned We the drop a clot, then fashioned We the clot a little lump, then fashioned We the little lump bones, then clothed the bones with flesh, and then produced it as another creation. So blessed be Allah, the Best of creators!
 - 15. Then lo! after that ye surely die.
- 16. Then lol on the Day of Resurrection ye are raised (again).
- 17. And We have created above you seven paths, and We are never unmindful of creation.

غَيْفِلِينَ ١٠٠٥ وَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَآءً بِقَدَر فَأَسْكَنَّكُ فى ٱلْأَرْضُ وَ إِنَّا عَلَىٰ ذَهَابِ بِهِ مَ لَقَنْدُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا عَلَىٰ ذَهُا فَأَنْشَأْنَا لَكُوبِهِ ء جَنَّت مَّن لَّخيل وَأَعْنَلِ لَّكُو فيهَا فَوَا كُهُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمَنْهَا مَأْكُلُونَ ١٠٠ وَشَجَرَةً كَغُرُجُ مِن طُور سَيْنَاءَ تَنْبُتُ بِالدُّهْنِ وَصِبْغِ لَلَّاكِلِينَ رَبِّي وَإِنَّا لَكُمْ في ٱلْأَنْعَامِ لَعَبْرَةٌ نُسْفِيكُم مَّنَّا في بُطُونَهَا وَلَكُمْ فيهَا مَنْفَعُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمَنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ وَعَلَيْهَا وَعَلَى ٱلْفُلْك تُحْمَلُونَ رَبُّ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِنَّى قَوْمه، فَقَالَ يَلقَوْم ٱعْبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَا لَكُم مَنْ إِلَنه غَيْرُهُۥ أَفَلَا نَتَقُونَ ﴿ فَقَالَ ٱلْمَلَوُّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ مَا هَٰذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرٌّ مَّتْلُكُمْ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَتَفَضَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَوْ شَآءَ اللهُ لَأَ زَلَ مَلَتَكِكَةُ مَّا سَمَعْنَا بَهِنذَا فِي ءَابَآيِنَا ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا

- 18. And We send down from the sky water in measure, and We give it lodging in the earth, and lo! We are Able to withdraw it.
- 19. Then We produce for you therewith gardens of datepalms and grapes, wherein is much fruit for you and whereof ye eat;
- 20. And a tree that springeth forth from Mount Sinai that groweth oil and relish for the eaters.
- 21. And lo! in the cattle there is verily a lesson for you. We give you to drink of that which is in their bellies, and many uses have ye in them, and of them do ye eat;
 - 22. And on them and on the ship ye are carried.
- 23. And We verily sent Noah unto his folk, and he said: O my people! Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. Will ye not ward off (evil)?
- 24. But the chieftains of his folk, who disbelieved, said: This is only a mortal like you who would make himself superior to you. Had Allah willed, He surely could have sent down angels. We heard not of this in the case of our fathers of old.

رَجُلُ بِهِ عَنْهُ أَنْ مَرَبُّهُ وَا بِهِ عَنَّىٰ حِينِ ﴿ مَا كَالَ رَبِّ انصُرْني بَمَا كُنَّهُون ١٠ فَأُوحِيْنَا إِلَيْهِ أَن اصْنَع الْفُلْكَ بِأَعِيْنَا وَوَحْيِنَا فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَمْ نَا وَفَارَ ٱلتَّنُورُ فَٱسَّكُ فِهَا من كُلِّ زَوْجَيْنِ ٱشْنَيْنِ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا مَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَوْلُ مَنْهُمْ وَلَا تُخَطِبْني في الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ۚ إِنَّهُم مُغْرَفُونَ ۞ فَإِذَا ٱسْتَوَيْتَ أَنتَ وَمَن مَّعَكَ عَلَى ٱلْفُلْك فَقُل ٱلْحَمُّدُ لله ٱلَّذِي نَجَّلْنَا مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلْلَمِينَ ﴿ وَهُلَ رَّبِّ أَزَلْنِي مُنزَلًا مُبَارَكًا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْمُنزلينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَنت وَإِن كُنَّا لَمُبْتَلِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْنَا مَنْ بَعْدهمْ قَرْنًا ءَاخَرِينَ ﴿ فَأَرْسَلْنَا فِيهُ رَسُولًا مَنْهُمْ أَنْ أَعْبُدُواْ ٱللهَ مَالَكُمُ مِّنْ إِلَاهِ غَيْرُهُۥ أَفَلاَ نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلاَّ من قَوْمه اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِلقَاءَ الْآخِرَة وَأَثْرَ فَنَاهُمْ

SÚRAH XXIII

THE BELIEVERS PART XVIII

- 25. He is only a man in whom is a madness, so watch him for a while.
 - 26. He said: My Lord! Help me because they deny me.
- 27. Then We inspired in him, saying: Make the ship under Our eyes and Our inspiration. Then, when Our command cometh and the oven gusheth water, introduce therein of every (kind) two spouses, and thy household save him thereof against whom the Word hath already gone forth. And plead not with Me on behalf of those who have done wrong. Lo! they will be drowned.
- 28. And when thou art on board the ship, thou and whoso is with thee, then say: Praise be to Allah Who hath saved us from the wrongdoing folk!
- 29. And say: My Lord! Cause me to land at a blessed landing-place, for Thou art Best of all who bring to land.
- 30. Lo! herein verily are portents, for lo! We are ever putting (mankind) to the test.
- 31. Then, after them, We brought forth another generation:
- 32. And We sent among them a messenger of their own, saying: Serve Allah. Ye have no other God save Him. Will ye not ward off (evil)?
- 33. And the chieftains of his folk, who disbelieved and denied the meeting of the Hereafter, and whom We had

في الْحَيَوَة الدُّنيا مَا هَنذَا إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّنْكُحُمْ يَأْكُلُ مَّنَّا تَأْكُلُونَ مَنْهُ وَيَشْرَبُ مَّا تَشْرَبُونَ ﴿ وَلَبِنْ أَطَعْتُم بَشَراً مَثْلَكُمْ إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا لَخَلَسُرُونَ ﴿ أَيَعَدُكُمْ أَنَّكُمْ إِذَا مِنْمُ وَكُنْمُ ثُرَابًا وَعَظَلْمًا أَنَّكُمْ ثُغُرَجُونَ ٢ ﴿ هَيْهَاتَ هَيْهَاتَ لَمَا نُوعَدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا ٱلدُّنْيَا تَمُوتُ وَنَحْيَا وَمَا نَحْنُ بَمَبْعُونينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلُ ٱخْتَرَىٰ عَلَى الله كَذَبَّا وَمَا يَحْنُ لَهُ عِنُومنينَ رَبِّي قَالَ رَبِّ انصُرْني بِمَا كَذَّ بُون ﴿ قَالَ عَمَّا قَلِيلِ لَّيُصْبِحُنَّ نَدمينَ نِي فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ الصَّيْحَةُ بِٱلْحَقَّ فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ عُثَالَةً فَبُعْدًا لَلْقَوْمِ الظَّللمِينَ ﴿ يَ ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْ نَا مَنَّ بَعْدِهِمْ قُرُونًا عَاتَم بِنَ ٢٠٠ مَا تَسْبُقُ مَنْ أُمَّة أَجَلَهَا وَمَا يَسْتَعْخُرُونَ ٢٠٠ ثُمَّ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلِنَا تَنْرَآ كُلَّ مَاجَآءَ أُمَّةً رَّسُولُمَا كُذَّبُوهُ



made soft in the life of the world, said: This is only a mortal like you, who eateth of that whereof ye eat and drinketh of that ye drink.

- 34. If ye were to obey a mortal like yourselves, then, lo! ye surely would be losers.
- 35. Doth he promise you that you, when ye are dead and have become dust and bones, will (again) be brought forth?
 - 36. Begone, begone, with that which ye are promised!
- 37. There is naught but our life of the world; we die and we live, and we shall not be raised (again).
- 38. He is only a man who hath invented a lie about Allah. We are not going to put faith in him.
 - 39. He said: My Lord! Help me because they deny me.
- 40. HB said: In a little while they surely will become repentant.
- 41. So the (Awful) Cry overtook them rightfully, and We made them like as wreckage (that a torrent hurleth). A far removal for wrongdoing folk!
 - 42. Then after them We brought forth other generations.
- 43. No nation can outstrip its term, nor yet postpone it.
- 44. Then We sent our messengers one after another. Whenever its messenger came unto a nation they denied him;

فَأَتْبَعْنَا بَعْضُهُم بَعْضُا وَجَعْلَنَاهُمْ أَحَادِيثٌ فَبَعْدًا لَقَوْم لَّا يُوَّمنُونَ رَبِّي ثُمَّ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَأَخَاهُ هَرُونَ بِعَا يَلْدَنَا وَسُلْطَن مِّين ﴿ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيْهِۦ فَٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ وَكَانُواْ قَوْمًا عَالِينَ ﴿ فَقَالُواْ أَنُوْمِنُ لِبَشَرَيْنِ مِثْلَنَا وَقَوْمُهُمَا لَنَا عَبِدُونَ ﴿ فَي فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا فَكَانُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُهْلَكِينَ ﴿ لَيْ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكَتَنَبَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا آبْ مَرْيَمُ وَأُمَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالرَّيْدُهُمَا إِلَىٰ رَبُوةَ ذَات قَرَار وَمَعِينَ رَبِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلرُّسُلِ كُلُواْمَنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَتِ وَأَعْمَلُواْ صَلْحًا إِنِّي بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَليٌّم ﴿ وَإِنَّا هَالَهُ ۚ أُمَّةً كُرُّ أُمَّةً وَ حَدَّهُ وَأَنَا رَبِكُمْ فَأَتَّقُونَ ٢٠٠٠ فَتَقَلَّعُواْ أَمْرُهُمْ بَيِنَهُمْ زُبِراً كُلُّ حزْبِ بِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ فَرِحُونَ ١٠٠٥ فَذَرْهُمْ فِي غَمْرَتِهِمْ جَتَّىٰ حين ﴿ أَيَّ سَبُونَ أَنَّكَ ثُمَّدُهُم به ع من مَّال so We caused them to follow one another (to disaster) and \$\epsilon\$ we made them bywords. A far removal for folk who believe not!

- 45. Then We sent Moses and his brother Aaron with Our tokens and a clear warrant
- 46. Unto Pharaoh and his chiefs, but they scorned (them) and they were despotic folk.
- 47. And they said: Shall we put faith in two mortals like ourselves, and whose folk are servile unto us?
- 48. So they denied them, and became of those who were destroyed.
- 49. And We verily gave Moses the Scripture, that haply they might go aright.
- 50. And We made the son of Mary and his mother a portent, and We gave them refuge on a height, a place of flocks and watersprings.
- 51. O ye messengers! Eat of the good things, and do right. Lo! I am Aware of what ye do:
- 52. And lo! this your religion is one religion and I am your Lord, so keep your duty unto Me.
- 53. But they (mankind) have broken their religion among them into sects, each group rejoicing in its tenets.
 - 54. So leave them in their error till a time.
- 55. Think they that in the wealth and sons wherewith We provide them

وَبَنينَ رَثِي نُسَارِعُ لَهُمْ فِي الْخَيْرَاتُ بَلِلَّايَشْعُرُونَ رَبِّي إِنَّ الَّذِينَ هُم مَّنْ خَشْـيَة رَبَّهِم مُّشْفَقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ هُم بِعَايَنت رَبِّهـمْ يُـؤْمنُونَ ۞ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ هُم بَرِّبْهـمْ لَا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْتُونَ مَاۤ ءَانَواْ وَقُلُوبُهُمْ وَجَلَّةُ أَتُّهُمْ إِلَىٰ رَبُّهُمْ رَاجِعُونَ ١٠٠٠ أَوْلَتَبِكَ يُسَرِّعُونَ فِي النَّفَ يَرَات وَهُمْ لَهَا سَلِبَقُونَ ﴿ وَلَا نُكُلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا وَلَدَيْنَا كَتَكَ يُنطِقُ بِٱلْحَقَّ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ٢ بِلْ قُلُو بُهُمْ فِي غَمْرَة مَنْ هَلْذَا وَلَهُمُ أَعْمَالُ مَن دُون ذَاكَ هُمَّ لَمَا عَلمُلُونَ ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَآ أَخَذُنَا مُتَّرَفِهم بِالْعَذَابِ إِذَا هُمْ يَجْتَرُونَ ﴿ لَا تَجْتَرُواْ ٱلْيَوْمَ إِنَّكُم مَّنَّا لَا تُنصَرُونَ ﴿ مَا قَدْ كَانَتْ ءَايَتِي نُتَّلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فَكُنتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ تَنكُسُونَ ﴿ مُسْتَكْبِرِينَ بِهِ عَسْمَرًا

- 56. We hasten unto them with good things? Nay, but they perceive not.
 - 57. Lo! those who go in awe for fear of their Lord,
 - 58. And those who believe in the revelations of their Lord,
 - 59. And those who ascribe not partners unto their Lord,

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- 60. And those who give that which they give with hearts afraid because they are about to return unto their Lord,
- 61. These race for the good things, and they shall win them in the race.
- 62. And We task not any soul beyond its scope, and with Us is a Record which speaketh the truth, and they will not be wronged.
- 63. Nay, but their hearts are in ignorance of this (Qur'an), and they have other works, besides, which they are doing;
- 64. Till when We grasp their luxurious ones with the punishment, behold! they supplicate.
- 65. Supplicate not this day! Assuredly ye will not be helped by Us.
- 66. My revelations were recited unto you, but ye used to turn back on your heels,
 - 67. In scorn thereof. Nightly did ye rave together.

يَهُ وُنَ شِي أَفَكُم يَدَّ بِّرُواْ ٱلْقُولَ أَمْ جَآءَهُم مَّا لَمْ يَأْتُ ءَابَاءَ هُمُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ لَرْ يَعْرِفُواْ رَسُوهُمْ فَهُمْ لَهُ مُنكرُونَ ﴿ مَا مَا يَقُولُونَ بِهِ عِنَّهُ أَبَلُ جَآءَهُم بِٱلْحَقّ وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ للْحَقّ كَنْرِهُونَ ﴿ يَ وَلَوا تَبَعَ الْحَقّ أَهُوآ عَمْهُمْ لَفَسَدَت السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ وَمَن فِينَّ بَلْ أَتَيْنَاهُم بذكر هم فَهُمْ عَن ذكر هم مُعْرضُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِمَّا مَّسَّلُهُمْ نَوْجاً فَخَرَاجُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَهُوَخَيْرُ الزَّازِقِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّكَ لَتَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَىٰ صرَاط مُّسْتَقيم ﴿ وَإِنَّا الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخَرَةِ عَنِ ٱلصَّرَاطِ لَنَكَبُونَ ﴿ ﴿ وَلَوْ رَحْمَنَاهُمْ وَ كَشَفْنَا مَابِهِم مَّن ضُرَّ لَلَجُّواْ فِي طُغْيَتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَكُم بِٱلْعَذَابِ فَمَا ٱسْتَكَانُواْ لَرَبِّهمْ وَمَا يَتَضَرَّعُونَ ٢ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَا بَا ذَا عَذَاب شَديد إِذَا هُمْ فيه



68. Have they not pondered the Word, or hath that come unto them which came not unto their fathers of old?

- 69. Or know they not their messenger, and so reject him?
- 70. Or say they: There is a madness in him? Nay, but he bringeth them the Truth; and most of them are haters of the Truth.
- 71. And if the Truth had followed their desires, verily the heavens and the earth and whosoever is therein had been corrupted. Nay, We have brought them their Reminder, but from their Reminder they now turn away.
- 72. Or dost thou ask of them (O Muhammad) any tribute? But the bounty of thy Lord is better, for He is Best of all who make provision.
- 73. And lo! thou summonest them indeed unto a straight path.
- 74. And lo! those who believe not in the Hereafter are indeed astray from the path.
- 75. Though We had mercy on them and relieved them of the harm afflicting them, they still would wander blindly on in their contumacy.
- 76. Already have We grasped them with punishment, but they humble not themselves unto their Lord, nor do they pray,
- 77. Until, when We open for them the gate of extreme punishment, behold! they are aghast thereat.

مُبلسُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنْشَأَ لَكُدُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصِيرَ وَٱلْأَفْءَلَةَ ۚ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ ۞ وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي ذَرَاَّكُمْ ۗ في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَ إِلَيْهِ مُحْشَرُونَ ٢٠٠٠ وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي يُعْيِء وَيُميتُ وَلَهُ اخْتَلَفُ الَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارَ أَقَلَا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ بَلْ قَالُواْ مِثْلَ مَا قَالَ ٱلْأَوَّلُونَ ١٠ قَالُواْ أَءِذَا مِتْنَا وَكُمَّا تُرَابًا وَعَظَامًا أَوْنًا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَقَدْ وُعَدْنَا نَعْنُ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ هَنذَا مِن قَبْلُ إِنْ هَنذَا إِلَّا أَسْلطيرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ مُل لَّمَن ٱلْأَرْضُ وَمَن فَيَلَ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ رَثِي سَيَقُولُونَ للهُ قُلْ أَفَلاَ لَذَكَّرُ وِنَ رَثِينَ قُلْ مَن رَّبُّ السَّمَنوَات السَّبْع وَرَبُّ ٱلْعَرْشِ ٱلْعَظْمِ ﴿ مِنْ سَيَقُولُونَ الله ۚ قُلْ أَفَلَا نَتَّقُونَ ﴿ ٢ قُلْ مَنْ بِسَده ٤ مَلَكُوتُ كُلّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ يُجِيرُ وَلَا يُجَارُ الله عَلَيْه إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ سَيَقُولُونَ اللَّهُ قُلُ فَأَنَّى 78. He it is Who hath created for you ears and eyes and hearts. Small thanks give ye!

- 79. And He it is Who hath sown you broadcast in the earth, and unto Him ye will be gathered.
- 80. And He it is Who giveth life and causeth death, and His is the difference of night and day. Have ye then no sense?
- 81. Nay, but they say the like of that which said the men of old;
- 82. They say: When we are dead and have become (mere) dust and bones, shall we then, forsooth, be raised again?
- 83. We were already promised this, we and our fore-fathers. Lo! this is naught but fables of the men of old.
- 84. Say: Unto Whom (belongeth) the earth and whoso-ever is therein, if ye have knowledge?
- 85. They will say: Unto Allah. Say: Will ye not then remember?
- 86. Say: Who is Lord of the seven heavens, and Lord of the Tremendous Throne?
- 87. They will say: Unto Allah (all that belongeth). Say: Will ye not then keep duty (unto Him)?
- 88. Say: In Whose hand is the dominion over all things and He protecteth, while against Him there is no protection, if ye have knowledge?
 - 89. They will say: Unto Allah (all that belongeth). Say:

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تُسْحَرُونَ ﴿ يَلُ أَتَيْنَكُهُم بِٱلْحَقُّ وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَندُبُونَ ﴿ يَ مَا ٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ مِن وَلَدُومَا كَانَ مَعَهُ مِنْ إِلَيْهُ إِذَا لَّذَهَبَ كُلُّ إِلَّه بَمَا خَلَقَ وَلَعَلَا بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضُ سُبْحَنَّ ٱلله عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ عَلَم الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَة فَتَعَالَي عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ رَبُّ قُل رَّب إِمَّا تُر يَنَّى مَا يُوعَدُونَ ﴿ رَبُّ فَلَا تَجْعَلُني فِي الْقَوْمِ الظَّللمينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّا عَلَيْ أَن رُّ يَكَ مَا نَعَدُهُمْ لَقَلْدُرُونَ رَبِّي ٱدْفَعُ بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ ٱلسَّيْتَةَ يَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَصِفُونَ رَبِينَ وَقُل رَّبَ أَعُودُ بِكَ مَنْ هَزَآتِ ٱلشَّيَطِينِ ﴿ وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ رَبْ أَن يَحْضُرُون ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءَ أَحَدَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ قَالَ رَبِّ ٱرْجِعُون ٢٠٠٠ لَعَنَاتِي أَخْمَلُ صَالِحًا فِيمَا تَرَكُّ كُلًّا إِنَّهَا كَلَمَةً هُوَ قَا يَلُهَا ۖ وَمِن وَرَآهِم بَرْزَحُ إِلَّى بَوْم يُعَفُّونَ ١

How then are ye bewitched?

- 90. Nay, but We have brought them the Truth, and lo! they are liars.
- 91. Allah hath not chosen any son, nor is there any god along with Him; else would each god have assuredly championed that which he created, and some of them would assuredly have overcome others. Glorified be Allah above all that they allege.
- 92. Knower of the Invisible and the Visible! and Exalted be He over all that they ascribe as partners (unto Him)!
- 93. Say: My Lord! If Thou shouldst show me that which they are promised,
- 94. My Lord! then set me not among the wrongdoing folk.
- 95. And verily We are Able to show thee that which We have promised them.
- 96. Repel evil with that which is better. We are Best Aware of that which they allege.
- 97. And say: My Lord! I seek refuge in Thee from suggestions of the evil ones,
- 98. And I seek refuge in Thee, my Lord, lest they be present with me,
- 99. Until, when death cometh unto one of them, he saith: My Lord! Send me back,
- 100. That I may do right in that which I have left behind! But nay! It is but a word that he speaketh; and behind them is a barrier until the day when they are raised.

فى ٱلصُّورِ فَكَا أَنْسَابَ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَهِدُ وَلَا يَتَسَاءَ لُونَ شِيْ فَنَ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ فَأُولَنِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُقْلَحُونَ وَيْ وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوْ زينُهُ, فَأُولَيْكَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسُرُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ في جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدُونَ ﴿ مَنْ تَلْفَحُ وُجُوهَهُمُ ٱلنَّارُ وَهُمْ فيهَا كَللحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ فَكُنتُم بَهَا تُكَذَّبُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَأَدَّا مَلَّنَا غَلَبَتْ عَلَيْنَا شَقُّونَنَا وَكُنَّا قَوْمًا ضَا لَينَ ﴿ وَهِ رَبَّنَا أَنْعِجْنَا مَنْهَا فَإِنْ عُدْنَافَإِنَّا ظَالِمُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ قَالَ ٱخْسَتُواْ فِيهَا وَلَا تُكَلَّمُونِ ﴿ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَرِيقٌ مِّنْ عبَادي يَقُولُونَ رَبَّكَ ءَامَنَّا فَأَغْفُرْ لَنَا وَأَرْحَمْنَا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلرَّاحِينَ ﴿ مَا غَلَاتُمُوهُمْ مِعْرِيًّا حَقَى أَنسَوكُمْ ذَكْرى وَكُنتُم مَنْهُمْ تَضْحَكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّى جَزَيْهِمُ ٱلْيُومَ بِمَا صَبَّرُواْ أَنَّهُمْ مُمُ الْفَارِ وَنَ ١ مَن مَن كَرْ لَبُتُمُ فَ الْأَرْضِ عَدَدَ سنينَ ١

- 101. And when the trumpet is blown there will be no kinship among them that day, nor will they ask of one another
- 102. Then those whose scales are heavy, they are the successful.
- 103. And those whose scales are light are those who lose their souls, in hell abiding.
- 104. The fire burneth their faces, and they are glum therein.
- 105. (It will be said): Were not My revelations recited unto you, and then ye used to deny them?
- 106. They will say: Our Lord! Our evil fortune conquered us, and we were erring folk.
- 107. Our Lord! Oh, bring us forth from hence! If we return (to evil) then indeed we shall be wrong-doers.
 - 108. HB saith: Begone therein, and speak not unto Me.
- 109. Lo! there was a party of My slaves who said: Our Lord! We believe, therefor forgive us and have mercy on us for Thou art Best of all who show mercy;
- 110. But ye chose them for a laughing-stock until they caused you to forget remembrance of Me, while ye laughed at them.
- 111. Lo! I have rewarded them this day forasmuch as they were steadfast in that they, even they, are the triumphant.
- 112. He will say: How long tarried ye in the earth, counting by years?

قَالُواْ لَبُنْنَا يَوْمَا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمِ فَشَّكِلِ الْعَادِّينَ ﴿ ثَنِي قَلَ إِن لَبِثْنُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا لَوْأَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ فَا فَحَسِبْتُمْ أَنَّمَا خَلَقْنَنْكُمْ عَبَثاً وَأَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ فَيَ فَتَعَلَى اللهُ الْمَلِكُ الْحَنَّ لَا إِلَنَهَ إِلَا هُو رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيمِ ﴿ فَلَى اللهُ وَمَن يَدْعُ مَعَ الله إِلَنَهَا عَا خَرَ لَا بُرْهَدَنَ لَهُ بِهِ عَ فَإِنَّمَى حَسَا بُهُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ مِنْ إِنَّهُ لِلا يُقْلِعُ الْكَنفُرُ ونَ ﴿ فَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ ا

> (٢٤) سُوفِ وَّالنُور مَا لَهُ تَبَّ وَآيَاتِهَا ٢٤ نَوْلِتُ بِعُالِلُهُ شِرِّ

ين أَرْجِيدِ

سُورَةً أَزْلَنَاهَا وَفَرَضَنَاهَا وَأَزْلُنَا فِيلَ عَايَتِ بَيِّنَاتِ



- 113. They will say: We tarried but a day or part of a day.
- Ask of those who keep count!

 114. He will say: Ye tarried but a little if ye only knew.
- 115. Deemed ye then that We had created you for naught, and that ye would not be returned unto Us?
- 116. Now Allah be Exalted, the True King! There is no God save Him, the Lord of the Throne of Grace.
- 117. He who crieth unto any other god along with Allah hath no proof thereof. His reckoning is only with his Lord. Lo! disbelievers will not be successful.
- 118. And (O Muhammad) say: My Lord! Forgive and have mercy, for Thou art Best of all who show mercy.

SÛRAH XXIV

An-Nur, "Light," takes its name from vv. 35-40, descriptive of the Light of Allah as it should shine in the homes of believers, the greater part of the sûrah being legislation for the purifying of home life. All its verses were revealed at Al-Madînah. A weaker tradition places the revelation of vv. 1-10 as late as the ninth year of the Hijrah.

A weaker tradition places the revelation of vv. 1–10 as late as the ninth year of the Hijrah.

The period of revelation is the fifth and sixth years of the Hijrah.

LIGHT

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

 (Here is) a sûrah which We have revealed and enjoined, and wherein We have revealed plain tokens, that haply ye

لَّعَلَّكُمْ لَذَكُّرُونَ ١٠ الزَّانيةُ وَالزَّاني فَأَجْلدُواْ كُلِّ وَاحد مُّهُمَا مَا نَهَ جَلَّدَةً وَلَا تَأْخُذُكُم بِهَمَا رَأْفَةٌ في دين الله إن كُنتُمْ تُؤْمنُونَ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِر وَلْيَشْهَدْ عَذَابَهُمَا طَآيِفَةٌ مَّنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ الزَّانِي لَا يَنكُمُ إِلَّا زَانيَةً أَوْ مُشْرِكَةً وَٱلزَّانِيَةُ لَا يَنكُمُهَاۤ إِلَّا زَانَ أَوْمُشْرِكٌّ وَمُرَّمَ ذَاكَ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ ٱلْمُحْصَنَات ثُمَّ لَرْ يَأْتُواْ بأَرْبَعَة شُهَدَاءَ فَأَجْلَدُوهُمْ تَمَنينَ جَلْدَةً وَلَا تَقْبَلُواْ لَحُمْ مُّهَلَدَةً أَبَدًا وَأُولَتَهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَلسَقُونَ ١ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ مَّا بُواْ مَنْ بَعْد ذَاكَ وَأَصْلَحُواْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحمٌ ﴿ ٢٠ وَالَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ أَزْ وَاجَهُمْ وَلَمْ يَكُن لِّمُهُمَّ شُهَدَآ ۗ إِلَّا أَنْفُسِهُمْ فَشَهَدُهُ أَحَدِهُمْ أَرْبُعُ شَهَدُات بِٱللَّهِ إِنَّهُ لِمَنْ الصَّدقينَ ﴿ وَالْخَدَمَسَةُ أَنَّ لَعْنَتَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ إِن كَانَ

may take heed.

- 2. The adulterer and the adulteress, scourge ye each one of them (with) a hundred stripes. And let not pity for the twain withhold you from obedience to Allah, if ye believe in Allah and the Last Day. And let a party of believers witness their punishment.
- 3. The adulterer shall not marry save an adulteress or an idolatress, and the adulteress none shall marry save an adulterer or an idolater. All that is forbidden unto believers.
- 4. And those who accuse honourable women but bring not four witnesses, scourge them (with) eighty stripes and never (afterward) accept their testimony—They indeed are evil-doers—
- 5. Save those who afterward repent and make amends. (For such) lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 6. As for those who accuse their wives but have no witnesses except themselves; let the testimony of one of them be four testimonies, (swearing) by Allah that he is of those who speak the truth;
 - 7. And yet a fifth, invoking the curse of Allah on him if

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منَ الْكَندبينَ ﴿ وَيَدْرَؤُاْ عَنْهَا ٱلْعَذَابَ أَنْ تَشْهَدَ أَرْبَعَ شَهَلَدَات بِاللَّهُ إِنَّهُ لِمَنَ ٱلْكَلْدِبِينَ ﴿ وَ الْخُلَمْسَةَ أَنَّ غَضَبَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْكَ إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلصَّادِقينَ ٢ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ وَأَنَّ اللهُ تَوَّابُ حَكُمُّ رَبُّنِي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو بِٱلْإِفْكُ عُصْبَةٌ مَنكُمُّ لَا تَحْسَبُوهُ شَرًّا لَأَكُمْ بَلْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ لَكُلِّ آمْرِي مَنْهُمُ مَّا ا كُلَّسَبَ مِنَ ٱلْإِنَّمُ وَٱلَّذِي ثَوَ لَّن كَبْرَهُ وَمْهُمْ لَهُ عَذَابُ عَظيمٌ ١ لَّوْلَا إِذْ سَمَعْتُمُوهُ ظَنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ خَمِيرًا وَقَالُواْ هَلْذَا إِفْكُ مُّبِينٌ ١٠ لَوْلَا جَآءُو عَلَيْه بِأَرْبَعَة شُهَداآء فَإِذْ لَرْ يَأْ تُواْ بِالشُّهَدَآء فَأُولَيْكَ عندَ الله هُمُ الْكَادْبُونَ ١٥ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُرُ وَرَحْمَتُهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَة لَمَسَّكُرْ فِي مَا أَفَضَّمُ فِيه

he is of those who lie.

- 8. And it shall avert the punishment from her if she bear witness before Allah four times that the thing he saith is indeed false.
- 9. And a fifth (time) that the wrath of Allah be upon her if he speaketh truth.
- nercy unto you, and that Allah is Clement, Wise, (ye had been undone).
- 11. Lo! they who spread the slander are a gang among you. Deem it not a bad thing for you; nay, it is good for you. Unto every man of them (will be paid) that which he hath earned of the sin; and as for him among them who had the greater share therein, his will be an awful doom.
- 12. Why did not the believers, men and women, when ye heard it, think good of their own folk, and say: It is a manifest untruth?
- 13. Why did they not produce four witnesses? Since they produce not witnesses, they verily are liars in the sight of Allah.
- 14. Had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy unto you in the world and the Hereafter an awful doom had overtaken you for that whereof ye murmured.

عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿ إِذْ تَلَقَّوْنَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مَا لَسَنَتَكُمْ وَتَقُولُونَ بأَ قُوَاهِكُمُ مَّا لَيْسَ لَكُم به عَلْمٌ وَتَحْسَبُونَهُ مَيَّنَا وَهُوَ عَندَ ٱلله عَظمٌ ١٠٥ وَلَوْ لَا إِذْ سَمَعْتُمُوهُ قُلْتُم مَّا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَن نَّتَكَّلَّمَ بَهَاذَا سُبْحَانَكَ هَاذَا بُهْتَانٌ عَظيٌّ ١ مَهُ عَظُكُمُ ٱللهُ أَنْ تَعُودُواْ لَمَثْلُهُ ۚ أَبَدًا إِنْ كُنتُم مُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ وَيُبَيِّنُ ٱللهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْآيَاتَ وَاللهُ عَلَيَّ حَكَمُّ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُحبُّونَ أَن تَشيعَ ٱلْفَلحَشَةُ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَمُمَّ عَذَابُّ أَلَيُّ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخَرَةِ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنَّمُ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَنُهُ وَأَنَّ اللهَ رَءُوفٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَّبِعُواْ خُطُوات ٱلشَّيْطَانَ وَمَن يَنَّبِعُ خُطُوات ٱلشَّيْطَان فَإِنَّهُ يَأْمُرُ بِالْفَحْشَاءَ وَالْمُنكُر وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَنُهُ



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- 15. When ye welcomed it with your tongues, and uttered with your mouths that whereof ye had no knowledge, ye counted it a trifle. In the sight of Allah it is very great.
- 16. Wherefor, when ye heard it, said ye not: It is not for us to speak of this. Glory be to Thee (O Allah)! This is awful calumny.
- 17. Allah admonisheth you that ye repeat not the like thereof ever, if ye are (in truth) believers.
- 18. And He expoundeth unto you the revelations. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 19. Lo! those who love that slander should be spread concerning those who believe, theirs will be a painful punishment in the world and the Hereafter. Allah knoweth. Ye know not.
- 20. Had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy unto you, and that Allah is Clement, Merciful, (ye had been undone).
- 21. O ye who believe! Follow not the footsteps of the devil. Unto whomsoever followeth the footsteps of the devil, lo! he commandeth filthiness and wrong. Had it not been for the grace of Allah and His mercy unto you, not one

مَا زَكِي منكُم مَنْ أَحَد أَبَدًا وَلَكَنَّ اللهَ يُزَكِّي مَن يَشَآءُ وَ اللهُ سَمِيعٌ عَليمٌ ٢٠ وَلا يَأْ تَل أُولُواْ الْفَضْل منكُر وَالسَّعَةَ أَنْ يُؤَّنُواْ أُولِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْمَسَكِينَ وَ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ في سَبِيل الله وليعَفُوا وليصفَحُوا الايحبون أن يَعْفر ٱللهُ لَكُدُّ وَٱللهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمُ ١٠٠٠ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ ٱلْمُحْصَنَاتِ ٱلْغَافلَاتِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ لُعنُواْ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْآخِرَةَ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظيٌم ﴿ يَوْمَ تَشْهَدُ عَلَيْهِمْ أَلْسَنَهُمْ وَأَيْدِيهِمْ وَأَرْجُلُهُم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ٢ يَوْمَهِذَ يُوَفِّيهُمُ اللهُ دينَهُمُ ٱلْحَتَّ وَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ اللهُ هُوَ ٱلْحَيَّ الْمُبِينُ رَبِي ٱلْخَبِيقَاتُ للْخَبِيثِينَ وَٱلْخَبِيثُونَ لمُخَيِثَاتً وَالطَّيَبَتُ الطَّيِّينَ وَالطَّيَرُونَ الطَّيَبَتُ أُوْلَيَكَ اً مُبَرِّءُونَ مَّا يَقُولُونَ لَمُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ شَيْ of you would ever have grown pure. But Allah causeth whom He will to grow. And Allah is Hearer, Knower.

- 22. And let not those who possess dignity and ease among you swear not to give to the zear of kin and to the needy, and to fugitives for the cause of Allah. Let them forgive and show indulgence. Yearn ye not that Allah may forgive you? Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 23. Lo! as for those who traduce virtuous, believing women (who are) careless, cursed are they in the world and the Hereafter. Theirs will be an awful doom
- 24. On the day when their tongues and their hands and their feet testify against them as to what they used to do,
- 25. On that day Allah will pay them their just due, and they will know that Allah, He is the Manifest Truth.
- 26. Vile women are for vile men, and vile men for vile women. Good women are for good men, and good men for good women; such are innocent of that which people say: For them is pardon and a bountiful provision.

يِكَامُ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ لَا تَدْخُلُواْ بِيُوتًا غَيْرَ بِيُوتِكُمْ حَتَّى تَسْتَأْنُسُواْ وَتُسَلِّمُواْ عَلَىٰٓ أَهْلَهَا ۚ ذَالَكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكُّرُ وِنَ ﴿ فَإِن لَّهِ تَجِدُواْ فَهَآ أَحَدًا فَلَا تَدْخُلُوهَا حَتَّىٰ يُؤْذَنَ لَكُمُّ وَإِن قِيلَ لَكُهُ ٱرْجُعُواْ فَٱرْجُعُواْ هُوَأَزْكَى لَكُمُّ وَاللهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَليٌّ ﴿ لَيْ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ أَنْ تَدْخُلُواْ بِيُوتًا غَيْرِ مَسْكُونَة فيهَا مَتَكُمْ لَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ ۚ مَا تُبْدُونَ وَمَا تَكْتُمُونَ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ وَمِن لِنَعُضُواْ مِنْ أَبْصَارِهِمْ وَيَحْفَظُواْ فُرُوجَهُمٌّ ذَالِكَ أَزْكِي لَهُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللهَ خَبِيرُ مِنَا يَصْنَعُونَ رَبِي وَقُلِ لَلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ يَغْضُضْنَ مِنْ أَبْصَارِ هِنَّ وَيَخْفَظْنَ فُرُ وَجَهُنَّ وَلَا يُبْدِينَ زِينَتُهُنَّ إِلَّا مَاظَهُرَ مَنْهَا وَلَيَضْرِبْنَ بِحُمْرِهِنَّ عَلَى جُيوبِهِنَّ وَلَا يَبْدُينَ زِينَتُهُنَّ إِلَّا لَبُعُولَتِهِنَّ أَوْءَا بَآيِهِنَّ أَوْءَا بَآءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَّ

أو

- 27. O ye who believe! Enter not houses other than your own without first announcing your presence and invoking peace upon the folk thereof. That is better for you, that ye may be heedful.
- 28. And if ye find no-one therein, still enter not until permission hath been given. And if it be said unto you: Go away again, then go away, for it is purer for you. Allah knoweth what ye do.
- 29. (It is) no sin for you to enter uninhabited houses wherein is comfort for you. Allah knoweth what ye proclaim and what ye hide.
- 30. Tell the believing men to lower their gaze and be modest. That is purer for them. Lo! Allah is Aware of what they do.
- 31. And tell the believing women to lower their gaze and be modest, and to display of their adornment only that which is apparent, and to draw their veils over their bosoms, and not to reveal their adornment save to their own husbands or fathers or husbands' fathers, or their sons or their

اوَ اسْاَمِينَ أَوَ اسْاءِ بِعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ إِخُونَهِنَّ أَوْ بِنِيَّ إِخْوَلَهُنَّ اوَ اسْامِهِنَ أَوَ اسْاءِ بِعُولَتِهِنَ أَوْ إِخُونَهِنَّ أَوْ بِنِيَّ إِخْوَلَهُنَّ أُوْبَنَى أَخَوَاتُهِنَّ أُوْنَسَا بِهِنَّ أَوْمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُنَّ أَوْ ٱلتَّـٰبعينَ غَـيْرٍ أُولى ٱلْإِرْبَة منَ الرَّجَال أَو ٱلطَّفْلِ ٱلَّذينَ لَهُ يَظْهَرُواْ عَلَى عَوْرَاتِ النَّسَآءِ وَلَا يَضْرِبْنَ بِأَرْجُلُهِنَّ ليُعلَمُ مَا يُحْفِينَ مِن زِينَتِهِنَّ وَتُوبُواْ إِلَى ٱلله جَمِيعًا أَيَّهُ ٱلْمُؤْمنُونَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلُحُونَ ﴿ وَأَنكُحُواْ ٱلْأَيْلَيٰ مِنكُمْ وَالصَّلْحِينَ مِنْ عَبَادِكُمْ وَ إِمَا بِكُوٌّ إِن يَكُونُواْ فُقَرَاءَ يُغْهُمُ اللهُ مِن فَضْله عَ وَاللهُ وَاسعُ عَليٌّ ﴿ وَلَيَسْتَعَفْف ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَجِـدُونَ نَكَاحًا حَتَّنى يُغْنَيَهُمُ ٱللهُ مِن فَضَّله ٢ وَالَّذِينَ يَبْتَغُونَ ٱلْكَتَلَبَ مَّا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَنُكُمْ فَكَاتُوهُمْ إِنْ عَلْمَتُمْ فَهِمْ خَيْرًا وَءَاتُوهُم مَن مَّال ٱلله ٱلَّذِيّ وَا تَلَكُمُّ وَلَا تُكْرِهُواْ فَنَيَاتِكُمْ عَلَى الْبِغَاءِ إِنْ أَرَدْنَ husbands' sons, or their brothers or their brothers' sons or sisters' sons, or their women, or their slaves, or male attendants who lack vigour, or children who know naught of women's nakedness. And let them not stamp their feet so as to reveal what they hide of their adornment. And turn unto Allah together, O believers, in order that ye may succeed.

- 32. And marry such of you as are solitary and the pious of your slaves and maid-servants. If they be poor, Allah will enrich them of His bounty. Allah is of ample means, Aware.
- 33. And let those who cannot find a match keep chaste till Allah give them independence by His grace. And such of your slaves as seek a writing (of emancipation), write it for them if ye are aware of aught of good in them, and bestow upon them of the wealth of Allah which He hath bestowed upon you. Force not your slave-girls to whoredom that ye

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تحصناً لتبتغوا عرض الحيوة الدنيك ومن يكرههن فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ مَنْ بَعْد إِكْرَاهِهِنَّ غَفُورٌ رَّحيُّ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَقَدُ أَزَلْنَا ٓ إِلَيْكُمْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مُبِيِّنَات وَمَثَلًا مِنَ الَّذِينَ خَلُواْ من قَبْلُكُمْ وَمَوْعَظَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ لِمَ اللَّهُ نُورُ ٱلسَّمَنَوَاتَ وَٱلْأَرْضَ مَثَلُ نُوره ع كَمُشْكَوة فيهَا مصَّبَاحٌ ٱلْمصْبَاحُ في زُجَاجَة ٱلْرَجَاجَةُ كَأَنَّهَا كُوكَبُّ دُرَّى يُوقَدُ مِن شَجَرَةَ مُبْلُرَكَة زَيْتُونَة لَا شَرْقِيَّة وَلَا غَرْبِيَّة يَكَادُ زَيْنُهَا يُضِيَّ } وَلَوْلَمْ يَمْسَهُ نَارٌ نُورُعَلَى نُورَ بَهْدى اللهُ لنُوره مَن يَشَاءً وَ يَضْرِبُ ٱللهُ ٱلْأُمْثَلَ للنَّاسِ وَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَمٌ رَثِي في بيُوت أَذَنَ اللهُ أَن تُرْفَعَ وَيُذْكِّرَ فيهَا ٱشْمُهُ يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ فِهَا بِٱلْغُدُو وَٱلْآصَالِ ﴿ رَجَالٌ لَّا تُلْهِيمُ تَجَدْرَةٌ وَلَا بَيْعً عَن ذَكْرَ الله وَ إِقَامِ ٱلصَّلَوْة وَ إِيتَاءِ ٱلزَّكَوْة



may seek enjoyment of the life of the world, if they would preserve their chastity. And if one force them, then (unto them), after their compulsion, lo! Allah will be Forgiving, Merciful.

- 34. And verily We have sent down for you revelations that make plain, and the example of those who passed away before you. An admonition unto those who ward off (evil).
- 35. Allah is the Light of the heavens and the earth. The similitude of His light is as a niche wherein is a lamp. The lamp is in a glass. The glass is as it were a shining star. (This lamp is) kindled from a blessed tree, an olive neither of the East nor of the West, whose oil would almost glow forth (of itself) though no fire touched it. Light upon light. Allah guideth unto His light whom He will. And Allah speaketh to mankind in allegories, for Allah is Knower of all things.
- 36. (This lamp is found) in houses which Allah hath allowed to be exalted and that His name shall be remembered therein. Therein do offer praise to Him at morn and evening
- 37. Men whom neither merchandise nor sale beguileth from remembrance of Allah and constancy in prayer and

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يَخَافُونَ يَوْمَا نَتَقَلَّبُ فِيهِ ٱلْقُلُوبُ وَٱلْأَبْصَدُ رَكِي لَيَجْزِيَهُمُ ٱللهُ أَحْسَنَ مَا عَمـلُواْ وَيَزيدَهُم مّن فَضْـلهـ، وَٱللهُ يَرَزُقُ مَن يَشَآءُ بغَيْرحسَاب ﴿ إِنَّ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوۤاْ أَعۡمَلُهُمَّ كُسَرًا بِ بِقِيعَة يَحْسَبُهُ ٱلظَّمْعَانُ مَاءً حَيَّجَ إِذَا جَاءَهُ, لَرْ ٱلْحُسَابِ ﴿ إِنَّ الْوَكُفُلُمَكَ فِي بَعْرِبُكِّنَّ يَغْشَلُهُ مَوْجٌ مِّن فَوْقه، مَوْجٌ مِن فَوْقه، سَحَابٌ ظُلُمَتُ بَعْضُهَا فَوْق بَعْض إِذَا أَنْرَجَ يَدُهُ لَرْ يَكُذْ يَرَنْهَا ۚ وَمَن لَّرْ يَجْعَلُ اللَّهُ لَهُ نُورًا هَمَا لَهُ مِن نُور رَبِّي أَلَمْ تَرَأَنَّ اللهَ يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مَن في السَّمَلُوات وَالْأَرْض وَالطَّيْرُ صَلَّفَاتٌ كُلُّ قَدْ عَلَمَ صَلَا تَهُرُ وَتَسْبِيحُهُمْ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيْمٌ بَمَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَللهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضُ وَ إِلَى اللهِ الْمُصِيرُ ﴿

paying to the poor their due; who fear a day when hearts and eyeballs will be overturned;

- 38. That Allah may reward them with the best of what they did, and increase reward for them of His bounty. Allah giveth blessings without stint to whom He will.
- 39. As for those who disbelieve, their deeds are as a mirage in a desert. The thirsty one supposeth it to be water till he cometh unto it and findeth it naught, and findeth, in the place thereof, Allah Who payeth him his due; and Allah is swift at reckoning.
- 40. Or as darkness on a vast, abysmal sea. There covereth him a wave, above which is a wave, above which is a cloud. Layer upon layer of darkness. When he holdeth out his hand he scarce can see it. And he for whom Allah hath not appointed light, for him there is no light.
- 41. Hast thou not seen that Allah, He it is Whom all who are in the heavens and the earth praise, and the birds in their flight? Of each He knoweth verily the worship and the praise; and Allah is Aware of what they do.
- 42. And unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, and unto Allah is the journeying.

أَلَّهُ رَبِّ أَنَّ ٱللهُ يُرْجِي سَحَابًا ثَمْ يُؤَلِّفُ بِينَهُ مُمْ يَجْعَلُهُ رُكَامًا فَتَرَى ٱلْوَدْقَ يَخْرُجُ منْ خَلَله، وَيُنَزِّلُ منَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ من جِبَال فِهَا مَنْ بَرَد فَيُصِيبُ به ع مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَصْرُفُهُ عَن مِّن يَشَاءً يَكَادُ سَنَا بَرْقه عَيْدَهُ بِالْأَبْصَارِ ﴿ يُعَلِّبُ ٱللهُ ٱلَّيْلَ وَٱلنَّهَارُّ إِنَّ فِي ذَالكَ لَعْبَرَةً لَأُولِي ٱلْأَبْصَارِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ دَآبَّة من مَّآءِ فَنْهُم مَّن يَمْشي عَلَى بَطْنه ، وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَمْشي عَلَى رَجْلَيْن وَمَنْهُم مَّن يَمْشي عَلَيْ أَرْبَعَ يَغُلُقُ اللهُ مَا يَشَاء إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ١٠٠ لَّقَدْ أَزَلْنَا ءَ ايَك مُّبَيِّنَك ۚ وَاللَّهُ بَهْدَى مَن يَشَآءُ إِلَّى صَرَاط مُّسْتَقيد ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ ءَامَنَّا بِٱللهُ وَبِٱلرَّسُول وَأَطَعْنَا ثُمَّ يَتُولَىٰ فَرِينٌ مَّنْهُم مَّنْ بَعْد ذَاكَ وَمَآ أَوْلَتَهِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِذَا دُعُواْ إِلَى اللهِ وَرَسُوله عَلَيْحُكُمَ

- 43. Hast thou not seen how Allah wafteth the clouds, then gathereth them, then maketh them layers, and thou seest the rain come forth from between them; He sendeth down from the heaven mountains wherein is hail, and smiteth therewith whom He will, and averteth it from whom He will. The flashing of His lightning all but snatcheth away the sight.
- 44. Allah causeth the revolution of the day and the night. Lo! herein is indeed a lesson for those who see.
- 45. Allah hath created every animal of water. Of them is (a kind) that goeth upon its belly and (a kind) that goeth upon two legs and (a kind) that goeth upon four. Allah createth what He will. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 46. Verily We have sent down revelations and explained them. Allah guideth whom He will unto a straight path.
- 47. And they say: We believe in Allah and the messenger, and we obey; then after that a faction of them turn away. Such are not believers.
 - 48. And when they appeal unto Allah and His messenger

بَيْنَهُمْ إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مَنْهُم مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿ وَإِن يَكُن لَمُّهُمْ ٱلْحَتَ يَأْ تُواْ إِلَيْهِ مُذْعِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفِي أَلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ أَم أَرْمَا بُواْ أَمْ يَخَافُونَ أَنْ يَحِيفَ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ بِلَّ أُوْلَيْكَ هُمُ الظَّللُمُونَ رَبُّ إِنَّمَا كَانَ قَوْلَ ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ إِذَا دُعُواْ إِلَى الله وَرَسُولِه عِ لَيَحْكُرَ يَيْنَهُمْ أَن يَقُولُواْ سَمْعَنَا وَأَطَعْنَا ۚ وَأُولَنَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُقْلَحُونَ ۞ وَمَن يُطع ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَحْشَ اللهُ وَيَتَّقَهُ فَأُولَتِيكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَآيِرُ ونَ عَيْ * وَأَقْسُمُوا بِآلله جَهْدَ أَيْمَانُهُمْ لَهِنَ أَمْرَتُهُمْ لَيَخْرُجُنَّ قُل لَا تُقْسَمُواْ طَاعَةُ مَعْرُونَةً ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَبِيرٌ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فِي قُلْ أَطيعُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَطيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ ۚ فَإِن تَوَلَّوْاْ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْه مَا حُمَلَ وَعَلَيْكُمُ مَّا مُعَلَّمُ وَإِن تُطيعُوهُ مَهْنَدُوا ۚ وَمَا عَلَى ٱلرَّسُول إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَكُ عُ ٱلْمُسِينُ ﴿ وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَنكُرً



to judge between them, lo! a faction of them are averse;

- 49. But if right had been with them they would have come unto him willingly.
- 50. Is there in their hearts a disease, or have they doubts, or fear they lest Allah and His messenger should wrong them in judgment? Nay, but such are evil-doers.
- 51. The saying of (all true) believers when they appeal unto Allah and His messenger to judge between them is only that they say: We hear and we obey. And such are the successful.
- 52. He who obeyeth Allah and His messenger, and feareth Allah, and keepeth duty (unto Him): such indeed are the victorious.
- 53. They swear by Allah solemnly that, if thou order them, they will go forth. Say: Swear not; known obedience (is better). Lo! Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 54. Say: Obey Allah and obey the messenger. But if ye turn away, then (it is) for him (to do) only that wherewith he hath been charged, and for you (to do) only that wherewith ye have been charged. If ye obey him, ye will go aright. But the messenger hath no other charge than to convey (the message) plainly.
 - 55. Allah hath promised such of you as believe and do good

وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتَ لَيَسْتَخْلَفَنَّهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ كَمَّ ٱسْتَخْلَفَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَهِمْ وَلَيُمكِّنَّ لَهُمْ دِينَهُمُ الَّذِي ٱرْتَفَيْ لَحُمُّ رَوْرَدَ رَبُّوْ مِنْ مِعْدَ خَوْفَهُمْ أَمْنًا يَعْبُدُونَنِي لَا يُشْرِكُونَ فِي وَلَيْبِدُلَنَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدَ خَوْفَهُمْ أَمْنًا يَعْبُدُونَنِي لَا يُشْرِكُونَ فِي شَيْئًا وَمَن كَفَرَ بَعْدَ ذَاكَ فَأُولَتِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَسْقُونَ ﴿ وَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَاةَ وَءَاتُواْ الزَّكَوٰةَ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱلرُّسُولَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿ لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مُعْجِزِينَ فِي الْأَرْضَ وَمَأْ وَنهُمُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ وَلَبْلُسَ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿ يَنَّا يُبَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ليَسْتَعْذنكُمُ الَّذينَ مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَنُنكُمْ وَالَّذِينَ لَهُ يَبْلُغُواْ ٱلْحُـُكُمُ مَنكُمْ ثَلَثَ مَرَّاتٌ مَن قَبْل صَلَاة ٱلْفَجْر وَحينَ تَضَعُونَ ثيابَكُم مِّنَ الظَّهِيرَة وَمِنْ بَعُد صَلَاة الْعَشَآءِ ثَلَثُ عَوْرَاتِ لَكُو لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُو وَلَا عَلَيْمٌ جُنَامُ مُعَدَّهُنَّ طَوَّا فُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ بَعْضُكُرْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضَ كَذَاكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُرُ works that He will surely make them to succeed (the present rulers) in the earth even as He caused those who were before them to succeed (others); and that He will surely establish for them their religion which He hath approved for them, and will give them in exchange safety after their fear. They serve Me. They ascribe no thing as partner unto Me. Those who disbelieve henceforth, they are the miscreants.

- 56. Establish worship and pay the poor-due and obey the messenger, that haply ye may find mercy.
- 57. Think not that the disbelievers can escape in the land. Fire will be their home—a hapless journey's end!
- 58. O ye who believe! Let your slaves, and those of you who have not come to puberty, ask leave of you at three times (before they come into your presence): Before the prayer of dawn, and when ye lay aside your raiment for the heat of noon, and after the prayer of night. Three times of privacy for you. It is no sin for them or for you at other times, when some of you go round attendant upon others (if they come into your presence without leave). Thus Allah

¹ The prayer to be offered when the night has fully come.

ٱلْآيَنَتُ وَٱللهُ عَلَيْمُ حَكَيٌّم ﴿ إِنَّ وَإِذَا بَلَغَ ٱلْأَطْفَالُ مِنكُرُ الْحُلُمُ فَلْيَسْتَغْذُنُواْ كَمَا اسْتَعْذَنَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلَهِمْ كَذَاكَ يُرِينُ اللهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنته عَ وَاللهُ عَليُّ حَكيمٌ (أَيْ وَالْقَوَاعِدُ منَ ٱلنَّسَآءِ الَّذِي لا يَرْجُونَ نكَاحًا فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْهِنَّ جُنَاحً أَنْ يَضَعَنَ ثِيابَهِنَّ غَيْرِ مُتَبِّرَ جَنْتِ بِزِينَةً وَأَنْ يَسْتَعَفَّفُنَّ خَيْرٌ لِّمَنَّ وَاللهُ سَمِيعُ عَلَيمٌ رَثِي لَّيْسَ عَلَى ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ حَرَّبٌ وَلَا عَلَى الْأَعْرَجِ حَرَّجٌ وَلَا عَلَى الْمَر يض حَرَّجٌ وَلَا عَلَيْ آ أَنْهُ كُواً مَا تَأْكُواْ مَنْ بِيُو تَكُوا وْبِيُوتَ وَابَا إِحْكُمْ عدور عتر معدور أو بيوت أمها تكراو بيوت إخوانكر أو بيوت أخوانكر اً وبيوت أعمد من أو بيوت عملنكم أو بيوت أخوالكم أَوْ بِيُون خَلَلتَكُمْ أَوْمَا مَلَكُمُ مَّفَاتِحَهُ إَوْصَديقَكُمْ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُرْ جِنَاحً أَنْ تَأْكُواْ جِيعًا أَوْ أَشْتَانًا فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُم maketh clear the revelations for you. Allah is Knower, Wise.

- 59. And when the children among you come to puberty then let them ask leave even as those before them used to ask it. Thus Allah maketh clear His revelations for you. Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 60. As for women past child-bearing, who have no hope of marriage, it is no sin for them if they discard their (outer) clothing in such a way as not to show adornment. But to refrain is better for them. Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 61. No blame is there upon the blind nor any blame upon the lame nor any blame upon the sick nor on yourselves if ye eat from your houses, or the houses of your fathers, or the houses of your mothers, or the houses of your brothers, or the houses of your fathers' brothers, or the houses of your fathers' brothers, or the houses of your fathers' sisters, or the houses of your mothers' sisters, or (from that) whereof ye hold the keys, or (from the house) of a friend. No sin shall it be for you whether ye eat together or apart. But when ye enter houses, salute one

بِيُونَا فَسَلَّمُواْ عَلَيْمَ أَنْفُسُكُمْ تَحَيَّةً مَّنْ عند ٱللهُ مُبَرِكَةً طَيْبَةً ۚ كَذَاكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللهُ لَكُدُ ٱلْآيَات لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقلُونَ رَبِّي إِنَّكَ ٱلْمُؤَّمُّونَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱلله وَرَسُوله ، وَ إِذَا كَانُواْ مَعَهُو عَلَيْ أَمْرِ جَامِعٍ لَّهُ يَذْهَبُواْ حَتَّى يَسْتَعْذُنُوهُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسْتَعُذُنُونَكَ أُولَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولَهُ عَ فَإِذَا ٱسْتَعْذَنُوكَ لَبَعْض شَأْمُم فَأَذَن لَمَن شَنَّتَ مَنَّهُم وَٱسْتَغْفَر لَمُهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحيُّ ﴿ لَيْ اللَّهِ عَلُواْ دُعَآ الرَّسُولِ بَيْنَكُمْ كُدُعَاء بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا قَدْ يَعْلَمُ اللهُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسَلَّلُونَ مِنكُمْ لُوَاذًا فَلْيَحْذَر ٱلَّذِينَ يُخَالِفُونَ عَنْ أَمْره مَ أَنْ تُصيبِهم فَتَنَةُ أَوْ يُصِيبُهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَمُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مَا فَي السَّمَوَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ قَدْ يَعْلَمُ مَا أَنتُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَيَوْمَ يُرْجَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ فَينَبُّهُم بَمَا عَلُوا وَاللهُ بِكُلِّ شَي وَعَلَيمٌ اللهُ

another with a greeting from Allah, blessed and sweet. Thus Allah maketh clear His revelations for you, that haply ye may understand.

- 62. They only are the true believers who believe in Allah and His messenger and, when they are with him on some common errand, go not away until they have asked leave of him. Lo! those who ask leave of thee, those are they who believe in Allah and His messenger. So, if they ask thy leave for some affair of theirs, give leave to whom thou wilt of them, and ask for them forgiveness of Allah. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 63. Make not the calling of the messenger among you as your calling one of another. Allah knoweth those of you who steal away, hiding themselves. And let those who conspire to evade orders beware lest grief or painful punishment befall them.
- 64. Lo! verily unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. He knoweth your condition. And (He knoweth) the Day when they are returned unto Him so that He may inform them of what they did. Allah is Knower of all things.

(٢٥) شِوْوِلْوَالْفُقَانَ مَكَثِّرَ الإالِابات ٦٨ و ٢٩ و ٧٠ ف د يَبِتَهُ وأيبانها ٧٧ نولت بعث ديس

بنسسك أِللَّهُ الرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّذِي زَّلَ ٱلْفُرْقَانَ عَلَى عَبْده ع ليَكُونَ للْعَلَمينَ نَذِيرًا ﴿ الَّذِي لَهُ مُلَّكُ السَّمَنُواتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَمْ يَغَّذْ وَلَدَا وَلَمْ يَكُن لَّهُ مُربِكٌ فِي الْمُلْكِ وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ فَقَدَّرَهُ رَقَديرًا ﴿ وَاتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِهِ عَالْمَةَ لَّا يَخَلُّقُونَ شَيْعًا وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ وَلاَ يَمْلَكُونَ لأَ نفسهمْ ضَرًّا وَلا نَفْعا وَلاَ يَمْلُكُونَ مَوْ تَا وَلا حَيَزَةُ وَلا نُشُورًا ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِنْ هَلَدَآ إِلَّا إِفْكُ افْتَرَكُ وَأَعَانَهُ عَلَيْهُ قَوْمٌ ءَاخَرُونَ فَقَدْ جَآء و ظُلْكَ وَزُورًا ٢٥ وَقَالُواْ أَسْنطيرا لأَوَّلِينَ





Al-Furgân, "The Criterion," takes its name from a word occurring in v. 1. The subject is the folly of superstition and the craving for miraculous events in face of the wonders of Allah's creation.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs, except vv. 68-

70 which were revealed at Al-Madinah.

THE CRITERION (OF RIGHT AND WRONG)

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Blessed is He Who hath revealed unto His slave the Criterion (of right and wrong), that he may be a warner to the peoples.

2. He unto Whom belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, He hath chosen no son nor hath He any partner in the Sovereignty. He hath created everything and hath meted out for it a measure.

3. Yet they choose beside Him other gods who create naught but are themselves created, and possess not hurt nor profit for themselves, and possess not death nor life, nor power to raise the dead.

4. Those who disbelieve say: This is naught but a lie that he hath invented, and other folk have helped him with it, so that they have produced a slander and a lie.

5. And they say: Fables of the men of old which he hath

ٱ كُتَنَبَهَا فَهِيَ ثُمْلَى عَلَيْهِ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا ﴿ قُلُ أَنْزَلَهُ ٱلَّذِي يَعْلَمُ ٱلسَّرِّفِ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا ﴿ وَقَالُواْ مَال هَلْذَا ٱلرَّسُولِ يَأْكُلُ ٱلطَّعَامَ وَيَمْشِي فِي ٱلْأَسْوَاقُ لَوْلَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مَلَكٌ فَيكُونَ مَعَهُ نَذِيرًا ﴿ أَوْ يُلْقَيَ إِلَيْهِ كَنْزُّأُ وْ تَكُونُ لَهُ جَنَّهُ يَأْكُلُ منْها وَقَالَ ٱلظَّالِمُونَ إِن تَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَّسْحُورًا ﴿ اللَّهِ ٱنظُرْكَيْفَ ضَرَبُواْ لَكَ ٱلْأَمْثَلَ فَضَلُواْ فَلَا يَسْتَطيعُونَ سَبِيلًا رَبُّ تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّذِي إِن شَآءَ جَعَلَ لَكَ خَيْرًا مِن ذَالكَ جَنَّت تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلأَنْهَارُ وَيَجْعَلَ لَّكَ قُصُورَا ﴿ بَلْ كَذَّبُواْ بِٱلسَّاعَةَ وَأَعْتَدْنَا لَمَن كَدَّبَ بِٱلسَّاعَة سَعيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ إِذَا رَأَتُهُم مَّن مَّكَان بَعيد سَمَعُواْ لَمَا تَغَيُّظُا وَزَفِيراً ١٠٠ وَ إِذَا أَلْقُوا مِنْهَا مَكَانَا ضَيْقاًمُقَرَّ بِنَ دَعَوْ الْهُنَالِكَ ثُبُوراً ﴿ had written down so that they are dictated to him morn and evening.

- 6. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): He Who knoweth the secret of the heavens and the earth hath revealed it. Lo! He ever is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 7. And they say: What aileth this messenger (of Allah) that he eateth food and walketh in the markets? Why is not an angel sent down unto him, to be a warner with him.
- 8. Or (why is not) a treasure thrown down unto him, or why hath he not a paradise from whence to eat? And the evil-doers say: Ye are but following a man bewitched.
- 9. See how they coin similitudes for thee, so that they are all astray and cannot find a road!
- to. Blessed is He Who, if He will, will assign thee better than (all) that—Gardens underneath which rivers flow—and will assign thee mansions.
- 11. Nay, but they deny (the coming of) the Hour, and for those who deny (the coming of) the Hour We have prepared a flame.
- 12. When it seeth them from afar, they hear the crackling and the roar thereof.
- 13. And when they are flung into a narrow place thereof, chained together, they pray for destruction there.

لَّا تَدْعُواْ ٱلْبَوْمَ ثُبُوراً وَاحْداً وَادْعُواْ ثُبُوراً كَثِيراً ﴿ قُلْ أَذَاكَ خَيْرًا أَمْ جَنَّهُ ٱلْخُلُد ٱلَّتِي وُعَدَ ٱلْمُتَّقُونَ ۚ كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَزَآةِ وَمَصِيرًا رَثِينَ لَحُمُ فِيهَا مَا يَشَآءُونَ خَلدينَ كَانَ عَلَى رَبُّكَ وَعْدًا مَّسْعُولًا ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يَعْشُرُهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ من دُون ٱلله فَيَقُولُ ءَأَنُمُ أَضْلَلْتُمْ عَبَادي هَنَوُلَآءِ أَمْ هُمْ ضَلُّواْ ٱلسَّبِيلَ ﴿ وَإِن اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى مَا كَانَ يَنْبَغِي لَنَا أَن للَّخَذَ من دُونكَ منْ أُولياءَ وَلكن مَّتَعْبَمُ وَءَاباآءَ هُمْ حَتَّى نَسُواْ الذَّكْرَوَكَانُواْ قَوْمَا بُوراً ١٠٠ فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوكُم بَا تَقُولُونَ فَمَا تَسْتَطِيعُونَ صَرْفَا وَلَا نَصْراً وَمَن يَظْلم مّنكُر نُذَقَهُ عَذَاباً كَبِيرًا ١٠ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا إِنَّهُمْ لَيَنَّا كُلُونَ ٱلطُّعَامَ وَيَمْشُونَ فِي ٱلْأَسْوَاقَ وَجَعَلْنَا بَعْضَكُمْ لَنِعُضْ فَتَنَةً أَتَصْبِرُونَ وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ بَصِيرًا ﴿

- 14. Pray not that day for one destruction, but pray for many destructions!
- 15. Say: Is that (doom) better or the Garden of Immortality which is promised unto those who ward off (evil)? It will be their reward and journey's end.
- 16. Therein abiding, they have all that they desire. It is for thy Lord a promise that must be fulfilled.
- 17. And on the day when He will assemble them and that which they worship instead of Allah and will say: Was it ye who misled these my slaves or did they (themselves) wander from the way?
- 18. They will say: Be Thou Glorified! It was not for us to choose any protecting friends beside Thee; but Thou didst give them and their fathers ease till they forgot the warning and became lost folk.
- 19. Thus they will give you the lie regarding what ye say, then ye can neither avert (the doom) nor obtain help. And whoso among you doeth wrong, We shall make him taste great torment.
- 20. We never sent before thee any messengers but lo! they verily ate food and walked in the markets. And We have appointed some of you a test for others: Will ye be steadfast? And thy Lord is ever Seer.

* وَقَالَ الَّذِنَ لَا رَجُونَ لَقَاءَنَا لَوْلَآ أَزِلَ عَلَيْنَا ٱلْمَلَيْكَةُ أَوْرَى رَبَّكَ لَقَد ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ فِي أَنفُسِهُمْ وَعَتَوْعُتُواْ كَبِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَ ٱلْمَلَتَهِكَةَ لَا يُشْرَى يَوْمَبِذَ لَلْمُجْرِمِينَ وَيَقُولُونَ حَجْرًا تَعْبُورًا ﴿ وَقَدَمْنَا إِلَىٰمَا عَمُلُواْمَنْ عَمَل فَجَعَلْنَكُ هَبَاءً مَّنفُورًا ١٠٠٠ أَتَحَلَبُ الْجَنَّة يَوْمَيِد خَيْرٌ مُسْتَقَرًّا وَأَحْسَنُ مَقيلًا ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نَشَقُّ ٱلسَّمَا عُ بِٱلْغَمَامِ وَنُزَّلَ ٱلْمَلَنَبِكَةُ تَنزيلًا ﴿ اللَّهُ الْمُلُّكُ يَوْمَهِذَا لَحَقُّ الرَّحَنْ وَكَانَ يَوْمًا عَلَى ٱلْكَنفرينَ عَسيرًا ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يَعَضَّ الظَّالَمُ عَلَىٰ يَدَيْهِ يَقُولُ يَلْلَيْنَنِي أَنَّخَذْتُ مَعَ ٱلرَّسُول سَبِيلًا ﴿ يَنُو يْلَتَىٰ لَيْتَنِي لَرَّ أَتَّخَذُ فُلَانًا خَلِيلًا ١٠ لَقَدْ أَضَلَني عَن ٱلذُّكُر بَعْدَ إِذْ جَآءَني وَكَانَ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ للإنسَان خَذُولًا ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلرَّسُولُ يَدْرَبُّ إِنَّ قَوْمِي ٱلَّخَذُواْ هَلَذَا

- 21. And those who look not for a meeting with Us say: Why are angels not sent down unto us and (why) do we not see our Lord? Assuredly they think too highly of themselves and are scornful with great pride.
- 22. On the day when they behold the angels, on that day there will be no good tidings for the guilty; and they will cry: A forbidding ban!
- 23. And We shall turn unto the work they did and make it scattered motes.
- 24. Those who have earned the Garden on that day will be better in their home and happier in their place of noonday rest;
- 25. A day when the heaven with the clouds will be rent asunder and the angels will be sent down, a grand descent.
- 26. The Sovereignty on that day will be the True (Sovereignty) belonging to the Beneficent One, and it will be a hard day for disbelievers.
- 27. On the day when the wrong-doer gnaweth his hands, he will say: Ah, would that I had chosen a way together with the messenger (of Allah)!
- 28. Alas for me! Ah, would that I had never taken such an one for friend!
- 29. He verily led me astray from the Reminder after it had reached me. Satan was ever man's deserter in the hour of need.
 - 30. And the messenger saith: O my Lord! Lo! mine own

ٱلْقُرْءَ انَ مَهْجُو رُانِ وَكَذَاكَ جَعَلْنَا لَكُلَّ نَبِيَّ عَدُوًّا مَّنَ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ وَكَفَى بَرَبِّكَ هَادِيًّا وَنَصِيرًا ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وِاللَّوْلَا زُلَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْفُرْءَانُ جُمْلَةً وَاحَدَةً كَالْكَ لنُثَبِّتَ بِهِ عُولَادَكَّ وَرَ تَلْنَهُ رَنيلًا ﴿ وَلا يَأْتُونَكَ بَمْثَلَ إِلَّا جَثْنَكَ بِٱلْحُتِّ وَأَحْسَنَ تَفْسِيرًا ﴿ اللَّذِينَ يُحْشَرُونَ عَلَىٰ وُجُوهِهُمْ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ أَوْلَتَهِكَ شَرٌّ مَّكَانًا وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا رَبُّي وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكَتَلَبَ وَجَعَلْنَا مَعَهُ وَأَخَاهُ هَلُو ونَ وَزيراً ١٠ فَقُلْنَا اذْهَبَا إِلَى الْقَوْم ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتنَا فَدَمَّرْنَاهُمْ تَدْميرًا ١٠٠٠ وَقَوْمَ نُوح لَّمَّا كَذَّبُواْ ٱلرُّسُلَ أَغْرَ قَنَاهُمْ وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ للنَّاسِ وَايَدُّ وَأَعْتَدْنَا للظَّلمينَ عَذَابًا أَلَهَا ﴿ وَعَادًا وَتَمُودَاْ وَأَعْجَلَبَ ٱلرَّسَّ وَقُرُ وَنَا بَيْنَ ذَاكَ كَشيرًا ﴿ وَكُلًّا ضَرَبْنَا لَهُ

- 31. Even so have We appointed unto every prophet an opponent from among the guilty; but Allah sufficeth for a Guide and Helper.
- 32. And those who disbelieve say: Why is the Qur'an not revealed unto him all at once? (It is revealed) thus that We may strengthen thy heart therewith; and We have arranged it in right order.
- 33. And they bring thee no similitude but We bring thee the Truth (as against it), and better (than their similitude) as argument.
- 34. Those who will be gathered on their faces unto hell: such are worse in plight and further from the right road.
- 35. We verily gave Moses the Scripture and placed with him his brother Aaron as henchman.
- 36. Then We said: Go together unto the folk who have denied Our revelations. Then We destroyed them, a complete destruction.
- 37. And Noah's folk, when they denied the messengers, We drowned them and made of them a portent for mankind. We have prepared a painful doom for evil-doers.
- 38. And (the tribes of) A'âd and Thamûd, and the dwellers in Ar-Rass,¹ and many generations in between.
 - 39. Each (of them) We warned by examples, and each

 1 Said to have been a town in Yamamah.

ٱلْأَمْثَارَ وَكُلًّا تَنَّرْنَا تَتْبِيرًا (إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ أَتَوْا عَلَى الْقَرْيَة الِّتِي أَمْطِرَتْ مَطَرَ السَّوْءِ أَفَلَمْ يَكُونُواْ يَرُونُهَا بَلْ كَانُواْ لَا يَرْجُونَ نُشُورًا ﴿ وَإِذَا رَأُوكَ إِنْ يَنْغُذُونَكَ إِلَّا هُرُ وَا أَهَٰذَا الَّذِي بَعَثَ اللهُ رَسُولًا ﴿ إِن كَادَ لَيُضِلُّنَا عَنْ المَننَا لَوْ لَا أَنْ صَبِرْنَا عَلَيْهَا وَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ حِينَ يَرُونَ ٱلْعَذَابَ مَنْ أَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ أَرَءَيْتَ مَن ٱ تَحَذَ إِلَاهَهُ هَوَنهُ أَفَأَنْتَ تَكُونُ عَلَيْهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿ أَمْ تَحْسَبُ أَنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ يَسْمَعُونَ أَوْ يَعْقَلُونَ ۚ إِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا كَٱلْأَنْعَلَّمْ بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِنَّى رَبَّكَ كَيْفَ مَدَّ الظُّلُّ وَلَوْ شَآءَ لَحَعَلَهُ مَا كُنَّا ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَا ٱلشَّمْسَ عَلَيْه دَليلًا (وَإِن ثُمَّ قَبَضَٰنَهُ إِلَيْنَا قَبْضًا يَسِيرًا ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الَّيْلَ لَبَاسًا وَالنَّوْمَ سُبَاتًا وَجَعَلَ النَّهَارَ نُشُورًا رَبِّي وَهُو

- 40. And indeed they have passed by the township whereon was rained the fatal rain. Can it be that they have not seen it? Nay, but they hope for no resurrection.
- 41. And when they see thee (O Muhammad) they treat thee only as a jest (saying): Is this he whom Allah sendeth as a messenger?
- 42. He would have led us far away from our gods if we had not been staunch to them. They will know, when they behold the doom, who is more astray as to the road.
- 43. Hast thou seen him who chooseth for his god his own lust? Wouldst thou then be guardian over him?
- 44. Or deemest thou that most of them hear or understand? They are but as the cattle—nay, but they are farther astray?
- 45. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord hath spread the shade—And if He willed He could have made it still—then We have made the sun its pilot;
- 46. Then We withdraw it unto Us, a gradual with-drawal?
- 47. And He it is Who maketh night a covering for you, and sleep repose, and maketh day a resurrection.

ٱلَّذِيَّ أَرْسَلَ ٱلرَّيْدَ جُشُراً بَيْنَ يَدَى رَحْمَتُهُ ۗ وَأَنْزَلْنَا مَنَ ٱلسَّمَاء مَا يَ طَهُورًا ﴿ لَنْ النَّهُ لَنُحْتَى بِهِ عَلَدَةً مَّينًا وَبُسْقَيْهُ مَّ خَلَقْنَآ أَنْعَنُما وَأَنَاسِيَّ كَشِيرًا ﴿ وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَكُ بَيْنَهُمْ ليَذَّكُّ وَأَفَأَنَّ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ إِلَّا كُفُورًا ﴿ وَلَوْ شَنْنَالَبَعَثْنَافِ كُلِّ قَرَّيَة نَّذِيرًا ﴿ فَا تُطع ٱلْكَافِرِينَ وَجَلَهُدُهُم بِهِ عِهَادًا كَبِيرًا ﴿ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي مَرَجَ ٱلْبَحْرَيْنِ هَلْذَا عَذْبٌ فُرَاتٌ وَهَلْذَا مِلْحُ أَجَاجٌ وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَهُما بَرْزَخَا وَحَجْرًا عَجُورًا ﴿ وَهُوَالَّذِي خَلَقَ مَنَ الْمَاء بَشَرَا فَجَعَلَهُ مَسَبًا وَصَهْرًا وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ قَديرًا ﴿ وَ يَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُهُمْ وَلَا يَضُرهُمْ وَكَانَ ٱلْكَافرُ عَلَىٰ رَبّه ع ظَه يرا ﴿ وَهُ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَكَ إِلَّا مُبَشّراً وَنَذِيرًا ١ إِنَّ قُلْ مَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْه مِنْ أَجْرٍ إِلَّا مَن شَاءَ



- 48. And He it is Who sendeth the winds, glad tidings heralding His mercy, and We send down purifying water from the sky,
- 49. That We may give life thereby to a dead land, and We give many beasts and men that We have created to drink thereof.
- 50. And verily We have repeated it among them that they may remember, but most of mankind begrudge aught save ingratitude.
- 51. If We willed, We could raise up a warner in every village.
- 52. So obey not the disbelievers, but strive against them herewith with a great endeavour.
- 53. And He it is Who hath given independence to the two seas¹ (though they meet); one palatable, sweet, and the other saltish, bitter; and hath set a bar and a forbidding ban between them.
- 54. And He it is Who hath created man from water, and hath appointed for him kindred by blood and kindred by marriage; for thy Lord is ever Powerful.
- 55. Yet they worship instead of Allah that which can neither benefit them nor hurt them. The disbeliever was ever a partisan against his Lord.
- 56. And We have sent thee (O Muhammad) only as a bearer of good tidings and a warner.
 - 57. Say: I ask of you no reward for this, save that whoso
 - 1 i.e. the two kinds of water in the earth.

أَنْ يَتَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّه ـ سَبيلًا ﴿ وَنَوَكُّلْ عَلَى ٱلْحَىُّ ٱلَّذِي لَا يَمُوتُ وَسَبَّحْ بَحَمْدُهُ عَ وَكَفَى بِهِ عِ بَذُنُوبِ عَبَادِهِ عَ خَبِيرًا ﴿ اللَّهِ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فى سنَّة أَيَّام ثُمَّ ٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشُ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ فَسْتُلْ به ع خَبِرًا (إِنَ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ الرَّحْمَن قَالُواْ وَمَا الرَّحْمَنُ أَنْسُجُلُمَاتَأُمُ الْأَوْزَادَهُمْ نُفُورًا ﴿ بَالَكَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ فى السَّمَاء بُرُوجًا وَجَعَلَ فيها سرَاجًا وَقَرَا مُنبراً ١ وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ خُلْفَةً لَّمَنْ أَرَادَ أَن يَذَّكَّرَ أَوْ أَرَادَ شُكُورًا ﴿ وَعَبَادُ الرَّحْنَ الَّذِينَ يَمْشُونَ عَلَى ٱلأرْض هَوْنَا وَإِذَا خَاطَبَهُمُ ٱلْجَلَهُونَ قَالُواْ سَلَامًا ٢ وَالَّذِينَ يَبِيتُونَ لرَّ بَهِمْ مُعَّدًا وَقَيْدَمَا ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبُّنَا أَصْرِفْ عَنَّا عَذَابَ جَهَيَّ إِنَّ عَذَابَهَا كَانَ غَرَامًا ﴿



will may choose a way unto his Lord.

- 58. And trust thou in the Living One Who dieth not, and hymn His praise. He sufficeth as the Knower of His bondmen's sins.
- 59. Who created the heavens and the earth and all that is between them in six Days,1 then He mounted the Throne. The Beneficent! Ask anyone informed concerning Him!
- 60. And when it is said unto them: Adore the Beneficent! they say: And what is the Beneficent? Are we to adore whatever thou (Muhammad) biddest us? And it increaseth aversion in them.
- 61. Blessed be He Who hath placed in the heaven mansions of the stars, and hath placed therein a great lamp and a moon giving light!
- 62. And He it is Who hath appointed night and day in succession, for him who desireth to remember, or desireth thankfulness.
- 63. The (faithful) slaves of the Beneficent are they who walk upon the earth modestly, and when the foolish ones address them answer: Peace:
- 64. And who spend the night before their Lord, prostrate and standing,
- 65. And who say: Our Lord! Avert from us the doom of hell; lo! the doom thereof is anguish;

¹ See XXII 47, XXXII 5, and LXX 4.

إِنَّهَا سَآءَتْ مُسْنَقَرًّا وَمُقَامًا ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا أَنْفَقُواْ لَمْ يُسْرِفُواْ وَلَرْ يَقْتُرُواْ وَكَانَ بَيْنَ ذَالَكَ قَوَامًا ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَدْ عُونَ مَعَ اللهِ إِلَنْهَا ءَاخَرَ وَلَا يَقْتُلُونَ ٱلنَّفْسَ ٱلَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللهُ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَلَقَ وَلَا يَزْنُونَ ۚ وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَا لِكَ يَلْنَ أَثَاماً إِنَّ يُضَلِّعَفْ لَهُ ٱلْعَذَابُ يَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَةَ وَيَخْلُدُفيه، مُهَا نَا ١ اللَّا مَن تَابَ وَءَامَنَ وَعَمَلَ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا فَأُوْلَنَّهِكَ بُبِّدُلُ اللهُ سَيَّاتِهمْ حَسَنَاتٌ وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا ﴿ وَمَن تَابَ وَعَمَلَ صَالِحًا فَإِنَّهُ يَتُوبُ إِلَى الله مَتَا بَأَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَشْهَدُونَ ٱلزُّورَ وَ إِذَا مَرُّواْ بَالَّغْو مَرُّواْ كَوَاماً ١ ٢ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكَرُواْ بِعَا يَلْت رَبِّهمْ لَرْ يَخُرُواْ عَلَيْهَا صُمًّا وَعُمْيانًا ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبِّنا هَبْ لَنا من أَرّْ وَاجِنَا وَذُرَّ يَّكْنَا قُرَّةً أَعْيُن وَأَجْعَلْنَا للْمُتَّقِينَ إِمَامًا ﴿

- 66. Lo! it is wretched as abode and station;
- 67. And those who, when they spend, are neither prodigal nor grudging; and there is ever a firm station between the two;
- 68. And those who cry not unto any other god along with Allah, nor take the life which Allah hath forbidden save in (course of) justice, nor commit adultery—and whoso doeth this shall pay the penalty;
- 69. The doom will be doubled for him on the Day of Resurrection, and he will abide therein disdained for ever;
- 70. Save him who repenteth and believeth and doth righteous work; as for such, Allah will change their evil deeds to good deeds. Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 71. And whosoever repenteth and doeth good, he verily repenteth toward Allah with true repentance—
- 72. And those who will not witness vanity, but when they pass near senseless play, pass by with dignity.
- 73. And those who, when they are reminded of the revelations of their Lord, fall not deaf and blind thereat.
- 74. And who say: Our Lord! Vouchsafe us comfort of our wives and of our offspring, and make us patterns for (all) those who ward off (evil).

SÛRAH XXVI

Ash-Shu'arâ, "The Poets," takes its title from v. 224 ff., where the difference between poets and a prophet is tersely pointed out; poets being those who say what they do not mean, while a prophet always practises what he preaches. The pagan Arabs and their poets believed the poetic inspiration to be the work of jinn.

The story of a number of former prophets is here given to console the believers at a time of persecution, with the assurance that it is no new thing for a messenger of Allah to be persecuted, but that the persecutors always suffer in the end. It shows also that all the

messengers of God came with the same message.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan strahs, with the exception of vv. 224-227, which were revealed at Al-Madinah.



أُولَنَهِكَ يُجْزَوْنَ الْغُرْفَةَ بِمَاصَبَرُواْ وَيُلَقَوْنَ فِيهَا تَحِيَّةً وَسَلَنَمًا وَيُلَقَوْنَ فَيها تَحِيَّةً وَسَلَنَمًا وَيُ خَلِدِينَ فِيها حَسَنَتْ مُسْتَقَرَّا وَمُقَامًا وَيُ وَسَلَنَمًا وَيُمْ فَقَدْ كَتَبَمُ عُلْ مَا يَعْبَوُاْ بِكُو رَبِي لَوْلَا دُعَا وَكُرُّ فَقَدْ كَتَبْهُمُ فَلَلْ مَا يَعْبَوُاْ بِكُو رَبِي لَوْلَا دُعَا وَكُرُّ فَقَدْ كَذَبْهُمُ فَلَلْ مَا يَعْبَوُاْ بِكُونَ لُوَا مُا وَيُ

(٢٦) سُيوْدِهُ الشُّعَرَاءِ مَكِيِّــــّة الاآية ١٩٧ ون ٢٢٤ إلى آخرالتورة فدنية وأياتها ٢٢٧ نزلت بعد الواقعة

يِنْ إِلَّرْجِيمِ

طَسَمَ ﴿ ثِلْكَ ءَايَنَتُ الْكَتَنْبِ الْمُبِينِ ﴿ لَعَلَكَ بَلْخِمْ نَفْسَكَ أَلَا يَكُونُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِن نَشَأْ نُنَزِّلُ عَلَيْهِم مِنَ السَّمَاءِ ءَابَةً فَظَلَّتْ أَعْنَاقُهُمْ لَمَا خَضِعِينَ ﴿ وَمَا يَأْتُواْ عَنْهُ وَمَا يَأْتُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَا كَانُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَأْتُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَوْ مَا يَا لَا كَانُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَا تَعْمَلُوا اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَقُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَهُ مَا يَعْلَقُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَمَا يَا لَا تَعْلَقُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَا يَعْلَقُوا عَنْهُ وَالْعَلْمُ الْعَلَيْمِ فَيْ اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَقُوا عَنْهُ وَمَا يَا لَا تَعْلَقُوا اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَقُوا اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَالْعَلْمُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّه



- 75. They will be awarded the high place forasmuch as they were steadfast, and they will meet therein with welcome and the word of peace,
- 76. Abiding there for ever. Happy is it as abode and station!
- 77. Say (O Muhammad, unto the disbelievers): My Lord would not concern Himself with you but for your prayer. But now ye have denied (the Truth), therefor there will be judgment.

THE POETS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful,

- 1. Ţā. Sîn. Mîm.1
- 2. These are revelations of the Scripture that maketh plain.
- 3. It may be that thou tormentest thyself (O Muhammad) because they believe not.
- 4. If We will, We can send down on them from the sky a portent so that their necks would remain bowed before it.
- 5. Never cometh there unto them a fresh reminder from the Beneficent One, but they turn away from it.

¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

مُعْرضينَ ﴿ فَعَدْ كَذَّ بُواْ فَسَيَأْتِهِمْ أَنْبِكَوُّا مَا كَانُواْ بِهِ يَسْتَهْرُ وَنَ ٢٥ أُولَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ كُمْ أَنْبَتْنَا فِهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَالَ أَكْتُرُهُمُ مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُو ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ وَ إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّكَ مُوسَىٰ أَن آمَّت ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلمينَ ﴿ قَوْمَ فَرْعُونَ ۚ أَلَا يَتَّقُونَ ۞ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّيٓ أَغَافُ أَن يُكَذَّبُون ٢٠٠٥ وَيَضِيقُ صَدَّرى وَلَا يَنطَلَقُ لسَاني فَأَرْسلُ إِلَّ هَلُوونَ ﴿ وَهَمُ عَلَّى ذَنْبُ فَأَخَافُ أَن يَقْتُلُون ﴿ قَالَ كَلَّا فَأَذْهَبَا بِعَايَنتَنَّا ۚ إِنَّا مَعَكُم مُّسْتَمعُونَ ١٠ فَأَتِيا فْرْعَوْنَ فَقُولًا إِنَّا رَسُولُ رَبِّ الْعَلْمِينَ ١ أَنْ أَرْسِلْ مَعَنَا بَنِيّ إِسْرَ وَمِلَ ١٠ قَالَ أَلَمْ أُرْبَكَ فِينَا وَلَيدًا وَلَيدًا وَلَيثُتَ فِينَا مِنْ مُحْرِكَ سنينَ ١٠ وَفَعَلْتَ فَعَلَتَكَ ٱلَّتِي فَعَلْتَكَ

- Now they have denied (the Truth); but there will come unto them tidings of that whereat they used to scoff.
- 7. Have they not seen the earth, how much of every fruitful kind We make to grow therein?
- 8. Lo! herein is indeed a portent; yet most of them are not believers.
- 9. And lo! thy Lord! He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
- 10. And when thy Lord called Moses, saying: Go unto the wrongdoing folk,
 - 11. The folk of Pharaoh. Will they not ward off (evil)?
 - 12. He said: My Lord! Lo! I fear that they will deny me,
- 13. And I shall be embarrassed, and my tongue will not speak plainly, therefor send for Aaron (to help me).
- 14. And they have a crime against me, so I fear that they will kill me.
- 15. He said: Nay, verily. So go ye twain with Our tokens. Lo! We shall be with you, Hearing.
- 16. And come together unto Pharaoh and say: Lo! we bear a message of the Lord of the Worlds,
 - 17. (Saying): Let the Children of Israel go with us.
- 18. (Pharaoh) said (unto Moses): Did we not rear thee among us as a child? And thou didst dwell many years of thy life among us,
 - 19. And thou didst that thy deed which thou didst, and

وَأَنتَ مَنَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ قَالَ فَعَلَّتُهَا ٓ إِذَا وَأَنَّا مر َ ٱلضَّالِّينَ ﴿ فَفَرَرْتُ مِنكُرُ لَمَّا خَفْتُكُرْ فَوَهَبَ لِي رَبَّى حُكْمًا وَجَعَلَني مِنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ وَنَلْكَ نَعْمَةٌ مَّنَّهَا عَلَى أَنْ عَبَّدتَّ بَنيَ إِسْرَاءِيلَ ﴿ قَالَ فَرْعَوْنُ وَمَا رَبُّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ مَا لَابُ السَّمَلُواتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَلْهُمَا إِن كُنتُم مُّوقِنينَ ٢٠ قَالَ لَمَنْ حَوْلَهُ وَ أَلاَ تَسْتَمعُونَ ٢٠ قَالَ رَبُّكُوْ وَرَبُّ ءَابَا يِكُو ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّ رَسُولَكُو الَّذِي أُرْسِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ لَمَجْنُونٌ ١٠٠ قَالَ رَبُّ ٱلْمَشْرِق وَالْمَغْرِبِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا ۚ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْقلُونَ ﴿ قَالَ لَين المَّخَذَتَ إِلَنَّهَا غَيْرِي لَأَجْعَلَنَّكَ مِنَ ٱلْمَسْجُونِينَ ٢ قَالَ أُولَوْ جَنْتُكَ بِشَيْءِ مُبِين ﴿ مَا اللَّهِ عَالَ فَأْتِ بِهِ مَا إِن كُنتَ منَ الصَّدوينَ ﴿ فَأَلْقَى عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِي ثُعْبَانُ

- 20. He said: I did it then, when I was of those who are astray.
- 21. Then I fled from you when I feared you, and my Lord vouchsafed me a command and appointed me (of the number) of those sent (by Him).
- 22. And this is the past favour wherewith thou reproachest me: that thou hast enslaved the Children of Israel.
 - 23. Pharaoh said: And what is the Lord of the Worlds?
- 24. (Moses) said: Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, if ye had but sure belief.
 - 25. (Pharaoh) said unto those around him: Hear ye not?
 - 26. He said: Your Lord and the Lord of your fathers.
- 27. (Pharaoh) said: Lo! your messenger who hath been sent unto you is indeed a madman!
- 28. He said: Lord of the East and the West and all that is between them, if ye did but understand.
- 29. (Pharaoh) said: If thou choosest a god other than me, I assuredly shall place thee among the prisoners.
 - 30. He said: Even though I show thee something plain?
- 31. (Pharaoh) said: Produce it then, if thou art of the truthful!
 - 32. Then he flung down his staff and it became a serpent

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مُّبِينٌ ١٠٠ وَزَعَ يَدَهُ وَإِذَا هِيَ بَيْضَآهُ للنَّاظرِينَ ﴿ قَالَ لِلْمَلَإِ حَوْلَهُ ۚ إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَسَلْحُ عَلَيْمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ مُلِدًّا أَن يُخْرَجَكُمُ مَنْ أَرْضَكُم بِسحْره عَ فَاذَا تَأْمُرُونَ ﴿ قَلَ قَالُواْ أَرْجِهُ وَأَخَاهُ وَآبْعَتْ فِي ٱلْمَدَآيِنِ خَلْسُرِينَ ﴿ يَأْتُوكَ بكُلِّ سَعَّاد عَليه ﴿ يَهُ فَجُمعَ ٱلسَّحَرَةُ لميقَلت يَوْم مَّعْلُوم ﴿ وَقِيلَ لِلنَّاسِ هَلْ أَنتُم عُجَّتَمعُونَ ﴿ لَعَلَّنَا نَتَّبِعُ السَّحَرَةَ إِن كَانُواْ هُمُ ٱلْغَلبينَ ﴿ يَ فَلَمَّا جَآءَ السَّحَرَةُ قَالُواْ لَفَرْعَوْنَ أَيِنَ لَنَا لَأَجْرًا إِن كُنَّا نَحُنُ ٱلْغَلْبِينَ ﴿ قَالَ نَعَمْ وَ إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا لَّمَنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿ قَالَ لَمُم مُوسَىٰ ا أَلْقُواْ مَا أَنْتُم مُلْقُونَ ﴿ فَا فَقُواْ حَبَالَهُمْ وَعَصِيَّهُمْ وَقَالُواْ بعزَّة فرْعَوْنَ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ ٱلْغَللبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَلْقَىٰ مُوسَىٰ عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِي تَلْقَفُ مَايَأُفكُونَ ﴿ فَأَلْقَي السَّحَرَةُ

manifest,

- 33. And he drew forth his hand and lo! it was white to the beholders.
- 34. (Pharaoh) said unto the chiefs about him: Lo! this is verily a knowing wizard,
- 35. Who would drive you out of your land by his magic. Now what counsel ye?
- 36. They said: Put him off, (him) and his brother, and send into the cities summoners
 - 37. Who shall bring unto thee every knowing wizard.
- 38. So the wizards were gathered together at a set time on a day appointed.
- 39. And it was said unto the people: Are ye (also) gathering?
- 40. (They said): Aye, so that we may follow the wizards if they are the winners.
- 41. And when the wizards came they said unto Pharaoh: Will there surely be a reward for us if we are the winners?
- 42. He said: Aye, and ye will then surely be of those brought near (to me).
- 43. Moses said unto them: Throw what ye are going to throw!
- 44. Then they threw down their cords and their staves and said: By Pharaoh's might, lo! we verily are the winners.
- 45. Then Moses threw his staff and lo! it swallowed that which they did falsely show.
 - 46. And the wizards were flung prostrate,

سَلجدينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَهَلُوُونَ ﴿ قَالَ عَامَنُمْ لَهُ وَتَبْلَ أَنْ عَاذَنَ لَكُمُّ إِنَّهُ لَكَبِيرُكُ الَّذِي عَلَّمَكُ السَّحْرَفَلَسُوفَ نَعْلَمُونَ لَأُقَطِّعَنَّ أَيْدَيَكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مَنْ خَلَفَ وَلَأُصَلَّبَنَّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ قَالُواْ لَاضَيْرَ إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبَّنَا مُنقَلَبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا نَطْمَعُ أَن يَغْفَرَلَنَا رَبُّنِا خَطَلِينَا آن كُنَّا آوَّلَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ رَبِّي * وَأُوحَيْنَا ۚ إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَنْ أَسْرِ بعبَادِي إِنَّكُمُ مُّنَّبِعُونَ ﴿ فَأَرْسَلَ فُرْعَوْنُ فِي ٱلْمَدَآيِنِ حَلْشِرِينَ ١٠ إِنَّ هَـنَوُّلَّاءِ لَشْرْدَمَةٌ قَلِيلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَنَا لَغَا يِظُونَ ﴿ وَ إِنَّا لِخَمْيعُ حَلِفُرُونَ ﴿ فَأَنَّرُجْنَلُهُم مَّن جَنَّلَت وَعُيُون ﴿ وَكُنُوزِ وَمَقَامٍ كُرِمٍ ﴿ يَثْهِ كَذَالِكَ وَأُوْرَثُنَاهَا بَنِي إِسْرَاءِيلَ ﴿ فَي فَأَتَبَعُوهُمُ مُشْرِقِينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّاتُوا مَا أَجْكَمُعَانَ



- - 47. Crying: We believe in the Lord of the Worlds,
 - 48. The Lord of Moses and Aaron.
- 49. (Pharaoh) said: Ye put your faith in him before I give you leave. Lo! he doubtless is your chief who taught you magic! But verily ye shall come to know. Verily I will cut off your hands and your feet alternately, and verily I will crucify you every one.
- 50. They said: It is no hurt, for lo! unto our Lord we shall return.
- 51. Lo! we ardently hope that our Lord will forgive us our sins because we are the first of the believers.
- 52. And We inspired Moses, saying: Take away My slaves by night, for ye will be pursued.
 - 53. Then Pharaoh sent into the cities summoners,
 - 54. (Who said): Lo! these indeed are but a little troop,
 - 55. And lo! they are offenders against us.
 - 56. And lo! we are a ready host.
- 57. Thus did We take them away from gardens and watersprings,
 - 58. And treasures and a fair estate.
- 59. Thus (were those things taken from them) and We caused the Children of Israel to inherit them.
 - 60. And they overtook them at sunrise.
 - 61. And when the two hosts saw each other, those with

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قَالَ أَصْحَابُ مُوسَىٰ إِنَّا لَمُدْرَكُونَ ﴿ قَالَ كَلَّا ۗ إِنَّ مَعَى رَبِّي سَيَدين ﴿ فَأُوحَيْنَ إِلَىٰ مُوسَى أَن أَضْرِب بَعَصَاكَ ٱلْبَحْرَ فَآنفَاقَ فَكَانَ كُلُّ فرق كَالطُّود ٱلْعَظم ٢ وَأَزْلَفْنَا ثُمَّ ٱلْآخَرِينَ ﴿ وَأَنْجَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَمَن مَّعَهُ ۗ أَجْمَعِينَ ۞ ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا ٱلْآنَرِينَ ۞ إِنَّ فِي ذَالكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُّؤْمِنينَ ١٠ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُوَالْعَرِيزُ ٱلرَّحيُم ﴿ وَٱثْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ إِبْرَهِيمَ ۞ إِذْ قَالَ لأَبِيهِ وَقَوْمه عِمَا تَعْبُدُونَ إِنِّي قَالُواْ نَعْبُدُ أَصْنَاماً فَنَظَلْ لَكَ عَلَّهُ فِينَ ﴿ قَالَ هَلْ يَسْمَعُونَكُمْ إِذْ تَدْعُونَ ﴿ أُويِنَفَعُونَكُو أُو يَضُرُّونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ بَلْ وَجَدْنَا عَابَاءَنَا كَذَاكَ يَفْعُلُونَ ﴿ قَلَ أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا كُنتُمْ تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ فَا كُنَّا لَكُ مُعْبُدُونَ ﴿ أَنُّمْ وَوَابَا وَكُو الْأَقْدَمُونَ ١٠ فَإِنَّهُمْ عَدُوٌّ لَى إِلَّا رَبِّ

- 62. He said: Nay, verily! for lo! my Lord is with me. He will guide me.
- 63. Then We inspired Moses, saying: Smite the sea with thy staff. And it parted, and each part was as a mountain vast.
 - 64. Then brought We near the others to that place.
 - 65. And We saved Moses and those with him, every one;
 - 66. And We drowned the others.
- 67. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers.
- 68. And lo, thy Lord! He is indeed the Mighty, the
 - 69. Recite unto them the story of Abraham:
- 70. When he said unto his father and his folk: What worship ye?
- 71. They said: We worship idols, and are ever devoted unto them.
 - 72. He said: Do they hear you when ye cry?
 - 73. Or do they benefit or harm you?
- 74. They said: Nay, but we found our fathers acting on this wise.
 - 75. He said: See now that which ye worship,
 - 76. Ye and your forefathers!
 - 77. Lo! they are (all) an enemy unto me, save the Lord of

ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ الَّذِي خَلَقَني فَهُو يَهُدِينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِي هُو يُطْعَمُني وَيَسْـقين ﴿ وَإِذَا مَرضْتُ فَهُوَيَشْفين ﴿ يُ وَالَّذِي يُميتُني ثُمَّ يُحْمِين (إِنِّي وَالَّذِيَّ أَطْمَعُ أَنْ يَغْفَرَلي خَطِيْفَتِي يَوْمَ ٱلدِّين ﴿ وَبَ هَبْ لِي حُكُم اللَّهِ وَأَخْفَنِي بِٱلصَّلْحِينَ ﴿ وَأَجْعَلِ لَى لَسَانَ صَدَّق فِي ٱلْآخِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِنْ وَٱجْعَلْنَى مَن وَرَثَة جَنَّـة ٱلنَّعيم ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَٱغْفَرْلاَأِي ۗ إِنَّهُۥ كَانَ مِنَ ٱلضَّالِّينَ ﴿ وَلَا تُخْزِنَى يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُونَ ۞ يَوْمَ لَايَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ ۞ إِلَّا مَنْ أَتَى اللهَ بَقَلْب سَليم ﴿ وَأَزْلَفَت ٱلْجَنَّةُ لَلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَأُرَّزَت ٱلْحَحِمُ لَلْغَاوِينَ ١٥ وَقِيلَ لَهُمُ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْبُدُونَ ١٠ من دُون الله هَلْ يَنصُرُ ونَكُرٌ أَوْ يَنتَصرُونَ ١٣٠ فَكُبكُبُواْ فِهَا هُمْ وَٱلْغَاوُرِنَ ﴿ وَجُنُودُ إِبْلِيسَ أَجْمَعُونَ ﴾

the Worlds.

- 78. Who created me, and He doth guide me,
- 79. And Who feedeth me and watereth me.
- 80. And when I sicken, then He healeth me,
- 81. And Who causeth me to die, then giveth me life (again),
- 82. And Who, I ardently hope, will forgive me my sin on the Day of Judgment.
- 83. My Lord! Vouchsafe me wisdom and unite me to the righteous.
 - 84. And give unto me a good report in later generations.
- 85. And place me among the inheritors of the Garden of Delight,
 - 86. And forgive my father. Lo! he is of those who err.
 - 87. And abase me not on the day when they are raised,
 - 88. The day when wealth and sons avail not (any man)
 - 89. Save him who bringeth unto Allah a whole heart.
- 90. And the Garden will be brought nigh for those who ward off (evil).
 - 91. And hell will appear plainly to the erring.
- 92. And it will be said unto them: Where is (all) that ye used to worship
 - 93. Instead of Allah? Can they help you or help themselves?
- 94. Then will they be hurled therein, they and the seducers
 - 95. And the hosts of Iblîs, together.

قَالُواْ وَهُمَّ فَيَهَا يَخْتَصِمُونَ ﴿ مَنَّ لَاللَّهِ إِن كُنَّا لَنِي ضَلَال مُّبِين ﴿ إِذْ نُسَوِّيكُم بَرَبَ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَمَا أَضَلَّنَا إِلَّا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ لَكَا مِن شَلِفِعِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ صَدِيق حَمِيد ١ مَن اللَّهُ أَنَّ لَنَا كُرَّةً فَنَكُونَ مَن اللَّهُ وْمَنينَ ١ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَةً ۗ وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُّؤْمنينَ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُنُو ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ كَابَّتْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ ٱلمرسَلينَ ١٠٠ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمُ أَخُوهُمْ نُوحٌ أَلَّا نَتَقُونَ ١٠٠ إِنِّي لَكُرْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿ فَإِنَّا فَأَنَّقُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَأَطْيِعُون ﴿ وَمَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرَ إِنْ أَجْرَى إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ٢٠٠ فَأَ تَقُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَطيعُون ١٠٠ عِقَالُواْ أَنُوْمِنُ لَكَ وَٱنَّبَعَكَ ٱلْأَرْذَلُونَ ﴿ وَهِمْ قَالَ وَمَا عَلْمِي بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١٥ إِنْ حَسَابُهُمْ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّي لَوْتَشْعُرُونَ ١٥



- 96. And they will say, when they are quarrelling therein:
- 97. By Allah, of a truth we were in error manifest
- 98. When we made you equal with the Lord of the Worlds.
 - 99. It was but the guilty who misled us.
 - 100. Now we have no intercessors
 - 101. Nor any loving friend.
- 102. Oh, that we had another turn (on earth), that we might be of the believers!
- 103. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers!
- 104. And lo, thy Lord! He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 105. Noah's folk denied the messengers (of Allah),
- 106. When their brother Noah said unto them: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 107. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you,
 - 108. So keep your duty to Allah, and obey me.
- 109. And I ask of you no wage therefor; my wage is the concern only of the Lord of the Worlds.
 - 110. So keep your duty to Allah, and obey me.
- 111. They said: Shall we put faith in thee, when the lowest (of the people) follow thee?
- 112. He said: And what knowledge have I of what they may have been doing (in the past)?
- 113. Lo! their reckoning is my Lord's concern, if ye but knew;

وَمَا أَنَا بِطَارِدِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَنَا ۚ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَنَا ۚ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿ قَالُواْ لَينِ لَرْ تَنْتَه يَنغُوحُ لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَرْجُومِينَ ١٠ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ قَوْمِي كَذَّابُون ﴿ إِنَّ فَاقْنَحْ بَيْنِي وَبَيْـنَهُمْ فَتْحَا وَنَجْنِي وَمَن مَّعِي مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١ في الفُلُّك الْمَشْخُون ١٠٠ ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا بَعْدُ الْبَاقِينَ إِنَّا فِي ذَالِكَ لَا يَهُّ وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُّؤْمنينَ ١ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُوا لَعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿ كَا لَهُ عَادُّ ٱلمُرْسَلينَ ١٠٠ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوهُمْ هُودٌ أَلاَ نَتَّقُونَ ١٠٠٠ إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولُ أَمينٌ ﴿ فَإِنَّا فَأَنَّقُواْ اللَّهَ وَأَطْيِعُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٌ إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبّ ٱلْعَثَامِينَ ١٠ أَتَبْنُونَ بِكُلِّ رِيعِ ءَايَةً تَعْبَثُونَ ١ وَتَخَذُونَ مَصَانَعَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَخَلُدُونَ ١ وَإِذَا بَطَشْتُم

- 114. And I am not (here) to repulse believers.
- 115. I am only a plain warner.

- 116. They said: If thou cease not, O Noah, thou wilt surely be among those stoned (to death).
 - 117. He said: My Lord! Lo! my own folk deny me.
- 118. Therefor judge Thou between us, a (conclusive) judgment, and save me and those believers who are with me.
- 119. And We saved him and those with him in the laden ship.
 - 120. Then afterward We drowned the others.
- 121. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers.
- 122. And lo, thy Lord, He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 123. (The tribe of) A'âd denied the messengers (of Allah),
- 124. When their brother Hûd said unto them: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 125. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you,
 - 126. So keep your duty to Allah and obey me.
- 127. And I ask of you no wage therefor; my wage is the concern only of the Lord of the Worlds.
- 128. Build ye on every high place 2 monument for vain delight?
- 129. And seek ye out strongholds, that haply ye may last for ever?

بَطَشُّتُمْ جَبَّارِينَ ﴿ فَآتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطْيعُونَ ﴿ وَآتَقُواْ ٱلَّذِي أَمَدَّكُم بِمَا تَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ أَمَدَّكُم بِأَنْعَلَم وَبَنِينَ ١ وَجَنَّات وَعُيُون ﴿ إِنَّى أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْم عَظيم ١٠٠٥ قَالُواْ سَوَآء عَلَيْنَا أَوْعَظْتَ أَمْ لَرْ تَكُن مَنَ ٱلْوَاعظينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَنَذَآ إِلَّا خُلُقُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَمَا نَعْنُ عُمَلَنِينَ شِي فَكَلَّبُوهُ فَأَهْلَكُننُهُمُّ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُوَالْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ كُلَّابَتْ نَمُودُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِذْقَالَ لَمُهُمْ أُخُوهُمْ صَالِحٌ أَلَا نَتَقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّى لَكُرْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿ فَآتَقُواْ اللهَ وَأَطْيِعُونَ ﴿ وَمَآ أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرَ إِنْ أَجْرَى إِلَّاعَلَىٰ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ أَتُوا كُونَ فِي مَاهَنَّهُنَّا عَامِنِينَ ١ فِي جَنَّلَتِ وَعُيُونِ ١ وَزُرُوعِ وَتَخْلُ

- 130. And if ye seize by force, seize ye as tyrants?
- 131. Rather keep your duty to Allah, and obey me.
- 132. Keep your duty toward Him Who hath aided you with (the good things) that ye know,
 - 133. Hath aided you with cattle and sons
 - 134. And gardens and watersprings.
 - 135. Lo! I fear for you the retribution of an awful day.
- 136. They said: It is all one to us whether thou preachest or art not of those who preach;
 - 137. This is but a fable of the men of old,
 - 138. And we shall not be doomed.
- 139. And they denied him; therefor We destroyed them. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers.
- 140. And lo! thy Lord, He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
- 141. (The tribe of) Thamûd denied the messengers (of Allah)
- 142. When their brother Şâliḥ said unto them: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 143. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you,
 - 144. So keep your duty to Allah and obey me.
- 145. And I ask of you no wage therefor; my wage is the concern only of the Lord of the Worlds.
 - 146. Will ye be left secure in that which is here before us,
 - 147. In gardens and watersprings

148. And tilled fields and heavy-sheathed palm-trees,

طَلْعُهَا هَضِهُ ﴿ إِنِّي وَتَغْتُونَ مَنَ ٱلْجَبَالَ بُيُوتًا فَدْ هِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَاتَّقُواْ اللهَ وَأَطْيِعُونَ ﴿ وَإِلَّا تُطِيعُواْ أَمْرَ ٱلْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُفْسدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا يُصْلحُونَ ﴿ ثِي قَالُواْ إِنَّمَا أَنتَ مِنَ ٱلْمُسَحِّرِينَ ﴿ مَا أَنتَ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مَثْلُنَا فَأَت عَايَة إِن كُنتَ منَ ٱلصَّدِقينَ ﴿ قَالَ هَدْهُ ءَ نَاقَةٌ لَّمَّا شُرْبٌ وَلَكُوْ شُرْبُ يَوْم مَّعْلُوم (فَيْ) وَلَا تَمَسُّوهَا بِسُوِّءِ فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ عَذَابُ يَوْم عَظيم ﴿ فَي فَعَقَرُ وَهَا فَأَصْبَحُواْ نَدمينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَي ذَاكَ لَا يَدُّ وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمُواَلَّعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿ كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُ لُوطِ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ لَمْمُ أَخُوهُمْ لُوطً أَلَا نَتَّقُونَ ١ إِنِّي لَكُرْ رَسُولًا أَمِينٌ ١ هَا قَاتَقُواْ اللَّهَ وَأَطِيمُونِ ١ وَمَا أَسْفَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرَ إِنْ أَجْرِىَ إِلَّا

- 149. Though ye hew out dwellings in the mountain, being skilful?
 - 150. Therefor keep your duty to Allah and obey me,
 - 151. And obey not the command of the prodigal,
 - 152. Who spread corruption in the earth, and reform not.
 - 153. They said: Thou art but one of the bewitched;
- 154. Thou art but a mortal like us. So bring some token if thou art of the truthful.
- 155. He said: (Behold) this she-camel. She hath the right to drink (at the well), and ye have the right to drink, (each) on an appointed day.
- 156. And touch her not with ill lest there come on you the retribution of an awful day.
 - 157. But they hamstrung her, and then were penitent.
- 158. So the retribution came on them. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers.
- 159. And lo! thy Lord! He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 160. The folk of Lot denied the messengers (of Allah),
- 161. When their brother Lot said unto them: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 162. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you,
 - 163. So keep your duty to Allah and obey me.
 - 164. And I ask of you no wage therefor; my wage is the

عَلَىٰ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَتَأْتُونَ الذُّكُوانَ مِنَ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَتَذَرُونَ مَا خَلَقَ لَكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ مِّنْ أَزْوَ ﴿ جِكُمْ بَلُّ أَنْهُمْ قَوْمٌ عَادُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ قَالُواْ لَينِ لَّهُ تَنتَه يَنلُوطُ لَتَكُونَنَّ منَ ٱلمُخْرَجِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ عَالَ إِنَّى لَعَمَلَكُمْ مِّنَ ٱلْقَالِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبِّ تَجَنِي وَأَهْلِي مَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَنَجَّيْنَهُ وَأَهْلَهُۥ أَجْمَعِنَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَّا عَفُوزًا فِي الْغَلِيرِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَدَّمَّرْنَا ٱلْآنَويِنَ ﴿ ثَا وَأَمْطُرْنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّطَرّاً فَسَآءَ مَطَرُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ ١٠ إِنَّ في ذَاكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ لَمُو ٱلْعَزِيزُ الرَّحمُ وَيُ كَذَّبَ أَعْدَبُ أَعَيْكَة ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ٢ إِذْ قَالَ لَمُمْ شُعَيْبُ أَلاَ نَتَّقُونَ ١٠٠ إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولُ أَمِينٌ ﴿ فَا تَقُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَطْيعُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَسْعَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرِ إِنْ أَجْرِى إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ١

concern only of the Lord of the Worlds.

- 165. What! Of all creatures do ye come unto the males,
- 166. And leave the wives your Lord created for you? Nay, but ye are froward folk.
- 167. They said: If thou cease not, O Lot, thou wilt soon be of the outcast.
- 168. He said: I am in truth of those who hate your conduct.
- 169. My Lord! Save me and my household from what they do.
 - 170. So We saved him and his household, every one,
 - 171. Save an old woman among those who stayed behind.
 - 172. Then afterward We destroyed the others.
- 173. And We rained on them a rain. And dreadful is the rain of those who have been warned.
- 174. Lo! herein is indeed a portent, yet most of them are not believers.
- 175. And lo! thy Lord, He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
- 176. The dwellers in the wood (of Midian) denied the messengers (of Allah),
- 177. When Shu'eyb said unto them: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 178. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you,
 - 179. So keep your duty to Allah and obey me.
- 180. And I ask of you no wage for it; my wage is the concern only of the Lord of the Worlds.



* أَوْفُواْ ٱلْكَيْلَ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُخْسِرِينَ ١ وَزِنُواْ بِٱلْقَسْطَاسِ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمِ ﴿ وَإِلَّا تَبْخَسُواْ ٱلنَّاسَ أَشْيَاآءَ هُمْ وَلَا تَعْنَوْاْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدينَ ۞ وَٱتَّقُواْ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ وَٱلْجُبِلَّةَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ شِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّمَا آلْتَ مَن ٱلْمُسَحَّرِينَ وَثِينَ وَمَا أَنتَ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مَثْلُنَا وَ إِن نَّظُنُّكَ لَمَنَ ٱلْكَندبينَ وَإِن فَأَسْقطُ عَلَيْنَا كَسَفًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِإِن كُنتَ منَ الصَّدقينَ ﴿ مَا قَالَ رَتَّي أَعْلَمُ مِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخَذَهُمْ عَذَابُ يَوْمِ الظُّلَّةَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ عَظِيمٍ ١ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُؤْمنينَ ١٠ وَإِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَمُو ٱلْعَزِيزُ الرَّحيمُ ١٠ وَإِنَّهُ وَإِنَّهُ لَتَذِيلُ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلْمَينَ ١٠٠٠ أَزَلَ بِهِ ٱلرُّوحُ ٱلْأَمِينُ ١٠٠٠ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ لِتَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُنذرِينَ ﴿ اللَّهُ بِلسَّانِ عَرَبِي

- 181. Give full measure, and be not of those who give less (than the due).
 - 182. And weigh with the true balance.
- 183. Wrong not mankind in their goods, and do not evil, making mischief, in the earth.
- 184. And keep your duty unto Him Who created you and the generations of the men of old.
 - 185. They said: Thou art but one of the bewitched;
- 186. Thou art but a mortal like us, and lo! we deem thee of the liars.
- 187. Then make fragments of the heaven fall upon us, if thou art of the truthful.
 - 188. He said: My Lord is Best Aware of what ye do.
- 189. But they denied him, so there came on them the retribution of the day of gloom. Lo! it was the retribution of an awful day.
- 190. Lo! herein is indeed a portent; yet most of them are not believers.
- 191. And lo! thy Lord! He is indeed the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 192. And lo! it is a revelation of the Lord of the Worlds,
 - 193. Which the True Spirit hath brought down
- 194. Upon thy heart, that thou mayst be (one) of the warners.
 - 195. In plain Arabic speech.

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مُّبِين ١ وَإِنَّهُ لَنِي زُبُر الْأُولِينَ ١ أَوَلَمْ يَكُن لَمُّمُ ءَايَةً أَنْ يَعْلَمَهُ وُعُلَمَتُوا بَنَّ إِسْرَا عِبِلَ ١١٠ وَلَوْزَانَنُهُ عَلَى بَعْض ٱلأَجْمَينَ ﴿ فَقَرَأُهُ عَلَيْهِم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ اللَّهُ سَلَكُننَهُ فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُجْرِمينَ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَل لَا يُؤْمنُونَ بِهِ عَنَّى يَرَوُا ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلْأَلْيَمَ ﴿ مَنَّ فَيَأْ نَيُّمُ بَغْتَةً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ فَيَقُولُواْ هَلْ مَعْنُ مُنظَرُونَ ﴿ وَا أَفَهَعَذَابِنَا يَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَرَءَيْتَ إِنْ مَّتَّعْنَاهُمْ سنينَ وَ مُ مُمَّ جَآءَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَ مَا أَغْنَى عَنَّهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يُمَنَّعُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَهْلَكُنَّا مِن قَرْيَة إِلَّا لَهَا مُنذُرُ ونَ ﴿ وَمَا كُنَّا ظَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كُنَّا ظَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَمَا تَنَزَّلَتْ بِهِ ٱلشَّيَاطِينُ ﴿ وَمَا يَنْبَغِي لَمُنَمْ وَمَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّمْعِ لَمَعْزُ ولُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللهُ

- - 196. And lo! it is in the Scriptures of the men of old.
- 197. Is it not a token for them that the doctors of the Children of Israel know it?¹
- 198. And if We had revealed it unto one of any other nation than the Arabs,
- 199. And he had read it unto them, they would not have believed in it.
 - 200. Thus do We make it traverse the hearts of the guilty.
- 201. They will not believe in it till they behold the painful doom.
- 202. So that it will come upon them suddenly, when they perceive not.
 - 203. Then they will say: Are we to be reprieved?
 - 204. Would they (now) hasten on Our doom?
- 205. Hast thou then seen, if We content them for (long) years,
 - 206. And then cometh that which they were promised,
- 207. (How) that wherewith they were contented naught availeth them?
 - 208. And We destroyed no township but it had its warners
 - 209. For reminder, for We never were oppressors.
 - 210. The devils did not bring it down.
 - 211. It is not meet for them, nor is it in their power,
 - 212. Lo! verily they are banished from the hearing.
 - 213. Therefor invoke not with Allah another god, lest
- 1 The Jews knew, from their Scripture, that a prophet had been promised to the

إِلَنَّهَا ءَانَرَ فَتَكُونَ مَنَ ٱلْمُعَذَّبِينَ ١ وَأَنذَرْ عَشيرَ تَكَ ٱلْأَقْرَبِينَ ﴿ وَأَخْفَضْ جَنَاحَكَ لَمَنِ ٱتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١٠ فَإِنْ عَصَوْكَ فَقُلْ إِنَّى بَرِيَّ * مَّمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَتُوكِّلُ عَلَى ٱلْعَزيزِ ٱلرَّحيمِ ﴿ الَّذِي يَرَىٰكَ حِينَ تَقُومُ ﴿ وَتَقَلَّبَكَ فِ ٱلسَّاجِدِينَ ﴿ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلَيمُ ﴿ مَلْ أَنْبَكُمُ عَلَى مَن تَزَّلُ ٱلشَّيَاطِينُ ١٠ تَنْزَلُ عَلَى كُلَّ أَفَّاك أَيْد ١٠ يُلْقُونَ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ كَلذُبُونَ ١٠ وَٱلشُّعَرَآءُ يَنَّبِعُهُمُ ٱلْغَاوُدِنَ ١ اللَّهِ أَلَمْ تَرَأَتُهُمْ فِي كُلِّ وَادْ يَهِيمُونَ ١ وَأَنَّهُمْ يَقُولُونَ مَالَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَات وَذَكُرُواْ ٱللهُ كَثيرًا وَٱنتَصَرُواْ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا ظُلْمُواْ وَسَيْعَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ أَىَّ مُنقَلَبَ يَنقَلَبُونَ ﴿

- 214. And warn thy tribe of near kindred,
- 215. And lower thy wing (in kindness) unto those believers who follow thee.
- 216. And if they (thy kinsfolk) disobey thee, say: Lo! I am innocent of what they do.
 - 217. And put thy trust in the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 218. Who seeth thee when thou standest up (to pray)
- 219. And (seeth) thine abasement among those who fall prostrate (in worship).
 - 220. Lo! He, only He, is the Hearer, the Knower.
 - 221. Shall I inform you upon whom the devils descend?
 - 222. They descend on every sinful, false one.
 - 223. They listen eagerly, but most of them are liars.
 - 224. As for poets, the erring follow them.

- 225. Hast thou not seen how they stray in every valley,
- 226. And how they say that which they do not?
- 227. Save those who believe and do good works, and remember Allah much, and vindicate themselves after they have been wronged. Those who do wrong will come to know by what a (great) reverse they will be overturned!

(۲۷) سُوِفِ القالنمالِ مُمَكَيَّتُ وَلِياهَا ٩٣ نزلتُ بِعَلْثُ وَلِوَّا الشِيَّعَاجُ

بِ لِنَّهُ الرَّحْدُ الرَّحِيمِ

طس " تلك ما ينتُ الْقُرْءَان وَكتاب مبين ٢٠ هُدى وَبُشْرَىٰ للْمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ يُقيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوْةَ وَهُم بِٱ لَآخَوَة هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ ۞ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَةِ زَبِّنَا لَمُ أَعْمَلَكُمْ قَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ٢ أَوْلَنَهِكَ الَّذِينَ لَهُمْ سُوَّهُ الْعَذَابِ وَهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخِرَةِ هُمُ ٱلأَخْسَرُونَ رِثِي وَ إِنَّكَ لَنُلَقِّي ٱلْقُرْءَانَ مِن لَّدُنَّ حَكمِم عَليم ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لأَهْلهُ ۚ إِنِّى ءَانَسْتُ نَارًا سَعَاتِيكُم مِنْهَا بِخَبَر أَوْءَ اتِيكُم بِشَهَابِ قَبَس لَعَلَّكُمْ 300



An-Naml, "The Ant," takes its name from the ant mentioned in v. 18.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

THEANT

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- Ţâ. Sîn.¹ These are revelations of the Qur'ân and a Scripture that maketh plain;
 - 2. A guidance and good tidings for believers
- 3. Who establish worship and pay the poor-due and are sure of the Hereafter.
- 4. Lo! as for those who believe not in the Hereafter, We have made their works fairseeming unto them so that they are all astray.
- 5. Those are they for whom is the worst of punishment, and in the Hereafter they will be the greatest losers.
- 6. Lo! as for thee (Muhammad), thou verily receivest the Qur'an from the presence of One Wise, Aware.
- (Remember) when Moses said unto his household: Lo!
 I spy afar off a fire; I will bring you tidings thence, or bring to you a borrowed flame that ye may warm yourselves.
 - ¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

تَصْطَلُونَ ﴿ ثِي فَلَمَّا جَآءَهَا نُودِيَ أَنْ بُورِكَ مَن في النَّارِ وَمَنْ حَوْفَ اللهُ وَبُ اللهُ رَبِّ الْعَلَمينَ (١) يَدُمُوسَى إِنَّهُ أَنَا اللهُ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿ وَأَلْقَ عَصَاكَ ۖ فَلَمَّا الْحَالَ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهَا تَهُ نَوْ كَأَنَّهَا جَآنٌ وَلَى مُدْرِاً وَلَوْ يُعَقَّبُّ يَلْمُوسَى لَا تَخَفُّ إِنَّى لَا يَخَافُ لَدَىًّ الْمُرْسَلُونَ ١٠٠٠ إِلَّا مَن ظَلَمَ ثُمَّ بَدُّلَ حَسْنًا بَعْدَ سُوءٍ فَإِنَّى غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿ وَأَدْخُلُ أَ يَدَكَ فِي جَيْبِكَ تَخْرُجُ بَيْضَاء مِنْ غَيْر سُوِّو فِي تَسْع ءَايَنت إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ وَقَوْمُهُ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمًا فَلسقينَ ٢ فَلَمَّا جَآءَتُهُمْ ءَايَنُنَّا مُصْرَةً قَالُواْ هَلَذَا حُرَّمُبِنُّ ٢ وجحدوابها واستيقنتها انفسهم ظلم وعلوا فانظر كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنْفَبَةُ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ رَبُّ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا دَاوُردَ وَسُلَيْمَنَ عَلَمًا وَقَالَا ٱلْحَمْدُ لله ٱلَّذِي فَضَّلَنَا عَلَى كَثير

- 8. But when he reached it, he was called, saying: Blessed is Whosoever is in the fire and Whosoever is round about it! And Glorified be Allah, the Lord of the Worlds!
 - 9. O Moses! Lo! it is I, Allah, the Mighty, the Wise.
- 10. And throw down thy staff! But when he saw it writhing as it were a demon, he turned to flee headlong; (but it was said unto him): O Moses! Fear not! Lo! the emissaries fear not in My presence,
- 11. Save him who hath done wrong and afterward hath changed evil for good. And lo! I am Forgiving, Merciful.
- 12. And put thy hand into the bosom of thy robe, it will come forth white but unhurt. (This will be one) among nine tokens unto Pharaoh and his people. Lo! they were ever evilliving folk.
- 13. But when Our tokens came unto them, plain to see, they said: This is mere magic,
- 14. And they denied them, though their souls acknowledged them, for spite and arrogance. Then see the nature of the consequence for the wrong-doers!
- 15. And We verily gave knowledge unto David and Solomon, and they said: Praise be to Allah, Who hath preferred

مَّنْ عَبَاده ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ وَوَرَثَ سُلَيْمَنُ دَاوُدَدَ وَقَالَ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ عُلَّمْنَا مَنطَقَ ٱلطَّيْرِ وَأُوتِينَا مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ إِنَّا هَلَذَا لَهُو اللَّفَضَّلُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿ وَحُشَرَ لُسُلِّيمَنَنَ جُنُودُهُ مِنَ ٱلحِّنَّ وَٱلْإِنسِ وَالطَّيْرِ فَهُمَّ يُوزَعُونَ ٢ حَتَّى إِذَا أَتُواْ عَلَى وَادالنَّمْلِ قَالَتْ نَمْلَةٌ يَنَأَيُّكَ النَّمْلُ آدْ خُلُواْ مُسَكِنَكُمْ لَا يُعْطَمَنَكُمْ سُلَيْمَنُ وَجُنُودُهُ وَهُمْ لَايَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَتَبَسَّمَ ضَاحَكًا مِّن قَوْلِهَا وَقَالَ رَبِّ أُوْزِعْنيّ أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نَعْمَتَكَ آلَّتِيَّ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَى وَعَلَى وَالدَّى وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَّلْكُوا تَرْضَلُهُ وَأَدْخُلْنِي بَرْحَمَتكَ في عبَادكَ ٱلصَّلْحينَ (اللهِ وَتَفَقَّدَ ٱلطَّيْرَ فَقَالَ مَالِي لَآ أَرَى ٱلْخُدْهُدَ أَمْ كَانَ منَ ٱلْفَ آيِبِينَ ﴿ لَأُعَذِّبَنَّهُ مَذَابًا شَدِيدًا أُولًا أَذْبَكَنَّهُ وَ أَوْلَيَأْ تَيَنَّى بِسُلْطَانِ مُّبِينِ ﴿ فَكَتَ خَيْرَ بَعِيد فَقَالَ

us above many of His believing slaves!

- 16. And Solomon was David's heir. And he said: O mankind! Lo! we have been taught the language of birds, and have been given (abundance) of all things. This surely is evident favour.
- 17. And there were gathered together unto Solomon his armies of the jinn and humankind, and of the birds, and they were set in battle order:
- 18. Till, when they reached the Valley of the Ants, an ant exclaimed: O ants! Enter your dwellings lest Solomon and his armies crush you, unperceiving.
- 19. And (Solomon) smiled, laughing at her speech, and said: My Lord, arouse me to be thankful for Thy favour wherewith Thou hast favoured me and my parents, and to do good that shall be pleasing unto Thee, and include me in (the number of) Thy righteous slaves.
- 20. And he sought among the birds and said: How is it that I see not the hoopoe, or is he among the absent?
- 21. I verily will punish him with hard punishment or I verily will slay him, or he verily shall bring me a plain excuse.
 - 22. But he was not long in coming, and he said: I have

أَحَطَتُ بِمَا لَرْ تُحَطَّ به ع وَجَثْنُكَ من سَبَإٍ بنَبَإٍ يَقينِ ﴿ إِنِّي وَجَدتُ أَمْراً أَنَّ مُلُّكُهُمْ وَأُوتِيَتْ مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَلَمَا عَرْشُ عَظِيمٌ ﴿ وَجَدِثُهَا وَقَوْمَهَا يَسْجُدُونَ الشَّمْسِ من دُون الله وزيَّنَ لَحُهُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فَصَدَّهُمْ عَن السَّبيل فَهُمْ لَا يَهْ تَدُونَ إِنِّي أَلَّا يَسْجُدُواْ اللهُ الَّذِي يُخْرِجُ ٱلْخَبُّ ۚ فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُخْفُونَ وَمَا تُعْلَنُونَ ١ إِنَّهُ لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّا هُوَ رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظْمِ ٢ ٢ * قَالَ سَنَنظُرُ أَصَدَقْتَ أَمْ كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلْكَندبينَ ٱذْهَب بَّكتَدي هَدْذَا فَأَلْقَهُ إِلَيْهِمْ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّ عَنَّهُمْ فَٱنظُرْ مَاذَا يَرْجُعُونَ ﴿ قَالَتْ بَنَأَيُّكِ ٱلْمَلَوُّا إِنَّ أَلْنَي إِلَّ كُنَابٌ كُرِيمٌ ١ إِنَّهُ مِن سُلَيْمَانَ وَإِنَّهُ بِسْمِ الله الرَّحَن الرَّحِيم ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَّا تَعْلُواْ عَلَى وَأَتُونِي مُسْلِمِينَ ﴿



found out (a thing) that thou apprehendest not, and I come unto thee from Sheba with sure tidings.

- 23. Lo! I found a woman ruling over them, and she hath been given (abundance) of all things, and hers is a mighty throne.
- 24. I found her and her people worshipping the sun instead of Allah; and Satan maketh their works fairseeming unto them, and debarreth them from the way (of Truth), so that they go not aright;
- 25. So that they worship not Allah, Who bringeth forth the hidden in the heavens and the earth, and knoweth what ye hide and what ye proclaim,
- 26. Allah; there is no God save Him, the Lord of the Tremendous Throne.
- 27. (Solomon) said: We shall see whether thou speakest truth or whether thou art of the liars.
- 28. Go with this my letter and throw it down unto them; then turn away and see what (answer) they return,
- 29. (The Queen of Sheba) said (when she received the letter): O chieftains! Lo! there hath been thrown unto me a noble letter.
- 30. Lo! it is from Solomon, and lo! it is: In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful;
- 31. Exalt not yourselves against me, but come unto me as those who surrender.

قَالَتْ يَتَأَيُّهَا الْمَلَوُّا أَفْتُونِي فِي أَمْرِي مَاكُنتُ قَاطِعَةً أَمْرًا حَتَّى تَشْهَدُون ﴿ قَالُواْ يَحْنُ أُولُواْ قُوَّة وَأُولُواْ بَأْس شَديد وَٱلْأَمْرُ إِلَيْك فَأَنظُرى مَاذَا تَأْمُرِينَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ إِلَّا مُا اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱلْمُلُوكَ إِذَا دَخَلُواْ قَرْيَةً أَفْسَدُوهَا وَجَعَلُواْ أَعَرَّهَ أَهْلِهَا أُذَّلَّةً وَكَذَاكَ يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّى مُرْسَلَةً إِلَيْهِم بَهَديَّة فَنَاظَرُهُ مُ مَرَجِعُ الْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ فَلَمَّ جَآءَ سُلَيْمَنَ قَالَ أَتُمُدُّونَن عَالَ فَلَ ءَاتَلْنَ يَاللهُ خَيْرٌ مِّلَ ءَاتَلَكُمُ بَلْ أَنْهُم بَهَديَّتُكُمْ تَغْرَحُونَ ١ ﴿ ارْجعْ إِلَيْهِمْ فَلَنَأَيْنَهُم بُجُنُود لَّاقَبَلَ لَهُمْ بِهَا وَلَنُخْرِجَنَّهُمْ مَنْهَا ٓ أَذَلَّهُ وَهُمْ صَغُرُونَ ﴿ قَالَ يَتَأْتُهُ الْمُلَوُّا أَيْكُمْ يَأْتِينِي بِعَرْشَهَا قَبْلَ أَن يَأْتُونِي مُسلمينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ قَالَ عَفْرِيتٌ مِّنَ ٱلْحِنَّ أَنَّا ءَاتِيكَ بِهِ عَ قَبْلَ أَن تَقُومَ من مَّقَامكَ وَإِنِّي عَلَيْه لَقَويُّ أُمينٌ ٢ ----

- 32. She said! O chieftains! Pronounce for me in my case. I decide no case till ye are present with me.
- 33. They said: We are lords of might and lords of great prowess, but it is for thee to command; so consider what thou wilt command.
- 34. She said: Lo! kings, when they enter a township, ruin it and make the honour of its people shame. Thus will they do.
- 35. But lo! I am going to send a present unto them, and to see with what (answer) the messengers return.
- 36. So when (the envoy) came unto Solomon, (the King) said: What! Would ye help me with wealth? But that which Allah hath given me is better than that which He hath given you. Nay it is ye (and not I) who exult in your gift.
- 37. Return unto them. We verily shall come unto them with hosts that they cannot resist, and we shall drive them out from thence with shame, and they will be abased.
- 38. He said: O chiefs! Which of you will bring me her throne before they come unto me, surrendering?
- 39. A stalwart of the jinn said: I will bring it thee before thou canst rise from thy place. Lot I verily am strong and trusty for such work.

قَالَ الَّذِي عندَهُ عِلْمٌ مِّنَ ٱلْكتَئِبِ أَنَا عَاتِيكَ بِهِ عَبْلَ أَنْ يَرْتَدَ إِلَيْكَ طَرْفُكُ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهُ مُسْتَقَرًّا عندَهُ, قَالَ هَلَا من فَضْل رَبِّي لَيَبْلُونَى ءَأَشْكُراً مَ أَكُفُرُ وَمَن شَكَرُ فَإِنَّمَا يَشْكُرُ لِنَفْسَهُ عَوَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ رَبِّي غَنَّي كُريمٌ ﴿ قَالَ نَكُرُواْ لَمَا عَرْشَهَا نَنظُرْ أَتَهْتَدَى أَمْ تَكُونُ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَهْ نَدُونَ إِنَّ فَلَمَّا جَآءَتْ قِيلَ أَهَلَكَذَا عَرْشُكُ قَالَتْ كَأَنَّهُ وَهُو وَأُوتِينَا ٱلْعَلْمَ مَن قَبَّلْهَا وَكُنَّا مُسْلَمِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ ا وَصَدَّهَا مَا كَانَت تَعْبُدُ مِن دُونِ ٱلله إِنَّهَا كَانَتْ مِن قَوْم كَلفرينَ ﴿ قِيلَ لَهَا ٱدْخُلِي ٱلصَّرْحُ فَلَمَّا رَأَتُهُ حَسَبْتُهُ لِحَنَّةُ وَكَشَفَتْ عَن سَاقَيْهَا ۚ قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِصْرٌ ۗ ثُمْ ـ رَّدٌ مَن قَوَارِيرَ قَالَتْ رَبِّ إِنَّى ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي وَأَسْلَمْتُ مَعَسُلِمِنْ لله رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ فِي وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى تَمُودَ أَخَاهُمْ

- 40. One with whom was knowledge of the Scripture said: I will bring it thee before thy gaze returneth unto thee. And when he saw it set in his presence, (Solomon) said: This is of the bounty of my Lord, that He may try me whether I give thanks or am ungrateful. Whosoever giveth thanks he only giveth thanks for (the good of) his own soul; and whosoever is ungrateful (is ungrateful only to his own soul's hurt). For lo! my Lord is Absolute in independence, Bountiful.
- 41. He said: Disguise her throne for her that we may see whether she will go aright or be of those not rightly guided.
- 42. So, when she came, it was said (unto her): Is thy throne like this? She said: (It is) as though it were the very one. And (Solomon said): We were given the knowledge before her and we had surrendered (to Allah).
- 43. And (all) that she was wont to worship instead of Allah hindered her, for she came of disbelieving folk.
- 44. It was said unto her: Enter the hall. And when she saw it she deemed it a pool and bared her legs. (Solomon) said: Lo! it is a hall, made smooth, of glass. She said: My Lord! Lo! I have wronged myself, and I surrender with Solomon unto Allah, the Lord of the Worlds.
 - 45. And We verily sent unto Thamud their brother

صَّلْحًا أَن اعْبُدُوا اللهُ فَإِذَا هُمَّ فَريقَان يَخْتَصَمُونٌ ﴿ قَالَ يَنقَوْم لرَ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِالسَّيْئَة قَبْـلَ الْحَسَنَةُ لَوْلَا تَسْتَغَفْرُونَ ٱللهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿ يَكُ عَالُواْ ٱطَّيَّرُنَا بِكَ وَ بَمَن مَّعَكُّ قَالَ طَلَيْرُكُمْ عَنْدَ اللهُ بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ تُفْتَنُونَ ﴿ وَكَانَ فِي ٱلْمَدِينَةِ تَسْعَةُ رَهْط يُفْسِدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا يُصْلُحُونَ ﴿ فَيَ قَالُواْ تَقَاسَمُواْ بِاللَّهُ لَنُبَيِّنَنَّهُ, وَأَهْلَهُ, ثُمَّ لَنَقُولِنَّ لُولَيَّه عَ مَاشَهِدْنَا مَهْلِكَ أَهْله ع وَ إِنَّا لَصَندتُونَ رَبِّي وَمَكَرُواْ مَكْرًا وَمَكَرْنَا مَكُراً وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ فَأَ نَظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنْقَبَةُ مَكْرِهِمْ أَنَّا دَمَّنْنَاهُمْ وَقَوْمَهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ فَاللَّهُ بِيُوتُهُمْ خَاوِيَّةً بُمَا ظَلَّمُوا ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَالكَ لَآيَةً لَقَوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَأَنْجَيْنَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَكَانُواْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ وَ وَلُومًا إِذْ قَالَ لَقَوْمِهِ ۚ أَتَأْتُونَ ٱلْفَحَمَّةَ وَأَنَّمُ Şâliḥ, saying: Worship Allah. And lo! they (then) became two parties quarrelling.

- 46. He said: O my people! Why will ye hasten on the evil rather than the good? Why will ye not ask pardon of Allah, that ye may receive mercy.
- 47. They said: We augur evil of thee and those with thee. He said: Your evil augury is with Allah. Nay, but ye are folk that are being tested.
- 48. And there were in the city nine persons who made mischief in the land and reformed not.
- 49. They said: Swear one to another by Allah that we verily will attack him and his household by night, and afterward we will surely say unto his friend: We witnessed not the destruction of his household. And lo! we are truthtellers.
- 50. So they plotted a plot: and We plotted a plot, while they perceived not.
- 51. Then see the nature of the consequence of their plotting, for lo! We destroyed them and their people, every one.
- 52. See, yonder are their dwellings empty and in ruins because they did wrong. Lo! herein is indeed a portent for a people who have knowledge.
- 53. And we saved those who believed and used to ward off (evil).
- 54. And Lot! when he said unto his folk: will ye commit abomination knowingly?

تُبْصُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَيِّنَكُمْ لَنَأْتُونَ ٱلرَّجَالَ شَهْوَةً مِّن دُون ٱلنَّسَاءَ بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ تَجْهَلُونَ ﴿ فَي ﴿ فَكَ كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمه عَ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُواْ أَخْرِجُواْ ءَالَ لُوط مِّن قَرْيَنكُمْ إِنَّهُمْ أَنَّاسٌ يَتَطَهُّرُونَ ﴿ فَأَنْجَيْنَكُ وَأَهْلَهُ ۗ إِلَّا أَمْراً تَهُ قَدَّرْنَكُهَا مِنَ ٱلْغَلِرِينَ ﴿ وَأَمْطَرُنَا عَلَيْهِم مَطَرًّا فَسَآء مَطَرُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ ﴿ قُل الْحَمْدُ اللهُ وَسَلَامٌ عَلَى عبَاده ٱلَّذِينَ ٱصْطَفَعَ ءَاللَّهُ حَيْرًا مَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمَنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَنُون وَالْأَرْضَ وَأَزَلَ لَكُمُ مَنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا وَ فَأَنْبَنَّنَا به ع حَدَآيِقَ ذَاتَ بَهْجَة مَّا كَانَ لَكُمْ أَن تُنْبُتُواْ شَجَرَهَكَّ أُولَكُ مَّ اللهُ بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ يَعْدُلُونَ ﴿ أَمَّن جَعَلَ ٱلْأَرْضَ قَرَارًا وَجَعَلَ خَلَلُهَا أَنْهَدُا وَجَعَلَ لَهَا رَوَاسِيَ وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَ ٱلْبَحْرَيْنَ حَاجِرًا أُولَكُ مَّ عَاللَّهُ بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ

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- 55. Must ye needs lust after men instead of women? Nay, but ye are folk who act senselessly.
- 56. But the answer of his folk was naught save that they said: Expel the household of Lot from your township, for they (forsooth) are folk who would keep clean!
- 57. Then We saved him and his household save his wife; We destined her to be of those who stayed behind.
- 58. And We rained a rain upon them. Dreadful is the rain of those who have been warned.
- 59. Say (O Muhammad): Praise be to Allah, and peace be on His slaves whom He hath chosen! Is Allah best, or (all) that ye ascribe as partners (unto Him)?
- 60. Is not He (best) Who created the heavens and the earth, and sendeth down for you water from the sky wherewith We cause to spring forth joyous orchards, whose trees it never hath been yours to cause to grow. Is there any God beside Allah? Nay, but they are folk who ascribe equals (unto Him)!
- 61. Is not He (best) Who made the earth a fixed abode, and placed rivers in the folds thereof, and placed firm hills therein, and hath set a barrier between the two seas? Is there any God beside Allah? Nay, but most of them

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٤ أَمَّن يُجِيبُ ٱلْمُضْطَرَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَيَكْشفُ ، السُّوءَ وَيَجَعَلُكُمْ خُلَفَاءَ ٱلْأَرْضُ أَءِلَكُهُ مَّمَ ٱللهُ قَلْمِلَا مَّا تَذَكَّرُ ونَ ١٠٠ أمَّن يَهْدِيكُمْ في ظُلُمَنت ٱلْبَرْ وَٱلْبَحْرِ وَمَن يُرْسِلُ ٱلرِينَحَ بُشْرًا بِيْنَ يَلَنَّى رَحْمَتُهُ ۚ أَعَلَنَّهُ مَّمَ ٱللَّهُ تَعَلَى اللهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ أَمَّن يَبْدَوُا ٱلْخَلَقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ وَمَن يَرْزُقُكُم مَنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ أَءِلَكُ مَّعَ ٱلله قُلْ هَاتُواْ بُرْهَانِكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿ قُل لَّا يَعْلَمُ مَن في السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضِ الْغَيْبَ إِلَّا اللهُ وَمَا يَشْعُرُ وِنَ أَيَّانَ يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ بَلِ أَدَّ رَكَ عَلْمُهُم فِي ٱلْآخَرَةُ بَلَّ هُمَّ في شَكْ مِّنَّهَا بَلْ هُم مِّنْهَا عَمُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ أُوذَا كُنَّا تُرَّابًا وَءَابَآ وُنَآ أَيِّنَا لَمُخْرَجُونَ ١ لَقَدْ وُعدْنَا هَلْذَا نَحُنُ وَءَابَا ثُنَا مِن قَبْلُ إِنْ هَلْذَا إِلَّا أَسْلِطِيرُ

know not!

- 62. Is not He (best) Who answereth the wronged one when he crieth unto Him and removeth the evil, and hath made you viceroys of the earth? Is there any God beside Allah? Little do they reflect!
- 63. Is not He (best) Who guideth you in the darkness of the land and the sea, He Who sendeth the winds as heralds of His mercy? Is there any God beside Allah? High Exalted be Allah from all that they ascribe as partner (unto Him)!
- 64. Is not He (best) Who produceth creation, then reproduceth it, and Who provideth for you from the heaven and the earth? Is there any God beside Allah? Say: Bring your proof, if ye are truthful!
- 65. Say (O Muhammad): None in the heavens and the earth knoweth the Unseen save Allah; and they know not when they will be raised (again).
- 66. Nay, but doth their knowledge reach to the Hereafter? Nay, for they are in doubt concerning it. Nay, for they cannot see it.
- 67. Yet those who disbelieve say: When we have become dust like our fathers, shall we verily be brought forth (again)?
- 68. We were promised this, forsooth, we and our fathers.
 (All) this is naught but fables of the men of old.

ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ يَكُ لُهُ سِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنْظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَلاَ تَعْزَنْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا تَكُن في ضَيْق مَّكًا يَمْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هَلَاا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدفينَ ﴿ تُلْ عَسَى إِنْ يَكُونَ رَدفَ لَكُمْ بَعْضُ الَّذِي تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو فَضْل عَلَى النَّـاس وَلَكَنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْمْ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّا رَبِّكَ لَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُكُنُّ صُدُورُهُمْ وَمَا يُعْلَنُونَ ﴿ وَمَا منْ غَايِبَة فى السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ إِلَّا فى كَتَـٰب مُبِين ١٠ إِنَّ مَندًا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ يَقُصُّ عَلَى بَنيَ إِسْرَا عِيلَ أَكْثَرَ ٱلَّذِي هُمْ فيه يَخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ وَإِنَّهُ لَمُدَّى وَرَحْمَةٌ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبِّكَ يَقْضَى بَيْنَهُم بُحُكُّمهُ ء وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ ٱلْعَلَيمُ ١ فَنَوَكُلُ عَلَى اللهِ إِنَّكَ عَلَى الْحَقَّ ٱلْمُبِينَ ١

إنك

- 69. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Travel in the land and see the nature of the sequel for the guilty!
- 70. And grieve thou not for them, nor be in distress because of what they plot (against thee).
- 71. And they say: When (will) this promise (be fulfilled), if ye are truthful?
- 72. Say: It may be that a part of that which ye would hasten on is close behind you.
- 73. Lo! thy Lord is full of bounty for mankind, but most of them do not give thanks.
- 74. Lo! thy Lord knoweth surely all that their bosoms hide, and all that they proclaim.
- 75. And there is nothing hidden in the heaven or the earth but it is in a clear Record.
- 76. Lo! this Qur'an narrateth unto the Children of Israel most of that concerning which they differ.
 - 77. And lo! it is a guidance and a mercy for believers.
- 78. Lo! thy Lord will judge between them of His wisdom, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 79. Therefor (O Muhammad) put thy trust in Allah, for thou (standest) on the plain Truth.

إِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ وَلَا تُسْمِعُ ٱلصُّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَّوْاْ مُدْبِرِينَ ﴿ يَكُ وَمَآ أَنَّ بَهَدى ٱلْعُمْى عَن ضَلَالَتُهُمَّ إِنْ تُسْمِعُ إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِعَايَلتَنَا فَهُم مُسْلَمُونَ ١ * وَإِذَا وَقَعَ ٱلْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ أَنْرَجْنَا لَكُمْ دَآبَةُ مْنَ ٱلأَرْضِ تُكَلَّمُهُمْ أَنَّ ٱلنَّاسَ كَانُواْ بَايَلتنا لا يُوقنُونَ رَبِّي وَيَوْمَ يَحْشُرُمُن كُلَّ أُمَّة فَوْجًا مَّنَّ يُكَذِّبُ بِعَايَنتنا فَهُمْ يُوزَعُونَ ﴿ يَهِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَآءُ و قَالَ أَكَدَّ بُثُم بَا يَدْي وَلَمْ تُعِيطُواْ بِهَا عَلْمًا أَمَّا ذَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَوَقَعَ ٱلْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِم بِمَا ظَلَمُواْ فَهُمْ لَا يَنطَقُونَ ١٠٠ أَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّا جَعَلْنَا ٱلَّيْلَ لِيَسْكُنُواْ فِيهِ وَٱلنَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَا يَنْتِ لَقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يُنفَخُ في الصور فَفَرَعَ مَن في السَّمَلوّات وَمَن في الأرض



- 80. Lo! thou canst not make the dead to hear, nor canst thou make the deaf to hear the call when they have turned to flee:
- 81. Nor canst thou lead the blind out of their error. Thou canst make none to hear, save those who believe Our revelations and who have surrendered.
- 82. And when the word is fulfilled concerning them, We shall bring forth a beast of the earth to speak unto them because mankind had not faith in Our revelations.
- 83. And (remind them of) the Day when We shall gather out of every nation a host of those who denied Our revelations, and they will be set in array;
- 84. Till, when they come (before their Lord), He will say: Did ye deny My revelations when ye could not compass them in knowledge, or what was it that ye did?
- 85. And the Word will be fulfilled concerning them because they have done wrong, and they will not speak.
- 86. Have they not seen how We have appointed the night that they may rest therein, and the day sight-giving? Lo! therein verily are portents for a people who believe.
- 87. And (remind them of) the Day when the Trumpet will be blown, and all who are in the heavens and the earth

إِلَّا مَن شَآءَ اللهُ وَكُلُّ أَنَوْهُ دَاحِينَ ﴿ مِنْ وَرَى ٱلْجَبَالَ تَحْسَبُهَا جَامِدَةٌ وَهِيَ تَمُوْمَرٌ ٱلسَّحَابُ صُنْعَ ٱلله الَّذِيُّ أَنْقَنَ كُلَّ مَّنَّيْءً ۚ إِنَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بَكَ تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ ٢٠٠٠ مَن جَآءَ بِالْحُسَنَةِ فَلَهُ خَيْرٌ مَنْهَا وَهُم مِّن فَزَع يَوْمَ بِذ ءَامنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسَّيْثَة فَكُنَّتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ فِي النَّارِهَـلُ تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّامَاكُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّكَ أَمْرَتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدَ رَبِّ هَلْهُ ٱلْبَلْدَةَ ٱلَّذِي حَرَّمَهَا وَلَهُ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ وَأَمْرَتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مَنَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ وَأَنْ أَتُلُواْ الْقُرْءَانَ فَمَن اهْتَدَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَهْتَدى لنَفْسه، وَمَن ضَلَّ فَقُلْ إِنَّكَ أَنَّا مَنَ الْمُنذرينَ ﴿ وَقُل ٱلْحَمَدُ لله سَيْرِيكُمْ وَايَنته عَ فَتَعْرِفُونَهَا ۚ وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَنفل will start in fear, save him whom Allah willeth. And all come unto Him, humbled.

- 88. And thou seest the hills thou deemest solid flying with the flight of clouds: the doing of Allah Who perfecteth all things. Lo! He is Informed of what ye do.
- 89. Whoso bringeth a good deed will have better than its worth; and such are safe from fear that Day.
- 90. And whoso bringeth an ill-deed, such will be flung down on their faces in the Fire. Are ye rewarded aught save what ye did?
- 91. (Say): I (Muhammad) am commanded only to serve the Lord of this land which He hath hallowed, and unto Whom all things belong. And I am commanded to be of those who surrender (unto Him),
- 92. And to recite the Qur'an. And whoso goeth right, goeth right only for (the good of) his own soul; and as for him who goeth astray—(Unto him) say: Lo! I am only a warner.
- 93. And say: Praise be to Allah Who will show you His portents so that ye shall know them. And thy Lord is not unaware of what ye (mortals) do.

SÜRAH XXVIII

Al-Qasas, "The Story," takes its name from a word in v. 25. The name is moreover justified by the nature of the sûrah, which consists mostly of the story of Moses, his early struggles and ultimate triumph, revealed at a time when the Prophet's case seemed desperate. It is one of the last Meccan sûrahs. Some Arabic writers even say that it was revealed during the Hijrah, while others are of opinion that v. 85 only was revealed during the flight.

A late Meccan sûrah, except v. 85 revealed during the Prophet's flight from Mecca to Al-Madinah, and vv. 52-55 revealed at Al-

Madînah.1

¹ Tafsîr al-Jalâleyn.

(٢٨) سُيُوْلِعُ الْقَصْصِ مُ كَثِيْرٌ الا من آية ١٥ الى غاية آية ٥٥ أونية وآية ٥٥ فبالمحفة أثناه الهبرة وآيانها ٨٨ نزلت بعد النل

طسَّدَ ﴿ ثِلْكَ ءَايَلَتُ ٱلْكَتَلِبِ ٱلْمُبِينِ ﴿ نَتُلُواْ عَلَيْكَ مِن نَّبَإِ مُوسَىٰ وَفَرْعَوْنَ بِٱلْحَقِّ لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَرْعَوْنَ عَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَجَعَلَ أَهْلَهَا شَيَعًا يَسْتَضْعفُ طَآ بِفَةً مِنْهُمْ يُذِيحُ أَبِنَاءُهُمْ وَيَسْتَحَى عِنْسَاءَهُمُّ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ وَهُرِيدًا أَن تَمُنَّ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسْتُضْعَفُواْ في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَنَجْعَلَهُمْ أَيَّةٌ وَنَجْعَلَهُمُ ٱلْوَارِثِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَيُمَكِّنَ لَهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَنُرِيَ فَرْعَوْنَ وَهَلَمُكُنَّ وَجُنُودَهُمَّا منْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَحْـلَرُ ونَ ﴿ وَأَوْحَيْنَاۤ إِلَىٰٓ أُمَّ مُوسَىٰٓ أَنْ

THE STORY

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Tâ. Sîn. Mîm.1
- 2. These are revelations of the Scripture that maketh plain.
- 3. We narrate unto thee (somewhat) of the story of Moses and Pharaoh with truth, for folk who believe.
- 4. Lo! Pharaoh exalted himself in the earth and made its people castes. A tribe among them he oppressed, killing their sons and sparing their women. Lo! he was of those who work corruption.
- 5. And We desired to show favour unto those who were oppressed in the earth, and to make them examples and to make them the inheritors,
- 6. And to establish them in the earth, and to show Pharaoh and Hâmân and their hosts that which they feared from them.
 - 7. And We inspired the mother of Moses, saying: Suckle

1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

أَرْضعيه فَإِذَا خفْت عَلَيْه فَأَلْقيه في ٱلْمَمْ وَلَا تَخَافي وَلَا تَحْزَنَتُ إِنَّا رَآدُوهُ إِلَيْك وَجَاعِلُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلينَ ﴿ فَٱلْتَقَطَهُ إِءَالُ فَرْعَوْنَ لَيكُونَ لَمُمْ عَدُوًّا وَحَزَنًّا إِنَّ فَرْعَوْنَ وَهَلَمَانَ وَجُنُودَهُمَا كَانُواْ خَلْطَيْنَ ﴿ وَقَالَتِ ٱمْرَأْتُ فرْعَوْنَ قُرَّتُ عَيْنِ لَى وَلَكَّ لَا تَقْتُلُوهُ عَسَيْ أَن يَنفَعَنَا أَوْتَغَذَهُ, وَلَدَا وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٣٠ وَأَصْبَحَ فُوَّادُأُمْ مُوسَىٰ فَدرُغًا إِن كَادَتْ لَتُبْدى به ع لَوْلَا أَن رَّ بَطْنَا عَلَى قَلْبِ لَنَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَتُ لأَخْتِهِ عَ قُصْية فَبَصُرَتْ به عَن جُنب وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢ * وَحَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِ ٱلْمَرَا ضِعَ مِن قَبْلُ فَقَالَتْ هَـلُ أَدُلُكُرُ عَلَيَّ أَهْلَ بَيْتَ يَكُفُلُونَهُ لَكُرْ وَهُمْ لَهُ نَصْحُونَ ﴿ فَرَدَدْنَكُ إِلَّا أُمَّهِ كُنْ تَقَرَّ عَيْهُا وَلَا تَحْزَنَ وَلَتَعْلَمَ أَنَّ



him and, when thou fearest for him, then cast him into the river and fear not nor grieve. Lo! We shall bring him back unto thee and shall make him (one) of Our messengers.

- 8. And the family of Pharaoh took him up, that he might become for them an enemy and a sorrow. Lo! Pharaoh and Hâmân and their hosts were ever sinning.
- 9. And the wife of Pharaoh said: (He will be) a consolation for me and for thee. Kill him not. Peradventure he may be of use to us, or we may choose him for a son. And they perceived not.
- 10. And the heart of the mother of Moses became void, and she would have betrayed him if We had not fortified her heart, that she might be of the believers.
- 11. And she said unto his sister: Trace him. So she observed him from afar, and they perceived not.
- 12. And We had before forbidden foster-mothers for him, so she said: Shall I show you a household who will rear him for you and take care of him?
- 13. So We restored him to his mother that she might be comforted and not grieve, and that she might know that the

وَعَدَ الله حَقّ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُدُهُ وَأَسْتُونِي ءَاتَيْنَهُ حُكًّا وَعَلَّمُ ۚ وَكَذَّاكَ نَجْزِي ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ وَدَخَلَ ٱلْمَدينَةَ عَلَىٰ حين غَفْلَة مَّنْ أَهْلُهَا فَوَجَدَ فِهَا رَجُلَيْن يَقْتَتَكَان هَلْذَا مِن شيعَته ع وَهَلْذَا مِنْ عَدُوهِ عَلَى اللَّذِي مِن شيعَته عَلَى الَّذِي مِنْ عَدُوّه عِ فَو كَزّه مُوسَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْهُ قَالَ هَلدًا منْ عَمَل الشَّيْطَنُ إِنَّهُ عَدُوُّ مُصَلِّلٌ مَّبِنٌ شِي قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي فَأَغْفُرُ لِي فَغَفَرَ لَكُّو إِنَّهُ مُو ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِمُ ٢ قَالَ رَبِّ بَمَا أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَى فَلَنْ أَكُونَ ظَهِيرًا لَلْمُجْرِمِينَ ٢ فَأَصْبَحَ فِي ٱلْمَدينَة خَآيِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ فَإِذَا ٱلَّذِي ٱسْتَنصَرُهُ بِٱلْأَمْسِ يُستَصْرِحُهُۥ قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَىٰ إِنَّكَ لَغَوَى مُبِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّا لَكُو مُبِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَمَّا أَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يَبْطَشَ بِالَّذِي هُوَعَدُوَّكُمُا قَالَ يَكُمُوسَيِّ promise of Allah is true. But most of them know not.

- 14. And when he reached his full strength and was ripe, We gave him wisdom and knowledge. Thus do We reward the good.
- 15. And he entered the city at a time of carelessness of its folk, and he found therein two men fighting, one of his own caste, and the other of his enemies; and he who was of his caste asked him for help against him who was of his enemies. So Moses struck him with his fist and killed him. He said: This is of the devil's doing. Lo! he is an enemy, a mere misleader.
- 16. He said: My Lord! Lo! I have wronged my soul, so forgive me. Then He forgave him. Lo! He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.
- 17. He said: My Lord! Forasmuch as Thou hast favoured me, I will nevermore be a supporter of the guilty.
- 18. And morning found him in the city, fearing, vigilant, when behold! he who had appealed to him the day before cried out to him for help. Moses said unto him: Lo! thou art indeed a mere hothead.
- 19. And when he would have fallen upon the man who was an enemy unto them both, he said: O Moses! Wouldst

أَرُّ يِدُ أَن تَقْتُلَنِي كَمَا قَتَلْتَ نَفْساً بِاۤ لِأَمْسِ إِن رُّ يِدُ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَ جَبَّارًا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا تُرِيدُ أَن تَكُونَ مر َ_ ٱلمُصْلحينَ ١ وَجَآءَ رَجُلٌ مِّنْ أَقْصَا ٱلْمَدينَة يَسْعَى قَالَ يَدُمُوسَينَ إِنَّ ٱلْمَلَأُ يَأْ تَمَرُونَ بِكَ لَيَقْتُلُوكَ فَآ نُوجً إِنَّى لَكَ مَنَ ٱلنَّاصِحِينَ رَبِّي فَخَرَجَ مُنْهَا خَآيِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ قَالَ رَبِّ نَجِّني مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّللمينَ رَبِّي وَلَمَّا تَوَجَّهَ تَلْقَآءَ مَدْيَنَ قَالَ عَسَى رَبِّي أَن يَهْديني سَوآءَ ٱلسَّبيل ٢ وَلَمَّا وَرَدَ مَاءَ مَدْيَنَ وَجَدَ عَلَيْهِ أُمَّةً مَنَ النَّاسِ يَسْقُونَ وَ وَجَدَ من دُونِهـــُمُ ٱمْرَأَ تَيْن تَذُودَانَ قَالَ مَاخَطْبُكُمَّا قَالَنَا لَا نَسْقِي حَتَّنِي يُصْدِرَ الرَّعَآءُ وَأَبُونَا شَيْخٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿ فَسَقَى لَهُمَا ثُمَّ تَوَلَّى إِلَى ٱلظَّـلِّ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّى لَمَا أَزَلْتَ إِلَّ منْ خَيْرِ فَقيرٌ ﴿ فَهِ فَجَآءَتُهُ إِحْدَنْهُمَا تَمْشَى عَلَى 0 9 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

thou kill me as thou didst kill a person yesterday. Thou wouldst be nothing but a tyrant in the land, thou wouldst not be of the reformers.

- 20. And a man came from the uttermost part of the city, running. He said: O Moses! Lo! the chiefs take counsel against thee to slay thee; therefor escape. Lo! I am of those who give thee good advice.
- 21. So he escaped from thence, fearing, vigilant. He said: My Lord! Deliver me from the wrongdoing folk.
- 22. And when he turned his face toward Midian, he said: Peradventure my Lord will guide me in the right road.
- 23. And when he came unto the water of Midian he found there a whole tribe of men, watering. And he found apart from them two women keeping back (their flocks). He said: What aileth you? The two said: We cannot give (our flocks) to drink till the shepherds return from the water; and our father is a very old man.
- 24. So he watered (their flock) for them. Then he turned aside into the shade, and said: My Lord! I am needy of whatever good Thou sendest down for me.
 - 25. Then there came unto him one of the two women,

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ٱسْتَحْيَآءِ قَالَتْ إِنَّ أَبِي يَدُّعُوكَ لَيَجْزِيكَ أَجْرَمَاسَـ قَيْتَ لَنَّا فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُ وَقَصَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَصَصَ قَالَ لَا تَخَفُّ نَجَوْتَ مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلمِينَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ إِحْدَنهُما يَكَأْبَت ٱسْتَعْجُرُهُ إِنَّ خَيْرَمَنِ ٱسْتَعْجُرْتَ ٱلْقُوى ٱلْأَمِينُ ﴿ قَالَ إِنِّي أُرِيدُ أَنَّ أَنْكُعَكَ إِحْدَى ٱبْنَتَيَّ هَنْتَيْنَ عَلَىٓ أَن تَأْجُرَنِي مَكَنِيَ حَجَجَ فَإِنْ أَثْمَمْتَ عَشْرًا فَنْ عِندَكَّ وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ أَشُقَ عَلَيْكُ سَتَجِدُنَ إِن شَآءَ ٱللهُ مر . ٱلصَّلْحِينَ ﴿ قَالَ ذَاكَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُ أَيَّمَا ٱلْأَجَلَيْنِ قَضَيْتُ فَلَا عُدُوَانَ عَلَيٌّ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَا نَقُولُ وَكُيْلُ رَبِّي * فَلَمَّا قَضَىٰ مُوسَى ٱلْأَجَلَ وَسَارَ بِأَهَّلَهُ مَا تَانَسَ مِن جَانب اَلطُّور نَاراً ۚ قَالَ لأَهْله اَمْكُنُواْ إِنَّى ءَانَسْتُ نَاراً لَّعَلَّى ءَانيكُم مَّهُمَا بَخَبَر أَوْجَدْوَة مِّنَ ٱلنَّارِ لَعَلَّكُمْ



walking shyly. She said: Lo! my father biddeth thee, that he may reward thee with a payment for that thou didst water (the flock) for us. Then, when he came unto him and told him the (whole) story, he said: Fear not! Thou hast escaped from the wrongdoing folk.

- 26. One of the two women said: O my father! Hire him! For the best (man) that thou canst hire is the strong, the trustworthy.
- 27. He said: Lo! I fain would marry thee to one of these two daughters of mine on condition that thou hirest thyself to me for (the term of) eight pilgrimages. Then if thou completest ten it will be of thine own accord, for I would not make it hard for thee. Allah willing, thou wilt find me of the righteous.
- 28. He said: That (is settled) between thee and me. Whichever of the two terms I fulfil, there will be no injustice to me, and Allah is Surety over what we say.
- 29. Then, when Moses had fulfilled the term, and was travelling with his housefolk, he saw in the distance a fire and said unto his housefolk: Bide ye (here). Lo! I see in the distance a fire; peradventure I shall bring you tidings thence, or a brand from the fire that ye may warm yourselves.

تَصْطَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَمَّا أَتَنْهَا نُودِيَ مِن شَيْطِي ٱلْوَادِ ٱلْأَيّْمَن فِي ٱلْبُقْعَة ٱلْمُبَدَرَكَة منَ الشَّجَرَة أَن يَكُمُوسَى ٓ إِتِّي أَنَا ٱللهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمِينَ رَبُّ وَأَنْ أَلَّى عَصَالَّكَ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهَا مُّهَنَّ كَأَنَّهَا جَانٌّ وَلَّ مُدْرًا وَلَوْ يُعَقَّبُّ يَدُمُوسَى أَقْبِلْ وَلَا تَحَفُّ إِنَّكَ مَنَ ٱلْآمِنينَ ﴿ السَّلَكُ يَدَكَ فِي جَيْبِكَ تَخْرُجُ بَيْضَاءَ مَنْ غَيْرِسُو وِ وَأَضْمُمْ إِلَيْكَ جَنَاحَكَ مَنَ ٱلرَّهْب فَذَانِكَ بُرْهَلْنَانِ مِن رَّبِّكَ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَارِيْهُ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمًا فَلسقينَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي قَتَلْتُ مَنَّهُمْ نَفَّكُ فَأَخَافُ أَن يَقْنُـ لُون ﴿ وَأَخِي هَذُونُ هُوَأَ قُصَحُ منِّي لسَّانًا فَأَرْسِلْهُ مَعَى رِدْءًا يُصَـدِّفُنَى إِنِّى أَخَافُ أَنِ يُكَذِّبُون ﴿ قَالَ سَنَشُدُ عَضُدَكَ بِأَخِيكَ وَتَجْعَلُ لَكُمَّا سُلْطَانَا فَلَا يَصِلُونَ إِلَيْكُمَّ عِالَيْنَا أَنْتُمَا وَمَن ٱتَّبَعَكُمَّا

- 30. And when he reached it, he was called from the right side of the valley in the blessed field, from the tree: O Moses! Lo! I, even I, am Allah, the Lord of the Worlds;
- 31. Throw down thy staff. And when he saw it writhing as it had been a demon, he turned to flee headlong, (and it was said unto him): O Moses! Draw nigh and fear not. Lo! thou art of those who are secure.
- 32. Thrust thy hand into the bosom of thy robe it will come forth white without hurt. And guard thy heart from fear. Then these shall be two proofs from your Lord unto Pharaoh and his chiefs. Lo! they are evil-living folk.
- 33. He said: My Lord! Lo! I killed a man among them and I fear that they will kill me.
- 34. My brother Aaron is more eloquent than me in speech. Therefor send him with me as a helper to confirm me. Lo! I fear that they will give the lie to me.
- 35. He said: We will strengthen thine arm with thy brother, and We will give unto you both power so that they cannot reach you for Our portents. Ye twain, and those who follow you, will be the winners.

ٱلْغَلْلُونَ ١ اللَّهُ عَلَمَّا جَآءَهُم مُوسَىٰ بِعَالِلتَنَا بَيِّنَكَ قَالُواْ مَا هَلَدَآ إِلَّا سَعْرٌ مُفَتَّرِّي وَمَا سَمَعْنَ بَهِلَذَا فِي ءَا بَآيِنَا ٱلْأُولِينَ ١٠ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ رَبِّي أَعْلَمُ بَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلْهُدَىٰ منْ عنده ، وَمَن تَكُونُ لَهُ عَلقبَةُ الدَّارِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُقْلحُ ٱلظَّاللُمُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ فَرْعَوْنُ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلْمَلَا مُعَلَّمُتُ لَكُم مَّنْ إِلَه غَيْرِي فَأُولَد لِي يَلْهَلْمَكُنُّ عَلَى ٱلطِّينِ فَأَجْعَل لَّى صَرْحًا لَّعَلَى أَطَّلَعُ إِلَّةَ إِلَكَ مُوسَىٰ وَ إِنَّى لَأَظُنُّهُ مِنَ ٱلْكَلَابِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُتَكَبِّرَهُوَ وَجُنُودُهُوفَ ٱلْأَرْضِ بَغَيْرٍ ﴿ ٱلْحَقَّ وَظَنَّواْ أَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا يُرْجَعُونَ ٢٠٠٠ فَأَخَذَنَّهُ وَجُنُودَهُۥ فَنَبَذْنَلُهُمْ فِي الْبَمُّ ۚ فَٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَلَقْبَةُ ۚ ٱلظَّللمينَ إِنَّ وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ أَيَّمَةً يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة لَايُنصَرُونَ ١٥ وَأَتْبَعْنَكُمْ في هَلْده الدُّنْيَالَعْنَةُ

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- 36. But when Moses came unto them with Our clear tokens, they said: This is naught but invented magic. We never heard of this among our fathers of old.
- 37. And Moses said: My Lord is Best Aware of him who bringeth guidance from His presence, and whose will be the sequel of the Home (of bliss). Lo! wrong-doers will not be successful.
- 38. And Pharaoh said: O chiefs! I know not that ye have a god other than me, so kindle for me (a fire), O Hâmân, to bake the mud; and set up for me a lofty tower in order that I may survey the God of Moses; and lo! I deem him of the liars.
- 39. And he and his hosts were haughty in the land without right, and deemed that they would never be brought back to Us.
- 40. Therefor We seized him and his hosts, and abandoned them unto the sea. Behold the nature of the consequence for evil-doers!
- 41. And We made them patterns that invite unto the Fire, and on the Day of Resurrection they will not be helped.
 - 42. And We made a curse to follow them in this world,

وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَدَمَةَ هُم مَّنَ ٱلْمَقْبُوحِينَ رَبُّي وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَ مُوسَى ٱلْكتَنبَ من بَعْد مَآ أَعْلَكْنَا ٱلْقُرُونَ ٱلْأُولَى بَصَآيِرَ للنَّاسِ وَهُدَّى وَرَحْمَةُ لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُ ونَ ﴿ وَمَا كُنتَ بِجَانِبِ ٱلْغَرِّبِي إِذْ قَضَيْنَا ٓ إِنَّ مُوسَى ٱلْأَمْرَ وَمَا كُنتَ منَ الشَّهدينَ ﴿ وَلَكَنَّا أَنْشَأْنَا قُرُ وَنَا فَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْعُمْرُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاوِياً فِي أَهْلِ مَدْيَنَ نَتْلُواْ عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنتنَا وَلَكُنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسلينَ ﴿ وَمَا كُنتَ بَجَانِ ٱلطُّور إِذْ نَادَيْنَا وَلَكُن رَّحْمَةً مِن رَبِكَ لَتُنذر قَوْمًا مَّا أَتَلَهُم مِن نَّذير مَن قَبْلِكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿ يَ وَلَوْلَاۤ أَنْ تُصِيبُهُم مُصِيبَةٌ بَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيْدِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُواْ رَبَّنَا لَوْلَا أَرْسَلْتَ إِلَيْنَا رَسُولًا فَنَتَّبِعَ ءَايَنتكَ وَنَكُونَ مَنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ منْ عندنا قَالُواْ لَوْلَا أُولِي مَثْلَ

and on the Day of Resurrection they will be among the

- 43. And We verily gave the Scripture unto Moses after We had destroyed the generations of old: clear testimonies for mankind, and a guidance and a mercy, that haply they might reflect.
- 44. And thou (Muhammad) wast not on the western side (of the Mount) when We expounded unto Moses the commandment, and thou wast not among those present;
- 45. But We brought forth generations, and their lives dragged on for them. And thou wast not a dweller in Midian, reciting unto them Our revelations, but We kept sending (messengers to men).
- 46. And thou wast not beside the Mount when We did call; but (the knowledge of it is) a mercy from thy Lord that thou mayst warn a folk unto whom no warner came before thee, that haply they may give heed.
- 47. Otherwise, if disaster should afflict them because of that which their own hands have sent before (them), they might say: Our Lord! Why sentest Thou no messenger unto us, that we might have followed Thy revelations and been of the believers?
- 48. But when there came unto them the Truth from Our presence, they said: Why is he not given the like of what was

مَا أُونِي مُوسَىٰ أَوَلَهُ بِكُفُرُواْ بِمَا أُونِي مُوسَىٰ مِن قَبْلُ قَالُواْ سِحْرَان تَظَلَهُرَا وَقَالُواْ إِنَّا بِكُلِّ كَلْفُرُونَ ١٠٠ قُلْ فَأْتُواْ بِكَتَلْبِ مِنْ عند الله هُوَ أَهْدَى مَهُمَا أَتَبِعَهُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِدتِينَ ﴿ فَإِن لَّهُ يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَكَ فَأَعْلَمُ أَنَّمَ رَيِّ وَ وَهُ رَدِّ وَ مُ رَدِّ وَ مَا مُنْ الْبُعْ هُولُهُ بِغَيْرُ وَمُنْ الْبُعْ هُولُهُ بِغَيْرُ هُـــنَّى مِّنَ اللهُ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهُدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلمينَ رَبُّي * وَلَقَدْ وَصَّلْنَا لَهُمُ ٱلْقَوْلَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعَذَكُّرُونَ ٢ الَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَكُهُمُ ٱلْكَتَابَ مِن قَبْله عَمْم به ع يُؤْمنُونَ رَقِّي وَ إِذَا يُتَّلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ قَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا بِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِن رَّبَّنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مِن قَبْله ع مُسلمينَ ﴿ أُولَتَهِكَ يُؤْتُونَ أَجْرَهُم مَّرِّنَيْنِ مَنَا صَـَرُواْ وَيَدْرَهُونَ بِٱلْحَـَسَنَةِ ٱلسَّيْئَةَ وَمَّلَ رَزَقْنَلُهُمْ يُنفقُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَاسَمُواْ اللَّغْوَأَعْرَضُواْ عَنْهُ

given unto Moses? Did they not disbelieve in that which was given unto Moses of old? They say: Two magics1 that support each other; and they say: Lo! in both we are dishelievers.

- 49. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Then bring a scripture from the presence of Allah that giveth clearer guidance than these two (that) I may follow it, if ye are truthful.
- 50. And if they answer thee not, then know that what they follow is their lusts. And who goeth farther astray than he who followeth his lust without guidance from Allah. Lo! Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 51. And now verily We have caused the Word to reach them, that haply they may give heed.
- 52. Those unto whom We gave the Scripture before it, they believe in it,
- 53. And when it is recited unto them, they say: We believe in it. Lo! it is the Truth from our Lord. Lo! even before it we were of those who surrender (unto Him).
- 54. These will be given their reward twice over, because they are steadfast and repel evil with good, and spend of that wherewith We have provided them,
 - 55. And when they hear vanity they withdraw from it and

¹ i.e. the Scripture of Moses and the Qur'an. **********

وَقَالُواْ لَنَا أَعْمَالُنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَالُكُمْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ لَا بَيْتَغِي ٱلْجُنَهَلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّكَ لَا تَهْدِي مَنْ أَحْبَبْتَ وَلَكُنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَهْدى مَن يَشَاءُ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْنَدِينَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ إِن تَّبُّع ٱلْمُدَىٰ مَعَكَ نُخَطَّفْ مَنْ أَرْضَنَّا أُولَوْ ثُمَكُن لَّمُهُ حَرَمًا ءَامنًا يُجْمَعَ إِلَيْهِ تَمَرَاتُ كُلِّ شَيْءِ رَزْقَا مَّن لَّدُنَّا وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَكُرْ أَهْلَكُنَّا مِن قَرْيَة بَطَرَتْ مَعِيشَهَا فَتَلَكَ مَسَكَ مُهُم لَرْ تُسْكَن مَن بَعْد هم إِلَّا قَلِيلًا وَكُنَّا تَعُنُ ٱلْوَارِثِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ ٱلْفَرَىٰ حَتَىٰ بَبِعَثَ فِي أَمْهَا رَسُولًا بَثْلُواْ عَلَيْهُمْ وَايَلْنَنَّا وَمَا كُنَّامُهُل كِي ٱلْقُرَىٰ إِلَّا وَأَهْلُهَا ظَللُمُونَ ﴿ وَهِمَا أُولِيتُم مَن شَيْءٍ فَمَنْكُمُ أَلْحَيَاةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَزِينَةً مَا وَمَا عندَ ٱلله حَيْرٌ والمقت أفلا تعقلون في أقبر وعدته وعدا حسنا

say: Unto us our works and unto you your works. Peace be unto you! We desire not the ignorant.

- 56. Lo! thou (O Muhammad) guidest not whom thou lovest, but Allah guideth whom He will. And He is Best Aware of those who walk aright.
- 57. And they say: If we were to follow the Guidance with thee we should be torn out of our land. Have We not established for them a sure sanctuary, whereunto the produceof all things is brought (in trade), a provision from Our presence? But most of them know not.
- 58. And how many a community have We destroyed that was thankless for its means of livelihood! And yonder are their dwellings, which have not been inhabited after them save a little. And We, even We, were the inheritors.
- 59. And never did thy Lord destroy the townships, till He had raised up in their mother(-town) a messenger reciting unto them Our revelations. And never did We destroy the townships unless the folk thereof were evil-doers.
- 60. And whatsoever ye have been given is a comfort of the life of the world and an ornament thereof; and that which Allah hath is better and more lasting. Have ye then no sense?
 - 61. Is he whom We have promised a fair promise which he

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¹ The sacred territory of Mecca.

فَهُولَاقِيه كُن مَّتَّعْنَهُ مَناعَ ٱلْحَيَوة ٱلدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ هُوَ يَوْمَ الْقَيْدَة مِنَ الْمُحْضَرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَكَا عِي ٱلَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ تَرْعُمُونَ ١٠ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ حَتَّى عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْقُولُ رَبَّنَا هَنَوُ لَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَغْوَيْنَا أَغُو يْنَاهُمْ كَمَا غَوَيْنَا تَبَرَّأْنَا إِلَيْكَ مَا كَانُواْ إِيَّانَا يَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ وَقِيلَ آدْعُواْ شُرَكَاءً كُوْ فَدَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَمُمْ وَرَأُواْ الْعَذَابُ لَوْأَنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ يَهِنَدُونَ ١٠ وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ مَاذَا أَجْبُمُ ٱلْمُرسَلِينَ ﴿ فَعَميتَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْأَنْسَاءُ يَوْمَهِدْ فَهُمْ لَا يَتَسَاءَلُونَ ﴿ فَأَمَّا مَن تَابَ وَءَامَنَ وَعَملَ صَلْحًا فَعَسَيْ أَن يَكُونَ مَنَ الْمُفْلِحِينَ ﴿ وَرَبُّكَ يَخُلُقُ مَا يَسَاءُ وَيَحْتَارُ مَا كَانَ هَمُ ٱلْخَيْرَةُ سُبْحَنَ اللهُ وَتَعَلَقِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ وَرَبُّكَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُكُنُّ صُدُورُهُم

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will find (true) like him whom We suffer to enjoy awhile the comfort of the life of the world, then on the Day of Resurrection he will be of those arraigned?

- 62. On the Day when He will call unto them and say: Where are My partners whom ye imagined?
- 63. Those concerning whom the Word will have come true will say: Our Lord! These are they whom we led astray. We led them astray even as we ourselves were astray. We declare our innocence before Thee: us they never worshipped.
- 64. And it will be said: Cry unto your (so-called) partners (of Allah). And they will cry unto them, and they will give no answer unto them, and they will see the Doom. Ah, if they had but been guided!
- 65. And on the Day when He will call unto them and say: What answer gave ye to the messengers?
- 66. On that day (all) tidings will be dimmed for them, nor will they ask one of another,
- 67. But as for him who shall repent and believe and do right, he haply may be one of the successful.
- 68. Thy Lord bringeth to pass what He willeth and chooseth. They have never any choice. Glorified be Allah and Exalted above all that they associate (with Him)!
 - 69. And thy Lord knoweth what their breasts conceal, and

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وَمَا يُعْلَنُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ ٱللَّهُ لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّا هُو لَهُ ٱلْحَـمَدُ في ٱلْأُولَىٰ وَٱلْآخِرَةُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحُكُمُ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ٢ قُلَّ أَرَّ يَتُمُ إِن جَعَلَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْكُرُ ٱلَّيْلَ سَرْمَدًا إِنَى يَوْم ٱلْقَيْدَمَة مَنْ إِلَّهُ غَيْرُ الله يَأْتِيكُم بِضِيَاءً أَفَلا تَسْمَعُونَ (الله قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ جَعَلَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلنَّهَارَ سَرْمَدًا إِنَّى يَوْمِ ٱلْقَيَامَة مَنْ إِلَنَّهُ عَيْرُ اللهِ يَأْتِيكُم بِلَيْل تَسْكُنُونَ فيه أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ وَمِن رَّحْمَته عَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ لتَسْكُنُواْ فِيه وَلِنَبْنَغُواْ مِن فَضَّله ، وَلَعَلَّكُم لَشْكُرُ وِنَ رَثِي وَيُومَ بِنَادِهِمْ فَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرِكَاءَى الَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ زَعُمُونَ رَيِّنِ وَزَعْنَا مِن كُلِّ أُمَّة شَهِيدًا فَقُلْنَا هَاتُواْ بُرْهَنْكُرْ فَعَلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱلْحَتَّى لللهُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ إِنَّ قَدُونَ كَانَ مِن قَوْم مُوسَىٰ فَيَغَىٰ عَلَيْهِم ۗ وَءَاتَيْنَهُ



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- 70. And He is Allah; there is no God save Him. His is all praise in the former and the latter (state), and His is the command, and unto Him ye will be brought back.
- 71. Say: Have ye thought, if Allah made night everlasting for you till the Day of Resurrection, who is a god beside Allah who could bring you light? Will ye not then hear?
- 72. Say: Have ye thought, if Allah made day everlasting for you till the Day of Resurrection, who is a god beside Allah who could bring you night wherein ye rest? Will ye not then see?
- 73. Of His mercy hath He appointed for you night and day, that therein ye may rest, and that ye may seek His bounty, and that haply ye may be thankful.
- 74. And on the Day when He shall call unto them and say: Where are My partners whom ye pretended?
- 75. And We shall take out from every nation a witness and We shall say: Bring your proof. Then they will know that Allah hath the Truth, and all that they invented will have failed them.
- 76. Now Korah was of Moses' folk, but he oppressed

منَّ ٱلْكُنُوزِ مَا إِنَّ مَفَاتَحَهُ لَتَنُواْ بِٱلْعُصِبَةِ أُولَى ٱلْقُوَّة إِذْ قَالَ لَهُرُ قَوْمُهُۥ لَا تَفْرَحُ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَايُحُبُّ ٱلْفَرَحينَ ﴿ وَٱبْتَغَ فِيمَا ءَاتَلَكَ اللَّهُ ٱلدَّارَ ٱلْآخَرَةَ ۚ وَلَا تَنسَ نَصِيبَكَ منَ الدُّنيَ ۗ وَأَحْسَ كُمَا أَحْسَنَ اللهُ إِلَيْكُ ۗ وَلَا تَبْغ ٱلْفَسَادَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ إِنَّ ٱللهَ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ١ قَالَ إِنَّكَ أَوْ تِينُهُ عِلَى علم عنديّ أَوَلَمْ يَعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللَّهُ قَدَّ أَهْلَكَ مِن قَبْله، مِنَ ٱلْقُرُونِ مِنْ هُو أَشَدُّ مِنْ قُوةً وَأَكْثَرُ جَمْعاً وَلَا يُسْعَلُ عَن ذُنُوبِهِمُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمه، في زينَته، قَالَ الَّذِينَ يُريدُونَ الْحَيَوْةَ الدُّنْبَ يَللَيْتَ لَنَا مثلَ مَا أُوتَى قَدُونُ إِنَّهُ لَذُو حَظ عظيم رين وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْعَلْمَ وَيُلَكُدُ ثَوَابُ الله خَيْرٌ لَمَنْ عَامَنَ وَعَمَلَ صَالِحًا وَلَا يُلَقَّلُهَا إِلَّا ٱلصَّابِرُونَ ﴿ يَ فَخَسَفْنَا بِهِ ع them; and We gave him so much treasure that the stores thereof would verily have been a burden for a troop of mighty men. When his own folk said unto him: Exult not; lo! Allah loveth not the exultant:

- 77. But seek the abode of the Hereafter in that which Allah hath given thee and neglect not thy portion of the world, and be thou kind even as Allah hath been kind to thee, and seek not corruption in the earth; lo! Allah loveth not corrupters,
- 78. He said: I have been given it only on account of knowledge I possess. Knew he not that Allah had destroyed already of the generations before him men who were mightier than him in strength and greater in respect of following? The guilty are not questioned of their sins.
- 79. Then went he forth before his people in his pomp. Those who were desirous of the life of the world said: Ah, would that we had the like of what hath been given unto Korah! Lo! he is lord of rare good fortune.
- 80. But those who had been given knowledge said: Woe unto you! The reward of Allah for him who believeth and doeth right is better, and only the steadfast will obtain it.

وَ بِدَارِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ فَكَ كَانَ لَهُ مِن فَتَهَ يَنصُرُ ونَهُ مِن دُونَ ٱللهُ وَمَا كَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُنتَصِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَأَصْبَحَ ٱلَّذِينَ تَمَنَّوْاْ مَكَانَهُ بِالْأَمْسِ يَقُولُونَ وَيْكَأَنَّ اللهَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ مِنْ عَبَاده ، وَيَقْدُرُ لَوْلآ أَنْ مَّنَّ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا لْحَسَفَ بِنَا ۗ وَيْكَأَنَّهُ لَا يُقْلَحُ ٱلْكَنْفُرُونَ ﴿ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَلْكَ ٱلدَّارُ ٱلْآخَوَةُ تَجْعَلُهَا للَّذِينَ لَا يُرِيدُونَ عُلُوًّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فَسَادًا ۚ وَٱلْعَاقَبَةُ لَلْمُنَّقِينَ ﴿ مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَة فَلَهُ خَيْرٌ مَنْهَا وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسِّيئَة فَلَا يُجْزَى ٱلَّذِينَ عَمُلُواْ ٱلسَّيَّاتَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِى فَرَضَ عَلَيْكَ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ لَرَ آدُّكَ إِلَى مَعَاد قُل رَّتِي أَعْلَمُ مَن جَاءَ بِٱلْهُدُىٰ وَمَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلَالِ شَبِين ﴿ وَمَا كُنتَ تَرْجُواْ أَن يُلْقَيِّ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَابُ إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِّن رَّبِّكُّ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ

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- 81. So We caused the earth to swallow him and his dwelling-place. Then he had no host to help him against Allah, nor was he of those who can save themselves.
- 82. And morning found those who had coveted his place but yesterday crying: Ah, welladay! Allah enlargeth the provision for whom He will of His slaves and straiteneth it (for whom He will). If Allah had not been gracious unto us He would have caused it to swallow us (also). Ah, welladay! the disbelievers never prosper.
- 83. As for that Abode of the Hereafter We assign it unto those who seek not oppression in the earth, nor yet corruption. The sequel is for those who ward off (evil).
- 84. Whoso bringeth a good deed, he will have better than the same; while as for him who bringeth an ill-deed, those who do ill-deeds will be requited only what they did.
- 85. Lo! He Who hath given thee the Qur'an for a law will surely bring thee home again. Say: My Lord is Best Aware of him who bringeth guidance and him who is in error manifest.
- 86. Thou hadst no hope that the Scripture would be inspired in thee; but it is a mercy from thy Lord, so never be a

¹ A tradition says that this verse was revealed during the Prophet's flight from Mecca to Al-Madinah.

ظَهِيرًا لَلْكَلَفُرِينَ ﴿ وَلَا يَصُدُّنَكَ عَنْ عَايَنتِ اللهِ بَعْدَ إِذْ أَنْزِلَتُ إِلَيْكُ وَالْمَ يَاكُ وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ اللهِ إِلَىٰ وَبِيكُ وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ اللهِ إِلَىٰ اللهِ إِلَالهُ إِلَّا وَجُهَمُ لَهُ اللهُ كُو وَ إِلَيْهِ هُو لَا مُعَلَىٰ اللهُ إِلَّا وَجُهَمُ لَهُ الْحُكُمُ وَ إِلَيْهِ مُنْ عَلَىٰ اللهِ اللهُ إِلَّا وَجُهَمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ إِلَّا وَجُهُمُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

(۲۹) <u>سُولِوَّا لَعِنْکِبُوتٌ مَک</u>َثَرٌ الإين آيةَ اكْ غايدَ آيةَ الفدنية واياف 10 نولت بعدل ل*وم*ر

ينسب أِللَّهُ ٱلرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

الَّمَ ﴿ أُحَسِبَ النَّاسُ أَن يُتْرَكُواْ أَن يَقُولُواْ ءَامَنَا وَهُمْ لَا يُقُولُواْ ءَامَنَا وَهُمْ لَا يُفْتَنُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ فَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللهُ اللهُ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُواْ وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْكَلْدِبِينَ ﴿



helper to the disbelievers.

- 87. And let them not divert thee from the revelations of Allah after they have been sent down unto thee; but call (mankind) unto thy Lord, and be not of those who ascribe partners (unto Him).
- 88. And cry not unto any other god along with Allah. There is no God save Him. Everything will perish save His Countenance. His is the command, and unto Him ye will be brought back.

SÛRAH XXIX

Al-'Ankabût, "The Spider," takes its name from v. 41 where false beliefs are likened to the spider's web for frailty. Most of this sûrah belongs to the middle or last Meccan period. Some authorities consider vv. 7 and 8, others the whole latter portion of the sûrah1 to have been revealed at Al-Madinah. It gives comfort to the Muslims in a time of persecution.

A late Meccan sûrah.

THESPIDER

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- r. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.2
- 2. Do men imagine that they will be left (at ease) because they say, We believe, and will not be tested with affliction?
- 3. Lo! We tested those who were before you. Thus Allah knoweth those who are sincere, and knoweth those who feign.
 - ¹ An-Nasikh wal-Mansikh by Ibn Salamah. ⁸ See sûrah II. v. 1. footnote.

أَمْ حَسَبَ الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيَّاتِ أَن يَسْبِقُونَا ۚ سَاءَ مَايَحْكُمُونَ ﴿ مِن كَانَ يَرْجُواْ لَقَآءَ ٱللهُ فَإِنَّ أَجَلَ ٱلله لَآتَ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلَّمُ ﴿ وَمَن جَنْهَدَ فَإِنَّمَا يُجَاهِدُ لنَفْسه مَ إِنَّ اللهَ لَغَنَّى عَنِ الْعَلَمينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَنت لَنُكَفِّرَنَّ عَهُمْ سَيَّعَاتِهِمْ وَلَنَجْزِينَّهُمْ أَحْسَنَ ٱلَّذِي كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَوَصَّيْنَا ٱلَّإِنسَانَ بِوَالدَيْهِ حُسْنًا وَ إِن جَنهَدَاكَ لَتُشْرِكَ بِي مَالَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عَ علمٌ فَلَا تُطعُّهُمَا ۚ إِنَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأَنْبَثُكُمُ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتَ لَنُدْخَلَنَّهُمْ في ٱلصَّالِحِينَ ﴿ وَمَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ ءَامَنَّا بَاللهِ فَإِذَا أُوذِي فِي الله جَعَلَ فَتْنَةَ النَّاسِ كَعَذَابِ الله وَلَين جَاءَ نَصْرٌ مَن رَّبِكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّا كُنَّا مَعَكُمْ ۖ أَوَلَيْسَ أَ

- 4. Or do those who do ill-deeds imagine that they can outstrip Us? Evil (for them) is that which they decide.
- 5. Whoso looketh forward to the meeting with Allah (let him know that) Allah's reckoning is surely nigh, and He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 6. And whosoever striveth, striveth only for himself, for lo! Allah is altogether Independent of (His) creatures.
- 7. And as for those who believe and do good works, We shall remit from them their evil deeds and shall repay them the best that they did.
- 8. We have enjoined on man kindness to parents; but if they strive to make thee join with Me that of which thou hast no knowledge, then obey them not. Unto Me is your return and I shall tell you what ye used to do.
- 9. And as for those who believe and do good works, We verily shall make them enter in among the righteous.
- 10. Of mankind is he who saith: We believe in Allah, but, if he be made to suffer for the sake of Allah, he mistaketh the persecution of mankind for Allah's punishment; and then, if victory cometh from thy Lord, will say: Lo! we were with you

اللهُ بِأَعْلَمَ بَمَا في صُدُورِ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ ﴿ وَهَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّبِعُواْ سَبِيلَنَا وَلْنَحْمِلْ خَطَلِيَكُمْ وَمَاهُم بَحَلِمِلِينَ منْ خَطَايَالُهُم مَن شَيْءٍ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذَبُونَ ١٠ وَلَيَحْمَلُنَّ أَوْدَارُوْدَ رَأَوْدَاكُمْ مَا أَفْقَالُهُمْ وَلَيْسَكُنَّ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلُمَةُ عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ رَثِّي وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِه ـ فَلَبَثَ فيهم أَلْفَ سَنَة إِلَّا تَهْسِينَ عَامًا فَأَخَذُهُمُ ٱلطُّوفَانُ وَهُمْ ظَلمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَنْجَيْنَهُ وَأَصَّابُ ٱلسَّفينَة وَجَعَلْنَاهَا ءَايَةً لَّعْنَلُمِينَ رَثِينَ وَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ إِذْ قَالَ لَقَوْمِهُ أَعْبُدُواْ ٱللهُ وَٱتَّقُوهُ ذَالكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّكَ تَعْبُدُونَ من دُون الله أَوْثَنَنَا وَتَخْلُقُونَ إِفْكًا ۚ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُونَ من دُون ٱلله لَا يَمْلَكُونَ لَكُمْ رِزْقًا فَأَبْتَغُواْ عَنَدَ ٱلله (all the while). Is not Allah Best Aware of what is in the bosoms of (His) creatures?

- 11. Verily Allah knoweth those who believe, and verily He knoweth the hypocrites.
- 12. Those who disbelieve say unto those who believe: Follow our way (of religion) and we verily will bear your sins (for you). They cannot bear aught of their sins. Lo! they verily are liars.
- 13. But they verily will bear their own loads and other loads beside their own, and they verily will be questioned on the Day of Resurrection concerning that which they invented.
- 14. And verily We sent Noah (as Our messenger) unto his folk, and he continued with them for a thousand years save fifty years; and the flood engulfed them, for they were wrong-doers.
- 15. And We rescued him and those with him in the ship, and made of it a portent for the peoples.
- 16. And Abraham! (Remember) when he said unto his folk: Serve Allah, and keep your duty unto Him; that is better for you if ye did but know.
- 17. Ye serve instead of Allah only idols, and ye only invent a lie. Lo! those whom ye serve instead of Allah own no provision for you. So seek your provision from Allah, and

الرَّزْقَ وَاعْبُدُوهُ وَاشْكُرُ واْ لَهُ ۖ إِلَيْهِ مُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ وَإِن تُكَذَّبُواْ فَقَدْ كُذَّبَ أُمْ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَمَا عَلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَنْهُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ١ ﴿ أُولَمْ يَرَوْا كَيْفَ يُبْدِئُ ٱللَّهُ آخَلَقُ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ إِنَّ ذَلَكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهُ يَسِيرٌ ١ فِ الْأَرْضِ فَأَنظُرُ واْ كَيْفَ بَدَأَ آلْخُلُقَ ۚ ثُمَّ اللهُ يُنشئُ النَّشَّأَةَ ٱلْآخَرَةَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ يُعَذَّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَرْحُمُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَ إِلَيْه تُقْلَبُونَ ١٥ وَمَا أَنتُم بُعُجزينَ فى الْأَرْض وَ لَا فِي السَّمَاء وَمَا لَكُم من دُون الله من وَلَي وَلَا نَصِيرِ رَبُّ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَايَنْتَ الله وَلقَا بِهَ أُولَدَيِكَ يَسِمُواْ مِن رَّحْمَى وَأُولَدَيِكَ لَمُوْعَذَابُ أَلَمُ ﴿ فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمه ٤ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ ٱقْتُلُوهُ أَوْحَرَّقُوهُ فَأَنْجَلُهُ اللهُ مَنَ النَّارِ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآ يَنت لَقَوْم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ serve Him, and give thanks unto Him, (for) unto Him ye will be brought back.

- 18. But if ye deny, then nations have denied before you. The messenger is only to convey (the message) plainly.
- 19. See they not how Allah produceth creation, then reproduceth it? Lo! for Allah that is easy.
- 20. Say (O Muhammad): Travel in the land and see how He originated creation, then Allah bringeth forth the later growth. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 21. He punisheth whom He will and showeth mercy unto whom He will, and unto Him ye will be turned.
- 22. Ye cannot escape (from Him) in the earth or in the sky, and beside Allah there is for you no friend nor helper.
- 23. Those who disbelieve in the revelations of Allah and in (their) Meeting with Him, such have no hope of My mercy. For such there is a painful doom.
- 24. But the answer of his folk was only that they said: "Kill him" or "Burn him." Then Allah saved him from the Fire. Lo! herein verily are portents for folk who believe.

وَقَالَ إِنَّكَ الَّخَذْتُمُ مِّن دُونِ اللهُ أَوْ ثَلْنًا مَّودَّةَ لَيْنَكُمْ فِ الْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةِ يَكُفُرُ بَعْضُكُم بِبَعْض وَ يَلْعَنُ بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا وَمَأْ وَلاكُرُ ٱلنَّارُ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن اً نَصرينَ ٢٠٠٠ اللهِ فَعَامَنَ لَهُ لُوكُ وَقَالَ إِنَّى مُهَاجِرٌ إِلَىٰ رَبِّ إِنَّهُ مُو ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٢٠٠ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِنْ عَتَى وَ يَعْقُوبَ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي ذُرِّيَّتِهِ ٱلنُّهُوَّةَ وَٱلْكَتَابَ وَءَاتَلِنَّكُ أَجْرَهُ فِي ٱلدُّنْبَ وَإِنَّهُ فِي ٱلْآخَرَةِ لَمَنَ ٱلصَّلِعِينَ ﴿ وَلُوطًا إِذْ قَالَ لقَوْمه مِ إِنَّكُمْ لَنَأْتُونَ ٱلْفَنحَسَةَ مَاسَبَقَكُم بَ مَنْ أَحَد مَنَ الْعَلَمينَ ﴿ أَيْنَكُرْ لَتَأْتُونَ الرَّجَالَ وَ تَقْطَعُونَ السَّبِيلَ وَ تَأْتُونَ فِي نَادِيكُمُ الْمُنكِّرُ فَكَ كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمه عَ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ ٱللَّهَ بِعَذَابِ الله إِن كُنتَ منَ الصَّدقينَ ﴿ وَ اللَّهِ عَالَ رَبِّ انصُرْنِي عَلَى الْقَوْم



- 25. He said: Ye have chosen only idols instead of Allah. The love between you is only in the life of the world. Then on the Day of Resurrection ye will deny each other and curse each other, and your abode will be the Fire, and ye will have no helpers.
- 26. And Lot believed him, and said: Lo! I am a fugitive unto my Lord. Lo! He, only He, is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 27. And We bestowed on him Isaac and Jacob, and We established the prophethood and the Scripture among his seed, and We gave him his reward in the world, and lo! in the Hereafter he verily is among the righteous.
- 28. And Lot! (Remember) when he said unto his folk: Lo! ye commit lewdness such as no creature did before you.
- 29. For come ye not in unto males, and cut ye not the road (for travellers), and commit ye not abomination in your meetings? But the answer of his folk was only that they said: Bring Allah's doom upon us if thou art a truthteller!
 - 30. He said: My Lord! Give me victory over folk who

ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ يَكُمُّ الْجَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا ۚ إِبْرَاهِمَ بَالْبُشْرَىٰ قَالُواْ إِنَّا مُهْلِكُواْ أَهْلِ هَلاهِ ٱلْقَرْيَةَ إِنَّا أَهْلَهَا كَانُواْ ظَلمينَ ﴿ مَا قَالَ إِنَّ فِيهَا لُوطًا ۚ قَالُواْ نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بَمَن فِيهَا لَنْجَيْنَهُ وَأَهْلَهُ إِلَّا أَمْراً لَهُ كَانَتْ مَنَ ٱلْغَلْبِينَ ٢ وَلَمَّا أَنْ جَآءَتْ رُسُلُنَا لُوطًا سيَّءَ بهمْ وَضَاقَ بهمْ ذَرْعًا وَقَالُواْ لَا تَحَفُّ وَلَا تَحْزَنُّ إِنَّا مُنجُوكَ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا أَمْرَأُ تَكَ كَانَتْ مِنَ ٱلْغَنبرينَ ﴿ إِنَّا مُنزِلُونَ عَلَيْ أَهْلِ هَلْدَهِ ٱلْقَرْيَة رَجْزًا مَّنَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفْسُقُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدَ تَرَكَّنَا مَنْهَا عَايَةً بَيْنَةً لَقُوم يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِلَّى مَدِّينَ أَخَاهُمُ شُعَيْباً فَقَالَ يَنقَوْم أَعْبُدُواْ اللهَ وَأَرْجُواْ ٱلْيَوْمَ ٱلْآنوَ وَلَا تَعْثُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿ فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٱلرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ في دَارهمْ جَلشمينَ ﴿ وَعَادَاً وَتَمُودَاْ

work corruption.

- 31. And when Our messengers brought Abraham the good news,¹ they said: Lo! we are about to destroy the people of that township, for its people are wrong-doers.
- 32. He said: Lo! Lot is there. They said: We are best aware of who is there. We are to deliver him and his household, all save his wife, who is of those who stay behind.
- 33. And when Our messengers came unto Lot, he was troubled upon their account, for he could not protect them; but they said: Fear not, nor grieve! Lo! we are to deliver thee and thy household, (all) save thy wife, who is of those who stay behind.
- 34. Lo! We are about to bring down upon the folk of this township a fury from the sky because they are evil-livers.
- 35. And verily of that We have left a clear sign for people who have sense.
- 36. And unto Midian We sent Shu eyb, their brother. He said: O my people! Serve Allah, and look forward to the Last Day, and do not evil, making mischief, in the earth.
- 37. But they denied him, and the dreadful earthquake took them, and morning found them prostrate in their dwelling-place.
 - 38. And (the tribes of) A'ad and Thamûd! (Their fate) is

 That he was to have a son.

وَقَد تَّبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ مِّن مَّسَكَنهم وَزَيِّنَ لَمُ مُ الشَّيطَانُ أُعْلَلُهُمْ فَصَلَّهُمْ عَن ٱلسَّبِيلِ وَكَانُواْ مُسْتَبْصِرِينَ ﴿ وَقَرُونَ وَفَرْعَوْنَ وَهَدْمَنَ وَلَقَدْجَآءَهُمْ فُوسَىٰ بِٱلْبَيِّنَات فَأَسْتَكْبَرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا كَانُواْ سَلْبِقِينَ ﴿ عَكُلًّا أَخْذُنَا بَدُّ نَبِهُ عَ فَمَنَّهُم مَّنْ أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِ خَاصِبًا وَمَهُم مَّنْ أَخَذَتُهُ ٱلصَّيْحَةُ وَمَهُم مَّنْ خَسَفَنَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَنْهُم مَّنْ أَغْرَقَنَّا وَمَا كَانَ ٱللهُ لِيَظْلَمَهُمْ وَلَكُن كَانُوۤا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلُمُونَ ﴿ مِنْ مَثُلُ الَّذِينَ آتَّخَـٰذُواْ مِن دُونِ الله أَوْلَيَـآ ءَ كَمْثَلَ الْعَنْكُبُوتَ الْخَنَدَتْ بَيْنًا وَإِنَّا أُوْهَنَ ٱلْبِيُوتَ لَبَيْتُ ٱلْعَنكَبُوتَ لَوْ كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَدْعُونَ من دُونه عن شَيْءٌ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيرُ الْحَكِمُ ﴿ وَتَلْكَ ٱلْأَمْثَدُلُ نَضْرَبُهَا للنَّاسِ وَمَا يَعْقَلُهَمَّا إِلَّا ٱلْعَدْلُمُونَ ﴿ manifest unto you from their (ruined and deserted) dwellings. Satan made their deeds seem fair unto them and so debarred them from the Way, though they were keen observers.

- 39. And Korah, Pharaoh and Hâmân! Moses came unto them with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), but they were boastful in the land. And they were not winners (in the race).
- 40. So We took each one in his sin; of them was he on whom We sent a hurricane, and of them was he who was overtaken by the (Awful) Cry, and of them was he whom We caused the earth to swallow, and of them was he whom We drowned. It was not for Allah to wrong them, but they wronged themselves.
- 41. The likeness of those who choose other patrons than Allah is as the likeness of the spider when she taketh unto herself a house, and lo! the frailest of all houses is the spider's house, if they but knew.
- 42. Lo! Allah knoweth what thing they invoke instead of Him. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 43. As for these similitudes, We coin them for mankind, but none will grasp their meaning save the wise.

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ ٱلسَّمَلَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحُتُّ إِنَّ فِي ذَالكَ لَا يَةً لَلْمُؤْمِنِينَ رَبُّ اللَّهُمَا أُوحَى إِلَيْكَ مِنَ ٱلْكَتَابِ وَأَقَم الصَّلَوة إِنَّ الصَّلَوةَ تَنْهَى عَنِ الْفَحْشَاءِ وَ الْمُنكِّر وَلَذ كُرُ الله أَكْبَرُ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَصْنَعُونَ رَبِّ مِهِ وَلا تُجَدِدُ لُوٓا أَهْلَ ٱلْكَتَابِ إِلَّا بِاللَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَنْهُمَّ وَقُولُواْ ءَامَنًا بِالَّذِي أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَأَنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَ إِلَيْهُنَا وَ إِلَاهُكُمْ وَاحدٌ وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَكَذَالَكَ أَزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَلَبِ فَٱلَّذِينَ وَالَّمِنْكُهُمُ ٱلْكَتَلَبِ يُؤْمِنُونَ به، وَمَنْ هَنَوُلاً وَمَنْ يُؤْمِنُ به، وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِعَايَنْتَنَا إِلَّا ٱلْكَنْفُرُونَ وَ إِمَّا كُنتَ نَتْلُواْ مِن قَبْله ، من كتَلب وَلا تَحْظُهُ بِيَمِينَكَ إِذًا لَّآرَاَبَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ مَلْ هُو َّايَنَّتُ بَيْنَاتٌ فِي صُدُورِ الَّذِينَ أُونُواْ ٱلْعِلْمَ وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِعَا يَلْنَا



44. Allah created the heavens and the earth with truth. Lo! therein is indeed a portent for believers.

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- 45. Recite that which hath been inspired in thee of the Scripture, and establish worship. Lo! worship preserveth from lewdness and iniquity, but verily remembrance of Allah is more important. And Allah knoweth what ye do.
- 46. And argue not with the People of the Scripture unless it be in (a way) that is better, save with such of them as do wrong; and say: We believe in that which hath been revealed unto us and revealed unto you; our God and your God is One, and unto Him we surrender.
- 47. In like manner We have revealed unto thee the Scripture, and those unto whom We gave the Scripture aforetime will believe therein; and of these (also)¹ there are some who believe therein. And none deny Our revelations save the disbelievers.
- 48. And thou (O Muhammad) wast not a reader of any scripture before it, nor didst thou write it with thy right hand, for then might those have doubted, who follow false-hood.
- 49. But it is clear revelations in the hearts of those who have been given knowledge, and none deny Our revelations

1 i.e. the people of Mecca.

إِلَّا الظَّللُمُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَوْ لَا أَزْلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَا يَنْتُ مِّن رَّبِّهِ ع قُلْ إِنَّمَا ٱلْآيَلَتُ عِندَ اللهِ وَ إِنَّكَ أَنَّا نَذَيرٌ مَّبِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّا أَوْلَمْ بَكْفِهِمْ أَنَّا أَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكُتَنَبَ يُتَلَّى عَلَيْمٌ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَرْحْمَةً وَذَكْرَى لقَوْم يُؤْمِنُونَ رَبُّ قُلْ كَفَى بالله بَيْني وَ بَيْنَكُمْ شَهِيدًا ۚ يَعْلَمُ مَافِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ۖ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱلْبَطِلِ وَكَفَرُواْ بِاللهُ أُولَيْهِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسُرُونَ ﴿ وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِٱلْعَذَابِ وَلَوْلَا أَجَلُ مُسَمَّى لِحَاءَ هُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَلَيْأَتِينَهُم بَغْنَهُ وَهُمْ لَايْشَعْرُونَ ﴿ يَسْتَعْجُلُونَكَ بِٱلْعَذَابِ وَ إِنَّ جَهَـنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِٱلْكَلفرِينَ ﴿ يُومَ يَغْشَلُهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مِن فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِن تَعْت أَرْجُلُهِمْ وَيَقُولُ ذُوقُواْ مَا كُنُتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ رَثِينَ يَلعَبَادَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِنَّ أَرْضِي وَاسَعَةٌ فَإِيَّلَى فَأَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ كُلُّ نَفْسِ ذَا يِقَةُ ٱلْمَوْت save wrong-doers.

- 50. And they say: Why are not portents sent down upon him from his Lord? Say: Portents are with Allah only, and I am but a plain warner.
- 51. Is it not enough for them that We have sent down unto thee the Scripture which is read unto them? Lo! herein verily is mercy, and a reminder for folk who believe.
- 52. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Allah sufficeth for witness between me and you. He knoweth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. And those who believe in vanity and disbelieve in Allah, they it is who are the losers.
- 53. They bid thee hasten on the doom (of Allah). And if a term had not been appointed, the doom would assuredly have come unto them (ere now). And verily it will come upon them suddenly when they perceive not.
- 54. They bid thee hasten on the doom, when lo! hell verily will encompass the disbelievers
- 55. On the day when the doom will overwhelm them from above them and from underneath their feet, and He will say: Taste what ye used to do!
- 56. O my bondmen who believe! Lo! My earth is spacious. Therefor serve Me only.
 - 57. Every soul will taste of death. Then unto Us ye

ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ وَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَات لَنُبُونَنَّهُم مَّنَ الْحَنَّة غُرَافًا تَجْرى مِن يَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَلُ خَيْلِينَ فيها ۚ نَعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَنْمِلِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهُمْ يَتُوكَكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَكَأَيْنِ مَن دَآبَةً لَّا تَحْمِلُ رِزْقَهَا ٱللهُ يَرْزُقُهَا وَ إِيَّاكُمْ ۚ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلَيمُ ﴿ يَكُونَ سَأَلْتُهُمُ مَّنْ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَـٰوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللَّهُ فَأَنَّى يُوْفَكُونَ ﴿ اللهُ يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ منْ عَبَاده ع وَ يَقْدُرُلَهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ بَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَلَيٍّ ١ وَلَيِن سَأَلْتَهُم مَّن زَّلَ منَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَأَحْيَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ من بَعْد مَوْتَهَا لَيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ قُل ٱلْحَمَدُ لللَّهِ بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقُلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا هَلذه ٱلْحَيَوْةُ ٱلدُّنْيَ ۚ إِلَّا لَمُوْ وَلَعَبُ ۗ وَ إِنَّ الدَّارَ ٱلْآخَرَةَ لَمَى ٱلْحَيَوَانُ لَوْكَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ لَا كُبُواْ فَالْفُلْك



- 58. Those who believe and do good works, them verily We shall house in lofty dwellings of the Garden underneath which rivers flow. There they will dwell secure. How sweet the guerdon of the toilers,
 - 59. Who persevere, and put their trust in their Lord!
- 60. And how many an animal there is that beareth not its own provision! Allah provideth for it and for you. He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 61. And if thou wert to ask them: Who created the heavens and the earth, and constrained the sun and the moon (to their appointed work)? they would say: Allah. How then are they turned away?
- 62. Allah maketh the provision wide for whom He will of His bondmen, and straiteneth it for whom (He will). Lo! Allah is Aware of all things.
- 63. And if thou wert to ask them: Who causeth water to come down from the sky, and therewith reviveth the earth after its death? they verily would say: Allah. Say: Praise be to Allah! But most of them have no sense.
- 64. This life of the world is but a pastime and a game. Lo! the home of the Hereafter—that is Life, if they but knew.
 - 65. And when they mount upon the ships they pray to

SÛRAH XXX

Ar-Rûm, "The Romans," takes its name from a word in the first verse.

The armies of the Eastern Roman Empire had been defeated by the Persians in all the territories near Arabia. In the year A.D. 613 Jerusalem and Damascus fell, and in the following year Egypt. A Persian army invaded Anatolia and was threatening Constantinople itself in the year A.D. 615 or 616 (the sixth or seventh year before the Hijrah) when, according to the best authorities, this sûrah was revealed at Mecca. The pagan Arabs triumphed in the news of Persian victories over the Prophet and his little band of followers, because the Christian Romans were believers in the One God, whereas the Persians were not. They argued that the power of Allah could not be supreme and absolute, as the Prophet kept proclaiming it to be, since the forces of a pagan empire had been able to defeat His worshippers.

The Prophet's answer was provided for him in this grand assertion of Theocracy, which shows the folly of all those who think of Allah as a partisan. It opens with two prophecies: that the Romans would be victorious over the Persians, and that the little persecuted company of Muslims in Arabia would have reason to rejoice, "within ten years." In fact, in A.D. 624 the Roman armies entered purely Persian territory, and in the same year a little army of Muslims, led by the Prophet, overthrew the flower of Arab chivalry upon the field

of Badr.

But the prophecies are only the prelude to a proclamation of God's universal kingdom, which is shown to be an actual Sovereignty. The laws of nature are expounded as the laws of Allah in the physical sphere, and in the moral and political spheres mankind is informed that there are similar laws of life and death, of good and evil, action and inaction, and their consequences—laws which no-one can escape

¹ The word in the Arabic (bida') implies a space of not less than three, and not more than nine, years.

by wisdom or by cunning. His mercy, like His law, surrounds all things, and the standard of His judgment is the same for all. He is not remote or indifferent, partial or capricious. Those who do good earn His favour, and those who do ill earn His wrath, no matter what may be their creed or race; and no-one, by the lip profession of a creed, is able to escape His law of consequences.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

دَعُواْ الله عُلصِينَ لَهُ الدِينَ فَلَمَّا نَجَّاهُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِ إِذَا هُمْ يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ لَيَكَمُنُواْ بَمَا عَاتَدِنَهُمْ وَلَيَتَمَتُّواً فَسَوْفَ يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ لَيَكَمُنُوا أَنَّا جَمَّلْنَا حَمَّا عَامَنَا وَيُخَطَّفُ النَّاسُ مِنْ حَوْلِمَمُ أَفَيكُمُونَ وَبِنعَمَة اللهَ يَحُفُونَ ﴿ فَا أَنْ اللهَ كَفُرُونَ ﴿ مَنْ عَمَة اللهَ يَحُفُرُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مُمَّنِ الْفَيَرَى عَلَى الله كَذَبًا أَوْكَ ذَبِ بِالْحَقِ لَمَّا وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مُمَّنِ الْفَيَرَى عَلَى الله كَذَبًا أَوْكَ ذَبِ بِالْحَقِ لَمَّا عَلَى الله كَذَبًا أَوْكَ ذَبُ بِالْحَقِ لَمَّا عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ مَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّذِينَ وَاللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ مُسْلِكًا وَ إِنَّ اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ مُسْلِينًا وَإِنَّا اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ مُسْلِينًا وَإِنَّا اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ مُسْلِينًا وَإِنَّ اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ مُنْ اللهُ لَيْ اللهُ لَمُعَالِمُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ال

(٣٠) ميمور<u>ة الزوم تم</u>كيت الآآب في الأفدينية وآيا لهسك ٦٠ نزلت بعند الانشقاق

يِنْ الرَّومُ ﴿ فِي أَدِّنَى ٱلْأَرْضِ وَهُمْ



Allah, making their faith pure for Him only, but when He bringeth them safe to land, behold! they ascribe partners (unto Him),

- 66. That they may disbelieve in that which We have given them, and that they may take their ease. But they will come to know.
- 67. Have they not seen that We have appointed a sanctuary immune (from violence),1 while mankind are ravaged all around them? Do they then believe in falsehood and disbelieve in the bounty of Allah?
- 68. Who doeth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie concerning Allah, or denieth the truth when it cometh unto him? Is not there a home in hell for disbelievers?
- 69. As for those who strive in Us, We surely guide them to Our paths, and lo! Allah is with the good.

THEROMANS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.2
- 2. The Romans have been defeated
- 3. In the nearer land, and they, after their defeat
 - ¹ The territory of Mecca. 2 See strah II, v. 1, footnote.

مَّنْ بَعْد غَلَبَهِمْ سَيَغْلُبُونَ ﴿ فِي فِي بِضْعِ سَنِينَ لللهُ ٱلْأَمْرُ مِن قَبْلُ وَمَنْ بَعْدُ وَيَوْمَ إِذْ يَفْرَ حُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ٢٠ بَنْصَر ٱلله يَنْصُرُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَهُوَ الْعَر يُزُ الرَّحيمُ ﴿ وَعُدَ اللهِ لَا يُخْلِفُ اللهُ وَعْدَهُ وَلَكَنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ٢ يَعْلَمُونَ ظَنهراً مَنَ الْحَيَوَةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ عَنِ الْآخِرَةِ هُــمْ غَنْفُلُونَ ﴿ أُولَا يَتَفَكُّواْ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ مَّا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَأَجَلِ مُسمَّى وَ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مَّنَ النَّاسِ بِلَقَا يِ رَبِّهِمْ لَكُنفُرُونَ ﴿ أُولَرْ يَسيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ من قَبْلهم كَانُواْ أَشَدُّ مَهُم مُوَّةً وَأَثَارُواْ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَعَمَرُوهَا أَكْثَرُكُمَّا عَرُوهَا وَجَاءَتُهُمْ وُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيْنَاتُ فَمَا كَانَ اللهُ لَيْظْلْمُهُمْ وَلَكُنْ كَانُواْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَظْلُمُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ كَانَ عَلْقَبَةً will be victorious

- 4. Within ten years—Allah's is the command in the former case and in the latter—and in that day believers will rejoice
- In Allah's help to victory. He helpeth to victory whom He will. He is the Mighty, the Merciful.
- 6. It is a promise of Allah. Allah faileth not His promise, but most of mankind know not.
- 7. They know only some appearance of the life of the world, and are heedless of the Hereafter.
- 8. Have they not pondered upon themselves? Allah created not the heavens and the earth, and that which is between them, save with truth and for a destined end. But truly many of mankind are disbelievers in the meeting with their Lord.
- 9. Have they not travelled in the land and seen the nature of the consequence for those who were before them? They were stronger than these in power, and they dug the earth and built upon it more than these have built. Messengers of their own came unto them with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty). Surely Allah wronged them not, but they did wrong themselves.

¹ To those who journeyed out from Mecca, northward into Mesopotamia and Syria, or southward to the Yaman and Hadramaut, appeared the ruins of old civilisations which, tradition said, had been destroyed on account of their corruption and disobedience to the Will of God.

ٱلَّذِينَ أَسَنُّواْ ٱلسُّواَّيِّ أَن كَذَّ بُواْبِعَا يَنت ٱلله وَكَانُواْ بَهَا يَسْتَهْزُءُ وَنَ نَيْ اللَّهُ يَبْدَؤُاْ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ وَثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ نَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ بُلسُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَمْ يَكُن لِمُكُم مِّن شُرَكَآيِهِمْ شُفَعَتَوُا وَكَانُوا بِشُرَكَآيِهِمْ كَنفرينَ رَيِّيَ وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ يَوْمَهِذَ يَتَفَرَّقُونَ رَيِّي فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَملُواْ الصَّالحَاتِ فَهُم في رَوْضَة يُحْبَرُونَ وَإِن وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ عَايَننَا وَلَقَآي ٱلْآَنَوَةِ قَأُولَدَيِكَ فِي ٱلْعَذَابِ يُحْضَرُونَ ١٠٠ قَسُبَحَانَ ٱلله حينَ تُمْسُونَ وَحينَ تُصْبِحُونَ ۞ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ في السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضِ وَعَسَيًّا وَحِينَ تُظْهِرُ ونَ ﴿ يُحْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مَنَ الْمَيْتِ وَ يُحْرِجُ الْمَيْتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ وَ يُحْي ٱلأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتُهَا ۗ وَكَدَاكَ تُخْرَجُونَ رَبُّ وَمَنْ ءَايَنته =

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- 10. Then evil was the consequence to those who dealt in evil, because they denied the revelations of Allah and made a mock of them.
- 11. Allah produceth creation, then He reproduceth it, then unto Him ye will be returned.
- 12. And in the day when the Hour riseth the unrighteous will despair.
- 13. There will be none to intercede for them of those whom they made equal with Allah. And they will reject their partners (whom they ascribed unto Him).
- 14. In the day when the Hour cometh, in that day they will be sundered.
- 15. As for those who believed and did good works, they will be made happy in a Garden.
- 16. But as for those who disbelieved and denied Our revelations, and denied the meeting of the Hereafter, such will be brought to doom.
- 17. So glory be to Allah when ye enter the night and when ye enter the morning—
- 18. Unto Him be praise in the heavens and the earth!—and at the sun's decline and in the noonday.
- 19. He bringeth forth the living from the dead, and He bringeth forth the dead from the living, and He reviveth the earth after her death. And even so will ye be brought forth.

أَنْ خَلَقَكُمُ مِن تُرَابِثُمَّ إِذَا أَنْتُم بَشَرٌ تَنتَشُرُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْ ءَايَنته مَ أَنْ خَلَقَ لَـكُمْ مَنْ أَنفُسكُمْ أَزْ وَاجَا لَتَسْكُنُوٓاْ إِلَيْهَا وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَكُمُ مَّوَدَّةً وَرَحْمَةً إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآيَت لَّقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ١٠٠ وَمنْ اَيَنته عَنَالُ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَآخَتَلَفُ أَلْسَلَتَكُمْ وَأَلْوَانكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَاّ يَنت لَلْعَلْمِينَ ﴿ وَمِنْ اَيَنته عَنَامُكُم بِالَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَارِ وَٱبْتَغَآ أُوكُم مِن فَضْله عَلَمْ إِنَّ في ذَالكَ لَآيَت لَّقَوْم يَسْمَعُونَ رَبِّي وَمنْ ءَايَنته ، يُريكُدُ ٱلْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَيُنزَّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءَ فَيُحْيء به الأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَهَا إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَلت لَقَوْم يَعْقلُونَ ﴿ وَمِنْ ءَايَلته مَ أَنْ تَقُومَ السَّمَآءُ وَالْأَرْضُ أَمْرِه ۚ ثُمَّ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ دَعْوَةً مَنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ إِذَا أَنَّمُ تَغُرُّجُونَ ﴿ وَلَهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَوَات

- 20. And of His signs is this: He created you of dust, and behold you human beings, ranging widely!
- 21. And of His signs is this: He created for you helpmeets from yourselves that ye might find rest in them, and He ordained between you love and mercy. Lo! herein indeed are portents for folk who reflect.
- 22. And of His signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the difference of your languages and colours. Lo! herein indeed are portents for men of knowledge.
- 23. And of His signs is your slumber by night and by day, and your seeking of His bounty. Lo! herein indeed are portents for folk who heed.
- 24. And of His signs is this: He showeth you the lightning for a fear and for a hope, and sendeth down water from the sky, and thereby quickeneth the earth after her death. Lo! herein indeed are portents for folk who understand.
- 25. And of His signs is this: The heavens and the earth stand fast by His command, and afterward, when He calleth you, lo! from the earth ye will emerge.
 - 26. Unto Him belongeth whosoever is in the heavens and

وَالْأَرْضُ كُلُّ لَّهُ قَلْنَتُونَ ٢٥ وَهُوَ الَّذِي يَبْدَوُا ٱلْخَلْقَ ور و و رو رور عدر و ررو و رود و المثل الأعلى في السَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكُيمُ ﴿ ضَرَبَ لَكُمُ مَثَلًا مَنْ أَنْفُسُكُمُ مَلَ لَكُمُ مِن مَّا مَلَكَتْ أَبْمَلُنُكُمْ مِن شُرَكَّا } في مَارَزَقْنَاكُرْ فَأَنْمُ فِيهِ سَوَاتُهُ تَخَافُونَهُمْ كَخِيفَتُكُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ كَذَالِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَلَتِ لَقَوْمٍ يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ بَلِ ٱلَّبِّعَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ أَهْوَاءَهُم بِغَيْرِ عَلْمَ فَكَن يَهْدَى مَنْ أَضَلَّ اللَّهُ وَمَا لَحُهُم مِّن نَّنصرينَ ﴿ فَأَقُمْ وَجُهَكَ لِلدِّينِ حَنيفًا * فَطْرَتَ ٱللهُ ٱلَّتِي فَطَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ عَلَيْكَ ۚ لَا تَبْدِيلَ لَخَلْقِ ٱللهُ ذَاكَ ٱلدِّينُ ٱلْقَيِّمُ وَلَكَنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ * مُنيبينَ إِلَيْه وَآتَّقُوهُ وَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ منَ ٱلمُشْرِكِينَ ١ مَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ فَرَّقُواْ دِينَهُمْ وَكَانُواْ شَيعًا



the earth. All are obedient unto Him.

- 27. He it is Who produceth creation, then reproduceth it, and it is easier for Him. His is the Sublime Similitude in the heavens and the earth. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 28. He coineth for you a similitude of yourselves. Have ye, from among those whom your right hands possess, partners in the wealth We have bestowed upon you, equal with you in respect thereof, so that ye fear them as ye fear each other (that ye ascribe unto Us partners out of that which We created)? Thus We display the revelations for people who have sense.
- 29. Nay, but those who do wrong follow their own lusts without knowledge. Who is able to guide him whom Allah hath sent astray? For such there are no helpers.
- 30. So set thy purpose (O Muhammad) for religion as a man by nature upright—the nature (framed) of Allah, in which He hath created man. There is no altering (the laws of) Allah's creation. That is the right religion, but most men know not—
- 31. Turning unto Him (only); and be careful of your duty unto Him, and establish worship, and be not of those who ascribe partners (unto Him);
 - 32. Of those who split up their religion and became

¹ i.e. the slaves.

كُلُّ حزْبِ بِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ فَرَحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَإِذَا مَسَّ النَّاسَ ضُرٌّ دَعُواْ رَبُّهُم مُنيبينَ إِلَيْه ثُمَّ إِذَا أَذَا قَهُم مَّنَّهُ رَحْمَةً إِذَا فَرِينٌ مِّنَّهُم بِرَبِّهُمْ يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ لَيَكُفُرُواْ بِمَا ءَاتَيْنَكُمُ فَتَمَتُّواْ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ أَزْلَنَا عَلَيْمٌ سُلْطَنَّا فَهُو يَتَكَلَّمُ مِكَ كَانُواْ بِهِ يُشْرِكُونَ رَثِي وَإِذَا أَذَقْكَ ٱلنَّاسَ رَحْمَةُ فَرَحُواْ بِهَا ۗ وَ إِن تُصِبُّهُمْ سَيْنَةُ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ إِذَا هُمْ يَقْنَطُونَ ١٠ أُولَدُ يَرُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَبْسُطُ ٱلرَّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَكَ ۚ وَيَقْدرُ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَكِت لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ مَنَّ فَعَاتَ ذَا ٱلْقُرْ يَى حَقَّهُ وَ ٱلْمُسْكِينَ وَأَبْنَ ٱلسَّبيلَ ۚ ذَٰ لَكَ خَيْرٌ لَلَّذَينَ يُريدُونَ وَجْهَ ٱللَّهُ ۗ وَأَوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلُحُونَ ﴿ وَمَاءَا لَيْتُمُ مَن رَّبًا لَيَرْبُواْ فِي أَمُوال النَّاس فَلاَ يَرْبُواْ عَنْدَ اللهِ وَمَآءَاتَيْتُم مِن زَكَوْة تُريدُونَ وَجْهَ الله

schismatics, each sect exulting in its tenets.

- 33. And when harm toucheth men they cry unto their Lord, turning to Him in repentance; then, when they have tasted of His mercy, behold! some of them attribute partners to their Lord
- 34. So as to disbelieve in that which We have given them. (Unto such it is said): Enjoy yourselves awhile, but ye will come to know.
- 35. Or have We revealed unto them any warrant which speaketh of that which they associate with Him?
- 36. And when We cause mankind to taste of mercy they rejoice therein; but if an evil thing befall them as the consequence of their own deeds, lo! they are in despair!
- 37. See they not that Allah enlargeth the provision for whom He will, and straiteneth (it for whom He will). Lo! herein indeed are portents for folk who believe.
- 38. So give to the kinsman his due, and to the needy, and to the wayfarer. That is best for those who seek Allah's Countenance. And such are they who are successful.
- 39. That which ye give in usury in order that it may increase on (other) people's property hath no increase with Allah; but that which ye give in charity, seeking Allah's

فَأُوْلَتَيِكَ هُــُمُ ٱلْمُضْعَفُونَ ١٤ اللهُ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ رَرِيهُ وَهُمْ يَمِيتُكُمْ مَمْ يَحْيِيكُمْ هَلْ مِن شُرِكاً بِهُمْ مَن يَفْعَلُ من ذَالكُم مِن شَيْءٍ سُبْحَلْنَهُ وَتَعَلَّى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ رَبَّي ظَهَرَ ٱلْفَسَادُ فِي ٱلْبَرْ وَ ٱلْبَحْرِ عِمَا كَسَبَتْ أَيْدى النَّاس ليُذيقَهُم بَعْضَ الَّذي عَمُلُواْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ٢ قُلْ سيرُواْ في ٱلأَرْضِ فَا نَظُرُ واْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَـُقَبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ من قَبْلُ كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُم مُشْركينَ ﴿ فَأَقَمْ وَجُهَكَ للدين ٱلْقَيْدِ مِن قَبْلِ أَن يَأْتَى يَوْمٌ لَّا مَرَدَّ لَهُ مِنَ اللَّهَ يَوْمَ لِـ يَصَّدُّعُونَ ﴿ مَن كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْه كُفْرُهُ وَمَنْ عَمَلَ صَالحًا فَلاَّ نَفُسهمْ يَمْهَـُدُونَ ﴿ لِيَجْزِىَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَات مِن فَضْلَهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ لِلْ يُحُبُّ ٱلْكَلْفِرِينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَمنْ وَايَنته مَا أَن يُرْسلَ الرّياحَ مُبَشَّرَات وَليُديقَكُمُ

Countenance, hath increase manifold.

- 40. Allah is He Who created you and then sustained you, then causeth you to die, then giveth life to you again. Is there any of your (so-called) partners (of Allah) that doeth aught of that? Praised and Exalted be He above what they associate (with Him)!
- 41. Corruption doth appear on land and sea because of (the evil) which men's hands have done, that He may make them taste a part of that which they have done, in order that they may return.
- 42. Say (O Muhammad, to the disbelievers): Travel in the land, and see the nature of the consequence for those who were before you! Most of them were idolaters.
- 43. So set thy purpose resolutely for the right religion, before the inevitable day cometh from Allah. On that day mankind will be sundered—
- 44. Whoso disbelieveth must (then) bear the consequences of his disbelief, while those who do right make provision for themselves—
- 45. That He may reward out of His bounty those who believe and do good works. Lo! He loveth not the disbelievers (in His guidance).
 - 46. And of His signs is this: He sendeth herald winds to

مِّن رَّحْمَته ع وَلتَجْرِي النَّفُلْكُ بِأَمْرِه ع وَلتَبْتَغُواْ من فَضَّله ع وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُ وِنَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن قَبْلِكَ رُسُلًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِمْ فَجَآءُوهُم بِالْبَيْنَاتَ فَٱنتَقَمْنَا مَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَبْرَمُواْ وَكَانَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نَصْرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ اللَّهُ الَّذِي يُرْسُلُ ٱلرِّيَاحَ فَتُثِيرُ سَمَاباً فَيَبْسُطُهُ فِي السَّمَاءِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ وَيَجْعَـلُهُۥ كَسَـفًا فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَخْرُجُ منْ خَلَلُّه ـ فَإِذَآ أَصَابَ بِهِ مَن يَشَآءُ منْ عبَادِهِ ۚ إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَبْشُرُونَ ﴿ وَ إِنْ كَانُواْ مِن قَبْلِ أَنْ يُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْهِم مِّن قَبْله ع لَمُبْلسينَ فَأَنظُرْ إِلَىٰٓ ءَاثُلُو رَحْمَت الله كَيْفَ يُحْى الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتُهَآ إِنَّ ذَا النَّا لَمُعْمَى ٱلْمَوْتَى وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدرٌ ﴿ وَلَينَ أَرْسَلْنَا رِيحًا فَرَأَوْهُ مُصْفَرًّا لَظَلُواْ مَنْ بَعْده -يَكُفُرُونَ ١٠ قَإِنَّكَ لَا تُسْمِعُ الْمَوْتَى وَلَا تُسْمِعُ الصَّمَّ ****

make you taste His mercy, and that the ships may sail at His command, and that ye may seek His favour, and that haply ye may be thankful.

- 47. Verily We sent before thee (Muhammad) messengers to their own folk. They brought them clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty). Then We took vengeance upon those who were guilty (in regard to them). To help believers is ever incumbent upon Us.
- 48. Allah is He Who sendeth the winds so that they raise clouds, and spreadeth them along the sky as pleaseth Him, and causeth them to break and thou seest the rain down-pouring from within them. And when He maketh it to fall on whom He will of His bondmen, lo! they rejoice;
- 49. Though before that, even before it was sent down upon them, they were in despair.
- 50. Look, therefor, at the prints of Allah's mercy (in creation): how He quickeneth the earth after her death. Lo! He verily is the Quickener of the Dead, and He is Able to do all things.
- 51. And if We sent a wind and they beheld it yellow, they verily would still continue in their disbelief.
- 52. For verily thou (Muhammad) canst not make the dead to hear, nor canst thou make the deaf to hear the call when

الدُّعَاءَ إِذَا وَلَّوْا مُدَّرِينَ ﴿ وَمَا أَنتَ بَهِند الْعُمَى عَن ضَلَالَتُهُمْ إِن أَسْمَعُ إِلَّا مَن يُؤْمنُ بِعَا يَلنَنَا فَهُم مُسْلَمُونَ ﴿ * اللهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَتُم مَن ضَعْف ثُمَّ جَعَلَ من بَعْد ضَعْفَ قُوَّةُ ثُمُّ جَعَلَ مَنْ بَعْدَ قُوَّةً ضَعْفًا وَشَيْبَةً بِحَلْقُ مَايَشَآةً وَهُوَالْعَلِيمُ الْقَدِيرُ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ يُقْسُمُ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ مَالَبُثُواْغَيْرَسَاعَةً كَذَالَكَ كَانُواْيُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمِ وَالَّإِيمَانَ لَقَدْ لَبَثُّمْ في كتلب الله إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْبَعْثُ فَهَاذَا يَوْمُ الْبَعْثُ وَلَكُنَّكُمْ كُنتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ فَي فَي وَمِي لَا يَنفَعُ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَعْدَرَهُمْ وَلَا هُـمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ رَبِّي وَلَقَدْ ضَرَبْنَا للنَّـاس في هَنذَا ٱلْقُرْءَان من كُلّ مَشَلْ وَلَهِن جَنَّتَهُم بَاَيَة لَّيَقُولَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِنْ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا مُبْطِلُونَ ﴿ ثَيْ كُذَاكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَى



- 53. Nor canst thou guide the blind out of their error. Thou canst make none to hear save those who believe in Our revelations so that they surrender (unto Him).
- 54. Allah is He Who shaped you out of weakness, then appointed after weakness strength, then, after strength, appointed weakness and grey hair. He createth what He will. He is the Knower, the Mighty.
- 55. And on the day when the Hour riseth the guilty will vow that they did tarry but an hour—thus were they ever deceived.
- 56. But those to whom knowledge and faith are given will say: The truth is, ye have tarried, by Allah's decree, until the Day of Resurrection. This is the Day of Resurrection, but ye used not to know.
- 57. In that day their excuses will not profit those who did injustice, nor will they be allowed to make amends.
- 58. Verily We have coined for mankind in this Qur'an all kinds of similitudes; and indeed if thou camest unto them with a miracle, those who disbelieve would verily exclaim:

 Ye are but tricksters!
 - 59. Thus doth Allah seal the hearts of those who

قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ فَيَ فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعَدَ اللهِ حَقَّ وَلَا يَسْتَخفَّنَكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُوقنُونَ ﴿

> (۳۱) سُورِقِ لقهانَ مَكَمَّيْتُ الاالآيات ۷۷ و ۷۸ ر ۷۹ فندنته وآباهمتا ۳۶ نزلت بعدالضافات

ين أِلَّهِ الرَّمْ إِلَّا عِيدِ

 know not.

60. So have patience (O Muhammad)! Allah's promise is the very truth, and let not those who have no certainty make thee impatient.

SÛRAH XXXI

Lugman takes its name from v. 12 ff., which contains mention of the wisdom of Luqman, a sage whose memory the Arabs reverenced, but who is unknown to Jewish Scripture. He is said to have been a negro slave and the fables associated with his name are so like those of Aesop that the usual identification seems justified. The sûrah conveys assurance of success to the Muslims at a time of persecution.

It belongs to the middle or last group of Meccan sûrahs; except

vv. 27 and 28 which were revealed at Al-Madinah.

LUQMÂN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.1
- 2. These are revelations of the wise Scripture,
- 3. A guidance and a mercy for the good,
- 4. Those who establish worship and pay the poor-due and have sure faith in the Hereafter.
- 5. Such have guidance from their Lord. Such are the successful.
- 6. And of mankind is he who payeth for mere pastime of discourse, that he may mislead from Allah's way without knowledge, and maketh it the butt of mockery. For such there is a shameful doom.

¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

وَ إِذَا نُتْلَى عَلَيْهِ ءَايَنُنَا وَلَّى مُسْتَكْبِرًا كَأَنْ لَّهِ يَسْمَعْهَا كَأَنَّ فِيَ أَذُنَيْهِ وَقَرْأً فَبَشِّرُهُ بِعَذَابِ أَلِيمٍ ١ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ المَنُوا وَعَمْلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَاتِ لَهُمْ جَنَّكُ ٱلنَّعِيمِ ﴿ يَكُ خَلْلِا بِنَ فِيهَا وَعْدَ الله حَقَّا ۚ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكَيْمُ ﴿ مَا خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ بِغَيْرُ عَمَد تَرَوْنَهَا وَأَلْقَى فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ رَوْسِيَ أَنْ تَعيدَ بِكُرْ وَبَثَّ فِيهَا مِن كُلَّ دَابٌّ وَأَزْلَنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَأَنْبَتْنَا فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ ﴿ مَا لَذَا خَلْقُ ٱللَّهُ فَأَرُونِي مَاذَا خَلَقَ الَّذِينَ من دُونه عَ بَل الظَّللُمُونَ في ضَلَال مُّبين شِّي وَلَقَدْ ءَانَيْنَا لُقَمَنَ ٱلْحَكْمَةَ أَن ٱشْكُرْ للله وَمَن يَشْكُرُ فَإِنَّمَا يَشْكُرُ لنَفْسه عَ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ غَنُّي حَمِيدٌ ﴿ وَ إِذْ قَالَ لُقَمَٰنُ لَآبِنه ع وَهُو َيَعظُهُر يَنْبُنَى ۚ لَا تُشْرِكُ بِٱللَّهُ إِنَّ الشَّرْكَ لَظُلُّمُ عَظيمٌ ﴿ وَوَصَّيْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ بِوَالْدَيْهِ

- 7. And when Our revelations are recited unto him he turneth away in pride as if he heard them not, as if there were a deafness in his ears. So give him tidings of a painful doom.
- 8. Lo! those who believe and do good works, for them are the gardens of delight,
- 9. Wherein they will abide. It is a promise of Allah in truth. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 10. He hath created the heavens without supports that ye can see, and hath cast into the earth firm hills, so that it quake not with you; and He hath dispersed therein all kinds of beasts. And We send down water from the sky and We cause (plants) of every goodly kind to grow therein.
- 11. This is the Creation of Allah. Now show me that which those (ye worship) beside Him have created. Nay, but the wrong-doers are in error manifest!
- 12. And verily We gave Luqmân wisdom, saying: Give thanks unto Allah; and whosoever giveth thanks, he giveth thanks for (the good of) his soul. And whosoever refuseth—Lo! Allah is Absolute, Owner of Praise.
- 13. And (remember) when Luqman said unto his son, when he was exhorting him: O my dear son! Ascribe no partners unto Allah. Lo! to ascribe partners (unto Him) is a tremendous wrong—
 - 14. And We have enjoined upon man concerning his

حَمَلَتُهُ أَمْهُ وَهَنَّا عَلَى وَهُن وَفَصَالُهُ فِي عَامَيْنَ أَنْ ٱشْكُرْ لِي وَلَوَ الدَّيْكَ إِلَّ ٱلْمُصِيرُ ﴿ فَيْ وَإِن جَلْهَدَاكَ عَلَيْ أَن تُشْرِكَ ى مَالَيْسَ لَكَ به عَلَمٌ فَلَا تُطعُهُما وَصَاحَبُهُما في الدُّنيا مَعْرُوفُ وَأَنَّبُعْ سَبِيلَ مَنْ أَنَابَ إِلَى مُمْ إِلَّى مَرْجُعُكُمْ فَأُنَبُّكُمُ مِنَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ يَابُنَيَّ إِنَّهَاۤ إِن تَكُ مثقال حَبَّة مَّنْ خَرْدَل فَتَكُن في صَخْرَة أوفي السَّمنوات أَوْفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يَأْتِ بِهَا ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَطَيفٌ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ يَنْبُنَيَّ أَقِم الصَّلَاةَ وَأَمْرٌ بِٱلْمَعْرُوفِ وَآنَّهُ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِ وَٱصْبُرْعَلَىٰ مَا أَصَابَكَ ۚ إِنَّ ذَلكَ مَنْ عَزْمِ ٱلْأُمُورِ ١ وَلَا تُصَعَّرُ خَدَّكَ للنَّـاسِ وَلَا تَمَّشِ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَرَحًّا إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ مُخْتَال فَخُور ١٥٥ وَٱقْصِدْ في مَشْيكَ وَ أَغْضُضْ مِن صَوْتِكَ ۚ إِنَّ أَنْكَرَ ٱلْأَصْوَاتِ لَصَوْتُ

SUBAH XXXI

parents-His mother beareth him in weakness upon weakness, and his weaning is in two years-Give thanks unto Me and unto thy parents. Unto Me is the journeying.

- 15. But if they strive with thee to make thee ascribe unto Me as partner that of which thou hast no knowledge, then obey them not. Consort with them in the world kindly, and follow the path of him who repenteth unto Me. Then unto Me will be your return, and I shall tell you what ye used to do-
- 16. O my dear son! Lo! though it be but the weight of a grain of mustard-seed, and though it be in a rock, or in the heavens, or in the earth, Allah will bring it forth. Lo Allah is Subtile, Aware.
- 17. O my dear son! Establish worship and enjoin kindness and forbid iniquity, and persevere whatever may befall thee. Lo! that is of the steadfast heart of things.
- 18. Turn not thy cheek in scorn toward folk, nor walk with pertness in the land. Lo! Allah loveth not each braggart boaster.
- 19. Be modest in thy bearing and subdue thy voice. Lo! the harshest of all voices is the voice of the ass.

ٱلْحَمَيرِ رَبُّنِّ أَلَمُ تَرَوَّا أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَغَّرَكَكُم مَّا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُوات وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَأَسْبَغَ عَلَيْكُمْ نَعَمَهُ ظَلَهَرَةٌ وَ بَاطَنَةً وَمَنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يُجَدِدُلُ فِي ٱللهِ بِغَيْرِعَلْمُ وَلَا هُدَّى وَلَا كَتَكِ مُّنير ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ ٱنَّبِعُواْ مَاۤ أَنَزَلَ ٱللهُ قَالُواْ بَلْ نَتَّبِعُ مَاوَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ ءَابَآءَنَآ أُولَوْكَانَ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ يَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَىٰ عَذَابِ ٱلسَّعير ﴿ ﴿ وَمَن يُسْلُّمْ وَجْهَهُ ۗ إِلَى الله وَهُو مُحْسَنٌ فَقَد ٱسْتَمْسَكَ بِا لَعُرْ وَهَ الْوُثْقَىٰ وَ إِلَى ٱلله عَنقَبَةُ ٱلْأُمُورِ ﴿ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَلَا يَحْزُنكَ كُفُرُهُ ۗ إِ إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُهُمْ فَنْنَبُهُم بِمَا عَمْلُوا ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ بِذَات ٱلصُّدُور ﴿ مُنْ تُمَنَّعُهُمْ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ نَصْطَرُهُمْ إِلَى عَذَاب غَليظ ﴿ وَلَين سَأَلْتَهُم مَّنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضَ لَيْقُولُنَ اللهُ قُل الْحَمَدُ للهُ بَلُ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ٢



- 20. See ye not how Allah hath made serviceable unto you whatsoever is in the skies and whatsoever is in the earth and hath loaded you with His favours both without and within? Yet of mankind is he who disputeth concerning Allah, without knowledge or guidance or a scripture giving light.
- 21. And if it be said unto them: Follow that which Allah hath revealed, they say: Nay, but we follow that wherein we found our fathers. What! Even though the devil were inviting them unto the doom of flame?
- 22. Whosoever surrendereth his purpose to Allah while doing good, he verily hath grasped the firm hand-hold. Unto Allah belongeth the sequel of all things.
- 23. And whosoever disbelieveth, let not his disbelief afflict thee (O Muhammad). Unto Us is their return, and We shall tell them what they did. Lo! Allah is Aware of what is in the breasts (of men).
- 24. We give them comfort for a little, and then We drive them to a heavy doom.
- 25. If thou shouldst ask them: Who created the heavens and the earth? they would answer: Allah. Say: Praise be to Allah! But most of them know not.

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للهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُــوَ ٱلْغَـنَيُّ ۗ إِنَّ ٱلْحَميدُ ٢٠ وَلَوْ أَنَّمَا فِ الْأَرْضِ مِن شَجَرَةَ أَقُلَمٌ وَالْبَحْرُ يَمُدُهُ مِنْ بَعْده عَسَبَعَةُ أَجْرُ مَّانَفَدَتْ كَلَمَتُ اللهَ إِنَّ اللهَ ﴿ عَن يرُّ حَكيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ مَّاخَلْفُكُمْ وَلَا بَعْثُكُمْ إِلَّا كَنَفْسَ وَ'حَدَة إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعُ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَمْ تَرَأَنَّ اللَّهَ يُولِجُ الَّيْلَ ﴿ في النَّهَارِ وَيُولِبُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَسَغَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَكُلُّ يَجْرِى إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلِ مُسَمَّى وَأَنَّ اللهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ ذَ لَكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْحَتُّ وَأَنَّ مَا يَدَّعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ ٱلْبَلطلُ وَأَنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ الْعَلَىٰ الْكَبِيرُ رَبِّي أَلَمْ تَرَأَنَّ ٱلْفُلْكَ تَجْرى في الْبَحْر بنعْمَت الله ليريكمُ مّنْ وَايَنته م إِنَّ في ذَالكَ لَآيَنت لَكُلّ صَبَّار شَكُور رَثِي وَ إِذَا غَشَيَّمُ مَّوْجٌ كَا لَظُّلَل دَعَوُا اللَّهَ مُخْلَصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ فَلَمَّا نَجَّلُهُمْ إِلَى ٱلْبَرِّ فَنْهُم

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- 26. Unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. Lo! Allah, He is the Absolute, the Owner of Praise.
- 27. And if all the trees in the earth were pens, and the sea, with seven more seas to help it, (were ink), the words of Allah could not be exhausted. Lo! Allah is Mighty, Wise.
- 28. Your creation and your raising (from the dead) are only as (the creation and the raising of) a single soul. Lo! Allah is Hearer. Knower.
- 29. Hast thou not seen how Allah causeth the night to pass into the day and causeth the day to pass into the night, and hath subdued the sun and the moon (to do their work), each running unto an appointed term; and that Allah is Informed of what ye do?
- 30. That (is so) because Allah, He is the True, and that which they invoke beside Him is the False, and because Allah, He is the Sublime, the Great.
- 31. Hast thou not seen how the ships glide on the sea by Allah's grace, that He may show you of His wonders? Lo! therein indeed are portents for every steadfast, grateful (heart).
- 32. And if a wave enshroudeth them like awnings, they cry unto Allah, making their faith pure for Him only. But when He bringeth them safe to land, some of them compromise.

مُقْتَصَدُّ وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِعَا يَلْتَنَا إِلَّا كُلُّ خَتَار كَفُور ﴿ يَنَا يُهَا النَّاسُ اتَقُواْ رَبَّكُمْ وَاخْشَوْاْ يَوْمَا لَا يَجْزَى وَالدَّعَن وَلَده عَ وَلاَمَوْلُودُ هُوَجَازَعَن وَالده عَ شَيْئًا إِنَّ وَعْدَ الله حَتَّ فَلا وَلاَ مَعْ الله عَلَيْ الله الْعَرُورُ ﴿ عَلَى الله عَلَيْ الله الْعَرُورُ ﴿ عَلَى الله الْعَرَورُ وَ عَلَى الله عَلَيْ الله وَمَا تَدُرى نَفْسُ مَا فَى الْأَرْحَامِ وَمَا تَدْرى نَفْسُ مَا وَا الله عَلَيْ وَمَا تَدْرى نَفْسُ بِأَى وَمَا تَدْرى نَفْسُ بِأَى الله عَلَيْ خَبِيرٌ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْأَرْحَامِ الله عَلَيْ خَبِيرًا وَمَا تَدْرى نَفْسُ بِأَى الله عَلَيْمُ خَبِيرًا وَيَعْلَمُ الله عَلَيْمُ خَبِيرًا وَيَعْلَمُ الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَعْلَمُ الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَمَا تَدُرى نَفْسُ بَأَى الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَعْلَمُ الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَمَا تَدُونِ الْقُلْمَ عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى الله عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَالُهُ الله الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى الله الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَعْلَمُ الله الله عَلَيْمَ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى الله الله عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله الله عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله الله الله عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله الله الله الله عَلَيْمُ خَبِيرًا وَيَقَلَى اللهُ الله الله الله عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ وَلَيْلُ الله الله الله الله الله المَا عَلَيْمَ عَلَيْمَ الله الله الله الله الله المَالِمُ الله الله المَا عَلَيْمَ الله الله الله المَالمَا الله الله المِلْمِ الله الله الله المَالمُ الله المُعْلَقِيمُ الله الله المُعْلِيمُ الله الله المَالمُ الله المُعْلِيمُ الله المُعَلِيمُ الله الله المُعْلِيمُ الله المُعْلَمُ الله المُعَلِيمُ الله المُعَلِيمُ الله المُعْلِيمُ الله المَالِمُ الله المُعِلَمُ الله المُعْلَمُ الله المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ الله المُعَلِيمُ الله المُعْلَمُ الله المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ الله المُعْلِمُ المُعْلِمُ

(٣٢) يُبُونُ هُو الشيئِ ١٥ مكيّت الإمن آية ١٦ إلى فاية آية ٢٠ تدنية وأيالمنيا ٢٠ نزلت بعدّل المقصنون

الَّمْ ١ تَنزيلُ الْكِتَنبِ لَا رَبُّ فِيهِ مِن رَّبِّ

None denieth Our signs save every traitor ingrate.

- 33. O mankind! Keep your duty to your Lord and fear a Day when the parent will not be able to avail the child in aught, nor the child to avail the parent. Lo! Allah's promise is the very truth. Let not the life of the world beguile you, nor let the deceiver beguile you, in regard to Allah.
- 34. Lo! Allah! With Him is knowledge of the Hour. He sendeth down the rain, and knoweth that which is in the wombs. No soul knoweth what it will earn to-morrow, and no soul knoweth in what land it will die. Lo! Allah is Knower. Aware.

SÜRAH XXXII

As-Sajdab, "The Prostration," takes its name from a word in v. 15. It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

THE PROSTRATION

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Alif. Lâm. Mîm.1
- 2. The revelation of the Scripture whereof there is no doubt is from the Lord of the Worlds.

¹ See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

ٱلْعَلَمينَ ﴿ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ ٱفْتَرَكُهُ بَلْ هُوَ ٱلْحَتُّ مِن رَّبِّكَ لتُنذرَ قَوْمًا مَّا أَتَلَهُم مِن نَّذير مِن قَبْلَكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهَتَدُونَ ﴿ اللهُ الذِّي خَلَقَ السَّمَوات وَ الْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فِي ستَّة أَيَّامُ ثُمَّ ٱسْـتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرْشُ مَالَـكُم مّن دُونهـ، من وَلَى ﴿ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ أَفَلاَ نَتَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿ يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمْرَ مَنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ إِلَى ٱلْأَرْضُ ثُمَّ يَعْرُجُ إِلَيْهِ فِي يَوْمِ كَانَ مَقْدَارُهُ وَ أَلْفَ سَنَة مَّا تَعُدُّونَ ﴿ ذَاكَ عَللُمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَادَة ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحيمُ ۞ ٱلَّذِيّ أَحْسَنَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُۥ وَبَدَأً خَلْقَ ٱلْإِنسَان من طين ﴿ يُ مُمَّ جَعَلَ نَسْلَهُ و من سُلَالَة مِّن مَّاءِ مَّهِين (مِنَّ ثُمَّ سَوَّنهُ وَنَفَخَ فيه من رُّ وحه ، وَجَعَلَ لَكُدُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَالْأَفْعَدَةَ قَليلًا مَّا لَشُّكُرُونَ ٢ وَقَالُوٓاْ أَءَذَا ضَلَاْنَا فِي ٱلأَرْضِ أَءَنَا لَغِي خَلْقِ جَديدٌ بَلْ هُمِ

- 3. Or say they: He hath invented it? Nay, but it is the Truth from thy Lord, that thou mayst warn a folk to whom no warner came before thee, that haply they may walk aright.
- 4. Allah it is Who created the heavens and the earth, and that which is between them, in six Days. Then He mounted the Throne. Ye have not, beside Him, a protecting friend or mediator. Will ye not then remember?

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- 5. He directeth the ordinance from the heaven unto the carth; then it ascendeth unto Him in a Day, whereof the measure is a thousand years of that ye reckon.
- 6. Such is the Knower of the Invisible and the Visible, the Mighty, the Merciful,
- Who made all things good which He created, and He began the creation of man from clay;
- 8. Then He made his seed from a draught of despised fluid;
- 9. Then He fashioned him and breathed into him of His Spirit; and appointed for you hearing and sight and hearts. Small thanks give ye!
- 10. And they say: When we are lost in the earth, how can we then be re-created? Nay but they are disbelievers



بِلْقَاءِ رَبُّهُمْ كَنْفُرُونَ ﴿ ﴿ مُثَّلِّ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَّلَّكُ ٱلْمَوْت ٱلَّذِي وُكُلِّ بِكُرْثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُرْ تُرْجَعُونَ ٢٠٠٠ وَلَوْتَرَيَّ إِذ ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ نَا كُسُواْ رُءُ وسِهُمْ عَندَ رَبِّمْ رَبِّنا ٱبْصَرْنَا وَسَمْعَنا فَآرْجِعْنَا نَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا إِنَّا مُوقَنُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ شَئَّنَا لَا تَيْنَا كُلَّ نَفْسِ هُدَنِهَا وَلَكَنْ حَقَّ ٱلْقَوْلُ مَنِّي لَأَ مُلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ منَ ٱلْجُنَّة وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ فَي فَذُوقُواْ بَمَا نَسِيتُمْ لَقَآءَ يَوْمَكُرُ هَنَدَآ إِنَّا نَسِينَكُرُ وَذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْخُلُد بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّمَا يُؤْمِنُ سَايَلَتَنَا ٱلَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكَّرُواْ بِهَا خَرُواْ اً وَسَبُّحُواْ بِحَمْد رَبِّهِمْ وَهُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبُرُونَ رَبِّي بِهِ نَتَجَافَى جُنُوبُهُمْ عَنِ ٱلْمَضَاجِعِ يَدْعُونَ رَبُّهُمْ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا وَمَّمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَلَا تَعْلَمُ نَفْسٌ مَّا أَخْنَى لَهُم مِّن قُرَّةً أَعْيُن جَزَآءً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ رَبِّي أَفَىن كَانَ مُؤْمِنًا



in the meeting with their Lord.

11. Say: The angel of death, who hath charge concerning you, will gather you, and afterward unto your Lord ye will be returned.

- 12. Couldst thou but see when the guilty hang their heads before their Lord, (and say): Our Lord! We have now seen and heard, so send us back; we will do right, now we are sure.
- 13. And if We had so willed, We could have given every soul its guidance, but the word from Me concerning evildoers took effect: that I will fill hell with the jinn and mankind together.
- 14. So taste (the evil of your deeds). Forasmuch as ye forgot the meeting of this your day, lo! We forget you. Taste the doom of immortality because of what ye used to do.
- 15. Only those believe in Our revelations who, when they are reminded of them, fall down prostrate and hymn the praise of their Lord, and they are not scornful,
- 16. Who forsake their beds to cry unto their Lord in fear and hope, and spend of that We have bestowed on them.
- 17. No soul knoweth what is kept hid for them of joy, as a reward for what they used to do.
 - 18. Is he who is a believer like unto him who is an

كَمَهُ كَانَ فَاسَقًّا لَّا يَسْتَوُونَ ١٠٠٥ أَمًّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتَ فَلَهُمْ جَنَّنتُ ٱلْمَأْوَى نُزُلاً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ آنَ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فَسَقُواْ فَمَا ۚ وَنَهُمَ النَّارِ كُلَّمَ ۚ اَرَادُواْ أَنْ يَحْرَجُواْ مَنْهَآ أُعِيدُواْ مُعِهَا وَقِيلَ لَحُمَّ ذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ النَّارِ الَّذِي كُنتُم به ، تُكَذَّبُونَ رَبِّ وَلَنُديقَنَّهُم مَنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلأَذْنَىٰ دُونَ ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلْأَكْبَرِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَّن ذُكرَ بِعَايَلت رَبِّه عِنُمَّ أَعْرَضَ عَنْهَا اللهِ إِنَّا مِنَ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ مُنتَقمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ اَلَيْنَامُوسَى ٱلْكَتَابَ فَلَا تَكُن في مرْيَة من لَّقَا بِه ع وَجَعَلْنَاهُ هُدَّى لَّبَني إِسْرَا عِيلَ (١٠) وَجَعَلْنَا مَنْهُمْ أَيَّهُ يَهِدُونَ إِمْرِنَالَمَّا صَبِرُواْ وَكَانُواْ بِعَايَلْتَنَا يُوقُنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْكَمَة فِيمَا كَانُواْ فِيه يَغْتَلَفُونَ (١٠٥٥) أُو لَمْ يَهَد لَهُمْ كَرُ

evil-liver? They are not alike.

19. But as for those who believe and do good works, for them are the Gardens of Retreat—a welcome (in reward) for what they used to do.

- 20. And as for those who do evil, their retreat is the Fire. Whenever they desire to issue forth from thence, they are brought back thither. Unto them it is said: Taste the torment of the Fire which ye used to deny.
- 21. And verily We make them taste the lower punishment¹ before the greater, that haply they may return.
- 22. And who doth greater wrong than he who is reminded of the revelations of his Lord, then turneth from them. Lo! We shall requite the guilty.
- 23. We verily gave Moses the Scripture; so be not ye in doubt of his receiving it; and We appointed it a guidance for the Children of Israel.
- 24. And when they became steadfast and believed firmly in Our revelations, We appointed from among them leaders who guided by Our command.
- 25. Lo! thy Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they used to differ.
 - 26. Is it not a guidance for them (to observe) how many

1 i.e. punishment in this world.

SÜRAH XXXIII

Al-Abzâb, "The Clans," takes its name from the army of the allied clans which came against Yathrib (Al-Madînah) in the fifth year of the Hijrah (vv. 9–25). Certain of the Banî Nadîr, a Jewish, tribe whom the Prophet had expelled from Yathrib on the ground of treason (see sûrah LIX), went first to the leaders of Qureysh in Mecca and then to the chiefs of the great desert tribe of Ghaṭafân, urging them to extirpate the Muslims and promising them help from the Jewish population of Yathrib. As a result of their efforts, Qureysh with all their clans, and Ghaṭafân with all their clans marched to destroy Yathrib.

When the Prophet had news of their design, he ordered a trench to be dug before the city and himself led the work of digging it. The trench was finished when the clans arrived, 10,000 strong. The Prophet went out against them with his army of 3000, the trench being between the two armies. For nearly a month the Muslims were exposed to showers of arrows, in constant expectation of attack by much superior forces; and, to make matters worse, news came that the Jewish tribe of Bani Qureyzah in their rear had broken their alliance with the Muslims and made common cause with Qureysh.

The women and children had been put in strongholds—towers like the peel-towers of Northern England, of which every family of note had one for refuge in the time of raids. These were practically unguarded, and some of the Muslims asked permission of the Prophet to leave the battle front and go to guard them, though they were not then in danger because the Bani Qureyzah were not likely to show their treachery until the victory of the clans was certain.

The case of the Muslims seemed, humanly speaking, hopeless. But a secret sympathiser in the enemy camp managed to sow distrust between the Banî Qureyzah and the chiefs of the clans, making both feel uneasy. The obstacle of the trench was unexpected and seemed formidable; and when a fierce, bitter wind from the sea blew for three days and nights so furiously that they could not keep a shelter up, or light a fire, or boil a pot, Abû Sufyân, the leader of Qureysh, raised the siege in disgust. And when Ghaṭafân one morning found Qureysh had gone, they too departed for their homes.

On the very day when the Muslims returned from the trench, began the siege of the traitorous Banî Qureyzah in their towers of refuge. It lasted for twenty-five days. When they at length surrendered some of the tribe of Aûs, whose adherents they were, asked the Prophet to show them the same grace that he had shown to the tribe of Khazraj, in the case of Banî Nadîr, in allowing them to intercede for their dependents.

The Prophet said: "Would you like that one of you should decide concerning them?" They said: "Yes," and he appointed Sa'd ibn Mu'adh, a great chief of Aûs, who had been wounded and was being cared for in the mosque. Sa'd was sent for and he ordered their men to be put to death, their women and children to be made captive, and their property to be divided among the Muslims at the Propher's will.

I have taken this account from the narrative of Ibn Khaldûn, which is concise, rather than from that in Ibn Hishâm, which is exceedingly diffuse, the two accounts being in absolute agreement. Verses 26 and 27 refer to the punishment of Banî Qureyzah.

In v. 37 the reference is to the unhappy marriage of Zeyd, the Prophet's freedman and adopted son, with Zeynab, the Prophet's cousin, a proud lady of Qureysh. The Prophet had arranged the marriage with idea of breaking down the old barrier of pride of caste. Tradition says that both she and her brother were averse to the match, and that she had always wished to marry the Prophet. For Zeyd, the marriage was nothing but a cause of embarrassment and humiliation. When the Prophet's attention was first called to their unhappiness, he urged Zeyd to keep his wife and not divorce her, being apprehensive of the talk that would arise if it became known that a marriage arranged by him had proved unhappy. At last, Zeyd did actually divorce Zeynab, and the Prophet was commanded to marry her in order, by his example, to disown the superstitious custom of the

pagan Arabs, in such matters, of treating their adopted sons as their real sons, which was against the laws of God (i.e. the laws of nature); whereas in arranging a marriage, the woman's inclinations ought to be considered. Unhappy marriage was no part of Allah's ordinance, and was not to be held sacred in Islâm.

The sûrah contains further references to the wives of the Prophet in connection with which it may be mentioned that from the age of twenty-five till the age of fifty he had only one wife, Khadijah, fifteen years his senior, to whom he was devotedly attached and whose memory he cherished till his dying day. With the exception of 'Ayeshah, the daughter of his closest friend, Abû Bakr, whom he married at her father's request when she was still a child, all his later marriages were with widows whose state was pitiable for one reason or another. Some of them were widows of men killed in war. One was a captive, when he made the marriage the excuse for emancipating all the conquered tribe and restoring their property. Two were daughters of his enemies, and his alliance with them was a cause of peace. It is noteworthy that the period of these marriages, was also the period of his greatest activity, when he had little rest from campaigning, and was always busy with the problems of a growing empire.

The period of revelation is between the end of the fifth and the

end of the seventh years of the Hijrah.

أَهْلَكُنَّا مِن قَبْلهِم مِّنَ ٱلْقُرُون يَمْشُونَ في مَسْكنهم إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَدِتُ أَفَلَا يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ أَنَّا نَسُوقُ ٱلْمَآءَ إِلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ ٱلْحُرُزُ فَنُخْرَجُ بِهِ عَ زَرْعَا تَأْكُلُ مَنْهُ أَنْعَلَمُهُمْ وَأَنْفُسُهُمَّ أَفَلاَّ يُبْصُرُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَّى هَنذَا ٱلْفَتْحُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَندقينَ ١ عُلْ يَوْمَ ٱلْفَتْح لَا يَنفَعُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِيمَنْهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ ﴿ فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَٱنْتَظَرْ إِنَّهُم مُنْتَظَرُونَ رَبِّي

> (٣٣) سيورة الأجزاب مَالنيت وآباهنا ٧٣ نزلت بُعندال عنراك

بأملّه ألزنمَا ألرّحِب

يَكَأَيُّكَ ٱلنَّبَىُّ ٱتَّـَق ٱللهَ وَلَا تُطع ٱلْكَـٰفرينَ وَٱلْمُنَـٰفقينَ ۖ





generations We destroyed before them, amid whose dwellingplaces they do walk? Lo! therein verily are portents! Will they not then heed?

- 27. Have they not seen how We lead the water to the barren land and therewith bring forth crops whereof their cattle eat, and they themselves? Will they not then see?
- 28. And they say: When cometh this victory (of yours) if ye are truthful?
- 29. Say (unto them): On the day of the victory the faith of those who disbelieve (and who then will believe) will not avail them, neither will they be reprieved.
- 30. So withdraw from them (O Muhammad), and await (the event). Lo! they (also) are awaiting (it).

THECLANS

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. O Prophet! Keep thy duty to Allah and obey not the

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَمًا حَكُمًا ﴿ وَٱتَّبِعْ مَا يُوحَى إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبُّكُّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿ وَنُوكَكُلْ عَلَى الله ﴿ وَكَفَىٰ بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿ مَّا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَرَجُل مِّن قَلْبَيْنَ ﴿ في جَوْفَهُ عَ وَمَا جَعَلَ أَزْ وَاجَكُمُ ٱلَّذَعِي تُظَاهِرُونَ مَنْهُنَّ أُمَّهَا تَكُمُّ وَمَا جَعَلَ أَدْعَيَاءَكُمْ أَبْنَاءَكُمُّ ذَاكُمْ قَوْلُكُمْ إِ بأَفْوَاهِكُمُّ وَاللهُ يَقُولُ ٱلْحَقَّ وَهُو يَهْدى ٱلسَّبيلَ ﴿ ٱدْعُوهُمْ لَا بَآيِمٍمْ هُوَ أَقْسَطُ عندَ اللهِ فَإِن لَرْ تَعْلَمُواْ ﴿ ءَابَاءَهُمْ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ فِي ٱلدِّينِ وَمَوَاليكُمُّ وَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ ﴿ جُسَاحٌ فيمَا أَخْطَأْتُم به، وَلَكَن مَّا تَعَمَّدَتْ قُلُوبُكُرٌّ ﴿ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَوْلَىٰ بِٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَنْ انفسهم وأزواجه والمهاتهم وأولوا الأرحام بعضهم أولى بِبَعْضِ في كَتَلَبِ اللهِ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُهَنَجِرِينَ إِلَّا أَن ﴿

- 2. And follow that which is inspired in thee from thy & Lord. Lo! Allah is Aware of what ye do.
- 3. And put thy trust in Allah, for Allah is sufficient as Trustee.
- 4. Allah hath not assigned unto any man two hearts within his body, nor hath He made your wives whom ye declare (to be your mothers) your mothers, nor hath He made those whom ye claim (to be your sons) your sons. This is but a saying of your mouths. But Allah saith the truth and He showeth the way.
- 5. Proclaim their real parentage. That will be more equitable in the sight of Allah. And if ye know not their fathers, then (they are) your brethren in the faith, and your clients. And there is no sin for you in the mistakes that ye make unintentionally, but what your hearts purpose (that will be a sin for you). Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 6. The Prophet is closer to the believers than their selves, and his wives are (as) their mothers. And the owners of kinship are closer one to another in the ordinance of Allah than (other) believers and the fugitives (who fled from Mecca),

 $^{^1}$ The reference is to a custom of the pagan Arabs by which a man could put away his wife by merely saying: "Thy back is as my mother's back for me " $\,$

تَفْعَلُواْ إِلَىٰٓ أَوْلَيَآ إِنُّمُ مَّعْرُوفًا ۚ كَانَ ذَالكَ فِي ٱلْكَتَـٰكِ مَسْطُورًا ﴿ وَإِذْ أَخَذُنَا مِنَ النَّبِيُّ مَيثَنَقَهُمْ وَمنكَ وَمن نُوح وَ إِبْرَاهِمِ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعيسَى أَبْن مَرْيَمَ وَأَخَــٰذَنَا منُّهُم مَّيثَنقًا غَلِظًا ﴿ لَيَسْتَلَ ٱلصَّندةينَ عَن صدَّقهمُّ وَأَعَدَّ لَلْكَنفرينَ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا رَثِّي يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَةَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ جَآءَ تُكُرْجُنُودٌ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْمْ ريحًا وَجُنُودًا لَّهُ تَرَوَّهَا ۗ وَكَانَ اللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا ٢ إِذْ جَآءُ وَكُر مِن فَوْقَكُمْ وَمِنْ أَسْ فَلَ منكُمْ وَ إِذْ زَاغَت ٱلْأَبْصَارُ وَبَلَغَت ٱلْقُلُوبُ ٱلْحَنَاجِرَ وَتَظُنُّونَ بَالله ٱلظُّنُونَا ﴿ مَنَ اللَّهُ ٱبْتُلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَزُلْزِلُواْ زِلْزَالًا شَديدًا ١٦٥ وَإِذْ يَقُولُ ٱلْمُنَافِقُونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ مَّا وَعَدَنَا اللهُ وَ رَسُولُهُۥ إِلَّا غُرُورًا ۞ وَ إِذْ قَالَت

except that ye should do kindness to your friends. This is written in the Book (of nature).

- 7. And when We exacted a covenant from the prophets, and from thee (O Muhammad) and from Noah and Abraham and Moses and Jesus son of Mary. We took from them a solemn covenant:
- 8. That He may ask the loyal of their loyalty. And He hath prepared a painful doom for the unfaithful.
- 9. O ye who believe! Remember Allah's favour unto you when there came against you hosts, and We sent against them a great wind and hosts ye could not see. And Allah is ever Seer of what ye do
- to. When they came upon you from above you and from below you, and when eyes grew wild and hearts reached to the throats, and ye were imagining vain thoughts concerning Allah.
- 11. There were the believers sorely tried, and shaken with a mighty shock.
- 12. And when the hypocrites, and those in whose hearts is a disease, were saying: Allah and His messenger promised us naught but delusion.

¹ The Prophet had ordained brotherhood between individuals of the Ansâr (Muslims of Al-Madînah) and the Muhâjirîn (fugitives from Mecca) a brotherhood which was closer than kinship by blood. This verse abolished such brotherhood, in so far as inheritance was concerned.

طَّآ بِفَةٌ مِّنَّهُمْ يَنَأَهُ لَ يَثْرَبَ لَا مُقَامَ لَكُرْ فَٱرْجِعُواْ وَيَسْتَعْذُنُ فَرِيقَ مَنْهُمُ ٱلنَّبِيِّ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّ بِيوتَنَا عَوْرَةٌ وَمَا هَى بِعَوْرَةَ إِن يُرِيدُونَ إِلَّا فَرَارًا ﴿ يَ وَلَوْدُخَلَتْ عَلَيْهِم مَّنَّ أَقْطَارِهَا ثُمَّ سُيلُواْ ٱلْفَتْنَةَ لَا تَوْهَا وَمَا تَلَبَّثُواْ بَكَ إِلَّا يَسيرًا ﴿ وَلَقَدْ كَانُواْ عَلَهَدُواْ اللهَ مِن قَبْلُ لَا يُوَلُّونَ ٱلْأَدْبُدَرُّ وَكَانَ عَهْدُ ٱلله مَسْعُولًا ﴿ ثِنِّي قُل لَّن يَنفَعَكُمُ ۗ ٱلْفَرَارُ إِن فَرَرْتُمُ مَنَ ٱلْمَوْت أُوالْقَتْل وَ إِذَا لَّا تُمَتَّعُونَ إِلَّا قَلْمِ لَا إِنَّ قُلْ مَن ذَا الَّذِي يَعْصِمُكُم مَنَ الله إِنَّ أَرَادَ بِكُرْسُوءًا أَوْارَادَ بِكُرْ رَحْمَةً وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَحُـمُ مَن دُونَ اللهَ وَلَيَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ قَدَّ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ ٱلْمُعَوَّقِينَ منكُمْ وَالْقَا بِلِينَ لإِخْوَانِهِمْ هَلُمَّ إِلَيْنَا وَلَايَأْ تُونَ الْبَأْسَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ١ أُشَّةً عَلَيْكُمْ فَإِذَا جَآءَ ٱلْخُوْفُ رَأَيْتُمُ



- 13. And when a party of them said: O folk of Yathrib! There is no stand (possible) for you, therefor turn back. And certain of them (even) sought permission of the Prophet, saying: Our homes lie open (to the enemy). And they lay not open. They but wished to flee.
- 14. If the enemy had entered from all sides and they had been exhorted to treachery, they would have committed it, and would have hesitated thereupon but little.
- 15. And verily they had already sworn unto Allah that they would not turn their backs (to the foe). An oath to Allah must be answered for.
- 16. Say: Flight will not avail you if ye flee from death or killing, and then ye dwell in comfort but a little while.
- 17. Say: Who is he who can preserve you from Allah if He intendeth harm for you, or intendeth mercy for you. They will not find that they have any friend or helper other than Allah.
- 18. Allah already knoweth those of you who hinder, and those who say unto their brethren: "Come ye hither unto us!" and they come not to the stress of battle save a little,
- 19. Being sparing of their help to you (believers). But when the fear cometh, then thou (Muhammad) seest them

يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ تَدُورُ أَعْيِنُهُمْ كَأَلَّذِي يُغْشَي عَلَيْه مر َ ٱلْمَوْتُ فَإِذَا ذَهَبَ ٱلْخَيَوْفُ سَلَقُوكُم بِأَلْسَنَة حَدَاد أَشَّعَّةً عَلَى الْخُيرُ أُولَنَبِكَ لَرْيُؤْمِنُواْ فَأَحْبَطَ اللهُ أَعْمَلُهُمْ وَكَانَ ذَ الكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرًا ﴿ يَعْسَبُونَ ٱلْأَحْزَابَ لَمْ يَذْهَبُواْ وَ إِنْ يَأْتُ ٱلْأَحْزَابُ يَوَدُّواْ لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ بَادُونَ فِي ٱلْأَعْرَابِ يَسْعَلُونَ عَنْ أَنْهَا إِنْكُمْ وَلَوْ كَانُواْ فيكُم مَّا قَانَتُلُوٓاْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا رَبُّ لِّقَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فِي رَسُولِ ٱللهُ أَسْوَةً حَسَنَةٌ لَّمَن كَانَ يَرْجُواْ اللهَ وَالْيَوْمَ الْآئِرَ وَذَكَرَ اللهَ كَثِيرًا ١ وَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلْمُوْمِنُونَ ٱلْأَحْزَابَ قَالُواْ هَنذَا مَا وَعَدَنَا ٱللهُ وَرَمُولُهُ وَصَدَقَ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَمَا زَادَهُمْ إِلَّا إِعَلْنَا وَتَسْليمًا ١٠٠٠ مَنَ الْمُؤْمنينَ رَجَالٌ صَدَقُواْ مَاعَنهَدُواْ اللهَ عَلَيْهُ فَهُمْ مَن قَضَىٰ تَحْبُهُ وَمَنْهُم مَن يَنتَظُرُ وَمَا بِدَلُواْ regarding thee with rolling eyes like one who fainteth unto death. Then, when the fear departeth, they scald you with sharp tongues in their greed for wealth (from the spoil). Such have not believed. Therefor Allah maketh their deeds fruitless. And that is easy for Allah.

- 20. They hold that the clans have not retired (for good); and if the clans should advance (again), they would fain be in the desert with the wandering Arabs, asking for the news of you; and if they were among you, they would not give battle, save a little.
- 21. Verily in the messenger of Allah ye have a good example for him who looketh unto Allah and the Last Day, and remembereth Allah much.
- 22. And when the true believers saw the clans, they said: This is that which Allah and His messenger promised us. Allah and His messenger are true. It did but confirm them in their faith and resignation.
- 23. Of the believers are men who are true to that which they covenanted with Allah. Some of them have paid their vow by death (in battle), and some of them still are waiting; and they have not altered in the least;

تَبُّديلاً ﴿ إِنَّ لَيَجْزِيَ اللهُ الصَّادقينَ بصدَّقهم وَ يُعَذَّبَ ٱلمُنَافِقِينَ إِن شَآءً أُوْيَتُوبَ عَلَيْهُم ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ وَرَدَّاللهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بَغَيْظِهِمْ لَرْ يَنَالُواْ خَيْراً وَكُنِي اللهُ ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱلْقَتَالُّ وَكَانَ اللهُ قَوِيًّا عَرِيزًا ﴿ وَأَنْزَلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَهَرُوهُم مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكَتَلِبِ مِن صَيَاصِهِمْ وَقَلَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ ٱلْرُعْبَ فَرِيقًا تَقْتُلُونَ وَتَأْسُرُونَ } فَرِيقًا ١٨ وَأُورَنَكُمُ أَرْضَهُمْ وَدِيْرُهُمْ وَأَمْوَكُمُمْ وَأَرْضَا لَرْ تَطَعُوهًا وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَديرًا ﴿ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّيْ قُل لَأَزْوَاجِكَ إِن كُنتُنَّ تُردُّنَ ٱلْحَيَلَةَ ٱلدُّنْيَ وَزِينَتَهَا فَتَعَالَيْنَ أَمْتُعَكُنَّ وَأُسْرِحُكُنَّ سَرَاحًا جَمِيلًا ﴿ وَإِن كُنَّنَّ تُردْنَ الله وَرَسُولَهُ, وَ الدَّارَ الْآخرةَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ أَعَدَّ للمُحسنَات منكُنَّ أُجْرًا عَظيمًا ﴿ يَلْنَسَاءَ النَّبِي مَن يَأْتِ مِنكُنَّ

- 24. That Allah may reward the true men for their truth, and punish the hypocrites if He will, or relent toward them (if He will). Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 25. And Allah repulsed the disbelievers in their wrath; they gained no good. Allah averted their attack from the believers. Allah is ever Strong, Mighty.
- 26. And He brought those of the People of the Scripture who supported them down from their strongholds, and cast panic into their hearts. Some ye slew, and ye made captive some.
- 27. And He caused you to inherit their land and their houses and their wealth, and land ye have not trodden. Allah is ever Able to do all things.
- 28. O Prophet! Say unto thy wives: If ye desire the world's life and its adornment, come! I will content you and will release you with a fair release.
- 29. But if ye desire Allah and His messenger and the abode of the Hereafter, then lo! Allah hath prepared for the good among you an immense reward.
 - 30. O ye wives of the Prophet! Whosoever of you

بِفَلحَشَة مُّبَيِّنَة يُضَلِعَفْ لَمَا ٱلْعَذَابُ ضَعْفَيْنْ ۚ وَكَانَ ذَالَكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرًا ﴿ ﴿ وَمَن يَقَنُّ مَنكُنَّ الله ورَسُولِه ، وَتَعَمَّلُ صَالِحًا نُوْتِهَا أَجْرِهَا مَرَّ بَيْنِ وَأَعْتَدُنَا لَكَ رزْقاً كُرِيمًا ﴿ يَنْسَاءَ النَّيِّي لَسْ تُنَّ كَأَحَد مَنَ النَّسَاء إِن ٱتَّقَيْتُنَّ فَلَا تَخْضَعْنَ بِٱلْقَوْلِ فَيَطْمَعَ ٱلَّذِي فِي قَلْسِهِ، مَرَضٌ وَقُلْنَ قَوْلًا مَّعْرُ وَفَا ١٠ وَقَرْنَ فِي بِيُوتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجْنَ تَبَرُّجَ ٱلْجُلَهليَّة ٱلْأُولَى وَأَقْنَ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ وَءَاتِينَ ٱلزَّكَوْةَ وَأَطْعَنَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ إِنَّكَ يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ لَيُذَّهِبَ عَنكُ الرَّجْسَ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَيُطَهِّرَكُ تَطْهِيرًا ﴿ وَٱذْكُرْنَ مَايُتْكَىٰ فَ بُيُوتِكُنَّ مَنْ ءَايَنتِ اللهِ وَٱلْحُكُمَةُ إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ لَطِيفًا خَبِيرًا رَبُّ إِنَّ الْمُسْلِمِينَ وَالْمُسْلَمَات وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَٱلْقَنتينَ وَٱلْقَنتَاتِ وَٱلصَّادَقِينَ



committeth manifest lewdness, the punishment for her will be doubled, and that is easy for Allah.

- 31. And whosoever of you is submissive unto Allah and His messenger and doeth right, We shall give her her reward twice over, and We have prepared for her a rich provision.
- 32. O ye wives of the Prophet! Ye are not like any other women. If ye keep your duty (to Allah), then be not soft of speech, lest he in whose heart is a disease aspire (to you), but utter customary speech.
- 33. And stay in your houses. Bedizen not yourselves with the bedizenment of the Time of Ignorance. Be regular in prayer, and pay the poor-due, and obey Allah and His messenger. Allah's wish is but to remove uncleanness far from you, O Folk of the Household, and cleanse you with a thorough cleansing.
- 34. And bear in mind that which is recited in your houses of the revelations of Allah and wisdom. Lo! Allah is Subtile, Aware.
- 35. Lo! men who surrender unto Allah, and women who surrender, and men who believe and women who believe, and men who obey and women who obey, and men who speak the

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وَالصَّادَقَاتِ وَالصَّابِرِينَ وَالصَّابِرَاتِ وَالْخَاشَعِينَ وَ الْخُلَشَعَاتِ وَالْمُنَصَدَّقِينَ وَ الْمُنَصَدَّقَاتِ وَالْصَّبِّمِينَ وَ الصَّلْبِمَاتِ وَ الْحَنْفِظِينَ فُرُوجَهُمْ وَ الْحَنفظاتِ وَالذَّ كِينَ الله كَشيراً وَالذَّا كَاتِ أَعَدَّ اللهُ لَمُهُم مَّغْفرَةً وَأَجْرًا عَظيماً ١ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَ أَمْرًا أَن يَكُونَ لَحُهُمُ أَنْخَيْرَةُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِمَ وَمَن يَعْص ٱللهُ وَرَسُولَهُم فَقَدْ ضَلَّ صَلَالًا مُّبِينًا وَ إِذْ تَقُولُ للَّذِي أَنْعُمَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَأَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ أَمْسِكُ عَلَيْكَ زَوْجَكَ وَأَتَّى ٱللَّهُ وَنَحْنِي فِي نَفْسِكَ مَا ٱللَّهُ مُبْدِيه وَتَخْشَى ٱلنَّاسَ وَاللهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَحْشَلُهُ فَلَمَّا قَضَى زَيِّدٌ مَّنْهَا وَطَرَا زَوَّجْنَكَهَا لِكَيْ لَا يَكُونَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمنينَ حَرَّجٌ فِي أَزْوَاجِ أَدْعِياً بِهِمْ إِذَا قَضَوْا مَهُونَ وَطُرًا وَكَانَ أَمْرُ truth and women who speak the truth, and men who persevere (in righteousness) and women who persevere, and men who are humble and women who are humble, and men who give alms and women who fast and women who fast, and men who guard their modesty and women who guard (their modesty), and men who remember Allah much and women who remember—Allah hath prepared for them forgiveness and a vast reward.

- 36. And it becometh not a believing man or a believing woman, when Allah and His messenger have decided an affair (for them), that they should (after that) claim any say in their affair; and whoso is rebellious to Allah and His messenger, he verily goeth astray in error manifest.
- 37. And when thou saidst unto him on whom Allah hath conferred favour and thou hast conferred favour: Keep thy wife to thyself, and fear Allah. And thou didst hide in thy mind that which Allah was to bring to light, and thou didst fear mankind whereas Allah hath a better right that thou shouldst fear Him. So when Zeyd had performed the necessary formality (of divorce) from her, We gave her unto thee in marriage, so that (henceforth) there may be no sin for believers in respect of wives of their adopted sons, when the latter have performed the necessary formality (of release) from

ٱللهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ مَا كَانَ عَلَى ٱلنَّبِي مَنْ حَرَجٍ فِيمَا فَرَضَ ٱللهُ لَهُۥ ۖ سُنَّةَ ٱلله في الَّذينَ خَلَوْاْ مِن قَبِّلُ ۚ وَكَانَ أَمْرُ الله قَدَرًا مَّقْدُورًا رَثِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُبَلِّغُونَ رَسَلَنت ٱلله وَيَخْشَوْنَهُۥ وَلَا يَخْشَوْنَ أَحَدًا إِلَّا اللهَ ۗ وَكَفَى بِالله حَسيبَ اللهِ مَّا كَانَ مُحَمَّدُ أَبَآ أَحَد مَّن رَّجَالكُمْ وَلَئكن رَّسُولَ الله وَخَاتَمَ النَّبِيُّنَّ وَكَانَ اللهُ بِكُلِّ فَيْءٍ عَلَيْمًا رَبُّ يَثَّالُهُ ا الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ اذْكُرُ واْ الله ذَكُرا كَثِيرًا ١ وَسَبْحُوهُ بِكُرَّةُ وَأَصِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَلَّى عَلَيْكُمْ وَمَلَّكِكُنَّهُ لِيُخْرِجَكُم مَّنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّور وَكَانَ بِاللَّمُو منينَ رَحيمًا رَبِّي يوهوره رروره و المعرور و المرود و المرود و المراكر بما الله المراكر بما يَنَا يُهِا ٱلَّذِي إِنَّا آرْسَلْنَكَ شَلِهِدًا وَمُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا ﴿ وَدَاعِيًّا إِلَى الله بِإِذْنه، وَسَرَاجًا مُّنيرًا ﴿ وَبَشِّر ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ

- them. The commandment of Allah must be fulfilled.
- 38. There is no reproach for the Prophet in that which Allah maketh his due. That was Allah's way with those who passed away of old—and the commandment of Allah is certain destiny—
- 39. Who delivered the messages of Allah and feared Him, and feared none save Allah. Allah keepeth good account.
- 40. Muhammad is not the father of any man among you, but he is the messenger of Allah and the Seal of the Prophets; and Allah is ever Aware of all things.
- 41. O ye who believe! Remember Allah with much remembrance.
 - 42. And glorify Him early and late.
- 43. He it is Who blesseth you, and His angels (bless you), that He may bring you forth from darkness unto light; and He is ever Merciful to the believers.
- 44. Their salutation on the day when they shall meet Him will be: Peace. And He hath prepared for them a goodly recompense.
- 45. O Prophet! Lo! We have sent thee as a witness and a bringer of good tidings and a warner.
- 46. And as a summoner unto Allah by His permission, and as a lamp that giveth light.
 - 47. And announce unto the believers the good tidings

بأنَّ لَمُهُم مَّنَ الله فَضَّلًا كَبِيرًا ﴿ وَلَا تُطع ٱلْكَـٰفِرِينَ وَٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَدَعُ أَذَنُّهُمْ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى الله وَكَفَى بالله وَكِلَّا ١ إِنَّا يَكَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَا نَكَحْتُمُ ٱلْمُؤْمَنَات ثُمَّ طَلَّقَتْمُوهُنَّ مِن قَبْلِ أَن يَمَشُوهُنَّ فَا لَكُمْ عَلَيْهَنَّ مَنْ عَدَّةً تَعْتَدُونَهَا فَمَتَّعُوهُنَّ وَمَرَّحُوهُنَّ سَرَاحًا جَمِيلًا ﴿ يَنَأْبُ النَّبِي إِنَّا أَحَلَلْنَا لَكَ أَزُوا جَلَكَ الَّذِي الَّذِي ءَاتَيْتَ أُجُورَهُنَّ وَمَا مَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكَ مَّآ أَفَآءَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْكَ وَبَنَات عَمَّكَ وَبَنَات عَمَّنتكَ وَبَنَّات خَالِكَ وَبَنَات خَدَلَنتكَ ٱلَّذِي هَاجَرْنَ مَعَكَ وَأَمْرَأَةً كُمُّوْمَنَةً إِن وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَا للنَّبِيِّ إِنَّ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ أَنْ بَسْتَنكَحَهَا خَالصَةُ لَّكَ مر. دُون المُؤْمنينَ قَدْ عَلَمْنَا مَا فَرَضْنَا عَلَيْمُ فِي أَزُواجِهمْ وَمَا مَلَكِتِ أَيْمَنُهُمْ لَكَيْلًا يَكُونَ عَلَيْكَ حَرَجٌ وَكَانَ اللهُ

that they will have great bounty from Allah.

- 48. And incline not to the disbelievers and the hypocrites. Disregard their noxious talk, and put thy trust in Allah. Allah is sufficient as Trustee.
- 49. O ye who believe! If ye wed believing women and divorce them before ye have touched them, then there is no period that ye should reckon. But content them and release them handsomely.
- 50. O Prophet! Lo! We have made lawful unto thee thy wives unto whom thou hast paid their dowries, and those whom thy right hand possesseth of those whom Allah hath given thee as spoils of war, and the daughters of thine uncle on the father's side and the daughters of thine aunts on the father's side, and the daughters of thine uncle on the mother's side and the daughters of thine aunts on the mother's side who emigrated with thee, and a believing woman if she give herself unto the Prophet and the Prophet desire to ask her in marriage—a privilege for thee only, not for the (rest of) believers—We are Aware of that which We enjoined upon them concerning their wives and those whom their right hands possess—that thou mayst be free from blame,

غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا ﴿ إِنَّ ﴿ تُرْجِي مَن تَشَاءُ مَنْهُنَّ وَتُنُّويَ إِلَيْكَ مَن تَشَآَّ أَ وَمَن الْبِتَغَيْثَ مَنَّ عَزَلْتَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُ ۚ ذَاكَ أَدْنَىٰ أَن تَقَرَّ أَعْيَهُنَّ وَلَا يَعْزَنَّ وَيَرْضَيْنَ بَمَا ۚ ءَاتَيْتُهُنَّ كُلُّهُنَّ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فى قُلُو بِكُمٌّ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَليًّا حَليمًا ﴿ لَهِ لَا يَعَلُّ لَكَ النَّسَاءُ مِنْ بَعْدُ وَلَآ أَن تَبَدَّلَ بَهِنَّ مَنْ أَزْوَاجِ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكَ حُسْنُهِنَّ إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكُّ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَىٰ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ رَّقِيبًا ﴿ يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَدْخُلُواْ بُيُوتَ النَّبِيِّ إِلَّا أَن يُؤْذَنَّ لَكُرْ إِلَى طَعَام غَيْرَ نَنظرينَ إِنَلهُ وَلَكَنَّ إِذَا دُعيُتُمْ فَٱدْخُلُواْ فَإِذَا طَعمُّتُمْ فَٱتْلَشُرُواْ وَلَا مُسْتَعْنسينَ لحَديث إِنَّ ذَالكُمْ كَانَ يُؤْذِي النَّبِيَّ فَيَسْنَحَى مِنكُم وَاللَّهُ لَا يَسْنَحَى مِنَ الْحَتُّ وَ إِذَا سَأَلْتُمُوهُنَّ مَتَكُا فَسَعُلُوهُنَّ مِن وَرَآءِ حَجَابَ

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for Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.

- 51. Thou canst defer whom thou wilt of them and receive unto thee whom thou wilt, and whomsoever thou desirest of those whom thou hast set aside (temporarily), it is no sin for thee (to receive her again); that is better; that they may be comforted and not grieve, and may all be pleased with what thou givest them. Allah knoweth what is in your hearts (O men) and Allah is ever Forgiving, Clement.
- 52. It is not allowed thee to take (other) women henceforth, nor that thou shouldst change them for other wives even though their beauty pleased thee, save those whom thy right hand possesseth. And Allah is ever Watcher over all things.
- 53. O ye who believe! Enter not the dwellings of the Prophet for a meal without waiting for the proper time, unless permission be granted you. But if ye are invited, enter, and, when your meal is ended, then disperse. Linger not for conversation. Lo! that would cause annoyance to the Prophet, and he would be shy of (asking) you (to go); but Allah is not shy of the truth. And when ye ask of them (the wives of the Prophet) anything, ask it of them from behind a

ذَالكُمْ أَطْهَرُ لَقُلُو بِكُمْ وَقُلُوبِهِنَّ وَمَا كَانَ لَكُمْ أَنْ تُؤْدُواْ رَسُولَ الله وَلَا أَن تَنكُحُواْ أَزْوَاجَهُ مِنْ بَعْدُهُ مَا أَبْدُا ۚ إِنَّ ذَالكُمْ كَانَ عندَ الله عَظيمًا ﴿ إِن تُبَدُّواْ شَيْعًا أَوْتُحْفُوهُ فَإِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَليمًا رَبِّي لَّا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِنَّ فِي ءَابَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبْنَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا إِخْوَانِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبْنَآءِ إِخْوَانِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبْنَاء أَخَوَاتِهِنَّ وَلَا نَسَابِهِنَّ وَلَا مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمُنَهُنَّ وَأَتَّقِينَ ٱللَّهُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ ۚ وَأَنَّالُهُ وَمَلَتَهِكَتَهُۥ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى ٱلنَّبِيُّ يَتَأَيُّكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ صَلُّواْ عَلَيْه وَسَلَّمُواْ تَسْليمًا ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ اللهَ وَرَسُولَهُم لَعَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا مُّهِينًا ﴿ وَإِ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ بِغَيْرِ مَا ٱكْتَسَبُواْ فَقَد احْتَمَالُوا بَهْنَانَا وَإِنَّكُ مُبِينًا رَبُّ يَنَايُّهَا النَّيْ قُل

curtain. That is purer for your hearts and for their hearts. And it is not for you to cause annoyance to the messenger of Allah, nor that ye should ever marry his wives after him. Lo! that in Allah's sight would be an enormity.

- 54. Whether ye divulge a thing or keep it hidden, lo! Allah is ever Knower of all things.
- 55. It is no sin for them (thy wives) (to converse freely) with their fathers, or their sons, or their brothers, or their brothers' sons, or the sons of their sisters or of their own women, or their slaves. O women! Keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is ever Witness over all things.
- 56. Lo! Allah and His angels shower blessings on the Prophet. O ye who believe! Ask blessings on him and salute him with a worthy salutation.
- 57. Lo! those who malign Allah and His messenger, Allah hath cursed them in the world and the Hereafter, and hath prepared for them the doom of the disdained.
- 58. And those who malign believing men and believing women undeservedly, they bear the guilt of slander and manifest sin.

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لَأَزُو ْجِكَ وَبَنَاتِكَ وَنُسَآءِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ يُدْنِينَ عَلَيْهِنَّ مِن جَلَىٰدِيجِ نَّ ذَاكَ أَدْنَىٰ أَن يُعْرَفَنَ فَلَا يُوْذَنِّنَّ وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ إِنَّ لِم لَمْ يَنْنَه ٱلْمُنَفَقُونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ في قُلُوبهم مَّرَضٌ وَالمُرْجِفُونَ في الْمَدينَة لَنُغْرِينَّكَ بهمْ ثُمَّ لَا يُجَاوِرُونَكَ فِيهَآ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ مَنْ مَلْعُونِينَ ۚ أَيْنَمَا ثُقَفُوٓاْ أَخْذُواْ وَقُتَلُواْ تَقْتِيلًا ﴿ إِنِّي سُنَّةَ الله فِي الَّذِينَ خَلَواْ مِن قَبْلً وَلَن تَجِدَ لُسُنَّة ٱللهُ تَبَّديلًا ﴿ يُسْعَلُكَ ٱلنَّاسُ عَن ٱلسَّاعَة قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ الله وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ لَعَلَ ٱلسَّاعَة تَكُونُ قَريبًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَعَنَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمَّ سَعيرًا ﴿ خَلدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدُا لَا يَجِدُونَ وَليَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿ مِنْ عَالَمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْ اللَّهِ مَا النَّارِ يَقُولُونَ يَلْلَيْنَنَا أَطَعْنَا اللهَ وَأَطَعْنَا الرَّسُولَا ﴿ وَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا إِنَّا أَطَعْنَا



- 59. O Prophet! Tell thy wives and thy daughters and the women of the believers to draw their cloaks close round them (when they go abroad). That will be better, so that they may be recognised and not annoyed. Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 60. If the hypocrites, and those in whose hearts is a disease, and the alarmists in the city do not cease, We verily shall urge thee on against them, then they will be your neighbours in it but a little while.
- 61. Accursed, they will be seized wherever found and slain with a (fierce) slaughter.
- 62. That was the way of Allah in the case of those who passed away of old; thou wilt not find for the way of Allah aught of power to change.
- 63. Men ask thee of the Hour. Say: The knowledge of it is with Allah only. What can convey (the knowledge) unto thee? It may be that the Hour is nigh.
- 64. Lo! Allah hath cursed the disbelievers, and hath prepared for them a flaming fire,
- 65. Wherein they will abide for ever. They will find (then) no protecting friend nor helper.
- 66. On the day when their faces are turned over in the Fire, they say: Oh, would that we had obeyed Allah and had obeyed His messenger!
 - 67. And they say: Our Lord! Lo! we obeyed our princes

سَادَتَنَا وَكُبَرَآءَنَا فَأَضَلُّونَا ٱلسَّبِيلا ﴿ ﴿ رَبَّنَا ءَاتُهُمْ صْعْفَيْن مَنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَٱلْعَنْهُمْ لَعْنَا كَبِيرًا رَبِّي يَتَأَيُّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّذِينَ ءَاذَوْاْ مُوسَىٰ فَيَرَّأَهُ ٱللهُ مَّ ۚ قَالُوا ۚ وَكَانَ عندَ اللهِ وَجيبَ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ اتَّقُواْ اللهَ وَقُولُواْ قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا ﴿ يُصْلِحُ لَكُمْ أَعْمَلُكُمْ وَيَغَفُّو لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ ۖ وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُۥ فَقَدْ فَازَ فَوْزًا عَظِيمًا ﴿ إِنَّا عَرَضْنَا ٱلْأُمَانَةَ عَلَى ٱلسَّمَكَوات وَٱلْأَرْض وَٱلْجُبَال فَأَبَيْنَأَن يَحْمَلْنَهَ وَأَشْفَقْنَ منها وَحَلَهَا ٱلْإِنسَانُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ ظَلُومًا جَهُولًا ﴿ لَيْعَلَّبَ اللهُ ٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنَافِقَاتِ وَٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ وَالْمُشْرِكَاتِ وَيَتُوبَ اللهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمنينَ وَالْمُؤْمنَات وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا (إِنَّ

and great men, and they misled us from the Way.

- 68. Our Lord! Oh, give them double torment and curse them with a mighty curse.
- 69. O ye who believe! Be not as those who slandered Moses, but Allah proved his innocence of that which they alleged, and he was well esteemed in Allah's sight.
- 70. O ye who believe! Guard your duty to Allah, and speak words straight to the point;
- 71. He will adjust your works for you and will forgive you your sins. Whosoever obeyeth Allah and His messenger, he verily hath gained a signal victory.
- 72. Lo! We offered the trust unto the heavens and the earth and the hills, but they shrank from bearing it and were afraid of it. And man assumed it. Lo! he hath proved a tyrant and a fool.
- 73. So Allah punisheth hypocritical men and hypocritical women, and idolatrous men and idolatrous women. But Allah pardoneth believing men and believing women, and Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.

(٣٤) سُوْلِقِسْبَا مِكْثِبَّ الاآتِ ٦ فَدَنَّتِ وآيافِ الله وَلِتُ بَعِدُ لَهَانُ

الْحَمَّدُ للهُ الَّذِي لَهُ, مَا فِي السَّمَاوَات وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمَّدُ فِي ٱلْآخِرَةَ ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ٢٠ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلجُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخْرُجُ مَنْهَا وَمَا يَنزلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ وَمَا يَعْرُجُ فِيهَا ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلرَّحَمُ ٱلْغَفُورُ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَا تَأْتِينَ ٱلسَّاعَةُ ثُلْ بَلَى وَرَبِي لَنَا تَيَنَّكُمْ عَللم ٱلْغَيْبُ لَا يَعْزُبُ عَنْهُ مَثْقَالُ ذَرَّة فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَلَا في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَآ أَصْغَرُ مِن ذَالكَ وَلَآ أَكْبَرُ إِلَّا في كَتَلب مُّبين ﴿ لَيَجْزَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّالحَاتُ



Saba, "Sheba," takes its name from v. 15 ff., where Sheba (Saba), a region in the Yaman; is mentioned as having been devastated by a flood. It warns of the effects of luxury.

An early Meccan sûrah.

SABA

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Praise be to Allah, unto Whom belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. His is the praise in the Hereafter, and He is the Wise, the Aware.
- 2. He knoweth that which goeth into the earth and that which cometh forth from it, and that which descendeth from the heaven and that which ascendeth into it. He is the Merciful, the Forgiving.
- 3. Those who disbelieve say: The Hour will never come unto us. Say: Nay, by my Lord, but it is coming unto you surely. (He is) the Knower of the Unseen. Not an atom's weight, or less than that or greater, escapeth Him in the heavens or in the earth, but it is in a clear Record,
 - 4. That He may reward those who believe and do good

أُوْلَنَبِكَ لَمُ مُ مَّغُ فَرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ سَعَوْ في ءَايَنتنَا مُعَنجزينَ أُولَتبِكَ لَمُهُمْ عَذَابٌ مّن رَجْزِ أَلَيمُ ١ مَن وَيرَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْعَلْمَ الَّذِي أُنزلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ هُوَ الْحَتَّ وَيَهْدِي إِلَى صراط الْعَزيز ٱلْحَميد ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ هَلْ نَدُلُّكُمْ عَلَىٰ رَجُـل يُسَبُّكُمْ إِذَا مُزْقُتُمْ كُلُّ مُمَّزَّقَ إِنَّكُمْ لَنِي خَلْقَ جَديد ﴿ أَفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى الله كَذَبًا أُم به عجنَّةٌ بَل الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَةِ فِ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَالضَّلَالِ ٱلْبَعِيدِ ﴿ أَفَكُمْ يَرَوُّا إِلَىٰ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُم مَنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ ٱلْأَرْضِ إِن نَّسَأُ تَخْسفُ بهمُ ٱلْأَرْضَ أَوْ نُسْقطْ عَلَيْهمْ كَسَفًا مَنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَهُ لَّكُلِّ عَبْد مُّنيب رَبِّي ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا دَاوُدَدَ منَّا فَضَّلًا يَلجَبَالُ أَوْبِي مَعَهُ وَٱلطَّيْرَ ۖ وَأَلَنَّا لَهُ



works. For them is pardon and a rich provision.

- But those who strive against Our revelations, challenging (Us), theirs will be a painful doom of wrath.
- Those who have been given knowledge see that what is revealed unto thee from thy Lord is the truth and leadeth unto the path of the Mighty, the Owner of Praise.
- 7. Those who disbelieve say: Shall we show you a man who will tell you (that) when ye have become dispersed in dust with most complete dispersal, still, even then, ye will be created anew?
- 8. Hath he invented a lie concerning Allah, or is there in him a madness? Nay, but those who disbelieve in the Hereafter are in torment and far error.
- 9. Have they not observed what is before them and what is behind them of the sky and the earth? If We will, We can make the earth swallow them, or cause obliteration from the sky to fall on them. Lo! herein surely is a portent for every slave who turneth (to Allah) repentant.
- 10. And assuredly We gave David grace from Us, (saying):
 O ye hills and birds, echo his psalms of praise! And We made the iron supple unto him,

ٱلْحَدَيْدَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّا أَعْمَلُ سَلِبَغَلْتَ وَقَدَّرْ فِي السَّرَّدُّ وَٱعْمَلُواْ صَلِحاً إِنَّى بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ وَلِي وَلَسُلَيْمَنَ ٱلرِّيحَ عُدُوهَا شَهِرُ ورواحُهَا شَهِرٌ ۗ وَأَسَلْنَ لَهُ عَيْنَ الْقَطْرِ وَمَنَّ ٱلْحَنَّ مَن يَعْمَلُ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ بِإِذْن رَبِّهَ عَ وَمَن يَزعُ مَنْهُمْ ﴿ عَنْ أَمْرِنَا نُذَقَّهُ مِنْ عَذَابِ ٱلسِّعيرِ ﴿ يَعْمَلُونَ لَهُۥ ﴿ مَا يَشَاءُ مِن عَجَريبَ وَتَمَنثيلَ وَجفَان كَالْجُوَابِ وَقُدُور رَّاسِيَنتُ ۗ أَعْمَلُوٓاْ ءَالَ دَاوُردَ شُكَرًا ۖ وَقَليلٌ مَنْ عَبَادَى ٱلشُّكُورُ ١ مَن فَلَمَّا قَضَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ ٱلْمَوْتَ مَا دَلَّهُمْ عَلَى مُونه ۗ إِلَّا دَا بَهُ ٱلْأَرْضَ تَأْكُلُ مِنسَاً تَهُۥ فَلَمَّا خَرَّ بَبَيَّنَت ٱلْحِنُّ أَن لَّوْ كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ٱلْغَيْبَ مَالَبِثُواْ فِي ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلْمُهِينَ ١ لَيُّ لَقَدْ كَانَ لَسَبَإِ فِي مَسْكَنَهُمْ ءَايَةٌ جَنَّنَان عَن يَمِين وَشَمَالَ كُلُواْ مِن رِّزْق رَبِّكُمْ وَٱشْكُرُواْ لَهُ ۖ بَلَّدَةٌ

- 11. Saying: Make thou long coats of mail and measure the links (thereof). And do ye right. Lo! I am Seer of what ye do.
- 12. And unto Solomon (We gave) the wind, whereof the morning course was a month's journey and the evening course a month's journey, and We caused the fount of copper to gush forth for him, and (We gave him) certain of the jinn who worked before him by permission of his Lord. And such of them as deviated from Our command, them We caused to taste the punishment of flaming Fire.
- 13. They made for him what he willed: synagogues and statues, basins like wells and boilers built into the ground. Give thanks, O House of David! Few of My bondmen are thankful.
- 14. And when We decreed death for him, nothing showed his death to them save a creeping creature of the earth which gnawed away his staff. And when he fell the jinn saw clearly how, if they had known the Unseen, they would not have continued in despised toil.
- 15. There was indeed a sign for Sheba in their dwelling-place: Two gardens on the right hand and the left (as who should say): Eat of the provision of your Lord and

طَيْبَةٌ وَرَبُّ غَفُورٌ ١٠ فَأَعْرَضُواْ فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْمٍ سَيْلَ ٱلْعَرِم وَبَدَّلْنَاهُم بَجَنَّتَيْم جَنَّتَيْن ذَوَاتَى أَكُل مَعْط وَأَثْل وَشَىٰ وِ مِن سَدْرِ قَلْمِلِ ١٠ ذَالَكَ جَزَيْنَاهُم بَمَا كَفَرُواْ وَهَلْ نُجَدَرِى إِلَّا ٱلْكَفُورَ ١٠ وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ وَبَيْنَ ٱلْقُرَى ٱلَّتِي بَنرَ كُنَا فِهَا قُرَى ظَلهِرَةً وَقَدَّرْنَا فِهَا ٱلسَّيْرَ سيرُواْ فيهَا لَيَالِي وَأَيَّامًا ءَامنينَ ١٠ فَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا بَعْد بَيْنَ أسفارنا وظلموا أنفسهم فجعلنهم أحاديث ومزقنهم كُلُّ مُمَزَّقٌ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَا يَئت لَّكُلِّ صَبَّار شَكُور ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَقَدْ صَدَّقَ عَلَيْهُمْ إِبْلِيسُ ظَنَّهُ فَا تَبْعُوهُ إِلَّا فَرِيقًا مَّنَ ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ ﴿ يَ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُ عَلَيْهِم مِّن سُلْطَين إِلَّا لَنَعْلَمَ مَن يُؤْمنُ بِا لَآخِرَة مَّنْ هُوَ مَنْهَا في شَكَّ وَرَبُّكَ عَلَى كُلّ مَمَىْءٍ حَفيظٌ ﴿ إِنَّ ۚ قُل اَدْعُواْ الَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُم مَن دُونِ اللَّهِ

render thanks to Him. A fair land and an indulgent Lord!

- 16. But they were froward, so We sent on them the flood of 'Iram, and in exchange for their two gardens gave them two gardens bearing bitter fruit, the tamarisk and here and there a lote-tree.
- 17. This We awarded them because of their ingratitude. Punish We ever any save the ingrates?
- 18. And We set, between them and the towns which We had blessed, towns easy to be seen, and We made the stage between them easy, (saying): Travel in them safely both by night and day.
- 19. But they said: Our Lord! Make the stage between our journeys longer. And they wronged themselves, therefore We made them bywords (in the land) and scattered them abroad, a total scattering. Lo! herein verily are portents for each steadfast, grateful (heart).
- 20. And Satan indeed found his calculation true concerning them, for they follow him, all save a group of true believers.
- 21. And he had no warrant whatsoever against them, save that We would know him who believeth in the Hereafter from him who is in doubt thereof; and thy Lord (O Muhammad) taketh note of all things.
 - 22. Say (O Muhammad): Call upon those whom ye set

لَا يَمْلُكُونَ مُثْقَالَ ذَرَّة في السَّمَلَوَات وَلَا في الْأَرْض وَمَا لَهُمْ مَ فِيهِمَا مِن شَرِّكَ وَمَا لَهُ مِنْهُم مِّن ظَهير ﴿ وَلَا تَنفَعُ الشَّفَاعَةُ عندَهُ ۚ إِلَّا لَمَنْ أَذِنَ لَكُّهِ حَتَّى إِذَا فُرْعَ عَن قُلُوبِهِمْ قَالُواْ مَاذَا قَالَ رَبُّكُمْ قَالُواْ ٱلْحَقَّ وَهُو ٱلْعَلَى ٱلْكَبِيرُ ١ مَ عُلْ مَن يَرْزُقُكُمُ مَنَ السَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ قُلُ اللهُ وَ إِنَّا أَوْ إِنَّا كُمْ لَعَلَىٰ هُدَّى أَوْفي ضَلَالِ مُبين ﴿ مُنْ قُل لَا تُسْتَلُونَ عَمَّ أَجْرَمْنَا وَلَا نُسْتَلُ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ قُلْ يَجْمَعُ بَيْنَنَا رَبُّنَا مُ يَعْمَدُ بِينَنَا بَالْحَقَ وَهُوَ الْفَتَّاحُ الْعَلْمُ ١٠ قُلْ أَرُونِيَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَخْفَتُمُ بِهِ شُرَكَاءَ كَلَّا بَلْ هُوَاللهُ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ١٥٠ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكِ إِلَّا كَا فَهُ لَلنَّاسَ بَشيراً وَنَذيراً وَلَكُنَّ أَكُثَرَ النَّاسَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتِي هَلْذَا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمْ up beside Allah! They possess not an atom's weight either in the heavens or in the earth, nor have they any share in either, nor hath He an auxiliary among them.

- 23. No intercession availeth with Him save for him whom He permitteth. Yet, when fear is banished from their hearts, they say: What was it that your Lord said? They say: The Truth. And He is the Sublime, the Great.
- 24. Say: Who giveth you provision from the sky and the earth? Say: Allah. Lo! we or you assuredly are rightly guided or in error manifest.
- 25. Say: Ye will not be asked of what we committed, nor shall we be asked of what ye do.
- 26. Say: Our Lord will bring us all together, then He will judge between us with truth. He is the All-knowing Judge.
- 27. Say: Show me those whom ye have joined unto Him as partners. Nay (ye dare not)! For He is Allah, the Mighty, the Wise.
- 28. And We have not sent thee (O Muhammad) save as a bringer of good tidings and a warner unto all mankind; but most of mankind know not.
 - 29. And they say: When is this promise (to be fulfilled)

صَلدَقِينَ ﴿ قُل لَّـكُمْ مَيْعَادُ يَوْم لَّا تَسْتَغْخُرُ وَنَ عَنْهُ سَاعَةً وَلَا تَسْتَقْدُمُونَ رَبُّ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَن نُّوْمنَ بَهْ ذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ وَلَا بِٱلَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيُّهُ وَلَوْتَرَى ٓ إِذَالظَّاللُّمُونَ مَوْقُونُونَ عندَ رَبِّهم يَرْجعُ بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى بَعْض ٱلْقَوْلَ يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ٱسْتُضْعِفُواْ للَّذِينَ ٱسْنَكْبَرُواْ لَوْ لَآ أَنْتُمْ لَكُنَّا مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ مَا لَا لَهُ إِنَّ السَّكَّبَرُواْ لِلَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعَفُواْ أَخُنُ صَدَّدُنَكُمْ عَنِ ٱلْمُدَىٰ بَعْدَ إِذْ جَاءَكُمْ بَلْ كُنتُم جُرْمِينَ ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ ٱسْتُضْعَفُواْ اللَّذِينَ ٱسْتَكَّبَرُواْ بَلْ مَكْرُ الَّيْسِلِ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذْ تَأْمُرُونَنَا أَن نَّكُفُرَ بِالله وَتَجْعَلَ لَهُ وَأَندَاداً وَأَسَرُواْ النَّدَامَةَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ الْعَدَابَ وَجَعَلْنَ ٱلْأَغْلَالَ فِيَ أَعْنَاقِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُوا ۚ هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّرِ if ye are truthful?

- 30. Say (O Muhammad): Yours is the promise of a Day which ye cannot postpone nor hasten by an hour.
- 31. And those who disbelieve say: We believe not in this Qur'ân nor in that which was before it; but oh, if thou couldst see, when the wrong-doers are brought up before their Lord, how they cast the blame one to another; how those who were despised (in the earth) say unto those who were proud: But for you, we should have been believers.
- 32. Those who were proud say unto those who were despised: Did we drive you away from the guidance after it had come unto you? Nay, but ye were guilty.
- 33. Those who were despised say unto those who were proud: Nay but (it was your) scheming night and day, when ye commanded us to disbelieve in Allah and set up rivals unto Him. And they are filled with remorse when they behold the doom; and We place carcans on the necks of those who disbelieved. Are they requited aught save what they used to do?

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34. And We sent not unto any township a warner, but

نَّذير إِلَّا قَالَ مُتْرَفُوهَا إِنَّا بَمَا أَرْسَلْتُم بِهِ عَكْفُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا لِمَا اللَّهِ ا وَقَالُواْ نَحْنُ أَكْثَرُ أُمُواَ لَا وَأُوْلَكُما وَمَا نَحْنُ بُمُعَذَّبِينَ ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّ رَتَّى يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدرُ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ رَبُّ وَمَا أَمْوَ لُكُمْ وَلَا أُوْلَندُكُمُ بِالَّتِي تُقَرَّبُكُمْ عندَنَا زُلْفَتِي إِلَّا مَنْ ءَامَنَ وَعَملَ صَلْحًا فَأُوْلَيْكَ لَمُمَّ بَرْ آءُ الضَّعْف بمَا عَمُلُواْ وَهُمْ في ٱلْغُرُّفَات ءَامنُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ بَسْعَوْنَ فِي ءَايَلتنَا مُعَدِجِرِينَ أُوْلَتِهِكَ فِي ٱلْعَلْمَابِ مُحْضَرُونَ ﴿ مُنْ اللَّهِ عَلَّ إِنَّ ا رَتَّى يَبْسُطُ ٱلرَّزْقَ لَمَن يَشَآءُ منْ عَبَاده ٤ وَيَقَّـدُرُ لَهَرُّ وَمَا أَنْفَقْتُم مِن مَنَىءٍ فَهُو يَحَلُّفُهِ وَهُوَخَيْرًالَّارْقِينَ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ يَقُولُ الْمَلَيَّكَةِ أُمَّـنُولَاءِ إِيَّا كُرْ كَانُواْ يَعْبُدُونَ رَبِّي قَالُواْ سُبْحَنَكَ أَنتَ وَلَيْنَا من دُونهم its pampered ones declared: Lo! we are disbelievers in that wherewith ye have been sent.

- 35. And they say: We are more (than you) in wealth and children. We are not the punished!
- 36. Say (O Muhammad): Lo! my Lord enlargeth the provision for whom He will and narroweth it (for whom He will). But most of mankind know not.
- 37. And it is not your wealth nor your children that will bring you near unto Us, but he who believeth and doeth good (he draweth near). As for such, theirs will be twofold reward for what they did, and they will dwell secure in lofty halls.
- 38. And as for those who strive against Our revelations, challenging, they will be brought to the doom.
- 39. Say: Lo! my Lord enlargeth the provision for whom He will of His bondmen, and narroweth (it) for him. And whatsoever ye spend (for good) He replaceth it. And He is the Best of Providers.
- 40. And on the day when He will gather them all together, He will say unto the angels: Did these worship you?
- 41. They will say: Be Thou Glorified. Thou (alone) art our

بَلْ كَانُواْ يَعْبُدُونَ ٱلْجُنَّ أَكْثَرُهُم بِهِم مُّؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ فَا لَيَوْمَ لَا يَمْلُكُ بَعْضُكُمْ لَبَعْض نَّفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا وَنَقُولُ للَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ النَّارِ الَّتِي كُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذَّبُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا نُسْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ ءَايَنَنَا بَيْنَت قَالُواْ مَا هَلْذَا إِلَّا رَجُلُ يُرِيدُ أَن يَصُدَّكُمْ عَمَّا كَانَ يَعْبُدُ وَالْمَا وُكُوْ وَقَالُواْ مَا هَلَدَا ٓ إِلَّا إِفْكُ مُفْتَرَى ۗ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا لَلْحَقَّ لَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ إِنَّ هَلَذَاۤ إِلَّا شُورٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ وَمَا عَالَيْنَاهُم مِّن كُتُب يَدُرُسُونَهَا وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ قَبْلَكَ من نَّذير ﴿ وَكَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ من قَبْلَهِمْ وَمَا بَلَغُواْ معْشَارَ مَا ءَاتَيْنَنَهُمْ فَكَذَّبُواْ رُسُلِي فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكبر ﴿ فَي * قُـلُ إِنَّكَ أَعظُكُم بِوَاحِدَةً أَن تَقُومُواْ لله مَشْنَى وَفُرَادَى ثُمُّ نَتَفَكَّرُواْ مَا بِصَاحِبِكُم مَن جنَّة



Guardian, not them! Nay, but they worshipped the jinn; most of them were believers in them.

- 42. That day ye will possess no use nor hurt one for another. And We shall say unto those who did wrong: Taste the doom of the Fire which ye used to deny.
- 43. And if Our revelations are recited unto them in plain terms, they say: This is naught else than a man who would turn you away from what your fathers used to worship; and they say: This is naught else than an invented lie. Those who disbelieve say of the truth when it reacheth them: This is naught else than mere magic.
- 44. And We have given them no scriptures which they study, nor sent We unto them, before thee, any warner.
- 45. Those before them denied, and these have not attained a tithe of that which We bestowed on them (of old); yet they denied My messengers. How intense then was My abhorrence (of them)!
- 46. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): I exhort you unto one thing only: that ye awake, for Allah's sake, by twos and singly, and then reflect: There is no madness in your comrade.

إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ لَّكُم بَيْنَ يَدَى عَذَابِ شَدِيد ﴿ قُلْ مَا سَأَلْتُكُمْ مِنْ أَجْرِ فَهُو لَكُمْ ۚ إِنَّ أَجْرِي إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ شَهِيدٌ ﴿ يَ قُلْ إِنَّ رَبِّي يَقَدْفُ بِالْحُقّ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوبِ ﴿ مَن اللَّهِ مُلْ جَآءَ الْحُقُّ وَمَا يُسْدى ٱلْبَيْطِلُ وَمَا يُعِيدُ ﴿ إِنْ خَلْلِهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ أَضَالُّ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّ عَلَىٰ نَفْسَى وَ إِن ٱهْتَدَيْتُ فَبَاۤ يُوحَىۤ إِلَىّٰ رَبَّ ۚ إِنَّهُ سَمِيعٌ قَريبٌ ﴿ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذْ فَزَعُواْ فَلَا فَوْتَ وَأَخذُواْ مَن مَّكَان قَريب ﴿ وَقَالُواْ ءَامَنَّا بِهِ ء وَأَنَّى لَمُهُمُ ٱلتَّنَاوُشُ مِن مَّكَانِ بَعيد ﴿ وَقَدْ كَفَرُواْ بِهِ مِن قَبْلُ وَيَقْدُنُونَ بِٱلْغَيْبِ مِن مَّكَانَ بَعيــد ﴿ وَحِيلَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَبَيْنَ مَا يَشْتَهُونَ كَمَا فَعُلَ بِأَشْيَاعِهِم مِّن قَبْلُ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ فِي شَكَّ مُّريبٍ رَبِّي

He is naught else than a warner unto you in face of a terrific doom.

- 47. Say: Whatever reward I might have asked of you is yours. My reward is the affair of Allah only. He is Witness over all things.
- 48. Say: Lo! my Lord hurleth the truth. (He is) the Knower of Things Hidden.
- 49. Say: The Truth hath come, and falsehood showeth not its face and will not return.
- 50. Say: If I etr, I etr only to my own loss, and if I am rightly guided it is because of that which my Lord hath revealed unto me. Lo! He is Hearer, Nigh.

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- 51. Couldst thou but see when they are terrified with no escape, and are seized from near at hand,
- 52. And say: We (now) believe therein. But how can they reach (faith) from afar off,
- 53. When they disbelieved in it of yore. They aim at the unseen from afar off.
- 54. And a gulf is set between them and that which they desire, as was done for people of their kind of old. Lo! they were in hopeless doubt.

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(٣٥) سُخَمَعُ فَكَاظِرَهَ فِكَاظِرَهَ فَكَاظِرَهُ وَكَالَهُ فَكَالَهُ فَالْفَقَانُ وَآيَا هَا هُ ذَلِتُ بِعَدَلَ الْفَقَانُ

بِمْ لِللَّهِ الرَّحْمُ لِأَرْجِبِ

ٱلْحَمَّدُ لله فَاطر السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضِ جَاعِلِ ٱلْمَلَّتِيكَة رُسُلًا أُولِيَ أَجْنَعَة مَّثَّنَىٰ وَثُلَثَ وَرُبَاعٌ يَزِيدُ فِي ٱلْخَلْق مَا يَشَاءُ إِنَّ اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ مَّا يَفْتَحِ اللهُ للنَّاس من رَّحْمَة فَلَا ثُمْسِكَ لَمَّا وَمَا يُمْسِكُ فَلَا مُرْسِلَ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدُهُ ۗ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿ يَنَأَبُّ النَّاسُ ٱذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَتَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْكُرٌ هَلْ مِنْ خَالِق غَيْرُاللهُ يَرْزُقُكُم مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضُ لَآ إِلَّهُ إِلَّا هُوَّ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُونَ ٢ وَ إِن يُكَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذَّبَتْ رُسُلٌ مِّن قَبْلَكَ وَ إِلَى الله



Al-Malá' ikab, "The Angels," also called Al-Fáṭir, "The Creator," takes its name in either case from a word in v. 1.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE ANGELS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Praise be to Allah, the Creator of the heavens and the earth, Who appointeth the angels messengers having wings two, three and four. He multiplieth in creation what He will. Lo! Allah is Able to do all things.
- 2. That which Allah openeth unto mankind of mercy none can withhold it; and that which He withholdeth none can release thereafter. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 3. O mankind! Remember Allah's grace toward you! Is there any creator other than Allah who provideth for you from the sky and the earth? There is no God save Him. Whither then are ye turned?
- 4. And if they deny thee, (O Muhammad), messengers (of Allah) were denied before thee. Unto Allah all things

تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّ وَعَدَاللَّهُ حَتَّى فَلَا تَغُرَّنَّكُمُ ٱلْحَيَوَةُ ٱلدُّنْيَ ۖ وَلَا يَغُرَّنَّكُمُ بِٱللهُ ٱلْغَرُورُ ۞ إِنَّ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ لَكُمْ عَدُوفَا تَخذُوهُ عَدُونًا إِنَّكَ يَدْعُواْ حَزَّ بَهُ ليكُونُواْ من أَحْكَاب السَّعير ٢٠ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَحُمْ عَذَابٌ شَديَّد وَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَملُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَاتِ لَهُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَأَحْرُ كُبِيرٌ ﴿ أَ أَمَنَ زُينَ لَهُ رُسُوعٌ عَمَلُهُ عَ فَرَءًاهُ حَسَنًا فَإِنَّ اللهَ يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهْدى مَن يَشَآءُ فَلَا تَذْهَبْ نَفْسُكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسَرَاتٌ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَمُ كِمَا يَصْنَعُونَ رَبِّي وَاللَّهُ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَرْسَلَ الرَّيَحَ فَتُثيرُسَعَابًا فَسُقْنَكُ إِلَىٰ بَلَدَمَّيْت فَأَحْيَيْنَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَكَ ۚ كَذَاكَ ٱلنُّشُورُ ﴿ مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعَزَّةَ فَللهُ الْعَزَّةُ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلْمُ الطَّيْبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالَحُ يَرْفَعُهُمْ وَالَّذِينَ يَمْكُرُونَ are brought back.

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- 5. O mankind! Lo! the promise of Allah is true. So let not the life of the world beguile you, and let not the (avowed) beguile beguile you with regard to Allah.
- 6. Lo! the devil is an enemy for you, so treat him as an enemy. He only summoneth his faction to be owners of the flaming Fire.
- 7. Those who disbelieve, theirs will be an awful doom; and those who believe and do good works, theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward.
- 8. Is he, the evil of whose deeds is made fairseeming unto him so that he deemeth it good, (other than Satan's dupe)? Allah verily sendeth whom He will astray, and guideth whom He will; so let not thy soul expire in sighings for them. Lo! Allah is Aware of what they do!
- 9. And Allah it is Who sendeth the winds and they raise a cloud; then We lead it unto a dead land and revive therewith the earth after its death. Such is the Resurrection.
- to. Whoso desireth power (should know that) all power belongeth to Allah. Unto Him good words ascend, and the pious deed doth He exalt; but those who plot iniquities,

ٱلسَّيَّات لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ شَديَّةُ وَمَكُّرُ أَوْلَيْكَ هُوَيَبُورُ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمُ مَن تُرَابِثُمَّ مِن نَّطْفَة ثُمَّ جَعَلَكُمْ أَزُوَاجًا وَمَا يَحْمَلُ مِنْ أَنْنَى وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بعلْمَهُ . وَمَا يُعَمَّرُ مِن مُّعَمَّر وَلَا يُنقَصُ منْ عُمُره آ إِلَّا في كَتَلب إِنَّ ذَاكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرٌ ﴿ وَمَا يَسْتَوى الْبَحْرَانِ هَلْذَا عَذْبٌ فُرَ أَتُ سَآيِغٌ شَرَابُهُ وَهَنَذَا مَلْحُ أَجَاجٌ وَمَن كُلَّ تَأْكُلُونَ خَما طَرِيّاً وَتَسْتَخْر جُونَ حلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَها وَتَرَى ٱلْفُلْكَ فيه مَوَانرَ لتَبْتَغُواْ من فَضْله ، وَلَعَلَّ كُرْتَشُكُرُونَ ٢ يُولِيجُ الَّيْلَ فِ النَّهَارِ وَيُولِيجُ النَّهَارَ فِ الَّيْلِ وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمْرَ كُلُّ يَجْرِى لأَجَل مُسَمَّى ذَالكُرُ ٱللهُ رَبُّكُرٌ لَهُ ٱلْمُلْكُ وَ إِلَّذِينَ تَدُّعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ عَ مَا يَمْلَكُونَ مِن قَطْمِير ٢ إِن تَدْعُوهُمْ لَا يُسْمِعُواْ دُعَاءً كُرُ وَلَوْسَمُواْ مَا اسْتَجَابُواْ

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theirs will be an awful doom; and the plotting of such (folk) will come to naught.

- 11. Allah created you from dust, then from a little fluid, then He made you pairs (the male and female). No female beareth or bringeth forth save with His knowledge. And noone groweth old who groweth old, nor is aught lessened of his life, but it is recorded in a Book. Lo! that is easy for Allah.
- 12. And the two seas1 are not alike: this, fresh, sweet, good to drink, this (other) bitter, salt. And from them both ye eat fresh meat and derive the ornament that ye wear. And thou seest the ship cleaving them with its prow that ye may seek of His bounty, and that haply ye may give thanks.
- 13. He maketh the night to pass into the day and He maketh the day to pass into the night. He hath subdued the sun and moon to service. Each runneth unto an appointed term. Such is Allah, your Lord; His is the Sovereignty; and those unto whom ye pray instead of Him own not so much as the white spot on a date-stone.
- 14. If ye pray unto them they hear not your prayer, and if they heard they could not grant it you. On the Day of

¹ i.e. the two kinds of water in the earth.

لَكُمْ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةَ يَكُفُرُ ونَ بِشْرَكُكُمْ ۚ وَلَا يُنَبَّئُكَ مِثْلُ خَبِيرِ إِنَّ مِهِ يَتَأْبُ النَّاسُ أَنتُمُ ٱلْفُقَرَآءُ إِلَى الله وَاللَّهُ هُوَ الْغَنَّى الْحَميدُ رَبِّي إِن يَشَأْ يُذْهِبُكُرُ وَيَأْت بِخَلْق جَديد ﴿ وَمَا ذَاكَ عَلَى الله بِعَرِيزِ ﴿ وَإِن وَلَا نُزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وَزَرَ أُخْرَىٰ وَ إِن تَدْعُ مُثْقَلَةٌ إِلَىٰ حُمْلُهَا لَا يُحْمَلُ منْهُ شَيْ ۗ وَلَوْكَانَ ذَاقُرْنَكُ ۚ إِنَّمَا تُنذَرُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَحْشَوْنَ رَبُّهُم بِٱلْغَيْبِ وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوَةَ ۚ وَمَن نَزَكِّي فَإِنَّمَا يَنزَكِّي لنَفْسه ، وَإِلَى الله الْمَصيرُ ﴿ وَمَا يَسْتَوى الْأَعْمَى وَٱلْبَصِيرُ ١٠ وَلَا الظُّلُمَاتُ وَلَا النُّورُ ١٤ وَلَا الظُّلُّ وَلَا الْحَدُورُ شَ وَمَا يَسْتَوَى الْأَحْيَاءُ وَلَا ٱلْأَمُواَتُ إِنَّ اللهَ يُسْمِعُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَمَا أَنتَ بِمُسْمِعٍ مِّر. في ٱلْقُبُور ﴿ إِنَّ أَنتَ إِلَّا نَذيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَكَ

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Resurrection they will disown association with you. None can inform you like Him Who is Aware.

- 15. O mankind! Ye are the poor in your relation to Allah. And Allah! He is the Absolute, the Owner of Praise.
- 16. If He will, He can be rid of you and bring (instead of you) some new creation.
 - 17. That is not a hard thing for Allah.
- 18. And no burdened soul can bear another's burden, and if one heavy laden crieth for (help with) his load, naught of it will be lifted even though he (unto whom he crieth) be of kin. Thou warnest only those who fear their Lord in secret, and have established worship. He who groweth (in goodness), groweth only for himself, (he cannot by his merit redeem others). Unto Allah is the journeying.
 - 19. The blind man is not equal with the seer;
 - 20. Nor is darkness (tantamount to) light;
 - 21. Nor is the shadow equal with the sun's full heat;
- 22. Nor are the living equal with the dead. Lo! Allah maketh whom He will to hear. Thou canst not reach those who are in the graves.
 - 23. Thou art but a warner.
 - 24. Lo! We have sent thee with the Truth, a bearer

بِٱلْحَقَّ بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا ۚ وَ إِن مَنْ أُمَّةً إِلَّا خَلَا فِيهَا نَذِيرٌ ﴿ وَإِن يُكَذِّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ جَآءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ وَبِالزُّبُرِ وَبِالْكَتَابِ الْمُنيرِ ٢ مُمَّ أَخَذْتُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيرٍ ﴿ إِلَّهُ أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ أَنْزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَلَا ۚ فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ تَمْرَات عُمَّتَلَقًا أَلْوَانُهَا وَمَنَ ٱلْحَبَال جُدُو بِيضٌ وَمُمْرٌ مُحْتَلَفً أَلْوَانُهَا وَغَرَا بِيبُ سُودٌ رَثِي وَمِنَ النَّاسِ وَالَّذَوَآبَ وَٱلْأَنْعَامِ مُخْتَلَفُ أَلْوَانُهُ لِكَالَثُ إِنَّمَا يَخْشَى اللَّهُ منْ عَبَاده ٱلْعُلَمَتُوا اللهَ عَن يزُّ عَفُورٌ ١ إِنَّ اللهَ عَن يزُّ عَفُورٌ ١ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَتَّلُونَ كَتَنْبَ الله وَأَقَامُواْ الصَّلَوْةَ وَأَنفَقُواْ مَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ سَرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةُ يَرْجُونَ نَجَلْرَةً لَّن تَبُورَ ﴿ أَرْدِرُهُ مِنْ أُرِيرُهُ مِنْ أَرِيرُهُمْ مِن فَضَلَمَةَ إِنَّهُ عَفُورٌ

of glad tidings and a warner; and there is not a nation but a warner hath passed among them.

- 25. And if they deny thee, those before them also denied. Their messengers came unto them with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), and with the Psalms and the Scripture giving light.
- 26. Then seized I those who disbelieved, and how intense was My abhorrence!
- 27. Hast thou not seen that Allah causeth water to fall from the sky, and We produce therewith fruit of divers hues; and among the hills are streaks white and red, of divers hues, and (others) raven-black;
- 28. And of men and beasts and cattle, in like manner, divers hues? The erudite among His bondmen fear Allah alone. Lo! Allah is Mighty, Forgiving.
- 29. Lo! those who read the Scripture of Allah, and establish worship, and spend of that which We have bestowed on them secretly and openly, they look forward to imperishable gain,
- 30. That He will pay them their wages and increase them of His grace. Lo! He is Forgiving, Responsive.

شَكُورٌ إِنَّ وَالَّذِيَّ أُوحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ مِنَ الْكُتَلِبِ هُوَ ٱلْحَتْ مُصَدِّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدِيهُ إِنَّ ٱللهَ بِعَبَاده عَ لَحَبِيرُ بَصِيرٌ ٢٣ ثُمَّ أَوْرَثُنَا ٱلْكَتَابَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱصْطَفَيْنَا منْ عَبَادِنَا فَنَهُمْ ظَالِمٌ لِّنَفْسه، وَمَنْهُم مُقْتَصِدٌ وَمَنْهُمْ سَابِقٌ بِٱلْخَيْرَاتِ بِإِذْنِ ٱللهِ ذَالِكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَضْلُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ جَنَّكَ عَدْنَ يَدْ خُلُونَهَا يُحَلَّوْنَ فيهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ مِن ذَهَب وَلُوْلُوا وَلَبَاسُهُمْ فِيهَا حَرِيرٌ ١٠ وَقَالُواْ ٱلْحَمْدُ للهِ الَّذِي أَذْهَبَ عَنَّا ٱلْحَرَانَ إِنَّا رَبَّنَا لَغَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِي الَّذِي أَحَلَّنَا دَازَ ٱلْمُقَامَة من فَضَّله علا يَمَشَّنَا فيهَا نَصَبُّ وَلَا يَمَشَّنَا فِيهَا لُغُوبٌ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَهَـُمْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ لَا يُقْضَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَمُو تُواْ وَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُم مَّنْ عَذَابَهَا كَذَاكَ تَجْزَى كُلَّ كَفُورِ ﴿ وَهُمْ يَصْطَرِخُونَ فِيهَا رَبَّنَآ



- 31. As for that which We inspire in thee of the Scripture, it is the Truth confirming that which was (revealed) before it. Lo! Allah is indeed Observer, Seer of His slaves.
- 32. Then We gave the Scripture as inheritance unto those whom We elected of Our bondmen. But of them are some who wrong themselves and of them are some who are lukewarm, and of them are some who outstrip (others) through good deeds, by Allah's leave. That is the great favour!
- 33. Gardens of Eden! They enter them wearing armlets of gold and pearl and their raiment therein is silk.
- 34. And they say: Praise be to Allah Who hath put grief away from us. Lo! Our Lord is Forgiving, Bountiful,
- 35. Who, of His grace, hath installed us in the mansion of eternity, where toil toucheth us not nor can weariness affect us.
- 36. But as for those who disbelieve, for them is fire of hell; it taketh not complete effect upon them so that they can die, nor is its torment lightened for them. Thus We punish every ingrate.
 - 37. And they cry for help there, (saying): Our Lord!

أَنْرَجْنَا نَعْمَلُ صَالحًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ ۚ أَوَلَمْ نُعُمَّرُكُمْ مَّا يَتَذَكَّرُ فِيهِ مَن تَذَكَّرُ وَجَاءَكُرُ ٱلنَّذِيرُ فَذُوقُواْ فَكَ للظَّللمينَ من نَّصير ربُّ إِنَّ ٱللهُ عَللمُ عَيْب ٱلسَّمَلَو'ت وَٱلْأَرْضُ ۚ إِنَّهُۥ عَلَيُمُ بُذَات ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿ يَكُنَّ هُوَ ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَكُمْ خَلَيْهِ فَى ٱلْأَرْضُ فَمَن كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْه كُفْرُهُ, وَلَا يَزِيدُ ٱلْكَنفرينَ كُفُرُهُمْ عندَ رَبِّهمْ إِلَّا مَقْتَكَّ وَلَا يَزِيدُ ٱلْكَنفرينَ كُفُرُهُمْ إِلَّا خَسَارًا ١١ قُل أَرَ عَيْمُ شُرَكَاءَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ من دُونِ ٱللهَ أَرُّونِي مَاذَا خَلَقُواْ منَ ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمْ لَهُمْ شَرَّكُ فِي ٱلسَّمَنُواتِ أَمْ وَاتَيْنَاهُمْ كَتَّكُبَّا فَهُمْ عَلَى بَيَّنَت مَّنَّهُ ۚ بَلْ إِن يَعدُ ٱلظَّاللَّمُونَ بَعْضُهُم بَعْضًا إِلَّا غُرُورًا ﴿ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُمْسُكُ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ أَن تُرُولًا وَلَين زَالَتَا إِنْ أَمْسَكُهُمَا مِنْ أَحد



Release us; we will do right, not (the wrong) that we used to do. Did not We grant you a life long enough for him who reflected to reflect therein? And the warner came unto you. Now taste (the flavour of your deeds), for evil-doers to have no helper.

- 38. Lo! Allah is the Knower of the Unseen of the heavens and the earth. Lo! He is Aware of the secret of (men's) breasts.
- 39. He it is Who hath made you regents in the earth; so he who disbelieveth, his disbelief be on his own head. Their disbelief increaseth for the disbelievers, in their Lord's sight, naught save abhorrence. Their disbelief increaseth for the disbelievers naught save loss.
- 40. Say: Have ye seen your partner-gods to whom ye pray beside Allah? Show me what they created of the earth! Or have they any portion in the heavens? Or have We given them a scripture so that they act on clear proof therefrom? Nay, the evil-doers promise one another only to deceive.
- 41. Lo! Allah graspeth the heavens and the earth that they deviate not, and if they were to deviate there is not one that

مَنْ بَعْدُهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ حَلَّمَا غَفُورًا ﴿ وَأَقْسَمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ جَهْدَ أَيْكَنهِمْ لَبِن جَآءَهُمْ نَذيرٌ لَّيَكُونُنَّ أَهْدَى مِنْ إِحْدَى ٱلْأَمَمِ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ نَذيرٌ مَّازَادَهُمْ إِلَّا نُفُورًا ١٠ السَّكَارَا في ٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَكْرَ السِّنِي وَلا يَحِينُ الْمَكْرُ السِّيُّ إِلَّا بأَهْلهُ فَهَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا سُنَّتَ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ۗ فَكَن تَجِدَ لُسُنَّت ٱلله تَبْديلًا وَلَن تَجِدَ لُسُنَّت اللهُ تَحْويلًا ﴿ أَوَلَمْ بَسِيرُواْ في ٱلْأَرْضِ قَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهمْ وَكَانُواْ أَشَدَ مَنْهُمْ قُوةً وَمَا كَانَ اللهُ ليعْجَرُهُ مِن شَيْءٍ فِ السَّمَلَوَات وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَلَيماً قَديراً ﴿ وَلَوْ يُوَّاخِذُ اللهُ النَّاسَ بِمَا كَسَبُواْ مَا تَرَكَ عَلَى ظَهْرِهَا مِن دَآبَة وَلَكُن يُؤْخُرُهُمْ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلُمُسمَى فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَجَلُهُمْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِعَبَادِهِ عَ بَصِيرًا ﴿ فَيَ

could grasp them after Him. Lo! He is ever Clement, Forgiving.

- 42. And they swore by Allah, their most binding oath, that if a warner came unto them they would be more tractable than any of the nations; yet, when a warner came unto them it aroused in them naught save repugnance,
- 43. (Shown in their) behaving arrogantly in the land and plotting evil; and the evil plot encloseth but the men who make it. Then, can they expect aught save the treatment of the folk of old? Thou wilt not find for Allah's way of treatment any substitute, nor wilt thou find for Allah's way of treatment aught of power to change.
- 44. Have they not travelled in the land and seen the nature of the consequence for those who were before them, and they were mightier than these in power? Allah is not such that aught in the heavens or in the earth escapeth Him. Lo! He is the Wise, the Mighty.
- 45. If Allah took mankind to task by that which they deserve, He would not leave a living creature on the surface of the earth; but He reprieveth them unto an appointed term, and when their term cometh-then verily (they will know that) Allah is ever Seer of His slaves.

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(٣٦) سُنورة يُسَنِّ مَكَثِيرٌ وآياها الآآتِ وَدُوْ الْدِينَةِ الْحِنَ وآياها ٣٨ تُزلُتُ الْجِنَّ الْحِنَ

بِنْ إِلَّهِ عِنْ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ الرَّحِيْدِ

يسَ ﴿ وَٱلْقُرْءَانِ ٱلْحَكِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّكَ لَمِنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ٢ عَلَى صَرَاط مُسْتَقيم ٢ تَنزيلَ ٱلْعَزيز ٱلرَّحِيم ﴿ لِيَنْ لَدُرَ قَنْوُمَا مَّاۤ أَنْذَرَ ءَابَآ وَهُمْ فَهُمْ غَنفلُونَ ﴿ لَقَدْ حَقَّ ٱلْقَوْلُ عَلَيْ أَكْثَرُ هُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا فِيَ أَعْنَىٰقِهِمْ أَغْلَالًا فَهِيَ إِلَّ ٱلْأَذْقَانَ فَهُم مُّقْمَحُونَ ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا مَنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ سَدًّا وَمَنْ خَلْفِهِمْ سَدًّا فَأَغْشَيْنَكُهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ ٢ وَسُوا اللهِ عَلَيْهِمْ ءَأَنَدُرْتُهُمْ أَمْ لَرْ تُنذُرْهِمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢



Yâ Sîn takes its name from the two letters of the Arabic alphabet which stand as the first verse and are generally held to signify Yâ Insân ("O Man"). This sûrah is regarded with special reverence, and is recited in times of adversity, illness, fasting and on the approach of death.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

YÂSÎN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Yâ Sîn.
- 2. By the wise Qur'an,
- 3. Lo! thou art of those sent
- 4. On a straight path,
- 5. A revelation of the Mighty, the Merciful,
- 6. That thou mayst warn a folk whose fathers were not warned, so they are heedless.
- 7. Already hath the judgment, (for their infidelity) proved true of most of them, for they believe not.
- 8. Lo! We have put on their necks carcans reaching unto the chins, so that they are made stiff-necked.
- 9. And We have set a bar before them and a bar behind them, and (thus) have covered them so that they see not.
- 10. Whether thou warn them or thou warn them not, it is alike for them, for they believe not.

الجزء الشأنى والعشرون

سورة يس

إِنَّكَ تُنذَرُ مَن ٱتَّبَعَ ٱلذَّكَّرَ وَخَشَىَ ٱلرَّحْمَانَ بٱلْغَيْبِ فَبَشِّرُهُ بَمَغْفَرَة وَأَجْرِ كَرِيم ١ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحْيِ ٱلْمَوْتَى وَنَكْتُ مَا قَدَّمُواْ وَءَا تَكْرِهُم وَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ أَحْصَيْنَاهُ في إِمَام مُبين ريُّ وَأَضْرِبْ لَهُمُ مَّثَلًا أَصَّلَبَ ٱلْقَرْيَة إِذْ جَآءَ هَا ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا ۚ إِلَيْهُمُ ٱثْنَيْنَ فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا فَعَزَّ زَنَا بِشَالِثَ فَقَالُواْ إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمُ مُّرْسَلُونَ ﴿ مَا أَنُّمُ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مَّقُلُنَا وَمَآ أَرَّلَ ٱلرَّحْمَانُ مِن شَيْءٍ إِنْ أَنُّمْ إِلَّا تَكْنَبُونَ ١٥٥ قَالُواْ رَبُّنَا يَعْلَمُ إِنَّا إِلَيْكُرْ لَمُرْسَلُونَ ١٥٠ وَمَا عَلَيْنَا ۚ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَّغُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ﴿ قَالُواْ إِنَّا تَطَيَّرُنَا بِكُمُّ لَين لَّهُ تَعَنَّهُ أَلَهُ مِنْكُمْ وَلَيمَسَّنَّكُمْ مَنَّا عَذَابٌ أَلَيمٌ ١ قَالُواْ طَلَيْهِ كُمْ مَعَكُمُ أَيِن ذُكِّرَتُمْ بَلَّ أَنَّمْ قَوْمُ مُسْرِفُونَ ٢٠ وَجَآءَ مِنْ أَقْصَا ٱلْمَدينَة رَجُلٌ يَسْعَى قَالَ يَنقُوم ٱتَّبعُواْ

11. Thou warnest only him who followeth the Reminder and feareth the Beneficent in secret. To him bear tidings of forgiveness and a rich reward.

- 12. Lo! We it is Who bring the dead to life. We record that which they send before (them), and their footprints. And all things We have kept in a clear Register.
- 13. Coin for them a similitude: The people of the city when those sent (from Allah) came unto them;
- 14. When We sent unto them twain, and they denied them both, so We reinforced them with a third, and they said: Lo! we have been sent unto you.
- 15. They said: Ye are but mortals like unto us. The Beneficent hath naught revealed. Ye do but lie!
- 16. They answered: Our Lord knoweth that we are indeed sent unto you,
 - 17. And our duty is but plain conveyance (of the message).
- 18. (The people of the city) said: We augur ill of you. If ye desist not, we shall surely stone you, and grievous torture will befall you at our hands.
- 19. They said: Your evil augury be with you! Is it because ye are reminded (of the truth)? Nay, but ye are froward folk!
- 20. And there came from the uttermost part of the city a man running. He cried: O my people! Follow those

ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ٢٠ اتَّبعُواْ مَن لَّا يَسْعَلُكُمْ أَجْرًا وَهُم مُّهْ تَدُونَ ١٠٠ وَمَا لَى لَا أَعْبُدُ الَّذِي فَطَرَفِي وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ عَأَنَّفَ مُن دُونِه } وَالْحَدُّ إِن يُردُّن ٱلرَّحْمَلُ بضُرّ لَّا تُغْن عَنَّى شَفَاعَتُهُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَا يُنقذُون ٢ إِنَّ إِذَّا لَّنِي ضَلَال مُّسِين ١٠٠٠ إِنَّ ءَامَنتُ بِرَبَّكُمْ فَأَشَّمُعُونَ ١٠ قَيلَ أَدْخُلِ ٱلْجُنَّةَ قَالَ يَلَيْتَ قَوْمِي يَعْلَمُونَ ٢٠٠ مَا غَفَرَ لِي رَبِّي وَجَعَلَني مِنَ ٱلْمُكْرَمِينَ ١٠ * وَمَا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَى قَوْمه من بَعْده عمن جُند من السَّماء وَمَا كُنَّا مُنزلينَ ﴿ إِن كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحَدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ خَدْمُدُونَ ﴿ يُعَمِّرُهُ عَلَى الْعَبَادُ مَا يَأْ تِيهِم مّن رَّسُول إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُ وِنَ رَبِّ أَلَّمْ يَرَوْا كَرَّ أَهْلَكُمَّا قَبْلَهُم مَنَ الْقُرُونِ أَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿ وَإِن كُلُّ لَّمَّا



who have been sent!

- 21. Follow those who ask of you no fee, and who are rightly guided.
- 22. For what cause should I not serve Him Who hath created me, and unto Whom ye will be brought back?

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- 23. Shall I take (other) gods in place of Him when, if the Beneficent should wish me any harm, their intercession will avail me naught, nor can they save?
 - 24. Then truly I should be in error manifest.
 - 25. Lo! I have believed in your Lord, so hear me!
- 26. It was said (unto him): Enter paradise. He said: Would that my people knew
- 27. With what (munificence) my Lord hath pardoned me and made me of the honoured ones!
- 28. We sent not down against his people after him a host from heaven, nor do We ever send.
 - 29. It was but one Shout, and lo! they were extinct.
- 30. Ah, the anguish for the bondmen! Never came there unto them a messenger but they did mock him!
- 31. Have they not seen how many generations We destroyed before them, which indeed return not unto them;

جَمِيعٌ لَّذَيْنَا مُحْضَرُونَ ﴿ وَعَالَةٌ لَّهُمَ ٱلْأَرْضُ ٱلْمَيْنَةُ أَحْدِيْنَهَا وَأَخْرَجْنَا مَنْهَا حَبًّا فَمَنْهُ يَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا جَنَّلت مَّن تَخيل وَأَعْنَلب وَفَجَّرْنَا فِهَا مِنَ ٱلْعُيُون ﴿ ليَا كُلُواْ مِن تَمَر ٥٥ وَمَا عَمَلَتْهُ أَيْلِيهِم أَفَلا يَشْكُرُونَ ٢ سُبْحَانَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ الْأَزْوَاجَ كُلَّهَا مَّا تُنْبُتُ الْأَرْضُ وَمَنْ أَنفُسِهِمْ وَمَّ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ وَءَايَةٌ لَّمُمُ ٱلَّيْلُ نَسْلَغُ مَنْهُ ٱلنَّهَارَ فَإِذَا هُـم مُّظْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَٱلشَّمْسُ تَجْرى لُمُسْتَقَرّ لَّكَ أَذَاكَ تَقْديرُ ٱلْعَزيزِ ٱلْعَليم ﴿ وَٱلْقَمَرَ قَدَّرْنَلهُ مَنَازِلَ حَيَّى عَادَكَا لْعُرّْجُونِ ٱلْقَديمِ ٢ لَا ٱلشَّمْسُ يَنْبَغِي لَمَا آَنْ تُدْرِكَ ٱلْقَمَرَ وَلَا ٱلَّيْلُ سَابِقُ ٱلنَّهَارَ وَكُلُّ فِي فَلَكَ يَسْبَحُونَ ﴿ وَءَايَهُ لَمُّمْ أَنَّا حَمْلُنَا ذُرِّيَّتُهُمْ فِي ٱلْفُلْكِ ٱلْمَشْحُونِ ﴿ وَخَلَقْنَا لَهُمُ مِّن مَثْلُهُ ع

32. But all, without exception, will be brought before Us.

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- 33. A token unto them is the dead earth. We revive it, and We bring forth from it grain so that they eat thereof;
- 34. And We have placed therein gardens of the date-palm and grapes, and We have caused springs of water to gush forth therein.
- 35. That they may eat of the fruit thereof, and their hands made it not. Will they not, then, give thanks?
- 36. Glory be to Him Who created all the sexual pairs, of that which the earth groweth, and of themselves, and of that which they know not!
- 37. A token unto them is night. We strip it of the day, and lo! they are in darkness.
- 38. And the sun runneth on unto a resting-place for him. That is the measuring of the Mighty, the Wise.
- 39. And for the moon We have appointed mansions till she return like an old shrivelled palm-leaf.
- 40. It is not for the sun to overtake the moon, nor doth the night outstrip the day. They float each in an orbit.
- 41. And a token unto them is that We bear their offspring in the laden ship,
 - 42. And have created for them of the like thereof

مَا يَرْ كَبُونَ ٢٠٠٥ وَ إِن نَّشَأْ نُغْرِقُهُمْ فَلَا صَرِيحَ لَحُمْ وَلَا هُمْ بُنَقَدُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا رَحْمَةُ مَنَّا وَمَتَنَّعًا إِلَىٰ حَبِن ﴿ وَ إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ أَنَّقُواْ مَابَيْنَ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَمَا خَلْفَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَا تَأْتِهِم مَّنْ ءَايَة مَّنْ ءَايَلت رَبَّهُمْ إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ ﴿ وَ إِذَا قِيلَ لَمُمَّ أَنفُقُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُدُ اللهُ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ أَنُطْعِمُ مَن لَّوْ يَشَاءُ اللهُ أَطْعَمُهُ إِنَّ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا في ضَلَال مُّبين ﴿ إِنَّ أَنتُمْ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَال مُّبين وَ يَقُولُونَ مَتَى هَلَذَا ٱلْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمْ صَلدقينَ ٢ مَا يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحَدَةً تَأْخُذُهُمْ وَهُمْ يَخْصَمُونَ ﴿ فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ تَوْصِيَةً وَلَا إِلَىٰ أَهْلَهُمْ يَرْجُعُونَ رَثِّي وَ نُفخَ فِي الصُّورِ فَإِذَا هُـم مِّنَ ٱلْأَجْدَاثِ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهـمْ يَسْلُونَ ٢ قَالُواْ يَلُو يَلَنَا مَنْ بَعَثْنَا مِن مَّرْقَدِنَا مَّ هَذَا

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whereon they ride.

- 43. And if We will, We drown them, and there is no help for them, neither can they be saved;
 - 44. Unless by mercy from Us and as comfort for a while.
- 45. When it is said unto them: Beware of that which is before you and that which is behind you, that haply ye may find mercy (they are heedless).
- 46. Never came a token of the tokens of their Lord to them, but they did turn away from it!
- 47. And when it is said unto them: Spend of that wherewith Allah hath provided you, those who disbelieve say unto those who believe: Shall we feed those whom Allah, if He willed, would feed? Ye are in naught else than error manifest.

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- 48. And they say: When will this promise be fulfilled, if ye are truthful?
- 49. They await but one Shout, which will surprise them while they are disputing.
- 50. Then they cannot make bequest, nor can they return to their own folk.
- 51. And the trumpet is blown and lo! from the graves they hie unto their Lord,
 - 52. Crying: Woe upon us! Who hath raised us from our

مَا وَعَدَ الرَّحْمَـٰنُ وَصَــدَقَ الْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ جَمِيعٌ لَّدَيْنَا مُعْضَرُونَ ﴿ فَا لْيَوْمَ لَا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا وَلَا تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَصَّابَ ٱلْحَنَّةِ ٱلْيَوْمَ فَي شُغُل فَلَكُهُونَ رَثِيَ هُمْ وَأَزُو جُهُمْ فِي ظَلَالِ عَلَى ٱلْأَرَآبِك مُنَّكُونَ ﴿ مَا لَمُنَّا فَلَكُهَٰ أَوْلَمُ مَّا يَدَّعُونَ ﴿ مِنْ سَلَنَّمٌ قَوْلًا مِّن رَّبِّ رَّحِيم رَّبِّي وَامْتَكَزُواْ ٱلْيَوْمَ أَيُّهَا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ ﴿ أَلَوْأَعْهَدْ إِلَيْكُرْ يَلْبَنَّ ءَادَمَ أَن لَّا تَعْبُدُواْ الشَّيْطَانَ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُّبِينٌ رَبِّي وَأَن أَعْبُدُونَى هَاذَا صَرَاطٌ مُّسْتَقَمُّ ١٠ وَلَقَدْ أَضَلَّ مَنكُرُ جِلًّا كَشيرًا أَفَلَمْ تَكُونُواْ تَعْقُلُونَ ﴿ هَا هَاذَه ، جَهَنَّمُ الَّتِي كُنتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ ﴿ اصْلَوْهَا الْيَوْمَ مِمَا كُنتُمْ



- 53. It is but one Shout, and behold them brought together before Us!
- 54. This day no soul is wronged in aught; nor are ye requited aught save what ye used to do.
- 55. Lo! those who merit paradise this day are happily employed,
- 56. They and their wives, in pleasant shade, on thrones reclining;
- 57. Theirs the fruit (of their good deeds) and theirs (all) that they ask;
 - 58. The word from a Merciful Lord (for them) is: Peace!
 - 59. But avaunt ye, O ye guilty, this day!
- 60. Did I not charge you, O ye sons of Adam, that ye worship not the devil—Lo! he is your open foe!—
 - 61. But that ye worship Me? That was the right path.
- 62. Yet he hath led astray of you a great multitude. Had ye then no sense?
- 63. This is hell which ye were promised (if ye followed him).
 - 64. Burn therein this day for that ye disbelieved,

تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿ الْيَوْمَ نَخْتُمُ عَلَىٰٓ أَفُوا هِمْ وَتُكَلَّمُنَّا أَيْدِيهِمْ وَتَشْهَدُ أَرْجُلُهُم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسُونَ رَيْ وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَطَمَسْنَا عَلَيْ أَعْيُنهُمْ فَأَ سُتَبَقُواْ الصّرَاطَ فَأَنَّى يُبْصُرُونَ ٢٠٠ وَلَوْ نَشَآءُ لَمَسَخْنَلُهُمْ عَلَى مَكَا نَهَمْ فَلَ ٱسْتَطَكْعُواْ مُضِيًّا وَلَا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿ وَمَن نَّعَمَّرُهُ نُنكَّسْهُ أَ فِي ٱلْخَمَالُةُ أَقَلَا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا عَلَّمْنَكُ ٱلشَّعْرَ وَمَا يَنْبَغِي لَهُۥ إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذَكَّرٌ وَقُرْءَانٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ لَيُنذَرَ مَن كَانَ حَيًّا وَيَعَقَّ الْقَوْلُ عَلَى الْكَلفرينَ ﴿ أُولَمْ الْمُ يَرَوْاْ أَنَّا خَلَقْنَا لَهُم مَّمَّا عَمَلَتْ أَيْدِينَا أَنْعَدُمَا فَهُمْ لَكَ مَلِكُونَ ﴿ وَذَلَّلْنَهَا لَحُمْ فَهُمَا رَكُوبُهُمْ وَمَهْا بَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ وَلَهُمْ فَيَهَا مَنَافَعُ وَمَشَارِبُ أَفَلَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَأَتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِ اللهُ وَالْحَةُ لَّعَلَّهُمْ

- 65. This day We seal up their mouths, and their hands speak out to Us and their feet bear witness as to what they used to earn.
- 66. And had We willed, We verily could have quenched their eyesight so that they should struggle for the way. Then how could they have seen?
- 67. And had We willed, We verily could have fixed them in their place, making them powerless to go forward or turn back.1
- 68. He whom We bring unto old age, We reverse him in creation (making him go back to weakness after strength). Have ye then no sense?
- 69. And We have not taught him (Muhammad) poetry, nor is it meet for him. This is naught else than a Reminder and a Lecture2 making plain,
- 70. To warn whosoever liveth, and that the word may be fulfilled against the disbelievers.
- 71. Have they not seen how We have created for them of Our handiwork the cattle, so that they are their owners,
- 72. And have subdued them unto them, so that some of them they have for riding, some for food?
- 73. Benefits and (divers) drinks have they from them. Will they not then give thanks?
- 74. And they have taken (other) gods beside Allah, in order that they may be helped.
 - 1 But they have sight and power of motion so can choose their way.



يُنصَرُونَ ﴿ لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ نَصْرَهُمْ وَهُمْ لَمُومُ جُندٌ عُضَرُونَ ١٥ فَلَا يَعْزُنكَ قَوْلُمُ إِنَّا نَعْلَمُ مَا يُسرُونَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ ﴿ أَوَلَمْ يَرَا ٱلْإِنْسَانُ أَنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُ مر . نُّطْفَة فَإِذَا هُوَ خَصِيٌّ مُّدِينٌ ﴿ وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلًا وَنَسَىَ خَلْقَهُ وَ قَالَ مَن يُحِي ٱلْعَظَامَ وَهِيَ رَمِيهٌ ١ قُلْ يُحْيِيهَا ٱلَّذِيَّ أَنْشَأَهَا أَوَّلَ مَرَّةً وَهُوَ بِكُلْ خَلْق عَليُّم ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى جَعَلَ لَكُم مَّنَ الشَّجَرِ ٱلْأَعْضَرِ نَارًا فَإِذَا أَنتُم مَنْهُ تُوقدُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَوَلَيْسَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَلَوَاتَ ﴿ وَالْأَرْضَ بِقَلدر عَلَىٰ أَن يَخْلُقَ مَثْلَهُمْ بَلَىٰ وَهُوَ الْخَلَّاتُي ٱلْعَلَيمُ ١ إِنَّكَ أَمْرُهُ وَإِذَا أَرَادَ شَيْعًا أَن يَقُولَ لَهُ كُن فَيَكُونُ ﴿ فَشَبْحَننَ ٱلَّذِي بِيَده عَلَكُوتُ كُلَّ شَيْءِ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿

- 75. It is not in their power to help them; but they (the worshippers) are unto them a host in arms.
- 76. So let not their speech grieve thee (O Muhammad).
 Lo! We know what they conceal and what proclaim.
- 77. Hath not man seen that We have created him from a drop of seed? Yet lo! he is an open opponent.
- 78. And he hath coined for Us a similitude, and hath forgotten the fact of his creation, saying: Who will revive these bones when they have rotted away?

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- 79. Say: He will revive them Who produced them at the first, for He is Knower of every creation,
- 80. Who hath appointed for you fire from the green tree, and behold! ye kindle from it.
- 81. Is not He Who created the heavens and the earth Able to create the like of them? Aye, that He is! for He is the All-Wise Creator.
- 82. But His command, when He intendeth a thing, is only that He saith unto it: Be! and it is,
- 83. Therefor Glory be to Him in Whose hand is the dominion over all things! Unto Him ye will be brought back.

SÛRAH XXXVII

As-Saffat takes its name from a word in the first verse. The reference in the first three verses is to the angels, as is made clear by vv. 164–166, where the revealing angel speaks in person. Tradition says that soothsayers and astrologers throughout the East were bewildered at the time of the Prophet's coming by the appearance in the heavens of a comet and many meteors which baffled all their science and made them afraid to sit at nights on high peaks to watch the stars, as was their general custom. They told enquirers that their familiars could no longer guide them, being thenselves completely at a loss and tertified. This is the explanation usually given of vv. 7–9, and of a passage of similar import in sûrah LXXII, vv. 8–10.

It stands early in the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

(٣٧) سُؤرَةِ الصَّافَاتِ مِكْيَّة وَآيَاهَا ١٨٨ نَزلِتَ بِعَلَالْغُامِرِ

وَٱلصَّنَّفَاتِ صَفًّا ﴿ فَٱلزَّاجِزَاتِ زَجُّرًا ﴿ فَٱلتَّلْلِيَاتِ ذَكُّوا ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَىٰهَكُمْ لَوَاحَدٌ ﴿ إِنَّ السَّمَنُواتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَرَبُ الْمَشَارِقِ رَبِّ إِنَّا زَيِّنَّا ٱلسَّمَاءَ ٱلدُّنْيَا بزينَـة ٱلْكُوَاكِ ﴿ وَحَفَّظُا مَن كُلُّ شَيْطَان مَّارد رَيِّي لَّا يَسَّمُّعُونَ إِلَى الْمَلَإِ ٱلْأُعْلَىٰ وَيُقْذَفُونَ من كُلُّ جَانِب رَفِي دُمُورُا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ وَاصِبُ رَبِّي إِلَّامَنْ خَطفَ ٱلْخُطَفَةَ فَأَتْبَعَهُ شَهَابٌ ثَاقَبٌ رَبِّي فَٱسْتَفْتِهُمْ أَهُمُ أَشَدُ خَلْقًا أَم مَّنْ خَلَقُكَ ۚ إِنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُم من طين

THOSE WHO SET THE RANKS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By those who set the ranks in battle order
- 2. And those who drive away (the wicked) with reproof
- 3. And those who read (the Word) for a reminder,
- 4. Lo! thy Lord is surely One;
- 5. Lord of the heavens and of the earth and all that is between them, and Lord of the sun's risings.
- 6. Lo! We have adorned the lowest heaven with an ornament, the planets;
 - 7. With security from every froward devil.
- 8. They cannot listen to the Highest Chiefs for they are pelted from every side,
 - 9. Outcast, and theirs is a perpetual torment;
- 10. Save him who snatcheth a fragment, and there putsueth him a piercing flame.¹
- 11. Then ask them (O Muhammad): Are they stronger as a creation, or those (others) whom We have created? Lo! We created them of plastic clay.

1 LXXII, 8-10; LXVII, 5.

لَّا زَبِ ١ ﴿ مَا عَجَبْتَ وَيَسْخَرُونَ ١ ﴿ وَإِذَا ذُكُرُواْ لَا يَذْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَارَأُواْ ءَايَةَ يَسْتَسْخُرُونَ ﴿ وَهِي وَقَالُوٓاْ إِنْ هَلْذَا إِلَّا سُحِّرٌ مُّبِينٌ ١٠ أَءِذَا مِنْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعَظَلْمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ١٠ أَوَءَابَآ وَنَا ٱلْأُوَّلُونَ ١٠ كُلْ نَعَمْ وَأَنْتُمْ دَانرُونَ ١٠٠ فَإِنَّكَ هَى زَجْرَةٌ وَاحدَهٌ فَإِذَا هُمْ يَنظُرُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ يَنوَ يُلَّنَا هَنذَا يَوْمُ الدِّين ﴿ مِن هَاذَا يَوْمُ الْفَصِّلِ الَّذِي كُنتُم بهء تُكَذَّبُونَ ﴿ إِنِّي ﴿ الْحَشُرُواْ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ وَأَزْوَاجَهُمْ وَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ مِن مُونَ الله فَأَهْدُوهُمْ إِلَى صِرَاطِ الْجَحِيمِ رَبِّي وَقَفُوهُمْ إِنَّهُم مَّسْعُولُونَ ﴿ مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَنَاصَرُونَ ﴿ بَلَ هُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ مُستَسلمُونَ رَبِّي وَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْض يَتَسَاعَلُونَ رَبِّي قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّكُمْ كُنتُمْ تَأْتُونَنَا عَنِ الْيَمِينِ ﴿ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه



- - 12. Nay, but thou dost marvel when they mock
 - 13. And heed not when they are reminded,
 - 14. And seek to scoff when they behold a portent.
 - 15. And they say: lo! this is mere magic;
- 16. When we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we then, forsooth, be raised (again)?
 - 17. And our forefathers?
- 18. Say (O Muhammad): Yea, in truth; and ye will be brought low.
 - 19. There is but one Shout, and lo! they behold,
 - 20. And say: Ah, woe for us! This is the Day of Judgment.
 - 21. This is the Day of Separation, which ye used to deny.
- 22. (And it is said unto the angels): Assemble those who did wrong, together with their wives and what they used to worship
 - 23. Instead of Allah, and lead them to the path to hell;
 - 24. And stop them, for they must be questioned.
 - 25. What aileth you that ye help not one another?
 - 26. Nay, but this day they make full submission.
- 27. And some of them draw near unto others, mutually questioning.
- 28. They say: Lo! ye used to come unto us, imposing, (swearing that ye spoke the truth).
 - 29. They answer: Nay, but ye (yourselves) were not

تَكُونُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لَنَا عَلَيْكُم مِّن سُلْطَانَ بَلْ كُنتُمْ قَوْمًا طَنغينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَحَتَّى عَلَيْنَا قَوْلُ رَبِّنَا ۖ إِنَّا لَذَا يِقُونَ ﴿ فَأَغُو بَنْكُمْ إِنَّا كُنَّا غَنُو بِنَ ﴿ فَإِنَّهُمْ يَوْمَهِذ فِي ٱلْعَذَابِ مُشْتَر كُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا كَذَاكَ نَفْعَلُ بَالْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ رَبِّي وَيَقُولُونَ أَبِنَّا لَتَارِكُواْ الْمَتَنَا لشَاعر عَِّنُونِ ١ مِنْ بَلْ جَآءَ بِٱلْحَقَّ وَصَدَّقَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ١ إِنَّكُمْ لَذَآ بِقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلْأَلْمِ ﴿ وَمَا تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كُنُّمُ ۗ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَ اللهِ الْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُوْلَتَهِكَ لَحُمَّ رزْقٌ مَعْلُومٌ ﴿ فَوَاكُهُ وَهُم مُكْرَمُونَ ﴿ فَي خَنَّات النَّعيم ﴿ عَلَىٰ سُرُر مُّنَّقَدِيلِنَ ﴿ يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِم بِكَأْسِ مَّن مَّعين ﴿ يَبْضَآءَ لَذَّة لَلشَّارِ بِينَ ﴿ لَا فِيهَا غُولٌ

believers.

- 30. We had no power over you, but ye were wayward folk.
- 31. Now the Word of our Lord hath been fulfilled concerning us. Lo! we are about to taste (the doom).
 - 32. Thus we misled you. Lo! we were (ourselves) astray.
 - 33. Then lo! this day they (both) are sharers in the doom.
 - 34. Lo! thus deal We with the guilty.
- 35. For when it was said unto them, There is no God save Allah, they were scornful
 - 36. And said: Shall we forsake our gods for a mad poet?
- 37. Nay, but he brought the Truth, and he confirmed those sent (before him).
 - 38. Lo! (now) verily ye taste the painful doom-
 - 39. Ye are requited naught save what ye did-
 - 40. Save single-minded slaves of Allah;
 - 41. For them there is a known provision,
 - 42. Fruits. And they will be honoured
 - 43. In the Gardens of delight,
 - 44. On couches facing one another;
 - 45. A cup from a gushing spring is brought round for them,
 - 46. White, delicious to the drinkers,

وَلاَ هُمْ عَنْهَا يُنزَفُونَ ﴿ وَعَندَهُمْ قَاصِرَاتُ الطَّرْف عِنٌ ﴿ يَكُ مَا نَهُ نَ بَيْضٌ مَّكُنُونٌ ﴿ فَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْض يَتَكَ المُونَ رَبِي قَالَ قَآيِلٌ مَنْهُمْ إِنِّي كَانَ لِي قَرِينٌ ﴿ يَقُولُ أَءِنَّكَ لَمَنَ ٱلْمُصَدِّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ عَنَّا مَتَّنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعَظَامًا أَءِنَّا لَمَدينُونَ ﴿ قَالَ هَـْلُ أَنَّمُ مُطَّلُّعُونَ ﴿ فَاطَّلَعَ فَرَءًاهُ فِي سَوٓاً ءِ ٱلْحَحْمِ ﴿ قَالَ عَلَى تَالله إِن كُدتَّ لَتُرُّد ين ﴿ وَلَوْلَا نَعْمَةُ رَبِّي لَكُنتُ منَ الْمُحْضَرِينَ ﴿ أَفَ أَخَلُ بَمْيَتِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا مَوْتَنَنَا ٱلْأُولَىٰ وَمَا نَحْنُ بُمُعَلَّدِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَلِذَا لَهُوَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿ لَهُ لَمَثُلَ هَنَذَا فَلْيَعْمَلُ ٱلْعَنْمِلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَذَاكَ خَيْرٌ زُرُلًا أَمْ شَجَرَةُ الزَّقُومِ ٢٠٠٠ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَاهَا فَتُنَّهَ الظَّلمينَ ﴿ إِنَّهَا شَجَرَةٌ تَغُرُجُ فِي أَصْلِ الْحَحيم ﴿

- 47. Wherein there is no headache nor are they made mad
- thereby.
 48. And with them are those of modest gaze, with lovely
- eyes,
 49. (Pure) as they were hidden eggs (of the ostrich).
- 50. And some of them draw near unto others, mutually questioning.
 - 51. A speaker of them saith: Lo! I had a comrade
- 52. Who used to say: Art thou in truth of those who put faith (in his words)?
- 53. Can we, when we are dead and have become mere dust and bones—can we (then) verily be brought to book?
 - 54. He saith: Will ye look?
 - 55. Then looketh he and seeth him in the depth of hell.
- 56. He saith: By Allah, thou verily didst all but cause my ruin.
- 57. And had it not been for the favour of my Lord, I too had been of those haled forth (to doom).
 - 58. Are we then not to die
- 59. Saving our former death, and are we not to be punished?
 - 60. Lo! this is the supreme triumph.
 - 61. For the like of this, then, let the workers work.
 - 62. Is this better as a welcome, or the tree of Zaqqûm?1
 - 63. Lo! We have appointed it a torment for wrong-doers.
 - 64. Lo! it is a tree that springeth in the heart of hell

1 XLIV, 43; LVI, 52.

طَلُّعُهَا كَأَنَّهُ رُءُوسُ الشَّيَطين رَثِي فَإِنَّهُمْ لَا كُلُونَ منْهَا فَمَا لَعُونَ مَهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ إِنَّا لَهُمْ عَلَيْهَا لَشَوْ بَا مَنْ مَدد ١ مُمَّ إِنَّ مَرْجَعَهُمْ لَإِلَى ٱلْحَجِمِ ١ إِنَّهُمْ أَلْفُواْ ءَابَآءَ هُمْ ضَآ لَينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَهُمْ عَلَىٰٓ ءَا تَارِهِمْ يُمْرَعُونَ ١٠٥ وَلَقَدْ ضَلَّ قَبْلَهُمْ أَكْثَرُ ٱلْأُولِينَ ١٠ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا فِيهِم مُّنذرينَ رَبِّي فَٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقَبَةُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَ اللهُ ٱلْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ يَكُ وَلَقَدُ نَادَنْنَا نُوحٌ فَلَنْعُمَ ٱلمُجيبُونَ ١٠٠٥ وَتَجَيَّنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ مِنَ ٱلْكَرْبِ ٱلْعَظيم ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا ذُرِّيَّتُهُ هُمُ ٱلْبَاقِينَ ﴿ وَتَرَكَنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي ٱلْآخِرِينَ ﴿ سَلَّامٌ عَلَىٰ نُوحٍ فِي ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا كُذَاكَ تَجْزى ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّهُ إِنَّهُ مِ مَنْ عَبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أُغْرَقُنَا ٱلْآتَمِينَ ﴿

- 65. Its crop is as it were the heads of devils
- 66. And lo! they verily must eat thereof, and fill (their) bellies therewith.
- 67. And afterward, lo! thereupon they have a drink of boiling water
 - 68. And afterward, lo! their return is surely unto hell.
 - 69. They indeed found their fathers astray,
 - 70. But they make haste (to follow) in their footsteps.
- 71. And verily most of the men of old went astray before them,
 - 72. And verily We sent among them warners.
- 73. Then see the nature of the consequence for those warned,
 - 74. Save single-minded slaves of Allah.
- 75. And Noah verily prayed unto Us, and gracious was the Hearer of his prayer
- 76. And We saved him and his household from the great distress,
 - 77. And made his seed the survivors,
 - 78. And left for him among the later folk (the salutation):
 - 79. Peace be unto Noah among the peoples!
 - 80. Lo! thus do We reward the good.
 - 81. Lo! he is one of Our believing slaves.
 - 82. Then We did drown the others.

* وَ إِنَّ مَن شَيْعَتُهُ عَلَا يُرَاهِيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مِنَّا اللَّهِ مِقَلَّبُ سَليم ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ لأبيه وَقَوْمه عَاذَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ أَ يِفْكًا ءَالْمَةُ دُونَ ٱللهُ تُريدُونَ ١٠٠ فَلَا ظَنُّكُم بَرَّبّ ٱلْعَلَمينَ ١ مَنْ فَنَظَرَ نَظْرَةً في ٱلنُّجُوم ١ فَقَالَ إِنِّي سَقيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ فَتُولُّواْ عَنْهُ مُدُّرِينَ ﴿ فَي فَرَاغَ إِلَّهَ عَالَهَمْ مِ فَقَالَ أَلَا تَأْ كُلُونَ ﴿ مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَنطَقُونَ ﴿ فَرَاغَ عَلَيْهُمْ ضَرِّباً بِالْيَمِين ﴿ فَأَقْبَلُواْ إِلَيْهِ يَزَفُونَ ﴿ قَالَ اللَّهِ عَالَ اللَّهِ عَالَ أَ تَعْبُدُونَ مَا تَنْحَتُونَ ١٠٠٥ وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ وَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ١٠٠٠ قَالُواْ ٱبْنُواْ لَهُ بُنْيَكُنَا فَأَلْقُوهُ فِي ٱلْجَحِيمِ ١ كَيْدًا فَجَعْلَنْهُمُ ٱلْأَسْفَلِينَ ١٠ وَقَالَ إِنِّي ذَاهِبُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّي سَيَّمُدِين ﴿ وَ إِنَّ هَبْ لِي مِنَ ٱلصَّالِحِينَ ﴿ فَبَشَّرْنَهُ بِغُلَم حَلِيهِ ﴿ فَكُمَّا بَلَغَ مَعَهُ السَّعَى قَالَ

- 83. And lo! of his persuasion verily was Abraham
 - 84. When he came unto his Lord with a whole heart;
- 85. When he said unto his father and his folk: What is it that ye worship?
 - 86. Is it a falsehood—gods beside Allah—that ye desire?
 - 87. What then is your opinion of the Lord of the Worlds?
 - 88. And he glanced a glance at the stars
 - 80. Then said: Lo! I feel sick!
 - 90. And they turned their backs and went away from him.
 - 91. Then turned he to their gods and said: Will ye not eat?
 - 92. What aileth you that ye speak not?
 - 93. Then he attacked them, striking with his right hand.
 - 94. And (his people) came toward him, hastening.
- 95. He said: Worship ye that which ye yourselves do carve
 - 96. When Allah hath created you and what ye make?
- 97. They said: Build for him a building and fling him in the red-hotfire.
- 98. And they designed a snare for him, but We made them the undermost.
- 99. And he said: Lo! I am going unto my Lord Who will guide me
 - 100. My Lord! Vouchsafe me of the righteous.
 - 101. So We gave him tidings of a gentle son.

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102. And when (his son) was old enough to walk with him,

يَنبُنَيَّ إِنَّى أَرَىٰ فِي ٱلْمَنَامِ أَنَّى أَذْبَكُ كَ فَٱنظُرْ مَاذَا تَرَىٰ قَالَ يَتَأْبَتَ أَفْعَلْ مَا نُؤْمِ شَنْجُدُنَّ إِن شَآءَ اللهُ مَنَ ٱلصَّدِرِينَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا أَسُلَمَا وَتَلَّهُ لِلْجَدِينِ ﴿ وَنَكَيِّنَهُ أَ أَنْ يَلَا إِبْرَاهِمُ رَبِّينٍ قَدْصَدَّقْتَ ٱلرُّءْيَآ إِنَّا كَذَالكَ تَجْزى ٱلمُحْسنينَ ١ إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَهُوَ ٱلْبَلْتَوُا ٱلْمُبِينُ ١ وَ فَدَيْنَكُ بِذَبِحِ عَظِيمِ ﴿ وَرَكَنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي ٱلْآخِرِينَ ١ سَلَامً عَلَيْ إِبْرَهِيمَ ﴿ كَذَالَكَ نَجْزى ٱلْمُحْسَنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عَبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَبَشَّرْنَكُ مِإِنَّكَ نَبِيًّا مِّنَ ٱلصَّلاحينَ ﴿ وَ بَدَرَ كُنَا عَلَيْهُ وَعَلَيْ إِسْحَنَى وَمن ذُرّ يَتهما عُمْنٌ وَظَالِرٌ لَنَفْسه عُبِينٌ رَبُّي وَلَقَدْ مَنَنَّا عَلَى مُوسَى وَهَنرُ ونَ ١ وَنَصَرَّنَهُمْ فَكَأْنُواْ هُمُ ٱلْغَلْبِينَ ١

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(Abraham) said: O my dear son, I have seen in a dream that I must sacrifice thee. So look, what thinkest thou? He said: O my father! Do that which thou art commanded. Allah willing, thou shalt find me of the steadfast.

- 103. Then, when they had both surrendered (to Allah), and he had flung him down upon his face,
 - 104. We called unto him: O Abraham!
- 105. Thou hast already fulfilled the vision. Lo! thus do We reward the good.
 - 106. Lo! that verily was a clear test.
 - 107. Then We ransomed him with a tremendous victim.
- 108. And We left for him among the later folk (the salutation):
 - 109. Peace be unto Abraham!
 - 110. Thus do We reward the good.
 - 111. Lo! he is one of Our believing slaves.
- 112. And We gave him tidings of the birth of Isaac, a prophet of the righteous.
- 113. And We blessed him and Isaac. And of their seed are some who do good, and some who plainly wrong themselves.
 - 114. And We verily gave grace unto Moses and Aaron,
- 115. And saved them and their people from the great distress.
 - 116. And helped them so that they became the victors.

ٱلْكَتَابَ ٱلْمُسْتَبِينَ ١١٥ وَهَدَيْنَاهُمَا ٱلصَّرَاطَ ٱلْمُسْتَقَمَ ١١) وَرَزَكُنَا عَلَيْهِمَا فِي ٱلْآخرينَ ١١) سَلَامٌ عَلَى مُوسَىٰ وَهَدُونَ شِي إِنَّا كَذَاكَ نَجْزِي ٱلْمُحْسَنِينَ شِي إِنَّهُمَا مِنْ عَبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلْيَاسَ لَمِنَ ٱلمُرْسَلِينَ ١٠ إِذْ قَالَ لقَوْمِهِ أَلاَ نَتَقُونَ ١١٠ أَتَدُّعُونَ بَعْلًا وَتَفَرُونَ أَحْسَنَ الْخَلَفِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ رَبَّكُمْ وَرَبَّ ءَا بَا يِكُرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَإِنَّهُمْ لَمُحْضَرُونَ ﴿ وَا إِلَّا عَادَاللهُ الْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ كَنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي ٱلْآخرِينَ ﴿ إِلَّهُ عَلَيْهِ فِي الْآخرينَ سَلَنهُ عَلَقَ إِلْ يَاسِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا كَذَاكَ نَجْزى ٱلْمُحْسنينَ ١١ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عَبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمنينَ ١١ وَإِنَّا لُوطًا لَّمَنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِذْ تَجَيِّنَكُ وَأَهْلَهُ وَأَهْلَهُ وَأَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا بَحُوزًا فِي الْغَلِرِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَدَمَّرُنَا ٱلْآنَوِينَ ﴿

- - 118. And showed them the right path.
- 119. And We left for them among the later folk (the salutation):
 - 120. Peace be unto Moses and Aaron!
 - 121. Lo! thus do We reward the good.
 - 122. Lo! they are two of Our believing slaves.
 - 123. And lo! Elias was of those sent (to warn),
- 124. When he said unto his folk: Will ye not ward off (evil)?
 - 125. Will ye cry unto Baal and forsake the Best of creators,
 - 126. Allah, your Lord and Lord of your forefathers?
- 127. But they denied him, so they surely will be haled forth (to the doom)
 - 128. Save single-minded slaves of Allah.
- 129. And We left for him among the later folk (the salutation):
 - 130. Peace be unto Elias!..
 - 131. Lo! thus do We reward the good.
 - 132. Lo! he is one of our believing slaves.
 - 133. And lo! Lot verily was of those sent (to warn),
 - 134. When We saved him and his household, every one,
 - 135. Save an old woman among those who stayed behind;
 - 136. Then We destroyed the others.

وَ إِنَّكُمْ لَنَمُونَ عَلَيْهِم مُصْبِحِينَ ﴿ وَبِالَّيْلُ أَفَلًا تَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ يُونُسَ لَمَنَ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِذْ أَبْقَ إِلَّ ٱلْفُلْك ٱلْمَشُّحُون ﴿ فَي فَسَاهَمَ فَكَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُدْحَضِينَ ﴿ إِلَّهِ فَٱلْتَقَمَّهُ ٱلْخُوتُ وَهُوَ مُلِيدٌ ﴿ اللَّهِ فَلُولًا أَنَّهُ كَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُسَبِحِينَ ﴿ لَكُبُثَ فِي بَطِّنهُ ۚ إِلَّىٰ يَوْمُ يُبِعَثُونَ ﴿ لَيْ * فَنَبَدْنَكُ بِالْعَرَاءِ وَهُوَ سَقَيْمٌ وَإِنَّ وَأَبْتُنَا عَلَيْهُ شَجْرَةً مَن يَقْطِينَ ﴿ وَأَرْسَلْنَكُ إِلَى مَا ثَهَ أَلْفَ أَوْ يَرِيدُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ فَقَامَنُواْ أَلَتَعْنَاهُمْ إِلَىٰ حين ﴿ فَأَسْتَفْهُمْ أَلَرَبُكَ ٱلْبَنَاتُ وَهَمُ ٱلْبِنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْمَلَتَكِمَةَ إِنَنْنَا وَهُمْ شَنهدُونَ رَثِيَ أَلَآ إِنَّهُم مَنْ إِفْكَهُمْ لَيَقُولُونَ رَثِي وَلَدَ اللَّهُ وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَنْدُبُونَ ﴿ أَصْطَنَى الْبَنَاتِ عَلَى الْبَنينَ ﴿ فِي مَالَكُمْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ ﴿ أَفَلَا تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ أَمْلَكُمْ



- 137. And lo! ye verily pass by (the ruin of) them in the morning
 - 138. And at night-time; have ye then no sense?
 - 139. And lo! Jonah verily was of those sent (to warn)
 - 140. When he fled unto the laden ship,
 - 141. And then drew lots and was of those rejected;
- 142. And the fish swallowed him while he was blameworthy;
 - 143. And had he not been one of those who glorify (Allah)
- 144. He would have tarried in its belly till the day when they are raised;
 - 145. Then We cast him on a desert shore while he was sick;
 - 146. And We caused a tree of gourd to grow above him;
- 147. And We sent him to a hundred thousand (folk) or more
- 148. And they believed, therefor We gave them comfort for a while.
- 149. Now ask them (O Muhammad): Hath thy Lord daughters whereas they have sons?
- 150. Or created We the angels females while they were present?
 - 151. Lo! it is of their falsehood that they say:
 - 152. Allah hath begotten. And lo! verily they tell a lie.
- 153. (And again of their falsehood): He hath preferred daughters to sons
 - 154. What aileth you? How judge ye?
 - 155. Will ye not then reflect?

سُلْطَكُنُّ مُّبِينٌ وَفِي فَأْتُواْ بِكَتَابِكُرُ إِن كُنتُمَ صَلدتينَ وَفِي وَجَعَلُواْ بَيْنَهُ وَبِينَ اَجْنَةَ نَسَبًا وَلَقَدْ عَلَمَت اَجْفَةُ إِنَّهُمْ لَمُحْفَرُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَ اللَّهُ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَ ٱلله ٱلمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ فَإِنَّكُمْ وَمَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ مَا أَنُّمُ عَلَيْه بِفَنتنينَ ١٠٠ إِلَّا مَنْ هُوَصَال ٱلْحَحيم ١٥٠ وَمَا منَّا إِلَّا لَهُ مِ مَقَامٌ مَعْلُومٌ ﴿ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الصَّا فُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الصَّا فُونَ وَ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ ٱلْمُسَبِّحُونَ ﴿ وَإِن كَانُواْ لَيَقُولُونَ ﴿ إِن كَانُواْ لَيَقُولُونَ ﴿ لَوْ أَنَّ عندَنَا ذَكُرًا مَنَ ٱلأَوَّلِينَ ١١ لَكُنَّا عَبَادَ الله ٱلْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿ فَكَفَرُ وا بَهَ ء فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ سَبَقَتْ كَلَمَتُنَا لَعَبَادِنَا ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ لَمُمُّ ٱلْمَنصُورُونَ ١٠٠٥ وَ إِنَّ جُندَنَا لَحُمُ ٱلْغَلْبُونَ ١١٠٠ فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ حين ﴿إِنَّ وَأَبْصَرُهُمْ فَسَوْفَ يُبْصُرُونَ ﴿إِنَّ

- 156. Or have ye a clear warrant?
- 157. Then produce your writ, if ye are truthful.
- 158. And they imagine kinship between him and the jinn, whereas the jinn know well that they will be brought before (Him).
- 159. Glorified be Allah from that which they attribute (unto Him),
 - 160. Save single-minded slaves of Allah.
 - 161. Lo! verily, ye and that which ye worship,
 - 162. Ye cannot excite (anyone) against Him
 - 163. Save him who is to burn in hell.
 - 164. There is not one of us1 but hath his known position.
 - 165. Lo! we, even we are they who set the ranks.
 - 166. Lo! we, even we are they who hymn His praise
 - 167. And indeed they used to say:
 - 168. If we had but a reminder from the men of old
 - 169. We would be single-minded slaves of Allah.
- 170. Yet (now that it is come) they disbelieve therein; but they will come to know.
- 171. And verily Our word went forth of old unto Our bondmen sent (to warn)
 - 172. That they verily would be helped,
 - 173. And that Our host, they verily would be the victors.
 - 174. So withdraw from them (O Muhammad) awhile,
 - 175. And watch, for they will (soon) see.
 - 1 Here the revealing angel speaks in person.

أَفَبِعَذَابِنَا يَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ﴿ فَا فَإِذَا نُزَلَ بِسَاحَتِهِمْ فَسَآءَ صَبَاحُ ٱلمُنذَرِينَ ﴿ وَنَوَلَ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ حِينِ ﴿ وَالْمَرْفَلُ وَبَاكُ رَبِّ ٱلْعِزَّةِ وَأَبْصِرْ فَسَوْفَ يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ سُبْحَنْنَ رَبِّكَ رَبِّ ٱلْعِزَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ وَسَلَامٌ عَلَى ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ وَالْحَمْدُ لللَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَالْمَالِمَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿ وَالْحَمْدُ لللهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لللهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لللهِ وَالْمَالِينَ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّا الللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللللَّا الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ الللللَّا ال

> (۳۸) سُبُورةَ مِنْ مُكَثِبَّة وآیاتها ۸۸ نزلتّ بَعْدالْقِسَمِرِّ

بِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

ص وَالْقُرْءَانِ ذِي الذِّكْرِ ﴿ بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فِي عَزَّهِ وَشِقَاقِ ۞ كَرَّ أَهْلَكُنَا مِن قَبْلِهِم مِن قَرْن فَنَادُواْ وَلَاتَ عَيِنَ مَنَاسٍ ۞ وَعِجْبُواْ أَن جَاءَهُم مُنْدُرٌ مِنْهُمْ

- 176. Would they hasten on Our doom?
- 177. But when it cometh home to them, then it will be a hapless morn for those who have been warned.
 - 178. Withdraw from them awhile
 - 179. And watch, for they will (soon) see.
- 180. Glorified be thy Lord, the Lord of Majesty, from that which they attribute (unto Him)
 - 181. And peace be unto those sent (to warn).
 - 182. And praise be to Allah, Lord of the Worlds!

SÜRAH XXXVIII

54d. This sûrah takes its name from the letter of the Arabic alphabet which stands alone at the beginning of the first verse. Tradition says that the first ten verses were revealed when the leaders of Qureysh tried to persuade Abû Tâlib to withdraw his protection from the Prophet, or when Abû Tâlib died. The former is the more probable.

Its place is early in the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

SÂD

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Şâd. By the renowned Qur'ân,
- 2. Nay, but those who disbelieve are in false pride and schism.
- 3. How many a generation We destroyed before them, and they cried out when it was no longer the time for escape!
 - 4. And they marvel that a warner from among themselves

وَقَالَ ٱلْكَلفرُونَ هَلذَا سَلحرٌ كَذَّابُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَجَعَلَ ٱلْآلَهَةَ إَلَنْهَا وَاحَدًا إِنَّ هَلْذَا لَشَيْءٌ بُحَابٌ رَقٍ وَانْطَلَقَ ٱلْمَلَأُ مَنْهُمْ أَن آمْشُواْ وَآصْبِرُواْ عَلَىٰٓ ءَالْهَنَكُمُ ۗ إِنَّا هَلَذَا لَشَيْءٌ يُرَادُ ﴿ مَا سَمُّعُنَا بَهِنذَا فِي ٱلْمِلَّةِ ٱلْآخِرَةِ إِنَّ هَنذَآ إِلَّا ٱخْتَلَتُّ ٢ أَ اللَّهُ مُ فَ مَلَ الذَّكُو مِنْ بَيْنَنَّ بَلْ هُمْ فَ شَكَ مَّن ذكري بَل لَّمَّا يَذُوقُواْ عَذَاب ﴿ أَمْ عَندَهُمْ خَزَايْنُ رَحْمَة رَبُّكَ ٱلْعَزيز ٱلْوَجَّابِ ﴿ أَمْ لَمُم مُّلُّكُ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَنْهُ مُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ تَقُواْ فِي ٱلْأَسْبَلِ ٢ جُندٌ مَّاهُنَالِكَ مَهْزُومٌ مَنَ ٱلْأَحْرَابِ (إِنَّ كُذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَعَادٌ وَفَرْعَوْنُ ذُو ٱلْأُوْتَاد ٢٠٠٠ وَتَمُودُ وَقَوْمُ لُوط وَأَصْعَابُ لْقَيْكُة ۚ أَوْلَتِهِكَ ٱلْأَحْزَابُ ﴿ إِن كُلُّ إِلَّا كَذَّبَ ٱلرُّسُلَ فَحَقَّ عَقَابِ رَبِّي وَمَا يَنظُرُ هَـٰتَوُلآ ءِ إِلَّا hath come unto them, and the disbelievers say: This is a wizard, a charlatan.

- 5. Maketh he the gods One God? Lo! that is an astounding thing.
- 6. The chiefs among them go about, exhorting: Go and be staunch to your gods! Lo! this is a thing designed.
- 7. We have not heard of this in later religion. This is naught but an invention.
- 8. Hath the reminder been revealed unto him (alone) among us? Nay, but they are in doubt concerning My reminder; nay but they have not yet tasted My doom.
- 9. Or are theirs the treasures of the mercy of thy Lord, the Mighty, the Bestower?
- 10. Or is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them theirs? Then let them ascend by ropes!
 - 11. A defeated host are (all) the factions that are there.
- 12. The folk of Noah before them denied (their messenger) and (so did the tribe of) A'âd, and Pharaoh firmly planted,
- 13. And (the tribe of) Thamûd, and the folk of Lot, and the dwellers in the wood: 1 these were the factions.
- 14. Not one of them but did deny the messengers, therefor My doom was justified,

¹ Midian.

صَيْحَةُ وَاحدَةً مَّالَمَا مِن فَوَاق رَثِي وَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا بَحْل لَّنَا قطَّنَا قَبْلَ يَوْمِ الْحُسَابِ ﴿ إِنَّ اصْبِرْعَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ وَاذْكُرْ عَبْدَنَا دَاوُرِدَ ذَا ٱلْأَيْدَ إِنَّهُ وَأُوَّابُ ١ إِنَّا سَخَّرْنَا ٱلْحِبَالَ مَعَـهُۥ يُسَبّحْنَ بِٱلْعَشَى وَٱلْإِشْرَاقِ ۞ وَٱلطَّيْرَ مَحْشُورَةً كُلُّ لَهُ وَأَوَّابٌ إِنَّ وَشَدَدْنَا مُلْكُهُ وَءَا تَيْنَكُ ٱلْحُكُمَّةَ وَفَصْلَ الْخُطَابِ رَبِّي * وَهَلْ أَتَلْكَ نَبَوُّا الْخُصُّم إِذْ تَسَوَّرُواْ ٱلْمَحْرَابَ (إِنِي إِذْ دَخَلُواْعَلَىٰ دَاوُدَ فَفَرَعَ مَنْهُمْ قَالُواْ لَا تَخَفُّ خَصْمَان بَغَى بَعْضُنَا عَلَى بَعْض فَآحُكُم بَيْنَنَا بِٱلْحَقّ وَلا تُشْطِط وَ أَهْدَنَا إِلَى سَوآء الصّراط را إِنَّ هَٰذَآ أَخَى لَهُۥ تَشْعٌ وَتَسْعُونَ نَعْجَةٌ وَلَى نَعْجَةٌ وَ حَدَّةٌ فَقَالَ أَكْفَلْنِهَا وَعَنَّى فِي الْخَطَابِ ٢٠ قَالَ لَقَدْ ظَلَمَكَ بسُوَّال نَعْجَنكَ إِلَىٰ نعَاجِهِ ء وَ إِنَّ كَثيرًا مَنَ ٱلْخُلَطَاء





- 15. These wait for but one Shout, there will be no second thereto.
- 16. They say: Our Lord! Hasten on for us our fate before the Day of Reckoning.
- 17. Bear with what they say, and remember Our bondman David, lord of might. Lo! he was ever turning in repentance (toward Allah).
- 18. Lo! We subdued the hills to hymn the praises (of their Lord) with him at nightfall and sunrise,
 - 19. And the birds assembled; all were turning unto Him
- 20. We made his kingdom strong and gave him wisdom and decisive speech.
- 21. And hath the story of the litigants come unto thee? How they climbed the wall into the royal chamber;
- 22. How they burst in upon David, and he was afraid of them. They said: Be not afraid! (We are) two litigants, one of whom hath wronged the other, therefor judge aright between us; be not unjust; and show us the fair way.
- 23. Lo! this my brother hath ninety and nine ewes while I had one ewe; and he said: Entrust it to me, and he conquered me in speech.
- 24. (David) said: He hath wronged thee in demanding thine ewe in addition to his ewes, and lo! many partners

EL ST

لَيَبْغي بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْض إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَنْتُ وَقَلْيِلٌ مَّا هُمُّ وَظَنَّ دَاوُدُ أَنَّمَا فَتَنَّهُ فَأَسْتَغْفُرَ رَبُّهُ وَنَحَرَّزَا كُفّا وَأَنَّابَ ﴿ إِنِّ ﴿ فَغَفْرْنَا لَهُ وَذَالكَّ وَ إِنَّ لَهُ عِندَنَا لَزُلْفَى وَحُسَّنَ مَعَابِ رَثِي يَلدَاوُدُ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَكَ خَلِفَةً فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَآحْكُم بَيْنَ ٱلنَّاسِ بِٱلْحَقَ وَلَا تَنَّبِعِ ٱلْمُوَىٰ فَيُضِلَّكَ عَن سَبِيل ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَضلُّونَ عَن سَبيل الله لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ شَديدُ كِمَا لَسُواْ يَوْمَ الْحُسَابِ رَبُّ وَمَا خَلَقْنَ السَّمَاءَ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا بَنطلًا ۚ ذَالكَ ظَنُّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواۚ ۚ فَوَيْلٌ لِّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ منَ ٱلنَّارِ ١ أَمْ تَجْعَلُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَات كَالْمُفْسدينَ في ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمْ تَجْعَلُ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ كَاللَّهُ عَالِ ٢ كَتَنَبُ أَزَلْنَكُ إِلَيْكَ مُبَنرَكُ لَيَدَّبّرُ وَا ءَايَنته ع وَلَيْتَذَكَّر

oppress one another, save such as believe and do good works, and they are few. And David guessed that We had tried him, and he sought forgiveness of his Lord, and he bowed himself and fell down prostrate and repented.

- 25. So We forgave him that; and lo! he had access to Our presence and a happy journey's end.
- 26. (And it was said unto him): O David! Lo! We have set thee as a viceroy in the earth; therefor judge aright between mankind, and follow not desire that it beguile thee from the way of Allah. Lo! those who wander from the way of Allah have an awful doom, forasmuch as they forgot the Day of Reckoning.
- 27. And We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between them in vain. That is the opinion of those who disbelieve. And woe unto those who disbelieve, from the Fire!
- 28. Shall We treat those who believe and do good works as those who spread corruption in the earth; or shall We treat the pious as the wicked?
- 29. (This is) a Scripture that We have revealed unto thee, full of blessing, that they may ponder its revelations, and

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أُولُواْ ٱلْأَلْبَكِ ﴿ وَوَهَبْنَا لِدَاوُرِدَ سُلَيْمَنَ نَعْمَ ٱلْعَبْدُ إِنَّهُ وَ أَوَّابُ رَبِّي إِذْ عُرضَ عَلَيْه بِٱلْعَشَى ٱلصَّافَلَتُ ٱلْجِيَادُ ﴿ مَن فَقَالَ إِنَّ أَحْبَبْتُ حُبَّ الْخَيْرِ عَن ذَكَّر رَبِّي حَتَّى تَوَارَتْ بِٱلْحَجَابِ ﴿ رَبِّي رُدُّوهَا عَلَيٌّ فَطَفْقَ مَسْحًا بِٱلسُّوقِ وَٱلْأَعْنَاقِ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا سُلِّمَنَ وَأَلْقَيْنَا عَلَى كُرْسيّه ع جَسَدًا ثُمَّ أَنَابَ رَبِّ عَالَ رَبّ أَغْفُر لِي وَهَبْ لِي مُلْكًا لا يَنْبَغي لأَحَد مَن بَعْدى إِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْوَهَّابُ رَضَ فَسَخَّرْنَا لَهُ ٱلرِّيحَ تَجْرى بأَمْره ع رُخَا ءُ حَيْثُ أَصَابَ ٢ وَ ٱلشَّيَدَطِينَ كُلَّ بَنَّآءِ وَغَوَّاص ﴿ وَ وَانْحَرِينَ مُقَرَّنِينَ في ٱلأَصْفَاد ﴿ هَٰ هَٰذَا عَطَآ وُنَا فَٱمُّنَّ أَوْ أَمْسَكَ بَغَيْر حَسَابِ ﴿ وَإِنَّا لَهُ عِنْدَنَا لَزُلْفَىٰ وَحُسْنَ مَعَابِ إِنَّ لَهُ عِنْدَنَا لَزُلْفَىٰ وَحُسْنَ مَعَاب وَاذْ كُرْ عَبْدَنَآ أَيُّوبَ إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّهُ ۗ إِنَّى مَسَّنَى ٱلشَّيْطَانُ

that men of understanding may reflect.

- 30. And We bestowed on David, Solomon. How excellent a slave! Lo! he was ever turning in repentance (toward Allah).
- 31. When there were shown to him at eventide light-
- 32. And he said: Lo! I have preferred the good things (of the world) to the remembrance of my Lord; till they were taken out of sight behind the curtain.
- 33. (Then he said): Bring them back to me, and fell to slashing (with his sword their) legs and necks.
- 34. And verily We tried Solomon, and set upon his throne a (mere) body. Then did he repent.
- 35. He said: My Lord! Forgive me and bestow on me sovereignty such as shall not belong to any after me. Lo! Thou art the Bestower.
- 36. So We made the wind subservient unto him, setting fair by his command whithersoever he intended.
- 37. And the unruly, 1 every builder and diver (made We subservient),
 - 38. And others linked together in chains,
- 39. (Saying): This is Our gift, so bestow thou, or withhold, without reckoning.
- 40. And lo! he hath favour with Us, and a happy journey's end.
- 41. And make mention (O Muhammad) of Our bondman Job, when he cried unto his Lord (saying): Lo! the devil

بنُصْب وَعَذَاب ﴿ أَرْكُضْ بِرَجْلِكَ هَلْذَا مُغْتَسَلُ بَارِدٌ وَشَرَابٌ ﴿ وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ ۥ أَهْـلَهُۥ وَمَثْلَهُم مَّعَهُمْ رَحْمَةُ مَنَّا وَ ذَكْرَى لأُولِي ٱلْأَلْبَبِ ﴿ وَخُذْ بِيَدكَ صْغْثًا فَأَضْرِب بِهِ وَلَا تَحْنَثُ إِنَّا وَجَدْنَكُ صَابِراً نَعْمَ الْعَبْدُ إِنَّهُ أَوَّابُ إِنَّ وَأَذْكُرْ عَبَدَنَا إِبْرَاهِمَ وَإِسْمَنَ وَيَعْقُوبَ أُولِي ٱلْأَيْدِي وَٱلْأَبْصِيرِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَخْلَصْنَاهُم يَخَالِصَة ذَكْرَى الدَّارِ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُمْ عَندَنَالَمَنَ الْمُصْطَفَيْنَ ٱلْأُخْيَارِ ﴿ وَأَذْكُرْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَٱلْمَيْسَعَ وَذَا ٱلْكَفْلَ وَكُلُّ مَنَ ٱلْأَخْيَارِ ﴿ هَا هَٰذَا ذَكُر ۗ وَ إِنَّ لَلْمُنَّقِينَ لَحُسْنَ مَثَابِ ﴿ جَنَّكَ عَدُّن مُّفَنَّحَةً لَّمُ ۖ ٱلْأَبُورَبُ ﴿ مُتَّكَ يِنَ فِهَا يَدْعُونَ فِهَا بِفَلَكَهَة كَثيرَة وَشَرَاب رَثِي * وَعندَهُم مَ قَنصرَاتُ الطَّرْف أَثْرَابُ ١٠٠ مَلدًا



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doth afflict me with distress and torment.

- 42. (And it was said unto him): Strike the ground with thy foot. This (spring) is a cool bath and a refreshing drink.
- 43. And We bestowed on him (again) his household and therewith the like thereof, a mercy from Us, and a memorial for men of understanding.
- 44. And (it was said unto him): Take in thine hand a branch and smite therewith, and break not thine oath. Lo! We found him steadfast, how excellent a slave! Lo! he was ever turning in repentance (to his Lord).
- 45. And make mention of Our bondmen, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, men of parts and vision.
- 46. Lo! We purified them with a pure thought, remembrance of the Home (of the Hereafter).
- 47. Lo! in Our sight they are verily of the elect, the excellent.
- 48. And make mention of Ishmael and Elisha and Dhû'l-Kifl. All are of the chosen.
- 49. This is a reminder. And lo! for those who ward off (evil) is a happy journey's end,
- 50. Gardens of Eden, whereof the gates are opened for them,
- 51. Wherein, reclining, they call for plenteous fruit and cool drink (that is) therein.
- 52. And with them are those of modest gaze, companions.

مَا تُوعَدُونَ ليَوْمِ ٱلْحَسَابِ ﴿ إِنَّ هَانَا لَرَ زَّقُنَا مَا لَهُ مِن نَّفَاد رَثِيَ هَٰذَا ۗ وَ إِنَّ للطَّلْفِينَ لَشَرَّ مَعَابِ رَبِّي جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلَوْنَهَا فَبِئُسَ ٱلمهادُ رَبِّي هَلْذَا فَلْيَذُوقُوهُ حَمَّمُ وَغَسَّاقٌ رَبِّي وَءَانَدُ مِن شَكَّله ۗ أَزْ وَاجُّ رَبِّي هَلَذَا فَوْجٌ مُقْتَحَمُّ مَعَكُمُ لَا مَرْجَا بِهِمْ إِنَّهُمْ صَالُواْ ٱلنَّارِ (آنَ قَالُواْ بَلْ أَنْهُ لَامْرْجَا بِكُمْ أَنْهُ فَدَّ مُنْهُ و لَنَا فَبْلُسَ ٱلْقَرَارُ ﴿ مَا قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا مَن قَدَّمَ لَنَا هَلَذَا فَرَدُهُ عَذَابًا صْعْفًا فِي ٱلنَّارِ ١٤ وَقَالُواْ مَا لَنَا لَا نَرَى رَجَا لَا كُنَّا نَعَدُ هُم مَّنَ ٱلْأَشْرَادِ ﴿ أَنَّكَذَنَّهُمْ سُخْرِيًّا أَمْ زَاغَتْ عَنْهُمُ ٱلْأَبْصَارُ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَاكَ لَحَنَّ تَعَاصُمُ أَهْلِ النَّارِ فِي عُلْ إِنَّمَا أَنَا مُنذِّرٌ وَمَا مِنْ إِلَّه إِلَّا اللهُ الْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَّارُ ﴿ ٢ رَبُّ السَّمَلَوَات وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَشْنَهُمَا الْعَزِيزُ الْغَفَّارُ ٢

- 53. This it is that ye are promised for the Day of Reckoning.
- 54. Lo! this in truth is Our provision, which will never waste away.
- 55. This (is for the righteous). And lo! for the transgressors there will be an evil journey's end,
 - 56. Hell, where they will burn, an evil resting-place.
- 57. Here is a boiling and an ice-cold draught, so let them taste it.
- 58. And other (torment) of the kind in pairs (the two extremes)!
- 59. Here is an army rushing blindly with you. (Those who are already in the Fire say): No word of welcome for them. Lo! they will roast at the Fire.
- 60. They say: Nay, but you (misleaders), for you there is no word of welcome. Ye prepared this for us (by your misleading). Now hapless is the plight.
- 61. They say: Our Lord! Whoever did prepare this for us, oh, give him double portion of the Fire!
- 62. And they say: What aileth us that we behold not men whom we were wont to count among the wicked?
- 63. Did we take them (wrongly) for a laughing-stock, or have our eyes missed them?
- 64. Lo! that is very truth: the wrangling of the dwellers in the Fire.
- 65. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): I am only a warner, and there is no God save Allah, the One, the Absolute,
- 66. Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, the Mighty, the Pardoning.

قُلْ هُوَ نَسَوُّا عَظيمٌ ﴿ أَنَّهُمْ عَنَّهُ مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ مَا كَانَ لَ مَنْ عَلْم بَا لَمَلَإِ ٱلْأَعْلَةِ إِذْ يَخْتَصِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِن يُوحَقَّ إِلَّ إِلَّا أَنَّكَ أَنَّا نَذَيُّرُ مُّبِينً ﴿ إِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ الْمَلَتَهِكَة إِنَّى خَالَتُ كُبُكُمُ مَن طين ﴿ فَإِذَا سَوَّيْتُهُۥ وَنَفَخْتُ فيه من رُّوحى فَقَعُواْ لَهُ سَلجدينَ ﴿ فَسَجَدَ ٱلْمَلَـٰتَهِكَةُ كُلُّهُمْ أَجْمَعُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ اسْتَكْبَرَ وَكَانَ مَنَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ قَالَ يَدَإِ بليسُ مَا مَنَعَكَ أَن تَسْجُدَ لَمَا خَلَقْتُ بِيَدَى ۚ أَسْتَكْبَرْتَ أَمْ كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلْعَالِينَ ١ قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرُ مِنْهُ خَلَقْتَنَى مِن نَّارِ وَخَلَقْتَهُ مِن طِينَ ﴿ قَالَ فَأَنْرُجْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ عَلَيْكَ لَعْنَتِيٓ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الدِّين ﴿ قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنْظِرْتَىٰ إِلَىٰ يَوْمُ يُبْعَثُونَ ﴿ قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مَنَ ٱلْمُنظَرِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا يَوْمِ ٱلْوَقْتِ

- 67. Say: It is tremendous tidings
- 68. Whence ye turn away!
- 69. I had no knowledge of the Highest Chiefs when they disputed;
 - 70. It is revealed unto me only that I may be a plain warner.
- 71. When thy Lord said unto the angels: lo! I am about to create a mortal out of mire,
- 72. And when I have fashioned him and breathed into him of My Spirit, then fall down before him prostrate,
 - 73. The angels fell down prostrate, every one,
- 74. Saving Iblîs; he was scornful and became one of the disbelievers.
- 75. He said: O Iblîs! What hindereth thee from falling prostrate before that which I have created with both My hands? Art thou too proud or art thou of the high exalted?
- 76. He said: I am better than him. Thou createdst me of fire, whilst him Thou didst create of clay.
- 77. He said: Go forth from hence, for lo! thou art outcast,
 - 78. And lo! My curse is on thee till the Day of Judgment.
- 79. He said: My Lord! Reprieve me till the day when they are raised.
 - 80. He said: Lo! thou art of those reprieved
 - 81. Until the day of the time appointed.

الْمَعْلُومِ ﴿ مَنَ قَالَ فَبِعِزَّ تِكَ لَأُغُو يَنَّهُمُ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ إِلَّا عَبَادَكَ مَنْهُمُ الْمُعْلَصِينَ ﴿ قَالَ فَالْحَقَّ وَالْحَقَّ الْحُولُ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَا أَجْعَينَ ﴿ وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُنْكَلِّفِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُنْكِلِفِينَ اللَّهُ الْمُنْكِلِقِينَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّا اللَّهُ الللّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّه

(٣٩) سُوْلِوَّا الْرَمَّرُ مُكَكِيَّةِ الاالآبات ٢، و ٣، و ١، و د بنة وآياهنا ٧٠ نزلت بعند تستا.

بِنُ لِيَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمُ لِٱلْرِحِيمِ

تَنزيلُ الْكَتَنْ مِنَ اللهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَزَلْنَا اللهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الْكَتَنْ اللهِ ا



82. He said: Then, by Thy might, I surely will beguile them every one,

83. Save Thy single-minded slaves among them.

8. . He said: The Truth is, and the Truth I speak,

85. That I shall fill hell with thee and with such of them as follow thee, together.

86. Say (O Muhammad, unto mankind): I ask of you no

fee for this, and I am no simulating.

87. Lo! it is naught else than a reminder for all peoples

88. And ye will come in time to know the truth thereof.

SÛRAH XXXIX

Az-Zumar, "The Troops," takes its name from a peculiar word, meaning troops or companies, which occurs in v. 71, and again in v. 73. Some authorities think that vv. 53 and 54 were revealed at Al-Madînah.

It seems manifestly to belong to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs, though Nöldeke places it in his last group.

THE TROOPS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. The revelation of the Scripture is from Allah, the Mighty, the Wise.

2. Lo! We have revealed the Scripture unto thee (Muhammad) with truth; so worship Allah, making religion pure for Him (only).

3. Surely pure religion is for Allah only. And those who choose protecting friends beside Him (say): We worship

مَا نَعْبُدُهُمْ إِلَّا لِيُقَرَّبُونَآ إِلَى اللهُ زُلْفَىۤ إِنَّ اللهَ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ في مَا هُمْ فِيه يَخْتَلَفُونَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَمِّدى مَنْ هُوَ كَنذبٌ كَفَّارٌ حِي لَّوْ أَرَادَ اللهُ أَن يَخَّذَ وَلَداً لَّاصْطَفَى مَّا يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاكُ أُ سُبْحَلِنَهُ فَوَ اللهُ ٱلْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَّارُ ﴿ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَنُوات وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحَتَّى يُكُوِّرُ ٱلَّيْلَ عَلَى النَّهَار وَيُكَوِّرُ النَّهَارَ عَلَى الَّيْلِّ وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرُ كُلُّ يَجْرِي لأَجَل مُّسَمَّى أَلَاهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ ٱلْغَفَّارُ ﴿ خَلَقَكُم الْ مِّن نَّفْس وَاحدَة ثُمَّ جَعَلَ منْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَأَزَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَنْعَامِ ثَمَانَيَةَ أَزْوَاجٍ يَخْلُقُكُمْ في بُطُونَ أُمَّهَا تَكُمْ خَلْقًا مَّنْ بَعْد خَلْق في ظُلُمَات ثَلَاثٌ ذَالكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُولَهُ ٱلْمُلَّكُ لَا إِلَنَّهُ إِلَّا هُوَّ فَأَنَّىٰ تُصَرَّفُونَ ﴿ إِن تَكْفُرُ وَأَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَنَّى عَنكُمُّ وَلَا يَرْضَى لعَبَاده ٱلْكُفَّرُّ وَإِن them only that they may bring us near unto Allah. Lo! Allah will judge between them concerning that wherein they differ. Lo! Allah guideth not him who is a liar, an ingrate.

- 4. If Allah had willed to choose a son, He could have chosen what He would of that which He hath created. Be He Glorified! He is Allah, the One, the Absolute.
- 5. He hath created the heavens and the earth with truth. He maketh night to succeed day, and He maketh day to succeed night, and He constraineth the sun and the moon to give service, each running on for an appointed term. Is not He the Mighty, the Forgiver?
- 6. He created you from one being, then from that (being) He made its mate; and He hath provided for you of cattle eight kinds. He created you in the wombs of your mothers, creation after creation, in a threefold gloom. Such is Allah, your Lord. His is the Sovereignty. There is no God save Him. How then are ye turned away?
- 7. If ye are thankless, yet Allah is Independent of you, though He is not pleased with thanklessness for His bond-

تَشْكُرُواْ بِرَضَهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا زَرُ وَازِرَةٌ وَزَرَ أَنْوَيْ مُ مَّ إِلَى رَبُّكُمُ مَّرْجِعُكُمْ فَيُغَبِّكُمُ بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بذَات الصُّدُور ﴿ ﴿ إِذَا مَسَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ ضُرٌّ دَعَا رَبُّهُ مُنيبًا إِلَيْهُ ثُمَّ إِذَا خَوَّلَهُ نِعْمَةً مَّنْهُ نَسَى مَا كَانَ يَدَّعُواْ إِلَيْهُ مِن قَبْلُ وَجَعَلَ للهُ أَندَادَا لَيُضلِّ عَن سَبيلْهُ قُلْ تَمَتَّعْ بِكُفْرِكَ قَليلًا إِنَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَب النَّارِ ٥ أُمَّنْ هُوَ قَلْنَتُ ءَا نَآءَ ٱلَّيْلِ سَاجِدًا وَقَآيِكًا يَحْذَرُ ٱلْآنَوَةَ وَيَرْجُواْ رَحْمَةَ رَبِّهُ عَ قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوى ٱلَّذِينَ يَعْلَمُونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ مَ إِنَّكَ التَّذَكُّرُ أُولُواْ الْأَلْبَلْبِ فَي قُلْ بَعْبَاد ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ رَبِّكُمُّ للَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُواْ في هَذِه ٱلدُّنيا ـِــرَوْ مَعْدُ اللهِ وَسَعَةً إِنَّمَا يُوفَّى الصَّبْرُونَ أَمْرُهُمُ حَسَنَةُ وَارْضُ اللهِ وَسَعَةً إِنَّمَا يُوفَّى الصَّبْرُونَ أَجْرِهُم بَغَيْرِ حَسَابِ إِنَّ أُمْرَتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدُ اللَّهُ مُخْلَصًا



men; and if ye are thankful He is pleased therewith for you. No laden soul will bear another's load. Then unto your Lord is your return; and He will tell you what ye used to do. Lo! He knoweth what is in the breasts (of men).

- 8. And when some hurt toucheth man, he crieth unto his Lord, turning unto Him (repentant). Then, when He granteth him a boon from Him he forgetteth that for which he cried unto Him before, and setteth up rivals to Allah that he may beguile (men) from His way. Say (O Muhammad, unto such an one): Take pleasure in thy disbelief a while. Lo! thou art of the owners of the Fire.
- 9. Is he who payeth adoration in the watches of the night, prostrate and standing, bewaring of the Hereafter and hoping for the mercy of his Lord, (to be accounted equal with a disbeliever)? Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Are those who know equal with those who know not? But only men of understanding will pay heed.
- 10. Say: O My bondmen who believe! Observe your duty to your Lord. For those who do good in this world there is good, and Allah's earth is spacious. Verily the steadfast will be paid their wages without stint.
- 11. Say (O Muhammad): Lo! I am commanded to worship Allah, making religion pure for Him (only).

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لَّهُ ٱلدِّينَ ١ وَأُمْرِتُ لأَنْ أَكُونَ أُوَّلَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ١ قُلْ إِنَّ أَخَافُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّي عَذَابَ يَوْم عَظيم (الله قُلِ اللهَ أَعْبُدُ مُخْلَصًا لَّهُ وديني ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَعْبُدُواْ مَا شَدُّتُم مِّن دُونَهُ عَلَّ إِنَّ ٱلْخَلَسرينَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسرُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ وَأَهْلِهِمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَدَمَةُ أَلَا ذَاكَ هُوَ ٱلْخُسْرَانُ ٱلْمُبِينُ (إِنَّ كُمُ مَن فَوْقِهِمْ ظُلَلٌ مَنَ النَّارِ وَمِن تَحْتَهُمْ ظُلَلٌ ذَاكَ يُخَوِّفُ ٱللهُ به عَبَادَهُ يَعْبَاد فَاتَّقُون ١٠٠ وَالَّذِينَ اجْتَنَبُواْ الطَّلغُوتَ أَن يَعْبُدُوهَا وَأَنَابُوٓاْ إِلَى اللهَ لَهَـُمُ ٱلْبُشْرَى ۚ فَبَشَّرْ ۗ عَبَادِ ١ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَمعُونَ الْقَوْلَ فَيتَبعُونَ أَحْسَنهُ أُوْلَنَهِكَ الَّذِينَ هَدَنهُمُ اللهُ وَأُولَنَهِكَ هُمْ أُولُواْ ٱلْأَلْبَبِ أَ فَنَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهُ كَلَمَةُ ٱلْعَذَابِ أَفَأَنتَ تُنقذُ مَن فِ النَّارِ ٢ لَكُنِ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبُّهُمْ لَهُمْ غُرَفٌ من فَوْقهَا غُرَفٌ

- 12. And I am commanded to be the first of those who are muslems (surrender unto Him).
- 13. Say: Lo! if I should disobey my Lord, I fear the doom of a tremendous Day.
- 14. Say: Allah I worship, making my religion pure for Him (only).
- 15. Then worship what ye will beside Him. Say: The losers will be those who lose themselves and their housefolk on the Day of Resurrection. Ah, that will be the manifest loss!
- 16. They have an awning of fire above them and beneath them a dais (of fire). With this doth Allah appal His bondmen. O My bondmen, therefor fear Me!
- 17. And those who put away false gods lest they should worship them and turn to Allah in repentance, for them there are glad tidings. Therefor give good tidings (O Muhammad) to My bondmen
- 18. Who hear advice and follow the best thereof. Such are those whom Allah guideth, and such are men of understanding.
- 19. Is he on whom the word of doom is fulfilled (to be helped), and canst thou (O Muhammad) rescue him who is in the Fire?
- 20. But those who keep their duty to their Lord, for them are lofty halls with lofty halls above them, built (for them),

مَّبْنَيَّةٌ تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ وَعْدَاللَّهُ لَا يُخْلفُ ٱللهُ الميعَادَ ٢٠ أَلَهُ أَرَانًا اللهُ أَزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَا يَ فَسَلَكُهُ يَنْكِيعَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ ثُمَّ يُحْرِجُ بِهِ وَرْعًا تَحْتَلَفًا ٱلْوَاللَّهُ مُمَّ يهيج فَتَرَنَّهُ مُصْفَرًا ثُمَّ يَجْعَلُهُ وُحَطَّنَّما إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَذَكَّرَى لأُولِي ٱلْأَلْبَابِ أَنِّي أَفَنَ شَرَحَ اللهُ صَدَّرَهُ لِلإِسْلَام فَهُوَعَلَىٰ نُورِمِّن رَّبِّهِ عَوَيْلُ لَلْقَسْيَة تُمُوبُهُم مِّن ذكر اللهُ أُولَامِكَ في ضَلَال مُّبين ١ اللهُ زَّلَ أُحْسَنَ ٱلْحَديث كَتَدَبًا مُّتَسَلِهًا مَّثَانِي تَقْشَعُو مَّنهُ جُلُودُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَحْشَوْنَ رَبُّهُمْ ثُمَّ تَلِينُ جُلُودُهُمْ وَقُلُوبُهُمْ إِلَىٰ ذَكْرَ اللهُ ذَالِكَ هُدَى ٱللهُ يَهْدى بهء مَن يَشَاءُ وَمَن يُضْلل ٱللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَاد ١٠ أَفَنَ يَتَّني بَوَجْهه ٤ سُوَّةَ الْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَدَمَةَ وَقِيلَ للظَّللمينَ ذُوقُواْ مَا كُنتُمْ تَكْسُونَ ﴿

beneath which rivers flow. (It is) a promise of Allah. Allah faileth not His promise.

- 21. Hast thou not seen how Allah hath sent down water from the sky and hath caused it to penetrate the earth as watersprings, and afterward thereby produceth crops of divers hues; and afterward they wither and thou seest them turn yellow; then He maketh them chaff. Lo! herein verily is a reminder for men of understanding.
- 22. Is he whose bosom Allah hath expanded for Al-Islam, so that he followeth a light from his Lord, (as he who disbelieveth)? Then woe unto those whose hearts are hardened against remembrance of Allah. Such are in plain error.
- 23. Allah hath (now) revealed the fairest of statements, a Scripture consistent, (wherein promises of reward are) paired (with threats of punishment), whereat doth creep the flesh of those who fear their Lord, so that their flesh and their hearts soften to Allah's reminder. Such is Allah's guidance, wherewith He guideth whom He will. And him whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no guide.
- 24. Is he then, who will strike his face against the awful doom upon the Day of Resurrection (as he who doeth right)? And it will be said unto the wrong-doers: Taste what ye used to earn.



سورة الزمر

الله عَلَنَّ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهم فَأَ تَنهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْـعُرُونَ ﴿ ثَيُّ فَأَذَا قَهُمُ اللَّهُ ٱلْخُرْىَ فِي ٱلْحَيَوَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَلَعَذَابُ الْآخِرَةَ أَكْبَرُ لَوْكَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ضَرَبْنَا للنَّاسِ في هَلْذَا الْقُرَّانِ مِن كُلِّ مَقَل لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكُّرُ ونَ ١٠٥ قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِكَ غَيْرَدى عَوج لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ رَبِّي ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا رَّجُلًا فيه شُرَكَاتَهُ مُتَشَكَّسُونَ وَرَجُلاً سَلَمًا لّرَجُل هَلْ يَسْتَو يَان مَثَلًا ۚ ٱلْحَمَدُ لله ۗ بَلْ أَكْتَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا إِنَّكَ مَيْتٌ وَإِنَّهُمْ مَّيْتُونَ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ مَّيْتُونَ ﴿ مُ إِنَّكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقيلَمَة عندَ رَبِّكُمْ تَخْتَصِمُونَ رَبِّي فَنَ أَظْلَمُ مَّن كَذَبَ عَلَى الله وَكَذَّبَ بَالصَّدُق إِذْ جَآءَهُ وَ أَلَيْسَ في جَهَنَّمَ مَثْوَى لَلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ وَالَّذِي جَآءَ بِالصَّدْقِ وَصَـدَّقَ بِهِ ۚ أُولَتِهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُنَّقُونَ ﴿

لحم

- 25. Those before them denied, and so the doom came on
- them whence they knew not.
- 26. Thus Allah made them taste humiliation in the life of the world, and verily the doom of the Hereafter will be greater if they did but know.
- 27. And verily We have coined for mankind in this Qur'an all kinds of similitudes, that haply they may reflect;
- 28. A Lecture¹ in Arabic, containing no crookedness, that haply they may ward off (evil).
- 29. Allah coineth a similitude: A man in relation to whom are several part-owners, quarrelling, and a man belonging wholly to one man. Are the two equal in similitude? Praise be to Allah! But most of them know not.
 - 30. Lo! thou wilt die, and lo! they will die;
- 31. Then lo! on the Day of Resurrection, before your Lord ye will dispute.
- 32. And who doth greater wrong than he who telleth a lie against Allah, and denieth the truth when it reacheth him? Will not the home of disbelievers be in hell?
- 33. And whoso bringeth the truth and believeth therein—Such are the dutiful,



لَمُمُ مَّايَشَآءُونَ عندَ رَبِّهم ۚ ذَاكَ جَزَآءُ ٱلْمُحْسَنِنَ ﴿ ليُكَفِّرَ ٱللهُ عَهُم أَسُوا ٱلَّذِي عَمَلُواْ وَيَجْزِيهُم أَجْرَهُم بأَحْسَن الَّذِي كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِكَاف عَبِّدَهُ ۗ وَيُخَوِّفُونَكَ بَالَّذِينَ مِن دُونِه ۚ وَمَن يُضَّلِل ٱللهُ فَى لَهُو مِنْ هَادِ ﴿ وَمَن يَهْد اللَّهُ فَكَ لَهُو مِن مُّضلُّ أَلَيْسَ اللهُ بَعَزِيزِ ذَى انتقَام ﴿ وَلَيِن سَأَلْتَهُم مَّنْ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَنَوَاتَ وَٱلْأَرْضَ لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللهُ قُلُ أَفَرَءَ يْنُمُ مَّا تَدْعُونَ من دُون الله إِنَّ أَرَادَنَى اللهُ بِضُـرٌ هَـلٌ هُنَّ كَلشَّفَلتُ ضَرِّهُ أَوْارَادَنِي بِرَحْمَةُ هَلْ هُنَّ مُسْكَلْتُ رَحْمَتُهُ عُلُ حَسَّى اللهُ عَلَيْه يَتُوَكَّلُ الْمُنَوكَلُونَ ١٠٠٠ قُلْ يَلْقَوْم أَعْمَلُواْ عَلَىٰ مَكَا نَنكُمْ إِنَّى عَدِملٌ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ مَن يَأْتِيه عَذَابٌ يُعْزِيه وَيَعَلُّ عَلَيْه عَذَابٌ مُقيمٌ ﴿

- 34. They shall have what they will of their Lord's bounty. That is the reward of the good:
- 35. That Allah will remit from them the worst of what they did, and will pay them for reward the best they used to do.
- 36. Will not Allah defend His slave? Yet they would frighten thee with those beside Him. He whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no guide.
- 37. And he whom Allah guideth, for him there can be no misleader. Is not Allah Mighty, Able to Requite (the wrong)?
- 38. And verily, if thou shouldst ask them: Who created the heavens and the earth? they will say: Allah. Say: Bethink you then of those ye worship beside Allah, if Allah willed some hurt for me, could they remove from me His hurt; or if He willed some mercy for me, could they restrain His mercy? Say: Allah is my all. In Him do (all) the trusting put their trust.
- 39. Say: O my people! Act in your manner. Lo! I (too) am acting. Thus ye will come to know
- 40. Who it is unto whom cometh a doom that will abase him, and on whom there falleth everlasting doom.

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكَتَابَ النَّاسِ بِٱلْحَقَّ فَمَن ٱهْتَدَى فَلنَفْسه عَوْمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا ۖ وَمَا أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بوكيل راكي الله يَتَوَفَّى الله نفس حين مَوْتِهَا وَالَّتِي لَرْتَمُتُ في مَنَامَهَا ۚ فَيُمْسِكُ ٱلَّتِي قَضَىٰ عَلَيْهَا ٱلْمَوْتَ وَيُرْسِلُ ٱلْأُنْرَىٰ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلِ مُسَمِّى ۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَالِكَ لَآيَكِت لَقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ١٤ أَم اتَّخَذُواْ من دُون الله شُفَعَاءً ۚ قُلْ أَوَلَوْكَانُواْ لَا يَمْلَكُونَ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَعْقِلُونَ ﴿ فَاللَّهُ لَلَّهُ الشَّفَاعَةُ جَمِعاً لَّهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ رُجُّعُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا ذُكَرَاللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ الشَّمَأَزَّتُ تُلُوبُ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱ لَآخِرَةً ۗ وَإِذَا ذُكَرَالَّذِينَ مِن دُونِه ٓ إِذَا هُمُّ يَسْتَبْشُرُ ونَ رَيْ عُل اللَّهُم فَاطرَ السَّمَوَات وَالْأَرْض عَلْمَ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَة أَنتَ تَحْكُرُ بَيْنَ عَبَادكَ في مَا كَانُواْ

- 41. Lo! We have revealed unto thee (Muhammad) the Scripture for mankind with truth. Then whosoever goeth right it is for his soul, and whosoever strayeth, strayeth only to its hurt. And thou art not a warder over them.
- 42. Allah receiveth (men's) souls at the time of their death, and that (soul) which dieth not (yet) in its sleep. He keepeth that (soul) for which He hath ordained death and dismisseth the rest till an appointed term. Lo! herein verily are portents for people who take thought.
- 43. Or choose they intercessors other than Allah? Say: What! Even though they have power over nothing and have no intelligence?
- 44. Say: Unto Allah belongeth all intercession. His is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. And afterward unto Him ye will be brought back.
- 45. And when Allah alone is mentioned, the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter are repelled, and when those (whom they worship) beside Him are mentioned, behold! they are glad.
- 46. Say: O Allah! Creator of the heavens and the earth! Knower of the Invisible and the Visible! Thou wilt judge between Thy slaves concerning that wherein they used

فيه يَخْتَلفُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْأَنَّ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرْض جَمِيعًا وَمَثْلَهُ مَعَهُ وَلاَ فَتَدَوّاْ بِهِ مِن سُوعِ ٱلْعَدَابِ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَامَةَ وَبَدَا لَهُم مَنَ الله مَالَمْ يَكُونُواْ يَحْتَسَبُونَ ﴿ وَبَدَا لَهُمْ مَ سَيْعَاتُ مَا كَسَبُواْ وَحَاقَ بهم مَّا كَانُواْ به، يَسْتَهْرَهُ ونَ ﴿ فَإِذَا مَسَّ ٱلْإِنْسَنَ ضُرُّ دَعَانَا ثُمَّ إِذَا خَوَّلْنَكُ نَعْمَةُ مَنَّا قَالَ إِنَّمَا أَوْ تِيتُهُ عَلَى عَلْمَ بَلْ هِيَ فَتْنَةٌ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١ قَبْلَهِمْ فَمَا آغْنَى عَنَّهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ رَبِّي فَأَصَابَهُمْ سَيْعَاتُ مَا كَسُبُواْ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَنْ هَـٰتَوُكَّاءِ سَيُصِيبُهُمْ سَيَّاتُ مَا كَسَبُواْ وَمَا هُم بِمُعْجِزِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُولَمْ يَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ الله يَبْسُطُ الرزق لمن يَشَآء وَيَقْدرُ إِنَّ في ذَالكَ لَا يَت لَقَوْم يُؤْمنُونَ ﴿ ﴿ مُلْ يَلْعَبَادَى الَّذِينَ أَسْرَفُواْ عَلَيْ ا



to differ.

- 47. And though those who do wrong possess all that is in the earth, and therewith as much again, they verily will seek to ransom themselves therewith on the Day of Resurrection from the awful doom; and there will appear unto them, from their Lord, that wherewith they never reckoned.
- 48. And the evils that they earned will appear unto them, and that whereat they used to scoff will surround them.
- 49. Now when hurt toucheth a man he crieth unto Us, and afterward when We have granted him a boon from Us, he saith: Only by force of knowledge I obtained it. Nay, but it is a test. But most of them know not.
- 50. Those before them said it, yet (all) that they had earned availed them not;
- 51. But the evils that they earned smote them; and such of these as do wrong, the evils that they earn will smite them; they cannot escape.
- 52. Know they not that Allah enlargeth providence for whom He will, and straiteneth it (for whom He will). Lo! herein verily are portents for people who believe.
 - 53. Say: O My slaves who have been prodigal to their own

أَنفُسهم لَا تَقْنَطُواْ من رَّحْمَة الله إِنَّ اللهَ يَغْفُرُ الذُّنُوبَ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِنَّهُ مُوَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ وَأَنْبُواْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ وَأَسْلُمُواْ لَهُ مِن قَبْلِ أَن يَأْتِيكُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ ثُمَّ لَا تُنصَرُونَ عَن وَاتَّبِعُواْ أَحْسَنَ مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ مِّن رَّبِّكُم مِّن قَبْل أَن يَأْتِيكُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ بَغْنَهُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَشْعُرُونَ ١٠ أَن تَقُولَ نَفْسٌ يَنْحُسْرَتَى عَلَى مَافَرَّطْتُ في جَنْبِ ٱلله وَ إِن كُنتُ لَمَنَ ٱلسَّلَخُرِينَ ﴿ أَوْ تَقُولَ لَوْأَنَّ ٱللهَ هَدَلِنِي لَكُنتُ مَنَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَوْتَقُولَ حِينَ تَرَى ٱلْعَذَابَلُوأَنَّ لَى كُرَّةً فَأَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿ بَهِي بَلَيْ قَدْ جَآءَ تُكَ ءَايَتِي فَكُذَّبْتَ بِهَا وَٱسْتَكْبَرْتَ وَكُنتَ مِنَ ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ وَ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيَامَةَ تَرَى ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَهُواْ عَلَى ٱلله وُجُوهُهُم مُسُودّةً أَلَيْسَ في جَهَنَّمَ مَثْوَى لَلْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ﴿ وَيُنجَى اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ

hurt! Despair not of the mercy of Allah, Who forgiveth all sins. Lo! He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.

- 54. Turn unto your Lord repentant, and surrender unto Him, before there come unto you the doom, when ye cannot be helped.
- 55. And follow the better (guidance) of that which is revealed unto you from your Lord, before the doom cometh on you suddenly when ye know not,
- 56. Lest any soul should say: Alas, my grief that I was unmindful of Allah, and I was indeed among the scoffers!
- 57. Or should say: If Allah had but guided me I should have been among the dutiful!
- 58. Or should say, when it seeth the doom: Oh, that I had but a second chance that I might be among the righteous!
- 59. (But now the answer will be): Nay, for My revelations came unto thee, but thou didst deny them and wast scornful and wast among the disbelievers.
- 60. And on the Day of Resurrection thou (Muhammad) seest those who lied concerning Allah with their faces blackened. Is not the home of the scorners in hell?
 - 61. And Allah delivereth those who ward off (evil) because

اَتَّقَوْا بَمَفَازَتُهُمْ لَا يَمَنُّهُمُ السُّوءُ وَلَاهُمْ يَعْزَنُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ خَللُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَعَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِلُّ ﴿ يَكُ لَا شَيْءٍ وَكِلُّ ﴿ يَكُ لَّهُمْ مَقَالِيدُ ٱلسَّمَكَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَايَنت ٱلله أَوْلَتَهِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْخُنْسُرُونَ ﴿ يَ قُلُ أَفَغَيْرَ ٱللهُ تَأْمُرُونَى أَعْبُدُ أَيُّهَا ٱلْحَنَهُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أُوحَى إِلَيْكَ وَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكَ لَينْ أَشْرَكْتَ لَيَحْبَطَنَّ عَمَلُكَ وَلَتَكُونَنَّ مَنَ ٱلْخَسرينَ ٢ بَلِ ٱللهَ فَأَعْبُدُ وَكُن مَّنَ ٱلشَّكَرِينَ ﴿ وَمَا قَدَرُ واْ ٱللهَ حَقَّ قَدْره ع وَالْأَرْضُ جَمِيعًا قَبْضَ شُهُ رِيَوْمَ الْقيدَمة وَالسَّمَوَاتُ مَطُويَّكُ بِيَمِينَهُ عَ سُبْحَلْنَهُ وَتَعَلَّىٰ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ وَنُفخَ فِي الصُّورِ فَصَعَقَ مَن فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ إِلَّا مَن شَاءَ ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ نُفخَ فِيه أُنْوَى فَإِذَا هُمْ قِيَامٌ يَنظُرُونَ ﴿ وَأَشْرَقَتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ بنُورِ رَبَّهَا

- 62. Allah is Creator of all things, and He is Guardian over all things.
- 63. His are the keys of the heavens and the earth, and they who disbelieve the revelations of Allah—such are they who are the losers.
- 64. Say (O Muhammad, to the disbelievers): Do ye bid me serve other than Allah? O ye fools!
- 65. And verily it hath been revealed unto thee as unto those before thee (saying): If thou ascribe a partner to Allah thy work will fail and thou indeed wilt be among the losers.
- 66. Nay, but Allah must thou serve, and be among the thankful!
- 67. And they esteem not Allah as He hath the right to be esteemed, when the whole earth is His handful on the Day of Resurrection, and the heavens are rolled in His right hand. Glorified is He and High Exalted from all that they ascribe as partner (unto Him).
- 68. And the trumpet is blown, and all who are in the heavens and all who are in the earth swoon away, save him whom Allah willeth. Then it is blown a second time, and behold them standing waiting!
 - 69 And the earth shineth with the light of her Lord, and

وَوُضِعَ ٱلْكَتَنْبُ وَجَاْيَءَ بِٱلنَّبْيِّينَ وَٱلشُّهَدَآءِ وَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُم بِٱلْحَقِّ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَوُفِّيتَ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا حَمَلَتْ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَسِيقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓ أَ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ زُمَرًا حَنَّىٰ إِذَا جَآءُوهَا فُتحَتْ أَبُورُهَا وَقَالَ مُوم رروس ألَم يأتكُر رسل منكر يتلون عليكر عاينت رَبَّكُرْ وَيُنذرُ ونَكُرْ لقَآءَ يَوْمكُرْ هَندًّا ۚ قَالُواْ بَلَيْ وَلَكُنْ حَقَّتْ كَلَمَةُ ٱلْعَذَابِ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفرينَ ﴿ فَي لَا ٱدْخُلُواْ أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالدينَ فَيَّا ۚ فَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى ٱلْمُتَكَبِّرينَ ﴿ ٢ وَسيقَ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْاْ رَبُّهُمْ إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ زُمَرًا حَتَّجَ إِذَا جَآءُوهَا وَ فُتَحَتَ أَبُوابُهَا وَقَالَ لَمُمْ خَزَنَهُ اسْلَامُ عَلَيْكُرْ طَبْتُمْ فَأَدْخُلُوهَا خَلدينَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ ٱلْحَمَّدُ للهِ ٱلَّذَى صَدَقَنَا وَعْدَهُ وَأَوْرَثَنَا الْأَرْضَ نَتَبَوَّأُمْنَ الْحُنَّة حَيْثُ

the Book is set up, and the prophets and the witnesses are brought, and it is judged between them with truth, and they are not wronged.

- 70. And each soul is paid in full for what it did. And He is Best Aware of what they do.
- 71. And those who disbelieve are driven unto hell in troops till, when they reach it and the gates thereof are opened, and the warders thereof say unto them: Came there not unto you messengers of your own, reciting unto you the revelations of your Lord and warning you of the meeting of this your Day? they say: Yea, verily. But the word of doom for disbelievers is fulfilled.
- 72. It is said (unto them): Enter ye the gates of hell to dwell therein. Thus hapless is the journey's end of the scorners.
- 73. And those who keep their duty to their Lord are driven unto the Garden in troops till; when they reach it, and the gates thereof are opened, and the warders thereof say unto them: Peace be unto you! Ye are good, so enter ye (the Garden of delight), to dwell therein;
- 74. They say: Praise be to Allah, Who hath fulfilled His promise unto us and hath made us inherit the land, sojourning

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نَشَآَءُ فَنِعْمَ أَجُرُ الْعَلَمِلِينَ ﴿ وَتَرَى الْمَلَتَبِكَةَ حَافِينَ مِنْ حَوْلِ الْعَرْشِ يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ وَقُضِىَ بَيْنَهُمُ بِالْحَقِّ وَقِيلَ الْحَمَّدُ لِلْهِ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَقِيلَ الْحَمَّدُ لِللهِ رَبِّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَقَي

> (٤٠) سُوْرَلاْغَافِر مُكَيَّرَ الاآتِ ٦٠ و٧٥ فدينان وآيافُ ٥٨ نزلت بغُّدُ الزَّمْرِ

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الرِّمْ وَالرِّحِيةِ



in the Garden where we will! So bounteous is the wage of workers,

75. And thou (O Muhammad) seest the angels thronging round the Throne, hymning the praises of their Lord. And they are judged aright. And it is said: Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds!

SÛRAH XL

Al-Mû'min, "The Believer," takes its name from vv. 28-45, which describe the attempt of a believer, in the house of Pharaoh, to dissuade his people from opposing Moses and Aaron. It is the first of seven sûrahs beginning with the Arabic letters Hâ, Mîm, all of which are sometimes referred to as Hâ. Mîm.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs. Some authorities hold vv. 56 and 57 to have been revealed at Al-Madînah.

THE BELIEVER!

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Hâ. Mîm.2

2. The revelation of the Scripture is from Allah, the

Mighty, the Knower,

3. The Forgiver of sin, the Accepter of repentance, the Stern in punishment, the Bountiful. There is no God save Him. Unto Him is the journeying.

4. None argue concerning the revelations of Allah save those who disbelieve, so let not their turn of fortune in the land deceive thee (O Muhammad).

5. The folk of Noah and the factions after them denied (their messengers) before these, and every nation purposed to

¹ Also regarded in Egypt as Chafir. ² See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

كُلُّ أُمَّةً بِرَسُولهُمْ لَيَأْخُذُوهُ وَجَادَلُواْ بِٱلْبَاطِلِ لِيُدْحضُواْ به الْحَقُّ فَأَخَذُهُمْ مُ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَقَابِ ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ حَقَّتْ كَلَمَتُ رَبِّكَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَنَّهُمْ أَحْصَلْبُ ٱلنَّارِ ٢ الَّذِينَ يَحْملُونَ ٱلْعَرْشَ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهُ مِيسَبِّحُونَ بَحَمْد رَبِّمْ مْ وَيُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ء وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَ لِلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ رَبُّنَا وَسَعْتَ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ رَّحْمَةً وَعَلَّمُ ۖ فَأَغْفِرْ للَّـذِينَ تَابُواْ وَاتَّبَعُواْ سَبِيلَكَ وَقَهِمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿ رَبُّنَا وَأَدْخُلُهُ مْ جَنَّلت عَلْن الَّتِي وَعَدَّتُهُ مْ وَمَن صَلَحَ منْ عَابَاكِهِمْ وَأَزْوَاجِهِمْ وَذُرِّيَّاتِهُمْ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ الحَكيمُ ١ وقهمُ السَّيَّاتُ وَمَن تَنَ السَّيَّاتِ يَوْمَهِذ فَقَدْ رَحْمَنَهُ وَذَاكَ هُوَا لَفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظيمُ فَي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَغَرُواْ يُنَادَوْنَ لَمَقْتُ الله أَكْبَرُ مِن مَقْتِكُمْ أَنفُسَكُمْ

seize their messenger and argued falsely, (thinking) thereby to refute the Truth. Then I seized them, and how (awful) was My punishment.

- 6. Thus was the word of thy Lord concerning those who disbelieve fulfilled: that they are owners of the Fire.
- 7. Those who bear the Throne, and all who are round about it, hymn the praises of their Lord and believe in Him and ask forgiveness for those who believe (saying): Our Lord! Thou comprehendest all things in mercy and knowledge, therefor forgive those who repent and follow Thy way. Ward off from them the punishment of hell.
- 8. Our Lord! And make them enter the Gardens of Eden which thou hast promised them, with such of their fathers and their wives and their descendants as do right. Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Mighty, the Wise.
- 9. And ward off from them ill-deeds; and he from whom Thou wardest off ill-deeds that day, him verily hast Thou taken into mercy. That is the supreme triumph.
- 10. Lo! (on that day) those who disbelieve are informed by proclamation: Verily Allah's abhorrence is more terrible than

إِذْ تُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى ٱلْإِيمَانَ فَتَكْفُرُ وَنَ ﴿ عَالَوا أَرْبَنَآ أَمَتَّنَا آثنين وَأَحْيَيْتَنَا آثنين فَاعْتَرَفْنَا بِذُنُو بِنَافَهِلَ إِلَى خُرُوج مِّن سَبِيلِ (٢٠) ذَالكُم بأَنَّهُ إِذَا دُعي اللهُ وَحْدَهُ كَفَرْتُمَّ وَ إِن يُشْرَكُ بِهِ ء نُؤْمُنُواْ فَالْحُكُمُ لِلهُ الْعَلَى الْكَبِيرِ ﴿ هُوَ الَّذِي يُرِيكُمُ وَايَنته ع وَيُنزِّلُ لَكُمُّ مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَا ورزْقًا وَمَا يَسَدُكُّرُ إِلَّا مَن يُنيبُ ﴿ فَا فَادُّعُواْ اللَّهَ تُخْلَصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَوْكُوهَ ٱلْكَلفُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ كَاللَّهُ الدَّرَجَاتِ ذُو الْعَرْشُ يُلْقِي الروحَ منْ أَمْره عَلَى مَن يَشَاء من عباده ع ليُنذِرَ يَوْمَ النَّلَاقِ رَيْنَ يَوْمَ هُم بَرْزُونَ ۖ لَا يَخْفَى عَلَى الله مَنَّهُمْ شَيْءٌ لَمَن المُلْكُ الْيَوْمَ لله الْوَاحد الْقَهَّار اللهُ ٱلْيَوْمَ تُجْزَىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسِ عَا كَسَبَتَ ۚ لَاظُلْمَ ٱلْيَوْمُ ۖ إِنَّ اللهَ سَريعُ الحُسَابِ (١٠) وَأَنذرُهُمْ يَوْمَ الْآزفَة إِذ

your abhorrence one of another, when ye were called unto the faith but did refuse.

- 11. They say: Our Lord! Twice hast Thou made us die, and twice hast Thou made us live. Now we confess our sins. Is there any way to go out?
- 12. (It is said unto them): This is (your plight) because, when Allah only was invoked, ye disbelieved, but when some partner was ascribed to Him ye were believing. But the command belongeth only to Allah, the Sublime, the Majestic.
- 13. He it is Who showeth you His portents, and sendeth down for you provision from the sky. None payeth heed save him who turneth (unto Him) repentant.
- 14. Therefor (O believers) pray unto Allah, making religion pure for Him (only), however much the disbelievers be averse—
- 15. The Exalter of Ranks, the Lord of the Throne. He casteth the Spirit of His command upon whom He will of His slaves, that He may warn of the Day of Meeting,
- 16. The day when they come forth, nothing of them being hidden from Allah. Whose is the Sovereignty this day? It is Allah's, the One, the Almighty.
- 17. This day is each soul requited that which it hath earned; no wrong (is done) this day. Lo! Allah is swift at reckoning.
 - 18. Warn them (O Muhammad) of the Day of the

ٱلْقُلُوبُ لَدَى ٱلْحَنَاجِرَ كَنظمينَ ۖ مَا للظَّلِمينَ منْ حَمِيـم وَلَا شَفِيعٍ يُطَاعُ ﴿ يَعْلَمُ خَآيِنَةً ٱلْأَعْيُنِ وَمَا نَحْنِي ٱلصَّدُورُ ﴿ إِنَّ وَاللَّهُ يَقْضِي بِٱلْحَتَّ وَالَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ من دُونه عَ لَا يَقْضُونَ بَشَى ءٍ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلسَّميعُ ٱلْبَصِيرُ ﴿ * أَوَلَمْ يَسَيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَانُواْ مِن قَبْلَهِمْ كَانُواْ هُمْ أَشَدَّ مَهُمْ قُوَّةُ وَءَاثَارًا في ٱلْأَرْضِ فَأَخَذَهُمُ ٱللهُ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُم مَّنَ ٱلله من وَاق ٢٥) ذَاكَ أَنَّهُمْ كَانَت تَأْتِهِمْ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيْنَات فَكَفَرُواْ فَأَخَذَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّهُ وَقَويٌّ شَديدُ ٱلْعَقَابِ ٢ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِهَا يَنتَنَا وَسُلْطَن مُّبِين ﴿ إِلَّى فَرْعَوْنَ وَهَدَمُونَ وَقَدْرُونَ فَقَالُواْ سَلحَرٌ كَذَّابٌ ﴿ فَكُمَّا جَآءَهُم بَالْحَقّ منْ عندنا قَالُواْ أَقْتُلُواْ أَبْنَاءَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ



approaching (doom), when the hearts will be choking the throats, (when) there will be no friend for the wrong-doers, nor any intercessor who will be heard.

- 19. He knoweth the traitor of the eyes, and that which the bosoms hide.
- 20. Allah judgeth with truth, while those to whom they cry instead of Him judge not at all. Lo! Allah, He is the Hearer, the Seer.
- 21. Have they not travelled in the land to see the nature of the consequence for those who disbelieved before them? They were mightier than these in power and (in the) traces (which they left behind them) in the earth. Yet Allah seized them for their sins, and they had no protector from Allah.
- 22. That was because their messengers kept bringing them clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty) but they disbelieved; so Allah seized them. Lo! He is Strong, severe in punishment.
- 23. And verily We sent Moses with Our revelations and a
- 24. Unto Pharaoh and Hâmân and Korah, but they said: A lying sorcerer!
- 25. And when he brought them the Truth from Our presence, they said: Slay the sons of those who believe with

وَاسْتَحْيُواْ نُسَاءَهُمْ وَمَا كَبْدُ ٱلْكَافِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالِ ﴿ وَقَالَ فَرْعَوْنُ ذَرُ وَنَىٓ أَقْتُلُ مُوسَىٰ وَلَيَدْءُ رَبُّو ۖ إِنَّىٓ أَخَافُ أَنْ يُبَدِّلَ دِينَكُرْ أَوْأَن يُظْهِرَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ٱلْفَسَادَ ﴿ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ إِنَّى عُلْدُتُ بَرِينَ وَرَبِّحُ مِّن كُلَّ مُتَكِّبر لَّا يُؤْمِنُ بِيَوْمِ ٱلْحَسَابِ رَبِّي وَقَالَ رَجُلٌ مُّؤْمِنٌ مِّنْ عَال فَرْعَوْنَ يَكُنُّمُ إِيمَانَهُۥ أَ تَقْتُلُونَ رَجُلًا أَن يَقُولَ رَبَّ اللَّهُ وَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ مِن رَّ بَكُرٌّ وَ إِن يَكُ كَلذَبًا فَعَلَيْه كَذَبُهُ وَ إِن يَكُ صَادِقًا يُصِبْكُم بَعْضُ ٱلَّذِي يَعدُكُرُّ إِنَّ ٱللهَ لَا يَهْدى مَنْ هُوَ مُسْرِفٌ كَذَّابٌ ٢٠٠٠ يَفَوْم لَكُدُ ٱلْمُلُّكُ ٱلْيَوْمَ ظَلْهِرِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَمَن يَنْصُرُنَا مِنْ بَأْسٍ ﴿ ٱلله إِن جَاءَنَا قَالَ فرْعَوْنُ مَا أُرِيكُمْ إِلَّامَا أَرِينُ وَمَا أَهْدِيكُمْ إِلَّا سَبِيلَ ٱلرَّشَادِ ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِي ءَامَنَ يَنقَوْم him, and spare their women. But the plot of disbelievers is in naught but error.

- 26. And Pharaoh said: Suffer me to kill Moses, and let him cry unto his Lord. Lo! I fear that he will alter your religion or that he will cause confusion in the land.
- 27. Moses said: Lo! I seek refuge in my Lord and your Lord from every scorner who believeth not in a Day of Reckoning.
- 28. And a believing man of Pharaoh's family, who hid his faith, said: Would ye kill a man because he saith: My Lord is Allah, and hath brought you clear proofs from your Lord? If he is lying, then his lie is upon him; and if he is truthful, then some of that wherewith he threateneth you will strike you. Lo! Allah guideth not one who is a prodigal, a liar.
- 29. O my people! Yours is the kingdom to-day, ye being uppermost in the land. But who would save us from the wrath of Allah should it reach us? Pharaoh said: I do but show you what I think, and I do but guide you to wise policy.
 - 30. And he who believed said: O my people! Lo! I

إِنَّى أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ مَثَلَ يَوْمِ ٱلْأَحْزَابِ رَبِّي مثْلَ دَأْبِ قَوْمٍ نُوح وَعَاد وَتَمُودَ وَ ٱلَّذِينَ مَنْ بَعْدهم ۚ وَمَا ٱللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمَكَ لَّلْعَبَادِ ١٠ وَيَلْقَوْمِ إِنِّيَ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلنَّنَادِ ١ يَوْمَ تُولُونَ مُدْرِينَ مَالَكُمُ مَّنَ ٱلله منْ عَاصم وَمَن يُضْلَلُ اللهُ فَكَا لَهُو مِنْ هَادِ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَكُمْ يُوسُفُ من قَبْلُ بِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ فَمَا زَلْتُمْ فِي شَكِّ ثَمَّا جَآءَ كُم بِهِۦ حَنَّىٰ إِذَا هَلَكَ قُلْتُمْ لَن يَبْعَثَ اللهُ مَنْ بَعْده ، رَسُولًا كَذَاكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ مَنْ هُومُسْرِفٌ مُّرْ مَابُّ رَبِّي الَّذِينَ يُجَدِّلُونَ فِي وَايَنِ الله بِغَيْرِسُلْطَانِ أَنَّالُهُمْ كَبُرَمَقْتًا عِندَ الله وَعِندَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كَذَاكَ يَطْبَعُ ٱللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ قَلْب مُتَكَبّر جَبَّارِ ﴿ وَ إِنَّ عَرْفُ يُنْهَا مَنُ أَبِّن لِي صَرْحًا لَّعَلَّى أَبْلُغُ ٱلأُسْبَابُ ٢ أُسْبَابَ السَّمَاوَات فَأَطَّلَعَ إِلَّهَ إِلَاه مُوسَى

fear for you a fate like that of the factions (of old);

- 31. A plight like that of Noah's folk, and A'ad and Thamûd, and those after them, and Allah willeth no injustice for (His) slaves.
- 32. And, O my people! Lo! I fear for you a Day of Summoning,
- 33. A day when ye will turn to flee, having no preserver from Allah: and he whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no guide.
- 34. And verily Joseph brought you of old clear proofs, yet ye ceased not to be in doubt concerning what he brought you till, when he died, ye said: Allah will not send any messenger after him. Thus Allah deceiveth him who is a prodigal, a doubter.
- 35. Those who wrangle concerning the revelations of Allah without any warrant that hath come unto them, it is greatly hateful in the sight of Allah and in the sight of those who believe. Thus doth Alfah print on every arrogant, disdainful heart.
- 36. And Pharaoh said: O Hâmân! Build for me a tower that haply I may reach the roads,
 - 37. The roads of the heavens, and may look upon the God

وَ إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّهُ ۚ كَلَنَّا ۗ وَكَذَاكَ زُيِّنَ لَفَرْعَوْنَ سُوَّهُ عَمَّلُهُ ع وَصُدَّعَن السَّبِيلَ وَمَا كَيْدُ فرْعَوْنَ إِلَّا في تَبَاب رَجُّ وَقَالَ الَّذِي ءَامَنَ يَنقَوْم اتَّبعُون أَهْدُكُوسَبيلَ الرَّشَاد (١٠٠٠) يَنْقَوْم إِنَّمَا هَنْدُهُ ٱلْحَيَوْةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا مَتَنَّهُ وَ إِنَّ ٱلْآخَرَةَ هِيَ دَارُ ٱلْقَرَارِ ﴿ مَنْ عَلَ سَيْئَةً فَلا يُجْزَى إِلَّا مَثْلَهَا وَمَنْ عَلَ صَلْحًا مَّن ذَكُر أَوْ أَنْنَى وَهُو مُوَّمِنٌ فَأُولَدَبِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ يُرْزَقُونَ فِيهَا بِغَيْرِحسَابِ رَبِّي ﴿ وَيَنْقَوْمِ مَا لِيّ أَدُّعُوكُمْ إِلَى ٱلنَّجَوْة وَتَدْعُونَنِيَّ إِلَى ٱلنَّارِ ﴿ تَدْعُونَنِي لأَكْفُر بِاللهُ وَأَشْرِكَ بِهِ مَالَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عَلْمٌ وَأَنَّا أَدْعُوكُمْ إِلَّ الْعَزِيزِ الْغَفَّارِ ٢٠ لَا بَرَمَ أَنَّمَا تَدَّعُونَنَى إِلَيْهُ لَيْسَ لَهُ وَعْوَةٌ فِي الدُّنْيَ وَلَا فِي ٱلْآخِرَةِ وَأَنَّ مَرَدَّنَا إِلَى الله وَأَنَّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ هُمْ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ ﴿ فَسَنَدْ كُرُونَ مَا أَقُولُ



of Moses, though verily I think him a liar. Thus was the evil that he did made fairseeming unto Pharaoh, and he was debarred from the (right) way. The plot of Pharaoh ended but in ruin.

- 38. And he who believed said: O my people! Follow me. I will show you the way of right conduct.
- 39. O my people! Lo! this life of the world is but a passing comfort, and lo! the Hereafter, that is the enduring home.
- 40. Whoso doeth an ill-deed, he will be repaid the like thereof, while whoso doeth right, whether male or female, and is a believer, (all) such will enter the Garden, where they will be nourished without stint.
- 41. And, O my people! What aileth me that I call you unto deliverance when ye call me unto the Fire?
- 42. Ye call me to disbelieve in Allah and ascribe unto Him as partners that whereof I have no knowledge, while I call you unto the Mighty, the Forgiver.
- 43. Assuredly that whereunto ye call me hath no claim in the world or in the Hereafter, and our return will be unto Allah, and the prodigals will be owners of the Fire.
 - 44. And ye will remember what I say unto you. I

لَكُمُّ وَأَفَوَّضُ أَمْرَىَ إِلَى ٱللهَ إِنَّ ٱللهَ بَصِيرُ بَٱلْعَبَاد ﴿ فَوَقَلُهُ ٱللهُ سَيِّعَات مَا مَكَرُوا ۗ وَحَاقَ بِعَالِ فَرْعَوْنَ سُـوَّءُ ٱلْعَذَابِ إِنِّي ٱلنَّارُ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَيْهَا عُدُوًّا وَعَشَيًّا ۗ وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ أَدْخِلُواْ وَالَ فَرْعَوْنَ أَشَدَّ ٱلْعَلَابِ ٢ وَ إِذْ يَئِحَآ جُونَ فِي النَّارِهَيَقُولُ الضَّعَفَيَّوُاْ للَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوٓاْ إِنَّا كُنَّا لَكُرْ تَبَعًا فَهَلْ أَنُّم مُّغْنُونَ عَنَّا نَصِيبًا مِّنَ ٱلنَّار ﴿ إِنَّ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ إِنَّا كُلُّ فِيهَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَدْ حَكَرَ بَيْنَ ٱلْعبَاد ﴿ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ فِي ٱلنَّارِلْخَزَنَة جَهَّمَّ ٱدْعُواْ رَبُّكُرْ يُحَفَّفْ عَنَّا يَوْمَا مَنَ الْعَذَابِ ﴿ مَا قَالُواْ أُوَلَمْ تَكُ تَأْتِيكُمْ رُسُلُكُمُ بِالْبَيْنَاتَ قَالُواْ بَالَى قَالُواْ فَآدْعُواْ وَمَا دُعَدَوُا ٱلْكَنفرينَ إِلَّا في ضَلَال رَبِّي إِنَّا لَنَنصُرُرُسُلَنَا وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فِي الْحَيْرَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَيَوْمَ يَقُومُ ٱلأَشْهَادُ ٢

- 45. So Allah warded off from him the evils which they plotted, while a dreadful doom encompassed Pharaoh's folk,
- 46. The Fire; they are exposed to it morning and evening; and on the day when the Hour upriseth (it is said): Cause Pharaoh's folk to enter the most awful doom.
- 47. And when they wrangle in the Fire, the weak say unto those who were proud: Lo! we were a following unto you: will ye therefor rid us of a portion of the Fire?
- 48. Those who were proud say: Lo! we are all (together) herein. Lo! Allah hath judged between (His) slaves.
- 49. And those in the Fire say unto the guards of hell: Entreat your Lord that He relieve us of a day of the torment.
- 50. They say: Came not your messengers unto you with clear proofs? They say: Yea, verily. They say: Then do ye pray, although the prayer of disbelievers is in vain.
- 51. Lo! We verily do help Our messengers, and those who believe, in the life of the world and on the day when the witnesses arise,

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ ٱلظَّلمينَ مَعْذَرَتُهُمَّ وَلَهُمُ ٱللَّعْنَةُ وَلَهُمْ سُوع الدَّار ﴿ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْهُدَى وَأُورَثْنَا بَنِيَّ إِسْرَاءِيلَ ٱلْكَتَابَ ﴿ هُ هُدًى وَذَكَّرَى الْأُولِي ٱلْأَلْبَابِ رَبِّي فَأَصْبِرُ إِنَّ وَعْدَ ٱلله حَتَّى وَأَسْتَغْفُرُ لذَّنبُكَ وَسَبِّحْ بَحَمْد رَبِّكَ بِٱلْعَشِيُّ وَٱلْإِبْكُر رَفِّي إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُجَدُدُلُونَ فِي ءَايَنت الله بِغَيْرِسُلْطَانِ أَتَلَهُمْ إِن فيصُدُورِهِمْ إِلَّا كَبُّرٌ مَّاهُم بَبُلغيه فَأَسْتَعَذْ بَاللَّهُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ ٱلسَّميعُ ٱلْبَصِيرُ رَبِي خَلَقُ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ أَكْبَرُمْنَ خَلْق ٱلنَّاس وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاس لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَمَا يَسْتَوى ٱلْأُعْمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيرُ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلْحَات وَلَا ٱلْمُسيَّءُ قَلِيلًامَّا نَتَذَكَّرُونَ رَبِّي إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَآتَيَةٌ لَّارَيْبَ فِهَا وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ رَبُّكُمُ

- 52. The day when their excuse availeth not the evil-doers, and theirs is the curse, and theirs the ill abode.
- 53. And We verily gave Moses the guidance, and We caused the Children of Israel to inherit the Scripture,
 - 54. A guide and a reminder for men of understanding.
- 55. Then have patience (O Muhammad). Lo! the promise of Allah is true. And ask forgiveness of thy sin, and hymn the praise of thy Lord at fall of night and in the early hours.
- 56. Lo! those who wrangle concerning the revelations of Allah without a warrant having come unto them, there is naught else in their breasts save pride which they will never attain. So take thou refuge in Allah. Lo! He, only He, is the Hearer, the Seer.
- 57. Assuredly the creation of the heavens and the earth is greater than the creation of mankind; but most of mankind know not.
- 58. And the blind man and the seer are not equal, neither are those who believe and do good works (equal with) the evil-doer. Little do ye reflect!
- 59. Lo! the Hour is surely coming, there is no doubt thereof; yet most of mankind believe not.

ٱدْعُونِيَ أَسْتَجِبُ لَكُمْ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَكْبُرُونَ عَنْ عَبَادَتِي سَيَدُخُلُونَ جَهَنَّمَ دَاخرِينَ رَبِّينِ اللهُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُرُ ٱلَّيْلَ لِنَشَّكُنُواْ فِيهِ وَالنَّهَارَ مُبْصِراً ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَذُو فَضْلِ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسَ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ وَا خَالُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَ مُكُرْ خَالُو كُلُّ شَيْءٍ لَّا إِلَّهَ إِلَّاهِ أَلَّهُ فَأَنَّى نُوْفَكُونَ ﴿ كَذَاكَ يُؤْفَكُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَانُواْ بِعَايَنت ٱلله يَجْعَدُونَ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُرُ الْأَرْضَ قَرَاراً وَالسَّمَاءَ بِنَا ﴾ وَصَوَّركُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَرَزَقَكُمْ مَنَ الطَّيِّبَاتُ ذَالكُرُ اللهُ رَبُّكُمُّ فَتَبَارَكَ اللهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمينَ ﴿ هُوَ الْحَيُّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَأَدْعُوهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ ٱلْحَمْدُ لله رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ رَبِّ * قُلْ إِنَّى نُهُيتُ أَنَّ أَعُّبُدَ الَّذِينَ تَدَّعُونَ من دُون الله لَمَّا جَآءَنَى ٱلْبَيِّنَاتُ مِن رَّبِّي وَأُمْرِتُ أَنْ أُسْلِمَ لَرَبّ



- 60. And your Lord hath said: Pray unto Me and I will hear your prayer. Lo! those who scorn My service, they will enter hell, disgraced.
- 61. Allah it is Who hath appointed for you night that ye may rest therein, and day for seeing. Lo! Allah is a Lord of bounty for mankind, yet most of mankind give not thanks.
- 62. Such is Allah, your Lord, the Creator of all things. There is no God save Him. How then are ye perverted?
- 63. Thus are they perverted who deny the revelations of Allah.
- 64. Allah it is Who appointed for you the earth for a dwelling-place and the sky for a canopy, and fashioned you and perfected your shapes, and hath provided you with good things. Such is Allah, your Lord. Then blessed be Allah, the Lord of the Worlds!
- 65. He is the Living One. There is no God save Him. So pray unto Him, making religion pure for Him (only). Praise be to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds!
- 66. Say (O Muhammad): I am forbidden to worship those unto whom ye cry beside Allah since there have come unto me clear proofs from my Lord, and I am commanded to surrender to the Lord of the Worlds.

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ٱلْعَلَمينَ ١٠٠ هُو ٱلَّذي خَلَقَكُم مِن تُراب ثُمَّ مِن نُطْفَة ثُمَّ مَنْ عَلَقَة ثُمَّ يُخْرِجُكُمْ طَفْلًا ثُمَّ لَتَبْلُغُوا أَشُدُّكُمْ ثُمَّ لتَكُونُواْ شُيُوكًا وَمنكُم مَّن يُتَوَفَّى من قَبْلٌ وَلتَبْلُغُواْ أَجَلًا مُسمَى وَلَعَلَّكُم تَعْقُلُونَ ﴿ مُوالَّذَى يُحْيء وَيُمِيتُ فَإِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّكَ يَقُولُ لَهُ كُن فَيكُونُ ﴿ أَلَمْ الَّهُ الَّهُ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ يُجَلِلُونَ فِي ءَايَنتِ اللهُ أَنَّى يُصْرَفُونَ ٢ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِالْكُنَابِ وَبَمَّا أَرْسَلْنَا بِهِ ورُسُلَنَّا فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ إِذَالْأَغْلَالُ فِيَ أَعْنَفَهِمْ وَالسَّلَاسُلُ يُسْحَبُونَ ١ فِي الْحَمْمِ ثُمَّ فِي النَّارِ يُسْجَرُونَ ١ ثُمَّ قِيلَ لَمْهُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ تُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ مِن دُون اللَّهُ قَالُواْ ضَلُّواْ عَنَّا بَلِ لَّمْ نَكُن لَّدْعُواْ مِن قَبْلُ شَيْئًا كَدَّاكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ ٱلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ ذَالِكُم عَاكُنتُمْ تَفْرَحُونَ

- 67. He it is Who created you from dust, then from a drop (of seed) then from a clot, then bringeth you forth as a child, then (ordaineth) that ye attain full strength and afterward that ye become old men-though some among you die before-and that ye reach an appointed term, that haply ye may understand.
- 68. He it is Who quickeneth and giveth death. When He ordaineth a thing, He saith unto it only: Be! and it is.
- 69. Hast thou not seen those who wrangle concerning the revelations of Allah, how they are turned away?-
- 70. Those who deny the Scripture and that wherewith We send Our messengers. But they will come to know,
- 71. When carcans are about their necks and chains. They are dragged
- 72. Through boiling waters; then they are thrust into the Fire.
- 73. Then it is said unto them: Where are (all) that ye used to make partners (in the Sovereignty)
- 74. Beside Allah? They say: They have failed us; but we used not to pray to anything before. Thus doth Allah send astray the disbelievers (in His guidance).
 - 75. (And it is said unto them): This is because ye exulted

في الأرْض بغَيْر الْحَقَ وَ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَمْرَحُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ادْخُلُواْ أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالدينَ فِيهَا ۚ فَبْنُسَ مَثْوَى ٱلْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَأَصْبِرُ إِنَّ وَعْدَ الله حَتَّ فَإِمَّا تُريَّكَ بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي نَعَدُهُمْ أَوْنَتُوفَيْنَكَ فَإِلَيْنَا يُرْجَعُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلًا مَن قَبْلِكَ مَنْهُم مَّن قَصَصْنَا عَلَيْكَ وَمَنْهُم مَّن لَّهُ نَقْصُصْ عَلَيْكَ وَمَا كَانَ لرَسُول أَن يَأْتَى بِعَايَة إِلَّا بِإِذْن الله فَإِذَا جَآءَ أُمْرُ الله قُضَى بِٱلْحَتِّي وَخَسرَ هُنَا لِكَ ٱلْمُبْطِلُونَ ﴿ اللهُ الَّذِي جَعَـلَ لَكُمُ الْأَنْعَلَمَ لَتَرْكَبُواْ مَنْهَا وَمَنْهَا تَأْ كُلُونَ ١ في صُدُورِ كُرْ وَعَلَيْهَا وَعَلَى ٱلْفُلْكِ تُحْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَيُرِيكُمْ ءَايَنته م فَأَيَّ ءَا يَنت الله تُنكرُ ونَ ۞ أَفَكَمْ يَسيرُ وأ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُ وا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلَّذينَ من قَبْلهم in the earth without right, and because ye were petulant.

- 76. Enter ye the gates of hell, to dwell therein. Evil is the habitation of the scornful.
- 77. Then have patience (O Muhammad). Lo! the promise of Allah is true. And whether we let thee see a part of that which We promise them, or (whether) We cause thee to die, still unto Us they will be brought back.
- 78. Verily We sent messengers before thee, among them those of whom We have told thee, and some of whom We have not told thee; and it was not given to any messenger that he should bring a portent save by Allah's leave, but when Allah's commandment cometh (the cause) is judged aright, and the followers of vanity will then be lost.
- 79. Allah it is Who hath appointed for you cattle, that ye may ride on some of them, and eat of some—
- 80. (Many) benefits ye have from them—and that ye may satisfy by their means a need that is in your breasts, and may be borne upon them as upon the ship.
- 81. And He showeth you His tokens. Which, then, of the tokens of Allah do ye deny?
- 82. Have they not travelled in the land to see the nature of the consequence for those before them? They were more

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كَانُواْ أَكْثَرَمْنُهُمْ وَأَشَدْ قُوّة وَءَاثَاراً فِي الأَرْضِ فَلَا الْأَوْلِ الْأَرْضِ فَلَا الْمَا عَنْهُمْ مُسلَّهُم الْغَنْي عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿ فَي فَلَمَّا جَاءَ تَهُمْ مُسلَّهُم بِاللَّبَيْنَاتِ فَرِحُواْ يَمَا عِندَهُم مِنَ الْعِلْمِ وَحَاقَ بِهِم مَا كَانُواْ بِعَد يَشْتَهُ زِءُ وَنَ ﴿ فَي فَلَمَّا رَأَوْا بَأْسَنَا قَالُواْ عَامَنَا بِعَالَمُ اللَّهِ عَلَمْ اللَّهِ وَحَدَهُ وَكَفَرْنَا بِمَا كُنَا بِهِ عَمْرِكِينَ ﴿ فَلَمْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْكَنْفُرُونَ ﴿ فَي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْكَنْفُرُونَ وَفَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْكَنْفُرُونَ وَفَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْرِونَ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

(٤١) سُورةِ فصّلتْ مُكينت وأياهنا ٤٥ نزلت بعَدُرغافِن

حمَّ ﴿ تَنْزِيلٌ مِنَ الرَّحْمَانِ الرَّحِيمِ ﴿ كِنَابٌ

numerous than these, and mightier in power and (in the) traces (which they left behind them) in the earth. But all that they used to earn availed them not.

- 83. And when their messengers brought them clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty) they exulted in the knowledge they (themselves) possessed. And that which they were wont to mock befell them.
- 84. Then, when they saw Our doom, they said: We believe in Allah only and reject (all) that we used to associate (with Him).
- 85. But their faith could not avail them when they saw Our doom. This is Allah's law which hath ever taken course for His bondmen. And then the disbelievers will be ruined.

SÜRAH XLI

Fussilat, "They are expounded," derives its title from a word in v. 2. It is also often called Hå. Mim. As-Sajdab, from a word in v. 37, Hå. Mim. being added to distinguish it from sûrah XXXII, which is called As-Sajdah.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

FUSSILAT ("THEY ARE EXPOUNDED")

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hâ. Mîm.1
- 2. A revelation from the Beneficent, the Merciful,

1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

فُصَّلَتْ وَا يَكْتُهُ وَتُرْوَانَّا عَرَيْكَ لَقَوْم يَعْلَمُونَ ٢ بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا فَأَعْرَضَ أَكْتَرُهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ٢ وَقَالُواْ قُلُو بُنَا فِيَ أَكِنَّهُ مِّكَ تَدْعُونَا إِلَيْهُ وَفِي ءَاذَاننا وَقُرُ وَمَنْ يَيْنَا وَبَيْنَكَ حَجَابٌ فَأَعْمَلُ إِنَّنَا عَلَمْلُونَ رَقٍ قُلْ إِنَّكَأَ أَنَا بَشَرٌ مَثْلُكُمْ يُوحَىٰ إِلَىَّ أَنَّكَ إِلَاهُكُمْ إِلَكُ وَاحَدُ فَأَسْتَقَيْمُواْ إِلَيْهُ وَأَسْتَغْفُرُوهُ وَوَيْلُ لَلْمُشْرِكِينَ ٢ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْتُونَ ٱلرَّكُوٰةَ وَهُم بِٱلْآخِرَةَ هُمْ كَلْفُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّالَحَاتِ لَهَـُمْ أَجَّرُ غَيْرُ مَمْنُون ﴿ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللّ في يَوْمَيْنَ وَتَجْعَلُونَ لَهُۥ أَندَاداً ذَاكَ رَبُّ الْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ وَجَعَلَ فِهَا رَوَاسِيَ مِن فَوْقِهَا وَبَدَرَكَ فِهَا وَقَدَّرَ فِيهَا أَقُوا نَهَا فِيَ أَرْبَعَة أَيَّام سَوَآ كَاللَّمَا بِلِينَ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَى



A Scripture whereof the verses are expounded, a Lecture¹ in Arabic for people who have knowledge,

- 4. Good tidings and a warning. But most of them turn away so that they hear not.
- 5. And they say: Our hearts are protected from that unto which thou (O Muhammad) callest us, and in our ears there is a deafness, and between us and thee there is a veil. Act, then. Lo! we also shall be acting.
- 6. Say (unto them O Muhammad): I am only a mortal like you. It is inspired in me that your God is One God, therefor take the straight path unto Him and seek forgiveness of Him. And woe unto the idolaters,
- 7. Who give not the poor-due, and who are disbelievers in the Hereafter.
- 8. Lo! as for those who believe and do good works, for them is a reward enduring.
- 9. Say (O Muhammad, unto the idolaters): Disbelieve ye verily in Him Who created the earth in two Days,² and ascribe ye unto Him rivals? He (and none else) is the Lord of the Worlds.
- to. He placed therein firm hills rising above it, and blessed it and measured therein its sustenance in four Days, alike for (all) who ask;

¹ Ar. Qur'an.

^{*} XXII, 47; XXXII, 5; LXX, 4.

إِلَى ٱلسَّمَا ۚ وَهِيَ دُخَانٌ فَقَالَ لَمَا وَالْأَرْضِ ٱثْنَيَا طَوْعًا أُورِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ الل سَمَنَوَات في يَوْمَيْن وَأَوْحَىٰ في كُلُّ سَمَآ وِ أَمْرَهَا ۗ وَزَيَّنَّا السَّمَاءَ الدُّنيا بَمَصَابيحَ وَحَفْظا أَذَاكَ تَقْديرُ الْعَزيز ٱلْعَلِيمِ ١ فَإِنَّ أَعْرَضُواْ فَقُلْ أَنذَرْتُكُمْ صَاعِقَةً مَثْلَ صَاعِقَة عَاد وَتَمُودَ ١ ﴿ إِذْ جَآءَتُهُمُ ٱلرُّسُلُ مَنْ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَنْ خَلْفَهِمْ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا اللَّهِ قَالُواْ لَوْ شَآءَ رَبُّنَا لَأَ زَلَ مَلَيِّكُةً فَإِنَّا بَمَا أَرْسَلْتُم به ع كَلفُرُونَ ١ فَأَمَّا عَادُّ فَٱسْنَكَبَرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَتَّى وَقَالُواْ مَنْ أَشَدُّمنَا قُوَّةً أُولَد يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللهَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَهُمْ هُوَ أَشَدُهُمْ مُونَ وَكَانُواْ بِعَايَنْنَنَا يَجْحُدُونَ ﴿ مَا فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ رِيحًا صَرْصَرًا فِيَ أَيَّامٍ تُحسَات لَنُذيقَهُم عَذَابَ

- 11. Then turned He to the heaven when it was smoke, and said unto it and unto the earth: Come both of you, willingly or loth. They said: We come, obedient.
- 12. Then He ordained them seven heavens in two Days¹ and inspired in each heaven its mandate; and We decked the nether heaven with lamps, and rendered it inviolable.² That is the measuring of the Mighty, the Knower.
- 13. But if they turn away, then say: I warn you of a thunderbolt like the thunderbolt (which fell of old upon the tribes) of A'âd and Thamûd;
- 14. When their messengers came unto them from before them and behind them, saying: Worship none but Allah! they said: If our Lord had willed, He surely would have sent down angels (unto us), so lo! we are disbelievers in that wherewith ye have been sent.
- 15. As for A'âd, they were arrogant in the land without right, and they said: Who is mightier than us in power? Could they not see that Allah Who created them, He was mightier than them in power? And they denied Our revelations.
- 16. Therefor We let loose on them a raging wind in evil days, that We might make them taste the torment of

¹ XXII, 47; XXXII, 5; LXX, 4. 8 XXXVII, 6-10; LXXII, 8-10.

ٱلْخُرَى فِي ٱلْحُيَاوَةِ ٱلدُّنْيَ ۗ وَلَعَلَابُ ٱلْآ نَوَةَ أَخْزَى وَهُمْ لا يُنصَرُونَ ١٠ وَأَمَّا تَمُودُ فَهَدَيْنَهُمْ فَأَسْتَحَبُّواْ ٱلْعَمَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْحُدَىٰ فَأَخَذَ أَهُمْ صَاعِقَةُ ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلْحُون بَى كَانُواْ يَكْسبُونَ ﴿ وَتَجَيَّنَ الَّذِينَ وَامَنُواْ وَكَانُواْ يَتَّقُونَ إِنَّ وَيَوْمَ يُحْشَرُ أَعْدَآهُ الله إِلَى النَّارَفَهُمْ يُوزَعُونَ إِنَّ حَتَّى إِذَا مَاجَآءُ وَهَا شَهَدَ عَلَيْهُمْ سَمْعُهُمْ وَأَبْصَنْرُهُمْ وَجُلُودُهُم بَمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لِحُلُودهم لمَ شَهدتُمْ عَلَيْنا ۖ قَالُواْ أَنطَقَنا اللهُ ٱلَّذِي أَنطَق كُلَّ هَيْءٍ وَهُوَ خَلَقَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّة وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ١ وَمَا كُنتُمْ تَسْتَرُونَ أَن يَشْهَدَ عَلَيْكُرْسَمْعُكُرْ وَلَا أَبْصِلُكُمْ وَلَا جُلُودُكُمْ وَلَكِن ظَنَنْتُمْ أَنَّ اللهَ لَا يَعْلَمُ كَثيرًا مَّكَ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ وَذَالِكُمْ ظَنَّكُمُ ٱلَّذِي ظَنَنتُم بِرَبِّكُمْ أَرْدَكُمْ

disgrace in the life of the world. And verily the doom of the Hereafter will be more shameful, and they will not be helped.

- 17. And as for Thamûd, We gave them guidance, but they preferred blindness to the guidance, so the bolt of the doom of humiliation overtook them because of what they used to earn.
- 18. And We delivered those who believed and used to keep their duty to Allah.
- 19. And (make mention of) the day when the enemies of Allah are gathered unto the Fire, they are driven on
- 20. Till, when they reach it, their ears and their eyes and their skins testify against them as to what they used to do.
- 21. And they say unto their skins: Why testify ye against us? They say: Allah hath given us speech Who giveth speech to all things, and Who created you at the first, and unto Whom ye are returned.
- 22. Ye did not hide yourselves lest your ears and your eyes and your skins should testify against you, but ye deemed that Allah knew not much of what ye did.
 - 23. That, your thought which ye did think about your

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فَأَصْبَحْتُمُ مَّنَ ٱلْخُلُسرينَ ﴿ فَإِن يَصْبِرُواْ فَالنَّارُ مَثْوَى لَمُّمَّ وَإِن يَسْتَعْتَبُواْ فَكَاهُم مِنَ ٱلْمُعْتَبِينَ ﴿ * وَقَيَّضْنَا لَهُمْ قُرِنَا ۚ فَزَيَّنُواْ لَهُم مَّا بَيْنَ أَيَّد يهم وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَحَنَّ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْقَوْلُ فِيَ أُمَّم قَدْ خَلَتْ من قَبْلهم مَّنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنسَ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ خَسرينَ ١ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا لَا تَسْمَعُواْ لَمَنذَا اللَّقُرْءَان وَالْغَوْاْ فيه لَعَلَّكُمْ نَغْلَبُونَ ﴿ فَيَ فَلَنُد يِقَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ عَذَابًا شَديدًا وَلَنَجْزِينَهُمُ أَسْواً ٱلَّذِي كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ١ ذَالَكَ جَزَآءُ أَعْدَآءِ ٱللهُ ٱلنَّارُ لَهُمْ فِيهَا دَارُ ٱلْحُلَّدُ جَزَآءُ بِمَا كَانُواْ بِعَايَنتَ يَجْمَدُونَ ﴿ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ رَبَّنَا أَرْنَا ٱلَّذَيْنِ أَضَلَّانَا مِنَ ٱلجُّنَّ وَٱلَّإِنسَ نَجْعَلْهُمَا تَحْتَ أَقْدَامِنَ اليَكُونَامِنَ ٱلْأَسْفَلِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ



- 24. And though they are resigned, yet the Fire is still their home; and if they ask for favour, yet they are not of those unto whom favour can be shown.
- 25. And We assigned them comrades (in the world), who made their present and their past fairseeming unto them. And the Word concerning nations of the jinn and humankind who passed away before them hath effect for them. Lo! they were ever losers.
- 26. Those who disbelieve say: Heed not this Qur'an, and drown the hearing of it; haply ye may conquer.
- 27. But verily We shall cause those who disbelieve to taste an awful doom, and verily We shall require them the worst of what they used to do.
- 28. That is the reward of Allah's enemies: the Fire. Therein is their immortal home, payment for smuch as they denied Our revelations.
- 29. And those who disbelieve will say: Our Lord! Show us those who beguiled us of the jinn and humankind. We will place them underneath our feet that they may be among the nethermost.

قَالُواْ رَبُّنَا اللهُ ثُمُّ اَسْتَقَلْمُواْ نَسَنَّلُ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلْمَلَكِكَةُ أَلَّا تَخَافُواْ وَلَا يَعْزَنُواْ وَأَيْسُرُواْ بِٱلْجَلَّةَ ٱلَّتِي كُنتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ ﴿ نَحْنُ أَوْلِيَآ وُكُرُ فِي الْحَيَوْةِ الدُّنْيَا وَفِي الْآخِرَةُ وَلَـكُمْ فِهَا مَا تَشْتَهِيَّ أَنفُسُكُمْ وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا مَا تَدَّعُونَ ٢ أَزُلًا مَّنْ غَفُور رَّحيه ﴿ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ قَوْلًا مَنَّ دَعَا إِلَى الله وَعَملَ صَالحًا وَقَالَ إِنَّنِي مِنَ ٱلْمُسْلِمينَ ﴿ وَلَا تَسْنَوى الْحُسَنَةُ وَلَا السَّيْئَةُ ادْفَعْ بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ فَإِذَا الَّذِي بَيْنَكَ وَبَيْنَهُ عَدَاوَةٌ كَأَنَّهُ وَلَيُّ حَبُّ ﴿ وَمَا يُلَقَّلْهَا إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ وَمَا يُلَقَّلْهَا إِلَّا ذُوحَظَ عَظيہ مِنْ وَ إِمَّا يَنزَغَنَّكَ مَنَ الشَّيْطَانِ نَزْعٌ عُ فَأَسْنَعَذْ بِٱللَّهِ إِنَّهُمْ هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلَيمُ ١ وَمَنْ وَايَلته الَّيْهُ لَ وَالنَّهَارُ وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمْرُ لَا تَسْجُدُواْ للسَّمْس

- 30. Lo! those who say: Our Lord is Allah, and afterward are upright, the angels descend upon them, saying: Fear not nor grieve, but hear good tidings of the paradise which ye are promised.
- 31. We are your protecting friends in the life of the world and in the Hereafter. There ye will have (all) that your souls desire, and there ye will have (all) for which ye pray.
 - 32. A gift of welcome from One Forgiving, Merciful.
- 33. And who is better in speech than him who prayeth unto his Lord and doeth right, and saith: Lo! I am of those who are muslems (surrender unto Him).
- 34. The good deed and the evil deed are not alike. Repel the evil deed with one which is better, then lo! he, between whom and thee there was enmity (will become) as though he was a bosom friend.
- 35. But none is granted it save those who are steadfast, and none is granted it save the owner of great happiness.¹
- 36. And if a whisper from the devil reach thee (O Muhammad) then seek refuge in Allah. Lo! He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 37. And of His portents are the night and the day and the sun and the moon. Adore not the sun nor the moon;

i.e. not everyone is able to practise such forgiveness.

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وَلَا لِلْقَمَرِ وَآشِكُواْ للهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَهُنَّ إِن كُنتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ ١٠ فَإِن ٱسْتَكْبَرُواْ فَالَّذِينَ عندَ رَبِّكَ يُسَبُّحُونَ لَهُ بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَهُمَّ لَا يَسْعُمُونَ ١٠٠٠ * وَمنْ ءَا يَلنه مَ أَنَّكَ تَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ خَلشَعَةً فَإِذَآ أَنَرْلْنَا عَلَيْهَا ٱلْمَآءَ ٱهْنَزَّتْ وَرَبَّتُّ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِيّ أَحْيَاهَا لَمُحْي ٱلْمَوْتَيُّ إِنَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ١٠ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُلْحدُونَ فِي ءَايَنتنَا لَا يَخْفُونَ عَلَيْنَا أَ أَفَن يُلْقَى فِ النَّارِ خَيْرٌ أَم مِّن يَأْتِي عَامِنًا يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ ٱعْمَلُواْ مَاشَلْتُمْ إِنَّهُ مِنَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِالذِّكْرِلَمَّا جَا ءَهُمَّ وَ إِنَّهُ لِكُتَكِّ عَرِيزٌ ١٠ لَا يَأْتِيهِ ٱلْبَطْلُ مَنْ بَيْن يَدَيْه وَلَا مِنْ خَلْفه، تَنزيلٌ مَّنْ حَكيم حَميد ﴿ مَّا يُقَالُ لَكَ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ قِيلَ للرُّسُلِ مِن قَبْلِكَ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغْفَرَة but adore Allah Who created them, if it is in truth Him Whom ye worship.

- 38. But if they are too proud-still those who are with thy Lord glorify Him night and day, and tire not.
- 39. And of His portents (is this): that thou seest the earth lowly, but when We send down water thereon it thrilleth and groweth. Lo! He Who quickeneth it is verily the Quickener of the Dead. Lo! He is Able to do all things.
- 40. Lo! those who distort Our revelations are not hid from Us. Is he who is hurled into the Fire better, or he who cometh secure on the Day of Resurrection? Do what ye will. Lo! He is Seer of what ye do.
- 41. Lo! those who disbelieve in the Reminder when it cometh unto them (are guilty), for lo! it is an unassailable Scripture.
- 42. Falsehood cannot come at it from before it or from behind it. (It is) a revelation from the Wise, the Owner of Praise.
- 43. Naught is said unto thee (Muhammad) save what was said unto the messengers before thee. Lo! thy Lord is owner

وَذُوعَقَابِ أَليه ﴿ وَلَوْجَعَلْنَهُ قُرْءَانًا أَعْمَيَّا لَّقَالُواْ لَوْلَا فُصِلَتْ ءَايَنُتُهُۥ ءَا عَجَمَى وَعَرَبَى قُلُ هُوَ لَلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ هُدَى وَشَفَآةً وَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ فِي ءَاذَانِهِمْ وَقُرٌّ وَهُوَ عَلَيْهُمْ عَمَّى أُولَيْكَ يُنَادَوْنَ مِن مَّكَان بَعيد ربَّي وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكتَبَ فَآخْتُلفَ فيه وَلَوْلَا كَلَمَةٌ سَبَقَتْ مِن رَّبِّكَ لَقُضَى بَيْنَهُمْ ۚ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَنِي شَكَّ مُّنَّهُ مُريب رَقِي مَّنْ عَمَلَ صَالِحًا فَلْنَفْسه، وَمَنْ أَسَاءَ فَعَلَهُما وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِظَلَّام لَلْعَبِيد ﴿ ﴿ إِلَّهِ يُرَدُّ عَلْمُ ٱلسَّاعَة وَمَا يَخْرُجُ مِن تَمَرَات مِّنْ أَكُمَا مِهَا وَمَا يَحْمَلُ مِنْ أَنْنَى وَلَا نَضَعُ إِلَّا بعلْمهُ ۚ وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ أَيْنَ شُرَّكَآءِى قَالُواْ وَاذَنَّكَ مَامنًا مِن شَهِيد ﴿ وَضَلَّ عَنَّهُم مَّا كَانُواْ إُ يَدْعُونَ مِن قَبْلُ وَظَنُّواْ مَا لَحَهُم مِن عَّيص رَبِّي لَّا يَسْشَمُ



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of forgiveness, and owner (also) of dire punishment.

- 44. And if We had appointed it a Lecture1 in a foreign tongue they would assuredly have said: If only its verses were expounded (so that we might understand)? What! A foreign tongue and an Arab?-Say unto them (O Muhammad): For those who believe it is a guidance and a healing; and as for those who disbelieve, there is a deafness in their ears, and it is blindness for them. Such are called to from afar.
- 45. And We verily gave Moses the Scripture, but there hath been dispute concerning it; and but for a Word that had already gone forth from thy Lord, it would ere now have been judged between them; but lo! they are in hopeless doubt concerning it.
- 46. Whoso doeth right it is for his soul, and whoso doeth wrong it is against it. And thy Lord is not at all a tyrant to His slaves.
- 47. Unto Him is referred (all) knowledge of the Hour. And no fruits burst forth from their sheaths, and no female carrieth or bringeth forth but with His knowledge. And on the day when He calleth unto them: Where are now My partners? they will say: We confess unto Thee, not one of us is a witness (for them).
- 48. And those to whom they used to cry of old have failed them, and they perceive they have no place of refuge.



ٱلْإِنْسَانُ مِن دُعَاء الْخَيْرِ وَإِن مَّسَّهُ الشَّرُّ فَيَعُوسٌ لَيَقُولَنَّ هَلْذَا لِي وَمَا أُظُنُّ السَّاعَةَ قَايِمَةٌ وَلَين رُّجعتُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَ إِنَّ لَى عَندَهُ لِلْحُسْنَىٰ ۖ فَلَنُنَبَّنَ ۖ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بَمَا عَملُواْ وَلَنُذيفَنَّهُم مّنْ عَذَاب غَليظ ﴿ وَإِذَا أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَى ٱلْإِنسَانِ أَعْرَضَ وَنَنَا بِجَانِسِهِ وَ إِذَا مَسَّهُ ٱلشَّرُّ فَلُو دُعَآءٍ عَريض ١٠ قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِن كَانَ مَنْ عند اللهُ ثُمَّ كَفَرْتُم به عمن أضَلْ مَّن هُوَف شقاق بَعيد ﴿ سَنُرِيهُمْ ءَا يَنتنَا فِي ٱلْآفَاقِ وَفِي أَنفُسهمْ حَتَّى يَتَبِيَّنَ لَمُ مُ أَنَّهُ الْحَتْقُ أُولَدْ يَكُف بِرَبِّكَ أَنَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلَّ مَّىٰءِ شَهِيدٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَلَّا إِنَّهُمْ فِي مُرْيَةٍ مِّن لَقَاءِ رَبِّهُمْ أَلَّا إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عُمِطٌ ﴿

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- 49. Man tireth not of praying for good, and if ill toucheth him, then he is disheartened, desperate.
- 50. And verily, if We cause him to taste mercy after some hurt that hath touched him, he will say: This is my own; and I deem not that the Hour will ever rise, and if I am brought back to my Lord, I surely shall be better off with Him—But We verily shall tell those who disbelieve (all) that they did, and We verily shall make them taste hard punishment.
- 51. When We show favour unto man, he withdraweth and turneth aside, but when ill toucheth him then he aboundeth in prayer.
- 52. Bethink you: If it is from Allah and ye reject it— Who is further astray than one who is at open feud (with Allah)?
- 53. We shall show them Our portents on the horizons and within themselves until it will be manifest unto them that it is the Truth. Doth not thy Lord suffice, since He is Witness over all things?
- 54. How! Are they still in doubt about the meeting with their Lord? Lo! Is not He surrounding all things?

۲۱) سُورَقُ الشّوْرِيٰ مَكَنَّةَ الإلايات ۲۲ و ۲۶ و ۲۷ فيدنية والألها ۵۳ نزلت بعد فصلت

حمة ٢ عَسَقَ ٢ كَذَاكَ يُوحِي إِلَيْكَ وَإِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ من قَبْلِكَ اللهُ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ﴿ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُواتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ ۗ وَهُوَ الْعَلِّي الْعَظْمُ ﴿ مِنْ تَكَادُ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتُ يَتَفَطَّرْنَ مِن فَوْقِهِنَّ وَٱلْمَلَيْكِكَةُ يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمَّد رَبِّهِمْ وَيَسْتَغْفُرُونَ لَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضَ أَلاَّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ هُو ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحَمُ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ مَن دُونِهِ ٓ أَوْلِيآ ۗ ۚ ٱللهُ حَفَيظٌ عَلَيْهُمْ وَمَا أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بِوَ كَيل ٢٠٠٥ وَكَذَالِكَ أُوحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِيًا لَنُنذرَ أَمَّ الْقُزَى وَمَنْ حَوْلَكَ



Asb-Sbårå, "Counsel," takes its name from a word in v. 38. It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

COUNSEL

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hâ. Mîm.1
- 2. A'în. Sîn. Qâf.1
- 3. Thus Allah the Mighty, the Knower inspireth thee (Muhammad) as (He inspired) those before thee.
- 4. Unto Him belongeth all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and He is the Sublime, the Tremendous.
- 5. Almost might the heavens above be rent asunder while the angels hymn the praise of their Lord and ask forgiveness for those on the earth. Lo! Allah, He is the Forgiver, the Merciful.
- And as for those who choose protecting friends beside Him, Allah is Warden over them, and thou art in no wise a guardian over them.
- And thus We have inspired in thee a Lecture² in Arabic, that thou mayst warn the mother-town³ and those around it,
 - 1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.
- Ar. Qur'ân.
- 8 i.e. Mecca

وَتُنذَرَ يَوْمَ الْجَمَعُ لَارَيْبَ فيهُ فَرِينٌ فِي الْجَنَّةُ وَفَرِينٌ في السَّعير ﴿ وَلَوْ شَآءَ اللَّهُ لِحَكَلَهُمْ أَمَّةً وَاحدَهُ وَلَكُن يُدْخِلُ مَن يَشَآءُ في رَحْمَته ع وَالظَّالِمُونَ مَا لَهُم مَّن وَلَّي وَلَا نَصِيرِ ﴿ مَا أَنَّكُذُواْ مِنْ دُونِهِ عَأُولْيَكَ عَ فَاللَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْوَلْ وَهُوَ يُعْى ٱلْمَوْتَى وَهُوعَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ فَدِيرٌ عَلَيْ وَمَا أَخْتَلَقْتُمْ فِيهِ مِن شَيْءٍ فَحُكُمُهُ ۚ إِلَى اللَّهِ ذَالكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبّي عَلَيْه تَوَكَّلْتُ وَ إِلَيْه أُنيبُ ﴿ فَاطْرُ السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضُ جَعَلَ لَكُم مَنْ أَنفُسكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا وَمَنَ الْأَنْعَام أَزُواجًا بِدُرُورُ فِيهُ لَيْسَ كَمثله، شَيْءٌ وَهُو السَّميمُ البصير في لَهُ مَقَاليدُ السَّمَوَات وَالْأَرْضُ يَبْسُطُ الرزق لمن يشاء ويقدر إنه بكل شيء عليم ١ الله مُرَعَ لَكُمُ مِنْ الدِّينِ مَاوَصِينِ بِهِ مُوحًا وَالَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا



and mayst warn of a day of assembling whereof there is no doubt. A host will be in the Garden, and a host of them in the Flame.

- 8. Had Allah willed, He could have made them one community, but Allah bringeth whom He will into His mercy. And the wrong-doers have no friend nor helper.
- 9. Or have they chosen protecting friends besides Him? But Allah, He (alone) is the Protecting Friend. He quickeneth the dead, and He is Able to do all things.
- 10. And in whatsoever ye differ, the verdict therein belongeth to Allah. Such is my Lord, in Whom I put my trust, and unto Whom I turn.
- 11. The Creator of the heavens and the earth. He hath made for you pairs of yourselves, and of the cattle also pairs, whereby He multiplieth you. Naught is as His likeness; and He is the Hearer, the Seer.
- 12. His are the keys of the heavens and the earth. He enlargeth providence for whom He will and straiteneth (it for whom He will). Lo! He is Knower of all things.
- 13. He hath ordained for you that religion which He commended unto Noah, and that which We inspire in thee

إِلَيْكَ وَمَا وَصَّيْنَا بِهِ ٓ إِبَّرَهِيمَ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعَيْسَىٰ أَنْ أَقْيِمُواْ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَا نَتَفَرَّقُواْ فيه كَبْرَعَلَى ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ مَاتَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَيْهُ اللهُ يَجْنَيِي إِلَيْهِ مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَهْدِي إِلَيْهِ مَن يُنيبُ ﴿ وَمَا نَفَرَّفُواْ إِلَّا مَنْ بَعْدَ مَاجَاءَهُمُ ٱلْعَلْمُ بَعْيَا كَامِدُوعٌ وَلَوْلَا كَلْمَةٌ سَبَقَتْ من رَّبِّكَ إِلَّا أَجَل مُسَمَّى لَقُضَى بَيْنَهُمُّ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُورِثُواْ ٱلْكَتَلِبَ مَنْ بَعْدِهِمْ لَنِي شَكِّ مِّنَّهُ مُرِيبِ ﴿ فَإِنَّ فَلَذَاكَ فَأَدُّمُ وَأَسْتَقَمَّ كَمَا أُمْرَتُ وَلَا تَنْبِعُ أَهْوَا ءَهُمْ وَفُلْ ءَامَنتُ بَمَا أَرْلَ اللهُ من كتنب وَأَمْرَتُ لأَعْدَلَ بِينَكُمْ اللهُ رَبُّنا وَرَبُّكُمُّ لَنَآ أَعْمَلُنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَلُكُمُّ لَاحُجَّهَ بَيْنَا وَبَيْنَكُمُ اللهُ يَجْمَعُ بَيْنَنَّا وَ إِلَيْهِ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ عَاجِونَ فَي الله مِنْ يَعْدِ مَا أَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُ حَجَّتُهُم دَاحَمَةً (Muhammad), and that which We commended unto Abraham and Moses and Jesus, saying: Establish the religion, and be not divided therein. Dreadful for the idolaters is that unto which thou callest them. Allah chooseth for Himself whom He will, and guideth unto Himself him who turneth (toward Him).

- 14. And they were not divided until after the knowledge came unto them, through rivalry among themselves; and had it not been for a Word that had already gone forth from thy Lord for an appointed term, it surely had been judged between them. And those who were made to inherit the Scripture after them are verily in hopeless doubt concerning it.
- 15. Unto this, then, summon (O Muhammad). And be thou upright as thou art commanded, and follow not their lusts, but say: I believe in whatever scripture Allah hath sent down, and I am commanded to be just among you. Allah is our Lord and your Lord. Unto us our works and unto you your works; no argument between us and you. Allah will bring us together, and unto Him is the journeying.
- 16. And those who argue concerning Allah after He hath been acknowledged, their argument hath no weight with their

عندَ رَبُّهُمْ وَعَلَيْهُمْ غَضَبٌ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَديدٌ رَبِّي اللهُ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ الْكَنَابَ بِالْخَتِّ وَالْمِيزَاتُّ وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ قَرِيبٌ ﴿ يَسْتَعْجِلُ بَهَا الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمنُونَ جَا ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مُشْفَقُونَ مَنْهَا وَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهَا ٱلْحَقُّ أَلَّا إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُمَارُونَ في السَّاعَة لَغي ضَلَال بَعيد ١ اللهُ لَطيفُ بعبَاده ، يَرَزُقُ مَن يَشَاء وَهُو الْقُويُ ٱلْعَزِيزُ رَبُّ مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ حَرَّثَ ٱلْآخِرَةَ زَدْ لَهُ فِي حَرْثُهُ وَمَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ حَرْثَ الدُّنْيَا نُوْته عَنْهَا وَمَا لَهُ في ٱلْآخرة من نَّصِيب فِي أَمْ لَمُ مُ مُر كَنَوُا شَرَعُوا لَمُم مَّنَ الدِّينِ مَا لَمْ يَأْذَنُ بِهِ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ لَا كَلَمَةُ ٱلْفَصْلِ لَقُضَى بَيْنَهُمْ وَ إِنَّ ٱلظَّلمينَ لَهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلَيْمُ آَنَي تَرَى ٱلظَّلمينَ مُشْفِقِينَ مِنَّا كُسَبُواْ وَهُوَ وَاقْعُ بِهِمْ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ

Lord, and wrath is upon them and theirs will be an awful doom.

- 17. Allah it is Who hath revealed the Scripture with truth. and the Balance. How canst thou know? It may be that the Hour is nigh.
- 18. Those who believe not therein seek to hasten it, while those who believe are fearful of it and know that it is the Truth. Are not they who dispute, in doubt concerning the Hour, far astray?
- 19. Allah is gracious unto His slaves. He provideth for whom He will. And He is the Strong, the Mighty.
- 20. Whoso desireth the harvest of the Hereafter, We give him increase in its harvest. And whoso desireth the harvest of the world, We give him thereof, and he hath no portion in the Hereafter.
- 21. Or have they partners (of Allah) who have made lawful for them in religion that which Allah allowed not? And but for a decisive word (gone forth already), it would have been judged between them. Lo! for wrong-doers is a painful doom.
- 22. Thou seest the wrong-doers fearful of that which they have earned, and it will surely befall them; while those who

وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّلَحَاتِ فِي رَوْضَاتِ ٱلْجَنَّاتُ لَهُمْ مَّا يَشَآءُونَ عندَ رَبِّهُمْ ذَاكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَصّْلُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ﴿ يَ ذَاكَ ٱلَّذِي يُبَشُّرُ اللهُ عَبَادَهُ الَّذِينَ وَامَّنُواْ وَعَملُواْ الصَّالَحاتُ قُل لَّا أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِلَّا ٱلْمَوَدَّةَ فِي ٱلْقُرْتَى وَمَن يَفْتَرَفْ حَسَنَةً نَّوْدُلَهُ فِيهَا حُسْنًا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ ﴿ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللهَ كَذَبًّا فَإِن يَشَلِ اللهُ يَخْتُمْ عَلَىٰ قَلْبِكُّ وَيَمْحُ اللهُ ٱلْبَاطِلَ وَيُحْتُ ٱلْحَقَّ بِكُلَّمَانَةً عَ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بُذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُورِ ١٠ وَهُو ٱلَّذِي يَقْبَلُ ٱلتَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عَبَاده ، وَيَعْفُواْ عَنِ ٱلسَّيَّات وَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَيَسْتَجِيبُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّالحَت وَيَزِيدُهُم مِّن فَضَلَّهُ ع وَالْكَافرُونَ لَهُمْ عَدَابٌ شَديدُ ﴿ ﴿ وَلَوْ بُسَطَ اللهُ الرَّزْقَ لعبَاده،



believe and do good works (will be) in flowering meadows of the Gardens, having what they wish from their Lord. This is the great preferment.

- 23. This it is which Allah announceth unto His bondmen who believe and do good works. Say (O Muhammad, unto mankind): I ask of you no fee therefor, save lovingkindness among kinsfolk. And whoso scoreth a good deed We add unto its good for him. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Responsive.
- 24. Or say they: He hath invented a lie concerning Allah? If Allah willed, He could have sealed thy heart (against them). And Allah will wipe out the lie and will vindicate the truth by His words. Lo! He is Aware of what is hidden in the breasts (of men).
- 25. And He it is Who accepteth repentance from His bondmen, and pardoneth the evil deeds, and knoweth what ye do,
- 26. And accepteth those who do good works, and giveth increase unto them of His bounty. And as for disbelievers, theirs will be an awful doom.
- 27. And if Allah were to enlarge the provision for His

لَبَغَوَّا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَكِن يُنَزَّلُ بِقَدَر مَّا يَشَاَّعُ إِنَّهُ بعبَاده ، خَبيرُ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ وَهُو الَّذِي يُنزَلُ الْغَيْثَ مَنْ أَ بَعْد مَا قَنَطُواْ وَيَنْدُرُ رَحْمَتُهُ وَهُوَ ٱلْوَلَىٰ ٱلْحَمِيدُ ٢ وَمْنْ ءَايَلته ع خَلْقُ السَّمَلوَات وَالْأَرْض وَمَا بَثَّ فيهما من دَا بَهُ وَهُو عَلَى جَمْعهم إِذَا يَشَاءُ قَديرٌ ١٠ وَمَا أَصَابَكُمُ مِن مُصِيبَة فَبِمَا كُسَبَتْ أَيْدِيكُوْ وَيَعْفُواْ عَن كَثِيرِ ﴿ وَمَا أَنَّمُ بُمُعْجِرِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ ۗ وَمَا لَكُمُ مِن دُونِ ٱللهِ مِن وَلَيْ وَلَا نَصِيرِ ١٠٠٠ وَمِنْ عَالَيْتِهِ ٱلْجَوَارِ فِي ٱلْبَحْرِكَٱلْأَعْلَىمِ ﴿ إِن يَشَأْ يُسْكِنِ ٱلرِّبِحَ فَيَظْلَأَنُ رَوَا كَدَعَلَى ظَهْر وَهَ إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَآ يَنت لَّكُلَّ صَبَّادِشَكُودِ ﴿ أَوْ يُو بِقُهُنَّ بِمَا كُسُبُواْ وَيَعْفُ عَن كَثير ١٠ وَ يَعْلَمُ ٱلَّذِينَ يُجَلِدلُونَ فِي عَايَلَتِنَا مَا لَحُهُم

slaves they would surely rebel in the earth, but He sendeth down by measure as He willeth. Lo! He is Informed, a Seer of His bondmen.

- 28. And He it is Who sendeth down the saving rain after they have despaired, and spreadeth out His mercy. He is the Protecting Friend, the Praiseworthy.
- 29. And of His portents is the creation of the heaven and the earth, and of whatever beasts He hath dispersed therein. And He is Able to gather them when He will.
- 30. Whatever of misfortune striketh you, it is what your right hands have earned. And He forgiveth much.
- 31. Ye cannot escape in the earth, for beside Allah ye have no protecting friend nor any helper.
- 32. And of His portents are the ships, like banners on the sea:
- 33. If He will He calmeth the wind so that they keep still upon its surface—Lo! herein verily are signs for every steadfast grateful (heart).—
- 34. Or He causeth them to perish on account of that which they have earned—And He forgiveth much—
 - 35. And that those who argue concerning Our revelations

مْن تَعيص ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا أُوتِيتُم مْن شَيْءٍ فَمَتَاعُ ٱلْحَيَادَة ٱلدُّنْيَا وَمَا عندَ الله خَيْرُواً بْقَى للَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَعَلَى رَبِّمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ٢٠٠ وَالَّذِينَ يَجْتَنبُونَ كَبَيْرَ ٱلْإِثْم وَٱلْفَوَ حَسَ وَ إِذَا مَا غَضِبُواْ هُمْ يَغْفُرُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَالَّذِينَ ٱسْتَجَابُواْ لرَبِّم وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَاةَ وَأَمْرُ هُمْ شُورَى يَبْتُمْ وَمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفقُونَ رَبِّ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا أَصَابَهُمُ الْبَغْيُ هُـمْ يَنتَصَرُونَ ﴿ وَجَزَّ أَوُّا سَيَّتَهُ سَيِّئَةٌ مَّثَّلُهَ ۗ فَمَنْ عَفَا وَأَصْلَحَ فَأَجْرُهُ عَلَى الله ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحبُّ الظَّلمينَ ﴿ وَلَمَن اَنتَصَرَ بَعْدَ ظُلْمه م فَأُولَيَهِكَ مَا عَلَيْهم مَّن سَبيل (اللهِ إِنَّمَا ٱلسَّبِيلُ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يَظْلَمُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ وَيَبْغُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَتَّ أُولَتَنِكَ لَمُمُ عَذَابٌ أَلَيِّ ﴿ وَلَمَن صَابَرَ وَغَفَرَ إِنَّ ذَا لِكَ لَمَنْ عَزْمَ ٱلْأَمُورِ ﴿ may know they have no refuge.

- 36. Now whatever ye have been given is but a passing comfort for the life of the world, and that which Allah hath is better and more lasting for those who believe and put their trust in their Lord.
- 37. And those who shun the worst of sins and indecencies and, when they are wroth, forgive,
- 38. And those who answer the call of their Lord and establish worship, and whose affairs are a matter of counsel, and who spend of what We have bestowed on them,
- 39. And those who, when great wrong is done to them, defend themselves.
- 40. The guerdon of an ill-deed is an ill the like thereof. But whosoever pardoneth and amendeth, his wage is the affair of Allah. Lo! He loveth not wrong-doers.
- 41. And whoso defendeth himself after he hath suffered wrong—for such, there is no way (of blame) against them.
- 42. The way (of blame) is only against those who oppress mankind, and wrongfully rebel in the earth. For such there is a painful doom.
- 43. And verily whoso is patient and forgiveth—lo! that, verily, is (of) the steadfast heart of things.

وَمَن يُضْلِلُ اللهُ فَكَالَهُ مِن وَلَى مَن بَعْدَه ع وَرَى ٱلظَّللمينَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ يَقُولُونَ هَلْ إِلَى مَرَدٌ مِّن سَبيل ﴿ وَرَكُنهُ مَ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَيْكَ خَنشعينَ منَ ٱلذُّلِّ يَنظُرُ ونَ من طَرْف خَفَّى ۖ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱلْحَكَسرينَ الَّذِينَ حَسرُواْ أَنفُسَهُمْ وَأَهْلِيهِمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة أَلَّا إِنَّ الظَّلَلَمِينَ في عَذَابِ مُقيم رَبِّي وَمَا كَانَ لَحُهُم مِّنْ أُولِياءَ يَنصُرُونَهُم مِن دُونِ اللهِ وَمَن يُضْلِل اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ ومن سَبيل ١٠٠ اسْتَجيبُواْ لرَبَّكُم مَن قَبْل أَن يَأْتَى يَوْمٌ لَّا مَرَدَّ لَهُو مِنَ اللهِ مَالَكُمْ مِّن مَّلْجَإِ يَوْمَهِذَ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّن نَّكير ﴿ فَإِنْ أَعْرَضُواْ فَكَ أَرْسَلْنَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِيظًا إِنْ عَلَيْكَ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَكُمُّ وَإِنَّا إِذَآ أَدَقْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَانَ منَّا رَحْمَةُ فَرحَ بِهَا ۗ وَإِن تُصبُّهُ سَيِّنَهُ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ

44. He whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no protecting friend after Him. And thou (Muhammad) wilt see the evil-doers when they see the doom, (how) they say: Is there any way of return?

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- 45. And thou wilt see them exposed to (the Fire), made humble by disgrace, and looking with veiled eyes. And those who believe will say: Lo! the (eternal) losers are they who lose themselves and their housefolk on the Day of Resurrection. Lo! are not the wrong-doers in perpetual torment?
- 46. And they will have no protecting friends to help them instead of Allah. He whom Allah sendeth astray, for him there is no road.
- 47. Answer the call of your Lord before there cometh unto you from Allah a Day which there is no averting. Ye have no refuge on that Day, nor have ye any (power of) refusal.
- 48. But if they are averse, We have not sent thee as a warder over them. Thine is only to convey (the message). And lo! when We cause man to taste of mercy from Us he exulteth therefor. And if some evil striketh them because

أَيْدِيهِمْ فَإِنَّ ٱلْإِنْسَانَ كَفُورٌ (إِنَّ لَلْهُ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَ ٱلْأَرْضُ يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ يَهَبُ لَمَن يَشَاءُ إِنَافًا وَيَهِ لَمَن يَشَآءُ ٱلذُّكُورَ ﴿ أَنَّ أُو يُزَوَّجُهُم ذُكَّوَاناً وَ إِنَاثُنَّا وَيَجْعَلُ مَن يَشَآهُ عَقيمًا ۚ إِنَّهُ عَلَيْمٌ قَديرٌ ﴿ ٢ * وَمَا كَانَ لَبَشَرِ أَن يُكَلِّمَهُ اللهُ إِلَّا وَحْيًا أَوْمِن وَرَآي حجَابِ أَوْ يُرْسَلَ رَسُولًا فَيُوحَى بِإِذْنه عَ مَا يَشَلَهُ ۚ إِنَّهُۥ عَلَّى حَكَيُّم (إِنِي وَكَذَاكَ أُوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ رُوحًا مَنْ أَمْرِناً مَا كُنتَ تَدْرى مَا ٱلْكَتَابُ وَلَا ٱلْإِيمَانُ وَلَكَن جَعَلْنَكُ نُورًا نَّهُدى به ع مَن نَّسَآةُ منْ عَبَادنا وَ إِنَّكَ لَهَدَى إِلَىٰ صرَاط مُسْتَقيم ﴿ صرَاط الله الَّذي لَهُو مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَنُوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ أَلَّا إِلَى ٱللهُ تَصِيرُ



of that which their own hands have sent before, then lo! man is an ingrate.

- 49. Unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. He createth what He will. He bestoweth female (offspring) upon whom He will, and bestoweth male (offspring) upon whom He will;
- 50. Or He mingleth them, males and females, and He maketh barren whom He will. Lo! He is Knower, Powerful.
- 51. And it was not (vouchsafed) to any mortal that Allah should speak to him unless (it be) by revelation or from behind a veil, or (that) He sendeth a messenger to reveal what He will by His leave. Lo! He is Exalted, Wise.

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- 52. And thus have We inspired in thee (Muhammad) a Spirit of Our command. Thou knewest not what the Scripture was, nor what the Faith. But We have made it a light whereby We guide whom We will of Our bondmen. And lo! thou verily dost guide unto a right path,
- 53. The path of Allah, unto Whom belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. Do not, all things reach Allah at last?

(٤٢) ميورقالنجوف مكينة الاآسة أن ميدينة وآياف ٨٨ تزلت بعد الشوري

حمة ﴿ وَالْكُتَابُ الْمُبِينَ ﴿ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَكُ قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقلُونَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ فِي أَمْ فِي أَمْ الْكُنَّابِ لَدَيْنَا لَعَلَّى حَكمُ ٢ أَ فَنَقْرِبُ عَنكُ لَلاّ كُرَصَفْعًا أَن كُنتُمْ قَوْمًا مُسْرِفِينَ ٢٥ وَكُمْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن نَّبِّي فِي ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ٢ وَمَا يَأْتِهِم مَّن نَّبِّي إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِء يَسْتَهْزُءُ وِنَ ﴿ فَا فَأَهْلَكُنَا أَمَّدُ مَنَّهُم بَطْشًا وَمَضَىٰ مَثُلُ الْأُولِينَ ﴿ وَلَين سَأَلْتُهُم مِّنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَلُواتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ لَيَقُولُنَّ خَلَقَهُنَّ الْعَزِيزُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُدُ ٱلْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا وَجَعَلَ

SÜRAH XLIII

Az-Zukhruf, "Ornaments of Gold," is the fourth of the Hå. Mîm. sûrahs. It takes its name from a word meaning golden ornaments which occurs in v. 35.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

ORNAMENTS OF GOLD

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hâ. Mîm.1
- 2. By the Scripture which maketh plain,
- 3. Lo! We have appointed it a Lecture,² in Arabic that haply ye may understand.
- 4. And lo! in the Source of Decrees, which We possess, it is indeed sublime, decisive.
- 5. Shall We utterly ignore you because ye are a wanton folk?
- 6. How many a prophet did We send among the men of old!
- 7. And never came there unto them a prophet but they used to mock him.
- Then We destroyed men mightier than these in prowess; and the example of the men of old hath gone (before them).
- And if thou (Muhammad) ask them: Who created the heavens and the earth, they will surely answer: The Mighty, the Knower created them;
 - 10. Who made the earth a resting-place for you, and

 1 See suzah II, v. 1, footnote.

 2 Ar. Que' ân.

لَكُمْ فِيهَا سُبُلًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَهْنَدُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَٱلَّذِي زَلَّ مَنَ الْحَ ٱلسَّمَاء مَاء عَلَم اللَّهُ مَاء عَلَم اللَّهُ مَاء عَلَم اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه عَلَم اللَّه اللَّاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ تُحْرَجُونَ ١٠٠ وَالَّذِي خَلَقَ الْأَزْوَاجَ كُلَّهَا وَجَعَلَ لَـكُمْ مَنَ النَّفُلُّك وَالْأَنْعَام مَا تَرْكَبُونَ ١٠٠٠ لِتَسْتُوا ا عَلَى ظُهُوره ع مُمَّ تَذْكُرُواْ نَعْمَةً رَّبِّكُرْ إِذَا ٱسْتَوْ يُتُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَتَقُولُواْسْبَحَنَ ٱلَّذِي سَخَّرَلَنَا هَاذَا وَمَا كُنَّالَهُ مُقْرِنينَ ١٠ وَإِنَّا إِلَى رَبَّنَا لَمُنقَلَبُونَ ٢٠٠ وَجَعَلُواْ لَهُ مِنْ عَبَاده ع جُزَّةً ۗ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ لَكَفُورٌ مُّبِينٌ ريُّ أَم آتَّخَذَ مَّا يَخُلُقُ بَنَات وَأَصْفَكُمُ بِٱلْبَنِينَ ١٠ وَإِذَا بُشِرَ أَحَدُهُم بَا ضَرَبَ للَّمْنَن مَثَلًا ظَلَّ وَجْهُمُ مُسْوَدًا وَهُوَ كَظْمُ شَ أُومَن بِنَشَوَّا فِي الْحَلْيَةِ وَهُو فِي الْحَصَامِ غَيْرٌ مُبِين ٢ وَجَعَلُواْ الْمَلَنْيِكَةَ الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَبَلُدُ الرَّحْمَيْنِ إِنَكُنَّا أَشَهِدُواْ placed roads for you therein, that haply ye may find your way;

- 11. And Who sendeth down water from the sky in (due) measure, and We revive a dead land therewith. Even so will ye be brought forth;
- 12. He Who created all the pairs, and appointed for you ships and cattle whereupon ye ride.
- 13. That ye may mount upon their backs, and may remember your Lord's favour when ye mount thereon, and may say: Glorified be He Who hath subdued these unto us, and we were not capable (of subduing them);
 - 14. And lo! unto our Lord we surely are returning.
- 15. And they allot to Him a portion of His bondmen! Lo! man is verily a mere ingrate.
- 16. Or chooseth He daughters of all that He hath created, and honoureth He you with sons?
- 17. And if one of them hath tidings of that which he likeneth to the Beneficent One, 1 his countenance becometh black and he is full of inward rage.
- 18. (Liken they then to Allah) that which is bred up in outward show, and in dispute cannot make itself plain?
- 19. And they make the angels, who are the slaves of the Beneficent, females. Did they witness their creation? Their

 1 i.e. tidings of the birth of a girl-child.

خَلْقَهُمْ مَنْكُنَّبُ شَهَادَتُهُمْ وَيُسْعَلُونَ ١٠٠ وَقَالُواْ لَوْ شَاءَ الرَّحْنَنُ مَا عَبَدْنَكُهُمْ مَّا لَهُمْ بِذَالِكَ مِنْ عَلْمٌ إِنَّ هُمْ إِلَّا يَخْرُصُونَ رِبِّي أَمْ ءَاتَيْنَهُمْ كَتَنَّا مَن قَبْله، فَهُم به، مُسْتَمْسَكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّ وَ إِنَّا عَلَيْ ءَاثَارِهِم مُّهُمَّدُونَ ﴿ وَكَذَاكَ مَا أَرْسَلْنَا من قَبْلَكَ في قَرْيَة مَّن نَّذير إِلَّا قَالَ مُتْرَفُوهَا إِنَّا وَجَدْنَا ءَابَآءَنَا عَلَيَ أُمَّهَ وَ إِنَّا عَلَيْ ءَاثَارِهِم مُّقْنَدُونَ ﴿ * قَالَ أَ وَلَوْ جِئْنُكُم بِأَهْدَىٰ مَّ وَجَدِيُّمْ عَلَيْه ءَابَاءَ كُرَّ قَالُواْ إِنَّا بَمَا أَرْسَلْتُم به عَكَلْفُرُونَ ﴿ فَالْنَقَمْنَا مُنْهُمْ فَأَنظُرٌ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَلقَبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ رَثِّي ۗ وَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِمُ لأَبِيه وَقَوْمه م إِنَّني بَرَآهُ مَمَّا نَعْبُدُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا الَّذِي فَطَرَنْي فَإِنَّهُ سَيَهُدِين ١٠٠ وَجَعَلَهَا كَلَمَةُ بَاقِيَّةً في عَقبه،



testimony will be recorded and they will be questioned.

- 20. And they say: If the Beneficent One had (so) willed, we should not have worshipped them. They have no knowledge whatsoever of that. They do but guess.
- 21. Or have We given them any scripture before (this Qur'ân) so that they are holding fast thereto?
- 22. Nay, for they say only: Lo! we found our fathers following a religion, and we are guided by their footprints.
- 23. And even so We sent not a warner before thee (Muhammad) into any township but its luxurious ones said: Lo! we found our fathers following a religion, and we are following their footprints.
- 24. (And the warner) said: What! Even though I bring you better guidance than that ye found your fathers following? They answered: Lo! in what ye bring we are disbelievers.
- 25. So We requited them. Then see the nature of the consequence for the rejecters!
- 26. And when Abraham said unto his father and his folk: Lo! I am innocent of what ye worship
- 27. Save Him Who did create me, for He will surely guide me.
 - 28. And he made it a word enduring among his seed, that

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ١٠٠ بَلْ مَنَّعْتُ هَلَوُ لَآءِ وَءَابَآءَهُمْ حَتَّى جَاءَهُمُ ٱلْحَتَّ وَرَسُولٌ مُبِنَّ إِنِي وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ ٱلْحَتَّ قَالُواْ هَلْذَا شَمَّرٌ وَ إِنَّا بِهِ عَكْفُرُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَوَّ لَا نُزَّلَ هَلْذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانُ عَلَى رَجُل مَّنَ ٱلْقَرْ يَتَيْنِ عَظِيمٍ ﴿ أَهُمْ يقسمون رحمت ربك تحن قسمنا بينهم معيشتهم فِ ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۗ وَرَفَعْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ قَوْقٌ بَعْض دَرَجَت ر. دروو روم و یک رور و ریک دروی ا لیتخذ بعظهم بعضا سخریا و رحمت ربک خیرمما يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْلَا أَنْ يَكُونَ النَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَاحدَةً بِخَعَلْنَا لمَن يَكُفُرُ بِٱلرَّحْدَن لَبِيُوبَهِمْ سُقَفًا مِن فضَّة وَمَعَارجَ عَلَيْهَا يَظْهَرُونَ ﴿ وَلَبُيُومِهِمُ أَبُوا بَا وَسُرُرا عَلَيْهَا يَتَّكُفُونَ ﴿ وَزُنُّوفًا ۚ وَإِن كُلُّ ذَاكَ لَمَّا مَنَكُمُ ٱلْحَيَوَة ٱلدُّنْيَّ وَٱلْآنِوَةُ عِندَرَبِّكَ للمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَمَن يَعْشُ عَن

haply they might return.

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- 29. Nay, but I let these and their fathers enjoy life (only) till there should come unto them the Truth and a messenger making plain.
- 30. And now that the Truth hath come unto them they say: This is mere magic, and lo! we are disbelievers therein.
- 31. And they say: If only this Qur'ân had been revealed to some great man of the two towns?
- 32. Is it they who apportion thy Lord's mercy? We have apportioned among them their livelihood in the life of the world, and raised some of them above others in rank that some of them may take labour from others; and the mercy of thy Lord is better than (the wealth) that they amass.
- 33. And were it not that mankind would have become one community,² We might well have appointed, for those who disbelieve in the Beneficent, roofs of silver for their houses and stairs (of silver) whereby to mount,
- 34. And for their houses doors (of silver) and couches of silver whereon to recline,
- 35. And ornaments of gold. Yet all that would have been but a provision of the life of the world. And the Hereafter with your Lord would have been for those who keep from evil.
 - 36. And he whose sight is dim to the remembrance of the

¹ The two towns were Mecca and Ta'if.

² Through love of riches.

ذَكُوا الرَّحْمَن نُقَيْضَ لَهُ شَيْطَنااً فَهُو لَهُ وَقَرِينٌ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَيَصُدُّونَهُمْ عَنِ السَّبِيلِ وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُم مُّهَنَدُونَ رَبِي حَيِّنَ إِذَا جَآءَنَا قَالَ يَلَيْتَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ بُعْدَ ٱلْمَشْرِقَيْن فَبِئْسَ ٱلْقَرِينُ ﴿ وَلَن يَنفَعَكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ إِذ ظَّلَمْتُم أَنَّكُمْ فِي الْعَذَابِ مُشْتَرِكُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَأَنْتَ تُسْمِعُ الصَّمَّ أَوْتَهُدى ٱلْعُمْىَ وَمَن كَانَ في ضَلَالٍ مُّدِين ﴿ فَإِمَّا نَذْهَبَنَّ بِكَ فَإِنَّا مَنْهُم مُّنتَقِمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَوْ زُرَيَّكَ ٱلَّذِي وَعَدْنَهُمْ فَإِنَّا عَلَيْهِم مُّقْتَدُرُ وِنَ ﴿ فَا شَتَّمْسَكُ بِالَّذِيّ أُوحَى إِلَيْكُ إِنَّكَ عَلَى صَرَاطَ مُسْتَقيم ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ لَذَكُّ اللَّهِ لَذَكُّ اللَّهُ لَذَكُّم لَّكَ وَلَقَوْمِكَ وَسَوْفَ يُسْعَلُونَ ﴿ وَسَعَلْ مَنْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكُ مِنْ رُّسُلِنَا أَجْعَلْنَا مِن دُونِ ٱلرَّحْمَانِ وَالْحَادَ يُعْيِدُونَ فَي وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِقَايِنْتَنَا إِلَى فَرَغُونَ

Beneficent, We assign unto him a devil who becometh his comrade:

- 37. And lo! they surely turn them from the way of Allah, and yet they deem that they are rightly guided;
- 38. Till, when he cometh unto Us, he saith (unto his comrade): Ah, would that between me and thee there were the distance of the two horizons!—an evil comrade!
- 39. And it profiteth you not this day, because ye did wrong, that ye will be sharers in the doom.
- 40. Canst thou (Muhammad) make the deaf to hear, or canst thou guide the blind or him who is in error manifest?
- 41. And if We take thee away, We surely shall take vengeance on them,
- 42. Or (if) We show thee that wherewith We threaten them; for lo! We have complete command of them.
- 43. So hold thou fast to that which is inspired in thee. Lo! thou art on a right path.
- 44. And lo! it is in truth a Reminder for thee and for thy folk; and ye will be questioned.
- 45. And ask those of Our messengers whom We sent before thee: Did We ever appoint gods to be worshipped beside the Beneficent?
 - 46. And verily We sent Moses with Our revelations unto

 1 Lie, the two Easts.

وَمَلَإِيْهِ عَ فَقَالَ إِنِّي رَسُولُ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ فَالَّمَّا جَآءَهُم بَا يَنْدَنَا إِذَاهُم مَنْهَا يَضْحَكُونَ ١٠٠ وَمَا زُيهِم مَّنْ ءَايَة إِلَّا هِيَ أَكْبَرُمْنَ أَخْتَهَا ۖ وَأَخَذُنَّكُمُ بِٱلْعَذَابِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ١٠٠ وَقَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهَ ٱلسَّاحُ ٱدْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ بَمَا عَهِـ دَعندَكَ إِنَّنَاكُمُهُنَّدُونَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنُّهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ إِذَا هُمَّ يَنكُثُونَ ﴿ وَنَادَى فَرْعَوْنُ في قَوْمه عَ قَالَ يَنقَوْم أَلَيْسَ لِي مُلْكُ مَصْرَ وَهَنذه ٱلْأَثْهَارُ تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَى أَفَلَا تُبْصُرُونَ ﴿ أَمْ أَنَا خَيْرٌ مَنْ هَلْذَا الَّذي هُوَمَهِينٌ وَلا يَكَادُ يُبِينُ ١٠٠٠ فَلَوْلاَ أَلْتِي عَلَيْه أَسْوِرَةٌ مِّن ذَهَب أَوْجَآءَ مَعَـهُ ٱلْمَلَتَهِكَةُ مُقْتَرنينَ ﴿ ﴿ فَأَسْتَخَفَّ قُوْمُهُ وَأَطْاعُوهُ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قُوْمًا فَسقينَ ٢ فَلَمَّا ءَاسَفُونَا ٱنتَقَمْنَا مَنْهُمْ فَأَغْرَقْنَلُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ٢

Pharaoh and his chiefs, and he said: I am a messenger of the Lord of the Worlds.

- 47. But when he brought them Our tokens, behold! they laughed at them.
- 48. And every token that We showed them was greater than its sister (token), and We grasped them with the torment, that haply they might turn again.

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- 49. And they said: O wizard! Entreat thy Lord for us by the pact that He hath made with thee. Lo! we verily will walk aright.
- 50. But when We eased them of the torment, behold! they broke their word.
- 51. And Pharaoh caused a proclamation to be made among his people saying: O my people! Is not mine the sovereignty of Egypt and these rivers flowing under me? Can ye not then discern?
- 52. I am surely better than this fellow, who is despicable and can hardly make (his meaning) plain!
- 53. Why, then, have armlets of gold not been set upon him, or angels sent along with him?
- 54. Thus he persuaded his people to make light (of Moses), and they obeyed him. Lo! they were a wanton folk.
- 55. So, when they angered Us, We punished them and drowned them every one.



فَجَعَلْنَهُمْ سَلَفًا وَمَشَالًا لَلاَّ نوينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ مَا لَكُمْ اللَّهُ عَرِبَ آبْنُ مَرْيَمَ مَشَلًا إِذَا قَوْمُكَ مَنْهُ يَصِدُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ عَ الْمُتَنَا خَيْرًامُ هُو مَاضَرَبُوهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا بَلْ هُمْ قُومُ خَصِمُونَ ١٠ إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا عَبْدُ أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَيْهِ وَجَعَلْنَهُ مَنْلَا لَبَنِيّ إِسْرَآ ءِيلَ ﴿ وَلُولَشَآ اللَّهِ لَكُعَلْنَا مَنكُم مَّلَيْكِكُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يَخْلُفُونَ ﴿ يَ إِنَّهُ لِعَلْمُ لِلسَّاعَةِ فَلَا يَمْتُرُنَّ بَهَا وَآتَّبِعُونَ هَلْذَا صَرَاظٌ مُّسْتَقَيُّم ﴿ وَلَا يَصُدَّنَّكُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُو مُبِينٌ شِي وَلَمَّا جَآءَ عِيسَىٰ بِٱلْبَيْنَاتِ قَالَ قَدْ جِئْتُكُم بِٱلْحُكُمة وَلا بَيْنَ لَكُم بَعْضَ ٱلَّذِي تَخْتَلَفُونَ فَيهُ ۚ فَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَطْيعُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ هُوَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَأَعْبُدُوهُ هَلْذَا صَرَّاظٌ مُسْتَقيمٌ ٢ فَآخَتَكَفَ ٱلْأَحْرَابُ مِنْ بَيْنَهِمْ فَوَيْلٌ لَلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنْ

- 56. And We made them a thing past, and an example for those after (them).
- 57. And when the son of Mary is quoted as an example, behold! the folk laugh out,
- 58. And say: Are our gods better, or is he? They raise not the objection save for argument. Nay! but they are a contentious folk.
- 59. He is nothing but a slave! on whom We bestowed favour, and We made him a pattern for the Children of Israel.
- 60. And had We willed We could have set among you angels to be viceroys in the earth.
- 61. And lo! verily there is knowledge of the Hour. So doubt ye not concerning it, but follow Me. This is the right path.
- 62. And let not Satan turn you aside. Lo! he is an open enemy for you.
- 63. When Jesus came with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), he said: I have come unto you with wisdom, and to make plain some of that concerning which ye differ. So keep your duty to Allah, and obey me.
- 64. Lo! Allah, He is my Lord and your Lord. So worship Him. This is a right path.
 - 65. But the factions among them differed. Then woe unto

³ 'Abd Allah, "slave of God," is a proud designation with the Muslims, bondage to Allah implying liberation from all earthly servitudes.

عَذَابِ يَوْمُ أَلْمِم ﴿ هَٰ هَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا السَّاعَةَ أَنْ تَأْتَيَهُم بَغْنَةَ وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْأَخَلَّاءُ يَوْمَهِـذَ بَعْضُهُمْ لَبَعْض عَدُوًّ إِلَّا ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ يَعْبَادَ لَاخَوْفُ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ وَلَآ أَنُمُ تَحْزَنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِعَا يَنْنَا وَكَانُواْ مُسْلمينَ ١ أَدْخُلُواْ ٱلْحَنَّةَ أَنَّمْ وَأَزْوَا جُكُرْ يُحْبَرُونَ يُطَافُ عَلَيْهم بصحَاف من ذَهَب وَأَكُوابُ وَفِيهَا مَا تَشْتَهِهِ ٱلأَنفُسُ وَتَلَذُّٱلْأَعْيُنُّ وَأَنتُمْ فِهَا خَيْلُونَ (١ وَمَلْكَ ٱلْحَنَّةُ ٱلَّتِيَّ أُورِثُتُمُوهَا بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ ٢ لَكُرْ فِهَا فَكَلَهَ أُكْثِيرَةٌ مَّنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِينَ في عَذَابِ جَهَنَّمَ خَلَدُونَ ﴿ لَا يُفَتَّرُ عَنَّهُمْ وَهُمْ فيمه مُبْسُونَ رَثِي وَمَا ظَلَمْنَنُّهُمْ وَلَكَن كَانُواْ هُمُ الظَّلمينَ رَبِّي وَنَادَوْ أَيْدَمَالِكُ لِيَقْضِ عَلَيْنَا رَبُّكَّ قَالَ إِنَّكُمَّ مَكَثُونَ ﴿ those who do wrong from the doom of a painful day.

- 66. Await they aught save the Hour, that it shall come upon them suddenly, when they know not?
- 67. Friends on that day will be foes one to another, save those who kept their duty (to Allah).
- 68. O My slaves! For you there is no fear this day, nor is it ye who grieve;

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- 69. (Ye) who believed Our revelations and were selfsurrendered,
- 70. Enter the Garden, ye and your wives, to be made glad.
- 71. Therein are brought round for them trays of gold and goblets, and therein is all that souls desire and eyes find sweet. And ye are immortal therein.
- 72. This is the Garden which ye are made to inherit because of what ye used to do.
 - 73. Therein for you is fruit in plenty whence to eat.
 - 74. Lo! the guilty are immortal in hell's torment.
 - 75. It is not relaxed for them, and they despair therein.
- 76. We wronged them not, but they it was who did the wrong.
- 77. And they cry: O master! Let thy Lord make an end of us. He saith: Lo! here ye must remain.

لَقَدْ جِئْنَكُم بِٱلْحَقِّ وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرُكُمْ للْحَقِّ كُلرهُونَ ١ أَمْ أَبِرُمُواْ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّا مُبْرِمُونَ ١٠٠٠ أَمْ يَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّا لَانَسْمَعُ سرَّهُمْ وَتَجُونُهُمْ بَلَنَ وَرُسُلْنَا لَدَيْهُمْ يَكْتُبُونَ رَبِي قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ للرَّحْمَن وَلَدُّفَأَ نَا أُوَّلُ الْعَلىدينَ ﴿ مُنْ سُبْحَلْنَ رَبّ السَّمَنوَات وَالْأَرْض رَبّ الْعَرْش عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ فَلَرَّهُمْ يَخُوضُواْ وَيَلْعَبُواْ حَتَى يُلَكُواْ يَوْمَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ ﴿ وَهُوَ الَّذِي فِي السَّمَاءِ إِلَنَّهُ وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ إِلَّهُ وَهُوَ الْحَكُمُ الْعَلْمُ إِنَّ وَتَبَارَكَ الَّذِي لَهُ مُلْكُ والسَّمَوات وَالْأَرْض وَمَا بَيْنَهُما وَعنلَهُ عِلْمُ السَّاعَة وَ إِلَّيْهِ تُرْجُعُونَ فِي وَلَا يَمْلُكُ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ من دُونه ٱلشَّفَاعَةَ إِلَّا مَن شَهِدَ بِالْخُتَى وَهُمْمَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَين سَأَ لُتُونُم مِّنْ خَلَقَهُمْ لَيَغُولُنَ اللهِ قَأْنِي يُوْفَكُونَ ﴿

- 78. We verily brought the Truth unto you, but ye were, most of you, averse to the Truth.
- 79. Or do they determine any thing (against the Prophet)? Lo! We (also) are determining.
- 80. Or deem they that We cannot hear their secret thoughts and private confidences? Nay, but Our envoys, present with them, do record.
- 81. Say (O Muhammad): If the Beneficent One hath a son, then, I shall be first among the worshippers. (But there is no son).
- 82. Glorified be the Lord of the heavens and the earth, the Lord of the Throne, from that which they ascribe (unto Him)!
- 83. So let them flounder (in their talk) and play until they meet the Day which they are promised.
- 84. And He it is Who in the heaven is God, and in the earth God. He is the Wise, the Knower.
- 85. And blessed be He unto Whom belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, and with Whom is knowledge of the Hour, and unto Whom ye will be returned.
- 86. And those unto whom they cry instead of Him possess no power of intercession, saving him who beareth witness unto the Truth knowingly.
- 87. And if thou ask them who created them, they will surely say: Allah. How then are they turned away?

وَقِيله عَيْرَبِ إِنَّ هَبَوُ لَآءِ قَوْمٌ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ فَآصْفَحْ عَيْمُ اللَّهِ فَآصْفَحْ عَيْمُ وَقُلْ سَلَامٌ فَا فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿

(؛؛) سِنورقِ الدِجَانَ مَكَيْتَ وآياهَا ٩٥ نزلِت بعدر الزُجرف

بِنْ الْمُعْرِ الْرَحِيمِ

حد ﴿ وَالْكَنَابِ الْمُبِينِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةَ مُبْرَكَةً إِنَّا كُنَّا مُنْدِينَ ﴿ فِيهَا يُغْرَقُ كُلَّا أُمْرًا مِنْ عِندِنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسِلِينَ ﴿ وَجَمَّا مُنْ رَجْمَةً مِن رَبِّيكَ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿ وَبَا السَّمَلُونِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمُ أَلَا أَلْ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللل

- 88. And he saith: O my Lord! Lo! these are a folk who believe not.
- 89. Then bear with them (O Muhammad) and say: Peace. But they will come to know.

SÛRAH XLIV

Ad-Dukban, "The Smoke," takes its name from a word in v. 10. Tradition says that smoke here refers prophetically to the haze of dust which surrounded Mecca at the time of the great drought and famine which preceded the Muslim conquest of Mecca and facilitated it.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

SMOKE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hâ. Mîm.1
- 2. By the Scripture that maketh plain
- 3. Lo! We revealed it on a blessed night—Lo! We are ever warning—
 - 4. Whereon every wise command is made clear
- 5. As a command from Our presence—Lo! We are ever sending—
- 6. A mercy from thy Lord. Lo! He, even He is the Hearer, the Knower.
- 7. Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, if ye would be sure.
- 8. There is no God save Him. He quickeneth and giveth death; your Lord and Lord of your forefathers.

1 See sûrah II, v. 1, footnote.

بَلْ هُمْم في شَكْ يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿ فَأَرْتَقَبْ يَوْمَ تَأْتَى ٱلسَّمَآءُ بدُخَان مُّبين ﴿ يَكْ يَغْشَى ٱلنَّاسَ هَلَاَا عَذَابُّ أَلَّمٌ ١ إِنَّا أَكْشَفْ عَنَّا ٱلْعَذَابَ إِنَّا مُؤْمِنُونَ ١ أَنَّىٰ لَمُهُ ٱلذَّكْرَىٰ وَقَدْ جَآءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ مُّبِنُّ ﴿ مِنْ مُعَ تَوَلَّوْاْ عَنْهُ وَقَالُواْ مُعَلِّمٌ مُعَمِّدُونُ ﴿ إِنَّا كَاشْفُواْ ٱلْعَذَابِ قَلِيلًا إِنَّكُمْ عَمَّا بِدُونَ رَبِّي يَوْمَ نَبْطشُ ٱلْبَطْشَةَ ٱلْكُبْرَيِّ إِنَّا مُنتَقمُونَ ١٠ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمَ فَرْعَوْنَ وَجَآءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ أَذْوَا إِنَّ عَبَادَ اللَّهِ إِنَّى لَـكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينُ ﴿ وَأَن لَّا تَعْلُواْ عَلَى الله ۚ إِنَّى ءَاتِكُم بُسُلَطَنن مْبِين ١٠ وَإِنَّى عُذْتُ بَرَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ أَنْ تَرْجُمُون ﴿ وَ إِن لَّهُ تُؤْمُّنُواْ لِي فَأَعْتَرْلُون ﴿ فَكَارَبُّهُ أَنَّ هَتَؤُلَّا ۗ قَوْمٌ مُجْرِمُونَ ﴿ فَأَشْرِ بِعِبَادِي لَيْلًا إِنَّكُمْ مُتَّبِّعُونَ ﴿ وَا



- 9. Nay, but they play in doubt.
- 10. But watch thou (O Muhammad) for the day when the sky will produce visible smoke
- 11. That will envelop the people. This will be a painful torment.
- 12. (Then they will say): Our Lord relieve us of the torment. Lo! we are believers.
- 13. How can there be remembrance for them, when a messenger making plain (the Truth) had already come unto them,
- 14. And they had turned away from him and said: One taught (by others), a madman?
- 15. Lo! We withdraw the torment a little. Lo! ye return (to disbelief).
- 16. On the day when We shall seize them with the greater seizure, (then) in truth We shall punish.
- 17. And verily We tried before them Pharaoh's folk, when there came unto them a noble messenger,
- 18. Saying: Give up to me the slaves of Allah. Lo! I am a faithful messenger unto you.
- 19. And saying: Be not proud against Allah. Lo! I bring you a clear warrant.
- 20. And lo! I have sought refuge in my Lord and your Lord lest ye stone me to death.
 - 21. And if ye put no faith in me, then let me go.
- 22. And he cried unto his Lord, (saying): These are guilty folk.
- 23. Then (his Lord commanded): Take away My slaves by night. Lol ye will be followed.

T Of Mecca

وَآثُرُكُ ٱلۡبَحْرَ رَهْوًا ۗ إِنَّهُمْ جُندٌ مُّغْرَفُونَ ﴿ كُواْ مِن جَنَّتِ وَعُيُونِ ﴿ وَزُرُوعِ وَمَقَامِ كَرِيمِ ١ وَنَعْمَة كَانُواْ فِيهَا فَلَكُهِينَ ﴿ كُذَاكَ وَأُوْرَثُنَّكُهَا قَوْمًا ءَا نَرِينَ ١ مَن اللَّهُ مَا بَكُتْ عَلَيْهُمُ السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُنظَرِينَ رَبُّي وَلَقَدْ نَجَّيْنَ بَنِي إِسْرَ عِيلَ منَ ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلْمُهِين ﴿ مِن فَرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَالَبُ مَنَ ٱلْمُسْرِفِينَ ١٥ وَلَقَدَاخْتَرْنَهُمْ عَلَى عَلْمَ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ وَ اَنَهْنَاهُم مَنَ ٱلْآيَتِ مَا فِيهِ بَلَتَوَّا مُّبِنَّ ١ هَنَوُلآ هَلَيَقُولُونَ ٢٠٠ إِنْ هَيَ إِلَّا مَوْتَتُنَا ٱلْأُولَىٰ وَمَا تَحْنُ بُمُنشَرِينَ ﴿ مَا عَالَمُ إِنَّا إِن كُنتُمْ صَلاقِينَ ﴿ مَالَّهُمْ الْمُمْ خَيْرًامْ قُومُ تَبْعَ وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ أَهْلَكُنَّهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ كُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقْنَا ٱلسَّمَـ نَوَات وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا

- 24. And leave the sea behind at rest, for lo! they are a drowned host.
- 25. How many were the gardens and the watersprings that they left behind,
 - 26. And the cornlands and the goodly sites
 - 27. And pleasant things wherein they took delight!
- 28. Even so (it was), and We made it an inheritance for other folk:
- 29. And the heaven and the earth wept not for them, nor were they reprieved.
- 30. And We delivered the Children of Israel from the
- 31. (We delivered them) from Pharaoh. Lo! he was a tyrant of the wanton ones.
 - 32. And We chose them, purposely, above (all) creatures.
 - 33. And We gave them portents wherein was a clear trial.
 - 34. Lo! these, forsooth, are saying:
- 35. There is naught but our first death, and we shall not be raised again.
 - 36. Bring back our fathers, if ye speak the truth!
- 37. Are they better, or the folk of Tubb'a¹ and those before them? We destroyed them, for surely they were guilty.
 - 38. And We created not the heavens and the earth, and all

¹ A name for many kings of Himyar (the South Arabians), each of whom was called Tubb'a just as every king of Egypt was called Pharaoh.

بَيْنَهُمَا لَعِبِينَ ﴿ مَا عَلَقَنَّاهُمَا إِلَّابِالْحَتَّى وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ يَوْمَ ٱلْفَصْلِ مِقَتُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿ عِي يَوْمَ لَا يُغْنِي مَوْ لَي عَن مَّوْ لَي شَيْئًا وَلَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُونَ (إِنَّ إِلَّا مَن رَّحَمَ اللَّهُ ۚ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّ شَجَرَتَ الزَّقُوم ﴿ طَعَامُ ٱلْأَثْيِمِ ﴿ كَالْمُهْلِ يَغَلِّي فى الْبُطُون فِي كَغَلْى الْحَميم فِي خُذُوهُ فَاعْتلُوهُ إِلَّى سَوَاء الْجَحِيم (إلى مُمَّ صُبُواْ فَوْقَ رَأْسه، مِنْ عَذَاب الْحَمَمِ ﴿ ذُقْ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ الْعَزِيزُ ٱلْكَرِيمُ ﴿ إِنَّا هَلِذَا مَا كُنتُم به عَ تَمْتَرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي مَقَام أَمِين ﴿ فِي جَنَّكَ وَعُيُونَ ﴿ مِنْ يَلْبَسُونَ مِن سُندُس وَ إِسْتَبْرَق مُّنَقَابِلِينَ ﴿ كَانَا اللَّهُ وَزَوَّ جُنَّاهُم بحُور عين ﴿ يَلْحُونَ فِيهَا بِكُلِّ فَلَكَهَة ءَامْدِينَ ﴿

- that is between them, in play.
 - 39. We created them not save with truth; but most of them know not.
 - 40. Assuredly the Day of Decision is the term for all of them.
 - 41. A day when friend can in naught avail friend, nor can they be helped,
- 42. Save him on whom Allah hath mercy. Lo! He is the Mighty, the Merciful.
 - 43. Lo! the tree of Zaqqûm,1
 - 44. The food of the sinner!
 - 45. Like molten brass, it seetheth in their bellies
 - 46. As the seething of boiling water.
- 47. (And it will be said): Take him and drag him to the midst of hell,
- 48. Then pour upon his head the torment of boiling water.
- 49. (Saying): Taste! Lo! thou wast forsooth the mighty, the noble!
 - 50. Lo! this is that whereof ye used to doubt.
 - 51. Lo! those who kept their duty will be in a place secure
 - 52. Amid gardens and watersprings,
 - 53. Attired in silk and silk embroidery, facing one another.
- 54. Even so (it will be). And We shall wed them unto fair ones with wide, lovely eyes.
 - 55. They call therein for every fruit in safety.

1 XXXVII, 62; LVI, 52.

لَا يَذُوقُونَ فِيهَا الْمَوْتَ إِلَّا الْمَوْنَةَ الْأُولَى وَوَقَلْهُمْ عَذَابَ الْجَعِيمِ ﴿ وَقَلْهُمْ مِن رَّبِكَ فَ ذَالِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿ فَي فَلْمَالِكَ لَمَالَكُ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُ وَنَ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُ وَنَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّل

(٤٥) ستودة الجاثيت فمكيت الاآبة ١٤ فيدنت وآبان ٢٧ نزلت بعث اللخانت

حد ﴿ تَنْزِيلُ الْكَتَنْبِ مِنَ اللهُ الْعَزِيزِ الْحُكِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي السَّمَلُواتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ لَآيَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي السَّمَلُواتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ لَآيَكَ لَقُومٍ يُوفِئُونَ ﴿ وَفِي خَلْقِكُمْ وَمَا يَبُثُ مِن دَاّبَةً عَايَنْتُ لِقُومٍ مُوفِئُونَ ﴿ وَفَي خَلْقِكُمْ وَمَا يَبُنُ مِن السَّمَاءِ مِن وَالْتَهَارِ وَمَا أَزَلَ اللهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِن

- 56. They taste not death therein, save the first death. And He hath saved them from the doom of hell.
- 57. A bounty from thy Lord. That is the supreme triumph.
- 58. And We have made (this Scripture) easy in thy language only that they may heed.
- 59. Wait then (O Muhammad). Lo! they (too) are waiting.

SÛRAH XLV

Al-Jâthiyah, "Crouching," takes its name from a word in v. 28. It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

CROUCHING

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hâ. Mîm.1
- 2. The revelation of the Scripture is from Allah, the Mighty, the Wise.
- 3. Lo! in the heavens and the earth are portents for believers.
- 4. And in your creation, and all the beasts that He scattereth in the earth, are portents for a folk whose faith is sure.
- 5. And the difference of night and day and the provision that Allah sendeth down from the sky and thereby quickeneth

 1 See surah II. v. 1. footnote.

رِّزْقَ فَأَحْيَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ بَعْـدَ مَوْتِهَا وَ تَصْرِيفِ ٱلرَّيَاحِ ءَايَنَتُ لَقَوْم يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ مَا تَلْكَ ءَايَنَتُ اللهُ نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِٱلْحُتَّى فَبِأَى حَديث بَعْدَ الله وَءَايَنته ع يُؤْمنُونَ ٢ وَيْلٌ لِّكُلِّ أَفَّاك أَثيب ﴿ يَسْمَعُ ءَايَنت الله نُتلَى عَلَيْهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُسْتَكْبُراً كَأَنْ لَرَّ يَسْمَعْهَا فَبَشَّرُهُ بِعَذَاب أليم ﴿ وَإِذَا عَلَمَ مِنْ ءَايَنْنَا شَيْعًا اتَّخَذَهَا هُزُرُوا أُولَنَهِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ ﴿ مِن وَرَآيِهِمْ جَهَنَّمُ ۗ وَلَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُم مَّا كَسَبُواْ شَيْئًا وَلَامَا ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُون الله أُوْلَيَآ ۚ وَلَمُهُمْ عَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ ﴿ هَا هَالُمَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا اللَّهِ مَا لَا اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ مَا كَفَرُواْ بِعَايَنت رَبِّهُمْ لَمُمْ عَذَابٌ مِّن رَّجْزِ أَليمُ شَيَّ * اللهُ الَّذِي سَغَّرَ لَكُرُ ٱلْبَحْرَ لَتَجْرِيَ ٱلْفُلْكُ فِيهِ بِأَمْرِهِ عِ وَلتَبْتَغُواْ من فَضْله ، وَلَعَلَّكُم لَّشَّكُرُ ونَ ١



the earth after her death, and the ordering of the winds, are portents for a people who have sense.

- 6. These are the portents of Allah which We recite unto thee (Muhammad) with truth. Then in what fact, after Allah and His portents, will they believe?
 - 7. Woe unto each sinful liar.
- 8. Who heareth the revelations of Allah recited unto him, and then continueth in pride as though he heard them not. Give him tidings of a painful doom.
- 9. And when he knoweth aught of Our revelations he maketh it a jest. For such there is a shameful doom.
- 10. Beyond them there is hell, and that which they have earned will naught avail them, nor those whom they have chosen for protecting friends beside Allah. Theirs will be an awful doom.
- 11. This is guidance. And those who disbelieve the revelations of their Lord, for them there is a painful doom of wrath.
- 12. Allah it is Who hath made the sea of service unto you that the ships may run thereon by His command, and that ye may seek of His bounty, and that haply ye may be thankful;

لَكُمْ مَّا فِي ٱلسَّمَلُوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مَنْـهُ ۚ إِنَّ في ذَالِكَ لَآيَنت لْقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿ ثُلِّي قُل لَلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يَغْفُرُواْ للَّذِينَ لَايَرْجُونَ أَيَّامَ الله ليَجْزِي قَوْمَا بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكْسُبُونَ ﴿ مِنْ عَمَلَ صَالَحًا فَلنَفْسَهُ عَوَنَ أَسَآءَ فَعَلَيْكَ أَنُّمُ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ تُرْجَعُونَ وَإِن وَلَقَدْ عَاتَيْنَا بَني إِسْرَاءِيلَ ٱلْكتَنبَ وَٱلْخُكُرَ وَٱلنَّبُوَّةَ وَرَزَقْنَالهُم مَّنَ ٱلطَّيْبَات وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَى ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿ وَالْيَنْاهُم بَيَّنَت مِّنَ ٱلْأُمْ فَا أَخْتَلَفُوٓ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْد مَاجَآءَهُمُ ٱلْعَلَّمُ بَغْيَا بَيْنَهُمْ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَقْضَى بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَة فَهَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاكَ عَلَىٰ شَرِيعَةً مِّنَ ٱلأَمْرِ فَا تَبْعُهَا وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَآءَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ لَنُ يُغْنُواْ عَنكَ مَنَ اللَّهُ شَيْئًا ۚ وَ إِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ بَعْضُهُمْ

- 13. And hath made of service unto you whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth: it is all from Him. Lo! herein verily are portents for a people who reflect.
- 14. Tell those who believe to forgive those who hope not for the days of Allah; in order that He may requite folk what they used to earn.
- 15. Whoso doeth right, it is for his soul, and whoso doeth wrong, it is against it. And afterward unto your Lord ye will be brought back.
- 16. And verily We gave the Children of Israel the Scripture and the Command and the Prophethood, and provided them with good things and favoured them above (all) peoples;
- 17. And gave them plain commandments. And they differed not until after the knowledge came unto them, through rivalry among themselves. Lo! thy Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they used to differ.
- 18. And now have We set thee (O Muhammad) on a clear road of (Our) commandment; so follow it, and follow not the whims of those who know not.
- 19. Lo! they can avail thee naught against Allah. And lo! as for the wrong-doers, some of them are friends of others; and

أَوْلَيَآءُ بَعْضُ وَٱللهُ وَلَىٰ ٱلْمُنَّقِينَ ﴿ مَا هَٰذَا بَصَيْرُ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدُى وَ رَحْمَةٌ لَّقُوم يُومَنُونَ شِي أَمْ حَسِبَ الَّذِينَ ٱجْتَرَكُواْ ٱلسَّيَّات أَن تَّجْعَلَهُمْ كَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَتَمَلُواْ الصَّلْحَات سَوَاةً عَينهُمْ وَمَا تَهُمْ سَاءً مَا يَحُكُمُونَ ١٠٠٠ وَخَلَقَ اللهُ السَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْخَتَّقِ وَلتُجْزَئ كُلُّ نَفْس بِمَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ١٠٠٠ أَفَرَءَيْتَ مَن الْخَذَ إِلَيْهَهُ, هَوَنْهُ وَأَضَلَّهُ ٱللهُ عَلَى علْم وَخَتَّمَ عَلَى سَمْعه، وَقَلْبه، وَجَعَلَ عَلَى بَصَره ع خَشَوَةً فَمَن يَهْديه من بَعْد الله لَمُعَلَّا لَهُ لَمُعَلَّا تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ مَاهِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا ٱلدُّنْيَا نَمُوتُ وَنَمْيَا وَمَا يُهْلَكُنَا إِلَّا ٱلدَّهْرُّ وَمَا لَهُمُ بِذَاكَ مِنْ عَلَّم إِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَظُنُونَ ١٠ وَ إِذَا نُتْلَى عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنُنَا بَيْنَت مَّا كَانَ حُجَّتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ النُّدُواْ بِعَابِالِمَا إِن كُنتُمْ صَلاقِينَ ٢

Allah is the Friend of those who ward off (evil).

- 20. This is clear indication for mankind, and a guidance and a mercy for a folk whose faith is sure.
- 21. Or do those who commit ill-deeds suppose that We shall make them as those who believe and do good works, the same in life and death? Bad is their judgment!
- 22. And Allah hath created the heavens and the earth with truth, and that every soul may be repaid what it hath earned. And they will not be wronged.
- 23. Hast thou seen him who maketh his desire his god, and Allah sendeth him astray purposely, and sealeth up his hearing and his heart, and setteth on his sight a covering? Then who will lead him after Allah (hath condemned him)? Will ye not then heed?
- 24. And they say: There is naught but our life of the world; we die and we live, and naught destroyeth us save time; when they have no knowledge whatsoever of (all) that; they do but guess.
- 25. And when Our clear revelations are recited unto them their only argument is that they say: Bring (back) our fathers. then, if ye are truthful.

قُل اللهُ يُحْيِيكُمْ ثُمَّ يُمينُكُمْ ثُمَّ يَجْمَعُكُمْ إِلِّي يَوْمِ الْقَيْلَمَة لَارَيْبَ فيه وَلَكُنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ رَبُّ وَلله مُلْكُ السَّمَلُواتِ وَالْأَرْضُ وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ يَوْمَ يِنْ يَحْسَرُ الْمُبْطِلُونَ ﴿ وَرَى كُلَّ أُمَّة جَائِيةٌ كُلُّ أُمَّة تُدْعَى إِلَّ كُتَّبِهَا اللَّيُومْ تُجْزَّونَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ هَنْذَا كُتَّنْبُنَا يَنطَنُ عَلَيْكُم بِٱلْحَقُّ إِنَّا كُنَّا نَسْتَنسخُ مَا كُنتُم تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّىٰلَحَاتِ فَيُدْ خُلُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ ف رَحْمَتُهُ عَ ذَالِكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَوْزُالْمُبِينُ ﴿ وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ أَفَلَمْ تَكُنْ عَايَتِي نُعْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فَأَسْتَكْبَرُهُمْ وَكُنتُمْ قَوْمًا مُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قَيلَ إِنَّ وَعْدَ ٱللهَ حَنَّى وَٱلسَّاعَةُ لَارَيْبَ فِهَا قُلْتُم مَّانَدْرِي مَا ٱلسَّاعَةُ إِن نَّظُنُّ إِلَّا ظَلَّ وَمَا نَحُنُ بُمُسْتَيْقنينَ ١٠٠ وَبَدَا لَمُمْ سَيْعَاتُ مَا عَمَلُواْ وَحَاقَ بهم

- 26. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Allah giveth life to you, then causeth you to die, then gathereth you unto the Day of Resurrection whereof there is no doubt. But most of marking know not.
- 27. And unto Allah belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth; and on the day when the Hour riseth, on that day those who follow falsehood will be lost.
- 28. And thou wilt see each nation crouching, each nation summoned to its record. (And it will be said unto them): This day ye are required what ye used to do.
- 29. This Our Book pronounceth against you with truth. Lo! We have caused (all) that ye did to be recorded.
- 30. Then, as for those who believed and did good works, their Lord will bring them in unto His mercy. That is the evident triumph.
- 31. And as for those who disbelieved (it will be said unto them): Were not Our revelations recited unto you? But ye were scornful and became a guilty folk.
- 32. And when it was said: Lo! Allah's promise is the truth, and there is no doubt of the Hour's coming, ye said: We know not what the Hour is. We deem it naught but a conjecture, and we are by no means convinced.
 - 33. And the evils of what they did will appear unto them,

مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ عِيَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ﴿ وَقِيلَ الْبَوْمَ نَسْتَكُوْكَمَا نَسْتَكُوْكَمَا نَسِيتُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُوْ هَلَذَا وَمَأْ وَلَاكُو النَّارُ وَمَالَكُمْ مِن نَسْيَعُمْ لَقَاءً يَوْمِكُوْ هَلَذَا وَمَأْ وَلَاكُو النَّارُ وَمَالَكُمْ مِن نَصِيرِينَ ﴿ وَهِ ذَلِكُمُ بِأَنْكُو النَّحَدُ ثُمُ عَايَلْتِ اللهِ هُزُواً وَوَعَرَّا لَكُو اللَّهُ مُرُواً وَوَعَرَّا لَكُو اللَّهُ مَا اللهِ هُرُواً وَوَعَرَّا لَكُو اللهُ وَوَعَلَمُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ الل

(٤٦) سُورة الأجقاف كَيْنَ إلا الآيات ١٠ و ١٥ و ٣٠ فيدنية وأياها ٢٠ نزلت بعّ الجاثية

ينسسكيلَّ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ٢



and that which they used to deride will befall them.

34. And it will be said: This day We forget you, even as ye forget the meeting of this your day; and your habitation

is the Fire, and there is none to help you.

35. This, forasmuch as ye made the revelations of Allah a jest, and the life of the world beguiled you. Therefor this day they come not forth from thence, nor can they make amends.

36. Then praise be to Allah, Lord of the heavens and Lord

of the earth, the Lord of the Worlds.

37. And unto Him (alone) belongeth Majesty in the heavens and the earth, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

SÛRAH XLVI

Al-Algaf, "The Wind-curved Sandhills" (a formation which will be familiar to all desert travellers, and which especially characterised the region in which the tribe of A'ad were said originally to have lived), takes its name from a word in v. 21 and is the last of the Hd. Mim. group.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan strahs, with the exception of v. 10, vv. 15-18, and v. 35, which were revealed at Al-

Madinah.

THE WIND-CURVED SANDHILLS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Hâ. Mîm.1

2. The revelation of the Scripture is from Allah the Mighty, the Wise.

¹ See sdrah II, v. I, footnote.

مَا خَلَقْنَا ٱلسَّمَلُوات وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِٱلْحُتَّ وَأَجَلِ مُسَمَّى وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ عَمَّا أَنْذَرُواْ مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿ قُلَ أَرَءَ يْتُمُ مَّا تَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱلله أَرُونِي مَاذَا خَلَقُواْ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمْ لَمُ مُ مُرْكٌ فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتُ ٱنْتُونِي بِكَتَلِبِ مِن قَبْل هَلْذَا أَوْأَثْرَة مَّنْ علم إِن كُنتُمْ صَلدةينَ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مَّن يَدْعُواْ من دُون ٱلله مَن لَّا يَسْتَجيبُ لَهُۥ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةَ وَهُمْ عَن دُعَآمِهِمْ غَنْفُلُونَ ﴿ ۚ وَإِذَا حُشَرَ ٱلنَّاسُ كَانُواْ لَحُمُّ أَعْدَاتُهُ وَكَانُواْ بِعِبَادَتِهِمْ كَلفرينَ ٢ وَ إِذَا نُتَّلَى عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنتُنَا بَيَّنَت قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ للَّحَقِّ لَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ هَلْذَا سُحْرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ أَفْتَرَكُ قُلْ إِن ٱفْتَرَيُّنُهُ وَلَا تَمْلُكُونَ لِي مِنَ ٱللهُ شَيْئًا هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَفيضُونَ فيه كَفَي بهء شَهيدًا بَيني وَبينَكُمْ وَهُوالْغَفُورُ

- 3. We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them save with truth, and for a term appointed. But those who disbelieve turn away from that whereof they are warned.
- 4. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Have ye thought on all that ye invoke beside Allah? Show me what they have created of the earth. Or have they any portion in the heavens? Bring me a scripture before this (Scripture), or some vestige of knowledge (in support of what ye say), if ye are truthful.
- 5. And who is further astray than those who, instead of Allah, pray unto such as hear not their prayer until the Day of Resurrection, and are unconscious of their prayer,
- 6. And when mankind are gathered (to the Judgment) will become enemies for them, and will become deniers of having been worshipped.
- 7. And when Our clear revelations are recited unto them, those who disbelieve say of the Truth when it reacheth them: This is mere magic.
- 8. Or say they: He hath invented it? Say (O Muhammad): If I have invented it, still ye have no power to support me against Allah. He is Best Aware of what ye say among yourselves concerning it. He sufficeth for a witness between me and you. And He is the Forgiving, the Merciful.

ٱلرَّحِيمُ ١ مُن قُلْ مَا كُنتُ بِدْعًا مِنَ ٱلرَّسُلِ وَمَا أَدْرِي مَا يُفْعَلُ بِي وَلَا بِكُمُّ إِنْ أَنَّبِعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَى وَمَا أَنَا ْ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ يَ قُلْ أَرَءَيْتُمْ إِن كَانَ مَنْ عند الله وَكَفَرْتُم بِهِ عِ وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدٌ مَنْ بَنِيَّ إِسْرَاءِيلَ عَلَى مَثْلُهِ ع فَعَامَنَ وَأَسْتَكْبَرُهُم إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّالمينَ بَيْ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَوْكَانَ خَيْرًا مَّاسَبَقُونَا إِلَيْهُ وَ إِذْ لَرْ يَهْتَدُواْ بِهِ فَسَيَقُولُونَ هَنذَاۤ إِفْكُ قَديمٌ ١ وَمن قَبْله ع كَتَلَبُ مُوسَى إِمَامًا وَرَحْمَةً وَهَلَا كَتَلَبُ مُصدِّقٌ لَسَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لَيُنذرَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ وَبُشْرَى للْمُحْسنينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُواْ رَبُّنَ اللَّهُ ثُمَّ ٱسْتَقَلُّمُواْ فَلاَ خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَخْزَنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُولَتِكَ أَصْحَابُ ٱلْجَنَّة خَلدينَ فيهَا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿

- 9. Say: I am no new thing among the messengers (of Allah), nor know I what will be done with me or with you. I do but follow that which is inspired in me, and I am but a plain warner.
- 10. Bethink you: If it is from Allah and ye disbelieve therein, and a witness of the Children of Israel¹ hath already testified to the like thereof and hath believed, and ye are too proud (what plight is yours)? Lo! Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 11. And those who disbelieve say of those who believe: If it had been (any) good, they would not have been before us in attaining it. And since they will not be guided by it, they say: This is an ancient lie;
- 12. When before it there was the Scripture of Moses, an example and a mercy; and this is a confirming Scripture in the Arabic language, that it may warn those who do wrong and bring good tidings for the righteous.
- 13. Lo! those who say: Our Lord is Allah, and thereafter walk aright, there shall no fear come upon them neither shall they grieve.
- 14. Such are rightful owners of the Garden, immortal therein, as a reward for what they used to do.

² Abdullah ibn Salâm, a learned Jew of Al-Madînah, who became a devout Muslim. This is the usual explanation, though the verse is still considered as of Meccan revelation.

وَوَصَّيْنَا ٱلْإِنسَانَ بِوَالَدَيْهِ إِحْسَانًا حَمَلَتْهُ أُمُّهُ كُرْهَا وَوَضَعَنَّهُ كُرُهُمُ وَحُمُّهُمُ وَفَصِلُهُمُ ثَلَثُونَ شَهُرًا حَيَّجَ إِذَا بَلَمْ أَشْدُهُ وَبِلَمْ أَرْبِعِينَ سَنَّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ أُوزِعْنَ أَنْ أَشْكُرُ ﴿ نَعْمَتُكَ الَّتِيَّ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَىَّ وَعَلَى وَالدِّيَّ وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالحًا تَرْضَلُهُ وَأَصْلَحْ لِي فِي ذُرِّيِّتَ ۚ إِنِّي تُبْتُ إِلَيْكَ وَإِنِّي منَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ أُولَلَمِكَ الَّذِينَ نَتَقَبَّلُ عَنَّهُمْ أَحْسَنَ مَا عَمَلُواْ وَنَتَجَاوَزُعَن سَيَّاتِهِمْ فِي أَصْحَلِ الْجَلَّةَ وَعَدَ الصِّــدْق الَّذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ ۞ وَالَّذِي قَالَ لَوَالَدَيْهُ أَ أَفْ لَكُمَا أَتَعَدَ اننيّ أَنْ أَعْرَجَ وَقَدْ خَلَت ٱلْقُرُونُ من قَبْلِي وَهُمَا يَسْتَغِيثَانِ اللَّهَ وَيُلْكَ ءَامِنْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ الله حَثَّى ﴿ فَيَقُولُ مَا هَٰذَآ إِلَّا أَسْطِيرُ الْأُوَّلِينَ ١٠٠٠ أُوْلَتِكَ الَّذِينَ حَقّ عَلَيْهُمُ الْقُولُ فِي أُمّ مَقَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبلهم من

- parents. His mother beareth him with reluctance, and bringeth him forth with reluctance, and the bearing of him and the weaning of him is thirty months, till, when he attaineth full strength and reacheth forty years, he saith: My Lord! Arouse me that I may give thanks for the favour wherewith Thou hast favoured me and my parents, and that I may do right acceptable unto Thee. And be gracious unto me in the matter of my seed. Lo! I have turned unto Thee repentant, and lo! I am of those who surrender! (unto Thee).
- 16. Those are they from whom We accept the best of what they do, and overlook their evil deeds. (They are) among the owners of the Garden. This is the true promise which they were promised (in the world).
- 17. And whoso saith unto his parents: Fie upon you both! Do ye threaten me that I shall be brought forth (again) when generations before me have passed away? And they twain cry unto Allah for help (and say): Woe unto thee! Believe! Lo! the promise of Allah is true. But he saith: This is naught save fables of the men of old:
- 18. Such are those on whom the Word concerning nations of the jinn and mankind which have passed away

¹ Ar. Muslimin.

الْجُنَّ وَالْإِنْسُ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ خَسْرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ وَلَكُلَّ دَرَّجَتُّ مَّنَا عَمُلُوا ۚ وَلَيُوَفَّيُهُمْ أَعْمَلَهُمْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ١ وَيَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ عَلَى النَّارِ أَذْهَبُمْ طَيْبَنتكُر في حَيَاتِكُمُ ٱلدُّنَّيَا وَٱسْتَمْتَعْتُم بِهَا فَٱلْيَوْمَ تُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ ٱلْمُون بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَتَى وَ بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَفْسُقُونَ رَبِّي * وَأَذْكُرْأَخَا عَاد إِذْأَندَر قَوْمَهُ, بِالْأَحْقَافِ وَقَدْ خَلَت النَّذُرُ مِنْ بَيْن يَدَيْه وَمِنْ خَلْفه مَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُواْ إِلَّا اللهُ إِنَّى أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ عَظيم ١٠ إِنَّ قَالُواْ أَجِئْتَنَا لِتَأْفِكُنَّا عَنْ عَالْمَتَنَا فَأَتَنَا عَا تَعدُنا إِن كُنتَ منَ الصَّدقينَ ١٠٠٠ قَالَ إِنَّكَ الْعَلَّمُ عند الله وَأَبْلَغُكُمُ مَّا أَرْسَلْتُ به ع وَلَكُنَّى أَرَالكُمْ قَوْماً تَجْهَلُونَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا رَأُوهُ عَارِضَا مُّسْتَقْبِلَ أَوْدِيَهِمْ قَالُواْ



before them hath effect. Lo! they are the losers.

- 19. And for all there will be ranks from what they do, that He may pay them for their deeds; and they will not be wronged
- 20. And on the day when those who disbelieve are exposed to the Fire (it will be said): Ye squandered your good things in the life of the world and sought comfort therein. Now this day ye are rewarded with the doom of ignominy because ye were disdainful in the land without a right, and because ye used to transgress.
- 21. And make mention (O Muhammad) of the brother of A'âd¹ when he warned his folk among the wind-curved sand-hills—and verily warners came and went before and after him—saying: Serve none but Allah. Lo! I fear for you the doom of a tremendous Day.
- 22. They said: Hast come to turn us away from our gods? Then bring upon us that wherewith thou threatenest us, if thou art of the truthful.
- 23. He said: The knowledge is with Allah only. I convey unto you that wherewith I have been sent, but I see you are a folk that know not.
 - 24. Then, when they beheld it as a dense cloud coming

¹ The Prophet Hud.

هَنَذَا عَارِضٌ مُمْطُرُنَا ۚ بَلْ هُوَ مَا ٱسْتَعْجَلْتُمْ بِهُ؞ رَبِّحُ فَيِهَا عَذَابُ أَلَيْمُ ﴿ مُنْ تُدَمُّ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ بِأَمْرِ رَبُّ فَأَصْبُحُواْ لَايُرَى إِلَّا مَسَكَنُهُمُّ كَذَاكَ نَجْزى الْقَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمينَ ٢ وَلَقَدْ مَكَّنَّا هُمْ فِيمَا إِن مَّكَّنَّاكُمْ فِيهِ وَجَعَلْنَا لَحُمْ مَّعْعًا رة در هم رء مراسدة در رود دوده رسته رود و دور. وا بصدرا وافتدة فما اغنى عنهم سمعهم ولا أبصدهم ولا أَفْتَدَتُهُم مِن شَيْءٍ إِذْ كَانُواْ يَجْحَدُونَ بِعَايَلت ٱلله وَحَاقَ بهم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ عَيْسَتَهْرُهُ ونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ أَهْلَكُنَا مَا حَوْلَكُمُ مَنَ الْقُرَىٰ وَصَرَّفْنَا الْآيَت لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجعُونَ ٢ فَلَوْلَا نَصَرَهُمُ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَــٰذُواْ مِن دُونَ اللهُ قُرِّبًا نَا ءَالحَــَةُ بَلْ ضَلُّواْ عَنْهُمْ وَذَالِكَ إِفْكُهُمْ وَمَا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ ٥ وَ إِذْ صَرَفْنَا إِلَيْكَ نَفَرًا مَّنَ ٱلْجَنَّ يَسْتَمَعُونَ ٱلْقُرُّ ۗ الْ فَلَمَّا حَضَرُوهُ قَالُوا أَنصِتُواْ فَلَمَّا تُضِي وَلَّوْا إِلَى قَوْمهم toward their valleys, they said: Here is a cloud bringing us rain. Nay, but it is that which ye did seek to hasten, a wind wherein is painful torment,

- 25. Destroying all things by commandment of its Lord. And morning found them so that naught could be seen save their dwellings. Thus do We reward the guilty folk.
- 26. And verily We had empowered them with that wherewith We have not empowered you, and had assigned them ears and eyes and hearts; but their ears and eyes and hearts availed them naught since they denied the revelations of Allah; and what they used to mock befell them.
- 27. And verily We have destroyed townships round about you, and displayed (for them) Our revelation, that haply they might return.
- 28. Then why did those whom they had chosen for gods as a way of approach (unto Allah) not help them? Nay, but they did fail them utterly. And (all) that was their lie, and what they used to invent.
- 29. And when We inclined toward thee (Muhammad) certain of the jinn, who wished to hear the Qur'an and, when they were in its presence, said: Give ear! and, when it was finished, turned back to their people, warning.

مُّنذرينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ أَيْلَقُومَنَا إِنَّا سَمْعَنَا كَتَلَّبًا أُنْزَلَ مِنْ بَعْد مُوسَىٰ مُصَدَّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْه بَهْدى إِلَى الْحَتَّ وَإِلَى طَرِيق مُسْتَقيم رجي يَنقَوْمَنَا آجَيبُواْ دَاعَى الله وَ امنُواْ به = يَغْفُرُ لَكُمُ مِّن ذُنُوبكُرُ وَيُجُرِّكُمْ مِنْ عَذَاب ألب (الله وَمَن لَا يُجِبْ دَاعَى الله فَلَيْسَ بُمْحِز فِ ٱلأَرْضِ وَلَيْسَ لَهُ مِن دُونه مَا أُولْكِياء أَولْكِيكَ في ضَلَال مُبين ١ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ أَنَّ اللهَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَنُوات وَالْأَرْضَ وَلَمْ يَعْيَ بَخَلْقهِنَّ بقَندر عَلَيْ أَن يُحْتَى ٱلْمَوْتَى بَلَيْ إِنَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِرٌ ﴿ وَيَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ الَّذِينَ كَغَرُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ أَلَيْسَ هَنَذَا بِٱلْحَتَّ قَالُواْ بَلَنَ وَرَبِّنَا ۚ قَالَ فَذُوتُواْ الْعَدَابَ بَا كُنتُم يَكَفُرُونَ ﴿ فَاصْبِرَكُمَا صَبَرَ أُولُواْ الْعَزْمِ مِنَ الرُّسُلِ وَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلِ لَمُّهُمَّ كَأَنَّهُمْ يَوْمَ يَرُونَ

- 30. They said: O our people! Lo! we have heard a scripture which hath been revealed after Moses, 1 confirming that which was before it, guiding unto the truth and a right road.
- 31. O our people! respond to Allah's summoner and believe in Him. He will forgive you some of your sins and guard you from a painful doom.
- 32. And whoso respondeth not to Allah's summoner he can nowise escape in the earth, and he hath no protecting friends instead of Him. Such are in error manifest.
- 33. Have they not seen that Allah, Who created the heavens and the earth and was not wearied by their creation, is Able to give life to the dead? Aye, He verily is Able to do all things.
- 34. And on the day when those who disbelieve are exposed to the Fire (they will be asked): Is not this real? They will say: Yea, by our Lord. He will say: Then taste the doom for that ye disbelieved.
- 35. Then have patience (O Muhammad) even as the stout of heart among the messengers (of old) had patience, and seek not to hasten on (the doom) for them. On the day when they

² From the mention of Moses it has been conjectured by some commentators that these jinn were foreign (i.e. non-Arabian) Jews.

مَا يُوعَدُونَ لَرْ يَلْبَثُواْ إِلَّا سَاعَةً مِن نَّهَارٍ ۚ بَلَكُ فَهَلْ يُهْلَكُ إِلَّا ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلْفَسَقُونَ رَبَّي

> (٤٧) سِبُوالْاِ مِحِلْ مَلَائِتْ، إلا آية ١٢ فنزلت في الطريق أثناء الجوة وآيا لمنا ٢٨ نولت بعندُ الحديدُ

بِنْ أِلَّهِ الرَّحْمَرِ الرَّحِيمِ

الذينَ كَفَرُ واْ وَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِ اللهِ أَضَلَ أَعْمَلَهُمْ ثَلَيْ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّلِحَتِ وَءَامَنُواْ بِمَا نُزِلَ عَلَىٰ فَعَمَّد وَهُوَ الْحَتَّ مِن رَّبِيمَ كَفَرَ عَنْهُمْ سَيْعَانِهِمْ وَأَصْلَحَ بَعَمَّد وَهُوَ الْحَتَّ مِن رَّبِيمَ كَفَرُ واْ التَّبَعُواْ الْبَيطِلَ وَأَنَّ بَالْمُكُمُ رَبِي ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ واْ التَّبَعُواْ الْبَيطِلَ وَأَنَّ اللّهَ بِنَا اللهُ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ الل

see that which they are promised (it will seem to them) as though they had tarried but an hour of daylight. A clear message. Shall any be destroyed save evil-living folk?

SÛRAH XLVII

Muhammad. This sûrah takes its name from the mention of the Prophet by name in v. 2. Most commentators agree that v. 18 was revealed when the Prophet, forced to flee from Mecca, looked back, weeping, for a last sight of his native city. Some have considered the whole sûrah to be a Meccan revelation, but with no good reason.

It belongs to the first and second years after the Hijrah, with the exception of v. 18, which was revealed during the Hijrah.

MUHAMMAD

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Those who disbelieve and turn (men) from the way of Allah, He rendereth their actions vain.
- 2. And those who believe and do good works and believe in that which is revealed unto Muhammad—and it is the truth from their Lord—He riddeth them of their ill-deeds and improve th their state.
- 3. That is because those who disbelieve follow falsehood and because those who believe follow the truth from their Lord. Thus Allah coineth their similitudes for mankind.
 - 4. Now when ye meet in battle those who disbelieve, then

ٱلرَّقَابِ حَتَّى إِذَا ٱلْمُحَنَّتُمُوهُم فَشُدُّواْ ٱلْوَثَاقَ فَإِمَّا مَنَّكُ بَعْدُ وَ إِمَّا فَدَآءً حَتَّىٰ نَضَعَ ٱلْحَرْبُ أَوْزَارَهَا ذَالَكَ وَلَوْ يَشَاءُ اللهُ لاَ نتَصَرَ مَنْهُمْ وَلَنكن لّيَبلُواْ بَعْضَكُم بِبَعْض وَالَّذِينَ قُتلُواْ في سَبيل الله فَلَن يُضِلَّ أَعْمَلَهُمْ (٢) سَيَهُديهُم وَيُصِلُّحُ بَالْهُمْ ﴿ وَيَدْخُلُهُمُ الْجُنَّةُ عَرَّفُهَا لَهُمْ إِن يَناأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِن تَنصُرُواْ اللهَ يَنصُر كُو وَيُتَبَّتْ أَقْدَامَكُم إِنِّ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَتَعْسَا لَمُّمْ وَأَضَلَّ أُعْمَلَهُمْ فِي ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَرَهُواْ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللهُ فَأَحْبَطَ أَعْمَلَهُمْ مِن ﴿ أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهِمْ دَمَّرَ ٱللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَللْكَنفرينَ أَمْثَنلُهَا إِنِّ ذَاكَ بأنَّ اللهُ مَوْلَى الَّذِينَ المَنُواْ وَأَنَّ ٱلْكَنْفِرِينَ لَا مَوْلَىٰ لَمُمْ شُّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُدْخُلُّ



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it is smiting of the necks until, when ye have routed them, then making fast of bonds; and afterward either grace or ransom till the war lay down its burdens. That (is the ordinance). And if Allah willed He could have punished them (without you) but (thus it is ordained) that He may try some of you by means of others. And those who are slain in the way of Allah, He rendereth not their actions vain.

- 5. He will guide them and improve their state,
- And bring them in unto the Garden which He hath made known to them.
- 7. O ye who believe! If ye help Allah, He will help you and will make your foothold firm.
- And those who disbelieve, perdition is for them, and He will make their actions vain.
- 9. That is because they are averse to that which Allah hath revealed, therefor maketh He their actions fruitless.
- 10. Have they not travelled in the land to see the nature of the consequence for those who were before them? Allah wiped them out. And for the disbelievers there will be the like thereof.
- 11. That is because Allah is patron of those who believe, and because the disbelievers have no patron.
 - 12. Lo! Allah will cause those who believe and do good

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَات جَنَّات تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا الْأَنْهَارُ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِسَمَّتُعُونَ وَيَأْكُلُونَ كَمَا مَأْكُلُ ٱلْأَنْعَدُمُ وَٱلنَّارُ مَثَّوَى لَمَّةً شِي وَكَأَيْنِ مِن قَرْيَة هي أَشَدُ قُوَّةً مِن قَرْيَتكَ آلَّتِيَّ أَنْرَجَتْكَ أَهْلَكُنْكُمْ فَلَا نَاصَرَ لَهُمُ مَن إِنَّهُ أَفَنَ كَانَ عَلَى بَيْنَة مِّن رَّبِّه ع كَمَن زُينً لَهُ رُسُوعُ عَمَله وَ البَّعُوا أَهُوآ عُم إِن مَّثُلُ الْحَنَّة الَّتي وعد المتقون فيها أنهد من ماء غير عاسن وأنهد من لَّيْنِ لَّهِ يَتَغَيِّرُ طَعْمُهُ وَأَنْهُرٌ مِنْ حَمْرِ لَّذَّةَ لَلشَّارِ بِينَ وَأَنْهُرْ ۗ مَّنْ عَسَلِ مُصَنِّي وَلَهُمْ فيها من كُلِّ ٱلثَّمَرَات وَمَغْفَرَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّمْ كُنْ هُوَ خَالَدٌ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَسُقُواْ مَا ءً حَمِيمًا فَقَطَّعَ أَمْعَاءَهُمْ ﴿ إِنَّ وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَسْتَمُّ إِلَيْكَ حَتَّى إِذَا نَرَجُواْ منْ عندكَ قَالُواْ اللَّذِينَ أُوبُواْ الْعِلْمَ مَاذَا قَالَ ءَانفًا أُولْكَيِكَ works to enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow; while those who disbelieve take their comfort in this life and eat even as the cattle eat, and the Fire is their habitation.

- 13. And how many a township stronger than thy township (O Muhammad) which hath cast thee out, have We destroyed, and they had no helper!
- 14. Is he who relieth on a clear proof from his Lord like those for whom the evil that they do is beautified while they follow their own lusts?
- 15. A similitude of the Garden which those who keep their duty (to Allah) are promised: Therein are rivers of water unpolluted, and rivers of milk whereof the flavour changeth not, and rivers of wine delicious to the drinkers, and rivers of clear-run honey; therein for them is every kind of fruit, with pardon from their Lord. (Are those who enjoy all this) like those who are immortal in the Fire and are given boiling water to drink so that it teareth their bowels?
- 16. Among them are some who give ear unto thee (Muhammad) till, when they go forth from thy presence they say unto those who have been given knowledge: What was that

الَّذِينَ طَبَعَ اللهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاتَّبَعُواْ أَهُوَا عَكُمْ ١ وَٱلَّذِينَ اهْتَدَوْاْ زَادَهُمْ هُدَّى وَءَاتَنْهُمْ نَقُولُهُمْ ﴿ فَهَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا ٱلسَّاعَةَ أَن تَأْتِيهُم بَغْمَنَةٌ فَقَدْ جَآءَ أَمْرَاطُهَا فَأَنَّىٰ لَهُمْ إِذَاجَاءَهُمْ ذَكَّرَتُهُمْ ١٠ فَأَعْلَمُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَكَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَالسَّغَفْرُ لَذَّنِّكَ وَللْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَات وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مُتَقَلَّبَكُمْ وَمَثْوَنكُمْ ﴿ وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَوْلَا نُزَلَتْ سُورَةٌ فَإِذَا أَزِلَتْ سُورَةٌ عُكَمَةٌ وَذُكَرَفِهَا ٱلْقَنَالُ رَأَيْتَ الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ نَظَرَ ٱلْمَغْشَى عَلَيْهِ منَ ٱلْمَوْتُ فَأُوْلَىٰ لَهُمْ ﴿ مَاعَةٌ وَقَوْلٌ مَّعْرُوكٌ ۚ فَإِذَا عَزَمَ ٱلْأَمْرُ فَلَوْ صَدَقُواْ ٱللهَ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَمُ مُ ٢ فَهَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ إِن تَوَلَّيْتُمْ أَن تُفْسَدُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَتُقَمِّلُهُ وَأَ أَرْحَامَكُمْ ﴿ أُولَدَيكَ الَّذِينَ لَعَنَّهُمُ

he said just now? Those are they whose hearts Allah hath sealed, and they follow their own lusts.

- 17. While as for those who walk aright, He addeth to their guidance, and giveth them their protection (against evil).
- 18. Await they aught save the Hour, that it should come upon them unawares? And the beginnings thereof have already come. But how, when it hath come upon them, can they take their warning?
- 19. So know (O Muhammad) that there is no God save Allah, and ask forgiveness for thy sin and for believing men and believing women. Allah knoweth (both) your place of turmoil and your place of rest.
- 20. And those who believe say: If only a sûrah were revealed! But when a decisive sûrah is revealed and war is mentioned therein, thou seest those in whose hearts is a disease looking at thee with the look of men fainting unto death. Therefor woe unto them!
- 21. Obedience and a civil word. Then, when the matter is determined, if they are loyal to Allah it will be well for them.
- 22. Would ye then, if ye were given the command, work corruption in the land and sever your ties of kinship?
 - 23. Such are they whom Allah curseth so that He deafeneth

اللهُ فَأَصَّهُمْ وَأَعْمَى أَبْصَارَهُمْ ﴿ أَفَلَا يَسَدِّرُ وَنَ الْقُرْءَانَ أَمْ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِ أَقْفَالُمَ ۚ نَتِي إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ارْتَدُّواْعَلَىٰٓ أَدْبَنُوهِم مَنْ بَعْد مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلْمُدِّى الشَّيْطَانُ سَوَّلَ لَمَمْ وَأَمْلِي لَمُمْ ﴿ وَكُنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ قَالُواْ اللَّذِينَ كُرْهُواْ مَا نَزَّلَ ٱللَّهُ سَنطيعُكُمْ في بَعْض ٱلْأُمْرُ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِسْرَارَهُمْ ١ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا نَوَفَّتُهُمُ ٱلْمَلَتَكِكَةُ يَشْرِبُونَ وُجُوهَهُمْ وَأَدْبَلَرُهُمْ ﴿ ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ أَنِّبُكُواْ مَا أَسِّخَطَ اللَّهُ وَكُرُهُواْ رضُوانَهُ وَأَحْبَطَ أَعْمَلُهُم إِنَّ أَمْ حَسَبَ ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَرَضٌ أَن لَن يُخْرِجَ اللهُ أَضْغَنَهُمْ ﴿ وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَأَرَيْنَكُهُمْ فَلَعَرَفْتُهُم بِسِيمَهُمْ ۚ وَلَتَعْرِفَنَّهُمْ فِي لَحُن ٱلْقَوْلُ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ أَعْمَلُكُمْ رَبِّي وَلَنَابُلُونَكُمْ حَتَّى نَعْلَمَ ٱلْمُجَنهدينَ منكُرُ وَالصَّابِرِينَ وَنَبْلُواْ أَعْبَارِكُرُ (١) إِنَّ them and maketh blind their eyes.

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- 24. Will they then not meditate on the Qur'an, or are there locks on the hearts?
- 25. Lo! those who turn back after the guidance hath been manifested unto them, Satan hath seduced them, and He giveth them the rein.
- 26. That is because they say unto those who hate what Allah hath revealed: We will obey you in some matters; and Allah knoweth their secret talk.
- 27. Then how (will it be with them) when the angels gather them, smiting their faces and their backs!
- 28. That will be because they followed that which angereth Allah, and hated that which pleaseth Him. Therefor He hath made their actions vain.
- 29. Or do those in whose hearts is a disease deem that Allah will not bring to light their (secret) hates?
- 30. And if We would, We could show them unto thee (Muhammad) so that thou shouldst know them surely by their marks. And thou shalt know them by the burden of their talk. And Allah knoweth your deeds.
- 31. And verily We shall try you till We know those of you who strive hard (for the cause of Allah) and the steadfast, and till We test your record.

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِ الله وَشَآ قُواْ الرَّسُولَ من بَعْد مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الْمُدِّي لَن يَضُرُّواْ اللهُ شَيْعُ وَسَيْحُبِطُ أَعْمَلَهُمْ ﴿ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّكَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَطْيَعُواْ اللَّهَ وَأَطْيُعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ وَلَا تُبْطُلُواْ أَعْمَالُكُمٌّ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِ اللهُ ثُمَّ مَا تُواْ وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ فَلَن يَغْفَرَ اللهُ لَهُمُمْ ﴿ فَكَا تَهِنُواْ وَلَدْعُواْ إِلَى السَّلْمِ وَأَنتُمُ ٱلْأَعْلَوْنَ وَاللهُ مَعَكُمْ وَلَن يَترَكُمُ أَعْمَلَكُمْ (١) إِنَّكَ الْحَيَوْةُ الدُّنْيَ الْعَبُّ وَلَمَّوْ وَإِن تُوْمِنُواْ وَنْتَقُواْ يُؤْتِكُمْ أَجُورَكُمْ وَلَا يَسْتَلَكُمْ أَمْوَالَكُمْ ١٤ إِن يَسْتَلَكُمُوهَا



فَيُحْفَكُمْ تَبْخَلُواْ وَيُخْرِجْ أَضْغَلَنْكُو ﴿ هَا لَهُمْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

هَنَوُلآءِ تُدْعَوْنَ لتُنفقُواْ في سَبيل الله فَمنكُم مَّن يَبَّخَلُّ

وَمَن يَبْخَلُ فَإِنَّمَا يَبْخَلُ عَن نَّفْسه ع وَاللهُ الْغَنَّى وَأَنَّمُ

- 32. Lo! those who disbelieve and turn from the way of Allah and oppose the messenger after the guidance hath been manifested unto them, they hurt Allah not a jot, and He will make their actions fruitless.
- 33. O ye who believe! Obey Allah and obey the messenger, and render not your actions vain.
- 34. Lo! those who disbelieve and turn from the way of Allah and then die disbelievers, Allah surely will not pardon them.
- 35. So do not falter and cry out for peace when ye (will be) the uppermost, and Allah is with you, and He will not grudge (the reward of) your actions.
- 36. The life of the world is but a sport and a pastime. And if ye believe and ward off (evil), He will give you your wages, and will not ask of you your worldly wealth.
- would hoard it, and He would bring to light your (secret)
- 38. Lo! ye are those who are called to spend in the way of Allah, yet among you there are some who hoard. And as for him who hoardeth, he hoardeth only from his soul. And Allah is the Rich, and ye are the poor. And if ye turn away

SÛRAH XLVIII

Al-Fath takes its name from the word Fath meaning "Victory" which occurs several times, and refers, not to the conquest of Mecca, but to the truce of Al-Hudeybiyeh, which, though at the time it seemed a set-back to the Muslims, proved in fact the greatest victory for Al-Islâm.

In the sixth year of the Hijrah, the Prophet set out with some 1400 Muslims from Al-Madînah and the country round, in the garb of pilgrims, not for war but to visit the Ka'bah. When they drew near to Mecca, they were warned that Qureysh had gathered their allies against them, and that their cavalry under Khâlid ibn Al-Walîd was on the road before them. Making a détour through gullies of the hills, they escaped the cavalry and, coming into the valley of Mecca, encamped at Al-Hudeybiyeh below the city. The Prophet resolutely refused to give battle and persisted in attempts to parley with Qureysh who had sworn not to let him reach the Ka'bah. The Muslims were all the while in a position of some danger. Finally Othnân ibn 'Affân was sent into the city, as the man most likely to be well received on account of his relationships. Othmân was detained by the Meccans, and news that he had been murdered reached the Muslims in their camp.\footnote{1}

It was then that the Prophet, sitting under a tree, took from his comrades the oath (referred to in v. 18) that they would hold together and fight to the death. Then it became known that the rumour of Othmän's death was false, and Qureysh at length agreed to a truce of which the terms were favourable to them. The Prophet and his multitude were to give up the project of visiting the sanctuary for that year, but were to make the pilgrimage the following year when the idolaters undertook to evacuate Mecca for three days to allow them to do so Fugitives from Qureysh to the Muslims were to be returned, but not fugitives from the Muslims to Qureysh; and there was to be no hostility between the parties for ten years.

¹ Ibn Hishâm, Part II, pp. 176-178.

⁸ Ibn Hishâm, Part II, p. 179.

"And there was never a victory," says Ibn Khaldûn, "greater than this victory; for, as Az-Zuhrî says, when it was war the peoples did not meet, but when the truce came and war laid down its burdens and people felt safe one with another, then they met and indulged in conversation and discussion. And no man spoke of Al-Islâm to another but the latter espoused it, so that there entered Al-Islâm in those two years (i.e. between Al-Hudeybîyeh and the breaking of the truce by Qureysh) as many as all those who had entered it before, or more."

The date of revelation is the sixth year of the Hijrah.

¹ Ibn Khaldûn, Târîkb. Supplement to Part II, Bûlâq 1284 A.H. He follows Ibn Hishâm. الْفُقَرَآةُ وَ إِن نَتَوَلَّوْ أَيْسَتَبْدِلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ ثُمَّ لَا يَكُونُوٓ أَ

أَمْثَلَكُم شَيُّ

(٤٨) **يُبوّدُ لَا الْفَسْرِحِ مَلَائِيْ** نزلت في المانِّ عَندا الإصرافِ من المُتَّذَيِّيةِ وآيا**فَت**اً ٢٩ نزلت بعُدل الجمعَة

إِنَّا فَتَحْنَا لَكَ فَتْحَا مُبِينًا ﴿ لَيَغْفِرَ لَكَ اللهُ مَا تَقَدَّمَ مِن
ذَنْبِكَ وَمَا تَأَثَّرَ وَيُتُمَّ نِعْمَتُهُ عَلَيْكَ وَبَهُدِيكَ صَرَاطًا
مُشْتَقِيمًا ﴿ وَيَنْصُرَكَ اللهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا ﴿ مُو الَّذِي
مُشْتَقِيمًا ﴿ وَيَنْصُرَكَ اللهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا ﴿ مُو الَّذِي
مُشْتَقِيمًا ﴿ وَيَنْصُرُكَ اللهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا رَبَّ هُو الَّذِي
أَزُلَ السَّكِينَةَ فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لَيَزْدَادُوا إِيمَانًا مَع
إِيمَانِهِ مُ وَلِله جُنُودُ السَّمَلَواتِ وَالْأَرْضُ وَكَانَ اللهُ
عَلَيْ حَكِيمًا ﴿ وَلِلهُ جُنُودُ السَّمَلُواتِ وَالْأَرْضُ وَكَانَ اللهُ
عَلَيْ حَكِيمًا ﴿ وَيَلْ لَيُدْخِلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ جَنَّاتِ
عَلَيْ حَكِيمًا ﴿ وَيَ لَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ ا

He will exchange you for some other folk, and they will not be the likes of you.

VICTORY

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Lo! We have given thee (O Muhammad) a signal victory,
- 2. That Allah may forgive thee of thy sin that which is past and that which is to come, and may perfect His favour unto thee, and may guide thee on a right path,
 - 3. And that Allah may help thee with strong help-
- 4. He it is Who sent down peace of reassurance into the hearts of the believers that they might add faith unto their faith. Allah's are the hosts of the heavens and the earth, and Allah is ever Knower. Wise—
 - 5. That He may bring the believing men and the believing

تَجْرى مِن تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَيُكَفِّرَ عَنْهُمْ سَيَّعَاتُهُمُّ وَكَانَ ذَالكَ عندَ الله فَوْزًا عَظَمًا ﴿ فِي وَيُعَذَّبَ ٱلْمُنَافِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنَافِقَاتِ وَٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ وَٱلْمُشْرِكَاتِ ٱلظَّآنَينَ بَالله ظَنَّ ٱلسَّوْءَ عَلَيْهُمْ دَآيِرَةُ ٱلسَّوْءِ وَغَضِبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَعْهُمْ وَأَعَدَّ لَمُعْمَ جَهِيْمَ وَسَآءَتْ مَصِيراً وَللهُ جُنُودُ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتَ وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَكَانَ ٱللهُ عَرِيزًا حَكِيمًا ﴿ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَكَ شَنهِدًا وَمُبَشِّرًا وَنَذرًا ﴿ وَأَصِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُبَايِعُونَكَ إِنَّمَا يُبَايِعُونَ ٱللَّهَ يَدُ ٱلله فَوْقَ أَيْدِيهِم فَنَ نَّكَ فَإِنَّكَ يَنكُثُ عَلَى نَفْسه ع وَمَنْ أَوْقَى مِمَا عَنْهَدَ عَلَيْهُ اللهَ فَسَيُوْتِهِ أَجْرًا عَظيمًا رَبُّ مَيَقُولُ لَكَ ٱلْمُخَلِّفُونَ مِنَ ٱلْأَعْرَابِ شَغَلَتْنَا أَمُو'لُنَا **6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6**

women into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide; and may remit from them their evil deeds— That, in the sight of Allah, is the supreme triumph—

- 6. And may punish the hypocritical men and the hypocritical women, and the idolatrous men and the idolatrous women, who think an evil thought concerning Allah. For them is the evil turn of fortune, and Allah is wroth against them and hath cursed them, and hath made ready for them hell, a hapless journey's end.
- 7. Allah's are the hosts of the heavens and the earth, and Allah is ever Mighty, Wise.
- 8. Lo! We have sent thee (O Muhammad) as a witness and a bearer of good tidings and a warner,
- 9. That ye (mankind) may believe in Allah and His messenger, and may honour Him, and may revere Him, and may glorify Him at early dawn and at the close of day.
- 10. Lo! those who swear allegiance unto thee (Muhammad), swear allegiance only unto Allah. The Hand of Allah is above their hands. So whosoever breaketh his oath, breaketh it only to his soul's hurt; while whosoever keepeth his covenant with Allah, on him will He bestow immense reward.
- 11. Those of the wandering Arabs who were left behind will tell thee: Our possessions and our households occupied

وَأَهْلُونَا فَٱسْتَغْفُرْ لَنَّا يَقُولُونَ بِأَلْسَنَتِهِم مَّالَيْسَ في قُلُوبِهِمْ قُلْ هَن يَمْلُكُ لَكُم مَّنَ الله شَيْئًا إِنَّ أَرَادَ بِكُمْ ضَرًّا أَوْ أَرَادَ بِكُرْ نَفْعاً بَلْ كَانَ اللهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيراً ١٠ بَلْ ظَنَنُمَّ أَن لَّن يَنقَلَبَ ٱلرَّسُولُ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَىٰٓ أَهْلِهِمْ أَبَدًا وَزُينَ ذَاكَ في قُلُوبِكُمْ وَظَنَنتُمْ ظَنَّ ٱلسَّوْءِ وَكُنتُمْ قَوْمَا بُورًا ١٦ وَمَن لَّدْ يُوْمِن بالله وَرَسُوله، فَإِنّا أَعْتَدْنَا للَّكَـٰفرينَ سَعيرًا ﴿ وَللهُ مُلُّكُ السَّمَنَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضُ يَغْفُرُ لَمَن يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُورًا رَّحيمًا ٢ سَيَقُولُ ٱلْمُخَلِّفُونَ إِذَا انطَلَقْتُمْ إِلَى مَغَانَمَ لتَأْخُذُوهَا ذَرُونَا نَتَّبِعَكُمْ يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُبَدِّلُواْ كَلَامَ اللهُ قُل لَّن تَنَّبُعُونَا كَذَا لَكُمْ قَالَ اللَّهُ مِن قَابُلٌّ فَسَيَقُولُونَ بَلْ تَحْسُدُونَنَّا بَلْ كَانُواْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ١٠٠ قُل

- 12. Nay, but ye deemed that the messenger and the believers would never return to their own folk, and that was made fairseeming in your hearts, and ye did think an evil thought, and ye were worthless folk.
- 13. And as for him who believeth not in Allah and His messenger-Lo! We have prepared a flame for disbelievers.
- 14. And Allah's is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth. He forgiveth whom He will, and punisheth whom He will. And Allah is ever Forgiving, Merciful.
- 15. Those who were left behind will say, when ye set forth to capture booty: Let us go with you. They fain would change the verdict of Allah. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Ye shall not go with us. Thus hath Allah said beforehand. Then they will say: Ye are envious of us. Nay, but they understand not, save a little.

سورة الفتح

لِّلْمُخَلِّفِينَ مِنَ ٱلْأَعْرَابِ سَتُدْعَوْنَ إِلَىٰ قَوْمٍ أُولِي بَأْس شَديد تُقَنتلُونَهُمْ أَوْيُسْلَمُونَ فَإِن تُطِيعُوا يُؤْتكُرُ اللهُ أَجُرًا حَسَنًا وَ إِن نُتَوَلُّواْ كَمَا نَوَلَيْهُم مِن قَبْلُ يُعَذِّبُكُم عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا رَأَنُ لَيْسَ عَلَى ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ حَرِّجٌ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْأَعْرَجِ حَرَجٌ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْمَرِيضَ حَرَجٌ وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ يُدْخَلُهُ جَنَّلْتَ تَجْرَى مِن يَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ وَمَن يَتُولَّ يُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا أَليمًا ١١ ﴿ لَقَدْ رَضَى اللهُ عَن المُؤْمنينَ إِذْ يُبَايِعُونَكَ تَحْتَ ٱلشَّجَرَة فَعَلَمَ مَا في قُلُوبِهمْ فَأَزْلَ ٱلسَّكينَةَ عَلَيْهُمْ وَأَثَنَبُهُمْ فَتَحَا قَرِيبًا ﴿ وَمَغَانَمَ كَثَيرَةً يَأْخُذُونَهَا ۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَرِيزًا حَكَيْمًا ۞ وَعَدَكُرُ ٱللَّهُ مَغَانَمَ كَثيرَةً تَأْخُذُونَهَا فَعَجَّلَ لَكُمْ هَلاه ، وَكَفَّ أَيْدي ٱلنَّاسِ عَنكُمْ وَلَتَكُونَ ءَايَةٌ لَلْمُؤْمِنينَ وَيَهْدِيكُمْ صَرَاطًا



- 16. Say unto those of the wandering Arabs who were left behind: Ye will be called against a folk of mighty prowess, to fight them until they surrender; and if ye obey, Allah will give you a fair reward; but if ye turn away as ye did turn away before, He will punish you with a painful doom.
- 17. There is no blame for the blind, nor is there blame for the lame, nor is there blame for the sick (that they go not forth to war). And whoso obeyeth Allah and His messenger, He will make him enter Gardens underneath which rivers flow; and whoso turneth back, him will He punish with a painful doom.
- 18. Allah was well pleased with the believers when they swore allegiance unto thee beneath the tree, and He knew what was in their hearts, and He sent down peace of reassurance on them, and hath rewarded them with a near victory;
- 19. And much booty that they will capture. Allah is ever Mighty, Wise.
- 20. Allah promiseth you much booty that ye will capture, and hath given you this in advance, and hath withheld men's hands from you, that it may be a token for the believers, and that He may guide you on a right path.

¹ This prophecy is taken to refer to the war with the Persian or the Byzantine empire.

مُّسْتَقِيماً ﴿ وَأَخْرَىٰ لَرْ تَقْدرُواْ عَلَيْهَا قَدْ أَحَاطَ اللهُ بِهَا وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلِيَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرًا ﴿ وَلَوْقَنتَلَكُمُ النَّينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوَلُّواْ ٱلْأَدْبَلَرَ ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُونَ وَلَيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿ ٢ سُنَّةَ الله الَّتِي قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلُ وَلَن تَجِدَ لُسُنَّة الله تَبْديلًا ١٠ وَهُوَ الَّذِي كَفَّ أَيْدِيهُمْ عَنكُمْ وَأَيْديكُمْ عَنْهُم بِبَطْنِ مَكَّةَ مَنْ بَعْدَ أَنْ أَظْفَرَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ يَى تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا ﴿ هُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَصَدُّوكُمْ عَنِ ٱلْمُسْجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَٱلْمُلَدَى مَعْكُوفًا أَن يَبِلُغَ عَلَّهُ وَلَوْلَا رِجَالٌ مُؤْمِنُونَ وَنَسَاتُهُ مُؤْمِنَاتٌ لَرْ تَعْلَمُوهُمْ أَن تَطَعُوهُمْ فَتُصِيبُكُمْ مَنْهُمْ مَعَرَةُ بَغَيْرِ عَلَمَ لَيُدْخَلَ اللَّهُ في رَحْمَته عَ مَن يَشَاء لَوْ تَزَيَّلُواْ لَعَذَّبْنَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَنُّهُمْ عَلَابًا أَليمًا ١٠ إِذْ جَعَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ في قُلُوبِهِمُ

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- 21. And other (gain), which ye have not been able to achieve, Allah will compass it. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 22. And if those who disbelieve join battle with you is they will take to flight, and afterward they will find no protecting friend nor helper.
- 23. It is the law of Allah which hath taken course aforetime. Thou wilt not find for the law of Allah aught of power to change.
- 24. And He it is Who hath withheld men's hands from you, and hath withheld your hands from them, in the valley of Mecca, after He had made you victors over them. Allah is Seer of what ye do.
- 25. These it was who disbelieved and debarred you from the Inviolable Place of Worship, and debarred the offering from reaching its goal. And if it had not been for believing men and believing women, whom ye know not—lest ye should tread them under foot and thus incur guilt for them unknowingly; that Allah might bring into His mercy whom He will—If (the believers and the disbelievers) had been clearly separated We verily had punished those of them who disbelieved with painful punishment.
 - 26. When those who disbelieve had set up in their hearts

ٱلْحَمَيَّةَ حَيَّةَ ٱلْحَلَهليَّة فَأَنْزَلَ ٱللهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَى رَسُوله ع وَعَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَلْزَمَهُمْ كَلَمَةَ النَّقُوَىٰ وَكَانُوۤا أَحَقَّ بَهَا وَأَهْلَهَا ۚ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَليْمًا ﴿ يَٰ لَقَدْ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ رَسُولَهُ ٱلرُّءَيَا بِٱلْحَتِّ لَتَدْخُلُنَّ ٱلْمَسْجِدَ ٱلْحَرَامَ إِن شَآءَ ٱللهُ ءَامنينَ مُحَلَّقينَ رُءُ وسَكُمْ وَمُقَصِّرِينَ لَا تَحَافُونَ فَعَلَمَ مَالًا تَعْلَمُواْ فَجَعَلَ من دُون ذَالكَ فَتْحَا قَريبًا ١ هُوَ الَّذِيّ أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ, بِالْمُدَىٰ وَدِينِ الْحُقّ لبُظْهِرَهُ, عَلَى ٱلدِّينَ كُلَّهُ ۚ ۚ وَكُفَىٰ بِٱللَّهُ شَهِيدًا ﴿ مَنْ تُحَمَّدٌ رَّسُولُ ٱللَّهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُۥ أَشَّدَاهُ عَلَى الْكُفَّارِ رُحَمَّاهُ بَيْنَهُمْ تَرَىٰهُمْ رُكَّعًا سُجِّـدًا يَبْتَغُونَ فَضْلًا مَنَ ٱلله وَرضُوا نَاسيمَاهُــمْ في وُجُوههم مَّنْ أَثَرَ السُّجُودُ ۚ ذَاكَ مَثَلُهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَانَةُ وَمَثَلُهُمْ فِي ٱلْإِنجِيلِ كَزَرْعِ أَنْرَجَ شَطْعُهُ فَعَازَرَهُ zealotry, the zealotry of the Age of Ignorance, then Allah sent down His peace of reassurance upon His messenger and upon the believers and imposed on them the word of self-restraint, for they were worthy of it and meet for it. And Allah is Aware of all things.

- 27. Allah hath fulfilled the vision of His messenger in very truth. Ye shall indeed enter the Inviolable Place of Worship, if Allah will, secure, (having your hair) shaven and cut, not fearing. But He knoweth that which ye know not, and hath given you a near victory beforehand.
- 28. He it is Who hath sent His messenger with the guidance and the religion of truth, that He may cause it to prevail over all religion. And Allah sufficeth as a Witness.
- 29. Muhammad is the messenger of Allah. And those with him are hard against the disbelievers and merciful among themselves. Thou (O Muhammad) seest them bowing and falling prostrate (in worship), seeking bounty from Allah and (His) acceptance. The mark of them is on their foreheads from the traces of prostration. Such is their likeness in the Torah and their likeness in the Gospel—like as sown corn that sendeth forth its shoot and strengtheneth it

 $^{^{1}}$ The Prophet had had a vision that he was entering the Sanctuary at Mecca in peace and safety.

سورة الجحسرات

فَأَسْتَغْلَظَ فَأَسْتَوَىٰ عَلَىٰ سُوقِهِ عَيْدَ الْزُرَّاعَ لِيَغِيظَ الْزُرَّاعَ لِيَغِيظَ بِمُ الْكُفَّارُ وَعَدَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّلَحَيْتِ بِمُ الْكُفَّارُ وَعَدَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّلَحَيْتِ اللهِ الْمُعَلِّمَ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ ال

(٤٩) سُورةِ الجُجرات مُدنيْتر وآياهنا ١٨ نزلتُ بغُدالِمجاكِلِيُّ

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الْمُعْرِ الرِّحِيمِ

يَنَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ اَمَنُواْ لَا تُقَدِّمُواْ بَيْنَ يَدَى اللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَلَيْ وَاللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَاللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَلَيْ شَيْ يَنَا يُبَا اللهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَاللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُولِ اللهُ ا



and riseth firm upon its stalk, delighting the sowers—that He may enrage the disbelievers with (the sight of) them. Allah hath promised, unto such of them as believe and do good works, forgiveness and immense reward.

SÜRAH XLIX

Al-Hujurât takes its name from v. 4, which, with the following verse, is said to refer to the behaviour of a deputation at a time when deputations from all parts of Arabia were coming to Al-Madînah to profess allegiance to the Prophet. The whole sûrah, dealing as it does with manners, and particularly with behaviour toward the Prophet, evidently belongs to a period when there were many seeking audience, among them many who were quite uncivilised.

The date of revelation is the ninth year of the Hijrah, "the year

of deputations," as it is called.

THE PRIVATE APARTMENTS

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O ye who believe! Be not forward in the presence of Allah and His messenger, and keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 2. O ye who believe! Lift not up your voices above the voice of the Prophet, nor shout when speaking to him as ye shout one to another, lest your works be rendered vain while ye perceive not.
 - 3. Lo! they who subdue their voices in the presence of

الله أُوْلَنَيِكَ الَّذِينَ امْتَحَنَّ اللهُ قُلُوبَهُمْ التَّقُّونَ لَمُهُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَأَجْرُ عَظْمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُنَادُونَكَ مِن وَرَآء ٱلْحُكُرُات أَكْثَرُهُمُ لَا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ صَبْرُ وَا حَنَّى تَحْرُجَ إِلَيْهِمْ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحْمُ ﴿ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِن جَآءَكُمْ فَاستُ بَنَبَإِ فَتَبَيَّنُواْ أَن تُصِيبُواْ قَوْمَاْ بِجَهَالَة فَتُصْبِحُواْ عَلَى مَافَعَلْتُمُ نَلدمينَ ٢ وَٱعْلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ فِيكُمْ رَسُولَ ٱلله ۚ لَوْ يُطِيعُكُمُ فِي كَشِيرِ مَّنَ ٱلأَمْرِ لَعَنتُمْ وَلَكُنَّ اللهَ حَبَّ إِلَيْكُدُ ٱلَّا يَكُنُ وَزَيَّنهُ في قُلُوبِكُمْ وَكَرَّهَ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلْكُفْرَ وَٱلْفُسُوقَ وَٱلْعَصْيَانَّ أَوْلَتَهِكَ هُـمُ ٱلرَّاشـدُونَ ﴿ فَضْـلَا مَنَ ٱللهِ وَنَعْمَةً ﴿ وَاللهُ عَلَمُ حَكيمٌ إِنْ وَإِن طَآيِفَتَان مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنينَ أَقْتَتَلُواْ فَأَصْلُحُواْ بَيْنَهُمَا ۖ فَإِنَّ بَغَتْ إِحْدَنْهُمَا عَلَى

the messenger of Allah, those are they whose hearts Allah hath proven unto righteousness. Theirs will be forgiveness and immense reward.

- 4. Lo! those who call thee from behind the private apartments, most of them have no sense.
- 5. And if they had had patience till thou camest forth unto them, it had been better for them. And Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 6. O ye who believe! If an evil-liver bring you tidings, verify it, lest ye smite some folk in ignorance and afterward repent of what ye did.
- 7. And know that the messenger of Allah is among you. If he were to obey you in much of the government, ye would surely be in trouble; but Allah hath endeared the faith to you and hath beautified it in your hearts, and hath made disbelief and lewdness and rebellion hateful unto you. Such are they who are the rightly guided.
- 8. (It is) a bounty and a grace from Allah; and Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 9. And if two parties of believers fall to fighting, then make peace between them. And if one party of them doeth

ٱلْأَخْرَىٰ فَقَاتِلُواْ ٱلَّنِي تَبْغِي حَتَّىٰ تَفَيَّ ۚ إِلَّيَّ أَمْ ٱللَّهُ فَإِن فَآءَتْ فَأَصْلُحُواْ بَيْنَهُمَا بَالْعَدْلِ وَأَقْسُطُوّا إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحبُّ ٱلمُقْسطينَ ﴿ إِنَّكَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ إِخْوَةٌ فَأَصْلُحُواْ بَيْنَ أَخُوَ يَكُمْ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ إِنَّ يَتَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا يَسْخَرْ فَوْمٌ مَن قَوْم عَسَى ٓ أَن يَكُونُواْ خَيْراً مَّنَّهُ مْ وَلَا نَسَآءٌ من نَسَآءٍ عَسَى أَن يَكُنَّ خَيْراً مَّنَّهُ نَّ وَلَا تَلْمِزُواْ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَلَا تَنا يَزُواْ بِالْأَلْقَابِ بِنْسَ الآسمُ الْفُسُوقُ بَعْدَ الْإِعَلَىٰ وَمَن لَّهِ يَتُبُ فَأُولَيْكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّاللُّمُونَ ١ يَتَأْبُ الَّذِينَ وَامَّنُواْ اجْتَنْبُواْ كَثِيرًا مَّنَ الظَّنَّ إِنَّ بَعْضَ الظَّنَّ إِنَّمْ ۖ وَلَا تَجَسُّواْ وَلَا يَغْتَب بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا أَيْتُ أَحَدُ كُرُ أَنْ يَأْكُلُ خَمَ أَحِيه مَيْنَا فَكَرَهْتُمُوهُ وَانَّقُواْ اللهُ ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ نَوَّابٌ رَّحْيُّ ﴿ يَنَا ثُبَّا ﴿

PART XXVI THE PRIVATE APARTMENTS SÛRAH XLIX

wrong to the other, fight ye that which doeth wrong till it return unto the ordinance of Allah; then, if it return, make peace between them justly, and act equitably. Lo! Allah loveth the equitable.

- 10. The believers are naught else than brothers. Therefore make peace between your brethren and observe your duty to Allah that haply ye may obtain mercy.
- 11. O ye who believe! Let not a folk deride a folk who may be better than they (are), nor let women (deride) women who may be better than they are; neither defame one another, nor insult one another by nicknames. Bad is the name of lewdness after faith. And whoso turneth not in repentance, such are evil-doers.
- 12. O ye who believe! Shun much suspicion; for lo! some suspicion is a crime. And spy not, neither backbite one another. Would one of you love to eat the flesh of his dead brother? Ye abhor that (so abhor the other)! And keep your duty (to Allah). Lo! Allah is Relenting, Merciful.

ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّا خَلَقْنَكُمْ مِّن ذَكَّرِ وَأَنْتَىٰ وَجَعَلْنَكُمْ شُعُوبًا وَقَبَآ بِلَ لِنَعَارَفُوٓا ۚ إِنَّا أَكُرَكُمْ عندَالله أَنْقَنكُمُّ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلَيْمُ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ إِنَّ * قَالَتَ ٱلْأَعْرَابُ } آمَنَّا قُل لَّهُ تُوَّمنُواْ وَلَكُن قُولُواْ أَسْلَمْنَا وَلَمَّا يَدْخُلِ الْإِيمَانُ فِي قُلُو بِكُرٌّ وَ إِن تُطِيعُواْ اللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ, لَا يَلَنَّكُمُ مَنْ أَعْمَلِكُمْ شَيْئًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحُّمُ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّكَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الَّذَينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِاللهُ وَرَسُوله عَمُّ لَرَيْرَ تَابُواْ وَجَنهَدُواْ بِأَمْوَ لَمَمْ وَأَنفُسِمْ في سَبِيلِ اللهُ أُولَيَهِكَ هُمُ الصَّادِقُونَ ﴿ قُلُ أَنَّعَلَّمُونَ ٱللهَ بدينكُرُ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَلُواتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضَ وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَيْمٌ ١ يَمُنُونَ عَلَيْكَ أَنْ أَسْلَمُواْ مُ لَا يَمِنُواْ عَلَى إِسْلَامَكُمْ بَلِ اللهُ يَمِنْ عَلَيْ كُواْتِ هَدَىنَكُرُ لِلْإِمَلِن إِن كُنتُمُ صَلِدَقِينَ ١٠٠٠ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ



- 13. O mankind! Lo! We have created you male and female, and have made you nations and tribes that ye may know one another. Lo! the noblest of you, in the sight of Allah, is the best in conduct. Lo! Allah is Knower, Aware.
- 14. The wandering Arabs say: We believe. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Ye believe not, but rather say "We submit," for the faith hath not yet entered into your hearts. Yet, if ye obey Allah and His messenger, He will not withhold from you aught of (the reward of) your deeds. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 15. The (true) believers are those only who believe in Allah and His messenger and afterward doubt not, but strive with their wealth and their lives for the cause of Allah. Such are the sincere.
- 16. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Would ye teach Allah your religion, when Allah knoweth all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and Allah is Aware of all things?
- 17. They make it a favour unto thee (Muhammad) that they have surrendered (unto Him). Say: Deem not your Surrender a favour unto me; nay, but Allah doth confer a favour on you, inasmuch as He hath led you to the Faith, if ye are earnest.

غَيْبَ السَّمَنَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضُ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿

(٥٠) مُبُولِاً فَى مَكَيْتِ بَ الاآبِ (٢) فدنست وآباخاه؛ نزلتْ بغداللرشلات

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الْرَحِيمِ

قَ وَالْقُرْءَانِ الْمَجِيدِ ﴿ بَلْ عَجُبُواْ أَنْ جَآءَ هُم مَّنْدُرُ مَنْهُمْ فَقَالَ الْكَلْفُرُونَ هَلْذَا شَيْءٌ عَيبُ ﴿ قَالَمْنَا مَاتَنْقُصُ وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا ذَلِكَ رَجْعُ بَعِيدٌ ﴿ قَدْ عَلَمْنَا مَاتَنْقُصُ الْأَرْضُ مَنْهُم ۚ وَعِنْدَنَا كَتَلَبُ حَفِيظٌ ﴿ بَلْ كَذَّبُواْ بِالْحَتَىٰ لَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ فَهُمْ فِي أَمْرٍ مَرِيجٍ ﴿ فَا فَلَمْ يَنظُرُواْ إِلَى السَّمَاءِ فَوْقَهُمْ كَيْفَ بَنَيْنَكُهَا وَزَيَّنَهَا وَمَا هَمَا مِن فُرُوجٍ ﴿ فَ وَالْأَرْضَ مَدَدُنَكُهَا وَأَلْقَيْنَا فِيهَا رَوَاسِي 18. Lo! Allah knoweth the Unseen of the heavens and the earth. And Allah is Seer of what ye do.

SÜRAH I.

Takes its name from the letter of the Arabic alphabet which stands alone at the beginning of the first verse.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

OÂF

Revealed at Mecca

In the same of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Qâf. By the Glorious Qur'ân,

2. Nay, but they marvel that a warner of their own hath come unto them; and the disbelievers say: This is a strange thing:

3. When we are dead and have become dust (shall we be brought back again)? That would be a far return!

4. We know that which the earth taketh of them, 1 and with Us is a recording Book.

5. Nay, but they have denied the truth when it came unto them, therefor they are now in troubled case.

- 6. Have they not then observed the sky above them, how We have constructed it and beautified it, and how there are no rifts therein?
 - 7. And the earth have We spread out, and have flung

 1 i.e. those of them who die and are buried in the earth.

وَأَنْبِتْنَا فِهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجِ بَهِيجِ ﴿ مَا تَبْصِرَةً وَذِكْرَى لِكُلِّ عَبْد مُّنيب ﴿ وَزَّلْنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءِ مَآهُ مُّبَرَّكَا فَأَنْبَتْنَا به عَنَّات وَحَبُّ ٱلْحَصِيد ﴿ وَالنَّخْلَ بَاسَقَت لَّمَا طَلْعٌ نَصْيةٌ ١٠ وَزْقَا لَلْعَبَادَ وَأَحْيَيْنَا بِهِ بَلْدَةُ مَيْنًا كَذَاكَ ٱلْخُرُوجُ ١ كُذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَأَحْعَلُ ٱلرَّسَ وَتَمُودُ ١ وَعَادُ وَفَرْعَوْنُ وَ إِخْوَانُ لُوط ١ وَأَصْعَابُ الْأَيْكَةِ وَقَوْمُ نُبَّعَ كُلُّ كَذَّبَ الرُّسُلَّ فَحَقَّ وَعيد ١ مَن أَفَعَينَا بِٱلْخَلْقِ ٱلْأُوَّلَ بَلْ هُمْ في لَبْسِ مَّنْ خَلْق جَديد (في وَلَقَد خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنسَانَ وَنَعْلَمُ مَاتُوسُوسُ به، نَفْسُهُ وَتَحُنُ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْه منْ حَبْل ٱلْوَرِيد ١ إِذْ يَتَلَقَّى ٱلْمُتَلَقَّيَانَ عَنِ ٱلْيَمِينِ وَعَنِ ٱلشَّهَالِ قَعِيدٌ ﴿ مَّا يَلْفُظُ مِن قَوْل إِلَّا لَدَّيْهِ رَقِيبٌ عَتيــدٌ ١

firm hills therein, and have caused of every lovely kind to grow thereon,

- 8. A vision and a reminder for every penitent slave.
- And We send down from the sky blessed water whereby We give growth unto gardens and the grain of crops,
 - 10. And lofty date-palms with ranged clusters,
- 11. Provision (made) for men; and therewith We quicken a dead land. Even so will be the resurrection of the dead.
- 12. The folk of Noah denied (the truth) before them, and (so did) the dwellers at Ar-Rass and (the tribe of) Thamûd,
- 13. And (the tribe of) A'âd, and Pharaoh, and the brethren of Lot,
- 14. And the dwellers in the wood, and the folk of Tubb'a: every one denied their messengers, therefor My threat took effect.
- 15. Were We then worn out by the first creation? Yet they are in doubt about a new creation.
- 16. We verily created man and We know what his soul whispereth to him, and We are nearer to him than his jugular vein.
- 17. When the two Receivers receive (him), seated on the right hand and on the left,
- 18. He uttereth no word but there is with him an observer ready.

Midian. The name of a famous dynasty in Al-Yaman.

سَكْرَةُ ٱلْمَوْتِ بِٱلْحَتَّى ذَالكَ مَا كُنتَ مَنْهُ تَحِيدُ شِي وَنُفخَ فِي الصُّورَ ذَاكَ يَوْمُ الْوَعِيد ﴿ وَجَآءَتْ كُلُّ نَفْس مَّعَهَا سَآيِقٌ وَشَهِيدٌ ﴿ لَهِي لَّقَدْ كُنتَ في غَفْلَة مَّنَّ هَنَذَا فَكَشَفْنَا عَنكَ عَطَآءَكَ فَبَصَرُكَ ٱلْيَوْمَ حَديد ﴿ وَقَالَ قَرِينُهُ مِنْدًا مَا لَدَى عَتِيدٌ ﴿ أَلْقِيَا فِي جَهَّمْ كُلَّ كَفَّارِ عَنيد ﴿ مَّ مَّنَّاعِ لَلْغَيْرِ مُعْتَد مُّريب ﴿ الَّذِي جَعَلَ مَعَ الله إِلَاهًا ءَانَحَ فَأَلْقَيَاهُ فِي ٱلْعَذَابِ ٱلشَّديد ﴿ * قَالَ قَرِينُهُ وَبَّنَا مَآ أَطْغَيْتُهُ وَلَكَن كَانَ في ضَلَال بَعيد ﴿ وَهُا قَالَ لَا تَخْنَصِمُواْ لَدَىَّ وَقَدْ قَدَّمْتُ إِلَيْكُمُ بِٱلْوَعِيدِ ﴿ مَا يُبَدِّلُ ٱلْقَوْلُ لَدَيَّ وَمَا أَنَا بِظَلِّهِ لَّلْعَبِيد ﴿ يَوْمَ نَقُولُ لِخَهَمَّ هَلَ أَمْتَلَأَت وَتَقُولُ هَلْ من مَّزيد ﴿ وَأَزْلَفَت أَلِحَنَّةُ لَأَمُنَّ قَينَ غَيْرَ بَعيد ﴿



- 19. And the agony of death cometh in truth. (And it is said unto him): This is that which thou wast wont to shun.
- 20. And the trumpet is blown. This is the threatened Day.

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- 21. And every soul cometh, along with it a driver and a witness
- 22. (And unto the evil-doer it is said): Thou wast in heedlessness of this. Now We have removed from thee thy covering, and piercing is thy sight this day.
- 23. And (unto the evil-doer) his comrade saith: This is that which I have ready (as testimony).
- 24. (And it is said): Do ye twain¹ hurl to hell each rebel ingrate,
 - 25. Hinderer of good, transgressor, doubter,
- 26. Who setteth up another god along with Allah. Do ye twain hurl him to the dreadful doom.
- 27. His comrade saith: Our Lord! I did not cause him to rebel, but he was (himself) far gone in error.
- 28. He saith: Contend not in My presence, when I had already proffered unto you the warning.
- 29. The sentence that cometh from Me cannot be changed, and I am in no wise a tyrant unto the slaves.
- 30. On the day when We say unto hell: Art thou filled? and it saith: Can there be more to come?
- 31. And the Garden is brought nigh for those who kept from evil, no longer distant.
 - 1 The driver and the witness (v. 21) or the two Receivers (v. 17).

هَلَذَا مَا تُوعَدُونَ لَكُلَّ أُوَّابِ حَفيظ رَثِي مَّنْ خَشيَ ٱلرَّمْنَنَ بِٱلْغَيْبِ وَجَآءَ بِقَلْبٍ مُّنِيبٍ رَثِي ٱدْخُلُوهَا بِسَلَام ذَاكَ يَوْمُ ٱلْخُلُود ﴿ لَهِ لَهُمْ مَّا يَشَآءُونَ فِهَا ۖ وَلَدَيْنَا مَزِيدٌ رَثِي وَكُرْ أَهْلَكُنَّا قَبْلَهُم مَن قَرْن هُمْ أَشَدُّ مَنْهُم بَطْشًا فَنَقَّبُواْ فِي ٱلْبَلَد هَلْ مِن عَيص (إِنَّ فِي ذَاكَ لَذَكْرَى لَمَن كَانَ لَهُ وَلَلُّ أَوْ أَلْتَى السَّمْعَ وَهُوَ شَهِيدٌ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلسَّمَوَات وَ ٱلأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا في سَّتَه أَيَّام وَمَا مَسَّنَا مِن لُّغُوبِ ﴿ فَأَصْبِرْ عَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ وَسَبَّحْ بِحَمْد رَبِّكَ قَبْلَ طُلُوع ٱلشَّمْس وَقَبْلَ ٱلْغُرُوب ﴿ وَمَنَ أَلَّيْلِ فَسَبَّحُهُ وَأَدْبُرَ ٱلسُّجُودِ ﴿ وَأَسْتَمعْ يَوْمَ يُنَاد ٱلْمُنَاد من مَّكَان قَر يب ﴿ يُومَ يَسْمَعُونَ ٱلصَّيْحَةَ بِٱلْحَقَّ ذَالِكَ يَوْمُ الْخُرُوجِ ﴿ إِنَّا أَغُنُّ نُحْى م وَنُميتُ

- 32. (And it is said): This is that which ye were promised. (It is) for every penitent and heedful one,
- 33. Who feareth the Beneficent in secret and cometh with a contrite heart.
 - 34. Enter it in peace. This is the day of immortality.
- 35. There they have all that they desire, and there is more with Us.
- 36. And how many a generation We destroyed before them, who were mightier than these in prowess so that they overran the lands! Had they any place of refuge (when the judgment came)?
- 37. Lo! therein verily is a reminder for him who hath a heart, or giveth ear with full intelligence.
- 38. And verily We created the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, in six Days, and naught of weariness touched Us.
- 39. Therefor (O Muhammad) bear with what they say, and hymn the praise of thy Lord before the rising and before the setting of the sun;
- 40. And in the night-time hymn His praise, and after the (prescribed) prostrations.
- 41. And listen on the day when the crier crieth from a near place,
- 42. The day when they will hear the (Awful) Cry in truth. That is the day of coming forth (from the graves).
 - 43. Lo! We it is Who quicken and give death, and unto

 1 XXII, 47: XXXII, 5: LXX, 4.

وَ إِلَيْنَا ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ يَ يَوْمَ لَشَقَّقُ ٱلْأَرْضُ عَنْهُمْ سِرَاعًا ذَاكَ حَشْرُ عَلَيْنَا يَسِيرُ ﴿ مَنَ تَعْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَقُولُونَ وَمَا أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بِجَبَّارٍ فَذَكِرْ بِالْقُرْءَانِ مَن يَخَافُ وَعِيدٍ ﴿ قَ

> (٥١) مُيُوْرُقُ اللَّالِيَّاتُ مَكَيْتِ وآياهًا ٢٠ نزلتُ بعَاللَّحْقَافُ

وَالذَّارِيَّاتِ ذَرْوَا ﴿ فَا لَحْتَمِلَاتِ وِقُرَّا ﴿ فَا لِجُنَّرِيَاتِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْحَالُونِ فَا لَجُنَّرِيَاتِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْحَالُونِ فَلَا أَمَّا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

Us is the journeying.

44. On the day when the earth splitteth asunder from them, hastening forth (they come). That is a gathering easy for Uş (to make).

45. We are Best Aware of what they say, and thou (O Muhammad) art in no wise a compeller over them. But

warn by the Qur'an him who feareth My threat.

SÛRAH LI

Adb-Dhâriyât, "The Winnowing Winds," takes its name from a word in v. 1. I have followed the usual interpretation of the first four verses, but they may also be taken as all referring to winds or to angels.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE WINNOWING WINDS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By those that winnow with a winnowing
- 2. And those that bear the burden (of the rain)
- 3. And those that glide with ease (upon the sea)
- 4. And those who distribute (blessings) by command,
- 5. Lo! that wherewith ye are threatened is indeed true,
- 6. And lo! the judgment will indeed befall.

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- 7. By the heaven full of paths,
- 8. Lo! ye, forsooth, are of various opinion (concerning the truth).
- 9. He is made to turn away from it who is (himself) averse.
 - 10. Accursed be the conjecturers
 - 11. Who are careless in an abyss!

سَاهُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ يَسْتَلُونَ أَيَّانَ يَوْمُ ٱلدِّينَ ﴿ يَوْمَ هُمْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِيُفْتَنُونَ ﴿ وَهُوا فَتُنَتَّكُم مَاذَا ٱلَّذِي كُنتُم به عَ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّات وَعُيُون ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّات وَعُيُون ﴿ ءَاخذينَ مَا ءَاتَلَهُمْ رَبِهِمْ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَبْلَ ذَاكَ تُحْسنينَ ٢ كَانُواْ قَليلًا مَنَ ٱلَّيْلِ مَايَهْجَعُونَ ١ وَ بِٱلْأَسْحَارِهُمْ يَسْتَغْفُرُونَ ﴿ وَفِي أَمْوَ الْمُمْ حَقُّ لَسَّا بِل وَٱلْمَحْرُومِ ١ وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ءَايَكَ للمُوقنينَ وَفِيّ أَنفُسكُمُّ أَفَلا تُبْصرُونَ ١٠٠ وَفِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ رزَّقُكُمُ وَمَا تُوعَدُونَ ١٠ فَوَرَبَ السَّمَآءِ وَالْأَرْضِ إِنَّهُ لَحَتُّ مَثْلَ مَا أَنَّكُمْ تَنطَقُونَ ﴿ مَا أَتَنكَ حَديثُ ضَيْف إِبْرَاهِيمَ ٱلْمُكْرَمِينَ ﴿ إِذْ دَخَلُواْ عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُواْ سَلَكُمَّا قَالَ سَلَامٌ قَوْمٌ مُنكَرُونَ وَيْ فَرَاغَ إِلَى أَهْله، فَجَاء بعجل

- - 12. They ask: When is the Day of Judgment?
- 13. (It is) the day when they will be tormented at the Fire.
- 14. (And it will be said unto them): Taste your torment (which ye inflicted). This is what ye sought to hasten.
- 15. Lo! those who keep from evil will dwell amid gardens and watersprings,
- 16. Taking that which their Lord giveth them; for lo! aforetime they were doers of good;
 - 17. They used to sleep but little of the night,
- And ere the dawning of each day would seek forgiveness.
- 19. And in their wealth the beggar and the outcast had due share.
- 20. And in the earth are portents for those whose faith is sure,
 - 21. And (also) in yourselves. Can ye then not see?
- 22. And in the heaven is your providence and that which ye are promised;
- 23. And by the Lord of the heavens and the earth, it is the truth, even as (it is true) that ye speak.
- 24. Hath the story of Abraham's honoured guests reached thee (O Muhammad)?
- 25. When they came in unto him and said: Peace! he answered, Peace! (and thought): Folk unknown (to me).
- 26. Then he went apart unto his housefolk so that they brought a fatted calf;

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سَمِين ﴿ فَقَرَّ بَهُ ۗ إِلَيُّهُمْ قَالَ أَلَا تَأْ كُلُونَ ﴿ فَأَوْجَسَ منْهُمْ حِيفَةٌ قَالُواْ لَا تَحَفُّ وَبَشَّرُوهُ بِغُلَّم عَليم ١ فَأَقْبَلَت أَمْرَأَتُهُ فِي صَرَّة فَصَكَّتْ وَجْهَهَا وَقَالَتْ بَحُوزٌ عَقَمٌ ﴿ مَنَى قَالُواْ كَذَاكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ ۚ إِنَّهُ ۗ هُوَا لَحَكُمُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿ مَا لَا فَا خَطْبُكُمْ أَيُّهَا ٱلْمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَىٰ قَوْمُ أَجُر مِينَ ﴿ لَٰنُوسَلَ عَلَيْهُمْ حَجَارَةً مِن طِين ﴿ مُسَوَّمَةً عَندَ رَبُّكَ لَلْمُسْرِ فَينَ ﴿ مُسَارِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُسْرِ فَينَ فَأَغْرَجْنَا مَن كَانَ فِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ فَمَا وَجَدْنَا فِهَا غَيْرَ بَيْت مَّنَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ ﴿ وَتَرَكْنَا فِيهَا عَايَةٌ لَّلَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ الْعَذَابَ الْأَلْيَمَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَفِي مُوسَىٰ إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَكُ إِلَى فَرْعَوْنَ بِسُلْطَن مُّبِين رَبِّي فَنَوَ لَّى بِرُكْنه، وَقَالَ سَلحُّرُ أَوْجَنُونَ ٢ فَأَخَذَنَهُ وَجُنُودَهُ فَنَبَذَنَهُمْ فِي الْيَمْ وَهُو يَ

- 28. Then he conceived a fear of them. They said: Fear not! and gave him tidings of (the birth of) a wise son.
- 29. Then his wife came forward, making moan, and smote her face, and cried: A barren old woman!
- 30. They said: Even so saith thy Lord. Lo! He is the Wise, the Knower.
- 31. (Abraham) said: And (afterward) what is your errand, O ye sent (from Allah)?
 - 32. They said: Lo! we are sent unto a guilty folk,
 - 33. That we may send upon them stones of clay,
- 34. Marked by thy Lord for (the destruction of) the wanton.
 - 35. Then we brought forth such believers as were there.
- 36. But We found there but one house of those surrendered¹ (to Allah).
- 37. And We left behind therein a portent for those who fear a painful doom.
- 38. And in Moses (too, there is a portent) when We sent him unto Pharaoh with clear warrant,
- 39. But he withdrew (confiding) in his might, and said: A wizard or a madman.
- 40. So We seized him and his hosts and flung them in the sea, for he was reprobate.

1 Az. Muslimin.

مُليُّم ﴿ وَفَ عَاد إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُ مُ الرِّيحَ ٱلْعَقيمَ ﴿ مَا تَذَرُ مِن شَيْءٍ أَتَتْ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا جَعَلَتْهُ كَالرَّمِي ﴿ وَفِي تَمُودَ إِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَمَنَّعُواْ حَتَّى حِين ﴿ عَنَّى الْمُعْتَوَّا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهُمْ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الصَّنعَقَةُ وَهُمْ يَنظُرُونَ ﴿ لَي اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّ ٱسْتَطَعُواْ مِن قِيَام وَمَا كَانُواْ مُنتَصرينَ ١٠٠ وَقَوْمَ نُوح مَن قَبْلُ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قُومًا فَلسقينَ ﴿ وَالسَّمَا ءَ بَنَيْنَاهَا بأيند وَ إِنَّا لَمُوسِعُونَ ﴿ وَٱلْأَرْضَ فَرَشَّنَهَا فَنعْمَ ٱلْمَلْهِ دُونَ ﴿ وَمِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَا زَوْجَيْنِ لَعَلَّكُمْ مَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿ فَفُرُوا إِلَى اللهِ إِنَّى لَكُم مَّنَّهُ نَذيرٌ مُّبينٌ ﴿ وَلَا يَجْعَلُواْ مَعَ اللهِ إِلَاهًا ءَائَرَ ۚ إِنِّي لَـٰكُمْ مِّنْهُ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ كَذَاكَ مَا أَتِّى الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلهم مِّن رَّسُول إِلَّا قَالُواْ سَاحُّهُ أَوْ يَجْنُونُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَتَوَاصَوْا بِهُ عَ بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ ﴿ ﴿

- 41. And in (the tribe of) A'âd (there is a portent) when We sent the fatal wind against them.
- 42. It spared naught that it reached, but made it (all) as dust.
- 43. And in (the tribe of) Thamûd (there is a portent) when it was told them: Take your ease awhile.
- 44. But they rebelled against their Lord's decree, and so the thunderbolt overtook them even while they gazed;
- 45. And they were unable to rise up, nor could they help themselves.
- 46. And the folk of Noah aforetime. Lo! they were licentious folk.
- 47. We have built the heaven with might, and We it is Who make the vast extent (thereof).
- 48. And the earth have We laid out, how gracious is the Spreader (thereof)!
- 49. And all things We have created by pairs, that haply ye may reflect.
- 50. Therefor flee unto Allah; lo! I^1 am a plain warner unto you from Him.
- 51. And set not any other god along with Allah; lo! I am a plain warner unto you from Him.
- 52. Even so there came no messenger unto those before them but they said: A wizard or a madman!
- 53. Have they handed down (the saying) as an heirloom one unto another? Nay, but they are froward folk.

¹ The revealing angel, it would appear.

فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ فَكَ أَنتَ بِمَلُومٍ ﴿ وَذَكِّ وَالْإِنسَ إِلَّا تَنفَعُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقْتُ الْجِئْ وَالْإِنسَ إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُونِ ﴿ مَا أَرِيدُ مَنْهُم مِن رِّزْقَ وَمَا أَرِيدُ أَن لَيْعَبُدُونِ ﴿ مَا اللَّهَ هُو الرَّزَّاقُ ذُو الْفُوَّةِ الْمَتِينُ ﴿ فَي يَطْعِمُونِ ﴿ وَهِ إِنَّ اللهَ هُو الرَّزَّاقُ ذُو الْفُوَّةِ الْمَتِينُ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّاللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الل

(٥٢) سُؤرقِ الطوّرِ مَكيَّة وآياهنا ٤٩ نزلِت بَعَالَالسّجَالِعَا

بِنْ أَلِّحِيهِ

وَٱلطُّورِ ١٥ وَكِتَكِ مَّسْطُورِ ١٥ فِي رَقِّ مَنشُورٍ ١

54. So withdraw from them (O Muhammad), for thou

art in no wise blameworthy,

55. And warn, for warning profiteth believers.

56. I created the jinn and humankind only that they might worship Me.

57. I seek no livelihood from them, nor do I ask that

they should feed Me.

58. Lo! Allah! He it is that giveth livelihood, the Lord

of unbreakable might.

59. And lo! for those who (now) do wrong there is an evil day like unto the evil day (which came for) their likes (of old); so let them not ask Me to hasten on (that day).

60. And woe unto those who disbelieve, from (that) their

day which they are promised.

SCRAH LII

At-Tûr, "The Mount," takes its name from the opening verse.
An early Meccan sûrah.

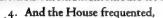
THE MOUNT

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By the Mount,
- 2. And a Scripture inscribed
- 3. On fine parchment unrolled,

وَالْبَيْتَ الْمَعْمُورِ ﴿ وَالسَّقْفَ الْمَرَّفُوعِ ﴿ وَالْبَحْرِ ٱلْمَسْجُورِ ﴿ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ لَوَاقِعٌ ﴿ مَّا لَهُ مِن دَافِع ٢٠ يَوْمَ مَّمُورُ ٱلسَّمَاءُ مَوْرًا ١٠ وَتَسْيرُ الْجِبَالُ سَيْراً ﴿ مَنْ فَوَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِـ ذَلَّلُمُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ ٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ فِي خَوْض يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿ يَوْمَ يُدَعُونَ إِلَىٰ نَارِجَهَنَّمَ دَعًّا ﴿ إِلَّىٰ نَارِجَهَنَّمَ دَعًّا ﴿ هَلنه النَّارُ الَّتِي كُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذَّبُونَ ١٠٠ أَفَسْحُرُّ هَلْذَا أَمَّ أَنُّمُ لَا تُبْصُرُ ونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اصْلَوْهَا فَأَصْـبِرُ وَأَ أُوْلَا تَصْبِرُ وَأَ سَوَآةً عَلَيْكُمْ إِنَّكَ تُجْزَوْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ١٠ إِنَّا ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ في جَنَّات وَنَعِيم ١٠٠٠ فَكَلَهِينَ بَمَا ءَاتَلَهُمُ رَبُّهُمْ وَوَقَائُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلْحَحيمِ ١٠٠٥ كُلُواْ وَٱشْرَبُواْ هَنيَنَا بَمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ مُنَّاكِعِينَ عَلَى سُرُر مَّصْفُوفَةٌ وَزَوَّ جُنَاهُم بُحُور عِين ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَاتَّبَعَتْهُمْ



- 5. And the roof exalted,
- 6. And the sea kept filled,
- 7. Lo! the doom of thy Lord will surely come to pass;
- 8. There is none that can ward it off.
- 9. On the day when the heaven will heave with (awful) heaving,
- 10. And the mountains move away with (awful) movement,
 - 11. Then woe that day unto the deniers
 - 12. Who play in talk of grave matters;
- 13. The day when they are thrust with a (disdainful) thrust, into the fire of hell
- 14. (And it is said unto them): This is the Fire which ye were wont to deny.
 - 15. Is this magic, or do ye not see?
- 16. Endure the heat thereof, and whether ye are patient of it or impatient of it is all one for you. Ye are only being paid for what ye used to do.
- 17. Lo! those who kept their duty dwell in gardens and delight,
- 18. Happy because of what their Lord hath given them, and (because) their Lord hath warded off from them the torment of hell-fire.
- 19. (And it is said unto them): Eat and drink in health (as a reward) for what ye used to do,
- 20. Reclining on ranged couches. And We wed them unto fair ones with wide, lovely eyes.
 - 21. And they who believe and whose seed follow them

ذُرِيَّتُهُم بِإِ عَن أَلْحَقْنَا بِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتُهُمْ وَمَآ أَلَتْنَاهُم مَّنْ عَمَلهم مِّن شَيْءٍ كُلُّ أَمْرِي بِمَا كَسَبَ رَهِينٌ ١٠٠٠ وَأَمْدَدْنَهُم بِفَكَهَة وَلَحْد مَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ﴿ يَتَنَازَعُونَ فيهَا كَأْسًا لَّا لَغُوْ فيهَا وَلَا تَأْنُيُّ ١ عْلَمَانٌ مُّدُم كَأَنَّهُم لُؤُلُو مُكُنُونٌ ﴿ وَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْض يَنَسَآءَلُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ إِنَّا كُنَّا قَبْلُ فَيَ أَهْلَنَا مُشْفقينَ ﴿ فَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا وَوَقَلْنَا عَذَابَ السَّمُوم ﴿ مَنْ إِنَّا كُنَّا مِن قَبْلُ نَدُّعُوهُ إِنَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْبَرُّ ٱلرَّحِمُ ١٠ فَلَ كُرَّ فَىَ أَنْتَ بِنَعْمَتَ رَبِّكَ بِكَاهِنِ وَلَا يَجْنُونِ ﴿ أَمُّ يَقُولُونَ شَاعَرٌ نَّتَرَبَّصُ به ع رَيْبَ الْمَنُون رَبِي قُلْ رَيُّهُ مِنْ أَلَّهُ مُعَكُّمُ مِنْ ٱلْمُرْبَصِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ تَأْمُرُهُمْ مُ أَحْلَنْهُمْ بَهِنَذَا أَمْ هُمْمَ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ ٢٠٠٠ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ



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in faith, We cause their seed to join them (there), and We deprive them of nought of their (life's) work. Every man is a pledge for that which he hath earned.

- 22. And We provide them with fruit and meat such as they desire.
- 23. There they pass from hand to hand a cup wherein is neither vanity nor cause of sin.
- 24. And there go round, waiting on them menservants of their own, as they were hidden pearls.
 - 25. And some of them draw near unto others, questioning,
- 26. Saying: Lo! of old, when we were with our families, we were ever anxious;
- 27. But Allah hath been gracious unto us and hath preserved us from the torment of the breath of Fire.
- 28. Lo! we used to pray unto Him of old. Lo! He is the Benign, the Merciful.
- 29. Therefor warn (men, O Muhammad). By the grace of Allah thou art neither soothsayer nor madman.
- 30. Or say they: (he is) a poet, (one) for whom we may expect the accident of time?
- 31. Say (unto them): Expect (your fill)! Lo! I am with you among the expectant.
- 32. Do their minds command them to do this, or are they an outrageous folk?

تَقَوَّلُهُ بَلِ لَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ فَالْمَا أَنُواْ بَحَديث مَثْلَه } إِن كَانُواْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُمْ خُلُقُواْ مِنْ غَيْرِ شَيْءٍ أَمْ هُمُ اَخْلَلْقُونَ ١ مُ مَلَقُواْ السَّمَلَوَات وَالْأَرْضَ بَل لَّا يُوقِنُونَ ٢ أَمْ عندَهُمْ خَزَايَنُ رَبُّكَ أَمْ هُمُ ٱلْمُصَيْطُرُونَ ١ مَ مَا مُمَّمُ سُلَّمٌ يَسْتَمعُونَ فَيه فَلْيَأْت مُسْتَمِعُهُم بِسُلْطَان مُّبِين ﴿ أُمُّ لَهُ ٱلْبَنَاتُ وَلَكُمُ ٱلْبَنُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أُمِّ تَسْتُلُهُم أَجِرُ أَفَهُم مَن مَّغْرَمَ مُثْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْبَيْ أَمْ عِندَهُمُ الْغَيْبُ فَهُمْ يَكُنُبُونَ ١٠٠ أَمْ يُرِيدُونَ كَيْدُا فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ هُمُ ٱلْمَكِيدُونَ ﴿ أَمُّ هُمُمْ إِلَّهُ غَيْرُ ٱللهُ سُبْحَنَ الله عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ وَإِن يَرَوْا كُسْفًا مَّنَ السَّمَاءِ سَاقَطَا يَقُولُواْ سَحَابٌ مَّرْكُومٌ إِنِّي فَذَرْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ يُلَاقُواْ يَوْمَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي فيه يُصْعَقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ يَوْمَ لَا يُغْنِي عَنَّهُمْ



- 33. Or say they: He hath invented it? Nay, but they will not believe!
- 34. Then let them produce speech the like thereof, if they are truthful.
- 35. Or were they created out of naught? Or are they the creators?
- 36. Or did they create the heavens and the earth? Nay, but they are sure of nothing!
- 37. Or do they own the treasures of thy Lord? Or have they been given charge (thereof)?
- 38. Or have they any stairway (unto heaven) by means of which they overhear (decrees). Then let their listener produce some warrant manifest!
 - 39. Or hath He daughters whereas ye have sons?
- 40. Or askest thou (Muhammad) a fee from them so that they are plunged in debt?
- 41. Or possess they the Unseen so that they can write (it) down?
- 42. Or seek they to ensnare (the messenger)? But those who disbelieve, they are the ensnared!
- 43. Or have they any god beside Allah? Glorified be Allah from all that they ascribe as partner (unto Him)!
- 44. And if they were to see a fragment of the heaven falling, they would say: A heap of clouds.
- 45. Then let them be (O Muhammad), till they meet their day, in which they will be thunder-stricken,
 - 46. A day in which their guile will naught avail them,

كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْعًا وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ﴿ وَ إِنَّ اللَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ عَذَابًا دُونَ ذَاكِ وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاصْبِرْ عَلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاصْبِرْ عَلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاصْبِرْ عَلَمُ مَا لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاصْبِرْ عَلَمُ مَا لَا يَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ وَاصْبِرْ عَلَمُ مَا لَا يَعْلَمُ وَالْمَا اللَّهُ عَلَمُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ مَا اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّا

(٣٥) سُوْرَقُوالنَّاجِمْ مِكْتِيَّةِ الاآبِ: ٢٢ مُدْسَبَّة وآيامَـٰنُا ١٢ مُزلِت بعَـٰدَاللاخلاصَ

ين أِللهُ الرَّمْدِ الرَّحِيمِ

وَالنَّجْمِ إِذَا هَوَىٰ ﴿ مَاضَلَّ صَاحِبُكُمْ وَمَا غَوَىٰ ﴿ ثَا اللَّهُمِ إِنَّا هُوَ إِلَّا وَحَىٰ أَوَ مَا عَوَىٰ ﴿ وَمَا يَنْ هُوَ إِلَّا وَحَىٰ أَوْمَ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْمُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُلِمُ اللْمُولِمُ اللَّهُ مُلِمُ مُلْمُ مُلِمُ اللَّهُ مُلِمُ مُلِمُ اللْمُولِمُ اللْمُولِمُ اللَّهُ مُلِمُ مُلْمُ اللَّهُ مُلِمُ مُلِمُ مُلِمُ اللَّا مُولِمُ اللَّ اللَّهُ مُلْمُولُ مُلْمُ مُولِمُ اللَّا مُولِمُ مُلِمُ مُ اللْمُولِمُ اللَّال

47. And verily, for those who do wrong, there is a punishment beyond that. But most of them know not.

48. So wait patiently (O Muhammad) for thy Lord's decree, for surely thou art in Our sight; and hymn the praise of thy Lord when thou uprisest,

49. And in the night-time also hymn His praise, and at

the setting of the stars.

SÛRAH LIII

An-Najm, "The Star," takes its name from a word in the first verse.
An early Meccan sûrah.

THESTAR

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By the Star when it setteth,
- 2. Your comrade erreth not, nor is deceived;
- 3. Nor doth he speak of (his own) desire.
- 4. It is naught save an inspiration that is inspired,
- 5. Which one of mighty powers hath taught him,
- 6. One vigorous; and he grew clear to view¹
 7. When he was on the uppermost horizon.
- 8. Then he drew nigh and came down
- ¹ This and the five following verses are generally accepted as referring to the Propher's vision on Mt. Hira.

قَوْسَيْنَ أَوْ أَدْنَىٰ ﴿ فَأُوْحَىٰ إِلَىٰ عَبْده ـ مَمَّا أَوْحَىٰ ﴿ مَا كَذَبَ الْفُوَادُ مَارَأَى ١٠ أَفَتُهُ الْمُتَمِدُونَهُ عَلَى مَا يَرَى ١٠ وَلَقَدْ رَءَاهُ زُلَّةً أَخْرَىٰ ﴿ عَنْدَ سَدْرَةَ ٱلْمُنْتَهَىٰ ﴿ عندَهَا جَنَّهُ ٱلْمَأْوَيَّ (مِّنَّ) إِذْ يَغْشَى ٱلسَّدْرَةَ مَا يَغْشَيٰ ١ مَا زَاعَ الْبَصَرُ وَمَا طَغَي ١٠٠ لَقَدْ رَأَى منْ عَايَلت رَبِّه ٱلْكُبْرَىٰ ١ ﴿ أَفَرَءَيْتُمُ اللَّنتَ وَالْعُزَّىٰ ١ وَمَنَوْةَ التَّالِثَةَ ٱلْأُخْرَىٰ ﴿ أَلَكُمُ ٱلذَّكُرُ وَلَهُ ٱلْأُنْفَى ﴿ ثِنَ تَلْكَ إِذًا تَسْمَةٌ صَيْرَى ﴿ إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا أَشَمَا ۚ عُسَّيْنُمُوهَا أَنْتُمْ وَءَابَا وُكُمُ مَّا أَزَلَ اللهُ بِهَا مِن سُلْطَين فِي إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَمَا تَهْـوَى ٱلَّأَنفُسُّ وَلَقَـدٌ جَآءَهُم مّر. رَّبُّمُ الْخُدَىٰ ﴿ أَمْ لِلْإِنْسَانِ مَا تَمَنَّىٰ ﴿ فَلَهُ ٱلْآنَرَةُ وَٱلْأُولَىٰ رَثِّي * وَكُمْ مَن مَّلَكُ فِي السَّمَلَوَاتِ لَا تُغْنِي



- - 9. Till he was (distant) two bows' length or even nearer,
- 10. And He revealed unto His slave that which He revealed.
 - 11. The heart lied not (in seeing) what it saw.
- 12. Will ye then dispute with him concerning what he seeth?
 - 13. And verily he saw him yet another time?
 - 14. By the lote-tree of the utmost boundary,
 - 15. Nigh unto which is the Garden of Abode.
 - 16. When that which shroudeth did enshroud the lote-tree,
 - 17. The eye turned not aside nor yet was overbold.
- 18. Verily he saw one of the greater revelations of his Lord.
 - 19. Have ye thought upon Al-Lât2 and Al-'Uzzâ2
 - 20. And Manât,2 the third, the other?
 - 21. Are yours the males and His the females?3
 - 22. That indeed were an unfair division!
- 23. They are but names which ye have named, ye and your fathers, for which Allah hath revealed no warrant. They follow but a guess and that which (they) themselves desire. And now the guidance from their Lord hath come unto them.
 - 24. Or shall man have what he coveteth?
- 25. But unto Allah belongeth the after (life), and the former.
 - 26. And how many angels are in the heavens whose
- ¹ This is generally accepted as a reference to the Prophet's vision in which he ascended through the seven heavens.
 - * An idol of the pagan Arabs.
 - 3 The pagan Arabs pretended that their idols were daughters of Allah.

شَفَعَتُهُمْ شَيْعًا إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْد أَنْ يَأْذَنَ اللهُ لَمَن يَشَاعَ وَيَرْضَيْ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَة لَيُسَمُّونَ ٱلْمَلَنَكِكَةَ تَسْمِيةَ ٱلْأُنْيَى ﴿ وَمَا لَمُهُم به ، منْ علْم إِنْ يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّلَّ وَ إِنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنَى مَنَ الْحَـتَّ شَيْعًا ﴿ فَأَعْرِضْ عَن مَّن تَوَلَّىٰ عَن ذَكُرْنَا وَلَمْ يُردُ إِلَّا ٱلْحَيَاوَةَ ٱلدُّنْيَ ﴿ فَالَّ مَبْلَغُهُم مَنَ ٱلْعَلَّمَ إِنَّ الْعَلَّمَ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بَمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبيله، وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بَمَن المُتَدَى ﴿ وَاللهُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ليَجْزِىَ الَّذِينَ أَسَتَعُواْ بِمَا عَمِلُواْ وَيَجْزِىَ الَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُواْ بِٱلْحُسْنَى ٢ الَّذِينَ يَجْتَنبُونَ كَبَتبِرَ ٱلْإِثْمُ وَٱلْفَوَاحشَ إِلَّا ٱللَّمَمُّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسعُ ٱلْمَغْفَرَةُ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِكُرْ إِذْ أَنْسَأَكُمُ مِّنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَإِذْ أَنْتُمْ أَجَّنَّةٌ في بُطُون أَمَّهَ لَنكُرَّ

intercession availeth naught save after Allah giveth leave to whom He chooseth and accepteth!

- 27. Lo! it is those who disbelieve in the Hereafter who name the angels with the names of females.
- 28. And they have no knowledge thereof. They follow but a guess, and lo! a guess can never take the place of the truth.
- 29. Then withdraw (O Muhammad) from him who fleeth from Our remembrance and desireth but the life of the world.
- 30. Such is their sum of knowledge. Lo! thy Lord is Best Aware of him who strayeth, and He is Best Aware of him who goeth right.
- 31. And unto Allah belongeth whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth, that He may reward those who do evil with that which they have done, and reward those who do good with goodness.
- 32. Those who avoid enormities of sin and abominations, save the unwilled offences—(for them) lo! thy Lord is of vast mercy. He is Best Aware of you (from the time) when He created you from the earth, and when ye were hidden in the

فَلَا ثُرَّ كُوّاْ أَنْفُسَكُمُّ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بَمَن اتَّقَيْ رَبُّي أَفَرَءَيْتَ ٱلَّذِي تَوَلَّىٰ ﴿ وَأَعْطَىٰ قَلِيلًا وَأَكْدَىٰ ﴿ إِنَّ الْحَدَاهُ مِعْلُمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ فَهُو يَرَيْ نَ إِنَّ أَمْ لَوْ يَنْبَأْ مَا في صُحف مُوسَى ١٠ وَ إِبْرَاهِمَ الَّذِي وَفَق ١٠ أَلَّا تَزرُ وَ از رَهٌ و زُرَأُنْرَى ١٠ وَأَن لَّيْسَ للَّإِنْسَن إِلَّا مَاسَعَىٰ ﴿ وَأَنْ سَعْيَهُ مِ سَوْفَ يُرَىٰ ﴿ مُمَّ يُجْزَّنُهُ الْحُزَاءَ الْأُوْفَىٰ ﴿ وَأَنَّ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ المنتهي عن وأنه هو أحدك وأبكى عن وأنه هو أمات وَأَحْبَ إِنَّ وَأَنَّهُ خَلَقَ الزَّوْجَ بِنَ الذِّكَرَ وَالْأُنفَى ٢ مِن نُطْفَة إِذَا تُمنَّنِي ﴿ وَأَنَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلنَّشَأَةَ ٱلْأُنْرَىٰ ﴿ إِنَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلنَّشَأَةَ ٱلْأُنْرَىٰ وَأَنَّهُ مُواَغْنَى وَأَقْنَى ﴿ وَأَنَّهُ مُو رَبُّ الشَّعْرَىٰ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ مُو رَبُّ الشَّعْرَىٰ وَأَنَّهُ إِنَّهُ اللَّهُ عَادًا ٱلْأُولَىٰ ﴿ وَنَكُودَاْ لَكَ أَبْقَىٰ ﴿ وَقَوْمَ نُوحِ مِن قَبِلُ إِنَّهُ مِكَانُواْ هُمْ أَظْلَمَ وَأَطْغَى ١

bellies of your mothers. Therefor ascribe not purity unto yourselves. He is Best Aware of him who wardeth off (evil).

33. Didst thou (O Muhammad) observe him who turned

away,

34. And gave a little, then was grudging?

35. Hath he knowledge of the Unseen so that he seeth?

- 36. Or hath he not had news of what is in the books of Moses
 - 37. And Abraham who paid his debt:

38. That no laden one shall bear another's load,

39. And that man hath only that for which he maketh effort,

40. And that his effort will be seen,

41. And afterward he will be repaid for it with fullest payment;

42. And that thy Lord, He is the goal;

43. And that He it is Who maketh laugh, and maketh weep,

44. And that He it is Who giveth death and giveth life;

45. And that He createth the two spouses, the male and the female,

46. From a drop (of seed) when it is poured forth;

- 47. And that He hath ordained the second bringing forth;
 - 48. And that He it is Who enricheth and contenteth;

49. And that He it is Who is the Lord of Sirius;

50. And that He destroyed the former (tribe of) A'âd,1

51. And (the tribe of) Thamûd He spared not;

52. And the folk of Noah aforetime, lo! they were more unjust and more rebellious;

¹ There was still in existence a tribe of that name.

(a)

D. W. F.

وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَةَ أَهْوَىٰ ﴿ فَغَشَّلْهَا مَاغَشَّىٰ ﴿ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

(٥٤) شُوْرَةُ الْقَسِّمُ مِكْثِينَ إلا الآيات ؛ وه؛ وه؛ ود؛ قدينة وآياتهنا ٥٠ نزلت بعّل الطارف

ٱفْتَرَبَتِ السَّاعَةُ وَانشَقَ الْقَمَرُ ﴿ وَ إِن َ رَوْاْ َالِهَ يُعْرِضُواْ وَيَعْوَاْ أَعْوَا الْمَوَا الْمُواْ وَيَعْوَا أَعْوَا الْمُواْ وَيَعْوَا أَعْوَا الْمُوَا وَيَعْفِواْ وَالْبَعُواْ أَهْوَا يَعْمُ

- 53. And Al-Mu'tafikah¹ He destroyed
- 54. So that there covered them that which did cover.
- 55. Concerning which then, of the bounties of thy Lord, canst thou dispute?
 - 56. This is a warner of the warners of old.
 - 57. The threatened Hour is nigh.
 - 58. None beside Allah can disclose it.
 - 59. Marvel ye then at this statement,
 - 60. And laugh and not weep,
 - 61. While ye amuse yourselves?
- 62. Rather prostrate yourselves before Allah and serve Him.

SÛRAH LIV

Al-Qamar, "The Moon," takes its name from the first verse: "The hour drew nigh and the moon was rent in twain." A strange appearance of the moon in the sky, as if it had been torn asunder, is recorded in the traditions of several Companions of the Prophet as having astonished the people of Mecca about the time when the idolaters were beginning to persecute the Muslims.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE MOON

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. The hour drew nigh and the moon was rent in twain.
- 2. And if they behold a portent they turn away and say: Prolonged illusion.
 - 3. They denied (the Truth) and followed their own lusts.
 - ¹ Generally supposed to be a name for the villages of the people of Lot.

وَكُلُّ أَمْرٍ مُّسْنَقَرٌّ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَهُم مِّنَ الْأَنْبَآءِ مَا فيه مُزْدَجَرُ ١ حَكْمَةُ أَبَلَغَةٌ فَكَا تُغْنِ ٱلنُّذُرُ ١ فَتَوَلَّ عَنَّهُمَّ يَوْمَ يَدْعُ الدَّاعِ إِلَىٰ شَيْءِ نُكُر ﴿ خُشَّعًا أَجْدَرُ مُوْدِرُ مِوْدُ مِنْ مَنَ الْأَجْدَاثُ كَأَنَّهُمْ جَرَادٌ مُنْتَشَّرُ ٢ مُّهُ طعينَ إِلَى ٱلدَّاعِ يَقُولُ ٱلْكَنفرُونَ هَلذَا يَوْمُّ عَسرٌ ﴿ ٢ * كَذَّ بَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ فَكَذَّبُواْ عَبْدَنَا وَقَالُواْ مَجْنُونٌ وَآزْدُبِرَ ﴿ فَانَعَا رَبَّهُۥ أَنِّي مَغْلُوبٌ فَٱنْتَصَرَّ ﴿ فَفَتَحْنَا أَبْوَابَ السَّمَاءِ بَمَاءِ مُنْهَمر ١ وَفَجَّرْنَا ٱلأَرْضَ عُيُونَا فَالْتَقِي الْمَاءُ عَلَيَّ أَمْ قَدْ قُدرَ ﴿ وَهِ وَحَمْلُنَّهُ عَلَى ذَات أَلْوَاحِ وَدُسُرِ ﴿ مَنْ تَجْرِى بِأَعْبُنِنَا جَزَآ ﴾ لَمَن كَانَ كُهْرَ إِنَّ وَلَقَد تَرَكَنَنْهَا ءَايَةً فَهَلْ مِن مُّدَّكُو ١ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر رَبِّي وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ





Yet everything will come to a decision

- 4. And surely there hath come unto them news whereof the purport should deter,
 - 5. Effective wisdom; but warnings avail not.
- 6. So withdraw from them (O Muhammad) on the day when the Summoner summoneth unto a painful thing.
- 7. With downcast eyes, they come forth from the graves as they were locusts spread abroad,
- 8. Hastening toward the Summoner; the disbelievers say: This is a hard day.
- The folk of Noah denied before them, yea, they denied Our slave¹ and said: A madman; and he was repulsed.
- 10. So he cried unto his Lord, saying: I am vanquished, so give help.
- 11. Then opened We the gates of heaven with pouring water
- 12. And caused the earth to gush forth springs, so that the waters met for a predestined purpose.
- 13. And We carried him upon a thing of planks and nails.
- 14. That ran (upon the waters) in Our sight, as a reward for him who was rejected.
- 15. And verily We left it as a token; but is there any that remembereth?
- 16. Then see how (dreadful) was My punishment after My warnings!
 - 17. And in truth We have made the Qur'an easy to

¹ To be 'abd Allâb, "a slave of God," is the proudest rank the Muslim can claim, bondage to Allah implying liberation from all other servitudes. All especially devoted men, all the chosen ones, are called slaves of Allah in the Qur'ân.

للذَّكُرُ فَهَلْ من مُّدَّكُر ﴿ كُنَّ كَاذَّ مَادُّ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر رَبِّي إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ رِيحًا صَرْصَرًا في يَوْم تَحْس مُسْتَمِر ﴿ يَكُن كُن النَّاسَ كَأَنَّهُمْ أَعْمَازُ نَخْل مُنقَعر ﴿ مَن مَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر ﴿ وَ وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ للذَّحْر فَهَلْ من مُّدَّكر ١٠ كُذَّبَتْ تَمُودُ بَالنَّذُر ١٠ فَقَالُواْ أَبْشَرَا مَنَّا وَاحِدًا نَّتَّبِعُهُ إِنَّا إِذَا لَني ضَلَال وَسُعُر ﴿ أَءُلْنَى الذَّكْرُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ بَيْدُنَا بَلْ هُوَ كَنَّابُ أَشْرٌ ٢٠ سَيَعْلَمُونَ غَدًا مِّن ٱلْكَذَّابُ ٱلْأَشْرُ ١ إِنَّا مُرْسلُوا ٱلنَّاقَة فتْنَةَ لَّمُ مَّ فَأَرْ نَقَبُّمْ وَأَصْطَبرُ ١ وَنَبَهُمْ أَنَّ الْمَاءَ قَسْمَهُ بَيْنَهُمْ كُلُّ شُرْبٍ غُنْتَضَّرٌ ١ فَنَادَوْاْ صَاحَبَهُمْ فَتَعَاطَى فَعَقَرَ ﴿ فَيَ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَانِي وَنُذُر رَبِّي إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ صَيْحَةٌ وَ حَدَّةً فَكَانُواْ كَهَشِم

remember;1 but is there any that remembereth?

PART XXVII

- 18. (The tribe of) A'ad rejected warnings. Then how (dreadful) was My punishment after My warnings.
- 19. Lo! We let loose on them a raging wind on a day of constant calamity,
- 20. Sweeping men away as though they were uprooted trunks of palm-trees.
- 21. Then see how (dreadful) was My punishment after My warnings!
- 22. And in truth We have made the Qur'an easy to remember; but is there any that remembereth?
 - 23. (The tribe of) Thamûd rejected warnings
- 24. For they said; Is it a mortal man, alone among us, that we are to follow? Then indeed we should fall into error and madness.
- 25. Hath the remembrance been given unto him alone among us? Nay, but he is a rash liar.
- 26. (Unto their warner it was said): To-morrow they will know who is the rash liar.
- 27. Lo! We are sending the she-camel as a test for them; so watch them and have patience;
- 28. And inform them that the water is to be shared between (her and) them. Every drinking will be witnessed.
- 29. But they called their comrade and he took and hamstrung (her).
- 30. Then see how (dreadful) was My punishment after My warnings!
- 31. Lo! We sent upon them one Shout, and they became as the dry twigs (rejected by) the builder of a cattle-fold.
- ¹ It is a fact that the Qur'an is marvellously easy for believers to commit to memory. Thousands of people in the East know the whole Book by heart. The translator, who finds great difficulty in remembering well-known English quotations accurately, can remember page after page of the Qur'an in Arabic with perfect accuracy.

ٱلْمُحْتَظِر ﴿ وَلَقَـدُ يَسَّرُنَا ٱلْقُرَّءَانَ للذَّكْرِ فَهَلُ من مُّدَّ كُوشٍ كُمَّ بَتْ قَوْمُ لُوط بِٱلنَّذُر ﴿ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ حَاصِبًا إِلَّا ءَالَ لُوطَّ تَّجَّيْنَكُم بِسَحْرِ ﴿ اللَّهِ نَعْمَةً مِّنْ عندناً كَذَاكَ نَجْزى مَن شَكَرَ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَلَقَدْ أَنذَرَهُم بَطْشَتَنَا فَتَمَارَ وَاْ بِالنَّذُر ﴿ وَلَقَدْ رَاوَدُوهُ عَن ضَيْفه ، فَطَمَسْنَا أَعْيِنُهُمْ فَذُوقُواْ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر رَ وَالْقَدْ صَبَّحَهُم بُكْرَةً عَذَابٌ مُسْتَقَرُّ ﴿ فَي فَذُوقُواْ عَذَابِي وَنُذُر ﴿ وَ وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ للذَّكْرِ فَهَلْ من مُّدَّكر ﴿ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَ ءَالَ فْرَعُونَ ٱلنَّذُرُ إِنَّ كُذَّاهُ إِنَّا يَنتَاكُلُهَا فَأَخَذُنَاهُمْ أَغَدَ عَرِيز مُقْنَدر ﴿ أَكُفَّارُكُمْ خَيْرٌ مَنْ أُولَتَهِكُمْ أَمْ لَكُمُ بِرَاءَةٌ فِي الزُّبُرِ ﴿ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ يَعَنُّ جَمِيعٌ مُنتَصرٌ ﴿ سَيْهِزُمُ ٱلْجَمْعُ وَيُولُونَ ٱلدُّبرِ ﴿ مِنْ بَلِ ٱلسَّاعَةُ مَوْعَدُهُمْ

- 32. And in truth We have made the Qur'an easy to remember; but is there any that remembereth?
 - 33. The folk of Lot rejected warnings.
- 34. Lo! We sent a storm of stones upon them (all) save the family of Lot, whom We rescued in the last watch of the night,
- 35. As grace from Us. Thus We reward him who giveth thanks.
- 36. And he indeed had warned them of Our blow, but they did doubt the warnings.
- 37. They even asked of him his guests for an ill purpose. Then We blinded their eyes (and said): Taste now My punishment after My warnings!
- And in truth the punishment decreed befell them early in the morning.
 - 39. Now taste My punishment after My warnings!
- 40. And in truth We have made the Qur'an easy to remember; but is there any that remembereth?
 - 41. And warnings came in truth unto the house of Pharaoh
- 42. Who denied Our revelations, every one. Therefore We grasped them with the grasp of the Mighty, the Powerful.
- 43. Are your disbelievers better than those, or have ye some immunity in the scriptures?
 - 44. Or say they: We are a host victorious?
 - 45. The hosts will all be routed and will turn and flee.
 - 46. Nay, but the Hour (of doom) is their appointed

SÛRAH LV

Ar-Rabmân takes its name from the first verse. In the refrain: "Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?" ye and the verb are in the dual form, and the question is generally believed to be addressed to mankind and the jinn. Some have held that vv. 46-76 refer, not to the paradise hereafter, but to the later conquests of the Muslims, the four gardens being Egypt, Syria, Mesopotamia and Persia. There may well be a double meaning.

An early Meccan sûrah.

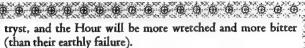
وَالسَّاعَةُ أَدْهَى وَأَمَرُ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِينَ فِي ضَلَيْلِ
وَسُعُرِ ﴿ يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُونَ فِي النَّارِ عَلَى وُجُوهِهِمْ ذُوقُواْ
مَسَّسَقَرَ ﴿ إِنَّا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَنَهُ بِقَدَر ﴿ وَ وَمَا أَمْرُنَا اللَّهِ عَلَقَنْنَهُ بِقَدَر ﴿ وَ وَمَا أَمْرُنَا اللَّهَاعَكُمْ إِلَّا وَ حِدَةٌ كَلَمْحِ بِالْبَصِر ﴿ وَوَلَقَدْ أَهْلَكُنَا أَشْيَاعَكُمْ فَهَلُوهُ فِي الزَّبُر ﴿ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَعَلُوهُ فِي الزَّبُر ﴿ وَكُلُّ مَنْ عَدِي وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَعَلُوهُ فِي الزَّبُر ﴿ وَكُلُّ مَنْ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ فِي اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَكُلُّ مَنْ عَدَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَكُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْكُ مُقَلِّوهُ فِي الزَّبُر ﴿ وَيَ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْكُ مُقَالِهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ مُقَلِّوهُ وَلَيْ الْمُتَقْفِقُ فَي مَقَعَدُونَ فِي مَقَعَدُ صِدْقِ عِنْدَ مَلِيكُ مُقَتَدِر وَقَي عَلَيْهُ مَلِيكُ مُقَتَدُونَ فِي مَقَعَدُ صِدْقِ عِنْدَ مَلِيكُ مُقَتَدُونَ فِي مَقَعَدُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ مُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ فَي مَنْ مَلّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْكُ مُقَالِدُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

(٥٠) سُوُلِوَّ الرحمُوٰمِكَتِيَّةَ وآياهَا ٧٨ نزلتْ بعّد العُل

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الْرَحْمُ وَالْحِيْمِ

ٱلرَّحْمَانُ ٢ عَلَمَ ٱلْقُرْءَانَ ١ مَ خَلَقَ ٱلْإِنسَانَ





47. Lo! the guilty are in error and madness.

- 48. On the day when they are dragged into the Fire upon their faces (it is said unto them): Feel the touch of hell.
 - 49. Lo! We have created every thing by measure.
- 50. And Our commandment is but one (commandment), as the twinkling of an eye.
- 51. And verily We have destroyed your fellows; but is there any that remembereth?
 - 52. And every thing they did is in the scriptures,
 - 53. And every small and great thing is recorded.
- 54. Lo! the righteous will dwell among gardens and rivers,
 - 55. Firmly established in the favour of a Mighty King.

THE BENEFICENT

Revealed at Mecca1

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. The Beneficent
- 2. Hath made known the Qur'an.
- 3. He hath created man.
 - 1 Also regarded in Egypt as revealed at Al-Madinah.

عَلَّمَهُ ٱلْبَيَانَ ﴿ ٱلشَّمْسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ بُحْسَبَانَ ﴿ وَالنَّجْمُ وَالشَّجُرُيْسُجُدَان ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ الميزَانَ ﴿ أَلَّا تَطْغَوَّا فِي الْمِيزَانَ ﴿ وَأَقْيِمُواْ الْوَزْنَ بِٱلْقَسْطِ وَلَا تُخْسُرُواْ الْمِيزَانَ ﴿ وَالْأَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا اللَّانَام ١٥ فيهَا فَكَهَةً وَالنَّغْلُ ذَاتُ الْأَكَّامِ ١٥ وَٱلْحَبُّ ذُو الْعَصْف وَالرَّيْحَانُ ﴿ فَبِأَى ءَالْآهِ رَبِّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ خَلَقَ ٱلْإِنْسَنَ مِن صَلْصَال كَالْفَخَّاد ﴿ وَخَلَقَ ٱلْجَاَّنَّ مِن مَّارِجٍ مِّن نَّارِ ﴿ فَيَا أَى ءَالْآهِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَان ١٠٠٥ رَبُّ ٱلْمَشْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُّ ٱلْمَغْرِبَيْنِ فَبَأَى ءَ الآء رَبُّكُمَا تُكَذِّبان ١٥ مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْن يَلْتَقِيَانَ ١٠ يَنْهُمُا بَرْزَ تُعَلِّيَهُما وَاللَّهُ عَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَالَا ١٠ رَبُّكُمْ تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ يَغْرُجُ مَنْهُمَا ٱللَّوْلُولُ وَٱلْمَرْجَانُ ﴿

- - 4. He hath taught him utterance.
 - 5. The sun and the moon are made punctual.
 - 6. The stars and the trees adore.
- 7. And the sky He hath uplifted; and He hath set the measure,
 - 8. That ye exceed not the measure,
 - 9. But observe the measure strictly, nor fall short thereof.
 - 10. And the earth hath He appointed for (His) creatures,
 - 11. Wherein are fruit and sheathed palm-trees,
 - 12. Husked grain and scented herb.
- 13. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 14. He created man of clay like the potter's,
 - 15. And the jinn did He create of smokeless fire.
- 16. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 17. Lord of the two Easts,1 and Lord of the two Wests!2
- 18. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 19. He hath loosed the two seas.3 They meet.
- 20. There is a barrier between them. They encroach not (one upon the other).
- 21. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 22. There cometh forth from both of them the pearl and coral-stone.
 - 1 The two points where the sun tises in winter and in summer.
 - 2 The two points where the sun sets in winter and in summer.
 - 8 i.e. the salt water and the sweet.

فَيَأَى ءَالَّآءِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَدَوَارِ ٱلْمُنشَعَاتُ فِي ٱلْبَحْرِكَا لَأُعْلَم ١٥ فَإِنَّى وَالْآءِ رَبُّكَمَّ تُكَذِّبَان فَيْ كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَان ١٠ وَيَنْقَىٰ وَجُهُ رَبِّكَ ذُو الْجَلَال وَ ٱلْإِكْرَامِ ١ فَبَأَى وَالآورَبِكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ١ يَسْعَلُهُ مَن في السَّمَنوَات وَالْأَرْضُ كُلِّ يَوْم هُوَفي شَأْن ﴿ فَبِأَى ءَالَّا وَبُّكُمَّا ثُكَدَّبَان ﴿ سَنَفْرُغُ لَكُوا بُّهُ الشُّقَلَان ﴿ فَبِأَى ءَالآءِرَبُكَا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ يَلْمَعْشَرَ ٱلْحِنْ وَٱلْإِنس إِن ٱسْتَطَعْتُمُ أَن تَنفُذُواْ منْ أَقْطَارِ ٱلسَّمَنَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ فَٱنفُذُوا ۚ لَا تَنفُذُونَ إِلَّا بِسُلْطَنن ﴿ فَبَأَى ءَالَّآءِ رَبُّكُما تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ يُرْسَلُ عَلَيْكُمَا شُوَّاظٌ مِّن نَّار وَنُحَاشٌ فَلَا تَنتَصَرَان ﴿ فَا فَبَأْىَ وَالْآو رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ فَإِذَا انشَقَّت السَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتُ

- 23. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 24. His are the ships displayed upon the sea, like banners.1
- 25. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 26. Everyone that is thereon will pass away;
- 27. There remaineth but the Countenance of thy Lord of Might and Glory.
- 28. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 29. All that are in the heavens and the earth entreat Him. Every day He exerciseth (universal) power.
- 30. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 31. We shall dispose of you, O ye two dependents (man and jinni).
- 32. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 33. O company of jinn and men, if ye have power to penetrate (all) regions of the heavens and the earth, then penetrate (them)! Ye will never penetrate them save with (Our) sanction.
- 34. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 35. There will be sent, against you both, heat of fire and flash of brass, and ye will not escape.
- 36. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 37. And when the heaven splitteth asunder and becometh

¹ The usual explanation of the commentators is "built into the sea like mountains."

وَرْدَةَ كَالدَّهَانِ ﴿ فَبَأَى ءَالاَّءِرَّبُّكُمَّ ثُكَذَّبَانِ ﴿ فَيَوْمَهِذَلَّا يُسْتَلُ عَن ذَنُبه ٓ إِنَّ وَلَا جَآنَّ ١ فَيَ فَبَأَى ءَا لَآءِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ يُعْرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ بِسِيمَنُهُمْ فَيُوْخَدُ بِٱلنَّوَاصِي وَٱلْأَقْدَامِ ١ فَيَ فَبَأَى ءَالَآءِرَبُّكَمَّا تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ مُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ مُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ مُونَ ﴿ مَا اللَّهُ مُونَ ﴿ مَا ال يَطُوفُونَ بَيْنَكَ وَبَيْنَ حَمِم ءَان ﴿ فَيَا فَيَأْتِي ءَالْآءِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ وَلَهُ وَلَهُنَّ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ عَجَّنَّان ﴿ فَي فَبَّأَى ءَالآءِ رَبُّكُما تُكَذِّبَان رأى فَوَاتَا أَفْنَان ١ فَبَأَى ءَالآءِ رَبُّكُمْ تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ فِيهَا عَيْنَان تَجْرِيَان ﴿ فَإِلَّى ءَا لَآءِ رَبُّكَمَّا تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ فِيهُ فَيْهُمَا مَنْ كُلِّ فَكُلَّهَةً زَّ وْجَانَ ﴿ وَ فَبَأَى ءَالَّاءِ رَبُّكَما تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ مُتَّكَ عُينَ عَلَى فُرُش بَطَآ يُهَا مِنْ إِسْتَبْرَقَ وَجَنِّي أَجْلَنَّتِنْ دَان ﴿ فَا أَنَّ الْآءِ

38. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?—

 On that day neither man nor jinni will be questioned of his sin.

40. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

41. The guilty will be known by their marks, and will be taken by the forelocks and the feet.

42. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

43. This is hell which the guilty deny.

44. They go circling round between it and fierce, boiling water.

45. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

46. But for him who feareth the standing before his Lord there are two gardens.

47. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

48. Of spreading branches.

49. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

50. Wherein are two fountains flowing

51. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

52. Wherein is every kind of fruit in pairs.

53. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?

54. Reclining upon couches lined with silk brocade, the fruit of both the gardens near to hand.

رَبُّكَمْ أَتُكَذَّبَان ﴿ فِي فَهِنَّ قَاصَرَاتُ ٱلطَّرْف لَرْ يَطْمُثُنَّ إِنْسُ قَبْلُهُمْ وَلَاجَآنٌ شِي فَبَأَى ءَالَآءِ رَبُّكَمَا تُكَذِّبَان رَبِّي كَأَنَّهُنَّ ٱلْيَاقُوتُ وَٱلْمَرْجَانُ ﴿ إِنَّ فَبَأَى ءَالَّآءِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ مَلْ جَزَّاءُ ٱلْإِحْسَن إِلَّا ٱلْإِحْسَنُ إِنَّ فَبَأَى ءَا لَآءِ رَبُّكُما تُكَذَّبَان ﴿ وَمِن دُونِهِمَا جَنَّنَان ﴿ وَمَن دُونِهِمَا جَنَّنَان ﴿ فَبَأَى ءَا لَآءِ رَبُّكُما تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ مُدْهَا مَّتَان ﴿ فَبَأَى ءَالَّآءِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ فِيهِمَا عَيْنَانَ نَضَّاخَتَانَ ﴿ فَبَأَى ءَ الآءِ رَبُّكَا نُكَذَّبَان ﴿ فِيهِمَا فَلَكُهَةٌ وَنَخُلُّ وَرُمَّانٌ ﴿ فَي فَبَأَى ءَالْآهِ رَبُّكُما تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ فَينَّ فَينَّ خَمْيَرَاتُ حَسَانٌ ﴿ فَيَا فَيَا لَا وِ رَبُّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ وَمُ حُورٌ مَّقْصُورَاتٌ في ٱلْخَيَام ﴿ فَيَا فَبَأَى ءَالْآهِ رَبُّكُمَّا تُكَدِّبَان ﴿ لَا يَظُمُّهُنَّ إِنْسٌ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَآتَ ﴿

- er. Which is it of the favours of your Lord, that we denvi
- 55. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 56. Therein are those of modest gaze, whom neither man nor jinni will have touched before them,
 - 57. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 58. (In beauty) like the jacynth and the coral-stone.
 - 59. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 60. Is the reward of goodness aught save goodness?
- 61. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 62. And beside them are two other gardens,
- 63. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 64. Dark green with foliage.
- 65. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 66. Wherein are two abundant springs.
 - 67. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 68. Wherein is fruit, the date-palm and pomegranate.
- 69. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
 - 70. Wherein (are found) the good and beautiful-
- 71. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?—
 - 72. Fair ones, close-guarded in pavilions-
- 73. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?—
- 74. Whom neither man nor jinni will have touched before them—

قَبَّايَ اَلَآءِ رَبِّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿ مُتَّكِينَ عَلَىٰ رَفْرَف خُفْرِ وَعَبْقَرِي حِسَانِ ﴿ مَا فَبَأِي عَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَّا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿ مَنَّ تَبَدَرُكَ اللهُ كُرَامِ ﴿ مَا لَكَ ذِي اَبْخُلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ ﴿ مَنَّ

> (٥٦) سِمُورِقِ الوَّاقِعَــَــَمَكَيْــُـّـَـَ الا آنَّى ١٨ و ١٨ فيدنيان واتِاقا ١٦ نزلت بعند طـــُــُــ

بِنُ إِلَّهِ الْرَحِيمِ

إِذَا وَقَعَتِ الْوَاقِعَةُ ﴿ لَيْسَ لِوَقَعَتِهَا كَاذِبَةً ﴿ خَافِضَةٌ لَا الْمَاتُ الْمَلِكَ وَاللَّهِ وَالْمَلْتِ الْمُجْبَالُ الْمَلْمَةُ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ الْمَلْمَةُ وَاللَّهُ الْمَلْمَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَا اللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَا



- 75. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?—
 - 76. Reclining on green cushions and fair carpets.
- 77. Which is it, of the favours of your Lord, that ye deny?
- 78. Blessed be the name of thy Lord, Mighty and Glorious!

SÛRAH LVI

Al-Wâgi ab, "The Event," takes its name from a word in v. 1.
An early Meccan sûrah.

THE EVENT

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. When the event befalleth-
- 2. There is no denying that it will befall-
- 3. Abasing (some), exalting (others);
- 4. When the earth is shaken with a shock
- 5. And the hills are ground to powder
- 6. So that they become a scattered dust,
- 7. And ye will be three kinds:
- 8. (First) those on the right hand; what of those on the right hand?
- 9. And (then) those on the left hand; what of those on the left hand?

ٱلسَّنبَقُونَ شِي أُوْلَتَهِكَ ٱلمُقَرَّبُونَ شِي في جَنَّنت ٱلنَّعِمِ ﴿ ثِنَّ ثُلَّةٌ مَّنَ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَقَلِيلٌ مَّنَ ٱلْآنِدِينَ ﴿ لِيَ عَلَىٰ سُرُر مَّوْضُونَة رَقِي مُّنَّكَ مِنْ عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَّبِلِينَ رَقِي يَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ ولْدَانٌ نُحَلِّدُونَ ١٠٠٤ بِأَكْوَابِ وَأَبَارِيقَ وَ كَأْسِ مَّن مَّعِين ﴿ لَا يُصَدَّعُونَ عَنَّهَا وَلَا يُنزفُونَ ﴿ وَفَكَكُهَة ثَمَّا يَتَخَيَّرُونَ شِي وَكَمْ مَطَيْرِ ثَمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ٢ وَحُورٌ عِنَّ ﴿ كَأَمْثَالِ اللَّوْلُو الْمَكْنُونِ ﴿ جَزَآءَ بُمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِهَا لَغُوا وَلَا تَأْثِيمًا ١ إِلَّا قِيلًا سَلَامًا سَلَامًا ١ وَأَضْحَنُّ ٱلْيَمِين مَا أَثْحَابُ الْيَمِين ﴿ فَي فَ سَدُّر تَخْضُود ﴿ وَطَلْح مَّنضُود ﴿ وَظُلَّ مَّمُدُود ﴿ وَمَآءٍ مَّسْكُوب ﴿ وَفَكَهَةً كَثيرَة ﴿ لَا مَقْطُوعَة وَلَا ثَمْنُوعَة ﴿ وَفُرُش

SÜRAH LVI

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- 10. And the foremost in the race, the foremost in the race:
 - 11. Those are they who will be brought nigh
 - 12. In gardens of delight;
 - 13. A multitude of those of old
 - 14. And a few of those of later time.
 - 15. On lined couches,
 - 16. Reclining therein face to face.
 - 17. There wait on them immortal youths
 - 18. With bowls and ewers and a cup from a pure spring
- Wherefrom they get no aching of the head nor any madness.
 - 20. And fruit that they prefer
 - 21. And flesh of fowls that they desire.
 - 22. And (there are) fair ones with wide, lovely eyes,
 - 23. Like unto hidden pearls,
 - 24. Reward for what they used to do.
 - 25. There hear they no vain speaking nor recrimination
 - 26. (Naught) but the saying: Peace, (and again) Peace.
- 27. And those on the right hand; what of those on the right hand?
 - 28. Among thornless lote-trees
 - 29. And clustered plantains,
 - 30. And spreading shade,
 - 31. And water gushing,
 - 32. And fruit in plenty
 - 33. Neither out of reach nor yet forbidden,

مِّرْفُوعَة ﴿ إِنَّا أَنْشَأْنَاهُنَّ إِنْسَاتًا ﴿ فَجَعَلْنَاهُنَّ أَبْكَارًا ١ إِن عُرُبًا أَزْاَباً ١ إِنَّ لَأَعْدَبِ الْيَمِينِ فِي ثُلَّةً مَّنَ الْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ وَثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ الْآخِرِينَ ﴿ وَأَصَّحَلَبُ الشَّهَال مَّا أَصْحَلْبُ النَّهَالِ ﴿ فِي سَمُومٍ وَمَمِيمِ ﴿ وَظُلُّ مِن يَحْمُوم ﴿ لَّا بَارِد وَلَا كُرِيمٍ ١ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَبْلَ ذَاكَ مُتْرَفَينَ ﴿ وَكَانُواْ يُصرُّونَ عَلَى ٱلْحَنْثُ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ أَوْنَا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ﴿ أَوَ ءَابَآؤُنَا الْأَوَّلُونَ ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ وَٱلْآخرِينَ ﴿ لَهُ لَمُجْمُوعُونَ إِلَىٰ مِقَلَتِ يَوْمِ مَّعَلُوم نَ ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ أَيْبَ الضَّالُّونَ الْمُكَذَّبُونَ شَي لَآكِكُونَ مِن شَجَرِ مِن زَقُومِ ﴿ مَا لِئُونَ مِنْهَا الْبُطُونَ ﴿ فَشَارِبُونَ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْخَمِمِ فَ فَشَارِبُونَ

- 34. And raised couches;
- 35. Lo! We have created them a (new) creation
- 36. And made them virgins,
- 37. Lovers, friends,
- 38. For those on the right hand;
- 39. A multitude of those of old
- 40. And a multitude of those of later time.1
- 41. And those on the left hand: What of those on the left hand?
 - 42. In scorching wind and scalding water
 - 43. And shadow of black smoke,
 - 44. Neither cool nor refreshing.
 - 45. Lo! heretofore they were effete with luxury
 - 46. And used to persist in the awful sin.
- 47. And they used to say: When we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we then, forsooth, be raised again,
 - 48. And also our forefathers?
- 49. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Lo! those of old and those of later time
- 50. Will all be brought together to the tryst of an appointed day.
 - 51. Then lo! ye, the erring, the deniers,
 - 52. Ye verily will eat of a tree called Zaqqûm
 - 53. And will fill your bellies therewith;
 - 54. And thereon ye will drink of boiling water,

¹ This verse is said to have been revealed at Al-Madinah.

شُرْبَ ٱلْهُمِ ٢ هَٰذَا نُزُلُهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلدِّين ١ مَعْنُ خَلَقَٰنَكُم فَلُولًا تُصَدَّقُونَ ٢ أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تُمَنُونَ ٢ ءَائَمْ تَخَلُقُونَهُۥ أَمْ نَحْنُ الْخَلَقُونَ ﴿ يَحْنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ ۗ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا نَحْنُ بَمَسْبُو قِينَ ﴿ عَلَيْ أَن نَبْدَلَ أَمْثَلَكُمْ ۗ وَنُشتَكُمُ فِي مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ عَلْمُمُ ٱلنَّشَّأَةَ ﴿ ٱلْأُولَىٰ فَلَوْلَا تَلَكَّرُونَ ﴿ أَفَرَةَ يَتُم مَّا تَحَرُّثُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا تَحَرُّثُونَ ﴿ ءَ أَنْهُم زَرْعُونَهُ وَ أَمْ يَحُنُ ٱلزَّارِعُونَ ﴿ لَيْ لَوْ نَشَاءُ كَعَلْنَهُ حُطَنَّما فَظَلْتُمْ تَفَكَّمُهُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُونَ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ ﴿ أَفَرَةً يُنُّمُ الْمَآةَ الَّذِي تَشْرَبُونَ ﴿ عَأْنُهُ أَزَّلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُزَّن أَمْ يَحُنُ ٱلْمُنزلُونَ ﴿ لَهِ لَوْ لَشَاءُ جَعَلْنَكُ أُجَاجًا فَلَوْلَا تَشْكُرُونَ ٢٠ أَفَرَء يَثُمُ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي نُورُ وِنَ ١٤٠٥ وَأَنْتُمَ أَنْسَأَتُمْ شَجَرَتُهَا أَمْ تَحْنُ ٱلْمُنْسَعُونَ ١

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- 55. Drinking even as the camel drinketh.
- 56. This will be their welcome on the Day of Judgment.
- 57. We created you. Will ye then admit the truth?
- 58. Have ye seen that which ye emit?
- 59. Do ye create it or are We the Creator?
- 60. We mete out death among you, and We are not to be outrun,
- 61. That We may transfigure you and make you what ye know not.
- 62. And verily ye know the first creation. Why, then, do ye not reflect?
 - 63. Have ye seen that which ye cultivate?
 - 64. Is it ye who foster it, or are We the Fosterer?
- 65. If We willed, We verily could make it chaff, then would ye cease not to exclaim:
 - 66. Lo! we are laden with debt!

- 67. Nay, but we are deprived!
- 68. Have ye observed the water which ye drink?
- 69. Is it ye who shed it from the raincloud, or are We the Shedder?
- 70. If We willed We verily could make it bitter. Why then, give ye not thanks?
 - 71. Have ye observed the fire which ye strike out;
- 72. Was it ye who made the tree thereof to grow, or were We the Grower?

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نَحُنُ جَعَلْنَاهَا تَذْكَرَةً وَمَتَلَعًا لَلْمُقُوبِنَ ﴿ إِنَّ فَسَبِّحْ بِأَسَّم رَبُّكَ ٱلْعَظيم ﴿ إِنَّ * فَلَآ أَقْسُمُ بَمَوَا قَعَ ٱلنُّجُومِ ﴿ إِنَّ وَ إِنَّهُ لَقَسَمٌ لَّوَ تَعْلَمُونَ عَظَّمٌ ﴿ إِنَّهُ لِقُرْءَانٌ كُرِيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّهُ لِنَّا لَا تُعْلَمُونَ عَظَّمُ ﴿ إِنَّهُ لِنَّا اللَّهُ اللّ ف كَتَنْب مَّكُنُون ١٠ لا يَمَشُّهُ إِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهِّرُونَ ١٠ تَنْزِيلٌ مَن رَّبِّ الْعَلْمِينَ ﴿ يَ أَفَهَٰلَذَا الْحَدِيثِ أَنتُم مُدْهنُونَ ﴿ وَتَجْعَلُونَ رِزْقَكُمْ أَنَّكُمْ تُكَذَّبُونَ ﴿ فَلُوْلَا إِذَا بَلَغَتَ الْحُلْقُومَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ وَأَنَّمُ حِينَهِ ذَ تَنظُرُونَ ﴿ وَتَعْنُ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنكُمْ وَلَكُن لَّا تُبْصُرُونَ (١ فَلُوْلَا إِن كُنتُمْ غَلْيَرَ مَدينينَ ﴿ يَرْجُعُونَهَا إِن كُنتُمْ صَندقينَ ﴿ فَأَمَّا إِن كَانَ مَنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿ فَرَوْحٌ وَرَيْحَانٌ وَجَنَّتُ نَعيم ﴿ وَأَمَّا إِن كَانَ مَنْ أَصْحَاب ٱلْيَمِين ﴿ فَسَلَامُ أَلَّكَ مَنْ أَصْحَبِ الْيَمِينَ ﴿ وَأَمَّا إِن

- 73. We, even We, appointed it a memorial and a comfort for the dwellers in the wilderness.
- 74. Therefor (O Muhammad), praise the name of thy Lord, the Tremendous.
 - 75. Nay, I swear by the places of the stars-
- 76. And lo! that verily is a tremendous oath, if ye but knew—
 - 77. That (this) is indeed a noble Qur'an
 - 78. In a Book kept hidden
 - 79. Which none toucheth save the purified,
 - 80. A revelation from the Lord of the Worlds.
 - 81. Is it this Statement that ye scorn,
 - 82. And make denial thereof your livelihood?
- 83. Why, then, when (the soul) cometh up to the throat (of the dying)
 - 84. And ye are at that moment looking
- 85. —And We are nearer unto him than ye are, but ye see not—
 - 86. Why then, if ye are not in bondage (unto Us),
 - 87. Do ye not force it back, if ye are truthful?
 - 88. Thus if he is of those brought nigh,
- 89. Then breath of life, and plenty, and a Garden of delight.
 - 90. And if he is of those on the right hand,
- 91. Then (the greeting) "Peace be unto thee" from those on the right hand.

كَانَ مِنَ الْمُكَذِبِينَ الضَّالِينَ ﴿ فَنُزُلُ مِنْ مَبِهِ ﴿ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُكَذِبِينَ الضَّالِينَ ﴿ فَانَدُا لَمُوحَقُّ الْمَقِينِ ﴾ وَتَصْلِيَةُ جَحِيمٍ ﴿ إِنَّ هَلَذَا لَمُوحَقُّ الْمَقِينِ ﴾ فَسَبَعْ بِالشّم رَبّكَ الْعَظيم ﴿ فَيَ

(٧٥) سِورة الحالايل مَلايت وآياها ٢٩ نزلت بَعدلالزَّلزُلِثُ

بنسي أِللَّهِ ٱلرَّمْ الرَّحِيدِ

سَبَّحَ لِلهُ مَا فِي السَّمَلُواتِ وَ الْأَرْضُ وَهُوَ الْمَازِيرُ الْمَسَّعَ لِلهُ مَا فِي السَّمَلُواتِ وَ الْأَرْضُ يُحْيَ الْمَسَلَّةُ وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ مَّكُ السَّمَلُواتِ وَالْأَرْضُ يُحْيَ الْمَاكِثُ وَهُو عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَ قَدِيرٌ ﴿ هُوَ الْأَيْرُ وَالْقَالِمُ وَاللَّائِمُ فَي سَنَّةً أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى عَلَى السَّمَواتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِنَّةً أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى السَّوَى عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سِنَّةً أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَالْمُولُونَ فَي سِنَّةً أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُلْمُ اللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الللْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْ

- 92. But if he is of the rejecters, the erring,
- 93. Then the welcome will be boiling water
- 94. And roasting at hell-fire.
- 95. Lo! this is certain truth.
- 96. Therefor (O Muhammad) praise the name of thy Lord, the Tremendous.

SÛRAH LVII

Al-Hadid, "Iron," takes its name from a word in v. 25.

The reference in the word "victory" in v. 10, is undoubtedly to the conquest of Mecca. The words of the verse are against such an assumption since no Muslims "spent and fought" before the battle at Badr, which was the beginning of their fighting.

The date of revelation must be the eighth or ninth year of the

Hijrah.

IRON

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. All that is in the heavens and the earth glorifieth Allah; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 2. His is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth; He quickeneth and He giveth death; and He is Able to do all things.
- 3. He is the First and the Last, and the Outward and the Inward; and He is Knower of all things.
- 4. He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days;1 then He mounted the Throne. He knoweth all that

¹ XXII, 47; XXXII, 5; LXX, 4.

الْعَرْشُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلْبُ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا يَخْدُرُ جُ مَهُا وَمَا يَنزُلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَاءَ وَمَا يَعْرِجُ فِيهَا وَهُوَ مَعَكُمُ أَيْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ لَهُ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَنَوَ اتْ وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَ إِلَى اللهُ تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ﴿ يُولِعُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَيُولِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّذِلَّ وَهُو عَلَيْمٌ بَدَات الصُّدُور ٢ ءَامنُواْ بِاللهُ وَرَسُوله ، وَأَنْفَقُواْ مَّا جَعَلَكُمُ مُّسْتَخْلَفِينَ فِيه فَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمْ وَأَنفَقُواْ لَهُمْ أَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ ﴿ وَمَالَكُمْ لَا تُؤْمنُونَ بِالله وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ لُتُؤْمنُواْ بِرَبِّكُمْ وَقَدْ أَخَذَ مِينَا عَكُمْ إِن كُنتُم مُؤْمنينَ ﴿ فِي هُوَ الَّذِي يُنزَّلُ عَلَى عَبْدهة وَايَلت بَيْنَك لَّيُخْرِجَكُم مَنَ ٱلظُّلُمَك إِلَى ٱلنُّورَ وَ إِنَّ اللهَ بِكُرْ لَرَهُ وَفُ رَّحيٌّ ﴿ وَمَا لَكُرْ أَلَّا تُنفَقُواْ فى سَبِيل الله وَلله ميرَاثُ السَّمَلُوات وَ الْأَرْضُ لَا يَسْتَوى entereth the earth and all that emergeth therefrom and all that cometh down from the sky and all that ascendeth therein; and He is with you wheresoever ye may be. And Allah is Seer of what ye do.

- 5. His is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, and unto Allah (all) things are brought back.
- 6. He causeth the night to pass into the day, and He causeth the day to pass into the night, and He is Knower of all that is in the breasts.
- 7. Believe in Allah and His messenger, and spend of that whereof He hath made you trustees; and such of you as believe and spend (aright), theirs will be a great reward.
- 8. What aileth you that ye believe not in Allah, when the messenger calleth you to believe in your Lord, and He hath already made a covenant with you, if ye are believers?
- 9. He it is Who sendeth down clear revelations unto His slave, that He may bring you forth from darkness unto light; and lo! for you, Allah is Full of Pity, Merciful.
- 10. And what aileth you that ye spend not in the way of Allah, when unto Allah belongeth the inheritance of the heavens and the earth? Those who spent and fought before

9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

مِنكُمُ مَّنْ أَنفَقَ مِن قَبْلِ ٱلْفَتْحِ وَقَلْتَلَّ أَوْلَتَهِكَ أَعْظَمُ دَرَجَةً مَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنْفَقُواْ مَنْ بَعْدُ وَقَنْتُلُواْ ۚ وَكُلًّا وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْحُسْنَىٰ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَسِيرٌ ﴿ مَّن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يُقْرضُ ٱللهُ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَعَفَهُ لَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَأَجْرَكُمْ شَ يَوْمَ تَرَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ يَشْعَى نُو رُهُم بَيْنَ أَيَّد بِهِمْ وَ أَعْنَهِم بُشْرَكُ لُلْيَوْمَ جَنَّكُ تَجْرى من تَحْمَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَدالدينَ فيها ۚ ذَاكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظيمُ ١٠٠٠ يَوْمَ يَقُولُ المُنْفَقُونَ وَالمُنْفَقَاتُ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ انظُرُ ونَا نَقْتَبِسْ مِن نُورِكُمْ قِيلَ ٱرْجِعُواْ وَرَآءَكُمْ فَٱلْتَمَسُواْ نُوراً رُّرُ رَدِيرُهُ مِنْ وَالْهُوْ رَامُ عَالَمُهُوْ فِيهِ الرَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُۥ فَضَرَبَ بِينَهُم بِسُورِلَهُوْ بِابِ بَاطْنَهُۥ فِيهِ الرَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُۥ مِن قِبَلَهِ ٱلْعَدَابُ ﴿ يُنَادُونَهُمْ أَلَوْ نَكُن مَّعَكُمْ قَالُواْ بَلِي وَلَكُنَّ كُرْ فَتَنْتُمُ أَنْفُسُكُمْ وَتَرْبَصُمُ وَأَرْتَبُمُ وَغُرْتُكُمُ

the victory are not upon a level (with the rest of you). Such are greater in rank than those who spent and fought afterwards. Unto each hath Allah promised good. And Allah is Informed of what ye do.

- 11. Who is he that will lend unto Allah a goodly loan, that He may double it for him and his may be a rich reward?
- 12. On the day when thou (Muhammad) wilt see the believers, men and women, their light shining forth before them and on their right hands, (and wilt hear it said unto them): Glad news for you this day: Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein ye are immortal. That is the supreme triumph.
- 13. On the day when the hypocritical men and the hypocritical women will say unto those who believe: Look on us that we may borrow from your light! it will be said: Go back and seek for light! Then there will separate them a wall wherein is a gate, the inner side whereof containeth mercy, while the outer side thereof is toward the doom.
- 14. They will cry unto them (saying): Were we not with you? They will say: Yea, verily; but ye tempted one another, and hesitated, and doubted, and vain desires

¹ A loan without interest or any thought of gain or loss.

ٱلْأَمَانَىٰ حَتَّىٰ جَاءَ أَمْرُ ٱللهُ وَغَرَّكُم بِٱللهُ ٱلْغَرُورُ ﴿ فَالْيَوْمَ لَا يُوْخَذُ مِنكُمْ فَدْيَةٌ وَلَامِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۚ مَأْ وَنكُرُ ٱلنَّارُ هِيَ مَوْلَنَكُمُ وَبْنُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ نَ ﴿ أَلَمْ يَأَنَّ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ أَن تَخْشَعَ قُلُو بَهُمَّ لذَكْرَ الله وَمَا زَلَ منَ الْحَتَّ وَلَا يَكُونُواْ كَا لَذِنَ أُو تُواْ الْكَنَابَ مِن قَبْلُ فَطَالَ عَلَيْهُمُ الْأَمَدُ فَقَسَتْ قُلُوبِهُمْ وَكُثْيِرْ مَهُمْ فَلسقُونَ ١ اعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ الله يُحَى الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتَهَا قَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمُ الْآيَنت لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقَلُونَ ١٠٠ إِنَّ ٱلْمُصَّدِّقِينَ وَٱلْمُصَّدَّقَاتِ وَأَقْرَضُواْ ٱللهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا يُضَعَفُ لَمُمَّ وَهَمْ أَجْرٌكُرِيمٌ ١ وَالَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ بِالله وَرُسُله مَ أُولَدِيكَ هُمُ ٱلصَّدِّيقُونَ وَٱلشَّهَـدَآءُ عندَ رَبَّهُمْ لَهُمْ أَجُرُهُمْ وَنُورُهُمْ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَا يَنْنَآ أَوْلَيْهِكَ أَصْحَابُ



beguiled you till the ordinance of Allah came to pass; and the deceiver deceived you concerning Allah;

- 15. So this day no ransom can be taken from you nor from those who disbelieved. Your home is the Fire; that is your patron, and a hapless journey's end.
- 16. Is not the time ripe for the hearts of those who believe to submit to Allah's reminder and to the truth which is revealed, that they become not as those who received the scripture of old but the term was prolonged for them and so their hearts were hardened, and many of them are evil-livers.
- 17. Know that Allah quickeneth the earth after its death, We have made clear Our revelations for you, that haply ye may understand.
- 18. Lo! those who give alms, both men and women, and lend unto Allah a goodly loan, it will be doubled for them, and theirs will be a rich reward.
- 19. And those who believe in Allah and His messengers, they are the loyal; and the martyrs are with their Lord; they have their reward and their light; while as for those who disbelieve and deny Our revelations, they are owners of

ٱلْحَجِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ اعْلَمُواْ أَنَّمَا ٱلْحَيَوَةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا لَعَبُّ وَلَهَوٌّ وَزينَةٌ وَتَفَانُوْ بِيَنَكُ وَتَكَا ثُرُّ فِي ٱلْأَمْوَالِ وَٱلْأُولَلَا كَمَشَلِ غَيْث أَعْبَ ٱلْكُفَّارَنَبَاتُهُ مُ مَهَيج فَتَرَنهُ مُصْفَرًّا ثُمَّ يَكُونُ حُطَناماً وَفِي ٱلْآخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَمَغْفَرَةٌ مَّنَ ٱلله وَرضْوَانٌ وَمَا الْحَيَوَةُ الدُّنْيَآ إِلَّامَتَكُ الْغُرُور ﴿ سَابِقُوٓا إِلَىٰ مَغْفَرَة مِن رَّبِّكُمْ وَجَنَّة عَرْضُهَا كَعَرْض ٱلسَّمَاء وَ ٱلْأَرْضَ أُعَدَّتْ للَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلُهُ ۚ ذَاكَ فَضْلُ الله يُؤْتِيه مَن يَشَآمُ وَاللهُ ذُو الْفَضْل الْعَظيم ٢ مَا أَصَابَ مِن مُصِيبَة فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي أَنفُسكُم إِلَّا فى كتنب من قَبْل أَن نَبْرَ أَهَا إِنَّ ذَاكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرُ ٢ لْكَيْلَا تَأْسَواْ عَلَىٰما فَاتَكُو وَلَا تَفْرَحُواْ بِمَا ءَاتَلَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ مُحْتَال فَخُور ﴿ الَّذِينَ يَبْخَلُونَ

hell-fire.

- 20. Know that the life of the world is only play, and idle talk, and pageantry, and boasting among you, and rivalry in respect of wealth and children; as the likeness of vegetation after rain, whereof the growth is pleasing to the husbandman, but afterward it drieth up and thou seest it turning yellow, then it becometh straw. And in the Hereafter there is grievous punishment, and (also) forgiveness from Allah and His good pleasure, whereas the life of the world is but matter of illusion.
- 21. Race one with another for forgiveness from your Lord and a Garden whereof the breadth is as the breadth of the heavens and the earth, which is in store for those who believe in Allah and His messengers. Such is the bounty of Allah, which He bestoweth upon whom He will, and Allah is of Infinite Bounty.
- 22. Naught of disaster befalleth in the earth or in yourselves but it is in a Book before We bring it into being— Lo! that is easy for Allah—
- 23. That ye grieve not for the sake of that which hath escaped you, nor yet exult because of that which hath been given. Allah loveth not all prideful boasters,

وَيَأْمُرُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ بِٱلْبُخْلِ وَمَن يَتُولُّ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْغَنَيُّ الْحَميدُ ﴿ لَهُ لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَزَلْنَا مَعَهُمُ ٱلْكَتَابَ وَالْمِيزَانَ لَيَقُومَ النَّاسُ بَالْقَسْطِ وَأَنْزَلْنَا ٱلْحَديدَ فيه بَأْسٌ شَديدٌ وَمَنْكَفُّ للنَّاس وَليَعْلَمَ اللهُ مَن يَنصُرُهُ وَرُسُلَهُ بِٱلْفَيْبِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ قُوىً عَرَيْرٌ ﴿ ٢ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا وَ إِبْرَهِيمَ وَجَعَلْنَا في ذُرَّيَّتِهِمَا ٱلنُّبُوَّةَ وَٱلْكِتَابِ فَنْهُم مُهْتَد وَكُثيرٌ مَّنَّهُمْ فَاستُونَ ٢ ثُمُّ قَفَيْنَا عَلَىٰٓ ءَاثَلُرهم برُسُلْنَا وَقَفَيْنَا بعيسَى أَبْن مَرْيَمَ وَءَاتَيْنَنُهُ ٱلْإِنجِيلَ وَجَعَلْنَا فِي قُلُوبِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُوهُ رَأْفَةً وَرَحْمَةُ وَرَهْبَانيَّةً أَبْتَدَعُوهَا مَا كَتَبْنَنْهَا عَلَيْهُمْ إِلَّا ٱبْتَغَاءَ رضْوَان ٱللهُ لَهَا رَعَوْهَا حَقَّ رَعَايَتُمَّا ۚ فَعَا تَيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَنْهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ وَكُثيرٌ مَنْهُمْ فَلسقُونَ ﴿ يَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ

- 24. Who hoard and who enjoin upon the people avarice. And whosoever turneth away, still Allah is the Absolute, the Owner of Praise.
- 25. We verily sent Our messengers with clear proofs, and revealed with them the Scripture and the Balance, that mankind may observe right measure; and He revealed iron, wherein is mighty power and (many) uses for mankind, and that Allah may know him who helpeth Him and His messengers, though unseen. Lo! Allah is Strong, Almighty.
- 26. And We verily sent Noah and Abraham and placed the prophethood and the scripture among their seed, and among them there is he who goeth right, but many of them are evil-livers.
- 27. Then We caused Our messengers to follow in their footsteps; and We caused Jesus, son of Mary, to follow, and gave him the Gospel, and placed compassion and mercy in the hearts of those who followed him. But monasticism they invented—We ordained it not for them—only seeking Allah's pleasure, and they observed it not with right observance. So We give those of them who believe their reward, but many of them are evil-livers.

عَامَنُواْ آتَّقُواْ ٱللهُ وَعَامِنُواْ بَرَسُولِهِ عَيُوْتِكُمْ كَفْلَيْنِ مِن رَّحْمَتِهِ وَيَجْعَلَ لَّكُمْ نُوراً تَمْشُونَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَاللهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿ لَيْ لَتُلَا يَعْلَمَ أَهْلُ الْكَتَلْبِ أَلَا يَقْدرُ وَنَ عَلَى شَيْءٍ مِن فَضْلِ اللهِ وَأَنَّ الْفَضْلَ بِيَد الله يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَاتُ وَاللهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْمُعَظِيمِ ﴿

(٥٨) سِوْقُ الْجِارَلْةُ مَلَانِيَةً وَآيَاهًا ٢٢ نزلِتُ بِعَدَالْمُنَافِقَىٰ

إِنْ إِلَا الْحَمْرِ الرَّحِيمِ

قَدْ سَمِعَ اللهُ قَوْلَ الَّتِي تُجَدِّلُكَ فِي زَوْجِهَا وَتَشْنَكِيَ إِلَى اللهِ وَاللهُ يَسْمَعُ تَحَاوُر كُمَا ۚ إِنَّ اللهَ سَمِيعُ بَصِيرُ ۞ الَّذِينَ يُظَاهِرُ ونَ مِنصَحُم مِن نِسَآمِهِم مَّا هُنَّ أُمَّهَا مِهِمْ



- 28. O ye who believe! Be mindful of your duty to Allah and put faith in His messenger. He will give you twofold of His mercy and will appoint for you a light wherein ye shall walk, and will forgive you. Allah is Forgiving, Merciful;
- 29. That the People of the Scripture¹ may know that they control naught of the bounty of Allah, but that the bounty is in Allah's hand to give to whom He will. And Allah is of Infinite Bounty.

SÛRAH LVIII

Al-Mujādilab, "She who disputeth," takes its name from a word in verse 1.

A woman had complained to the Prophet that her husband had put her away for no good reason by employing an old formula of the pagan Arabs, saying that her back was for him as the back of his mother, and she "disputed" with the Prophet because he would take no action against the man before this revelation came to him. There is a brief reference to the same method of getting rid of wives in sûrah XXXIII, v. 4. This sûrah must therefore have been revealed before sûrah XXXIII.

The date of revelation is the fourth or fifth year of the Hijrah.

SHE THAT DISPUTETH

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Allah hath heard the saying of her that disputeth with thee (Muhammad) concerning her husband, and complaineth unto Allah. And Allah heareth your colloquy. Lo! Allah is Hearer, Knower.
- 2. Such of you as put away your wives (by saying they are as their mothers)—They are not their mothers;² none
 - ¹ i.e. Jews and Christians.

* XXXIII, 4.

إِنْ أُمَّهَ مُهُمْ إِلَّا الَّتِعَى وَلَذَّهُمْ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَيَقُولُونَ مُنكَّرًا مَّنَ ٱلْقَوْلِ وَزُورًا وَ إِنَّ ٱللهَ لَعَفُوًّ غَفُورٌ ﴿ وَ وَٱلَّذِينَ يُظَاهِرُ وِنَ مِن نَّسَآ بِهِمْ ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لَمَا قَالُواْ فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَة مِّن قَبْلِ أَن يَتَمَالَسَا ۚ ذَاكُمْ تُوعَظُونَ بِهُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ فَكُن لَّرْ يَجِدْ فَصِيامُ مَّهْرَيْن مُتَنَابِعَيْن من قَبْل أَن يَتَمَا أَا فَنَ لَرْ يَسْتَطِعْ فَإِطْعَامُ سِنْينَ مُسْكِينًا ذَاكَ لَتُؤْمِنُواْ بِاللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَتَلْكَ حُدُودُ اللهُ وَلَلْكَنفرينَ عَذَابٌ أَلَيْمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُحَآ دُّونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وكُبِنُواْ كَمَا كُبِتَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ وَقَدْ أَزَلْنَا ءَايَنت بَيَّنَاتٌ وَللْكَلفرينَ عَذَابٌ مُّ مِينٌ ﴿ يَوْمَ بعثهم الله جميعًا فينبهم بما عَمْلُواْ أَحْصَلُهُ اللهُ وَنُسُوهُ وَٱللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا ﴿ أَلَا تُرَاَّنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ

are their mothers except those who gave them birth—they indeed utter an ill word and a lie. And lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

- 3. Those who put away their wives (by saying they are as their mothers)¹ and afterward would go back on that which they have said, (the penalty) in that case (is) the freeing of a slave before they touch one another. Unto this ye are exhorted; and Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 4. And he who findeth not (the wherewithal), let him fast for two successive months before they touch one another; and for him who is unable to do so (the penance is) the feeding of sixty needy ones. This, that ye may put trust in Allah and His messenger. Such are the limits (imposed by Allah); and for disbelievers is a painful doom.
- 5. Lo! those who oppose Allah and His messenger will be abased even as those before them were abased; and We have sent down clear tokens, and for disbelievers is a shameful doorn
- 6. On the day when Allah will raise them all together and inform them of what they did. Allah hath kept account of it while they forgot it. And Allah is Witness over all things.
 - 7. Hast thou not seen that Allah knoweth all that is

مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَنَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ مَا يَكُونُ مِن نَجْدَى ثَلَثَةَ إِلَّا هُوَرَابِعُهُمْ وَلَا خَسَة إِلَّا هُوَ سَادُسُهُمْ وَلَآ أَدْنَى من ذَاكَ وَلاَّ أَكْثَرَ إِلَّا هُوَ مَعَهُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كَانُواْ ثُمَّ يُسَبُّهُم بَمَا عَلُواْ يَوْمَ الْقَيْلَمَةَ إِنَّ اللهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلَمُّ ١٠ أَلَرْ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ نَهُواْ عَنِ ٱلنَّجْوَىٰ ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لَمَا نُهُواْ عَنْهُ وَيَتَنَاجُونَ بَا لَإِثْمَ وَٱلْعُدُونِ وَمَعْصِيَت ٱلرَّسُولِ وَإِذَا جَآهُ وكَ حَيَّوْكَ بَمَا لَرْ يُحَيَّكَ بِهِ ٱللهُ وَيَقُولُونَ فِي أَنْفُهُمْ لَوْلَا يُعَذَّبُنَا اللهُ بَمَا نَقُولُ حَسْبُهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ يَصْلُونَهَا ﴿ فَبْشُسَ ٱلْمُصِيرُ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَا تَنَاجَيْتُمْ فَلَا تَنَنَاجُواْ إِنَّا لَإِثْمُ وَالْقُدُوانِ وَمَعْصِيَتِ الرَّسُولِ وَتَنَاجَوْاْ بَالْبِرُّوالنَّقُونَى وَاتَّقُواْ اللهَ الَّذِي إِلَيْه تُحْشَرُونَ ٢ إِنَّمَا ٱلنَّجْوَىٰ مَنَ ٱلشَّيْطَلِنِ لَيَحْزُنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ

in the heavens and all that is in the earth? There is no secret conference of three but He is their fourth, nor of five but He is their sixth, nor of less than that or more but He is with them wheresoever they may be; and afterward, on the Day of Resurrection, He will inform them of what they did. Lo! Allah is Knower of all things.

- 8. Hast thou not observed those who were forbidden conspiracy and afterward returned to that which they had been forbidden, and (now) conspire together for crime and wrongdoing and disobedience toward the messenger? And when they come unto thee they greet thee with a greeting wherewith Allah greeteth thee not, and say within themselves: Why should Allah punish us for what we say? Hell will suffice them; they will feel the heat thereof—a hapless journey's end!
- 9. O ye who believe! When ye conspire together, conspire not together for crime and wrongdoing and disobedience toward the messenger, but conspire together for righteousness and piety, and keep your duty toward Allah, unto whom ye will be gathered.
 - 10. Lo! Conspiracy is only of the devil, that he may

وَلَيْسَ بِضَا رَهِمْ شَيْعًا إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ ٱللهُ وَعَلَى ٱللهُ فَلْيَتُوكِّل الْمُؤْمِنُونَ إِنِّ يَتَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَا قِيلَ لَكُوْ تَفَسَّحُواْ فى الْمَجَلِس فَافْسَحُواْ يَفْسَح اللهُ لَكُمُّ وَإِذَا قيلَ ٱنشُزُواْ فَٱنشُزُواْ يَرْفَعَ اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ منكُدْ وَٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعَلْمَ دَرَجَنَتَ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ إِنِّي يَتَأْيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ إِذَا نَلَجَيْتُمُ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَقَدَّمُواْ بَيْنَ يَدَى تَجُوْلِكُمْ صَدَقَةٌ ذَاكَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُرُّ وَأَطْهَرُ ۚ فَإِن لَّمْ تَجَدُواْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيُّ (إِنِّ) ءَأَشْفَقُتُمَ أَنْ تُقَدِّمُواْ بَيْنَ يَدَى ْغَبُولِكُمْ صَدَقَتَ فَإِذْ لَرْ تَفْعَلُواْ وَنَابَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَاةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكُوٰةَ وَأَطْيِعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُۥ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بَمَ تَعْمَلُونَ إِنَّ * أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْاْ قَوْمًا غَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم مَّا هُم مَّنكُرْ وَلَا منهُمْ وَيَحْلفُونَ عَلَى ٱلْكَذب



vex those who believe; but he can harm them not at all unless by Allah's leave. In Allah let believers put their trust.

- 11. O ye who believe! When it is said unto you, Make room! in assemblies, then make room; Allah will make way for you (hereafter). And when it is said, Come up higher! go up higher; Allah will exalt those who believe among you, and those who have knowledge, to high ranks. Allah is Informed of what ye do.
- 12. O ye who believe! When ye hold conference with the messenger, offer an alms before your conference. That is better and purer for you. But if ye cannot find (the wherewithal) then lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 13. Fear ye to offer alms before your conference? Then, when ye do it not and Allah hath forgiven you, establish worship and pay the poor-due and obey Allah and His messenger. And Allah is Aware of what ye do.
- 14. Hast thou not seen those who take for friends a folk with whom Allah is wroth? They are neither of you nor of them, and they swear a false oath knowingly.

وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَديدًا إِنَّهُمْ سَآءَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْخَذُوٓاْ أَيْمَانَهُمْ جُنَّةُ فَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِ اللهُ فَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿ إِنَّ لَكُنَّى عَنَّهُمْ أَمْوَالْهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَنَادُهُم مَنَ اللهِ شَيْئًا أَوْلَيْكَ أَصْحَابُ ٱلنَّارِهُمْ فِيهَا خَلَدُونَ ﴿ يَوْمَ يَبْعَثُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ جَمِيعًا فَيَحْلِفُونَ لَهُ كَمَا يَحْلِفُونَ لَكُرْ وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُمْ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ أَلَّا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ ٱلْكَلْدَبُونَ ﴿ السَّمْوَدَ عَلَيْهُمُ ٱلشَّيْطَانُ فَأَنسَلُهُمْ ذَكُرَاللهُ أَوْلَيَهِكَ حَرْبُ الشَّيطَانُ أَلَّا إِنَّ حزْبَ الشَّيْطَانِ هُمُ الْخُلْسُرُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّذِينَ يُحَادُّونَ ٱللهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۗ أُولَتِهِكَ فِ ٱلْأَذَلَينَ ﴿ كُتُبَ ٱللهُ لَأَغْلَبَنَّ أَ أَنَا وَرَسُلِيَّ إِنَّ اللَّهُ قَوَى عَرِيزٌ ﴿ لَيْ اللَّهِ لَوْمُنُونَ بَالله وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخر يُواَ دُونَ مَنْ حَادَّ الله وَرَسُولَه وَلَوْ

- 15. Allah hath prepared for them a dreadful doom. Evil indeed is that which they are wont to do.
- 16. They make a shelter of their oaths and turn (men) from the way of Allah; so theirs will be a shameful doom.
- 17. Their wealth and their children will avail them naught against Allah. Such are rightful owners of the Fire; they will abide therein.
- 18. On the day when Allah will raise them all together, then will they swear unto Him as they (now) swear unto you, and they will fancy that they have some standing. Lo! is it not they who are the liars?
- 19. The devil hath engrossed them and so hath caused them to forget remembrance of Allah. They are the devil's party. Lo! is it not the devil's party who will be the losers?
- 20. Lo! those who oppose Allah and His messenger, they will be among the lowest.
- 21. Allah hath decreed: Lo! I verily shall conquer, I and My messengers. Lo! Allah is Strong, Almighty.
- 22. Thou wilt not find folk who believe in Allah and the Last Day loving those who oppose Allah and His

> (٥٩) شِوْلِوَّ الجَشْرَمَلَائِيْتِ وَإِياهَا ٢٤ نزلِتُ بعَدْلُالْبَيْنِـتِ

بِنْ لِللَّهِ الرَّحْدُ الرَّحِيدِ

سَبَّحَ للهُ مَا فِي السَّمَلُوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضُ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيرُ الْمَصَّ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيرُ الْمَحَلِ الْمَحَكِيمُ ﴿ هُوَالَّذِي أَنْرَجَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْمَحَلِّينَ كَفَرُ وا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْمَكِ messenger, even though they be their fathers or their sons or their brethren or their clan. As for such. He hath written faith upon their hearts and hath strengthened them with a Spirit from Him, and He will bring them into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide. Allah is well pleased with them, and they are well pleased with Him. They are Allah's party. Lo! is it not Allah's party who are the successful?

SÜRAH LIX

Al-Hashr, "Exile," takes its name from vv. 2-17, which refer to the exile of the Banî Nadîr, à Jewish tribe of Al-Madînah (for treason and projected murder of the Prophet) and the confiscation of their property. The "Hypocrites," as the lukewarm Muslims were called, had secretly sympathised with these Jews, whose opposition had grown strong since the Muslim reverse at Mt. Uhud, and had promised to side with them if it came to a collision with the Muslims: and to emigrate with them if they were forced to emigrate. But when the Muslims marched against the Bani Nadir, and the latter took refuge in their strong towers, the Hypocrites did nothing. And when at length they were reduced and exiled, the Hypocrites did not go with them into exile.

The date of revelation is the fourth year of the Hijrah.

EXILE

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. All that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth glorifieth Allah, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 2. He it is Who hath caused those of the People of the Scripture¹ who disbelieved to go forth from their homes unto the first exile. Ye deemed not that they would go

 1 The term for Jews and Christians. In this case it refers to Jews.

وَظُنُواْ أَنَّهُم مَّا نَعْتُهُمْ حُصُوبُهُم مَّنَّ اللهُ فَأَتَّنَهُمُ ٱللهُ مَنْ - ، رُ مَرِيدَ وَ مِرَودَ لَكُ فَي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرَّعْبُ بِحَرِبُونَ بِيوتِهُمْ حَيْثُ لَمْ يَحْتَسُبُواْ وَقَلَافَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرَّعْبُ بِحَرِبُونَ بِيوتِهُمْ بأَيْدِهِمْ وَأَيْدَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَأَعْتَبَرُ واْ يَتَأُولِي ٱلْأَبْصَارِ رَبِّ وَلَوْلَآ أَنْ كُنَّبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ الْجَلَّاءَ لَعَذَّ بَهُمْ فِي النُّنْيَآ وَلَمُهُمْ فِي ٱلْآخِرَةَ عَذَابُ آلنَّار ﴿ فَالْكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ شَآقُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولَهُ وَمَن يُشَاقَ اللهَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ شَديدُ الْعَقَابِ مَا قَطَعْتُم مِن لَينَهَ أَوْ تَرَكْتُمُوهَا قَآيِمَةً عَلَيْ أَصُولَا فَبَإِذْن ٱلله وَليُخْزِى الْفَلسقينَ ﴿ وَمَا أَفَاءَ اللهُ عَلَى رَسُوله، مَنْهُمْ لَكَ أَوْجَفْتُمْ عَلَيْه منْ خَيْل وَلَا رَكَابِ وَلَا كُنَّ ٱللَّهُ يُسْلَطُ رُسُلَهُ عَلَى مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَديرٌ ﴿ مَّا أَفَاءَ اللَّهُ عَلَى رَسُوله عَنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْقُرَىٰ فَلله وَللَّرسُول وَلذى اللَّهُرْكَ وَالْيَتَنعَى وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَابْن السَّبيل forth, while they deemed that their strongholds would protect them from Allah. But Allah reached them from a place whereof they recked not, and cast terror in their hearts so that they ruined their houses with their own hands and the hands of the believers. So learn a lesson, O ye who have eyes!

- 3. And if Allah had not decreed migration for them, He verily would have punished them in the world, and theirs in the Hereafter is the punishment of the Fire.
- 4. That is because they were opposed to Allah and His messenger; and whoso is opposed to Allah, (for him) verily Allah is stern in reprisal.
- 5. Whatsoever palm-trees ye cut down or left standing on their roots, it was by Allah's leave, in order that He might confound the evil-livers.
- 6. And that which Allah gave as spoil unto His messenger from them, ye urged not any horse or riding-camel for the sake thereof, but Allah giveth His messenger lordship over whom He will. Allah is Able to do all things.
- 7. That which Allah giveth as spoil unto His messenger from the people of the townships, it is for Allah and His messenger and for the near of kin and the orphans and the

¹ i.s. for the State.

كَيْ لَا يَكُونَ دُولَةً بَيْنَ ٱلْأَغْنِيآءِ مِنكُمْ وَمَآءَ اتَّلَكُمُ ٱلرَّسُولُ فَخُذُوهُ وَمَا نَهَلَكُمْ عَنْهُ فَآنَتُهُوا ۗ وَآتَفُواْ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعَقَابِ ﴿ لِللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ دِيَثرهم وَأَمْوَ لهم يَبْتَغُونَ فَضَّلًا مَنَ الله وَرضُوَانَا وَيَنْصُرُونَ اللهُ وَرَسُولَهُ ﴿ أَوْلَيْكَ هُمُ الصَّنْدَوُنَ ١ وَٱلَّذِينَ تَبَوَّهُ و ٱلدَّارَ وَٱلَّإِيمَانَ مِن قَبْلَهُمْ يُحبُّونَ مَنْ هَاجَرَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَلَا يَجِدُونَ فِي صُدُورِهِمْ حَاجَةً مَّمَّ أَوْتُواْ وَيُؤْثِرُ وَنَ عَلَىٰ أَنفُسهمْ وَلَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُحَّ نَفْسه، فَأُ وْلَدِّيكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلَحُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ جَاءُو مَنُ بَعْدَهُمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا أَغْفُرْلَنَا وَلإِنْحَوَانَنَا ٱلَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِٱلْإِيمَانِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ فِي قُلُوبِنَا غَلَّا لَّذَينَ عَامَنُواْ رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ رَوُوفٌ رَّحيمٌ ربُّ * أَلَّهُ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ نَافَقُواْ يَقُولُونَ



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needy and the wayfarer, that it become not a commodity between the rich among you. And whatsoever the messenger giveth you, take it. And whatsoever he forbiddeth, abstain (from it). And keep your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is stern in reprisal.

- 8. And (it is) for the poor fugitives who have been driven out from their homes and their belongings, who seek bounty from Allah and help Allah and His messenger. They are the loyal.
- 9. Those who entered the city and the faith before them love those who flee unto them for refuge, and find in their breasts no need for that which hath been given them, but prefer (the fugitives) above themselves though poverty become their lot. And whoso is saved from his own avarice—such are they who are successful.
- To. And those who came (into the faith) after them say: Our Lord! Forgive us and our brethren who were before us in the faith, and place not in our hearts any rancour toward those who believe. Our Lord! Thou art Full of Pity, Merciful.
 - 11. Hast thou not observed those who are hypocrites,

لإِخْوَانِهُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنَّ أَهْلِ ٱلْكَتَابِ لَينَ أُخْرَجُمُ لَنَخْرُجَنَّ مَعَكُمْ وَلَا نُطِيعُ فِيكُمْ أَحَدًا أَبَدًا وَإِن قُولَلُمُ لَنَنْصُرَنَّكُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَنْدُونَ ١٠ آَنِ أَنْر جُواْ لَا يَحْرُجُونَ مَعَهُمْ وَإِن قُولُواْ لَا يَنصُرُ وَبُهُمْ وَلَإِن نَصْرُ وَهُمْ لَيُوَثَّنَّ ٱلْأَدْبَلَرَ ثُمَّ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ١٠٠ لَا نُمَّ أَشَدُّ رَهْبَةً في صُدُورهم مَنَ الله ذَاكَ بِأُنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَفْقَهُونَ ١ لَا يُقَنتُلُونَكُمْ جَمِيعًا إِلَّا في قُرَى يُحَصَّنَة أَوْمن وَرَآء وو ع عوو مدروه رقع مدروه م مر رود وو در رع جدر باسهم بنهم شق ذَاكَ بَأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَعْقَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ كُمْثَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلُهِمْ قَرِيباً ذَاتُواْ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ وَإِلَى الْمَسْل ٱلشَّيْطَانِ إِذْ قَالَ لِلْإِنسَانِ ٱكْفُرْ فَلَسَّا كَفَرَ قَالَ إِنَّى بَرِيَّ مِنكَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللهَ رَبُّ الْعَلَمِينَ ١٠٠ فَكَانَ (how) they tell their brethren who disbelieve among the People of the Scripture: If ye are driven out, we surely will go out with you, and we will never obey anyone against you, and if ye are attacked we verily will help you. And Allah beareth witness that they verily are liars.

- 12. (For) indeed if they are driven out they go not out with them, and indeed if they are attacked they help them not, and indeed if they had helped them they would have turned and fled, and then they would not have been victorious.
- 13. Ye are more awful as a fear in their bosoms than Allah. That is because they are a folk who understand not.
- 14. They will not fight against you in a body save in fortified villages or from behind walls. Their adversity among themselves is very great. Ye think of them as a whole whereas their hearts are divers. That is because they are a folk who have no sense.
- 15. On the likeness of those (who suffered) a short time before them, they taste the ill-effects of their own conduct, and theirs is painful punishment.
- 16. (And the hypocrites are) on the likeness of the devil when he telleth man to disbelieve, then, when he disbelieveth saith: Lo! I am quit of thee. Lo! I fear Allah, the Lord of the Worlds.

عَلَقَبَهُمَا ٓ أَنَّهُمَا فِي ٱلنَّـارِ خَلِلَا بِنِ فَيَهَا ۗ وَذَاكَ جَزَآ وُأَ ٱلظَّلمينَ رُبُّ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ وَلْتَنظُرْ نَفْسٌ مَّا قَدَّمَتْ لغَدُّ وَاتَّقُواْ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللهَ خَدِيرُكَا تَعْمَلُونَ ۞ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَا لَّذِينَ نَسُواْ اللَّهَ فَأَ نَسَلُهُمْ ﴾ أَنْفُسَهُمْ أُولَتَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَاسِقُونَ ١٠ لَا يَسْتَوى أَصَّحَابُ النَّار وَأَمْعَكُ الْجَنَّةُ أَصْحَكُ الْجَنَّةُ مُمَّ الْفَآيِزُونَ ﴿ لَوْ أَزَلْنَا هَنْذَا ٱلْقُرْءَانَ عَلَى جَبَلِ لَّرَأَ يْتَهُوخَنْشُكًا مُّتَصَدَّعًا مَّنْ خَشْيَة الله وَ تَلْكَ ٱلْأَمْثَالُ نَضْرُهَا للنَّاس لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ ﴿ مُوَاللَّهُ ٱلَّذِي لَا ٓ إِلَّهَ إِلَّا مُوَّ عَلَمُ ٱلْغَيْب وَالشَّهَادَّةَ هُوَ الرَّحْمَانُ الرَّحْمُ ﴿ إِنَّ هُوَ اللَّهُ الَّذِي لَا إِلَـٰهَ إِلَّاهُوَ الْمَلْكُ الْقُدُّوسُ السَّلَامُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُهَيِّمِنُ الْعَزِيزُ الْجَبَارُ الْمُسَكِّرِ مُبْحَانَ اللهِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿ مُو اللهُ

- 17. And the consequence for both will be that they are in the Fire, therein abiding. Such is the reward of evil-doers.
- 18. O ye who believe! Observe your duty to Allah. And let every soul look to that which it sendeth on before for the morrow. And observe your duty to Allah. Lo! Allah is Informed of what ye do.

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- 19. And be not ye as those who forgot Allah, therefor He caused them to forget their souls. Such are the evil-doers.
- 20. Not equal are the owners of the Fire and the owners of the Garden. The owners of the Garden, they are the victorious.
- 21. If We had caused this Qur'an to descend upon a mountain, thou (O Muhammad) verily hadst seen it humbled, rent asunder by the fear of Allah. Such similitudes coin We for mankind that haply they may reflect.
- 22. He is Allah, than Whom there is no other God, the Knower of the Invisible and the Visible. He is the Beneficent, the Merciful.
- 23. He is Allah, than Whom there is no other God, the Sovereign Lord, the Holy One, Peace, the Keeper of Faith, the Guardian, the Majestic, the Compeller, the Superb. Glorified be Allah from all that they ascribe as partner (unto Him).

SÛRAH LX

Al-Mumtabanab, "She who is to be Examined," takes its name from v. 10, where the believers are told to examine women who come to them as fugitives from the idolaters and, if they find them sincere converts to Al-Islâm, not to return them to the idolaters. This marked a modification in the terms of the Truce of Hudevbivah, by which the Prophet had engaged to return all fugitives, male and female, while the idolaters were not obliged to give up renegades from Al-Islâm. The more terrible persecution which women had to undergo, if extradited, and their helpless social condition were the causes of the change. Instead of giving up women refugees who were sincere, and not fugitives on account of crime or some family quarrel. the Muslims were to pay an indemnity for them; while as for Muslim husbands whose wives might flee to Qureysh, no indemnity was to be paid by the latter but, when some turn of fortune brought wealth to the Islamic State, they were to be repaid by the State what their wives had taken of their property. In v. 12 is the pledge which was to be taken from the women refugees after their examination.

The date of revelation is the eighth year of the Hijrah.

ٱلْخَالَٰقُ ٱلْبَارِيُّ ٱلْمُصَوِّرُ لَهُ ٱلْأَسْمَاءُ ٱلْخُسْنَىٰ بُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مَا فَى ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَالْأَرْضُ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحُكَمُ فَيُّ

> (٦٠) سُوْرَقَالِمُعَنَّةُ مَدْنِيْةً وَآيَاهًا ١٣ نَوْلِتُ بِعَدْلُالْاَجْرَابُ

24. He is Allah, the Creator, the Shaper out of naught, the Fashioner. His are the most beautiful names. All that is in the heavens and the earth glorifieth Him, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

SHE THAT IS TO BE EXAMINED

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O ye who believe! Choose not My enemy and your enemy for allies. Do ye give them friendship when they disbelieve in that truth which hath come unto you, driving out the messenger and you because ye believe in Allah, your Lord? If ye have come forth to strive in My way and seeking My good pleasure, (show them not friendship). Do ye show friendship unto them in secret, when I am Best Aware of what ye hide and what ye proclaim? And whosoever doeth it among you, he verily hath strayed from the right way.
 - 2. If they have the upper hand of you, they will be your

كَرُوعَادَا } ويبسطوا إلَيكُر أيديهُم وألسنتهم بالسوء وَوَدُواْ لَـوْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿ لَىٰ تَنفَعَكُمْ أَرْحَامُكُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَنُدُكُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةَ يَفْصُلُ بَيْنَكُمْ وَٱللَّهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ فَي قَدْ كَانَتْ لَكُمْ أَسُوةً حَسَنَةٌ فِي إِبْرَهُمْ وَ الَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وَإِذْ قَالُواْ لِقَوْمِهُمْ إِنَّا بُرَءَ ۗ وَأُا مِنكُمْ وَمَّا تَعْبُدُونَ من دُون ٱلله كَفَرْنَا بِكُرْ وَبَدَا بَيْنَنَا وَيَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْعَدَاوَةُ وَٱلْبَغْضَآةُ أَبَدًا حَتَّى نُوْمُنُواْ بِالله وَحْدَهُ ۚ إِلَّا قَوْلَ إِبْرَاهِمَ لأبيه لَأَسْتَغْفَرَنَّ لَكَ وَمَآ أَمْلُكُ لَكَ مَن الله من شَيْء رَّبَّنَا عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْنَا وَ إِلَيْكَ أَنَبْنَا وَ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فَتَنَهُ لَلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَاغْفَرْلَنَا رَبَّنَا ۖ إِنَّكَ أَنَّ الْعَزِيرُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿ لَيْ لَقَدْ كَانَ لَكُو فَهِمْ أَسُوَّةً حَسَنَةٌ لَّمَن كَانَ يَرْجُواْ اللهَ وَالْيَوْمَ الْآخَرَ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّ foes, and will stretch out their hands and their tongues toward you with evil (intent), and they long for you to disbelieve.

- 3. Your ties of kindred and your children will avail you naught upon the Day of Resurrection. He will part you. Allah is Seer of what ye do.
- 4. There is a goodly pattern for you in Abraham and those with him, when they told their folk: Lo! we are guiltless of you and all that ye worship beside Allah. We have done with you. And there hath arisen between us and you hostility and hate for ever until ye believe in Allah only—save that which Abraham promised his father (when he said): I will ask forgiveness for thee, though I own nothing for thee from Allah—Our Lord! In Thee we put our trust, and unto Thee we turn repentant, and unto Thee is the journeying.
- 5. Our Lord! Make us not a prey for those who disbelieve, and forgive us, our Lord! Lo! Thou, only Thou, art the Mighty, the Wise.
- 6. Verily ye have in them a goodly pattern for everyone who looketh to Allah and the Last Day. And whosoever

.



فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ ٱلْغَنَّى ٱلْحَميدُ ﴿ عَلَى اللهُ أَن يَجْعَلَ بِيْنَكُرْ وَبَيْنَ ٱلَّذِينَ عَادَيْتُم مَّنَّهُم مَّودَةٌ وَٱللَّهُ قَديرٌ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمٌ ﴿ لَا يَنْهَا كُدُ ٱللهُ عَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ لَمْ يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ فى الدِّين وَلَمْ يُخْرِجُوكُم من ديَّدركُمْ أَن تَبَرُّ وهُمْ وَتُقْسَطُواْ إِلَيْهِمْ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِينَ ۞ إِنَّمَا يَنْهَا كُدُّ اللهُ عَن الَّذِينَ قَلْتَلُوكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ وَأَنْحَرَجُوكُمْ مَن دَيلركُمْ وَظُلَهُرُواْ عَلَيْ إِنْحَاجِكُمُ أَنْ تَوَلُّوهُمْ وَمَن يَتُولُّمُ مَا وَلَيْكَ هُمُ الظَّلْلُمُونَ ﴿ يَنَّأَيُّكَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِذَاجَاءَكُرُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتُ مُهَاجِرَاتَ فَٱمْتَحَنُوهُنَّ ۖ ٱللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيمَانَهُنَّ ۗ فَإِنْ عَلَمْتُمُوهُنَّ مُوْ مَنْت فَكَا تَرْجِعُوهُنَّ إِلَى ٱلْكُفَّار لَاهُنَّ حَلُّ لَمُّمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحَلُّونَ لَمُنَّ وَءَاتُوهُم مَّا أَنفَقُواْ وَلا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ أَنْ تَنكُحُوهُنَّ إِذَا ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ أَجُورُهُنَّ



may turn away, lo! still Allah, He is the Absolute, the Owner of Praise.

- 7. It may be that Allah will ordain love between you and those of them with whom ye are at enmity. Allah is Mighty, and Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 8. Allah forbiddeth you not those who warred not against you on account of religion and drove you not out from your homes, that ye should show them kindness and deal justly with them. Lo! Allah loveth the just dealers.
- 9. Allah forbiddeth you only those who warred against you on account of religion and have driven you out from your homes and helped to drive you out, that ye make friends of them. Whosoever maketh friends of them— (All) such are wrong-doers.
- 10. O ye who believe! When believing women come unto you as fugitives, examine them. Allah is Best Aware of their faith. Then, if ye know them for true believers, send them not back unto the disbelievers. They are not lawful for them (the disbelievers), nor are they (the disbelievers) lawful for them. And give them (the disbelievers) that which they have spent (upon them). And it is no sin for you to marry such women when ye have given them their dues.

وَلَا تُمْسَكُواْ بعصَم ٱلْكُوافر وَسْعَلُواْ مَا أَنْفَقُمُ وَلْيَسْعَلُواْ مَا أَنفَقُوا ۚ ذَالكُرْ حُكُدُ اللَّهِ يَحْكُرُ بَيْنَكُمُّ ۗ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْمٌ حَكيُّم ﴿ وَإِن فَاتَكُرْشَى اللَّهُ مَنْ أَزْوَ اجكُرْ إِلَى ٱلْكُفَّار فَعَاقَبْتُمْ فَعَاتُواْ الَّذِينَ ذَهَبَتْ أَزْوَاجُهُم مَثْلَ مَا أَنفَقُواْ وَاتَّقُواْ اللهَ الَّذِيَّ أَنتُم بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ ١ يَثَأَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ إِذَا جَاءَكَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتُ يُبَايِعْنَكَ عَلَىٰ أَن لَا يُشْرِكُنَ بِاللهُ شَيْعًا وَلَا يَسْرِقْنَ وَلَا يَزْنينَ وَلَا يَقْتُلْنَ أَوْلَنَدُهُنَّ وَلَا يَأْتينَ بهتن يَفْتَرِينَهُ بَيْنَ أَيْدِهِنَّ وَأَرْجُلُهِنَّ وَلا يَعْصِينَكَ في مَعْرُوفَ فَبَايِعُهُنَّ وَأَسْتَغَفْرُكُنَّ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهِ عَفُورٌ رَّحيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا نَتَوَلَّوْاْ قَوْمًا غَضبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمْ قَدْ يَبِسُواْ مِنَ الْآخِرَةَ كُمَا يَبِسَ الْكُفَّارُ مِنْ أُصَّلِب الْقَبُورِ ﴿

And hold not to the ties of disbelieving women; and ask for (the return of) that which ye have spent; and let them (the disbelievers) ask for that which they have spent. That is the judgment of Allah. He judgeth between you. Allah is Knower, Wise.

- 11. And if any of your wives have gone from you unto the disbelievers and afterward ye have your turn (of triumph), then give unto those whose wives have gone the like of that which they have spent, and keep your duty to Allah in Whom ye are believers.
- 12. O Prophet! If believing women come unto thee, taking oath of allegiance unto thee that they will ascribe no thing as partner unto Allah, and will neither steal nor commit adultery nor kill their children, nor produce any lie that they have devised between their hands and feet, nor disobey thee in what is right, then accept their allegiance and ask Allah to forgive them. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 13. O ye who believe! Be not friendly with a folk with whom Allah is wroth, (a folk) who have despaired of the Hereafter as the disbelievers despair of those who are in the graves.

¹ This is called the women's oath of allegiance. It was the oath exacted from men also until the second pact of Al-'Aqabah when the duty of defence was added to the men's oath.

(٦١) سُوُلِوٌ الصّف مَلانيّة وآياهنا ١٤ نزلت بغـلالنغّابُن

بِنْ لِمُعْرِالِحِيدِ

سَبَّحَ لله مَا في السَّمَنوَات وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضُ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ١ يَنَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ اَمَّنُواْ لِهَ تَقُولُونَ مَا لَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ كَابُرَمَقْتًا عندَ الله أَن تَقُولُواْ مَالًا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُقَاتِلُونَ في سَبيله، صَفًّا كَأَنَّهُم بُنْيَكُ مُّرْصُوصٌ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لقَوْمه ، يَنقَوْم لرَ تُؤُذُونَني وَقَد تَعْلَمُونَ أَنِّي رَسُولُ الله إِلَيْكُمُّ فَلَمَّا زَاغُواْ أَزَاغَ اللهُ قُلُوبَهُمْ وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَاسقينَ ﴿ وَإِذْ قَالَ عِيسَى ٱبْنُ مَرْيَمَ يَلْبَنِي

SÛRAH LXI

As-Saff, "The Ranks," takes its name from a word in v. 4. In the copy of the Qur'an which I have followed, it is stated to have been revealed at Mecca, though its contents evidently refer to the Madinah period. It may have been revealed while the Prophet and his companions were encamped in the valley of Mecca during the negotiations of the Truce of Hudeybiyah, with which some of its verses are associated by tradition,

In that case the date of revelation would be the sixth year of the

Hijrah.

THERANKS

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. All that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth glorifieth Allah, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

2. O ye who believe! Why say ye that which ye do not?

3. It is most hateful in the sight of Allah that ye say that which we do not.

4. Lo! Allah loveth those who battle for His cause in ranks, as if they were a solid structure.

5. And (remember) when Moses said unto his people: O my people! Why persecute ye me, when ye well know that I am Allah's messenger unto you? So when they went astray Allah sent their hearts astray. And Allah guideth not the evilliving folk.

6. And when Jesus son of Mary said: O Children of

إِسْرَا وِبِلَ إِنِّي رَسُولُ اللهِ إِلَيْكُمْ مُصَدِّقًا لَمَا بَيْنَ يَدَّيَّ مِنَ ٱلنَّوْرَيْةِ وَمُبِشَرًا بِرَسُولِ يَأْتَى مِنْ بَعْدِي ٱسْمُهُۥ أَحْمَدُ فَلَمَّا جَآءَ هُم بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ قَالُواْ هَاذَا سُورٌ مُّبِينٌ ٢ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مَمَّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱلله ٱلْكَذَبَ وَهُوَ يُدْعَىٰ إِلَى ٱلْإِسْلَامْ وَٱللهُ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلمينَ ﴿ يُرِيدُونَ ليُطْفِعُواْ نُورَالله بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَاللهُ مُتَّمُّ نُوره ، وَلَوْكُرهَ ٱلْكَنفُرُ ونَ ﴿ مُوَالَّذِيّ أَرْسَلَ رَسُولُهُ بِالْمُدِّين وَدِين ٱلْحَقّ لَيُظْهَرُهُ عَلَى ٱلدّين كُلّه عَوَلَوْكُوهَ ٱلْمُشْرِكُونَ رَبَّ يَتَأَيُّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ هَلْ أَدُلْكُمْ عَلَى تَجَدْرَه تُنجيكُم مَنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيهِ ﴿ ثُنُّ مُنُونَ بَاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَتُجَلُّهُدُونَ في سَبيل الله بأَمْوَالكُمْ وَأَنفُسكُمْ ۚ ذَالكُمْ خَيراً كُمُّ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ١ يَغَفْرُ لَكُرْ ذُنُو بَكُرْ وَيُدْخِلُكُرْ جَنَّت

Israel! Lo! I am the messenger of Allah unto you, confirming that which was (revealed) before me in the Torah, and bringing good tidings of a messenger who cometh after me, whose name is the Praised One. Yet when he hath come unto them with clear proofs, they say: This is mere magic.

- 7. And who doth greater wrong than he who inventeth a lie against Allah when he is summoned unto Al-Islâm?³ And Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 8. Fain would they put out the light of Allah with their mouths, but Allah will perfect His light however much the disbelievers are averse.
- 9. He it is Who hath sent His messenger with the guidance and the religion of truth, that He may make it conqueror of all religion however much idolaters may be averse.
- 10. O ye who believe! Shall I show you a commerce that will save you from a painful doom?
- 11. Ye should believe in Allah and His messenger, and should strive for the cause of Allah with your wealth and your lives. That is better for you, if ye did but know.
 - 12. He will forgive you your sins and bring you into

¹ Books of Moses.

² Ar. Ahmad. A name of the Prophet of Arabia. The promised "Comforter" was believed by many Christian communities of the East to be a prophet yet to come, and most of them accepted Muhammad as that prophet.

³ Lit. "The Surrender."

تَجْرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ وَمَسَلَكُنَ طَيْبَةً فِي جَنَّاتِ عَدْنَ ذَالِكَ الْفَوْرُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿ وَالْحَرَى اللهُ اللهِ الله

> (٦٢) سِنورة الجمعكة بملائية وآيا تما ١١ نزلت بعند الشفت

ين إِللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

يُسَبِّحُ لِلْهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَلَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ٱلْمَلْكِ ٱلْقُدُوسِ



in Gardens of Eden. That is the supreme triumph.

- 13. And (He will give you) another (blessing) which ye love: help from Allah and present victory. Give good tidings (O Muhammad) to believers.
- 14. O ye who believe! Be Allah's helpers, even as Jesus son of Mary said unto the disciples: Who are my helpers for Allah? They said: We are Allah's helpers. And a party of the Children of Israel believed, while a party disbelieved. Then We strengthened those who believed against their foe, and they became the uppermost.

SÛRAH LXII

Al-Jum'ab, "The Congregation," takes its name from a word in v. 9, where obedience to the call to congregational prayer is enjoined. Tradition says that vv. 9-11 refer to an occasion when a caravan entered Al-Madinah with beating of drums at the time when the Prophet was preaching in the mosque, and that the congregation broke away to look at it except twelve men. If, as one version of the tradition says, the caravan was that of Dahyah al-Kalbi, the incident must have occurred before the fifth year of the Hijrah, because Dahyah was a Muslim in the fifth year A.H.

The date of revelation is between the years 2 and 4 A.H.

THE CONGREGATION

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. All that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth glorifieth Allah, the Sovereign Lord, the Holy One, the

الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكَمِ ﴿ هُوَ الَّذِي بَعَثَ فِي الْأُمِّيُّثَنَ رَسُولًا مَنْهُمْ يَتَلُواْ عَلَيْهُمْ ءَايَنته، وَيُزكِّيهُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلْكَتَلَبُ وَٱلْحَكَمَةَ وَ إِن كَانُواْ مِن قَبُّلُ آنِي ضَلَال مُّبين ﴿ وَ ۗ انَّو بِنَّ مَنْهُمْ لَمَّا يَلْحَقُواْ بِهِمْ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكيمُ ١ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَضْلُ الله يُؤْتِيه مَن يَشَآءُ وَاللهُ ذُوالْفَضْل الْعَظيم ٢ مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ مُمَّلُواْ ٱلتَّوْرَئةَ ثُمَّ لَرْ يَحْملُوهَا كَمَثَل ٱلْحَمَارِ يَحْملُ أَسْفَارَأُ بُنُسَ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتِ اللهِ وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلْمِينَ ﴿ قُلْ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُوٓاْ إِن زَعَمْهُمْ أَنَّكُمْ أُوليكَآءُ لله من دُون ٱلنَّاس فَتَمَنُّواْ الْمَوْتَ إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿ وَلَا يَتَمَنُّونَهُۥ أَبَدَا بَكَ قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهُمْ وَاللهُ عَليمُ الظَّلامينَ ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّ الْمَوْتَ ٱلَّذِي تَفْرُونَ مَنَّهُ فَإِنَّهُ مُلَقِيكُمْ ثُمَّ تُرَدُّونَ إِلَىٰ عَلَم الْفَيْب

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Mighty, the Wise.

- 2. He it is Who hath sent among the unlettered ones a messenger of their own, to recite unto them His revelations and to make them grow, and to teach them the Scripture and wisdom, though heretofore they were indeed in error manifest.
- 3. Along with others of them who have not yet joined them. He is the Mighty, the Wise.
- 4. That is the bounty of Allah; which He giveth unto whom He will. Allah is of Infinite Bounty.
- 5. The likeness of those who are entrusted with the Law of Moses, yet apply it not, is as the likeness of the ass carrying books. Wretched is the likeness of folk who deny the revelations of Allah. And Allah guideth not wrongdoing folk.
- 6. Say (O Muhammad): O ye who are Jews! If ye claim that ye are favoured of Allah apart from (all) mankind, then long for death if ye are truthful.
- 7. But they will never long for it because of all that their own hands have sent before, and Allah is Aware of evil-doers.
- 8. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Lot the death from which ye shrink will surely meet you, and afterward ye will be returned unto the Knower of the Invisible and the Visible,

وَالشَّهَادَةِ فَيُنَبِّشُكُم عِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ رَبَّى بَنَا بُهَا الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ إِذَا نُودِى للصَّلَوْةِ مِن يَوْمِ الجُّهُعَةِ فَاسْعَوْاْ إِلَى ذِكْرِ اللهِ وَذَرُواْ النَّيْعَ ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ اللهِ وَذَرُواْ النَّيْعَ ذَلكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ وَاللهُ وَلَا اللهِ وَالْمَنْ وَا اللهِ وَاذْكُرُ وَا الله كَشيرًا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ إِنْ وَإِذَا رَأُواْ اللهِ وَاذْكُواْ اللهُ كَشيرًا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ إِنَّ وَإِذَا رَأُواْ تَجَلّرَةً أَوْ هَوَا اللهُ كَشيرًا لَقَالَمُ وَتَرَكُوكَ قَامِكَ قَالِمَ اللهُ عَلَى مَا عِندَ اللهِ خَيْرٌ مِنَ اللّهُ وَمِنَ النّجَارَةَ وَاللهُ خَيْرُ الرَّارِقِينَ رَبَى اللهِ عَنْدُ اللهِ خَيْرٌ مِنَ اللّهِ وَمِنَ النّجَارَةَ وَاللهُ خَيْرُ الرَّارِقِينَ رَبَى

(٦٣) سُورةِ المنافِقونَ ملانِيّة وآياهَــًا ١١ نزلتُ بعدُ للجَيْج

إِذَا جَآءَكَ الْمُنْفَقُونَ قَالُواْ نَشْهَدُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُ اللهِ

and He will tell you what ye used to do.

9. O ye who believe! When the call is heard for the prayer of the day of congregation, haste unto remembrance of Allah and leave your trading. That is better for you if ye did but know.

10. And when the prayer is ended, then disperse in the land and seek of Allah's bounty, and remember Allah much, that ye may be successful.

11. But when they spy some merchandise or pastime they break away to it and leave thee standing. Say: That which Allah hath is better than pastime and than merchandise, and Allah is the Best of providers.

SÜRAH LXIII

Al-Munăfuqun, "The Hypocrites," takes its name from a word occurring in the first verse. Verse 8 refers to a remark of Abdullah ibn Ubeyy, the "Hypocrite" leader, expressing the desire that the old aristoctacy of Yathrib, of which he had been the acknowledged chief, might regain the ascendancy and turn out the refugees from Mecca whom he regarded as intruders.

The date of revelation is the fourth year of the Hijrah.

THE HYPOCRITES

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. When the hypocrites come unto thee (O Muhammad), they say: We bear witness that thou art indeed Allah's

وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ وَٱللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّ ٱلْمُنْفَقِينَ لَكُنذُبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْخَذُواْ أَيْمَنَهُمْ جُنَّةً فَصَدُّواْ عَن سَبيل ٱلله إِنَّهُمْ سَآءَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ ذَلَكَ بَأَنَّهُمْ اَمُّواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُ واْ فَطُبِعَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ ٢ * وَ إِذَا رَأَيْتُهُمْ تُعْجَبُكَ أَجْسَامُهُمْ ۖ وَإِن يَقُولُواْ تَسْمَعُ لَقَوْلُمْ مُ كَأَيُّهُمْ خُشُبُ مُسَنَّدَةً يَحْسَبُونَ كُلَّ صَيْحة عَلَيْهم هُمُ الْعَدُوفَ آحَدَرُهُم عَلَيْلَهُمُ اللهُ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَمُهُمْ تَعَالُواْ يَسْتَغْفُرلَكُمُ * رُسُولُ ٱللهُ لَوَّ وَأُرْءُ وَسَهُمْ وَرَأَيْتُهُمْ يَصُدُونَ وَهُم مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ رَبِّي سَوَآةً عَلَيْهِمْ أَسْتَغْفَرْتَ هَمُ أَمْ أَمْ لَر لَّمْتَغْفْرُ لَهُمُ لَن يَغْفَرَ اللهُ لَهُمُ إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْدى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَسْقِينَ ﴿ مُ مُ الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ لَا تُنفقُواْ عَلَى مَنْ



messenger. And Allah knoweth that thou art indeed His messenger, and Allah beareth witness that the hypocrites indeed are speaking falsely.

- 2. They make their faith a pretext so that they may turn (men) from the way of Allah. Verily evil is that which they are wont to do,
- 3. That is because they believed, then disbelieved, therefore their hearts are sealed so that they understand not.
- 4. And when thou seest them their figures please thee; and if they speak thou givest ear unto their speech. (They are) as though they were blocks of wood in striped cloaks. They deem every shout to be against them. They are the enemy, so beware of them. Allah confound them! How they are perverted!
- 5. And when it is said unto them: Come! The messenger of Allah will ask forgiveness for you! they avert their faces and thou seest them turning away, disdainful.
- 6. Whether thou ask forgiveness for them or ask not forgiveness for them is all one for them; Allah will not forgive them. Lo! Allah guideth not the evil-living folk.
 - They it is who say: Spend not on behalf of those
 Or propped-up blacks of wood.

عنـدَ رَسُول الله حَتَّىٰ يَنفَضُواۚ وَلله خَزَآ بِنُ السَّمَنوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَكَنَّ ٱلْمُنَفقينَ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ ﴿ يَقُولُونَ لَين زَّجَعْنَا إِلَى الْمَدينَة لَيُخْرِجَنَّ الْأَعَزُّ مِنْكَ الْأَذَلُّ وَلله ٱلْعِنَّةُ وَلرَّسُوله ع وَللَّهُ وْمنينَ وَلَكِّنَ ٱلْمُنْفقينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ فِي يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا نُلْهِكُمْ أَمُواْ لُكُمْ وَلَآ أَوْلَكُ كُرْعَن ذَكُراللهُ وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَاكَ فَأُوْلَيْكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَسَرُونَ ٢٥ وَأَنفَقُواْ مِن مَّا رَزَقْنَكُمْ مَن قَبْل أَنْ يَأْتِيَ أَحَدَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ فَيَقُولَ رَبِّ لَوْلَا أَنَّوْتَنِي إِلَّىٰ أَجَل قَريب فَأَصَّدَّقَ وَأَكُن مَنَ ٱلصَّلحينَ ٢ وَلَن يُؤَخَّرَاللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِذَا جَآءَ أَجَلُهَا ۚ وَٱللَّهُ خَدِيرٌ كِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ١

(who dwell) with Allah's messenger that they may disperse (and go away from you); when Allah's are the treasures of the heavens and the earth; but the hypocrites comprehend not.

- 8. They say: Surely, if we return to Al-Madinah the mightier will soon drive out the weaker; when might belongeth to Allah and to His messenger and to the believers; but the hypocrites know not.
- 9. O ye who believe! Let not your wealth nor your children distract you from remembrance of Allah. Those who do so, they are the losers.
- 10. And spend of that wherewith We have provided you before death cometh unto one of you and he saith: My Lord! If only thou wouldst reprieve me for a little while, then I would give alms and be among the righteous.
- 11. But Allah reprieveth no soul when its term cometh, and Allah is Informed of what ye do.

(٦٤) يُوفِرَقِ النعابُن مكيتَة وآياها ١٨ نزلت بَعَث اللِقِهِرْ

يُسَبِّحُ للهُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضُ لَهُ ٱلْمَلْكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمَّدُ وَهُوَعَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ ﴿ هُوَالَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ فَنكُمْ كَا فر وَمنكُم مُؤْمنٌ وَاللهُ بَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ خَلَقَ السَّمَلَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْخُتَقِ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَنَوْت وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُسرُّونَ وَمَاتُعْلَنُونَ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ بَذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿ أَلَمْ يَأْتُكُمْ نَبَوُّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ من قَبْلُ فَذَاتُواْ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِمْ وَفَيُّمْ عَذَابٌ أَليمٌ ﴿

SURAH LXIV

At-Taghâbun, "Mutual Disillusion," takes its name from a word in v. o.

The date of revelation is possibly the year 1 A.H., though it is generally regarded as a late Meccan sûrah, vv. 14 ff. being taken as referring to the pressure brought to bear by wives and families to prevent Muslims leaving Mecca at the time of the Hijrah.

MUTUAL DISILLUSION

Revealed at Meccal

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. All that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth glorifieth Allah; unto Him belongeth Sovereignty and unto Him belongeth praise, and He is Able to do all things.

2. He it is Who created you, but one of you is a disbeliever and one of you is a believer, and Allah is Seer of

what ye do.

3. He created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He shaped you and made good your shapes, and unto Him is the journeying.

4. He knoweth all that is in the heavens and the earth, and He knoweth what ye conceal and what ye publish. And

Allah is Aware of what is in the breasts (of men).

5. Hath not the story reached you of those who disbelieved of old and so did taste the ill-effects of their conduct, and theirs will be a painful doom.

1 Also regarded in Egypt as revealed at Al-Madinab.

ذَاكَ بِأَنَّهُ كَانَت تَأْتِهِمْ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَقَالُوٓاْ اررور. ابشريهدُوننا فَكَفُرُواْ وَنَوَلُواْ وَاسْتَغْنَى اللهُ وَاللَّهُ عَنْيُ حَمِيدٌ ١ إِنَّ عَمَ الَّذِينَ كَغَرُوٓا أَن لَّن يُبْعَثُوا ۚ فُلْ بَلَى وَرَبِّي لَتُبْعَثُنَّ ثُمَّ لَتُنَّبُّونً بَمَ عَمْلُمُ وَذَلكَ عَلَى الله يَسيرٌ ﴿ فَعَامَنُواْ بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۗ وَالنُّورَالَّذِيٓ أَزَلْكَ أَ وَاللهُ عَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿ يَ يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُكُمْ لَيَوْمِ ٱلْحَمْعُ ذَالِكَ يَوْمُ ٱلتَّغَابُنُ وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَيَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا يُكَفِّرْعَنْهُ سَيْعَاته ع وَيُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّات تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَالُوَخُلدينَ فِهَآ أَبَداً ذَاكَ ٱلْفَوْزُٱلْعَظيمُ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتنَا أَوْلَتِهِكَ أَحْعَلُ ٱلنَّارِ خَلدينَ فيها وَبِنْسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ أَنُّ مَا أَصَابَ من مُصِيبَة إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ يَهْدَ قَلْبَهُ, وَاللَّهُ

- 6. That was because their messengers (from Allah) kept coming unto them with clear proofs (of Allah's Sovereignty), but they said: Shall mere mortals guide us? So they disbelieved and turned away, and Allah was independent (of them). Allah is Absolute, Owner of Praise.
- 7. Those who disbelieve assert that they will not be raised again. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): Yea, verily, by my Lord! ye will be raised again and then ye will be informed of what ye did; and that is easy for Allah.
- 8. So believe in Allah and His messenger and the light which We have revealed. And Allah is Informed of what ye
- 9. The day when He shall gather you unto the Day of Assembling, that will be a day of mutual disillusion. And whoso believeth in Allah and doeth right, He will remit from him his evil deeds and will bring him into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, therein to abide for ever. That is the supreme triumph.
- 10. But those who disbelieve and deny Our revelations, such are owners of the Fire; they will abide therein—a hapless journey's end!
- 11. No calamity befalleth save by Allah's leave. And whosoever believeth in Allah, He guideth his heart. And

بكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَليمٌ ١ وَأَطيعُواْ ٱللهَ وَأَطيعُواْ ٱللَّهِ وَأَطيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَإِن تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَإِ نَّكَ عَلَى رَسُولنَ الْبَلَغُ الْمُبِينُ ٢ اللهُ لَا إِلَهُ إِلَّا هُوُّ وَعَلَى اللهُ فَلْيَنُوكُلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿ يَنَا يَهِ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ إِنَّ مِنْ أَزْ وَاجِكُمْ وَأُولَندُكُمْ عَدُوًّا لَّكُمْ فَأَحْذَرُ وهُمَّ وَإِن تَعْفُواْ وَتَصْفَحُواْ وَتَغْفُرُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّكَ أَمُّوا لُكُمْ وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ فَتْنَةٌ ۗ وَ اللهُ عندَهُ وَ أَجْرُعَظيُّم ﴿ إِنَّ فَا تَّقُواْ اللهَ مَا ٱسْتَطَعْتُمْ وَأَشْعُواْ وَأَطِيعُواْ وَأَنفقُواْ خَيْراً لاَّ نفسكُمْ وَمَن يُوقَ شُحَّ نَفْسه، فَأُولَنَيكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلُحُونَ ١٠٠٠ إن تُقْرَضُواْ ٱللهُ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا يُضَاعِفُهُ لَكُرْ وَيَغْفَرْلَكُمْ ۗ وَٱللهُ شَكُورُ حَليمٌ ١٠٠٠ عَللمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَلدَة ٱلْعَزيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ١

12. Obey Allah and obey His messenger; but if ye turn away, then the duty of Our messenger is only to convey

(the message) plainly.

- 13. Allah! There is no God save Him. In Allah, therefore, let believers put their trust.
- 14. O ye who believe! Lo! among your wives and your children there are enemies for you, therefor beware of them. And if ye efface and overlook and forgive, then lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- 15. Your wealth and your children are only a temptation, whereas Allah! with Him is an immense reward.
- 16. So keep your duty to Allah as best ye can, and listen, and obey, and spend; that is better for your souls. And whoso is saved from his own greed, such are the successful.
- 17. If ye lend unto Allah a goodly loan, He will double it for you and will forgive you, for Allah is Responsive, Clement.
- 18. Knower of the Invisible and the Visible, the Mighty, the Wise.

¹ i.e. a loan without interest or any thought of gain or loss.

(٦٥) سُِورةِ الطلاق مَلانِيْت وآيا هَــا ١٢ نزلِت بَعْدُ الإنسَانَ

يَتَأَيُّكَ ٱلنَّبِيُّ إِذَا طَلَّقُتُمُ ٱلنَّسَآءَ فَطَلَّقُوهُنَّ لَعَـدَّ تَهَنَّ وَأَحْمُواْ ٱلْعَدَّةُ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللهَ رَبُّكُمُ لَا يُحْرَجُوهُنَّ مَن لِيُومِنَّ وَلَا يَغْرُجُنَ إِلَّا أَن يَأْتِينَ بِفَيحِشَة مُّبَيِّنَة وَتَلْكَ رُ رُورِ اللهِ وَمَن يَتَعَـدُ حُدُودَ اللهِ فَقَـدُ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ وَ عَلَمَ مَنْفَسَهُ لَاتَدْرِي لَعَلَّ اللَّهَ يُحَدَّثُ بَعْدَ ذَاكَ أَمَّراً ﴿ فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَأَمْسُكُوهُنَّ بَمَعْرُوفَ أَوْ فَارْتُوهُنَّ بَمَعْرُوف وَأَشْهَدُواْ ذَوَيْ عَدْل مَّنكُرْ وَأَقيمُواْ ٱلشَّهَائِدَةَ لللهُ ذَالكُرْ يُوعَظُ بِهِ مَن كَانَ يُؤْمِنُ بَاللَّهِ وَٱلْمَيْوْمِ ٱلْآخِرْ وَمَن يَتَّوْ





At-Talâq, "Divorce," is so called from vv. 1-7, which contain an amendment to the laws of divorce which are set forth in sûrah II. This is generally referred traditionally to a mistake made by Ibn 'Umar in divorcing his wife, which is said to have happened in the 6th year of the Hijrah. But others relate that the Prophet on that occasion only quoted this verse which had already been revealed.

The date of revelation is the sixth year of the Hijrah or a little earlier.

DIVORCE

Revealed at Al-Madinah

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. O Prophet! When ye (men) put away women, put them away for their (legal) period and reckon the period, and keep your duty to Allah, your Lord. Expel them not from their houses nor let them go forth unless they commit open immorality. Such are the limits (imposed by) Allah; and whoso transgresseth Allah's limits, he verily wrongeth his soul. Thou knowest not: it may be that Allah will afterward bring some new thing to pass.

2. Then, when they have reached their term, take them back in kindness or part from them in kindness, and call to witness two just men among you, and keep your testimony upright for Allah. Whoso believeth in Allah and the Last Day is exhorted to act thus. And whosoever keepeth his

ٱللَّهَ يَجْعَلَ لَّهُ مَخْرَجًا ﴿ وَيَرْدُونُهُ مَنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَحْتَسُبُ رَ رَرَوَكُمْ عَلَى اللهِ فَهُوحَسُبُهُۥ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بَلْـعُ أَمْرُهُ؞ وَمَنْ يَتُوكُمْ عَلَى اللهِ فَهُوحَسُبُهُۥ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بَلْـعُ أَمْرُهُ؞ قَدْجَعَلَ اللهُ لكُلِّ مَنْ و قَدْراً ﴿ وَالنَّدِي يَبِسْنَ منَ ٱلْمَحِيض من نَّسَا يِكُرْ إِن ٱرْ تَبْتُمْ فَعَدَّتُهُنَّ ثَلَاثَةُ أَشْهُر وَالَّنَّتِي لَمْ يَحَضَّنُّ وَأُولَنتُ ٱلْأَحْمَالِ أَجَلُهُنَّ أَن يَضَعْنَ مَلَهُنَّ وَمَن يَتَّقَ ٱللَّهَ يَجْعَلَ لَّهُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ عَيْسُوا ﴿ ذَاكَ أَمْرُ اللهُ أَنْزَلَهُ إِلَيْكُمُّ وَمَن يَتَّق اللهَ يُكَفِّرْعَنْهُ سَيَّاته ع وَيُعظم لَهُ وَأَجَّرًا فِي أَسْكِنُوهُنَّ مَنْ حَيْثُ سَكَنتُم مِن وُجِدكُرُ وَلَا تُضَارُ وهُنَّ لتُضَيَّقُواْ عَلَيْهِ نَّ وَ إِن كُنَّ أُولَكَت حَمْلِ فَأَنفَقُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ حَتَّى يَضَعْنَ حَمْلَهُنَّ فَإِنْ أَرْضُ عَنَ لَكُرُ فَعَا تُوهِنَ أَجُورُهِنَ وَأَنْمُرُواْ بِينَـكُمُ إُ بَمَعْرُوفَ وَ إِن تَعَاسَرُمُ فَسَيْرُضِهُ لَهُ ۗ أَنْوَىٰ ﴿ لِينَفَقَ

- 3. And will provide for him from (a quarter) whence he hath no expectation. And whosoever putteth his trust in Allah, He will suffice him. Lo! Allah bringeth His command to pass. Allah hath set a measure for all things.
- 4. And for such of your women as despair of menstruation, if ye doubt, their period (of waiting) shall be three months, along with those who have it not. And for those with child, their period shall be till they bring forth their burden. And whosoever keepeth his duty to Allah, He maketh his course easy for him.
- 5. That is the commandment of Allah which He revealeth unto you. And whoso keepeth his duty to Allah, He will remit from him his evil deeds and magnify reward for him.
- 6. Lodge them where ye dwell, according to your wealth, and harass them not so as to straiten life for them. And if they are with child, then spend for them till they bring forth their burden. Then, if they give suck for you, give them their due payment and consult together in kindness; but if ye make difficulties for one another, then let some other woman give suck for him (the father of the child).

ذُوسَعَة مَّن سَعَته ع وَمَن قُدرَعَلَيْه رِزْقُهُ, فَلَيْنُفِي مَّلَ ءَاتَلُهُ اللَّهُ لَا يُكَلِّفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا مَا ءَاتَلَهَا سَيَجْعَلُ ٱلله بَعْدَ عُسْرِيسًا ﴿ وَكَأْيِن مَن قَرْيَة عَتَتْ عَن أَمْر رَبَّهَا وَرُسُله عَ فَحَاسَبْنَهُ احسَاباً شَديدًا وَعَلَّبْنَهَا عَذَاباً نَّكُوا ﴿ فَذَاقَتْ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهَا وَكَانَ عَنْقَبَةُ أَمْرِهَا خُسرًا ٢ أَعَدَّ اللهُ لَهُمْ عَذَا بَاشَد يُدًا فَآتَفُواْ اللهُ يَنَّاولَى ٱلْأَلْبَبِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَ قَدْ أَزَلَ ٱللهُ إِلَيْكُرُ ذَكُوا ٢ رَّسُولًا يَتْلُواْ عَلَيْكُمْ اَيَكِتَ اللهُ مُبَيِّنَتِ لَيُخْرِجَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمُلُواْ ٱلصَّالحَات مِنَ ٱلظُّلُمَات إِلَى ٱلنُّورْ وَمَن يُؤُمنُ بِاللهِ وَيَعْمَلُ صَلْحًا يُدْخَلُهُ جَنَّت تَجْرى من تَحْتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلَايِنَ فِيهَا أَبَداً قَدْ أَحْسَ اللهُ لَهُ رزْقًا ١١٥ اللهُ الذِّي خَطَقَ سَنْعَ سَمْنَوَات وَمَنَ ٱلْأَرْض

- 7. Let him who hath abundance spend of his abundance, and he whose provision is measured, let him spend of that which Allah hath given him. Allah asketh naught of any soul save that which He hath given it. Allah will vouchsafe, after hardship, ease.
- 8. And how many a community revolted against the ordinance of its Lord and His messengers, and We called it to a stern account and punished it with dire punishment,
- 9. So that it tasted the ill-effects of its conduct, and the consequence of its conduct was loss.
- to. Allah hath prepared for them stern punishment; so keep your duty to Allah, O men of understanding! O ye who believe! Now Allah hath sent down unto you a reminder,
- 11. A messenger reciting unto you the revelations of Allah made plain, that He may bring forth those who believe and do good works from darkness unto light. And whosoever believeth in Allah and doeth right, He will bring him into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, therein to abide for ever. Allah hath made good provision for him.
 - 12. Allah it is Who hath created seven heavens, and of the

SÜRAH LXVI

At-Tahîm, "The Banning," takes its name from a word in v. 1. It was revealed at Al Madinah.

مِثْلَهُنَّ يَتَنَزَّلُ الْأَمْرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ لِنَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ اللهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مِثْلَهُنَّ يَتَنَزَّلُ اللهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلْمَا عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلْمَا عَلَىٰ عَلَيْ

(٦٦) مُونِقَا لِغَةَ لِمُرْمُلْ نِيْتِ وَآيَاتُهَا ١٢ نَزْلِتَ بَعَلَا لِجُحُواتِ

يَتَأَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ لِوَ تُحَوِّمُ مَا أَحَلَّ اللهُ لَكُ تَبْنَغِي مَرْضَاتَ أَزْ وَاجِكَ وَاللهُ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ شَيْ قَدْ فَرَضَ اللهُ لَكُوْ كَلَّهُ أَيْمَانَكُو وَاللهُ مَوْلِلَكُمُّ وَهُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ شَيْ وَإِذْ أَسَرَّ النَّبِيُّ إِلَى بَعْضِ أَزْ وَاجِهِ عَدِيثًا فَلَمَّ انبَاتُ فِي اللهُ عَرْفَ بَعْضَهُ وَأَعْرَضَ عَنْ بَعْضَ فَلَمَّا نَبَاتُ فَلَمَّا نَبَاتُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللهُ مَنْ النَّاكَ هَلَذَا قَالَ نَبَاتًى الْعَلَيمُ الْعَلَيمُ الْعَلَيمُ فَلَمَّا نَبَالُهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللّه



earth the like thereof. The commandment cometh down among them slowly, that ye may know that Allah is Able to do all things, and that Allah surroundeth all things in knowledge.

BANNING

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O Prophet! Why bannest thou that which Allah hath made lawful for thee, seeking to please thy wives? And Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.
- Allah hath made lawful for you (Muslims) absolution from your oaths (of such a kind), and Allah is your Protector. He is the Knower, the Wise.
- 3. When the Prophet confided a fact unto one of his wives and when she afterward divulged it and Allah apprised him thereof, he made known (to her) part thereof and passed over part. And when he told it her she said: Who hath told thee? He said: The Knower, the Aware hath told me.

ٱلْخَدِيرُ ﴿ إِن نَتُوبَاۤ إِلَى ٱلله فَقَدْ صَغَتْ قُلُوبُكُمَّآ وَ إِن تَظَامُوا عَلَيْهِ فَإِنَّ اللهَ هُوَمَوْلَلُهُ وَجَبْرِيلُ وَصَالحُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمَلَنِّيكَةُ بَعْدَ ذَاكَ ظَهِيرٌ ﴿ عَسَىٰ رَبُّهُ إِن طَلَّقَكُنَّ أَن يُبْدَلَهُ وَأَزْوَاجًا خَيْرًا مَنكُنَّ مُسْلَمَات مُّوْمِنَكَ قَانِدَكَ تَلَيِّكَ عَلِيدًات سَلْيِحَكَ تُلِيكِت وَأَبْكَارًا رَفِي بَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فُوٓاْ أَنفُسَكُمْ وَأَهْلِيكُمْ نَارَا وَقُودُهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱلْحَجَارَةُ عَلَيْهَا مَلَّتِكَةٌ عَلَاظٌ شَدَادٌ لَّا يَعْصُونَ اللَّهُ مَا أَمْرَهُمْ وَيَفْعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ ٢ يَنَأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَاتَعْنَذُرُواْ ٱلْيَوْمُّ إِنَّمَا نُجْزُونَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿ يَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ تُوبُواْ إِلَى ٱللهُ تَوْبَةً نَصُوحًا عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَنْ يُكَفِّرَ عَنكُمْ سَيَّعَا تكُرْ وَيدخَلَكُمْ جَنَّات تَجْرى مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ يَوْمَ لَا يُخْزى ٱللهُ ٱلنَّيَّ

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- 4. If ye twain turn unto Allah repentant, (ye have cause to do so) for your hearts desired (the ban); and if ye aid one another against him (Muhammad) then lo! Allah, even He, is his Protecting Friend, and Gabriel and the righteous among the believers; and furthermore the angels are his helpers.
- 5. It may happen that his Lord, if he divorce you, will give him in your stead wives better than you, submissive (to Allah), believing, pious, penitent, devout, inclined to fasting, widows and maids.
- 6. O ye who believe! Ward off from yourselves and your families a Fire whereof the fuel is men and stones, over which are set angels strong, severe, who resist not Allah in that which He commandeth them, but do that which they are commanded.
- 7. (Then it will be said): O ye who disbelieve! Make no excuses for yourselves this day. Ye are only being paid for what ye used to do.
- 8. O ye who believe! Turn unto Allah in sincere repentance! It may be that your Lord will remit from you your evil deeds and bring you into Gardens underneath which rivers flow, on the day when Allah will not abase the Prophet

وَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعْهُ ، نُورَهُمْ يَسْعَىٰ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهُمْ وَبِأَ يُمَـنَهُمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا أَثْمَهُ لَنَا نُورَنَا وَاغْفِرْلَنَ } إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ جَنهدَ الْكُفَّارَ وَالْمُنَافَقِينَ وَاغْلُظْ عَلَيْهُ مَ وَمَأْوَنُهُمْ جَهَمَّ وَبَشِّ الْمَصِيرُ ٢ ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَشَلًا لَلَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا أَمْرَأَتَ نُوحٍ وَأَمْرَأَتَ لُوطً كَانْتَا تَحْتَ عَبْدَيْن منْ عبادنا صَلاحَيْن فَخَانَنَا هُمَا فَلَمْ يُغْنِيا عَنْهُمَامِنَ ٱلله شَيْعًا وَقِيلَ آدْخُلا ٱلنَّارَمَعَ ٱلدَّخلينَ ﴿ وَضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا لَلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ آمْرَأَتَ فَرَعُونَ إِذْ قَالَتْ رَبّ أَبْن لِي عندَكَ بَيْنًا فِي أَلْحَنَّة وَتَجّني من فْرَعَوْنَ وَعَمَّله، وَنَجَنى مَنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّللمينَ ﴿ وَمَرْيَمُ ٱلْبَتَ عُمْرَانَ ٱلَّتِيَّ أَحْصَلَتْ فَرْجَهَا فَنَفَخْنَا فِيه مِن رُّوحِنَا وَصَدَّقَتْ بكَلَمَن رَبَّهَا وَكُتُبه ، وَكَانَتْ مِنَ ٱلْقَنتينَ رَبُّ

and those who believe with him. Their light will run before them and on their right hands: they will say: Our Lord! Perfect our light for us, and forgive us! Lo! Thou art Able to do all things.

- 9. O Prophet! Strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and be stern with them. Hell will be their home, a hapless journey's end.
- 10. Allah citeth an example for those who disbelieve: the wife of Noah and the wife of Lot, who were under two of Our righteous slaves yet betrayed them so that they (the husbands) availed them naught against Allah and it was said (unto them): Enter the Fire along with those who enter.
- 11. And Allah citeth an example for those who believe: the wife of Pharaoh when she said: My Lord! Build for me a home with thee in the Garden, and deliver me from Pharaoh and his work, and deliver me from evil-doing folk;
- 12. And Mary, daughter of 'Imrân, whose body was chaste, therefor We breathed therein something of Our Spirit. And she put faith in the words of her Lord and His scriptures, and was of the obedient.

(٦٧) سُؤنِ المُكاٰكَ مَكَتِبَ وآيا هَا ٣٠ نزلتَ بَعَدُلاَ لطِورِ

بِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

تَبَدَرُكَ ٱلَّذِي بِيده ٱلْمُلْكُ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَديرٌ ٢ الَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَالْحَيَوْةَ لَيَبْلُوَكُمْ أَيْكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلْغَفُورُ ﴿ اللَّهِ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمَنَوَ ات طَبَاقًا مَّا تَرَى في خَلْق الرَّحْمَن من تَفَوُتُ فَارْجِع الْبَصَرَهَلْ تَرَىٰ من فُطُور ﴿ ثُمَّ أَرْجِعِ ٱلْبَصَرَكَ رَّنَّيْنَ يَنقَلَبُ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْبَصَرُخَاسَتًا وَهُوَحَسِيرٌ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ زَيَّنَّا ٱلسَّمَآة ٱلدُّنْيَا بَمَصَابِيحَ وَجَعَلْنَاهَا رُجُومًا لِلشَّيَاطِينَ وَأَعْتَدُنَا لَمُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلسَّعير ﴿ وَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّهُمْ عَذَابُ



SÜRAH LXVII

Al-Mulk takes its name from a word in the first verse. It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

THE SOVEREIGNTY

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful,

1. Blessed is He in Whose hand is the Sovereignty, and, He is Able to do all things.

2. Who hath created life and death that He may try you which of you is best in conduct; and He is the Mighty, the Forgiving,

3. Who hath created seven heavens in harmony. Thou (Muhammad) canst see no fault in the Beneficent One's creation; then look again: Canst thou see any rifts?

4. Then look again and yet again, thy sight will return

unto thee weakened and made dim.

5. And verily We have beautified the world's heaven with lamps, and We have made them missiles for the devils,1 and for them We have prepared the doom of flame.

6. And for those who disbelieve in their Lord there is

¹ On the authority of a tradition going back to Ibn 'Abbas, the allusion is to the soothsayers and astrologers who saw the source of good and evil in the stars. See LXXII, v. 9, footnote.

جَهَنَّمَ ۗ وَبْنُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ إِذَاۤ أَلۡقُواْ فِيهَاسَمُعُواْ لَمَا شَهِيقًا وَهِيَ نَفُورُ (إِنَّ تَكَادُ بَمَيِّرُمْنَ ٱلْغَيْظُ كُلَّمَا أَلْهَرَ فِهَا فَوْجُ سَأَهُمُ خَزَنَهُمَا أَلَمْ يَأْنِكُمْ نَذِيرٌ ﴿ فِي قَالُواْ بَلَي قَدْجَاءَنَا نَذَيُّرُ فَكَنَّابْنَا وَقُلْنَا مَا نَزَّلَ اللهُ مِن شَيْءٍ إِنْ أَنُّمُ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالِ كَبِيرِ ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَوْكُنَّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقُلُ مَا كُنَّا فِي أَصَّابِ السَّعير ﴿ فَاعْتَرَفُواْ بِذَنَّهِمْ فَسُحْقًا لَأَضْعَلِ السَّعير ١ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَخْشُونَ رَبُّهُم بَا لَغَيْب لَهُم مَّغْفَرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ كَبيرٌ ١٠٠ وَأَسَّرُواْ فَوْلَكُمْ أُو اَجْهَرُ وَا بِهَ } إِنَّهُ عَلَيمُ بِذَات الصَّدُور ﴿ أَلَّا يَعْلَمُ مَنْ خَلَقَ وَهُوَ الَّطيفُ الْحَبِيرُ ﴿ ثَيُّ هُوَالَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَرْضَ ذَلُولًا فَآمُّهُ وَا فِي مَنَاكِبَهَا وَكُلُوا مِن رَّزْقه، وَ إِلَيْهُ ٱلنُّشُورُ ١٠ عَأْمَنتُم مَّن فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ أَن يَحْسَفَ بِكُرُ

- 7. When they are flung therein they hear its roaring as it boileth up,
- 8. As it would burst with rage. Whenever a (fresh) host is flung therein the wardens thereof ask them: Came there unto you no warner?
- 9. They say: Yea, verily, a warner came unto us; but we denied and said: Allah hath naught revealed; ye are in naught but a great error.
- 10. And they say: Had we been wont to listen or have sense, we had not been among the dwellers in the flames.
- 11. So they acknowledge their sins; but far removed (from mercy) are the dwellers in the flames.
- 12. Lo! those who fear their Lord in secret, theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward.
- 13. And keep your opinion secret or proclaim it, lo! He is Knower of all that is in the breasts (of men).
- 14. Should He not know what He created? And He is the Subtile, the Aware.
- 15. He it is Who hath made the earth subservient unto you, so walk in the paths thereof and eat of His providence. And unto Him will be the resurrection (of the dead).
- 16. Have ye taken security from Him Who is in the heaven that He will not cause the earth to swallow you

ٱلْأَرْضَ فَإِذَا هِيَ تَمُورُ إِنَّ أَمْ أَمْنُهُمْ مَّن فِي ٱلسَّمَا وَأَن رُسُلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا فَسَعَلَمُونَ كَيْفَ نَذْير ١٠٥ وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكير ﴿ أُولَوْ يَرُواْ إِلَى ٱلطَّيْرِ فَوْقَهُمْ صَنَفَّت وَيَقْبِضَنَ مَا يُمْسُكُمُنَّ إِلَّا ٱلرَّحْمَنُ إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ بَصِيرٌ ﴿ إِنِي أَمَّنُ هَلَذَا ٱلَّذِي هُوَ جُندٌ لَّكُرْ يَنصُرُكُم مَن دُون الرَّحْمَن إِن الْكَنفرُونَ إِلَّا في غُرُور إِنِّي أَمَّنْ هَنْذَا الَّذِي يَرْزُقُكُمْ إِنْ أَمْسَكَ رِزْقَهُ بَل بَقَوَّا في عُنَّو وَنُفُور ﴿ إِنَّ أَفَلَ يَمْشِي مُكًّا عَلَى وَجْهِه = أَهْدَى أَمَّن يَمْشي سَويًّا عَلَى صَرَاط مُّسْتَقيم ٢٠٠٠ قُلْ هُو ٱلَّذِيَّ أَنْشَأَكُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَكُهُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَ ٱلْأَبْصَارَ وَٱلْأَفْعَدَةً قَليلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُ ونَ ﴿ يَ قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِي ذَرَأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ إِلَيْهُ تُحَشَّرُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَّى هَنْذَا الْوَعْدُ إِن كُنتُمُّ

- 17. Or have ye taken security from Him Who is in the heaven that He will not let loose on you a hurricane? But ye shall know the manner of My warning.
- 18. And verily those before them denied, then (see) the manner of My wrath (with them)!
- 19. Have they not seen the birds above them spreading out their wings and closing them? Naught upholdeth them save the Beneficent. Lo! He is Seer of all things.
- 20. Or who is he that will be an army unto you to help you instead of the Beneficent? The disbelievers are in naught but illusion.
- 21. Or who is he that will provide for you if He should withhold His providence? Nay, but they are set in pride and frowardness.
- 22. Is he who goeth groping on his face more rightly guided, or he who walketh upright on a straight road?
- 23. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): He it is Who gave you being, and hath assigned unto you ears and eyes and hearts. Small thanks give ye!
- 24. Say: He it is Who multiplieth you in the earth, and unto Whom ye will be gathered.
 - 25. And they say: When (will) this promise (be fulfilled),

صَدَّقِينَ ﴿ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ الْعِلْمُ عِندَ اللهِ وَإِنَّمَا أَنَا الْدَيْرُ وَا مُعِينٌ ﴿ وَهُ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا مُعِينٌ ﴿ وَهُ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا مُعِينٌ ﴿ وَقَيلَ هَلْمَا اللَّذِي كُنتُم بِهِ عَلَمَّا عُونَ ﴿ فَا اللَّهِ مِنْ كَفَرُ وَا اللَّهُ وَمَن مَعِي أَوْ رَحَمْنا فَمَن يُجِيرُ الْكُنفِرِينَ مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيهِ وَمَلَيْهُ تَوَكَّلَنا عَلَيْ اللّهُ وَمَن مَعْ فَو رَحَمْنا فَمَن يُجِيرُ الْكُنفِرِينَ مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيهِ وَمَلَيْهُ تَوَكَّلَنا عَلَيْهِ مَن اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهُ مَن عَلَيْهُ مَن عَلَيْهُ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهُ مِن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْ اللّهُ مُن عَلَيْهُ مِن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهُ مَن عَلَيْهُ مِن عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهِ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَن عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِن مِن عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمْ عَلَيْهِ مَن عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلْهُ عَلْمَ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْمِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَ

(٦٨) سُيوْرَقُوا لِقَعَامُ مَكِيَّةً الامرَاية اللَّالِيَّةِ آيَةِ ٢٢ ومِزَايةِ ١٨ الْعَالَةِ أَنَّهُ وَالْفَايَةِ وآيا لِمَايَا ٢٥ نزلت بِعَثْ الْعَلَقَ

نَ وَٱلْقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسْطُرُونَ ٥ مَا أَنتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ



if ye are truthful?

26. Say: The knowledge is with Allah only, and I am but a plain warner;

27. But when they see it nigh, the faces of those who disbelieve will be awry, and it will be said (unto them):

This is that for which ye used to call.

28. Say (O Muhammad): Have ye thought: Whether Allah causeth me (Muhammad) and those with me to perish or hath mercy on us, still, who will protect the disbelievers from a painful doom?

29. Say: He is the Beneficent. In Him we believe and in Him we put our trust. And ye will soon know who it is

that is in error manifest.

30. Say: Have ye thought: If (all) your water were to disappear into the earth, who then could bring you gushing water?

SÛRAH LXVIII

Al-Qalam, "The Pen," takes its name from a word in the first verse. A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE PEN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. Nûn. By the pen and that which they write (therewith),

2. Thou art not, for thy Lord's favour unto thee, a

بَمْجُنُون ﴿ وَإِنَّا لَكَ لَأَبْرًا غَيْرَكَمْنُون ﴿ وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَىٰ خُلُق عَظيم ﴿ يَ فَسَنَّبْصُرُ وَيُبْصُرُونَ ﴿ يَا يَلُّمُ ٱلْمَفْتُونُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَأَعْلَمُ بَمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبيله، وَهُوَأَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿ فَلَا تُطعِ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٢ وَدُّواْ لَوْ تُدَّمُّنُ فَيُدْ مِنُونَ ﴿ وَالْ تُطعَّ كُلَّ حَلَّافَ مَّهِينِ ﴿ مَنَّا زِمُّنَّا مِ بِنَمِيدِ ﴿ مَنَّاعِ لَلْخَيْرِمُعْنَدِ أَنْهِ ﴿ عُتُلَ بَعْدَذَاكَ زَنْمِ ﴿ أَنْ كَانَ ذَا مَال وَبَنينَ ١٠٠ إِذَا نُتْلَى عَلَيْه وَايَنْتَنَا قَالَ أُسْلِطيرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ٢٠ سَنَسمُهُ عَلَى ٱلْخُرْطُوم ١٠ إِنَّا بَلَوْنَدُهُمْ كَمَا بَلُونَا أَحْدَبُ أَلِحَنَّة إِذْ أَقْسُمُواْ لَيُصْرِمْنَهَا مُصْبِحِينَ ١ وَلَا يَسْتَثُنُونَ ٢٠٠ فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَا طَآيِثُ مِّن رَّبِكَ وَهُمْ نَا يَمُونَ ﴿ فَأَصْبَحَتْ كَالصَّرِيمِ ﴿ فَنَنَادُواْ

madman.

- 3. And lo! thine verily will be a reward unfailing.
- 4. And lo! thou art of a tremendous nature.
- 5. And thou wilt see and they will see
- 6. Which of you is the demented.
- 7. Lo! thy Lord is Best Aware of him who strayeth from His way, and He is Best Aware of those who walk aright.
 - 8. Therefor obey not thou the rejecters
- 9. Who would have had thee compromise, that they may compromise.
 - 10. Neither obey thou each feeble oath-monger,
 - 11. Detracter, spreader abroad of slanders,
 - 12. Hinderer of the good, transgressor, malefactor
 - 13. Greedy therewithal, intrusive.
 - 14. It is because he is possessed of wealth and children
- 15. That, when Our revelations are recited unto him, he saith: Mere fables of the men of old.
 - 16. We shall brand him on the nose.
- 17. Lo! We have tried them as We tried the owners of the garden when they vowed that they would pluck its fruit next morning,
 - 18. And made no exception (for the Will of Allah);1
- 19. Then a visitation from thy Lord came upon it while they slept
 - 20. And in the morning it was as if plucked.

¹ i.e. they forgot to say: "If God wills."

مُصْبِحِينَ ﴿ أَن أَغْـدُواْ عَلَىٰ حَرْثُكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَارِمينَ ﴿ فَأَنظَلَقُواْ وَهُمْ يَتَخَلَفُتُونَ ﴿ أَن لَّا يَدْخُلَنَّهَا الْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكُم مُسْكِينٌ ﴿ وَ عَدَوْا عَلَى حَرْد قَندرينَ ﴿ مَن اللَّمَ ارَأُوهَا قَالُوا إِنَّا لَضَا لُّونَ ﴿ بَلْ يَحْنُ عَدُو مُونَ ١٠ قَالَ أَوْسَطُهُمْ أَلَدْ أَقُل لَّكُمْ لَوْلَا تُسَبُّحُونَ ﴿ قَالُواْ سُبْحَنَ رَبَّنَا إِنَّا كُنَّاظَلَمينَ ﴿ فَأَ قُبَلَ بَغُضُهُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضَ يَتَلَوَمُونَ ﴿ مَا قَالُواْ يَلَوَ يُلَنَّا إِنَّا كُنَّا طَلِعَينَ ﴿ عَسَى رَبُّنَا أَن يُبْدَلَنَا خَيْراً مَنْهَا إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبُّنَا رَاغُبُونَ ﴿ كُوْ اللَّهِ الْعَذَابُ وَلَعَذَابُ الْآخَرَة أُكْبَرُ لَوْكَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ عَنْدَ رَبِّهُ جَنَّتَ النَّعِيمِ ﴿ أَفَنَجْعَلُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ كَالْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ مَالَكُمْ كُنْفَ تَمْكُمُونَ ﴿ أَمْلَكُمْ كَتَابُ فِ

- 21. And they cried out one unto another in the morning,
- 22. Saying: Run unto your field if ye would pluck (the
- fruit).
 - 23. So they went off, saying one unto another in low tones:
 - 24. No needy man shall enter it to-day against you.1
 - 25. They went betimes, strong in (this) purpose.
 - 26. But when they saw it, they said: Lo! we are in error!
 - 27. Nay, but we are desolate!
- 28. The best among them said: Said I not unto you: Why glorify ye not (Allah)?
- 29. They said: Glorified be our Lord! Lo! we have been wrong-doers.
- 30. Then some of them drew near unto others, selfreproaching.
 - 31. They said: Alas for us! In truth we were outrageous.
- 32. It may be that our Lord will give us better than this in place thereof. Lo! we beseech our Lord.
- 33. Such was the punishment. And verily the punishment of the Hereafter is greater if they did but know.
- 34. Lo! for those who keep from evil are gardens of bliss with their Lord.
- 35. Shall We then treat those who have surrendered as We treat the guilty?
 - 36. What aileth you? How foolishly ye judge!
 - 37. Or have ye a scripture wherein ye learn

¹ It was a custom throughout the East to allow the poor a gleaning of all harvests.

² Ar. muslimfn.

تَدْرُسُونَ ١٠٠ إِنَّ لَكُمْ فِيهِ لَمَا تَخَيَّرُونَ ١٥٠ أَمْ لَكُمْ أَيْمَكُنُّ عَلَيْنَا بَلَغَةً إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقَيَامَة إِنَّ لَكُولَمَا تَحْكُمُونَ (١٠) سَلَّهُمْ أَيُّهُم بِذَالِكَ زَعيمُ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ لَهُمْ شُرَكًا ۗ فَلَيَّأْ تُواْ بشُركا بِهِمْ إِن كَانُواْ صَدْقينَ ١٠٠٠ يَوْمَ يُكْشَفُ عَن سَاق وَ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى السُّجُود فَلا يَسْتَطيعُونَ ﴿ يَ خَلْسَعَةً أَيْصَارُهُمْ مَرْهَقُهُمْ ذَلَةً وَقَدْ كَانُواْ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى ٱلسُّجُود وَهُمْ سَلْمُونَ ﴿ فَذَرْنِي وَمَن يُكَذِّبُ بِهَلْذَا ٱلْحَدِيثَ سَنَسْتَدْرِجُهُم مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠٠ وَأَمْلِي لَهُمْ إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَتِينٌ وَإِنَّ أَمْ أَسْتُلُهُمْ أَجْرًا فَهُم مِن مَّغْرَم مُثْقَالُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ أَمْ عَنْلَهُمُ الْغَيْبُ فَهُمْ يَكْتُبُونَ ﴿ فَآصْبِرْ خُكُمْ رَبِّكَ وَلَا تَكُن كَصَاحِبِ ٱلْحُوتِ إِذْ نَادَىٰ وَهُو مَكْظُومٌ ﴿ إِنَّ لَوْلَا أَن تَدَارَكُهُ و نَعْمَةٌ مَن 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

- 38. That ye shall indeed have all that ye choose?
- 39. Or have ye a covenant on oath from Us that reacheth to the Day of Judgment, that yours shall be all that ye ordain?
- 40. Ask them (O Muhammad) which of them will vouch for that!
- 41. Or have they other gods? Then let them bring their other gods if they are truthful
- 42. On the day when it befalleth in earnest, and they are ordered to prostrate themselves but are not able,
- 43. With eyes downcast, abasement stupefying them. And they had been summoned to prostrate themselves while they were yet unhurt.
- 44. Leave Me (to deal) with those who give the lie to this pronouncement. We shall lead them on by steps from whence they know not.
 - 45. Yet I bear with them, for lo! My scheme is firm.
- 46. Or dost thou (Muhammad) ask a fee from them so that they are heavily taxed?
 - 47. Or is the Unseen theirs that they can write (thereof)?
- 48. But wait thou for thy Lord's decree, and be not like him of the fish, who cried out in despair.
 - 49. Had it not been that favour from his Lord had reached

> (٦٩) سُيوْلِوَّ الِمِلَاقِلْهِ (٦٩) وآياهنا ٥٠ نزلِتْ بَعْلْ المثلك

الْمَاقَةُ إِن مَا الْمَاقَةُ فَ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَا الْمَاقَةُ فَ فَ مَكُودُ فَالْمُلُواْ مَكُودُ فَالْمُلُواْ مِن فَأَمَّا تَمُودُ فَالْمُلُواْ مِن فَأَمَّا تَمُودُ فَالْمُلُواْ مِن مِع صَرْصَرِ عَاتِيةً فِي الطَّاغِيةِ فَي وَمَّمَا عَلَيْهِ فَالْمُلْكُواْ مِن مِع صَرْصَرِ عَاتِيةً فِي الطَّاغِيةِ فَي الطَّاغِيةِ فَي وَمُمَا عَلَيْهِ وَمَمَنْنِيةً أَيَّامٍ حُسُومًا فَتَرَى الْقَوْمَ مَعْمَرُهَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَسْعَ لَيَالٍ وَتَمَنْنِيةً أَيَّامٍ حُسُومًا فَتَرَى الْقَوْمَ



him he surely had been cast into the wilderness while he was reprobate.

50. But his Lord chose him and placed him among the

righteous.

- 51. And lo! those who disbelieve would fain disconcert thee with their eyes when they hear the Reminder, and they say: Lo! he is indeed mad;
 - 52. When it is naught else than a Reminder to creation.

SÛRAH LXIX

Al-Håggab takes its name from a word recurring in the first three verses.

It belongs to the middle group of Meccan sûrahs.

THE REALITY

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. The Reality!

2. What is the Reality?

3. Ah, what will convey unto thee what the reality is!

4. (The tribes of) Thamûd and A'âd disbelieved in the judgment to come.

5. As for Thamûd, they were destroyed by the lightning.

6. And as for A'ad, they were destroyed by a fierce roaring wind,

7. Which He imposed on them for seven long nights and eight long days so that thou mightest have seen men lying

فيهَا صَرْعَيْ كَأَنَّهُمْ أَجَّازُ نَعْل خَاوِيَة ﴿ فِي فَهَلْ تَرَىٰ لَهُمُ مَّنُ بَاقِيَة (إِنِي وَجَآءَ فَرْعَوْنُ وَمَن قَبْلَهُ وَ ٱلْمُؤْتَ فَكَلتُ بَالْكَ اطْتُهُ ﴿ فَعَصُواْ رَسُولَ رَبُّ مْ فَأَخَذَهُمْ أَخَذَهُ رَّاسِيةً ﴿ إِنَّا لَمَّا طَغَا الْمَاءُ مَمَلَّنَاكُمْ فِي الْجَارِيةِ ﴿ لَنْجَعَلَهَا لَكُمْ تَذْكُرَةً وَتَعِيمَا أَذُنُّ وَاعِيةٌ ثِينٍ فَإِذَا نُفْخَ في الصُّور نَفْخَةٌ وَاحدَةٌ ١٠ وَحُلَت الْأَرْضُ وَالْجَبَالُ فَدُ كَنَادَكَةُ وَاحدَةً ١ فَي فَيَوْمَهِذ وَقَعَت الْوَاقعَةُ ١ وَانْشَقَّت السَّمَاءُ فَهِي يَوْمَهِدْ وَاهِيَةٌ ١ أَرْجَابِهَا وَيَحْمَلُ عَرْشَ رَبِّكَ فَوْقَهُمْ يَوْمَهِدْ تَمَنَّيَةٌ ١ يَوْمَينَدْ تُعْرَضُونَ لَا تَخْفَى منكُرْ خَافِيةٌ ١٠٠ فَأَمَّا مَنْ أُوتَى كَتَنْبَهُ بِيمينه ، فَيَقُولُ هَا زُمُ اقْرَءُ وا كَتَنْبِيهُ ١ ظَنَنتُ أَنَّى مُلَتِق حَسَابِيَّةً ﴿ فَهُو فِي عَيْمَة رَّاضِيَّة ﴿

overthrown, as they were hollow trunks of palm-trees.

- 8. Canst thou (O Muhammad) see any remnant of them?
- 9. And Pharaoh and those before him, and the communities that were destroyed, brought error,
- 10. And they disobeyed the messenger of their Lord, therefor did He grip them with a tightening grip.
 - 11. Lo! when the waters rose, We carried you upon the ship
- 12. That We might make it a memorial for you, and that remembering ears (that heard the story) might remember.
 - 13. And when the trumpet shall sound one blast
- 14. And the earth with the mountains shall be lifted up and crushed with one crash,
 - 15. Then, on that day will the Event befall.
- 16. And the heaven will split asunder, for that day it will be frail.
- 17. And the angels will be on the sides thereof, and eight will uphold the Throne of thy Lord that day, above them.
- 18. On that day ye will be exposed; not a secret of you will be hidden.
- 19. Then, as for him who is given his record in his right hand, he will say: Take, read my book!
- 20. Surely I knew that I should have to meet my reckoning.
 - 21. Then he will be in blissful state 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

في جَنَّه عَاليَة ﴿ وَهِي قُطُوفُهَا دَانِيَّةٌ ﴿ كُلُواْ وَاشْرَابُواْ هَنيِّكَا بِمَا أَسْلَفُتُم فِي ٱلأَيَّامِ ٱلْخَالَيَة ﴿ وَأَمَّا مَنْ أُوتِي كَتَنْبَهُ وَ بِشَمَالِهِ عَنَقُولُ مِنْلَيْتَنِي لَوْ أُوتَ كَتَنْبِيَهُ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا وَلَرْ أَدْرِ مَاحسَابِيهُ ١٠ يَللُّينَهَا كَانَت الْقَاضِيةَ مَا أَغْنَى عَنَّى مَاليه ١٨٥ هُلَكَ عَنَّى سُلْطَانية ١١٥ خُذُوهُ فَغُلُّوهُ ﴿ مِنْ ثُمَّ آلِحُحمَ صَلُّوهُ ﴿ ثُمَّ فَي سَلْسَلَةَ ذَرْعُهَا سَبْعُونَ ذَرَاعًا فَأَسْلُكُوهُ ١٠ إِنَّهُ كَانَ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بَاللهُ ٱلْعَظيمِ ﴿ وَلَا يَحُضُّ عَلَى طَعَامِ ٱلْمُسْكِينِ ﴿ فَلَيْسَ لَهُ ٱلْيَوْمَ هَلَهُنَا حَمِيمٌ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَلَا طَعَامٌ إِلَّا مِنْ غُسلين ٢ لا يَأْكُلُهُ وَ إِلَّا الْخَلَطُونَ فَي فَلَا أَقْسَمُ بَمَا تُبْصرُونَ ٢٥ وَمَا لَا تُبْصرُونَ ١٠ إِنَّهُ لِلْقُولُ رَسُول كريم ومَا هُوَ بِقُولِ شَاعِر قَلِيلًا مَّا تُؤْمِنُونَ ١ 22. In a high Garden

.

- 23. Whereof the clusters are in easy reach.
- 24. (And it will be said unto those therein): Eat and drink at ease for that which ye sent on before you in past days.
- 25. But as for him who is given his record in his left hand, he will say: Oh, would that I had not been given my book
 - 26. And knew not what my reckoning!
 - 27. Oh, would that it had been death!
 - 28. My wealth hath not availed me,
 - 29. My power hath gone from me.
 - 30. (It will be said): Take him and fetter him
 - 31. And then expose him to hell-fire
- 32. And then insert him in a chain whereof the length is seventy cubits.
 - 33. Lo! he used not to believe in Allah the Tremendous,
 - 34. And urged not on the feeding of the wretched,
 - 35. Therefor hath he no lover here this day,
 - 36. Nor any food save filth
 - 37. Which none but sinners eat.
 - 38. But nay! I swear by all that ye see

.

- 39. And all that ye see not
- 40. That it is indeed the speech of an illustrious messenger.
- 41. It is not poet's speech-little is it that ye believe!

وَلا بِقَوْلِ كَاهِنَ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكُّرُونَ ﴿ تَنْزِيلٌ مِّن رَبِّ الْعَلْمِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْتَقَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَا بَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيلِ ﴿ اللَّهَ الْعَلَيْنَا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ ﴿ وَلَوْتَقَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَا بَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيلِ ﴿ وَالْعَلْمَا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ ﴿ وَالْعَلَيْنَا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ الْوَتِينَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ الْمَتَّقَينَ فَي وَ إِنَّهُ لَتَذْكِرَةً لَلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَنكُم مُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ لَلْمُتَقِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَنكُم مُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ لَلْمُتَقِينَ ﴿ وَإِنّهُ مَنكُم مُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَنكُم مُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ الْعَظِيمِ ﴿ وَإِنَّهُ مَلَكُمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَى الْعَظِيمِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَظِيمِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَامِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَامِ اللْعَلَامِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَامِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَامِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَقِ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ

(٧٠) يُبوِّرَقِ المَجَارِجِ مَكيَّتِ وآياهَا ٤٤ نزلِت بَعَان الْمُحَاقِّةِ

ين إِلَّهِ الْرَحْمُ وَالَّرِحِيمِ

سَأَلَ سَآيِلُ بِعَذَابِ وَاقِعِ ١ لِلْكَنْفِرِينَ لَيْسَ لَهُ

- 43. It is a revelation from the Lord of the Worlds.
- 44. And if he had invented false sayings concerning Us,
- 45. We assuredly had taken him by the right hand
- 46. And then severed his life-artery,
- 47. And not one of you could have held Us off from him.
 - 48. And lo! it is a warrant unto those who ward off (evil).
 - 49. And lo! We know that some among you will deny (it),
 - 50. And lo! it is indeed an anguish for the disbelievers.
 - 51. And lo! it is absolute truth.
 - 52. So glorify the name of thy Tremendous Lord.

SÜRAH LXX

Al-Ma'ārij takes its name from a word in verse 3.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE ASCENDING STAIRWAYS

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. A questioner questioned concerning the doom about to fall
 - 2. Upon the disbelievers, which none can repel,

دَافِعٌ ١ مِنَ الله ذي الْمَعَارِج ١ مَعْرُجُ الْمَلَتَكِمَةُ وَالرُّوحُ إِلَيْهِ فِي يَوْمِ كَانَ مَقْدَارُهُ بَمْسِينَ أَلْفَ سَنَة رَبِّي فَأَصْبِرْ صَبْرًا جَمِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ يَرُوْنَهُ بَعِيدًا ﴿ وَزَنَّهُ قَرِيبًا ﴿ يَوْمَ تَكُونُ السَّمَاءُ كَالْمُهْلِ ﴿ وَتَكُونُ ٱلْحَبَالُ كَالْعَهْن ﴿ وَلَا يَسْشَلُ حَمَّ حَيْمًا ﴿ يبصرونهم يود المجرم لويفتكى من عَذَاب يَوْمِيد بَنبه ١٠ وَصَاحِبَته وَأَخيه ١٠ وَقَصِيلَته الَّتي تُقْوِيه ﴿ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيًّا ثُمَّ يُنجِيه ﴿ كُلَّ إِنَّهَا لَظَنِ ١ مَنَ أَمَّاكُمُ لَلسَّوَى ١ مَنْ مُواْمَنْ أَدْبَرُوَنَوَ لَى ١ وَجَمَعَ فَأَوْعَىٰ ١ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنْسَانَ خُلَقَ هَلُوعًا ١ إِذَا مَسَّهُ ٱلشَّرُ جَرُوعًا ﴿ وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ ٱلْخَيْرُ مَنُوعًا ١ إِلَّا ٱلْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿ ٱلَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهُمْ دَآيِمُونَ ﴿ إِلَّا ٱلْمُصَلَّٰنِهِ مَا يَمُونَ



- 3. From Allah, Lord of the Ascending Stairways
- 4. (Whereby) the angels and the Spirit ascend unto Him in a Day whereof the span is fifty thousand years.
- 5. But be patient (O Muhammad) with a patience fair to see.
 - 6. Lo! they behold it afar off
 - 7. While We behold it nigh:
 - 8. The day when the sky will become as molten copper,
 - 9. And the hills become as flakes of wool,
 - 10. And no familiar friend will ask a question of his friend
- 11. Though they will be given sight of them. The guilty man will long to be able to ransom himself from the punishment of that day at the price of his children
 - 12. And his spouse and his brother
 - 13. And his kin that harboured him
- 14. And all that are in the earth, if then it might deliver him.
 - 15. But nay! for lo! it is the fire of hell
 - 16. Eager to roast;
 - 17. It calleth him who turned and fled (from truth),
 - 18. And hoarded (wealth) and withheld it.
 - 19. Lo! man was created anxious,
 - 20. Fretful when evil befalleth him
 - 21. And, when good befalleth him, grudging;

4-6-6-0-6-6-6-6

- 22. Save worshippers
- 23. Who are constant at their worship

وَالَّذِينَ فِي أَمْوَ لَهُمْ حَتَّى مَّعْلُومٌ ﴿ إِنَّ لِلَّمَّا بِلِ وَالْمَحْرُومِ ﴿ وَإِنَّ وَالَّذِينَ يُصَدَّقُونَ بَيَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمِّ مَنْ عَذَابِ رَبِّهِم مُّشْفَقُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبُّهُمْ غَيْرُ مَأْمُونَ ﴿ ٢ وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمَّ لَفُرُوجِهِمْ حَنْفُطُونَ ۞ إِلَّا عَلَيْٓ أَزُوَاجِهِمْ أَوْمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ غَيْرُ مَلُومِينَ ﴿ فَمَن ٱبْتَغَيْ وَرَآةَ ذَاكَ فَأُوْلَنَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْعَـادُونَ ﴿ وَٱلَّذِينَ هُـمْ لأَ مَلنَاتِهِمْ وَعَهْد هِمْ رَاعُونَ ١٠٥٥ وَالَّذِينَ هُم بِشَهَادَ الهِمْ قَا يُمُونَ ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَا تهم بُعَافظُونَ ﴿ أُوْلَنَيِكَ فِي جَنَّلْتِ مُكْرَمُونَ رَبُّ إِلَى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ قَبَلَكَ مُهْطِعِينَ ﴿ عَنِ الْيَحِينِ وَعَنِ الشَّهَالِ عَرِينَ ﴿ وَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ أَيَطْمِعُ كُلُّ ٱمْرِي مَنْهُمْ أَن يُدْخَلَ جَنَّةَ نَعِيد ﴿ كُلَّا إِنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُمْ مَّنَّا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٠ فَلَا أَقْسُمُ بَرَبُ ٱلْمَشَارِق

- 24. And in whose wealth there is a right acknowledged
- 25. For the beggar and the destitute;

- 26. And those who believe in the Day of Judgment,
- 27. And those who are fearful of their Lord's doom-
- 28. Lo! the doom of their Lord is that before which none can feel secure—
 - 29. And those who preserve their chastity
- 30. Save with their wives and those whom their right hands possess, for thus they are not blameworthy;
- 31. But whoso seeketh more than that, those are they who are transgressors;
 - 32. And those who keep their pledges and their covenant,
 - 33. And those who stand by their testimony
 - 34. And those who are attentive at their worship,
 - 35. These will dwell in Gardens, honoured.
- 36. What aileth those who disbelieve, that they keep staring toward thee (O Muhammad), open-eyed,
 - 37. On the right and on the left, in groups?
- 38. Doth every man among them hope to enter the Garden of Delight?
- 39. Nay, verily. Lo! We created them from what they know.
 - 40. But nay! I swear by the Lord of the rising-places and

وَٱلْمَغُرِبِ إِنَّالَقَادِرُونَ ﴿ عَلَيْ أَن نُبَدَلَ خَيْراً مَنْهُمْ وَمَا يَعْنَ بَعْسُواْ وَيَلْعَبُواْ حَتَى يُلَاقُواْ يَوْمَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ ﴿ يَعْنُونُ وَ يَا يَعْبُونَ مِنَ ٱلْأَجْدَاثِ مِرَاعًا كَأَنَّهُمْ إِلَى نُصُب يُوفِضُونَ ﴿ يَعْمُ مُولَا مُولَا مُولَا مُؤَمَّ مَا أَذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَا الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ اللَّهِ مَا الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ اللَّهُ الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ اللَّهُ الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الْمَا الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُولَةُ وَلَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمَا الذِي كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ وَيَ الْمُؤْمِدُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤَالِي اللَّهُ الْمُؤَالِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُونُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤَالِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤَلِّ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِلَ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِمُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُ الْمُؤْلُولُ اللْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِقُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلِلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُ الْمُؤْلُولُولُولُ الْمُؤْلِ

(۷۱) سُنِوْلَا انج مَكَتَة وآياهنا ۲۸ نزلت بعندالغان

ين أِللَّهُ الرَّحْمُ وَالرَّحِيمِ

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ ۚ أَنْ أَنِدْرَ قَوْمَكَ مِن قَبْلِ أَن يَأْتِهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ ﴿ قَالَ يَنْقَوْمِ إِنِي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُبْيِنُ ﴿ قَالَ يَنْقَوْمِ إِنِي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ ﴿ قَالَ يَنْقَوْمُ وَأَطِيعُونِ ﴿ يَعْفِرْ مُبِينٌ ﴿ يَعْفِرْ

the setting-places of the planets that We verily are Able

- 41. To replace them by (others) better than them. And We are not to be outrun.
- 42. So let them chat and play until they meet their Day which they are promised,
- 43. The day when they come forth from the graves in haste, as racing to a goal,
- 44. With eyes aghast, abasement stupefying them: Such is the Day which they are promised.

SÛRAH LXXI

Takes its name from its subject, which is the preaching of the Prophet Noah.

An early Meccan sûrah.

NOAH

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Lo! We sent Noah unto his people (saying): Warn thy people ere the painful doom come unto them.
- 2. He said: O my people! Lo! I am a plain warner unto you
- 3. (Bidding you): Serve Allah and keep your duty unto Him and obey me,

لَكُمْ مِن ذُنُوبِكُرْ وَيُؤَتِّرُكُرْ إِلَّا أَجَل مُسمَّى إِنَّ أَجَلَ الله إِذَاجَاءَ لَا يُوَّتُرُ لَوْ كُنتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ قَالَ رَبْ إِنَّى دَعَوْتُ قَوْمِي لَيْلًا وَنَهَارًا ﴿ فَلَمْ يَزِدْهُمْ دُعَاءِيَ إِلَّا فرَارًا ﴿ وَإِنَّى كُلَّمَا دَعَوْتُهُمْ لِتَغْفَرَكُمْ جَعَلُواْ أَصَابِعُهُمْ في اذانهم وَاسْتَغَمَّوا ثيابهم وَأَصَرُوا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا ٱسْتَكْبَارًا ٢٠ ثُمَّ إِنِّي دَعَوْتُهُمْ جِهَارًا ١٥ ثُمَّ إِنِّي أَعْلَنتُ لَمُمْ وَأَشْرَدُتُ لَمَهُمْ إِسْرَارًا ﴿ فَقُلْتُ اَسْتَغْفُرُواْ رَبَّكُمْ إِنَّهُ كَانَ غَفَّارًا ١٠ يُرْسِلِ ٱلسَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُم مَّدْرَارًا ١٠ وَيُعْدُدُكُم بِأُمْوَال وَبَنينَ وَيَجْعَلِ لَّكُرْ جَنَّنت وَيَجْعَل لَّكُمْ أَنْهُدُا ١ ١٠ مَّالَكُمْ لَا تَرْجُونَ لله وَقَارًا ١ وَقَدْ خَلَقَكُمْ أَطْوَارًا ١٠٠ أَلَمْ تَرَوْاْ كَيْفَ خَلَقَ اللهُ سَبْعَ سَمَنوَات طبَاقًا ﴿ وَجَعَلَ ٱلْقَمَرَ فِينَّ نُورًا وَجَعَلَ

- 4. That He may forgive you somewhat of your sins and respite you to an appointed term. Lo! the term of Allah, when it cometh, cannot be delayed, if ye but knew.
- 5. He said: My Lord! Lo! I have called unto my people night and day
 - 6. But all my calling doth but add to their repugnance;
- 7. And lo! whenever I call unto them that Thou mayst pardon them they thrust their fingers in their ears and cover themselves with their garments and persist (in their refusal) and magnify themselves in pride.
 - 8. And lo! I have called unto them aloud,
- And lo! I have made public proclamation unto them, and I have appealed to them in private.
- 10. And I have said: Seek pardon of your Lord. Lo! He was ever Forgiving.
 - 11. He will let loose the sky for you in plenteous rain,
- 12. And will help you with wealth and sons, and will assign unto you Gardens and will assign unto you rivers.
- 13. What aileth you that ye hope not toward Allah for dignity
 - 14. When He created you by (divers) stages?
- 15. See ye not how Allah hath created seven heavens in harmony,
 - 16. And hath made the moon a light therein, and made the

ٱلشَّمْسَ سَرَاجًا ١٥ وَ ٱللهُ أَنْبَتَكُم مَنَ ٱلْأَرْض نَبَانَا ﴿ إِنَّ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُكُمْ فِهَا وَيُخْرِجُكُمْ إِنْوَاجًا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُدُ ٱلْأَرْضَ بِسَاطًا ﴿ لَيْ لَتَسْلُكُواْ مَنْهَا سُـبُلاً فَجَاجًا إِنَّ قَالَ نُوحٌ رَّبَ إِنَّهُمْ عَصَوْنِي وَ ٱتَّبَعُواْ مَن لَهُ يَرِدُهُ مَالُهُ وَوَلَدُهُ وَاللَّهُ إِلَّا خَسَارًا ﴿ وَمَكُرُ وَأَمَكُرُا كُبَّارًا ﴿ وَقَالُواْ لَا تَذَرُنَّ ءَالْمَتَكُمْ وَلَا تَذَرُنَّ وَدًّا وَلَا سُوَاعًا وَلَا يَغُوثَ وَيَعُوقَ وَنَسْرًا ﴿ وَقَدْ أَضَلُواْ كَثِيرًا وَلَا زُودِ الظَّلَمِينَ إِلَّا ضَلَلًا ﴿ إِنَّ مَّنَّا خَطَيْعَاتِهُمْ أَغْرِقُواْ فَأَدْحِلُواْ نَارَا فَلَمْ يَجِـدُواْ لَحُـمُ مَّن دُونِ ٱللهِ أَنْصَارًا ١٠ وَقَالَ نُوحٌ رَّبّ لَا تَذَرْ عَلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ منَ ٱلْكَلفرينَ دَيَّارًا ﴿ إِنَّكَ إِن تَذَرُّهُمْ يُضلُّواْ عَبَادَكَ وَلَا يَملُدُوٓاْ إِلَّا فَاجَرًا كَفَّارًا ۞ رَّبِّ اغْفُرْ لِي وَلَوَالْدَيَّ

- 17. And Allah hath caused you to grow as a growth from the earth,
- 18. And afterward He maketh you return thereto, and He will bring you forth again, a (new) forthbringing.
- 19. And Allah hath made the earth a wide expanse for you
 - 20. That ye may thread the valley-ways thereof.
- 21. Noah said: My Lord! Lo! they have disobeyed me and followed one whose wealth and children increase him in naught save ruin;
 - 22. And they have plotted a mighty plot,
- 23. And they have said: Forsake not your gods. Forsake not Wadd, nor Suwâ', nor Yaghûth and Ya'ûq and Nasr.¹
- 24. And they have led many astray, and Thou increasest the wrong-doers in naught save error.
- 25. Because of their sins they were drowned, then made to enter a Fire. And they found they had no helpers in place of Allah.
- 26. And Noah said: My Lord! Leave not one of the disbelievers in the land.
- 27. If Thou shouldst leave them, they will mislead Thy slaves and will beget none save lewd ingrates.
 - 28. My Lord! Forgive me and my parents and him who

 1 Idols of the pagan Arabs.

SÜRAH LXXII

Al-Jinn takes its name from a word in the first verse, and also from the subject of verses 1-18. Undoubtedly the first and obvious meaning is "elemental spirits," to whom, as to mankind, the Qur'an came as a guidance. The incident is said to have occurred during the Prophet's return from his unsuccessful missionary journey to Ta'if. A late Meccan sûrah.

وَلِمَن دَخَلَ بَيْنَيَ مُؤْمِنًا وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَلَا نَزِدِ ٱلظَّلْلَمِينَ إِلَّا تَبَارَأَ هُنِي

> (٧٢) سُرِوْرةِ الحِنْ مَكَيَّة وآياهنا ٢٨ نزلتُ بَعْ لالأجراف

ينسب إلله الزخمر الرح

قُلْ أُوحِى إِلَى الله السّنَمَعَ نَفَرٌ مِنَ الْجِينِ فَقَالُوۤ ا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا قُرْءَانَا بَعْدَ وَلَن نُشْرِكَ قُرْءَانَا بَعْدَ وَلَن نُشْرِكَ فَرَانَا بَعْدَ وَلَن نُشْرِكَ مِرْبَانَا أَحَدًا ﴿ وَلَا قَلَدُ مَا اللّهِ مَدْ رَبِّنَا مَا الْمُحَدَّ صَلْحِمَةً وَلَا وَلَدَا إِنَّ أَحَدًا ﴿ وَاللّهِ مَا اللّهِ مَا اللّهِ مَلْطَطًا ﴿ وَلَا وَلَدَا إِنْ مَا اللّهِ مَلْطًا ﴿ وَلَا وَلَدَا مَن وَالْمِ اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللهِ مَن اللهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللهِ مَن اللهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهِ مَن اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ مَا مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ مَا مُعْمَا مَنْ مَا مُنْ اللّهُ مَنْ اللّهُ مَنْ



entereth my house believing, and believing men and believing women, and increase not the wrong-doers in aught save ruin.

THEJINN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Say (O Muhammad): It is revealed unto me that a company of the Jinn gave ear, and they said: Lo! we have heard a marvellous Qur'ân,
- 2. Which guideth unto righteousness, so we believe in it and we ascribe no partner unto our Lord.
- 3. And (we believe) that He—exalted be the glory of our Lord!—hath taken neither wife nor son,
- 4. And that the foolish one among us used to speak concerning Allah an atrocious lie.
- 5. And lo! we had supposed that humankind and jinn would not speak a lie concerning Allah—
- 6. And indeed (O Muhammad) individuals of humankind used to invoke the protection of individuals of the jinn, so

فَزَادُوهُمْ رَهَقًا ٢٥ وَأَنَّهُمْ ظَنُّواْ كَمَا ظَنَدُمُ أَن لَّن يَبْعَثَ اللهُ أَحَدًا ١ ﴿ وَأَنَّا لَمَسْنَا السَّمَاءَ فَوَجَدْنَتُهَا مُلْتَتْ حَرَساً شَديدًا وَشُهِبًا ﴿ وَأَنَّا كُنَّا نَقْعُدُ مَنْهَا مَقَاعِدَ السَّمْعَ فَمَن يَسْتَمع ٱلْأَنَ يَجِـد لَهُ مِهَابًا رَصَـدًا ﴿ وَأَنَّا لَا نَدْرِى أَشْرُ أُرِيدَ بَمَن في ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمْ أَرَادَ بِهِمْ رَبِهِمْ رَسُدًا ﴿ وَأَنَّا مَنَّا ٱلصَّلِلُحُونَ وَمَنَّا دُونَ ذَالَكُ كُنَّا طَرَآيِقَ قَدَدًا ١١ وَأَنَّا ظَنَنَّا أَن لَّن نُّعْجِزَ اللَّهَ في ٱلأَرْض وَلَن نْعُجزَهُ, هَرَبًا ﴿ وَأَنَّالَمَّا سَمَعْنَا ٱلْمُدَّى عَامَنَّا بِهِ فَنَ يُؤْمنُ بِرَبّه ع فَلَا يَخَافُ بَخْسًا وَلَا رَهَقًا رَ اللهِ وَأَنَّامنًا ٱلْمُسْلَمُونَ وَمنَّا ٱلْقَسْطُونَ فَنَ أَسْلَمَ فَأَوْلَتَيِكَ تَحَرَّوْا رَشَدًا ﴿ وَأَمَّا الْقَسطُونَ فَكَانُواْ لِحَهَمَّ حَطَبًا ﴿ وَأَلَّوَ اسْتَقَلَّمُواْ عَلَى الطَّرِيقَة لَأَسْقَيْنَكُم مَّا ءٌ غَدَقًا ٢

that they increased them in revolt (against Allah);

- 7. And indeed they supposed, even as ye suppose, that Allah would not raise anyone (from the dead)—
- 8. And (the Jinn who had listened to the Qur'an said): We had sought the heaven but had found it filled with strong warders and meteors.
- And we used to sit on places (high) therein to listen.
 But he who listeneth now findeth a flame in wait for him;¹
- 10. And we know not whether harm is boded unto all who are in the earth, or whether their Lord intendeth guidance for them.
- 11. And among us there are righteous folk and among us there are far from that. We are sects having different rules.
- 12. And we know that we cannot escape from Allah in the earth, nor can we escape by flight.
- 13. And when we heard the guidance, we believed therein, and whoso believeth in his Lord, he feareth neither loss nor oppression.
- 14. And there are among us some who have surrendered (to Allah) and there are among us some who are unjust. And whoso hath surrendered to Allah, such have taken the right path purposefully.
- 15. And as for those who are unjust, they are firewood for hell.
- 16. If they (the idolaters) tread the right path, We shall give them to drink of water in abundance
- About the time of the Prophet's mission there were many meteors and other strange appearances in the heavens, which, tradition says, frightened the astrologers from the high observatories where they used to watch at night, and threw out all their calculations.

لْنَفْتَهُمْ فَيْهُ وَمَن يُعْرَضْ عَن ذَكَّر رَبِّه ع يَسْلُكُهُ عَذَابًا صَعَدًا ﴿ وَأَنَّ الْمَسَاجِدَ للهَ فَلَا تَدْعُواْ مَعَ الله أَحَدًا ﴿ وَأَنَّهُۥ لَمَّا قَامَ عَبْـدُ ٱلله يَدْعُوهُ كَادُواْ يَكُونُونَ عَلَيْـه لَبَدًا إِنَّ قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَدْعُواْ رَبِّي وَلَا أَشْرِكُ بِهِ مَا أَحَدًا ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّى لَا أَمْلُكُ لَكُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا رَشَدًا ١٠ قُلْ إِنِّي لَنَ يُجيرَني منَ اللهُ أَحَدُ وَلَنْ أَجِدَ من دُونه ع مُلْتَحَدًا إِلَّا بَلَنغَا مِّنَ الله وَ رَسَالَتَهُم ۚ وَمَن يَعْصِ اللهَ وَرَسُولُهُرُ فَإِنَّ لَهُۥ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلدينَ فيهَا أَبَدًا ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا رَأُواْ مَا يُوعَدُونَ فَسِيعَلَمُونَ مَنْ أَضْعَفُ نَاصِرًا وَأَقَلُ عَلَمُ السَّ قُـلْ إِنَّ أَدْرِيَّ أَقَرِيبٌ مَّا تُوعَـدُونَ آمْ يَجْعَلُ لَهُ رَتَّى أَمَدًا ١ عَلمُ الْغَيْبِ فَلا يُظْهرُ عَلَى غَيْبهة أَحَدًا إِلَّا مَنَ أَرْتَضَيْ مِن رَّسُول فَإِنَّهُ يَسْلُكُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهُ وَمِنْ

- 17. That We may test them thereby, and whoso turneth
- 17. That We may test them thereby, and whoso turneth away from the remembrance of his Lord; He will thrust him into ever-growing torment.
- 18. And the places of worship are only for Allah, so pray not unto anyone along with Allah.
- 19. And when the slave of Allah¹ stood up in prayer to Him, they crowded on him, almost stifling.²
- 20. Say (unto them, O Muhammad): I pray unto Allah only, and ascribe unto Him no partner.
 - 21. Say: Lo! I control not hurt nor benefit for you.
- 22. Say: Lo! none can protect me from Allah, nor can I find any refuge beside Him
- .23. (Mine is) but conveyance (of the Truth) from Allah, and His messages; and whoso disobeyeth Allah and His messenger, lo! his is fire of hell, wherein such dwell for ever.
- 24. Till (the day) when they shall behold that which they are promised (they may doubt); but then they will know (for certain) who is weaker in allies and less in multitude.
- 25. Say (O Muhammad, unto the disbelievers): I know not whether that which ye are promised is nigh, or if my Lord hath set a distant term for it.
- 26. (He is) the Knower of the Unseen, and He revealeth unto none His secret.
- 27. Save unto every messenger whom He hath chosen, and then He maketh a guard to go before him and a guard

¹ i.e. the Prophet.

² Generally taken to be an allusion to the rough treatment which the Prophet received at the hands of the people of Ta*if.

خَلْفِهِ عَرَصَدًا ﴿ لَيَعْلَمَ أَن قَدْ أَبْلَغُواْ رِسَلَلَتِ رَبِّهِمْ وَأَحَاطَ بَا لَدَيْمٌ وَأَحْصَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَدَداً ﴿

> (۷۳) متؤاق المزمّل مكيّر الا الآيات ۱۰ و ۱۱ و ۲۰ فدنيّة وأيامّن ۲۰ نزلت بعث دالقكر

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الرَّمْوِ الرَّحِيمِ

يَتَأَيُّهَا الْمُزَّمِّلُ ﴿ فُمِ الَّيْلَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ نَصْفَهُ وَ أَو انقُصْ مِنْهُ قَلِيلًا ﴿ أُوزِدْ عَلَيْهِ وَرَبِّلِ الْقُرْءَانَ تَرْتِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّا سَنُلْتِي عَلَيْكَ قَوْلًا ثَفِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ نَاشِقَةَ الَّيْلِ هِيَ أَشَدُّ وَطْفًا وَأَقْوَمُ فِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ فِي النَّهَارِ سَبْحًا طَوِيلًا ﴿ وَاذْكُراهُمَ رَبِّكَ وَتَبَشَّلُ إِلَيْهِ سَبْحًا طَوِيلًا ﴿ وَاذْكُراهُمَ رَبِّكَ وَتَبَشَّلْ إِلَيْهِ تَبْتِيلًا ﴿ إِلَهُ إِلَيْهُ إِلَى الْمُشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ لَا إِلَيْهُ إِلَى الْمُشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ لَا إِلَيْهَ إِلَاهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ ال behind him

28. That He may know that they have indeed conveyed the messages of their Lord. He surroundeth all their doings, and He keepeth count of all things.

SÛRAH LXXIII

Al-Muzzammil takes its title from a word in verse 1. After the first visit of Gabriel, the Prophet went to his wife Khadijah and told her to wrap him up in cloaks, and that was afterwards his habit on such occasions, at any rate, in the early days at Mecca.

A very early Meccan revelation with the exception of the last verse,

which all authorities assign to Al-Madînah.

THE ENSHROUDED ONE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O thou wrapped up in thy raiment!
- 2. Keep vigil the night long, save a little-
- 3. A half thereof, or abate a little thereof
- 4. Or add (a little) thereto—and chant the Qur'an in measure,
 - 5. For We shall charge thee with a word of weight.
- 6. Lo! the vigil of the night is (a time) when impression is more keen and speech more certain.
 - 7. Lo! thou hast by day a chain of business.
- 8. So remember the name of thy Lord and devote thyself with a complete devotion—
 - 9. Lord of the East and the West; there is no God save

فَآتَّخَذُهُ وَكِيلًا ﴿ وَآصْبِرْعَلَى مَايَقُولُونَ وَآهْجُرُهُمْ هَجْرًا جَمِيلًا رَبِّي وَذَرْني وَٱلمُكَذِّبِينَ أَوْلِي ٱلنَّعْمَةَ وَمَهَّلُّهُمْ قَليلًا ١ إِنَّ لَدَيْنَا أَنْكَالًا وَجَحِيمًا ١ وَطَعَامًا ذَا غُصَّة وَعَذَابًا أَليماً ﴿ يَوْمَ رَرُّجُفُ ٱلْأَرْضُ وَ ٱلْخَبَالُ وَكَانَتِ ٱلْجُبَالُ كَثْيِبًا مَّهِيلًا ﴿ إِنَّا أَرْسَلُنَا إِلَيْكُوْ رَسُولًا شَنهدًا عَلَيْكُمْ كَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى فرْعَوْنَ رَسُولًا ١ فَعَصِي فِرْعَوْنُ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَأَخَذْنَهُ أَخْذَا وَبِيلًا ﴿ فَكَيْفَ نَتَّقُونَ إِن كَفَرْتُمْ يَوْماً يَجْعَلُ ٱلْولْلَانَ شيبًا ١ ٱلسَّمَاءُ مُنفَطِرُ بُهُ كَانَ وَعُدُهُ مَفْعُولًا ١١ إِنَّ هَاذه ع تَذْكُرُةً فَمَن شَآءَ آتَنَكَ إِنَّى رَبِّهِ مَسبيلًا رَبِّي * إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ تَقُومُ أَدْنَى مِن ثُلُثَى ٱلَّيْلِ وَنصْفَهُ وَثُلُثَهُ وَطَآبِهَةٌ مَنَ الَّذِينَ مَعَكَ وَاللَّهُ يُهَدَّرُ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَّ



Him; so choose thou Him alone for thy defender-

- 10. And bear with patience what they utter, and part from them with a fair leave-taking.
- 11. Leave Me to deal with the deniers, lords of ease and comfort (in this life); and do thou respite them awhile.
 - 12. Lo! with Us are heavy fetters and a raging fire,
- 13. And food which choketh (the partaker), and a painful doom
- 14. On the day when the earth and the hills rock, and the hills become a heap of running sand.
- 15. Lo! We have sent unto you a messenger as witness against you, even as We sent unto Pharaoh a messenger.
- 16. But Pharaoh rebelled against the messenger, whereupon We seized him with no gentle grip.
- 17. Then how, if ye disbelieve, will ye protect yourselves upon the day which will turn children grey,
- 18. The very heaven being then rent asunder. His promise is to be fulfilled.
- 19. Lo! This is a Reminder. Let him who will, then, choose a way unto his Lord.
- 20. Lo! thy Lord knoweth how thou keepest vigil sometimes nearly two-thirds of the night, or (sometimes) half or a third thereof, as do a party of those with thee. Allah measureth the night and the day. He knoweth that ye count it not,

.

عَلَمَ أَنْ لَن تُحْصُوهُ فَتَابَ عَلَيْ كُرُ فَاقْرَءُواْ مَا تَبَسَّرَ مِنَ الْقُرْءُونَ عَلَمَ أَنْ سَبَكُونُ مِنكُمْ مَّرْضَيْ وَءَاخَرُونَ مِن فَضْلِ اللهِ وَالْخَرُونَ مِن فَضْلِ اللهِ وَالْعَبُواْ يَقَلَمُواْ اللهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا وَمَا الصَّلَوْةَ وَءَانُواْ الزِّكُوةَ وَأَقْرِضُواْ اللهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا وَمَا تُقَدَّمُواْ لاَ نَفُسكُم مِنْ خَيْرَتِجِدُوهُ عِندَ اللهِ هُوَخَيْرًا وَاسْتَغْفِرُ وَا اللهَ إِنَّ اللهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيم فَيْ وَأَعْمَ وَا اللهَ اللهِ عَنْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ وَا اللهَ اللهِ عَنْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ وَا اللهَ اللهِ اللهِ عَنْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ وَا اللهَ اللهِ عَنْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْرًا وَاسْتَغْفِرُ وَا اللهَ إِنَّ اللهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيم فَيْ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ عَلْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلْورٌ وَحِيم فَيْ اللهُ الله

(٧٤) سُوِقَاقِ المَدَثَّرُ مِكْكِتَّ رَبِّ وآيا هَنا ٢٥ نزلِتْ بَعَالِمُلْمِلُ

ين أِللَّهِ الرَّحْدِ الرَّحِيمِ

يَنَأَيُّهَا الْمُدَّثِرُ ٢ مُمْ فَأَنْدِرْ ١ وَرَبُّكَ فَكَيْرِ ١

and turneth unto you in mercy. Recite, then, of the Qur'ân that which is easy for you. He knoweth that there are sick folk among you, while others travel in the land in search of Allah's bounty, and others (still) are fighting for the cause of Allah. 'So recite of it that which is easy (for you), and establish worship and pay the poor-due, and (so) lend unto Allah a goodly loan.¹ Whatsoever good ye send before you for your souls, ye will find it with Allah, better and greater in the recompense. And seek forgiveness of Allah. Lo! Allah is Forgiving, Merciful.

SÛRAH LXXIV

Al-Muddatb-tbir takes its name from a word in verse 1. The Prophet was accustomed to wrap himself in his cloak at the time of his trances. A tradition says that some time—about six months—elapsed between the first revelation (sûrah XCVI, vv. 1-5) and the second revelation in this sûrah. Then the Prophet suddenly again beheld the angel who had appeared to him on Mt. Hirâ, and wrapped himself in his cloak, whereupon this sûrah was revealed to him. Another opinion is that by this sûrah the Prophet was ordered to begin the public preaching of Al-Islâm, his preaching having until then been done privately among his family and intimates. He is said to have begun his public preaching three years after his call.

In either case this is a very early Meccan sûrah.

THE CLOAKED ONE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. O thou enveloped in thy cloak,
- 2. Arise and warn!
- 3. Thy Lord magnify,
 - 1 i.e. a loan without interest or any thought of gain or loss.

وَثِيَابَكَ فَطَهَرْ ﴿ وَالرُّجْزَفَاهُجُرْ ﴿ وَلَا تَمْنُنَ تَسْتَكْثُرُ ﴿ وَلَ بَكَ فَأَصْبِرْ ﴿ فَإِذَا نُقرَ فَٱلنَّاتُورِ ﴿ فَذَا الَّ يَوْمَهِذ يَوْمٌ عَسيرٌ ﴿ عَلَى ٱلْكَلْفِرِينَ غَيْرُ يَسِير ﴿ وَمَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَحِيدًا ﴿ وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَا لَا مَّدُّودَا ﴿ وَبَنينَ شُهُوداً ﴿ وَمَهَّدَثُ لَهُۥ تَمْهَيداً ﴿ مَنْ مُمَّ يَطْمَعُ أَنْ أَزِيدَ ١ ٢٠ كُلَّ إِنَّهُ كَانَ لاَ يَنتنا عَنيداً سَأَرْهُقُهُ مَعُودًا ١٠ إِنَّهُ فَكَرَّ وَقَدَّرَ ١٠ فَقُتلَ كَيْفَ فَدَّرَ ۞ ثُمَّ قُتلَ كَيْفَ قَدَّرَ ۞ ثُمَّ نَظَرَ ۞ ثُمَّ عَبَسَ وَبَسَرَ ١٠ مُمَّ أَذْ بَرَ وَٱسْتَكْبَرَ ١٠ فَقَالَ إِنْ هَلَذَآ إِلَّا سُمْرٌ يُؤْثَرُ ﴿ إِنْ هَنَذَآ إِلَّا قَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ ﴿ مَا سَأْصُلِيهِ سَقَرَ ﴿ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَاسَقَرُ ﴿ لَا نَبْقِي وَلَا تَذَرُ ﴿ لَوَّاحَةٌ لَلْبَشَر ﴿ عَلَيْكَ لِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ ﴿ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا

PART XXIX THE CLOAKED ONE SÛRAH LXXIV

- 4. Thy raiment purify,
- 5. Pollution shun!
- 6. And show not favour, seeking worldly gain!
- 7. For the sake of thy Lord, be patient!
- 8. For when the trumpet shall sound,
- 9. Surely that day will be a day of anguish,
- 10. Not of ease, for disbelievers.
- 11. Leave Me (to deal) with him whom I created lonely,
- 12. And then bestowed upon him ample means,
- 13. And sons abiding in his presence
- 14. And made (life) smooth for him.
- 15. Yet he desireth that I should give more.
- 16. Nay! For lo! he hath been stubborn to Our revelations.
- 17. On him I shall impose a fearful doom.
- 18. For lo! he did consider; then he planned-
- 19. (Self-)destroyed is he, how he planned!
- 20. Again (self-)destroyed is he, how he planned!-
- 21. Then looked he,
- 22. Then frowned he and showed displeasure.
- 23. Then turned he away in pride
- 24. And said: This is naught else than magic from of old;
- 25. This is naught else than speech of mortal man.
- 26. Him shall I fling unto the burning.
- 27. —Ah, what will convey unto thee what that burning is!—
 - 28. It leaveth naught; it spareth naught
 - 29. It shrivelleth the man.
 - 30. Above it are nineteen.

أَصَّحَلَبَ النَّارِ إِلَّا مَلَتَيِّكَةً وَمَا جَعَلْنَا عَدَّتُهُمْ إِلَّا فَتْنَكُّ لَّذَينَ كَفَرُواْ لِيَسْتَيْقَنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَابَ وَيَزْدَادَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِيمَنُ وَلا يَرْتَابَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكَتَابَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَيَقُولَ الَّذِينَ فَ قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ وَٱلْكَنفُرُونَ مَاذَآ أَرَادَ اللهُ بَهِنذَا مَثَلًّا كَذَاك يُضِلُّ اللهُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَيَهْدَى مَن يَشَاءُ وَمَا يَعْلَمُ جُنُودَ رَبَّكَ إِلَّا هُوَّ وَمَا هِيَ إِلَّاذَكُرَى للبَشَرِ ﴿ كَالَّا وَالْقَمَرِ ﴿ وَالَّيْلِ إِذَادْ بَرَ ﴿ وَالصُّبْحِ إِذَا أَسْفَرَ ﴿ إِنَّهَا لَإِحْدَى الْكُبَرِ ﴿ نَكُ لَدُرًا لْلْبَشَر ١٥ لَمَن شَآءَ منكُرْ أَن يَتَقَدَّمَ أَوْيَنَأَثَرَ ﴿ كُلُّ نَفْس بَا كَسَبَتْ رَهِينَةً ﴿ إِلَّا أَصَّابَ ٱلْيَمِين ﴿ في جَنَّات يَنَسَآءَلُونَ ﴿ عَنِ ٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ مَاسَلَكُكُمُ فَ سَقَرَ ١٤ قَالُواْ لَمْ نَكُ مِنَ الْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿ وَلَمْ نَكُ نُطُعِمُ

- 31. We have appointed only angels to be wardens of the Fire, and their number have We made to be a stumbling-block for those who disbelieve; that those to whom the Scripture hath been given may have certainty, and that believers may increase in faith; and that those to whom the Scripture hath been given and believers may not doubt; and that those in whose hearts there is disease, and disbelievers, may say: What meaneth Allah by this similitude? Thus Allah sendeth astray whom He will, and whom He will He guideth. None knoweth the hosts of thy Lord save Him. This is naught else than a Reminder unto mortals.
 - 32. Nay, by the Moon
 - 33. And the night when it withdraweth
 - 34. And the dawn when it shineth forth,
 - 35. Lo! this is one of the greatest (portents)
 - 36. As a warning unto men,
 - 37. Unto him of you who will advance or hang back.
 - 38. Every soul is a pledge for its own deeds;
 - 39. Save those who will stand on the right hand.
 - 40. In gardens they will ask one another
 - 41. Concerning the guilty:
 - 42. What hath brought you to this burning?

9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

- 43. They will answer: We were not of those who prayed
- 44. Nor did we feed the wretched.

الْمسكين ﴿ وَكُنَّا نَكُوضُ مَعَ الْخُنَا بِضِينَ ﴿ وَكُنَّا نُكَذَبُ بِيَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿ وَكُنَّا نُكَذَبُ بَيَوْمِ الدِّينِ ﴿ وَكُنَّا نَكُنَا الْيَقِينُ ﴿ فَي فَا تَنفَعُهُمْ شَفَعَهُ الشَّفَعِينَ ﴿ فَي فَا تَنفَعُهُمْ شَفَعَهُ الشَّفَعِينَ ﴿ وَ هَا لَلْهُ مُورِضِينَ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ

(٥٠) سُوِّلَ القَيَامُتَهُكَيْتُ وآياهًا ٤٠ نزلِتْ بَعْدُلُالقَارِعَةِ

ين أِلَّهُ الرَّحِيمِ

لَا أَقْسِمُ بِيَوْمِ ٱلْقِينَمَةِ ٢ وَلَا أَقْسِمُ بِٱلنَّفْسِ ٱللَّوَامَةِ



- FART AAIA
 - 45. We used to wade (in vain dispute) with (all) waders,
 - 46. And we used to deny the Day of Judgment,
 - 47. Till the Inevitable came unto us.
 - 48. The mediation of no mediators will avail them then.
 - 49. Why now turn they away from the Admonishment,
 - 50. As they were frightened asses
 - 51. Fleeing from a lion?
- 52. Nay, but everyone of them desireth that he should be given open pages (from Allah).
 - 53. Nay, verily. They fear not the Hereafter.
 - 54. Nay, verily. Lo! this is an Admonishment.
 - 55. So whosoever will may heed.
- 56. And they will not heed unless Allah willeth (it). He is the fount of fear. He is the fount of Mercy.

SÛRAH LXXV

Al-Qiyâmab takes its name from a word in the first verse.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE RISING OF THE DEAD

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Nay, I swear by the Day of Resurrection;
- 2. Nay, I swear by the accusing soul (that this Scripture is true).

أَيْحَسَبُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ أَلَّن غَجْمَعَ عظَامَهُ وَ إِن بَلَى قَلدرينَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنْ نُسَوَى بَنَانَهُ ﴿ إِنَّ بَلْ يُرِيدُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ لَيَفْجُرَ أَمَامَهُ إِنَّ يَسْتُلُ أَيَّانَ يَوْمُ ٱلْقَيْلَمَةُ ﴿ فَإِذَا بَرَقَ ٱلْبَصَرُ ﴿ وَخَسَفَ الْقَمَرُ ﴿ وَجُمعَ الشَّمْسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ ٢ يَقُولُ ٱلْإِنسَانُ يَوْمَياد أَيْنَ ٱلْمَفَرُ ١ كَلَّا لَا وَزَرَ ١ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ يَوْمَهِذَ ٱلْمُسْتَقَرُّ ١ يُنَبُّوا ٱلْإِنسَانُ يَوْمَهِد بِمَا قَدَّمَ وَأَنَّرَ ٢ بَلِ ٱلإنسَانُ عَلَى نَفْسه ع بَصِيرةٌ ﴿ وَإِلَوْ أَلْقَى مَعَاذِيرَهُ وَ إِنَّ لَا يُحَرِّكُ بِهِ عَلَمَانَكَ لَتَعْجَلَ بِهِ عَلَى إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا جَمْعَهُ وَ قُرْءَ اللَّهُ ﴿ إِنَّ فَإِذَا قَرَأَتُكُ فَأَتَّبِعْ قُرْءَ اللَّهُ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا بَيْا أَنُّهُ ﴿ فَي كَلَّا بَلْ نُحُبُّونَ الْعَاجِلَةَ فَي وَتَذَرُونَ ٱلْآخَرَةَ ١٥ وُجُوهٌ يَوْمَبِذَنَّاضَرَةً ١٤ إِلَّهَ رَبَّهَا

- 3. Thinketh man that We shall not assemble his bones?
 - 4. Yea, verily. We are Able to restore his very fingers!
 - 5. But man would fain deny what is before him.
- 6. He asketh: When will be this Day of Resurrection?
- 7. But when sight is confounded
- 8. And the moon is eclipsed
- 9. And sun and moon are united,
- 10. On that day man will cry: Whither to flee!
- 11. Alas! No refuge!
- 12. Unto thy Lord is the recourse that day.
- 13. On that day man is told the tale of that which he hath sent before and left behind.
 - 14. Oh, but man is a telling witness against himself,
 - 15. Although he tender his excuses.
 - 16. Stir not thy tongue herewith to hasten it.1
- 17. Lo! upon Us (resteth) the putting together thereof and the reading thereof.
 - 18. And when We read it, follow thou the reading;
 - 19. Then lo! upon Us (resteth) the explanation thereof.
 - 20. Nay, but ye do love the fleeting Now
 - 21. And neglect the Hereafter.
 - 22. That day will faces be resplendent,
 - 23. Looking toward their Lord;
 - 1 i.e. the Qur'an, which was revealed gradually, piece by piece.

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نَاظَرَةٌ ﴿ وَوُجُوهٌ يَوْمَ إِلَهُ بَاسَرَةٌ ﴿ يَاطُنُ أَبِ يُفْعَلَ بِهَا فَاقرَةٌ ١٠ كَلَّا إِذَا بَلَغَت النَّرَاقَ ١٠ أُ وَقِيلَ مَنْ رَاق فِي وَظَنَّ أَنَّهُ ٱلْفرَاقُ فِي وَالْتَفَّت ٱلسَّاقُ بٱلسَّاق ﴿ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ يَوْمَهِذَ ٱلْمَسَاقُ رَبِّي فَلَا صَدَّقَ وَلَا صَلَّى ١٠٥ وَلَلَكُن كَذَّبَ وَتَولَّى ١٠ مُمَّ ذَهَبَ إِلَّا أَهْله عَبِّتَمَطَّيّ ١٠ أَوْلَىٰ اللَّهُ فَأُولَىٰ ١٠ مُمَّ أَوْلَىٰ لَكَ فَأَوْلَىٰ رَضِ أَيَحْسَبُ الْإِنسَانُ أَن يُستَرَكَ سُدًى ﴿ أَلَمْ يَكُ نُطْفَةً مِّن مَّنَّى يُمْنَى ﴿ ثُمَّ كَانَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقَ فَسَوَّىٰ ﴿ فَجَعَلَ مَنْهُ الزَّوْجَيْنِ ٱلذَّكَرَ وَ ٱلْأُنْيَّقِ ﴿ أَلَيْسَ ذَالَكَ بِقَلدر عَلَىٓ أَن مُعْمَى ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ ﴿

سكتة لطيفة على النون

- - 24. And that day will other faces be despondent,
- 25. Thou wilt know that some great disaster is about to fall on them.
 - 26. Nay, but when the life cometh up to the throat
- 27. And men say: Where is the wizard (who can save him now)?
 - 28. And he knoweth that it is the parting;
 - 29. And agony is heaped on agony;
 - 30. Unto thy Lord that day will be the driving.
 - 31. For he neither trusted, nor prayed.
 - 32. But he denied and flouted.
 - 33. Then went he to his folk with glee.
 - 34. Nearer unto thee and nearer,
 - 35. Again nearer unto thee and nearer (is the doom).
 - 36. Thinketh man that he is to be left aimless?
 - 37. Was he not a drop of fluid which gushed forth?
- 38. Then he became a clot; then (Allah) shaped and fashioned
 - 39. And made of him a pair, the male and female.
- 40. Is not He (Who doeth so) Able to bring the dead to life?

(٧٦) سِنُولِقُ الانسيّان مكتيَّة وآياف ٢١ نزلت بعد اللهمن

ن أِللَّهُ الرَّحْمُ إِلَّهِ عِيرَا لِمُعْرِ الرَّحِيمِ

هَـلُ أَنَّى عَلَى ٱلْإِنْسَـن حِينٌ مَّنَ ٱلدَّهْرِ لَدَّ يَكُن شَـيْكًا مَّذْكُورًا ١٥ إِنَّا خَلَقْنَا الْإِنسَنَ مِن نَّطْفَة أَمْشَاج نَّبْتَكِيه فَجَعَلْنَكُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّا هَدَيْنَهُ ٱلسَّبِيلَ إِمَّا شَاكَرًا وَ إِمَّا كَفُورًا ﴿ إِنَّا أَعْتَدُنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ سَلَسلا وَأَغْلَلُا وَسَعِيرًا ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلْأَبْرَارَيَشُرَ بُونَ مِن كَأْسٌ كَانَ مِزَاجُهَا كَانُورًا ﴿ عَنْاً يَشْرَبُ بَهَا عَبَادُ اللهُ يُفَجُّرُونَهَا تَفْجِيرًا ﴿ يُوفُونَ بَالنَّـذْرِ وَيَخَافُونَ يَوْمًا كَانَ شَرُّهُۥ مُسْتَطِيرًا ﴿ وَ يُطْعِمُونَ الطَّعَامَ عَلَى حُبِّه ، مشكينًا



Al-Insân or Ad-Dabr is, in either case, so called from a word in the first verse.

An early Meccan sûrah.

"TIME" OR "MAN"

Revealed at Meccal

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hath there come upon man (ever) any period of time in which he was a thing unremembered?
- 2. Lo! We create man from a drop of thickened fluid to test him; so We make him hearing, knowing.
- 3. Lo! We have shown him the way, whether he be grateful or disbelieving.
- 4. Lo! We have prepared for disbelievers manacles and carcans and a raging fire.
- 5. Lo! the righteous shall drink of a cup whereof the mixture is of Kâfûr.
- 6. A spring wherefrom the slaves of Allah drink, making it gush forth abundantly,
- 7. (Because) they perform the vow and fear a day whereof the evil is wide-spreading,
 - And feed with food the needy wretch, the orphan and
 Also regarded in Egypt as revealed at Al-Madinal.

وَيَتَمَا وَأَسْيِرًا ﴿ إِنَّى النَّهِ إِنَّكَ انْطُعْمُكُمْ لُوَجَّهِ ٱللهُ لَانُرِيدُ منكُمْ جَزَآةً وَلَا شُكُورًا ﴿ إِنَّا نَخَافُ مِن رَّبْنَا يَوْمًا عَبُوسًا قَلَورِرًا ﴿ فَوَقَلْهُمُ ٱللَّهُ شَرَّ ذَالَكَ ٱلْيَوْمِ وَلَقَّلُهُمْ نَفْرَةً وَسُرُورًا شِي وَجَزَعُهُم بَمَا صَبَرُواْ جَنَّةً وَحَرِيرًا ﴿ مُنَّكَ مِنَ فِيهَا عَلَى ٱلْأَرَآبِكَ ۖ لَا يَرَوْنَ فيهَا شَمْسًا وَلَا زَمْهَرِيرًا ﴿ وَدَانِيةً عَلَيْهِمْ طْلَنْلُهَا وَذُلَّتَ قُطُوفُهَا تَذَّلِيلًا ﴿ وَيُطَافُ عَلَيْهِم بَعَانِيَة مِّن فضَّة وَأَكْوَابِ كَانَتْ قَوَادِيرًا ﴿ ثَبِي قَوَادِيرًا مِن فضَّة قَدَّرُ وهَا تَقْدِيرًا ١٠ وَيُسْقَوْنَ فَيَهَا كَأْسًا كَانَ مزَاجُهَا زَنجَبِيلًا ١٠ عَيْنَا فِهَا تُسَمَّى سَلْسَبِيلًا ١٠ * وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلْدَنَّ نَحْلَدُونَ إِذَا رَأَيْتُهُمْ حَسْبَهُمْ لُوُّلُوًّا مَّنفُورًا ١٠ وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ ثُمَّ رَأَيْتَ نَعِيمًا وَمُلْكًا



the prisoner, for love of Him,

- 9. (Saying): We feed you, for the sake of Allah only. We wish for no reward nor thanks from you;
- 10. Lo! we fear from our Lord a day of frowning and of fate.
- 11. Therefor Allah hath warded off from them the evil of that day, and hath made them find brightness and joy;
- 12. And hath awarded them for all that they endured, a Garden and silk attire;
- 13. Reclining therein upon couches, they will find there neither (heat of) a sun nor bitter cold.
- 14. The shade thereof is close upon them and the clustered fruits thereof bow down.
- 15. Goblets of silver are brought round for them, and beakers (as) of glass
- 16. (Bright as) glass but (made) of silver, which they (themselves) have measured to the measure (of their deeds).
- 17. There are they watered with a cup whereof the mixture is of Zanjabîl,
 - 18. (The water of) a spring therein, named Salsabil.
- 19. There wait on them immortal youths, whom, when thou seest, thou wouldst take for scattered pearls.
- 20. When thou seest, thou wilt see there bliss and high estate.

كَبِيرًا رَبِّي عَلِلَهُمْ ثَيَابُ سُندُس خُفْرٌ وَ إِسْتَبْرَقٌ وَحُلُواْ أَسَاوِرَ مِن فَضَّة وَسَقَلُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ شَرَابًا طَهُورًا ﴿ إِنَّ إِنَّ هَنذَا كَانَ لَكُمْ جَزَآتَ وَكَانَ سَعْبُكُمْ مَّشْكُورًا رَبُّ إِنَّا كَفُنُ زَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْءَانَ تَنزِيلًا ﴿ فَأَصْبِرْ لَحُكُمْ رَبِّكَ وَلَا تُطعْ مَنْهُمْ ءَائمًا أَوْكَفُورًا ﴿ وَأَذْكُرَاهُمَ رَبْكَ بُكُرَةُ وَأَصِيلًا ﴿ وَهِي وَمِنَ الَّيْلِ فَأَشَّدُ لَهُ وَسَبْحُهُ لَيْلًا طَويلًا ﴿ إِنَّ هَنَّؤُ لَا ءِيُحِبُّونَ ٱلْعَاجِلَةَ وَيَذَرُ وِنَ وَرَآءَهُمْ يَوْمُا ثَقِيلًا ﴿ تَحْنُ خَلَقْنَاهُمْ وَشَلَدْنَا أَسْرَهُمْ وَإِذَا شَنَّكَ بَدَّلْنَآ أَمْثَلَهُمْ تَبْديلًا ﴿ إِنَّا هَلَاهِ ءَ تَذَكُّرَةً ۗ فَنَ شَاءَ الَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ عَسَبِيلًا ﴿ وَمَا تَشَاءُ وَنَ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ اللهُ إِنَّ اللهُ كَانَ عَلَمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿ ثُنَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ يَشَاءُ فِي رَحْمَتُهُ وَالظَّلْمِينَ أَعَدَّ لَمُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا رَبُّ

- 21. Their raiment will be fine green silk and gold embroidery. Bracelets of silver will they wear. Their Lord will slake their thirst with a pure drink.
- 22. (And it will be said unto them): Lo! this is a reward for you. Your endeavour (upon earth) hath found acceptance.
- 23. Lo! We, even We, have revealed unto thee the Qur'ân, a revelation;
- 24. So submit patiently to thy Lord's command, and obey not of them any guilty one or disbeliever.
- 25. Remember the name of thy Lord at morn and evening.
- 26. And worship Him (a portion) of the night, And glorify Him through the livelong night.
- 27. Lo! these love fleeting life, and put behind them (the remembrance of) a grievous day.
- 28. We, even We, created them, and strengthened their frame. And when We will, We can replace them, bringing others like them in their stead.
- 29. Lo! this is an Admonishment, that whosoever will may choose a way unto his Lord.
- 30. Yet ye will not, unless Allah willeth. Lo! Allah is Knower, Wise.
- 31. He maketh whom He will to enter His mercy, and for evil-doers hath prepared a painful doom.

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(۷۷) سُورةِ المُرسَلاتِ مَكَيْتِ الا آبِ ٤٨ فِدنَتِ وآيافنا ٥٠ نزلتُ بَعِنْدُ الْمُعَرَّةَ

ين إِللَّهِ الرَّحِيمِ

وَالْمُرْسَلَنِ عُرْفًا ﴿ فَالْعَلْصِفَلْتِ عَصْفًا ﴿ وَالنَّاشِرَاتِ نَشْرًا ﴿ فَا لَهُ الْفَارِقَاتِ فَرُقًا ﴿ فَالْمُلْقِبَلِتِ الْمُرَاتِ نَشْرًا ﴿ فَا لَمُ الْفَيْرَ فَاتَ فَرُقًا ﴿ فَا لَمُ الْقَبْلِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الللْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ اللِلْمُنِلْمُ اللَّه



Al-Mursalát takes its name from a word in the first verse. Verses 1, 2 and 3 are taken to refer to winds, verses 4 and 5 to angels.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE EMISSARIES

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the emissary winds, (sent) one after another
- 2. By the raging hurricanes,
- 3. By those which cause earth's vegetation to revive;
- 4. By those who winnow with a winnowing,
- 5. By those who bring down the Reminder,
- 6. To excuse or to warn,
- 7. Surely that which ye are promised will befall.
- 8. So when the stars are put out,
- 9. And when the sky is riven asunder,
- 10. And when the mountains are blown away,
- 11. And when the messengers are brought unto their time appointed—
 - 12. For what day is the time appointed?
 - 13. For the Day of Decision.
- 14. And what will convey unto thee what the Day of Decision is!—
 - 15. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
 - 16. Destroyed We not the former folk,
 - 17. Then caused the latter folk to follow after?
 - 18. Thus deal We ever with the guilty.

بٱلْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِذَ لَلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿ أَلَمْ نَخُلُقُكُمْ مِّن مَّآءِمَّهِين ﴿ فَجَعَلْنَهُ فِي قَرَار مَّكِين ﴿ إِلَى قَدَر مَّعْلُوم ٢٠٠ فَقَدَرْنَا فَنعْمَ ٱلْقَدرُونَ ١٠٠ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِد لَلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿ أَلَا نَجْعَلِ ٱلْأَرْضَ كَفَاتًا ﴿ أَخْيَا ۗ عَ وَأَمْوَا تَا ١٠٠) وَجَعَلْنَا فِهَا رَوَاسِيَ شَلْمَخَلَت وَأَسْقَيْنَلَكُمُ مَّا يَ فُرَاتًا ١ وَيْلُ يَوْمَهِ لِللَّهُ كَذَّبِينَ ١ الطَّلْقُوا إِلَى مَا كُنتُم به ع تُكَذَّبُونَ ﴿ إِن الطَلقُوا إِلَى ظلّ ذى تُلَاث شُعَب ﴿ لَيْ ظَلِيلَ وَلَا يُغْنَى مَنَ ٱللَّهَب ﴿ إِنَّهَا تَرْمَى بشَرَركَ لَقَصْر ﴿ كَا نَّهُ مِنَكَّ صُفْرٌ ﴿ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِد لْلَمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿ هَٰذَا يَوْمُ لَا يَنطقُونَ ﴿ وَلَا يُؤْذَنُ لَمُّمُ فَيَعْتَذِرُ وِنَ ٢٠ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِدُ لَلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١٠٠٠ هَانَدَا يَوْمُ ٱلْفَصْلَ جَمَعْنَكُمْ وَٱلْأَوَّلِينَ رَبِّي فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمْ كَيْلٌ



- 19. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 20. Did We not create you from a base fluid
- 21. Which We laid up in a safe abode
- 22. For a known term?
- 23. Thus We arranged. How excellent is Our arranging!
- 24. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 25. Have We not made the earth a receptacle
- 26. Both for the living and the dead,
- 27. And placed therein high mountains and given you to drink sweet water therein?
 - 28. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 29. (It will be said unto them:) Depart unto that (doom) which ye used to deny;
 - 30. Depart unto the shadow falling threefold,
 - 31. (Which yet is) no relief nor shelter from the flame.
 - 32. Lo! it throweth up sparks like the castles,
 - 33. (Or) as it might be camels of bright yellow hue.
 - 34. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
 - 35. This is a day wherein they speak not,
 - 36. Nor are they suffered to put forth excuses.
 - 37. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 38. This is the Day of Decision, We have brought you and the men of old together.
 - 39. If now ye have any wit, outwit Me.

فَكِيدُونِ ﴿ وَيْلُ يَوْمَهِ ذِلْلُمُكَذَّدِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ الْمُنَقَينَ فَى ظَلَالِ وَعُيُونِ ﴿ وَقَوَ كَهَ مَنَ يَشْتَهُونَ ﴿ كَا كُمُ اللَّهَ مَهُونَ ﴿ كُمُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَوْنَ ﴾ وَاللَّهُ عَلَوْنَ ﴿ إِنَّا كَذَاكَ تَجْزِى اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَ ﴿ إِنَّا كَذَاكَ تَجْزِى اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَ ﴿ وَعَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَوْنَ ﴾ المُحْسنينَ ﴿ وَيُلُّ يَوْمَهِ ذِلْلُمُكَذَّبِينَ ﴿ كُمُوا وَمَتَعُوا اللَّهُ عَلَيْ إِنَّا كُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ إِنَّا كُولُونَ ﴿ وَعَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعُلِي الْمُعَلِيلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعَلِيلُ اللْمُعَلِقُ اللْعَلِيلُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعَلَيْلُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللْعَلِيلُ اللْعَلِيلُولُونَا الْمُعَلِيلُ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعُلِيلُ اللْعَلِيلُ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعُلِيلُ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعُلِيلُوا الْعَلَيْمِ اللْعُلِيلُوا اللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِيلُوا اللْعَلَمُ ا

(٧٨) سُيٽوٽ النبْنا مَکيَت وآياها ٤٠ نزلِتُ بَعْدُاللْعَـَارِخِ

ين إِنْ الْحَمْرِ الرَّحِيمِ

عَمَّ يَنَسَآءَلُونَ ﴿ عَنِ ٱلنَّبَإِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿ الَّذِي



- 40. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 41. Lo! those who kept their duty are amid shade and fountains,
 - 42. And fruits such as they desire.
- 43. (Unto them it is said:) Eat, drink and welcome, O ye blessed, in return for what ye did.
 - 44. Thus do We reward the good.
 - 45. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 46. Eat and take your ease (on earth) a little. Lo! ye are guilty.
 - 47. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
- 48. When it is said unto them: Bow down, they bow not down!
 - 49. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
 - 50. In what statement, after this, will they believe?

SÛRAH LXXVIII

An-Nabá' takes its name from a word in the second verse.
An early Meccan sûrah.

THE TIDINGS

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Whereof do they question one another?
- 2. (It is) of the awful tidings,

هُمْ فِيه نُخْتَلَفُونَ ﴿ كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ثُنَّ ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ رَفِي أَلَرْتَجْعَلِ ٱلأَرْضِ مِهَنداً رَفِي وَأَلْحِبَالَ أَوْتَادَا ﴿ وَخَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا نَوْمَكُمْ سُبَاتًا ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا الَّيْلَ لَبَاسًا ﴿ وَجَعَلْنَا النَّهَارَ مَعَاشًا ١ وَبَنَيْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعًا شَدَادًا ١ وَجَعَلْنَا سَرَاجًا وَهَاجًا ١٠٠ وَأَزَلْنَا مَنَ ٱلْمُعْصَرَاتِ مَا ٤ نَجَّاجًا ١٠٠ لَّنُخْرِجَ بِهِ عَجَّا وَنَبَاتًا رَثِي وَجَنَّنت أَلْفَافًا رَبِّي إِنَّ يَوْمَ ٱلْفَصِّلِ كَانَ مِيقَلْنَا (١٠) يَوْمَ يُنفَخُ فِ ٱلصُّورِ فَتَأْ تُونَ أَقْوَاجَا ﴿ وَفُتَحَت السَّمَاءَ فَكَانَتَ أَبُوابًا ﴿ وَسُيرَت ٱلْحَبَالُ فَكَانَتْ سَرَابًا ﴿ إِنَّا جَهَنَّمَ كَانَتْ مُ صَادًا ﴿ إِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ كَانَتْ مُ صَادًا للطُّلِعِينَ مَعَابًا ﴿ لَيْ لَلْبِشِينَ فِيهَا أَحْقَابًا ﴿ لَا يَذُوقُونَ فيهَا بَرْدًا وَلَا شَرَابًا ﴿ إِلَّا حَمِيمًا وَغَسَّاقًا ﴿ جَرَاتُهُ

- - 3. Concerning which they are in disagreement.
 - 4. Nay, but they will come to know!
 - 5. Nay, again, but they will come to know!
 - 6. Have We not made the earth an expanse,
 - 7. And the high hills bulwarks?
 - 8. And We have created you in pairs,
 - 9. And have appointed your sleep for repose,
 - 10. And have appointed the night as a cloak,
 - 11. And have appointed the day for livelihood.
 - 12. And We have built above you seven strong (heavens),
 - 13. And have appointed a dazzling lamp,
- 14. And have sent down from the rainy clouds abundant water.
 - 15. Thereby to produce grain and plant,
 - 16. And gardens of thick foliage.
 - 17. Lo! the Day of Decision is a fixed time,
- 18. A day when the trumpet is blown, and ye come in multitudes,
 - 19. And the heaven is opened and becometh as gates,
 - 20. And the hills are set in motion and become as a mirage.
 - 21. Lo! hell lurketh in ambush.
 - 22. A home for the rebellious.
 - 23. They will abide therein for ages.
 - 24. Therein taste they neither coolness nor (any) drink
 - 25. Save boiling water and a paralysing cold:

وَفَاقًا ﴾ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ لَا يَرْجُونَ حَسَابًا ﴿ وَكُذَّبُواْ بَعَايَنْتَنَا كُذَّا بًا ﴿ وَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ أَحْصَيْنَكُ كُتَلَبًا ﴿ فَذُوهُواْ فَلَن زَّيِدَكُمْ إِلَّا عَذَابًا رَبُّ إِنَّ الْمُنَّقِينَ مَفَازًا ﴿ مَا حَدَآيِقَ وَأَعْنَلُهُ ﴿ وَكُوَاعِبَ أَثْرَابًا ﴿ وَكَأْسًا دَهَاقًا ﴿ إِنَّ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغُوَّا وَلَا كُذًّا بَا ﴿ جَزَآةً من رَّبُكَ عَطَآةً حسَابًا ١٠ رَّبُّ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا ٱلرَّحْمَنِ لَا يَمْلُكُونَ مَنْهُ حَطَابًا ﴿ يَوْمَ يَقُومُ ٱلرُّوحُ وَٱلْمَلَتِيكَةُ صَفَّا لَا يَشَكَلَّمُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَذِنَ لَهُ ٱلرَّحْمَنُ وَقَالَ صَوَابًا ﴿ ثَنِّ ذَاكَ ٱلْيَوْمُ ٱلْحَقُّ فَن شَآءً المُخَذَ إِلَى رَبِهِ عَمَابًا ﴿ إِنَّا أَنْذَرْنَكُمْ عَذَابًا قَرِيكَ يَوْمَ يَنظُرُ ٱلْمَرْةُ مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ وَيَقُولُ ٱلْكَافُر يَلْلَيْنَنِي كُنتُ تُزَابًا ﴿

- - 26. Reward proportioned (to their evil deeds).
 - 27. For lo! they looked not for a reckoning;
 - 28. They called Our revelations false with strong denial.
 - 29. Everything have We recorded in a Book.
- 30. So taste (of that which ye have earned). No increase do We give you save of torment.
 - 31. Lo! for the duteous is achievement-
 - 32. Gardens enclosed and vineyards,
 - 33. And maidens for companions,
 - 34. And a full cup.
 - 35. There hear they never vain discourse, nor lying-
 - 36. Requital from thy Lord-a gift in payment-
- 37. Lord of the heavens and the earth, and (all) that is between them, the Beneficent; with Whom none can converse.
- 38. On the day when the angels and the Spirit stand arrayed, they speak not, saving him whom the Beneficent alloweth and who speaketh right.
- 39. That is the True Day. So whoso will should seek recourse unto his Lord.
- 40. Lo! We warn you of a doom at hand, a day whereon a man will look on that which his own hands have sent before, and the disbeliever will cry: "Would that I were dust!"

(٧٩) سُوُرِقُ النَّازِعَاتُ مَكَيْرٌ وآياهَا ٤٦ نزلتٌ بَعَـُ لِ النَّبَا

ين لِمُعْرِ الْحِيمِ

وَ ٱلنَّنْزِعَلِت غَرْقًا ۞ وَ ٱلنَّلْسُطَلِت نَشْطًا ۞ وَالسَّنِحَن سَبْحًا ﴿ فَالسَّبَقَت سَبْقًا ﴿ فَالْمُدَبِّرَت أَمْرًا ﴿ يَوْمَ تَرْجُفُ الرَّاجِفَةُ ﴿ تَتْبَعُهَا الرَّادِفَةُ ۞ قُلُوبٌ يَوْمَهِذ وَاجَفَةً ﴿ أَبْصَارُهَا خَاسَعَةٌ ﴿ يَقُولُونَ أُونَّالَمَرْ دُودُونَ فِي الْحَافِرَةِ فَيْ أَوْ ذَا كُنَّا عَظَلْماً نَّخَرَةً ١ قَالُواْ تَلْكَ إِذَا كَرَّةً خَاسَرَةٌ ١ فَإِنَّكَا هَى زَجْرَةٌ وَ'حَدَةٌ ﴿ مَنْ فَإِذَا هُم بِٱلسَّاهِرَةِ ﴿ مَنْ هَلْ أَتَلَكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَىٰ ﴿ إِذْنَادَكُ رَبُّهُ بِٱلْوَادِ ٱلْمُقَدَّسِ طُوَّى ﴿ مُ



An-Nâzi'ât takes its name from a word in the first verse.
An early Meccan sûrah.

"THOSE WHO DRAG FORTH"

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By those who drag forth to destruction,
- 2. By the meteors rushing,
- 3. By the lone stars floating,1
- 4. By the angels hastening,
- 5. And those who govern the event,
- 6. On the day when the first trump resoundeth
 - 7. And the second followeth it,
- 8. On that day hearts beat painfully
- 9. While eyes are downcast
- 10. (Now) they are saying: Shall we really be restored to our first state
 - 11. Even after we are crumbled bones?
 - 12. They say: Then that would be a vain proceeding.
 - 13. Surely it will need but one shout,
 - 14. And lo! they will be awakened.
 - 15. Hath there come unto thee the history of Moses?
 - 16. How his Lord called him in the holy vale of Tuwa,
- ¹ Some commentators take vv. 2 and 3 also as referring to angels and explain them thus: "By those who console (the spirits of the righteous) tenderly," "By those who come floating (down from heaven with their Lord's command)." The rendering given in the text above is the more obvious.

ٱذْهَبْ إِلَىٰ فَرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَين ١٠٠٠ فَقُلْ هَـل لَّكَ إِلَّىٰ أَنْ بَرَكَ فَتَخْشَىٰ ١٠٠ وَأَهْدَيَكَ إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ فَتَخْشَىٰ ١٠٠ فَأَرْنَهُ ٱلْآیَةَ ٱلْكُبْرَىٰ ۞ فَكَذَّبَ وَعَصَىٰ ۞ ثُمَّ أَدْيَرَ يَسْعَىٰ ﴿ فَحَشَرَ فَنَادَىٰ ﴿ فَقَالَ أَنَا رَبُّكُمُ ٱلْأُعْلَىٰ ﴿ مِنْ فَأَخَذَهُ اللهُ نَكَالَ ٱلْآخَرَة وَ ٱلْأُولَة ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَعَبْرَةُ لَمَن يَعْشَىٰ ﴿ مَا مُنْمَ أَشَدُ خَلْقًا أَم السَّمَاءُ بَنَّلَهَا ١ رُفَعَ سَمَّكُهَا فَسَوَّلِهَا ١ وَأَغْطَشَ لَيْلَهَا وَأَنْرَجَ ضَعَلْهَا ﴿ وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذَالِكَ دَحَلْهَ آ ﴿ أَنْرَجَ مِنْهَا مَآءَ هَا وَمَرْعَلْهَا ١ وَالْجَبَالَ أَرْسَلْهَا ١ مَنْعَالَّكُمْ وَلَأَنْعَدَهُمُ ﴿ فَإِذَا جَآءَتَ الطَّآمَّةُ ٱلْكُبْرَىٰ ﴿ يَوْمَ يَتَلَدَّرُ ٱلْإِنْسَانُ مَا سَعَىٰ ﴿ وَ مُرْزَت الْجَحْدِيمُ لَمَن بَرَى ١٠ فَأَمَّا مَن طَغَي ١٠

PART XXX "THOSE WHO DRAG FORTH" SORAH LXXIX

- 17. (Saying:) Go thou unto Pharaoh—Lo! he hath rebelled—
- 18. And say (unto him): Hast thou (will) to grow (in grace)?
- 19. Then I will guide thee to thy Lord and thou shalt fear (Him).
 - 20. And he showed him the tremendous token.
 - 21. But he denied and disobeyed,
 - 22. Then turned he away in haste,
 - 23. Then gathered he and summoned
- 24. And proclaimed: "I (Pharaoh) am your Lord the Highest."
- 25. So Allah seized him (and made him) an example for the after (life) and for the former.
 - 26. Lo! herein is indeed a lesson for him who feareth.
- 27. Are ye the harder to create, or is the heaven that He built?
 - 28. He raised the height thereof and ordered it;
- And He made dark the night thereof, and He brought forth the morn thereof.
 - 30. And after that He spread the earth,
- 31. And produced therefrom the water thereof and the pasture thereof,
 - 32. And He made fast the hills.
 - 33. A provision for you and for your cattle.
 - 34. But when the great disaster cometh,
- 35. The day when man will call to mind his (whole) endeavour,
 - 36. And hell will stand forth visible to him who seeth,
 - 37. Then, as for him who rebelled

وَ اَ ثَرَ اَلْحَيَوَةَ الدُّنْ الْنِي فَإِنَّ الْحَجِمَ هِي الْمَأْوَى (الله وَ الله والله والل

(٨٠) شُولةَ عِبَسِنٌ مَكَيَّـَت وآياهَا ٤٢ نزلت بَعْـُ للْآلِخِيْرُ

بِسُ إِللَّهِ الرَّحْدِ إِلَّهِ عِلْمُ الرَّحْدِ الرَّحِيدِ

عَبَسَ وَ تَوَلَّقُ ﴿ أَن جَاءَهُ الْأَعْمَىٰ ﴿ وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ لَعَبَىٰ ﴿ وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ لَكَ اللَّهُ مَن لَكَ اللَّهُ مَنَ لَكَ اللَّهُ مَن اللهُ مِن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَا مَن اللهُ مَا مَا مُن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مَا مَا مُن اللّهُ مَن اللهُ مَا مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَا مُن اللهُ مَا



- 38. And chose the life of the world,
- 39. Lo! hell will be his home.
- 40. But as for him who feared to stand before his Lord and restrained his soul from lust,
 - 41. Lo! the Garden will be his home.
 - 42. They ask thee of the Hour: when will it come to port?
 - 43. Why (ask they)? What hast thou to tell thereof?
- 44. Unto thy Lord belongeth (knowledge of) the term thereof.
 - 45. Thou art but a warner unto him who feareth it.
- 46. On the day when they behold it, it will be as if they had but tarried for an evening or the morn thereof.

SURAH LXXX

'Abasa, "He Frowned," takes its name from the first word. One day when the Prophet was in conversation with one of the great men of Qureysh (his own tribe), seeking to persuade him of the truth of Al-Islâm, a blind man came and asked a question concerning the faith. The Prophet was annoyed at the interruption, frowned and turned away from the blind man. In this sûrah he is told that a man's importance is not to be judged from his appearance or worldly station. An early Meccan sûrah.

"HE FROWNED"

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. He frowned and turned away
- 2. Because the blind man came unto him.
- 3. What could inform thee but that he might grow (in grace)
 - 4. Or take heed and so the reminder might avail him?

أَسْتَغْنَى إِنْ فَأَنْتَ لَهُ تَصَدَّىٰ ﴿ وَمَا عَلَيْكَ أَلَّا يَزَّكِينِ ﴿ وَأَمَّا مَن جَآءَكَ بِسَعَينِ ﴿ وَهُو يَخْشَينِ ﴿ فَأَنتَ عَنْهُ تَلَهًى ١ كُلَّ إِنَّا تَذْكُوُّ ١ فَن شَآء ذَكَوَهُ ١٠ فِي صُحُف مُكَرَّمَة ١٠ مَّرَفُوعَة مُطَهَّرة ١٠ بأَيْدى سَفَرَة ١٥٠ كرام بَرَرَة ١١٥ أَنْهُ الْإِنسَانُ مَا أَكْفَرَهُ ١ مِنْ أَى شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ ١ مِن نَظْفَة خَلَقَهُ وَفَقَدَّرُهُ ١٥٠ مُمَّ السَّبيلَ يَسَّرَهُ ١٥٠ مُمَّ أَمَاتَهُ فَأَقْبَرَهُ إِنَّ ثُمَّ إِذَا شَآءَ أَنْشَرَهُ ١٠ كَلَّا لَمًّا يَقْض مَا أَمْرَهُ ﴿ فَلْيَنظُر الْإِنسَانُ إِلَّى طَعَامِهِ ﴿ أَنَّا صَبَبْنَا ٱلْمَآءَ صَبًّا ﴿ ثُمَّ شَقَقْنَا ٱلْأَرْضَ شَقًّا ﴾ فَأَنْبَنْنَا فِهَا حَبًّا ﴿ وَعَنَا وَقَضْبًا ﴿ وَزَيْنُونَا وَنَمْ لَا ﴿ وَحَدَا بِنَى غُلْبُ ﴾ وَفَكَمَةُ وَأَبَّا ﴿

- 5. As for him who thinketh himself independent,
- 6. Unto him thou payest regard,
- 7. Yet it is not thy concern if he grow not (in grace).
- 8. But as for him who cometh unto thee with earnest purpose
 - 9. And hath fear,
 - 10. From him thou art distracted.
 - 11. Nay, but verily it is an Admonishment,
 - 12. So let whosoever will pay heed to it,
 - 13. On honoured leaves
 - 14. Exalted, purified,
 - 15. (Set down) by scribes
 - 16. Noble and righteous.
 - 17. Man is (self-)destroyed: how ungrateful!
 - 18. From what thing doth He create him?
- 19. From a drop of seed. He createth him and proportioneth him,
 - 20. Then maketh the way easy for him,
 - 21. Then causeth him to die, and burieth him;
 - 22. Then, when He will, He bringeth him again to life.
 - 23. Nay, but (man) hath not done what He commanded him.
 - 24. Let man consider his food:
 - 25. How We pour water in showers
 - 26. Then split the earth in clefts
 - 27. And cause the grain to grow therein
 - 28. And grapes and green fodder
 - 29. And olive-trees and palm-trees
 - 30. And garden-closes of thick foliage
 - 31. And fruits and grasses:

مَّنَعَالَكُمُ وَلِأَنْعَلَمُ شَيْ فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الصَّاغَةُ ﴿ وَمَلِحِبَنهِ عَلَمُ الْمَرْءُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ ﴿ وَمَلِحِبَنهِ عِنْ الْمَرْءُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ ﴿ وَمَلِحِبَنهِ وَالْبِيهِ ﴿ وَمَلِحِبَنهِ وَ وَبَنيهِ ﴿ وَبَنيهِ ﴿ وَبَنيهِ ﴿ لَكُلِّ الْمَرِي مِنْهُمْ يَوْمَهِ دَمَأَنَّ يُغْنيه ﴿ وَبَنيهِ ﴿ وَبَنيهِ ﴿ لَكُلُ الْمَرِي مِنْهُمْ يَوْمَهِ دَمَانًا يُعْنيه ﴿ وَاللَّهُ مَا لَكُمْ اللَّهُ مَلْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ

(۸۱) سُوِّن ﴿ الْهَوْمِ مِمْكَيْتُ وآياهَا ٢٩ نزلت بَعَالمُ لَمَسَالٌ

بِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

إِذَا ٱلشَّمْسُ كُورَتُ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلنَّجُومُ ٱنكَدَرَتُ ﴿

وَ إِذَا ٱلْجِنْبَالُ سُرِيْتُ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلْعِشَارُ عُطِّلَتْ ﴿

- 32. Provision for you and your cattle.
- 33. But when the Shout cometh
- 34. On the day when a man fleeth from his brother
- 35. And his mother and his father
- 36. And his wife and his children,
- 37. Every man that day will have concern enough to make him heedless (of others).
 - 38. On that day faces will be bright as dawn,
 - 39. Laughing, rejoicing at good news;
 - 40. And other faces, on that day, with dust upon them,
 - 41. Veiled in darkness,
 - 42. Those are the disbelievers, the wicked.

SÜRAH LXXXI

At-Takwir takes its name from a word in verse 1. Verses 8 and 9 contain an allusion to the practice of the pagan Arabs of burying alive girl-children whom they deemed superfluous.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE OVERTHROWING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. When the sun is overthrown,
- 2. And when the stars fall.
- 3. And when the hills are moved.
- 4. And when the camels big with young are abandoned,

وَ إِذَا ٱلْوُحُوشُ حُشَرَتُ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلْبِحَارُ سُجِرَتُ ﴿ وَ إِذَا ٱلنَّفُوسُ زُوْجَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلْمَوْءُودَةُ سُلِكَ ٢ يُبَأَى ذَنْبِ قُنلَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلصَّحُفُ نُشَرَتْ ﴿ وَ إِذَا ٱلسَّمَاءُ كُشطَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلْحَحِمُ سُعَرَتْ ﴿ وَ إِذَا ٱلْحَنَّةُ أَزْلَفَتْ ﴿ عَلَمَتْ نَفْسٌ مَّا أَحْضَرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا ٱلْحَنَّرَتْ اللَّهِ فَلآ أَقْسَمُ بِالْخُنُسِ ﴿ الْجُنَوَارِ الْكُنِّسِ ﴿ الْجُنَوَارِ الْكُنِّسِ ﴿ وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا عَسْعَسَ إِنَّ وَالصَّبْحِ إِذَا تَنفَّسَ ١ إِنَّهُ لَقَوْلُ رَسُول كَرِيم ١٥٥ ذى قُوَّة عندَ ذى ٱلْعَرْش مَكِينَ ﴿ مُطَاعَ ثُمَّأُ مِينِ ﴿ وَمَا صَاحِبُكُمُ عَجْنُونِ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ رَءَاهُ بِالْأَنْقِ ٱلْمُبِينِ ﴿ وَمَا هُوَعَلَى الْغَيْبِ بِضَنِين ﴿ وَمَا هُوَ بَقُول شَيْطَان رَّجِيم ﴿ فَأَيْنَ تُعْفُرُونَ إِنَّ هُوَ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكَّرٌ لَلْعَنْلَمِينَ ﴿ لِمَن

- 5. And when the wild beasts are herded together,
- 6. And when the seas rise.
- 7. And when souls are reunited.
- 8. And when the girl-child that was buried alive is asked
- o. For what sin she was slain.
- 10. And when the pages are laid open,
- 11. And when the sky is torn away,
- 12. And when hell is lighted,
- 13. And when the Garden is brought nigh,
- 14. (Then) every soul will know what it hath made ready.
- 15. Oh, but I call to witness the planets,
- 16. The stars which rise and set.
- 17. And the close of night,1
- 18. And the breath of morning2
- 10. That this is in truth the word of an honoured messenger,
- 20. Mighty, established in the presence of the Lord of the Throne.
 - 21. (One) to be obeyed, and trustworthy;
 - 22. And your comrade is not mad.
 - 23. Surely he beheld Him on the clear horizon.
 - 24. And he is not avid of the Unseen.
 - 25. Nor is this the utterance of a devil worthy to be stoned.
 - 26. Whither then go ye?
 - 27. This is naught else than a reminder unto creation,

 - Lit. "And the night when it closeth."
 Lit. "And the morning when it breathes."

شَاءَ مِنكُدُ أَنْ يَسْتَقِيمَ شِي وَمَا تَشَاءُ وَنَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَسَاءَ اللهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمينَ شَيْ

(Ar) يُبِوُلِوَّا الأَنفِظارِ مِكْتَبَة وَإِياهَنَا ١٩ نَزِلتُ بَعْدُ لِللَّانَازِعَاتُ

ن أِلَّهِ الرَّمْ وَالَّذِي مِ

إِذَا السَّمَاءُ انفَطَرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْكُواكِ الْمُعَارُثُ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ الْمَعْرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ الْمَعْرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ لِمُعْرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ لِمُعْرَتْ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ لِمُعْرَتْ وَالْمَرْتِ وَالْمَاتُ وَالْمَاتُ وَكَالَتُهَا الْمُعْرَةِ وَالْمَاتُ وَالْمَاتُ وَكَالَتُهَا اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَاللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّلْ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ ا





- 28. Unto whomsoever of you willeth to walk straight.
- 29. And ye will not, unless (it be) that Allah willeth, the Lord of Creation.

SÜRAH LXXXII -

Al-Infifâr takes its name from a word in verse 1.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE CLEAVING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. When the heaven is cleft asunder.
- 2. When the planets are dispersed,
- 3. When the seas are poured forth,
- 4. And the sepulchres are overturned,
- 5. A soul will know what it hath sent before (it) and what left behind.
- 6. O man! What hath made thee careless concerning thy Lord, the Bountiful,
- 7. Who created thee, then fashioned, then proportioned thee?
 - 8. Into whatsoever form He will, He casteth thee.
 - 9. Nay, but ye deny the Judgment.
 - 10. Lo! there are above you guardians,

كِرَاهَا كَلْتَهِينَ شِي يَعْلَمُونَ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ شِي إِنَّ الْأَبْرَارَلَنِي جَحِيم شِي الْأَبْرَارَلَنِي تَعِيم شِي وَإِنَّ الْفُجَّارَلَنِي جَحِيم شِي يَصْلَوْنَهَا يَوْمَ الدِّينِ شِي وَمَا هُمْ عَنْهَا بِغَا يِبِينَ شِي وَمَا هُمْ عَنْهَا بِغَا يِبِينَ شِي وَمَا أُدْرَىٰكَ مَا يَوْمُ الدِينِ شِي ثُمَّ مَا أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا يَوْمُ الدِينِ شِي يَوْمَ لِللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ الللْ

(۸۳) شِوْرَةُ الْمُطِفِّفِينَ مِهَكِيَّرٌ وآيا لَمُنا ٣٦ كُولتَ بعِنْدُ الْعَنْكُبُينِ وهى آخرسودة نزلت بمكة

بِنْ إِلَّهِ الرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

وَيْلٌ لِلْمُطَفِّفِينَ ۞ الَّذِينَ إِذَا اكْتَالُواْ عَلَى النَّاسِ يَشْتَوْفُونَ ۞ وَإِذَا كَالُوهُمْ أُووَّ زَنُوهُمْ يُضِّرُونَ ۞

- 11. Generous and recording,
- 12. Who know (all) that ye do.
- 13. Lo! the righteous verily will be in delight.
- 14. And lo! the wicked verily will be in hell;
- 15. They will burn therein on the Day of Judgment,
- 16. And will not be absent thence.
- 17. Ah, what will convey unto thee what the Day of Judgment is!
- 18. Again, what will convey unto thee what the Day of Judgment is!
- 19. A day on which no soul hath power at all for any (other) soul. The (absolute) command on that day is Allah's.

SORAH LXXXIII

At-Tafff, "Defrauding," takes its name from a word in verse 1.

An early Meccan sûrah.

DEFRAUDING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Woe unto the defrauders:
- 2. Those who when they take the measure from mankind demand it full,
- 3. But if they measure unto them or weigh for them, they cause them loss.

أَلَّا يَظُنُّ أُولَيْكِ أَنَّهُم مَّبْعُوثُونَ ﴿ لِيَوْم عَظيم ﴿ يَوْمَ يَقُومُ ٱلنَّاسُ لرَّبِّ ٱلْعَلْمَينَ ﴿ يَكُ كُلَّا إِنَّ كَتَلْبَ ٱلْفُجَّارِ لَنِي سَجِين ﴿ وَمَآ أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا سَجِينٌ ﴿ كَتَابُّ مَّرْقُومٌ ﴿ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَهِ لَلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ يُكَذَّبُونَ بِيَوْمِ ٱلدِّين ﴿ وَهَا يُكَذَّبُ بِهِ ۗ إِلَّا كُلُّ مُعْتَد أَثِيمِ ١ إِذَا نُتْلَى عَلَيْهِ وَايَنتُنَا قَالَ أَسْلِطِيرُ ٱلْأُولِينَ كَلَّا بَلَّ رَانَ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكْسبُونَ ١ كُلَّا إِنَّهُمْ عَن رَّبِّمْ يَوْمَيِدْ لَّمَحْجُوبُونَ ١٠٠٠ ثُمَّ إِنَّهُمْ لَصَالُواْ ٱلْحَصِيمِ ﴿ إِنَّ ثُمَّ يُقَالُ هَلْذَا ٱلَّذِي كُنتُم به ، تُكَذَّبُونَ ١ كُلَّ إِنَّ كَتَلَبَ ٱلْأَبْرَارِ لَنِي عَلَيْنَ ١ وَمَا أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا عَلَيْونَ ١٠ كَتَابٌ مَّرْقُومٌ ١٠ يَشْهَدُهُ ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ ١ إِنَّ ٱلْأَبْرَارَلَنِي نَعِيمِ ١ عَلَى ٱلْأَرَابِكِ

سكتة لطيفة على اللام



- 4. Do such (men) not consider that they will be raised again
 - 5. Unto an Awful Day,
- 6. The day when (all) mankind stand before the Lord of the Worlds?
 - 7. Nay, but the record of the vile is in Sijjîn-
 - 8. Ah! what will convey unto thee what Sijjîn is!-
 - 9. A written record.
 - 10. Woe unto the repudiators on that day!
 - 11. Those who deny the Day of Judgment
 - 12. Which none denieth save each criminal transgressor,
- 13. Who, when thou readest unto him Our revelations, saith: (Mere) fables of the men of old.
- 14. Nay, but that which they have earned is rust upon their hearts.
- 15. Nay, but surely on that day they will be covered from (the mercy of) their Lord.
 - 16. Then lo! they verily will burn in hell,
- And it will be said (unto them): This is that which ye used to deny.
 - 18. Nay, but the record of the righteous is in 'Illiyîn-
 - 19. Ah, what will convey unto thee what 'Illiyîn is!-
 - 20. A written record,
- 21. Attested by those who are brought near (unto their Lord).
 - 22. Lo! the righteous verily are in delight,
 - 23. On couches, gazing,

يَنظُرُونَ ١٠٠ تَعْرِفُ في وُجُوهِهمْ نَضْرَةَ النَّعيم ١٠٠ يُستَوْنَ مِن رَّحِيقَ تَحْتُومِ (١٠) خَتَلُمُهُ مِسْكُ وَفي ذَاكَ فَلْيَلَنَا فَسِ ٱلْمُتَنَفْسُونَ ﴿ وَمِزَاجُهُ مِن تَسْنِيم ﴿ عَيْنَا يَشْرَبُ بِهَا الْمُقَرَّبُونَ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَمُواْ كَانُواْ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامِّنُواْ يَضْحَكُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا مَرُّواْ بِهِمْ يَتَغَامَزُونَ ﴿ وَإِذَا الْفَلَبُواْ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِمُ ٱنقَلَبُواْ فَكُهِينَ ٢٠ وَإِذَا رَأُوهُمْ قَالُواْ إِنَّا هَتَوُلَّاهِ لَضَا لُونَ ﴿ وَمَا أَرْسُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمْ حَنْفَظِينَ ﴿ فَأَلْيَوْمُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنَ ٱلْكُفَّارِ يَضْحَكُونَ ﴿ عَلَى ٱلْأَرَآيِك يَنظُرُونَ ﴿ هَـلْ ثُوَّبَ الْكُفَّارُ مَا كَانُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ شَيْم

- 25. They are given to drink of a pure wine, sealed,
- 26. Whose seal is musk—For this let (all) those strive who strive for bliss—
 - 27. And mixed with water of Tasnîm,
 - 28. A spring whence those brought near (to Allah) drink.
 - 29. Lo! the guilty used to laugh at those who believed,
 - 30. And wink one to another when they passed them;
- 31. And when they returned to their own folk, they returned jesting;
- 32. And when they saw them they said: Lo! these have gone astray.
 - 33. Yet they were not sent as guardians over them.
- 34. This day it is those who believe who have the laugh of disbelievers,
 - 35. On high couches, gazing.
 - 36. Are not the disbelievers paid for what they used to do?

(٨٤) يُوُولِّ الأَنْشِقَاقَ لَكَيْتَ وآياها ٢٠ نزلت بَعْ لالأَنْفطَارِّ

إِذَا ٱلسَّمَاءُ ٱنسَـقَتْ ﴿ وَأَذَنَتْ لَرَبَّهَا وَحُقَّتْ ﴿ وَ إِذَا ٱلْأَرْضُ مُدَّتْ ﴿ وَأَلْقَتْ مَا فِهَا وَتَخَلَّتْ ﴿ وَأَذَنَتْ لَرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتْ ﴿ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلْإِنسَانُ إِنَّكَ كَادُّحُّ إِلَّا رَبِّكَ كَدْحًا مُلَتقيه في فَأَمَّا مَنْ أُولَى كَتَلْبَهُ بَيْمينه ۽ ۞ فَسَوْفَ يُحَاسَبُ حَسَابًا يَسيرًا ۞ وَيَنقَلُ إِلَّةَ أَهْلُهِ عَشْرُ وراً ﴿ وَأَمَّا مَنْ أُونَى كُتَّلَّهُ وَرَآةَ ظَهْره ع ﴿ فَسَوْفَ يَدْعُواْ ثُبُورًا ﴿ وَيَصْلَمْ سَعيرًا ١١٠ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فِيَ أَهْلُه ء مَسْرُ ورًّا ١١٠ إِنَّهُ ظَنَّ أَن





Al-Insbiqûq, "The Sundering," takes its name from a word in verse 1. An early Meccan sûrah.

THE SUNDERING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. When the heaven is split asunder
- 2. And attentive to her Lord in fear,
- 3. And when the earth is spread out
- 4. And hath cast out all that was in her, and is empty
- 5. And attentive to her Lord in fear!
- 6. Thou, verily, O man, art working toward thy Lord a work which thou wilt meet (in His presence).
 - 7. Then whoso is given his account in his right hand
 - 8. He truly will receive an easy reckoning
 - 9. And will return unto his folk in joy.
 - 10. But whoso is given his account behind his back,
 - 11. He surely will invoke destruction
 - 12. And be thrown to scorching fire.
 - 13. He verily lived joyous with his folk,
- 14. He verily deemed that he would never return (unto Allah).

SURAH LXXXV

Al-Burûj takes its name from a word in verse 1, which I have translated "mansions of the stars." The word has the meaning of towers or mansions and is applied to the signs of the Zodiac.

An early Meccan sûrah.

No.

لَّن يَعُورَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهِ إِنَّ رَبَّهُ كَانَ بِهِ عَبَصِيرًا ﴿ فَلَا أَقْسِمُ اللَّهُ فَي وَالْقَمْرِ إِذَا اللَّسَقَ ﴿ اللَّهُ فَي وَالْقَمْرِ إِذَا اللَّسَقَ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَمَنُونَ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللْمُ الللْمُ الللْمُ اللْمُ الللْمُ الللْمُ الللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ اللْمُ الللِمُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ اللِمُ اللللْمُ الللِمُ اللللللْمُ الللللْ

(٥٥) سُيوْلِقَالْبُرُوخِ مَكَيْتَ وَآيَاهَا ٢٢ نَزْلَتَ بَعْلَالْشِمْسُ

ين أِللهُ الرَّخْوِ الرَّحِيمِ

وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الْبُرُوجِ ﴿ وَالْبَوْمِ الْمَوْعُودِ ﴿

PART XXX THE MANSIONS OF THE STARS SORAH LXXXV

- 16. Oh, I swear by the afterglow of sunset,
- 17. And by the night and all that it enshroudeth,
- 18. And by the moon when she is at the full,
- 19. That ye shall journey on from plane to plane.
- 20. What aileth them, then, that they believe not
- 21. And, when the Qur'an is recited unto them, worship not (Allah)?
 - 22. Nay, but those who disbelieve will deny;
 - 23. And Allah knoweth best what they are hiding.
 - 24. So give them tidings of a painful doom,
- 25. Save those who believe and do good works, for theirs is a reward unfailing.

THE MANSIONS OF THE stars

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By the heaven, holding mansions of the stars,
- 2. And by the Promised Day.

Or Constellations.

وَشَنَاهَد وَمَشْهُود ﴿ قُسَلَ أَعْجَلُ ٱلْأَخْذُود ﴿ ٱلنَّارِ ذَاتِ ٱلْوَقُودِ ﴿ إِذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا تُعُودٌ ﴿ وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ مَا يَفْعَلُونَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ شُهُودٌ ﴿ وَمَا نَقَمُواْ مَهُمَّ إِلَّا أَنْ يُؤْمِنُواْ بِاللهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَميد ﴿ الَّذِي لَهُ مُلَّكُ ٱلسَّمَاوَات وَٱلْأَرْضُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ٢ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ فَتَنُواْ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ ثُمَّ لَرْ يَتُوبُواْ فَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ وَلَمُمْ عَذَابُ ٱلْحَرِينَ ١٠٠ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ ٱلصَّالَحَاتِ لَهَمُّ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرى من تَحْمَا الْأَنْهَارُ ۚ ذَاكَ الْفَوْزُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ١٠ إِنَّا بَطْشَ رَبُّكَ لْشَدِيدُ ١٠ إِنَّهُ هُوَ يُبِدَى وَيُعِيدُ ١٠ وَهُوَ الْغَفُورُ الْوَدُودُ ١ وَوَ الْعَرْشِ الْمَجِيدُ ١ فَعَالٌ لَمَا يُرِيدُ اللهِ هَلَ أَتَنكَ حَديثُ الْحُنُود فِي فَرْعَوْنَ

PART XXX THE MANSIONS OF THE STARS SORAH LXXXV

- 3. And by the witness and that whereunto he beareth testimony,
 - 4. (Self-)destroyed were the owners of the ditch
 - 5. Of the fuel-fed fire.
 - 6. When they sat by it,
- 7. And were themselves the witnesses of what they did to the believers.1
- 8. They had naught against them save that they believed in Allah, the Mighty, the Owner of Praise,
- 9. Him unto Whom belongeth the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth; and Allah is of all things the Witness.
- 10. Lo! they who persecute believing men and believing women and repent not, theirs verily will be the doom of hell, and theirs the doom of burning.
- 11. Lo! those who believe and do good works, theirs will be Gardens underneath which rivers flow. That is the Great Success.
 - 12. Lo! the punishment of thy Lord is stern.
 - 13. Lo! He it is Who produceth, then reproduceth,
 - 14. And He is the Forgiving, the Loving,
 - 15. Lord of the Throne of Glory,
 - 16. Doer of what He will.
 - 17. Hath there come unto thee the story of the hosts

Or it might be: "(Self-)destroyed were the owners of the trench of fuel-fed fire (i.e. hell) when they took their ease on earth and were themselves the witnesses," etc.

SÜRAH LXXXVI

At-Tāria takes its name from a word in verse 1. There are other meanings to the word Tāria, but I have chosen that which must have occurred to every hearer of this sûrah, especially as in verse 3 it is stated that a star is meant. The Morning Star has here a mystic sense, and is taken to refer to the Prophet himself. Some have thought that it refers to a comet which alarmed the East about the time of the Prophet's call. Others believe that this and other introductory verses, hard to elucidate, hide scientific facts unimagined at the period of revelation, and are related to the verses following them. Ghamrāwi Bey, my collaborator in the revision of this work, informed me that the late Dr. Sidqi among others considered that the reference here is to the fertilising germ penetrating the ovary, the subject being the same as vv. 5–7.

An early Meccan sûrah.

وَتَمُودَ ﴿ مِنْ بَلِ الدِّينَ كَفَرُواْ فِي تَكْذيب ﴿ وَاللهُ مِن وَرَآمِهِم عُمِيطً ﴿ مِن وَرَآمِهِم عُمِيطً ﴿ مِن وَرَآمِهِم عُمِيطً ﴿ مِن وَرَآمِهِم عُمِيطً ﴿ مِنْ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

(٨٦) يُبوّرو الطارق مكيّة وآياهنا ١٧ نزلت بَعْد لالبّلا

وَالسَّمَاءِ وَالطَّارِقِ ﴿ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَا الطَّارِقُ ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءِ وَالطَّارِقِ ﴿ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَا الطَّارِقُ ﴿ النَّمْ النَّاقِ النَّاقِ الْفَاقِ ﴿ الْمَا الْمَالُ مِمَّ خُلِقَ ﴿ خُلِقَ مِن مَّا وِ دَافِقِ ﴿ فَلَا يَعْرُجُ مِنْ بَيْنِ الصَّلْبِ وَالتَّرَآبِ ﴿ فَي إِنَّهُ عَلَى رَجْعِهِ عَلَى مَنْ بَيْنِ الصَّلْبِ وَالتَّرَآبِ ﴿ فَي إِنَّهُ مَن قُلَ وَلَا لَمُ مِن قُلَ السَّرَآبِ ﴿ فَي اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَ اللَّهُ مِن قُلَو اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ مِن قُلُوا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلُوا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُنْ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْعُلِمُ الل

- 18. Of Pharaoh and (the tribe of) Thamûd?
- 19. Nay, but those who disbelieve live in denial
- 20. And Allah, all unseen, surroundeth them.
- 21. Nay, but it is a Glorious Qur'ân.
- 22. On a guarded tablet.

THE MORNING STAR

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the heaven and the Morning Star1
- 2. -Ah, what will tell thee what the Morning Star is!
- 3. -The piercing Star!
- 4. No human soul but hath a guardian over it.
- 5. So let man consider from what he is created.
- 6. He is created from a gushing fluid
- 7. That issued from between the loins and ribs.
- 8. Lo! He verily is Able to return him (unto life)
- 9. On the day when hidden thoughts shall be searched out.
- 10. Then will he have no might nor any helper.

¹ The Arabic word means originally "that which comes at night" or "one who knocks at the door."

نَاصِرِ ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الرَّجْعِ ﴿ وَالْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ الصَّمْعِ ﴿ وَالْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ الصَّمْعِ ﴿ وَالْمُولِ الْمُولِي الصَّمْعِ ﴿ وَالْمُولِ الْمُؤْلِدِ ﴾ الصَّمْعِ ﴿ وَالْمُعْرَالِ اللَّهِ الْمُعْلَمُ مُ الْمَعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا ﴿ فَيَا الْمُعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا ﴿ وَالْمَعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا ﴿ وَالْمَعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا ﴿ وَالْمُعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا ﴿ وَالْمَعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا اللَّهِ الْمُعْلَمُ مُراوَيْدًا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ

(۸۷) شِينِ قِ الأعلى مَكيَّنَ وآيا خا ١٩ نزلِت بَعْدُن النَّكُوبُرِّ

سَبِّحِ اَشْمَ رَبِّكَ الْأَعْلَى ۞ الَّذِى خَلَقَ فَسَوَّىٰ ۞ وَالَّذِى خَلَقَ فَسَوَّىٰ ۞ وَالَّذِى أَنْرَجَ الْمَرْعَىٰ ۞ وَالَّذِى أَنْرَجَ الْمَرْعَىٰ ۞ فَجَعَلَهُ وَعُثَالَةً أَحْوَىٰ ۞ سَنُقْرِ عُكَ فَلَا تَنْسَىٰ ۞ إِلَّا مَاشَآءَ اللهُ إِنَّهُ إِنَّهُ مِعْلَمُ الْجَهْرَ وَمَا يَغْفَىٰ ۞ وَنُيسِّرُكَ إِلَّا مَاشَآءَ اللهُ إِنَّهُ مِنْ مَعْلَمُ الْجَهْرَ وَمَا يَغْفَىٰ ۞ وَنُيسِّرُكَ



- - 11. By the heaven which giveth the returning rain,
- 12. And the earth which splitteth (with the growth of trees and plants)
 - 13. Lo! this (Qur'an) is a conclusive word,
 - 14. It is no pleasantry.
 - 15. Lo! they plot a plot (against thee, O Muhammad)
 - 16. And I plot a plot (against them).
- 17. So give a respite to the disbelievers. Deal thou gently with them for a while.

SÛRAH LXXXVII

Al-A'ala takes its name from a word in verse 1.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE MOST HIGH

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Praise the name of thy Lord the Most High,
- 2. Who createth, then disposeth;
- 3. Who measureth, then guideth;
- 4. Who bringeth forth the pasturage,
- 5. Then turneth it to russet stubble,
- 6. We shall make thee read (O Muhammad) so that thou shalt not forget
- 7. Save that which Allah willeth. Lo! He knoweth the disclosed and that which still is hidden:
 - 8. And We shall ease thy way unto the state of ease.

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الْكُيْسْرَىٰ ﴿ فَالَمَرُ إِن نَفَعَتِ اللّهُ كُرَىٰ ﴿ سَيَدًّا كُو ُ سَيَدًّا كُو ُ مَن يَخْشَىٰ ﴿ وَ مَتَجَنَّهُمَا الْأَشْنَى ﴿ اللّهِ مَنْ يَضْلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ مَن يَخْشَىٰ ﴿ وَ مَن اللّهُ مَن اللّهُ اللّهُ مَن اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ وَالْآ يَم اللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلْكُولُ اللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى الللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّه

(۸۸) مُيوِّرةِ العَاشِيَتِهُ كَيْتَة وآياهـنا ٢٦ نزلِتْ بَعْدلاللاريَاتِ

هَلْ أَتَلَكَ حَدِيثُ ٱلْغَنْشِيَةُ ﴿ وُجُوهُ يَوْمَهِدْ خَنْشِعَةً ﴾

THE OVERWHELMING SORAH LXXXVIII PART XXX

- q. Therefor remind (men), for of use is the reminder.
 - 10. He will heed who feareth.

ii)

Q.

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- 11. But the most hapless will flout it,
- 12. He who will be flung to the great Fire
- 13. Wherein he will neither die nor live.
- 14. He is successful who groweth,
- 15. And remembereth the name of his Lord, so prayeth.
- 16. But ye prefer the life of the world
- 17. Although the Hereafter is better and more lasting.
- 18. Lo! This is in the former scrolls.
- 10. The Books of Abraham and Moses.

SÜRAH LXXXVIII

Al-Ghâsbiyab takes its name from a word in verse 1. An early Meccan sûrah.

OVERWHELMING

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Hath there come unto thee tidings of the Overwhelm-
 - 2. On that day (many) faces will be downcast,

عَامِلَةٌ نَّاصِبَةٌ ﴿ تَصْلِي نَارًا حَامِيةٌ ﴿ تُسْقَى مَنْ عَيْن ءَانِيَةِ ١٤ مَنْ مَلْمُ مُعَامُ إِلَّامِن ضَرِيعِ ١٥ لَا يُسْمِنُ وَلَا يُغْنِي مِن جُوعِ ﴿ وَجُوهٌ يَوْمَهِاذِ نَاعِمَةٌ ﴿ لْسَعْمَا رَاضِيَةٌ ﴿ فِي فَ جَنَّهَ عَالَيَة ﴿ لَا تَسْمَعُ فَيَمَا لَنغَيةً ١ إِنَّ فَهَا عَيْنٌ جَارِيَّةٌ ١ إِنَّ فِيهَا سُرُرٌ مَّ فُوعَةٌ ١ وَأَكُوابٌ مَّوْضُوعَةٌ ﴿ وَنَمَارِقُ مَصْفُوفَةٌ ﴿ وَزَرَابِي مَبْثُونَةً ١٠ أَفَلَا بَنظُرُونَ إِلَى الْإِبلِ كَيْفَ خُلفَتْ ﴿ وَ إِلَى السَّمَاء كَيْفَ رُفَعَتْ ﴿ وَإِلَى الْحَبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصبَتْ ١٠ وَإِلَى ٱلْأَرْضِ كَيْفَ سُطحَتْ ١٠ فَذَكَرْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ مُذَكِّرٌ ﴿ لَنْ تَعَلَّمُ مِ مُصَيْطِ ﴿ إِلَّا اللَّهِ إِلَّا اللَّهِ إِلَّا اللَّهِ مَن تَوَلَّى وَكَفَرَ ﴿ فَيُعَذَّ أُهُ اللهُ ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلْأَكْبَرَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَّيْنَا ٓ إِيَا بَهُم ٢٠٠٠ أُمَّ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا حَسَابَهُم رُأَيُّ

PART XXX THE OVERWHELMING SORAH LXXXVIII

- - 3. Toiling, weary,
 - 4. Scorched by burning fire,
 - 5. Drinking from a boiling spring,
 - 6. No food for them save bitter thorn-fruit
 - 7. Which doth not nourish nor release from hunger.
 - 8. In that day other faces will be calm,
 - 9. Glad for their effort past,
 - 10. In a high Garden
 - 11. Where they hear no idle speech,
 - 12. Wherein is a gushing spring,
 - 13. Wherein are couches raised
 - 14. And goblets set at hand
 - 15. And cushions ranged
 - 16. And silken carpets spread.
- 17. Will they not regard the camels, how they are created?
- 18. And the heaven, how it is raised?
- 19. And the hills, how they are set up?
- 20. And the earth, how it is spread?
- 21. Remind them, for thou art but a remembrancer,
- 22. Thou art not at all a warder over them.
- 23. But whoso is averse and disbelieveth,
- 24. Allah will punish him with direst punishment.
- 25. Lo! unto Us is their return
- 26. And Ours their reckoning.

(٨٩) ميكوَّوْقُ الْفِعُدُ يُمكِّكُ مِنْ وآياتمنا ٣٠ نزلتَ بَعَثَّالِاللِّيْك

网络食物物性肉类物的食物有物的皮肤的

بألله الزخمر الرجيح

وَٱلْفَجْرِ ﴾ وَلَيَالُ عَشْرِ ﴾ وَالشَّفْعِ وَٱلْوَرِّ ﴿ وَٱلَّيْــٰلِ إِذَا يَسْر ﴿ مَلْ فَى ذَالَكَ قَسَمٌ لَّذَى حَجْر ﴿ أَلَّمْ تَرَكَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِعَادِ ﴿ إِرَّمَ ذَاتِ ٱلْعِمَادِ ﴿ ٱلَّتِي لَرْيُخُلَقْ مَثْلُهَا فِي ٱلْبَلَند ﴿ يَ وَتَمُودَ ٱلَّذِينَ جَابُواْ ٱلصَّخْرَ بِٱلْوَادِ ﴿ وَفَرْعَوْنَ ذِي ٱلْأَوْتَادِ ﴿ الَّذِينَ طَغَواْ فِي الْبِلَادِ ﴿ فَأَكْتَرُواْ فِيهَا الْفَسَادَ ﴿ فَصَبَّ عَلَيْهُمْ رَبُّكَ سَوْطَ عَذَاب ﴿ إِنَّ رَبُّكَ لَبَا لَمْرْصَاد ﴿ فَأَمَّا ٱلْإِنْسَانُ إِذَا مَا ٱبْعَلَنَّهُ رَبُّهُ

Al-Fajr takes its name from verse. 1. A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE DAWN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. By the Dawn

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- 2. And ten nights,1
- 3. And the Even and the Odd,
- 4. And the night when it departeth,
- 5. There surely is an oath for thinking man.
- 6. Dost thou not consider how thy Lord dealt with (the tribe of) A'ad,
 - 7. With many-columned2 Iram,
 - 8. The like of which was not created in the lands;
- And with (the tribe of) Thamûd, who clove the rocks in the valley;

~;»

(3)

- 10. And with Pharaoh, firm of might,
- 11. Who (all) were rebellious (to Allah) in these lands,
- 12. And multiplied iniquity therein?
- 13. Therefor thy Lord poured on them the disaster of His punishment.
 - 14. Lo! thy Lord is ever watchful.
 - 15. As for man, whenever his Lord trieth him by
- 1 Of the month of pilgrimage.
- ⁸ I had written "many-columned," following the run of commentators, who take the word 'imâd to mean columns, pillars, when I happened upon Ibn Khaldûn's diarribe against that rendering and all the legends to which it has given rise, in the preface to the Prologomena. The word meant "tent-poles" to the Arabs of the Propher's day, as Ibn Khaldûn points out. In view of recent discoveries in the Yaman, however, I prefer the usual rendering.

فَأَ كُرَمَهُ وَنَعْمَهُ فَيَقُولُ رَبِّي أَكُومَن ١ مَا ٱبْتَلَنَّهُ فَقَدَرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقَهُ وَفَيْقُولُ رَبِّي أَهَنَن ٢ كَلَّا بَل لَّا تُكْرِمُونَ ٱلْبَتمَ ﴿ وَلَا تَحَتَّفُونَ عَلَى طَعَام ٱلْمسْكين ﴿ وَتَأْكُلُونَ ٱلنَّرَاثَ أَكُلا لَّمَّا ١ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ وَمُعْبُونَ ٱلْمَالَ حُبًّا جَمًّا ﴿ كُلَّ إِذَا دُكِّت ٱلْأَرْضُ دَكًا دَكًا وَآنَ وَجَآءَ رَبُّكَ وَالْمَلَكُ صَفًّا صَفًّا وَجَاْىَ ۚ يَوْمَهِا لَهُ بِهَا مَ ۚ يَوْمَهِا لَهَا نَكَا لَا إِنْسَانُ وَأَنَّى لَهُ الذَّكْرَىٰ ﴿ يَعُولُ يَللَّيْنَىٰ قَدَّمْتُ لَحَيالَى ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّه فَيَوْمَهِذَ لا يُعَذَّبُ عَذَابَهُ وَأَحَدُ ١٠٠٠ وَلا يُوثِقُ وَثَاقَهُ أَمَدُ ١ إِنَّ يَنَّأَيُّهُمَّا النَّفْسُ الْمُطْمَيَّنَّهُ ١ أَرْجِعَى إِلَىٰ رَبِّك رَاضيَةً مَّرْضيَّةً ﴿ فَأَذْخُلِ فِي عَبَلِي ﴿ وَادْخُلِ جَنَّتِي رَبُّ

(4)

honouring him, and is gracious unto him, he saith: My Lord honoureth me.

- 16. But whenever He trieth him by straitening his means of life, he saith: My Lord despiseth me.
 - 17. Nay, but ye (for your part) honour not the orphan
 - 18. And urge not on the feeding of the poor,
 - 19. And ye devour heritages with devouring greed
 - 20. And love wealth with abounding love.
- 21. Nay, but when the earth is ground to atoms, grinding, grinding,
 - 22. And thy Lord shall come with angels, rank on rank,
- 23. And hell is brought near that day; on that day man will remember, but how will the remembrance (then avail him)?
- 24. He will say: Ah, would that I had sent before me (some provision) for my life!
 - 25. None punisheth as He will punish on that day!
 - 26. None bindeth as He then will bind.
 - 27. But ah! thou soul at peace!
 - 28. Return unto thy Lord, content in His good pleasure!
 - 29. Enter thou among My bondmen!
 - 30. Enter thou My Garden!

(٩٠) سُوِّقَالْبَلَا مُكَيَّتِي وآيَالِمَنَا ٢٠ نزلِتْ بَعْـٰ لُمُ قَ

لاَ أَقْمِمُ بَهَنَدَا الْبَلَد ﴿ وَأَنتَ حَلَّ بَهَنَدَا الْبَلَد ﴿ وَوَالدُوَمَا وَلَدَ ﴿ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنْسَنَ فَي كَبَد ﴿ أَيْحَسَبُ أَن لَنْ يَقْدرَ عَلَيْهِ أَحَدُ فِي يَقُولُ أَهْلَكُتُ مَالًا لْبَدًا ﴿ أَيُحْسَبُ أَن لَّهُ يَرَهُ وَأَحَدُ ﴿ أَلَمُ اللَّهُ مُعَلِّلًهُ وَاللَّهُ مُعَلِّلًهُ وَ عَيْنَيْنَ ﴿ وَلَسَانَا وَشَفَتَيْنَ ﴿ وَهَدَيْنَاهُ ٱلنَّجْدَيْنَ ﴿ فَلَا ٱقْتَحَمَ ٱلْعَقَبَةَ ١ وَمَا أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا ٱلْعَقَبَةُ ١ فَكُ رَقَبَة ١ أَوْ إِطْعَدُمْ فِي يَوْمِ ذِي مَسْغَبَة ١ يَنَيُّ إِذَا مَقْرَبَة ١ أَوْمُسْكِينًا ذَا مَتْرَبَة ١ أَمُ كَانَ مَن



SÜRAH XC

Al-Balad takes its name from a word in verse 1.

A yery early Meccan sûrah.

THE CITY

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Nay, I swear by this city-
- 2. And thou art an indweller of this city-1
- 3. And the begetter and that which he begat,
- 4. We verily have created man in an atmosphere:2
- 5. Thinketh he that none hath power over him?
- 6. And he saith: I have destroyed vast wealth:
- 7. Thinketh he that none beholdeth him?
- 8. Did We not assign unto him two eyes
- 9. And a tongue and two lips,
- in. And guide him to the parting of the mountain ways?
- 11. But he hath not attempted the Ascent-
- 12. Ah, what will convey unto thee what the Ascent is!-
- 13. (It is) to free a slave,
- 14. And to feed in the day of hunger
- 15. An orphan near of kin,

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- 16. Or some poor wretch in misery,
 - 1 Or "when thou hast control over this city" (prophetically).
 2 Or "in affliction."

الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَتَوَاصَوْاْ بِالصَّبِرُ وَتَوَاصَوْاْ بِالْمَرْحَمَةِ ﴿ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ الْمَدْمَةَ ﴿ اللَّهِ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْمَدْمَةُ ﴿ وَاللَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وَا بِعَالَئِتَنَا الْمَشْعَمَةِ ﴿ وَاللَّهِمْ نَارٌ مُؤْصَدَةً ۚ ﴿ فَا لَكُمْ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

(٩١) سُبُورِقِ الشِّمسِ مُكَيِّبَة وآياها ١٠ نزلتُ بَعـِ لالقدُلِــِّ

إن إَرْجِيمِ

وَالشَّمْسِ وَضُّكَهَا ﴿ وَالْقَمْرِ إِذَا تَلَنَهَا ﴿ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا تَلَنَهَا ﴿ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا تَلَنَهَا ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءُ وَمَا بَنَلَهَا ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءُ وَمَا بَنَلَهَا ﴿ وَالسَّمَاءُ وَمَا بَنَلَهَا ﴿ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا طَحَلَهَا ﴿ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا سَوَّنَهَا ﴿ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا سَوِّنَهَا ﴿ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا سَوِّنَهَا ﴾ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا سَوِّنَهَا ﴿ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا سَوِّنَهَا ﴾ وَنَفْسٍ وَمَا سَوِّنَهَا ﴾ وَقَلْمُمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقُونَهَا ۞ وَنَفْسِ وَمَا مَن ذَكْهَا ﴾ وَقَلْمُ مَهُ وَمُن ذَكِهَا ﴾ وَقَلْمُ اللهُ عَمُودُ مَن ذَسَّهَا ۞ كَذَبَتُ مَمُودُ مَن زَكِّهَا ۞ كَذَبَتُ مَمُودُ

- THE SUN SORAH XCI

 THE SUN SORAH XCI

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 - 19. But those who disbelieve Our revelations, their place will be on the left hand.
 - 20. Fire will be an awning over them.

SÛRAH XCI

Asb-Shams takes its name from a word in verse 1. A very early Meccan sûrah.

THESUN

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. By the sun and his brightness,
- 2. And the moon when she followeth him.
- 3. And the day when it revealeth him,
- 4. And the night when it enshroudeth him,
- 5. And the heaven and Him Who built it,
- 6. And the earth and Him Who spread it,
- 7. And a soul and Him Who perfected it
- 8. And inspired it (with conscience of) what is wrong for it and (what is) right for it.
 - 9. He is indeed successful who causeth it to grow,
 - 10. And he is indeed a failure who stunteth it.
 - 11. (The tribe of) Thamûd denied (the truth) in their

بِطَغْوَنَهَا ﴿ إِذِ أَنْبَعَثَ أَشْقَلْهَا ﴿ فَقَالَ لَمُهُمْ وَسُولُ اللهِ نَاقَةَ اللهِ وَسُقَيْنَهَا ﴿ فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَعَقَرُ وَهَا وَسُولُهَا ﴿ فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَعَقَرُ وَهَا فَدَمْدَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ رَبُّهُم بِذَنْبِهِمْ فَسَوَّنَهَا ﴿ وَلَا يَخَافُ عُلْبَهُمْ فَسَوَّنَهَا ﴿ وَلَا يَخَافُ عُقْبَلُهَا فَيْ

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(٩٢) سُورةِ الليكَ مُكيَّتَ وآياهَـٰـا ٢١ نزلِتْ بعد الأعلىٰ

بن أِللَّهِ الرَّمْنِ الرَّحِيمِ

وَالَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشَىٰ ﴿ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا نَجَلَىٰ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا نَجَلَىٰ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ مَنْ ﴿ وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ مَنْ وَاتَّغَىٰ ﴿ وَمَدَّقَ بِالْحُسْنَى ﴿ فَسَنْيَسِرُهُ لِمُعْلَىٰ وَاتَّغَىٰ ﴿ وَمَدَّقَ بِالْحُسْنَى ﴿ فَسَنْيَسِرُهُ لِللَّهُ مَنْ عَلَىٰ وَاسْتَغْنَىٰ ﴿ وَمَدَّقَ لِللَّهُ مَنْ عَلَىٰ وَاسْتَغْنَىٰ ﴿ وَكَالَا لِللَّهُ مَنْ عَلَىٰ وَاسْتَغْنَىٰ ﴿ وَكَالَا لِللَّهُ مَنْ عَلَىٰ وَاسْتَغْنَىٰ ﴿ وَكَالَّالِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِهُ اللْمُؤْمِنِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنِ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِلَ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِ

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rebellious pride,

- 12. When the basest of them broke forth
- 13. And the messenger of Allah said: It is the she-camel of Allah, so let her drink!
- 14. But they denied him, and they hamstrung her, so Allah doomed them for their sin and rased (their dwellings).
 - 15. He dreadeth not the sequel (of events).

SÛRAH XCII

Al-Leyl takes its name from a word in verse 1.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE NIGHT

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the night enshrouding
- 2. And the day resplendent
- 3. And Him Who hath created male and female,
- 4. Lo! your effort is dispersed (toward divers ends).
- 5. As for him who giveth and is dutiful (toward Allah)
- 6. And believeth in goodness;
- 7. Surely We will ease his way unto the state of ease,
- 8. But as for him who hoardeth and deemeth himself independent,

SÜRAH XCIII

Ad-Dubā, "The Morning Hours," takes its name from the first verse. There was an interval during which the Prophet received no revelation and the idolaters mocked him, saying: "Allah, of Whom we used to hear so much, has forsaken poor Muhammad and now hates him." Then came this revelation. The Prophet had been a leading citizen of Mecca until he received his call. Now he was regarded as a madman. He was a man near fifty, and the prophecy in this sûrah that "the latter portion would be better for him than the former" must have seemed absurd to those who heard it. Yet the latter portion of the Prophet's life, the last ten years, is the most wonderful record of success in human history.

An early Meccan sûrah.

بِالْحُسْفَى ﴿ وَمَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُ مَالُكُ مِنْ فَسَنَيَسَرُهُ لِلْعُسْرَى ﴿ وَمَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُ مَالُهُ وَإِذَا تَرَدَّى فَيْ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا لَلْهُدَى ﴿ وَإِنَّ مَالُهُ وَلَى ﴿ وَإِنَّ عَلَيْنَا لَلْهُدَى ﴿ وَإِنَّ لَلْهُ لَكُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَى ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ

(٩٣) مُبِوِّرُوِّ الْضِجِيِّ مُكَيْرً وآياهنا ١١ نزلت بَعـِّ لمَالِّخِــِّن

ين أِللَّهُ ٱلرَّحْمُ إِلَّهِ عِلْمُ الرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

وَالضُّحَىٰ ﴿ وَالَّيْسِ إِذَا سَجِّن ﴿ مَا وَدَّعَكَ رَبُّكَ

PART XXX THE MORNING HOURS SURAH XCIII

9. And disbelieveth in goodness;

そしぞくなであり 海田さ

- 10. Surely We will ease his way unto adversity.
- 11. His riches will not save him when he perisheth.
- 12. Lo! Ours it is (to give) the guidance
- 13. And lo! unto Us belong the latter portion and the former.
 - 14. Therefor have I warned you of the flaming Fire
 - 15. Which only the most wretched must endure,
 - 16. He who denieth and turneth away.
 - 17. Far removed from it will be the righteous
 - 18. Who giveth his wealth that he may grow (in goodness),
 - 19. And none hath with him any favour for reward,
- 20. Except as seeking (to fulfil) the purpose of his Lord Most High.
 - 21. He verily will be content.

THE MORNING HOURS

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the morning hours
- 2. And by the night when it is stillest,
- 3. Thy Lord hath not forsaken thee nor doth He hate thee, so

SÜRAH XCIV

Al-Inshirâh, "Solace," takes it name from a word in verse 1, and also from its subject, which is relief from anxiety. It was probably revealed upon the same occasion as sûrah XCIII; and, at a time when the Prophet was derided and shunned after having been respected and courted, must have struck the disbelievers as ridiculous. It refers to the inward assurance which the Prophet had received by revelation, and speaks of future events as accomplished, as is usual in the Qur'ân, the revelation coming from a plane where time is not. Verse 4, speaking of his fame as exalted, must have seemed particularly absurd at that time of humiliation and persecution. But to-day, from every mosque in the world, the Prophet's name is cried, as that of the messenger of God, five times a day, and every Muslim prays for blessings on him when his name is mentioned.

An early Meccan sûrah.

وَمَا قَالَ ﴿ وَاللَّا عَرَهُ خَيْرٌ لَّكَ مِنَ الْأُولَى ﴿ وَلَسَوْفَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَكُوفَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللل

(۹۶) سُوِفرقِ الشَّـرْجِ مَكَيَّـتَ وآياهنا ۸ نزلتُ بَعــٰدالضجی

ين إِلَّهُ الرَّحْمُ وَالرَّحِيمِ

أَلَمْ نَشْرَحْ لَكَ صَدْرَكَ ۞ وَوَضَعْنَا عَنكَ وِزْرَكَ ۞

الَّذِي أَنْقَضَ ظَهْرَكَ ﴿ وَرَفَعْنَ الَّكَ ذِكْرَكَ ۞

فَإِنَّ مَعَ ٱلْمُسْرِيُسْرًا ﴿ إِنَّ مَعَ ٱلْمُسْرِيسُرَا ﴿



- 4. And verily the latter portion will be better for thee than the former,
- 5. And verily thy Lord will give unto thee so that thou wilt be content.
 - 6. Did He not find thee an orphan and protect (thee)?
 - 7. Did He not find thee wandering and direct (thee)?
 - 8. Did He not find thee destitute and enrich (thee)?
 - 9. Therefor the orphan oppress not,
 - 10. Therefor the beggar drive not away,
 - 11. Therefor of the bounty of thy Lord be thy discourse.

SOLACE

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Have We not caused thy bosom-to dilate,
- 2. And eased thee of the burden
- 3. Which weighed down thy back;
- 4. And exalted thy fame?
- 5. But lo! with hardship goeth ease,
- 6. Lo! with hardship goeth ease;

فَإِذَا فَرَغْتَ فَأَنصَبْ ثِي وَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَأَرْغَب رَبِّي

(٩٠) سُوْرِقَالتَّينَ مَكَيَّة وآياهَا ٨ نزلتُ بَعناللابُرُمج

وَالتِّينِ وَالزَّيْتُونِ ﴿ وَطُورِ سِينِينَ ﴿ وَهَلْذَا الْبَالَدِ الْأَمِينِ ﴿ وَهَلْذَا الْإِنسَانَ فِي أَحْسَبِ
الْبَلَدِ الْأَمِينِ ﴿ لَكَ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَّالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

- 7. So when thou art relieved, still toil
- 8. And strive to please thy Lord.

SÛRAH XCV

At-Iîn, "The Fig," takes its name from a word in verse 1. The sense is mystical, referring to man in relation to the revealed Law of Allah and His judgment.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE FIG

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the fig and the olive,
- 2. By Mount Sinai,
- 3. And by this land made safe;
- 4. Surely We created man of the best stature
- 5. Then We reduced him to the lowest of the low,
- 6. Save those who believe and do good works, and theirs is a reward unfailing.
- 7. So who1 henceforth will give the lie to thee about the judgment?
 - 8. Is not Allah the most conclusive of all judges?
- ¹ For another instance of lo meaning "who" instead of "what," see surah XCI, vv. 5, 6 and 7.

(٩٦) سُوُرِقِ العَكَقَ مَكَيَّة وآياهَا ١٩ وهِ لَقَ لِهِ أَنزِلَ مِنْ القِرْكِ

اقْرَأَ بِالْمِ رَبِكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ ﴿ خَلَقَ الْإِنسَانَ مَا أَوْرَبُكَ الْأَكْرَمُ ﴿ الَّذِي عَلَمَ مِنْ عَلَقَ ﴿ الْفَرَأُ وَرَبُكَ الْأَكْرَمُ ﴿ الَّذِي عَلَمَ الْإِنسَانَ مَالَمْ يَعْلَمُ ﴿ كَلَّا إِنَّ بِالْفَلَمِ ﴿ عَلَمَ الْإِنسَانَ مَالَمْ يَعْلَمُ ﴿ كَلَّا إِنَّ إِلَىٰ الْفَلَمَ فَي عَلَمَ الْإِنسَانَ لَيَعْلَمُ ﴿ كَلَا إِنَّ إِلَىٰ الْإِنسَانَ لَيَطْعَقَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَىٰ الْإِنسَانَ لَيَطْعَقَ ﴿ إِنَّ إِلَىٰ وَبَكَ اللَّهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مَلَىٰ عَلَى الْمُدَى ﴿ وَلَو لَكَ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ الْحَلَى اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَهُ الللْهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ الللْهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْهُ الللَّهُ الللْهُ اللَهُ الللْهُ اللَّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّ

SÛRAH XCVI

Al-'Alaq takes its name from a word in verse 2. Verses 1-5 are the words which the Prophet received in the vision at Ḥirā, therefore the first of the Qur'an to be revealed.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE CLOT

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Read: In the name of thy Lord Who createth,
- 2. Createth man from a clot.
- 3. Read: And thy Lord is the Most Bounteous,
- 4. Who teacheth by the pen,
- 5. Teacheth man that which he knew not.
- 6. Nay, but verily man is rebellious
- 7. That he thinketh himself independent!
- 8. Lo! unto thy Lord is the return.
- 9. Hast thou seen him who dissuadeth
- 10. A slave when he prayeth?
- 11. Hast thou seen if he relieth on the guidance (of Allah)
- 12. Or enjoineth piety?
- 13. Hast thou seen if he denieth (Allah's guidance) and is froward?
 - 14. Is he then unaware that Allah seeth?
- 15. Nay, but if he cease not We will seize him by the

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بِٱلنَّاصِيَةِ ﴿ نَاصِيَةَ كَلْذَبَةَ خَاطِئَةً ﴿ فَالْمِيَةُ فَالْمِيَةُ وَالْمَلْمُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللللّهُ اللّهُ ال

بن أِللهِ الرَّمْو الرَّحِيمِ

إِنَّا أَنْ لَنَكُ فِي لَيْلَةَ الْقَدْرِ ﴿ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَالَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ ﴿ وَمَا أَدْرَنكَ مَالَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ خَيْرٌ مِنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ ﴿ تَا نَزْلُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَنْ كُلِّ أَمْرٍ ﴾ الْمَلْتَهِكَةُ وَالرُّوحُ فِيهَ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِم مِنْ كُلِّ أَمْرٍ ﴾ المُماتَةِ مَنْ كُلِ أَمْرٍ ﴾ سَلَمُ هِي حَتَّى مَطْلَعِ الْفَجْرِ ﴿ فَيْ



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- 16. The lying, sinful forelock-
- 17. Then let him call upon his henchmen!
- 18. We will call the guards of hell.
- 19. Nay! Obey not thou him. But prostrate thyself, and draw near (unto Allah).

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SÛRAH XCVII

Al-Qadr takes its name from a word in verse 1. It refers to the night (one of the last nights of Ramadân) on which the Prophet received his Call and the first verses of the Qur'ân were revealed in Mt. Hirâ. It is said to be the night on which God's decrees for the year are brought down to the earthly plane.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

PREDESTINTION

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Lo! We revealed it on the Night of Predestination.
- 2. Ah, what will convey unto thee what the Night of Power is!
 - 3. The Night of Power is better than a thousand months.
- 4. The angels and the Spirit¹ descend therein, by the permission of their Lord, with all decrees.
 - 5. (That night is) Peace until the rising of the dawn.
- 1 i.e. Gabriel or, as some commentators think, a general term for angels of the highest rank.

(۹۸) سُوْلاً البیْنتهکانیْت وآیاهنا ۸ نزلتُ بَعزلالطلاق

was the state of the order

لَرْيَكُن الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْ أَهْلِ ٱلْكَتَلِبِ وَٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ مُنفَكِينَ حَتَّى تَأْتَبُهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَةُ ۞ رَسُولٌ مَّنَ ٱلله يَتْلُواْ مُعْفَا مُطَهَّرَةً ۞ فيهَا كُنْبٌ قَيْمَةٌ ۞ وَمَا تَفَرَّقَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ الْكَتَنْبَ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْد مَا جَآءَتْهُمُ ٱلْبَيْنَةُ ﴿ وَمَا أُمْرُواْ إِلَّالِيَعْبُدُواْ اللَّهَ مُعْلَصِينَ لَهُ الدين حُنَفَاء ويُقيمُوا الصَّلَوة وَيُوْتُوا الزَّكَوة وَذَالِكَ دِينُ ٱلْقَيْمَـة ﴿ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَنْ أَهْـل ﴿ ٱلْكَتَابِ وَٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا

SÜRAH XCVIII

ن. زند.

Al-Beyyinab takes its name from a word in the first verse. There is no certainty as to the period of revelation. Many regard it as a late Meccan surah. I follow the attribution in the Mushaf which I have followed throughout.

The probable date of revelation is the year 1 A.H.

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THE CLEAR PROOF

Revealed at Al-Madinah

- Those who disbelieve among the People of the Scripture and the idolaters could not have left off (erring) till the clear proof came unto them,
 - 2. A messenger from Allah, reading purified pages
 - 3. Containing correct scriptures.
- 4. Nor were the People of the Scripture divided until after the clear proof came unto them.
- 5. And they are ordered naught else than to serve Allah, keeping religion pure for Him, as men by nature upright, and to establish worship and to pay the poor-due. That is true religion.
- 6. Lo! those who disbelieve, among the People of the Scripture and the idolaters, will abide in fire of hell. They

أُولَتَهِكَ هُمْ شَرَّالْبَرِيَّةِ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ وَعَمَلُواْ الصَّلْحَدِ الْوَلَيْكِ هُمْ خَيْرُ الْبَرِيَّةِ ﴿ كَا جَرَآوُهُمْ الصَّلْحَدِ الْوَلْيَهِ فَي جَرِّالُولِيَّةِ مِنْ تَحْتَبُ الْأَنْهَارُ عَنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ مَن تَحْتَبُ الْأَنْهَارُ عَنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ مَن تَحْتَبُ الْأَنْهَارُ عَنْدَ وَبَهِمْ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ ذَالِكَ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَداً وَضِي اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ ذَالِكَ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَداً وَضِي اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ ذَالِكَ لَمَن خَشَى رَبّهُ و رَضُواْ عَنْهُ ذَالِكَ لَمَنْ خَشَى رَبّهُ و رَشُوا

(٩٩) سُوِّلِوَّ الزَّلزَلِةِ مُكَتِّتُةَ وآياهَـٰناً ٨ نزلت بَعْدلالنَّسَـِنّاء

بِ أَنْهُ الرَّحِيمِ إِلَّهِ الرَّحْمُ الرَّحِيمِ

إِذَا زُلْزِكَ الْأَرْضُ زِلْزَالْكَ ﴿ وَأَنْرَجَتِ الْأَرْضُ إِذَا زُلْزِكَ الْأَرْضُ وَأَنْرَجَتِ الْأَرْضُ أَفْقَا لَكَ ﴿ يَوْمَهِـ ذِ الْمُحَالِكُ اللّهُ الْمُحَالِكُ اللّهُ المُحَالِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحَالِكُ اللّهُ المُحَالِقُ اللّهُ المُحْلِقُ المُحَالِقُ المُحَالِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِقُ المُحَالِقُ المُحَالِقُ المُحْلِقُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكُ اللّهُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكِ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكِ المُحْلِكِ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِكُ المُحْلِل

are the worst of created beings.

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- 7. (And) lo! those who believe and do good works are the best of created beings.
- 8. Their reward is with their Lord: Gardens of Eden underneath which rivers flow, wherein they dwell for ever. Allah hath pleasure in them and they have pleasure in Him. This is (in store) for him who feareth his Lord.

SÛRAH XCIX

Az-Zilzâl takes its name from a word in verse 1.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE EARTHQUAKE

Revealed at Meccal

- 1. When Earth is shaken with her (final) earthquake
- 2. And Earth yieldeth up her burdens,
- 3. And man saith: What aileth her?
- 4. That day she will relate her chronicles,
- 5. Because thy Lord inspireth her.
 - 1 Also regarded in Egypt as revealed at Al-Madinab.

> (١٠٠) يُبِوْرَقُوالْعِمَارِيَاتِ مِكْنِيْرَ وآياهَـٰكُ ١١ نزلِتِ بِعُلاَلْعَصِٰرَ

وَ الْعَندِيَن ضَبْحًا ﴿ فَالْمُورِيَن قَدْمًا ﴿ فَالْمُورِيَن قَدْمًا ﴿ فَالْمُعْيرَاتِ مُبْعًا ﴿ فَوَسَطْنَ هِ عَمْعًا ۞ إِنَّ الْإِنسَانَ لِرَبِهِ عَلَكُنُودٌ ۞ وَإِنّهُ عَلَىٰ ذَاكَ لَشَهِيدٌ ۞ وَإِنّهُ لِحَبِ الْخَيْرِ لَسَدِيدٌ ۞ * أَفَلَا يَعْلَمُ إِذَا بُعْيْرَ مَا فِي الْقُبُورِ ۞ وَحُصِلَ



- 6 That day manking will issue forth in scattered groups
- 6. That day mankind will issue forth in scattered groups to be shown their deeds.
- 7. And whoso doeth good an atom's weight will see it then,
 - 8. And whoso doeth ill an atom's weight will see it then.

SÛRAH C

Al-A'âdiyât takes its name from a word in the first verse. A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE COURSERS

Revealed at Mecca .

- 1. By the snorting coursers,
- 2. Striking sparks of fire
- 3. And scouring to the raid at dawn,
- 4. Then, therewith, with their trail of dust,
- 5. Cleaving, as one, the centre (of the foe),1
- 6. Lo! man is an ingrate unto his Lord
- 7. And lo! he is a witness unto that;
- 8. And lo! in the love of wealth he is violent.
- 9. Knoweth he not that, when the contents of the graves are poured forth
- ¹ The meaning of the first five verses is by no means clear. The above is a probable rendering.

مَا فِي ٱلصُّدُورِ ١٠ إِنَّا رَبُّهُم بِهِمْ يَوْمَهِدْ خَجَبِيرٌ ١

(۱۰۱) سُولاً القارعَةِ مَكَيْتِة وآياهَا ١١ نزلت بَعَنْ فَرْشَ

الْقَارِعَةُ مَ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ فَ وَمَا أَدْرَ بِنِكَ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ فَ وَتَكُونُ النَّاسُ وَتَكُونُ الْمَنْفُوشِ فَ فَأَمَّا مَن ثَقُلَتْ الْمَنفُوشِ فَ فَأَمَّا مَن ثَقُلَتْ مَوَّازِينَهُ وَ فَا أَمْ مَنْ خَفَّتُ مَوَّازِينَهُ وَ فَا أَمْهُ مَا وَيَهُ فَ وَالْمَا مَنْ خَفَّتُ مَوَّازِينَهُ وَ فَا أَمْهُ مَا وَيَهُ فَ وَمَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَ مَوَازِينَهُ وَ فَا أَمْهُ مَا وَيَهُ فَ وَمَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَ مَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَ مَا أَمْهُ مَا وَيَهُ فَي وَمَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَ مَا أَمْهُ مَا وَيَهُ فَي وَمَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَي مَا أَدْرَنِكَ مَا هِيهُ فَي اللّهُ فَي اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ا

- 10. And the secrets of the breasts are made known.
- 11. On that day will their Lord be perfectly informed concerning them.

SÛRAH CI

Al-Qâri'ab takes its name from a word in verse 1 recurring in the next two verses.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

THE CALAMITY

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. The Calamity!
- 2. What is the Calamity?
- 3. Ah, what will convey unto thee what the Calamity is!
- 4. A day wherein mankind will be as thickly-scattered moths
 - 5. And the mountains will become as carded wool.
- 6. Then, as for him whose scales are heavy (with good works),
 - 7. He will live a pleasant life.
 - 8. But as for him whose scales are light,
 - 9. A Bereft and Hungry One will be his mother.
 - 10. Ah, what will convey unto thee what she is!-
 - 11. Raging Fire.

(۱۰۲) مُبِوّلةُ النّكاثرمكيّْت وآياهما ٨ نزلت بعّد الْبَحَوْرُ

أَلْهَا كُرُ التَّكَارُ مُنَّ حَتَى زُرْمُ الْمَقَابِرَ ﴿ كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ ثُمَّ كَلَّاسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ كَلَّا لَوْتَعْلَمُونَ عِلْمَ الْبَقِينِ ﴿ لَتَرَوُنَّ الْجَحِيمَ ﴿ ثُمَّ لَتَرَوُنَّا عَبْنَ الْبَقِينِ ﴿ ثُمَّ لَنُسْتَكُنَّ يَوْمَهِا ذَعَنِ النَّعِيمِ ﴿ ثَلَيْ النَّعِيمِ ﴿ فَيَ

> (۱۰۳) سُوفِلاَ الْعَصِرِ مُكَثِبَة وآياهنا ٣ نزلت بغى لالشِرْع

وَٱلْعَصْرِ ٢ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ لَنِي خُسْرٍ ١ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ



At-Takhtbur takes its name from a word in the first verse.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

RIVALRY IN WORLDLY INCREASE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Rivalry in worldly increase distracteth you
- 2. Until ye come to the graves.
- 3. Nay, but ye will come to know!
- 4. Nay, but ye will come to know!
- 5. Nay, would that ye knew (now) with a sure knowledge!
- 6. For ye will behold hell-fire.
- 7. Aye, ye will behold it with sure vision.
- 8. Then, on that day, ye will be asked concerning pleasure.

SÛRAH CIII

Al-'Asr takes its name from a word in verse 1.

A very early Meccan sûrah

THE DECLINING DAY

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. By the declining day,
- 2. Lo! man is in a state of loss,

ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ وَنَوَاصَوْاْ بِٱلْحُنِّ وَنَوَاصَوْاْ بَالصَّبْر رَجُّي

(١٠٤) سُؤُولِوَّ الهُمُجَزَةِ مَكَيَّة وآياهَـٰناً ٩ نزلتُ بعدلاً لقيًامَة

- وَيْلٌ لِّكُلِّ هُمَزَةٍ لَّمَزَةٍ لَّمَزَةً إِنَّ الَّذِي جَمَعَ مَالًا وَعَدَّدَهُ, ﴿
- يَحْسَبُ أَنَّ مَالَهُ وَ أَخْلَدَهُ وَ ٢ كُلَّا لَيُنْبَذَنَّ فِي الْحُطَمَةِ ٢
- وَمَا أَدْرَىٰكَ مَا الْحُطَمَةُ رَثِي نَارُ ٱللهِ ٱلْمُوقَدَةُ نِ
- الَّتِي تَطَّلِعُ عَلَى ٱلْأَفْعِدَةِ ثِي إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِم مُّؤْصَدَةٌ ثِي ف عَمَد ثُمُدَدة رَثْي

3. Save those who believe and do good works, and exhort one another to truth and exhort one another to endurance.

SÜRAH CIV

Al-Humazab takes its name from a word in verse 1. The idolaters waylaid all newcomers to Mecca and warned them against the Prophet, in order to prevent their listening to his preaching.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE TRADUCER

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Woe unto every slandering traducer,
- 2. Who hath gathered wealth (of this world) and arranged it.
 - 3. He thinketh that his wealth will render him immortal.
 - 4. Nay, but verily he will be flung to the Consuming One.
- Ah, what will convey unto thee what the Consuming One is!
 - 6. (It is) the fire of Allah, kindled,
 - 7. Which leapeth up over the hearts (of men).
 - 8. Lo! it is closed in on them
 - 9. In outstretched columns.

SÜRAH CV

Al-Fîl, "The Elephant," takes its name from a word in the first verse. The allusion is to the campaign of Abraha, the Abyssinian ruler of Al-Yaman, against Mecca, with the purpose of destroying the Ka'bah in the year of the Prophet's birth. He had with him an elephant which much impressed the Arabs. Tradition says that the elephant refused to advance on the last stage of the march, and that swarms of flying creatures pelted the Abyssinians with stones. Another tradition says that they retired in disorder owing to an outbreak of smallpox in the camp. At the time when this sûrah was revealed, many men in Mecca must have known what happened. In any case the Ka'bah was saved from destruction after its defenders had despaired.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

الجزء الئلائون

(١٠٥) سُوْلِا الفِيْلِ مُكَيَّة وآياها ه نزلِت بغَلَالكافِرونِ

أَلَّهُ تَرَكَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبِّكَ بِأَصْحَبِ الْفِيلِ الْمَالَّمَ الْمَدِيمَةُ كَلْدُهُمْ في تَضْلِيلِ فِي وَأَرْسَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ طَيْرًا أَبَابِيلَ فِي تَرْمِيمِ بِحَجَارَةِ مِن سِجِيلِ فِي فَجَعَلَهُمْ كَعَصْف مَّأْ كُول فَي

> (١٠٦) سُورَةِ قُرِيشْ مِكْتَيَةً وَآيَا هَـٰ اَ ۚ نَزَلِتُ بِعِثْ لِالْمَانِينَ

يِنْ لِللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

لِإِ يَلَنْ فُرَيْشٍ ۞ إِه لَكْفِهِمْ رَحْلَةَ ٱلشِّنَاء

THE ELEPHANT

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord dealt with the owners of the Elephant?
 - 2. Did He not bring their stratagem to naught,
 - 3. And send against them swarms of flying creatures,
 - 4. Which pelted them with stones of baked clay,
 - 5. And made them like green crops devoured (by cattle)?

SÛRAH CVI

Ash-Shitā is so called from a word occurring in verse 2. It is also often called Queeysh.

A very early Meccan sûrah.

"WINTER" OR "QUREYSH"

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. For the taming1 of Qureysh
- 2. For their taming (We cause) the caravans to set forth in 1 i.e. "civilising."

وَالصَّيْفِ فِي فَلْيَعْبُدُواْ رَبَّ هَلَذَا الْبَيْتِ فِي الَّذِيّ الَّذِيّ أَلَّذِيّ أَلَّذِيّ أَلَّذِي

(۱۰۷) سُوّدَةِ المَاعِنُونَ مَدَةِ ثلاث الآبات الآبول مدنية القيدة وإيالمنا ٧ نولت بعد التكاثر

ين إِلَّهِ الْرَحْمُ إِلَّا إِلَّهِ مِنْ

أَرَةَ يْتَ الَّذِي يُكَلِّبُ بِالدِّينِ ﴿ فَلَالِكَ الَّذِي يَدُعُ الْكَ الَّذِي يَدُعُ الْكَتِيمِ ﴿ وَلَا يَحُضُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمُسْكِينِ ﴿ وَالْبَحْضُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمُسْكِينِ ﴿ فَوَرَيْكُ لِلْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿ اللَّهِ يَنْ هُمْ عَن صَلَاتِهِمْ فَوَرَيْكُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ عَن صَلَاتِهِمْ مَن اللَّهُ عَن هُمَ اللَّهُ عَن هُمَ اللَّهُ عَن اللَّهُ عَن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّ

winter and summer.

- 3. So let them worship the Lord of this House,
- 4. Who hath fed them against hunger
- 5. And hath made them safe from fear.

SÛRAH CVII

Al-Ma'an takes its name from a word in the last verse.

An early Meccan revelation.

SMALL KINDNESSES

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Hast thou observed him who belieth religion?
- 2. That is he who repelleth the orphan,
- 3. And urgeth not the feeding of the needy.
- 4. Ah, woe unto worshippers
- 5. Who are heedless of their prayer;
- 6. Who would be seen (at worship)
- 7. Yet refuse small kindnesses!

(۱۰۸) شِوْلاَ الْهَوْرُولَكَيْتَ وَآيَاتِنَا ٣ نِزَلِتَ بَعْدُلْلُعَارِيَاتِ

بن أِللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَكَ ٱلْكُوْثَرَ ﴿ فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَالْمُحَرُّ ﴿ إِنَّا أَعْطَرُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ الْمُحَدِّ اللَّهُ اللَّالَاللَّا اللَّالَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

(۱۰۹) يُبُورِقُ الكَافِرُهِ فَ مُكَيَّةً وآياهَ الله نزلتُ بغلالما بخوتٌ

بنسب أِسَّهُ الْرَحْمُ إِلَّرْجِيمِ

مُّلْ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلْكَنْفِرُونَ ١ لَآأَعْبُدُمَا تَعْبُدُونَ ١

وَلآ أَنَّمُ عَدِيدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ٢ وَلآ أَنَّاعَادِدٌ مَّاعَبَدُمْ ٢

وَلاَ أَنْمُ عَبِلُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ فَ لَكُرْ دِينَكُمْ وَلِي دِينِ فَي



Al-Kauthar takes its name from a word in the first verse. The disbelievers used to taunt the Prophet with the fact that he had no son, and therefore none to uphold his religion after him.

ABUNDANCE

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Lo! We have given thee Abundance;
- 2. So pray unto thy Lord, and sacrifice.
- 3. Lo! it is thy insulter (and not thou) who is without posterity.

SÛRAH CIX

Al-Kāfirān takes its name from a word in verse 1. It was revealed at a time when the idolaters had asked the Prophet to compromise in matters of religion.

THE DISBELIEVERS

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Say: O disbelievers!
- 2. I worship not that which ye worship;
- 3. Nor worship ye that which I worship.
- 4. And I shall not worship that which ye worship.
- 5. Nor will ye worship that which I worship.
- 6. Unto you your religion, and unto me my religion.

SÛR AH CX

An-Nasr takes its name from a word in the first verse. It is one of the very last revelations, having come to the Prophet only a few weeks before his death. Though ascribed always to Al-Madînah, tradition says that it was actually revealed at Mecca during the days the Prophet spent there when he made his farewell pilgrimage. It is described in Ibn Hishâm and elsewhere as the first announcement that the Prophet received of his approaching death.

The date of revelation is the tenth year of the Hijrah.



(١١٠) سُونِوَّ النَّصِيْنِ نِرَكَ يَمِى فَصِحَتِ الْحَيْرَا فَنْعَدُلُ مَلْاَيْدُةِ وَمُواجِّمُ الزِلْ مِزَالِيْنُولِ وَآيَاتِهَا ٣ نِرْلَتُ بِعَدْ الدَّرِبُ

إِذَا جَاءَ نَصْرُ اللهِ وَالْفَتْحُ ﴿ وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُونَ فِي وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُونَ فِي وِينِ اللهِ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿ فَسَيَّعْ بِحَمْدَ رَبِكَ وَاسْتَغْفِرْهُ فَي وِينِ اللهِ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿ فَا يَتَابَأُ وَأَنْ تَوَّابَأُ وَأَنْ

(۱۱۱) سُوِّلِوَّ المُسَكِّلِ مُكَيَّبًة وآياهَا ، نزلِتُ بعِّلالفايِّحَـبَّة

تَبَّتْ يَكَآ أَبِي لَمَبِّ وَتَبُّ ﴿ مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُ مَالُهُۥ وَمَا

SUCCOUR

8 4 8 5 9 6 4 6 4 6 6

Revealed at Al-Madinab

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

1. When Allah's succour and the triumph cometh

2. And thou seest mankind entering the religion of Allah in troops,

3. Then hymn the praises of thy Lord, and seek forgiveness of Him. Lo! He is ever ready to show mercy.

SÜRAH CXI

Al-Masad takes its name from a word (to the Arabs a very homely word) in the last verse. It is the only passage in the whole Qur'an where an opponent of the Prophet is denounced by name. Abû Lahab (The Father of Flame), whose real name was Abdul 'Uzza, was a first cousin of the Prophet's grandfather and was the only member of his own clan who bitterly opposed the Prophet. He made it his business to torment the Prophet, and his wife took a pleasure in carrying thorn bushes and strewing them in the sand where she knew that the Prophet was sure to walk barefooted.

An early Meccan revelation.

PALM FIBRE

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. The power of Abû Lahab will perish, and he will perish.
- 2. His wealth and gains will not exempt him.

كَسَبَ ﴿ مَا مَرَأَ ثُهُ مَا أَدُاتَ لَمُبِ ﴿ وَالْمَرَأَ ثُهُ مَا لَةً اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا لَهُ مَا لَةً اللَّهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ اللَّهُ مَا مَا مُعَدَ اللَّهُ مَا مُعَدَ اللَّهُ مَا مُعَدَدُ مَا مُعَدِدُهَا حَبُّلٌ مِّن مَّسَدِ رَبَّ فِي جيدها حَبُّلٌ مِّن مَّسَدِ رَبَّ فِي جيدها حَبُّلٌ مِّن مَّسَدِ رَبَّ فِي

۱۱۲۱) سُوْرِةِ الْإِخْلَاصُ مُكَيَّتُهُ وَآمِلِقًا ؛ نُولِتْ بَعْلَالِمُتَامِنْ

بِنُ إِلَّهِ الْمُعْرِ الرِّحِيمِ

> (۱۱۳) سُوْرَقُوالفَ لَوْمَكَيْتَة وآياهَ فَا مَا مَنْرِلْتُ بِعُمْ لِالْفَيْلُ

بِنْ أَرْجِيهِ

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ٢٥ مِن شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ ٢٥ وَمِن شَرِّ

- 3. He will be plunged in flaming Fire,
- 4. And his wife, the wood-carrier,
- 5. Will have upon her neck a halter of palm-fibre.

SÛRAH CXII

Al-likhis "The Unity," takes its name from its subject. It has been called the essence of the Qur'an, of which it is really the last sûrah. Some authorities ascribe this sûrah to the Madînah period, and think that it was revealed in answer to a question of some Jewish doctors concerning the nature of God.

It is generally held to be an early Meccan sûrah.

A L-I K H L A S(The Unity!)

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Say: He is Allah, the One!
- 2. Allah, the eternally Besought of all!
- 3. He begetteth not nor was begotten.
- 4. And there is none comparable unto Him.

SURAH CXIII

Al-Falaq, "The Daybreak," takes its name from a word in the first verse. This and the following sûrah are prayers for protection, this one being for protection from fears proceeding from the unknown. The two sûrahs are known as Al-Mu'awwadbateyn, the two cries for refuge and protection.

An early Meccan sûrah.

THE DAYBREAK

Revealed at Mecca

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful.

- 1. Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of the Daybreak
- 2. From the evil of that which He created;

1 Also regarded in Egypt as Al-Ikhlds.

غَاسِ إِذَا وَقَبَ ﴿ وَمِن مَرِّ النَّفَلَاتِ فِي الْعُقَدِ ﴿ وَمِن مَرَّ حَاسِد إِذَا حَسَدَ رَبَّ

(١١٤) سُوُلِاَلنَّا مِنْ مِكْتَبَ وآيا خيا ٦٠ نزلتُ بعَدالفَ لَيْ

ين أِلَّهِ ٱلرَّمْرِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِ النَّاسِ ﴿ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ ﴿ إِلَّهِ النَّاسِ ﴿ إِلَّهِ النَّاسِ ﴿ النَّاسِ ﴿ مِنْ الْحَنَّاسِ ﴿ النَّاسِ ﴿ مِنَ الْحَنَّةِ لَا لَكُنَّ مِنَ الْحَنَّةِ فَيَ الْمَنْسِ ﴿ مِنَ الْحَنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿ مِنَ الْحَنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ﴿ مَنَ الْحَنَّةِ فَيَ الْمَنْسِ ﴿ مَنْ الْحَنَّاسِ فَي مَا النَّاسِ فَيْ الْمَاسِ فَي مَا النَّاسِ فَي مَا النَّاسِ فَي مَا النَّاسِ فَي مَا النَّاسِ فَي مَا اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْفُولُ الْمُنْ الْم

- 3. From the evil of the darkness when it is intense,
- 4. And from the evil of malignant witchcraft,1
- 5. And from the evil of the envier when he envieth.

SÛRAH CXIV

An-Nâs, the second of the two cries for refuge and protection, takes its name from a recurring word which marks the rhythm in the Arabic. In this case protection is sought especially from the evil in a man's own heart and in the hearts of other men.

An early Meccan revelation.

MANKIND

Revealed at Mecca

- 1. Say: I seek refuge in the Lord of mankind,
- 2. The King of mankind,
- 3. The God of mankind.
- 4. From the evil of the sneaking whisperer,
- 5. Who whispereth in the hearts of mankind,
- 6. Of the jinn and of mankind.

¹ Lit. "from the evil of blowers (feminine) upon knots," it having been a common form of witchcraft in Arabia for women to tie knots in a cord and blow upon them with an imprecation.

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آیات شماری مین قراء کوفه کا طریقه اختیار کیا گیا ہے جو حضرت ابو عبد الرحمن السلمی کی سند سے جناب علی بن ابی طالب رضی اللہ عنه سے مروی ہے جس کا داخله کتبذیل مین درج ہے:

ر" ناظمة الزهر " از امام شاطبي

" شرح ناظمة الزهر" از ابوعيد رضوان المخلاق
 " كتاب ابى القاسم عمر بن محمد ابن عبدالكاف"

م " تحقيق البيان " ازعـــلامه شيخ محمد المتولى شيخ قراءالديار المصرية سابقا

از روے آتوال مندرجہ بالا قرائ شریف کے کل آیات ۱۳۳۲ هیں۔

حرف علت پر كول جزم كا وجود آس حرف كى زيادتى كى دليل هـ جسكا تلفظ نه وصل مين هوتا هـ اور نه وقف مين مثلا: قَالُواْ . لَاَ أَ ذَبَكَنَّهُ وَ . إِنَّا أَعْتَدُ نَا لِلْكَلْفِرِينَ سَلَاسَلَا . أُولَّنَيْكَ . من نَّبَإِي ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ . وغيره

الف ما بعد متحرك پركهازا بيضوى جزم كا وجود اسبات
 كى دليل هوتى هے كه الف مذكور وصل ميں زايد اور
 عرص وقف ميں ثابت رهتا هے' مثلان أنا أخير منه ـ لكنا هو الله

خصوصيات

رَبِّى - قَوَارِيرَاْ قَوَارِيرَاْ مِن فَضَّة ـ وغيره ـ ليكن اكر الف كَے بعد حرف ساكن هو تو جزمَ مذّكود استعال نهين هو تا مثلا: أَنَّا ٱلنَّذيرُ ـ وغيره

ا جس حرف پر (-) ہو اس امر کی دلیل ہے کہ حرف مذکور کے ادا کر نے کے وقت زبان متاثر ہو جاتی ہے مثلا: منْ خَیرِد وَیَنْقُونَ لَهُ قَدْ سَمَعَ - وغیرہ

اور اگر حرف مذکور سکون سے معری هوکر اسکے بعد کے حرف اول حرف اول حرف اول حرف اول حرف ائل مظهر ہے که حرف اول حرف ائل : أُجِيبَت دَّعُو تُكُمَّا .

يَلْهَتْ ذَّالِكَ. وَمَن يُكْرِهِهُنَّ . أَلَمْ يُخُلُّقَكُم وغيره -

ہ اگر حرف ثانی پر تشدید نہو تو اس سے یہ سمجھنا چاہئےکہ اول اور ثانی میں یا اخفاء واقع ہے مثلا: مِن تُحْتِهَا۔

مِن تَمَوَّهُ. إِنَّ رَبَّهُم بِهِمْ. يا ادغام ناقص مثلا: مَن يَقُولُ. مَن وَال. بَسَطَتَ.

منون کی دوسری حرکت کے معاوضہ میں یا نون ساکن (جسکے بعد کے حرف غیرمشد دھون) پرسکون کے بجا ہے چھو نے میم (۲) کا وجود اس امرکی دلیل ہے کہ تنوین یانون ساکن مذکور میم سے مقلوب ہوکر پڑ ھا جا ٹیگا '

مثلا: عَلِيمُ بِذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُ ورِ. جَزَآءَ بِمَا كَانُواْ. كَرَامٍ بَرَرَة. مَنْ بَعْد. مُنْبَثَا.

۸ تنویَنوں (دوضمه یا دوفتحه یادو کسره)کا پوزیشر. ملاحظه هو :

ب. ﷺ ۔ ان اشکال کے بعد کے حروف اگر مشدد هوت تواول ان میں ادغام هوتا هے ، مثلا: و و روز ع م تر تر روز کر تا کی دو اور الارم آر کی خشب مستدة . غفوراً رحیاً . وجود پومئذ یا عمة .

اور اگر مشدد نهون تو با اخفاه هوتا هم مثلا: شِهَابُ ثَاقَبُ - سِرَاعاً ذَاك . بأَیدی سَفَرَة کرام. یا ادغا م ناقص ' مثلا: وجوه یومند . رَحیم و دود.

جهو نے حروف کا وجود اس امرکی دلیل مے که در اصل یہاں بڑے حروف رھنا تہا جو مصاحف عمایته میں متروك هوے هیں اور جن کا تلفظ واجب مے مثلا: ذَالِكَ الْكَتَابُ. دَاوُدد. يَلُوُدنَ أَلْسَنَتَهُم. يُحَيىء وَيُميتُ. أَنْتَ وَلِيّ عَنْ يَعْمَىء وَيُميتُ. أَنْتَ وَلِيّ ء فِي ٱلدُّنْتَ إِنَّ رَبِّهُ كَانَ بِه ع بَصِيراً.

خصوصيات

وَ كُذَ الكَ نُجِى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ.

به علامت (،) اما له كيطرف توجه دلا نے كيائے ہے
 مثلا : بشم اللہ تَجْر شها .

۱۱ میم کے آخری حصد پر اور نون مشدد سے پیشتر علامت هذا (٥) کا وجود اشمام کی دلیل هے مثلان مالک لا تأمناً مناز میلان میلوست.

ا أَيْهُ شريفَهُ '' أَ الْمَحْمَى وَ عَرِبِي '' كَے هَزَهُ ثَانَى بِرَكُولُ جَلَى نقطه سِے يه منشأ هے كه هزؤ مذكوركى ادائى بين بين هو يعنى همزه اور الف كے درميان اداكيا جائے جس كو فن قراءت ميں تسميل كہتے هيں ۔

علامات وقف

- م وقف لازم کی علامت ہے
- y وقف ممنوع کی علامت ہے
- وقف جائز مطلق کی علامت ہے
- مر وقف جائز کی علامت ہے لیکن وصل اولی ہے
- لل وقف جائز كي علامت هے ليكن وقف اولي هے
- م تعانق الوقف كى علامت ہے يعنى اگر دونوں مقام ميں كسى ايك پر وقف كيا جائے تو دوسر سے پر وقف درست نه ہوگا۔

 \sim

NOTE

Characteristics

- I. The verses were numbered according to the Kufi School of reciters which is based upon the version of Ali bin Abi Talib (May God be pleased with him!) through the authority of Abû Abdul Rahman-us Sullami as recorded in the following books—
 - (1) Nazimatul Zahr by Imam Shati.
 - (2) Sbarba-i Nazimatul Zabr by Abû Abdul Rahman Rizwanul Makhillilati.
 - (3) Kitab Abil Qasim Umar bin Mohammad ibn-e Abdul Kafi.
- (4) Tahqiqul Bayan by the late Savant Shaikh Mohammadul Mutawalli, the Doyen of Quranic reciters in Egypt. According to the above-mentioned authorities the total verses of the holy Qur'ân are 6236.
- II. The round shortened agrist on the weak letters indicates that they are superfluous and will not be pronounced either in articulation or in pause, viz.

III. The upright oval shortened aorist on the letter alif of which the following letter is vocal, indicates that it is superfluous in articulation and is constant in pause, viz.

أَنَّا خَيْرٌ مِّنْهُ - لَكِئَّا هُوَ ٱللهُ رَبِّي - قَوَارِيرًا قَوَارِيرًا مِن فِضَّة -

NOTE—CHARACTERISTICS

etc. But this agrist is not used when the following letter alif is quiescent, viz. أَنَّا ٱلنَّذَيرُ

IV. The sign (*) on a letter indicates that the tongue is strained while pronouncing it, viz.

V. And if the weak letter is devoid of quiescence and its following letter is hardened, then it indicates that the first letter is assimilated in the second one, viz.

VI. But if the second letter has got no hardening on it, then it will indicate that there is suppression between them, viz.

Or there is a defective assimilation in them, viz.

VII. This small r instead of the second short vowel on the nunnated, or on the quiescent nun; of which the following letters are not hardened; instead of quiescence indicates that in both cases there is an anagram wherein the nunnation or the quiescent nun will be pronounced accordingly, viz.

VIII. The position of nunnation (two محمه two فتحه two)
is indicated in the following manner:

(a) = these signs indicate nunnation, viz.

(b) these signs indicate that if their following letters are hardened the first letter will be assimilated in the second one, viz.

And if they are not hardened there is suppressing, viz.

or there is a defective assimilation, viz.

IX. The small letters indicate the fact that there ought to be big ones which are left out in the copies of the Qur'an compiled and authorized by the Khalifa 'Uthman and the pronunciation of which is obligatory, viz.

NOTE-CHARACTERISTICS

X. The sign (*) under a Letter indicates that there is inclination in pronunciation, viz.

XI. The sign (*) on the last portion of f and before the hardened \dot{v} indicates deviation, viz.

XII. The sign () on the second hamzah of the verse

indicates that it is to be pronounced midway between alif and bamzab. This is technically known as Tasbîl, i.e. easy articulation.

THE SIGNS OF PAUSE

- . for obligatory pause.
- y for forbidden pause.
- ε for pause voluntary absolute.
- for pause voluntary but articulation is better.
- if for pause voluntary but pause is better.
- for the embracing of pauses that is, if a pause is made on either place between the two no other pause will be right on the other.

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بسم أقه الرحن الرحم

الآزهر بمع البحوث الإسلامية ---إدارة البحوث والنثم

المسسيد المحترم مد يستسر دار الكستاب اللبناني بيسيرون •

السلام عليكم ورحبة الله وبركاته "وبعد"

تغييسين مسهادتكم بأنه قد تبين من قصيم الترجية اليذكورة انها صحيحية ولهيسيس لدى ادارة البحوث والتشيسير مانع من نشيرها وتداولهيسيا ٠

والمسلام عليكم ورحبة الله وبركاته مدده

ادارة البحوث والنفسسر م مراسطات "دكتور: احدد ابراهيم مهنا" "دكتور: احدد ابراهيم مهنا"

> الأذهـــر مجمع المبحوث الاستسلامية ادادة المبحوث والمليشو التاريخ الا ۲۷ م ۱۹۷۳ انتربي ويستريخ

ظهرت ، ولا تزال تظهر حتى اليوم ، ترجات متعددة باللغات المختلفة لمانى القرآن الكريم . ومن أهم وأضبط هذه الترجات التى ظهرت تحمة باللغة الإنجليزية تعد بكافة المعايير العلمية والأدبية ترجمة ممنازة سواء فى تحرى مترجمها للصحة فى نقل المعنى أو فى سلاسة وطلاوة أسلوب الآداء .. وقد قام بهذه الترجمة رجل انجليزى حصل على درجة جامعية فى فلسفة اللاهوت ثم تبين له وجه المصواب فى دين الله فاعتنق الإسلام وانخذ له اسما إسلاميا هو و محمد مرمادوك بكتال » .

ولقد كان المرحوم محمد مرمادوك بكتال واحدا عمن أراد الله أن يشملهم برحمته ، وأن ينعم عليهم ببركته ورضوانه ، فأصاخوا السمع لندائه تعالى ولبوا دعوته ، فانسلكوا في حزبه ، وانتموا إلى مملكته ، ودخلوا في دينه فرادى وأفواجا .. لقد آمن محمد رسولا وبالقرآن وحيا .. وهاجر إلى مجتمع إسلامي فعايش المسلمين إخوانا .. فلما تبين لمن عرفوه من المسلمين حقيقة إخلاصه آزروه ودعموه .. فاحتضنه نظام (حاكم) ولاية حيدر آباد بالهند .. كما قام أساتذة الجامعة العثمانية هناك بصفله فكريا ، وتعريفه تعريفا كاملا بالمبادئ والآداب الإسلامية ، واستعانوا به – كزميل لهم – في التدريس بجامعتهم فقد كان رحمه الله – كما أسلفت القول – يحمل درجة جامعية في الفلسفة اللاهوتية

ولقد عرفت أول ما عرفت عن محمد مرمادوك في أوائل الستينات حيث فَيَضَ الله لَى أَن أَكُونَ مبعوثًا للأزهر الشريف لنشر الدعوة الإسلامية في ربوع شبه القارة الهندية .. وهناك عثرت على رسائل علمية قيَّمة قام بتأليفها دفاعا عن الإسلام مبينا صواب حقائقه ومبطلا أراجيف خصومه وأعدائه .. ورسائله وكتيباته هذه يتزايد الآن رواجها وتداولها بين الناس في الهند وغيرها من البلدان، ويقتنيها كل من يبتغي – ولو مخص المعرفة – من طلاب الحقيقة الناصعة .. فتجدها في أكثاك المدوريات، وفي دكاكين الكتب، وفي المكتبات العامة، وفي أيد طلاب العلم، وفي مراجع الاساتذة .. مسلمين وغير مسلمين على سواء.. وكل عمل جيَّد أصيل فإن ترجمة معاني القرآن الكريم لمحمد مرمادوك بكتال

قد فازت بقصب السبق فتسابقت دور النشر الكبرى في سائر أنحاء العالم على

طبعها ونشرها .. ولكن الأستاذ حسن الزين – صاحب دار الكتاب اللبناني للنشر ببيروت ، ودار الكتاب المصرى للنشر بالقاهرة – قد أقدم على نشر هذه الترجمة فجوَّد طبعها ، وقابل بين النص العربي والترجمة الإنجليزية لمعانيه كل في صفحة مستقلة تقابل الأخرى ، ولم يدخر جهدا في انتقاء الأجود من الورق ووسائل الطباعة ، فجاءت نسخ الطبعة التي أنفق عليها في أروع صورة وأفخم غط يليق بعظم العمل ذاته .

وكنت إبان وجودى في الهند قد اقتنيت نسخة من ترجمة بكتال لمعاني القرآن الكريم كي أستمين بها في آداء واجبي .. وبدوام الاطلاع والاستثناس بهذه النسخة كنت أجد فيها مثلاً يجد أى انسان في غيرها من الأعال اللغوية أو الأدبية – هنة هنا أو هناك .. كما أن كثيرا من المعاني قد اختلفت حولها أقوال المفسرين ، ورأيت أنني كواحد من علماء الأزهر أقدر منه على ترجيح رأى أخذ هو بسواه .. فكنت أجرى بقلمي مصححا في متنها أو مهمشا على حواشيها . ولقد تحت مراجعتي لهذه الترجمة تلقائيا لطول العشرة التي دامت بيننا زهاء عشرين عاما .. ثم ارتأيت أنني لو استطعت أن أنشر هذه الترجمة على النحو الذي نقحتها وراجعتها به أكون قد استطعت أن أنشر هذه الترجمة على النحو الذي نقحتها التي خدمتني بعض ما لها في عنتي من دين .. فإن هذه النسخة كانت – كلما طلبت منها العون – مدت لى يدها ولم تخذلني أبدا .

ولشدٌ ما غمرتني السعادة للاستجابة الفورية التي قابل بها الأستاذ حسن الزين رجائي له بنشر طبعة جديدة راجعتها ونقحتها ..

ولقد اخترته - دون سائر الناشرين - لأنه رجل مسلم شديد الغيرة على دينه ، وعارم الحاس لكل عمل يبذل في سبيل تبليغ دعوة الله .. وهو ينفق بسخاء على طبع الكتب الإسلامية طارجا من أهدافه أى ربح مادى ، بل لايقصد سوى وجه الله في نشر كتب التراث الإسلامي والمؤلفات التي تستحث قراءها على الاستمساك بعرى الإسلام أو تستنهض هم المسلمين إلى يقظة حيوية تعبد المجتمع الإسلامي إلى الأمجاد والعزة التي وضّح الله - في قرآنه الكريم - سُبلها وطرائفها ..

زاهر عزب الزغبى مدير التأليف والترجمة بمجمع البحوث الإسلامية بالأزهر

ا وقل اعملوا فسيرى الله عملكم ، القاهرة فى ١٧ رجب سنة ١٤٠١ هـ ٢١ مايو سنة ١٩٨١ م



Translation by Muhammad Marmaduke Pickthall

The meaning of The Glorious

QUR'ÃN

DAR AL-KITAB AL-MASRI - CAIRO DAR AL-KITAB ALLUBNANI - BEIRUT

I.S.B.N: 977 - 238-593-7



ترجمة معاني



باللغـة الانجليزية

طبعة خاصة جمعية الدعوة الإسلامية العالمية طرابلس

الجماهيرية العربية الليبية الشعبية الاشتراكية العظمي



THE MEANING OF THE GLORIOUS

QUR'ÃN

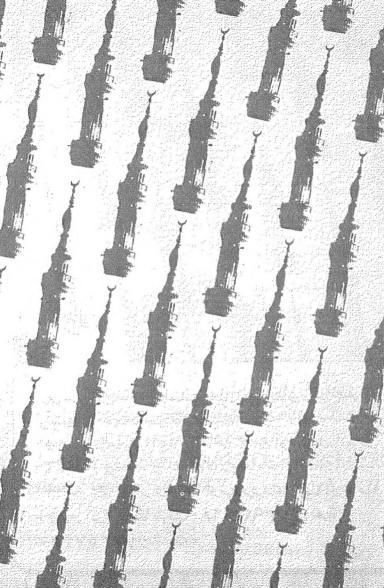
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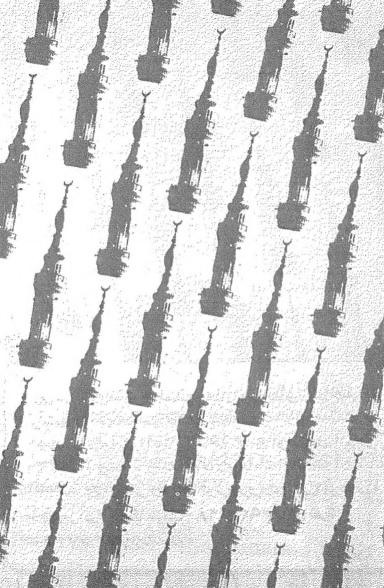
THE WORLD ISLAMIC CALL SOCIETY

TRIPOLI THE GREAT ARAB LIBYAN POPULAR SOCIALIST JAMAHIRIA



يرجى تفقده النسخ فراستلاما وفإذا وجدخطا فى ترتيب الصفحات أوأية ملاحظة ه يرجى تحديد موضع الملاحظة وإرسالها إلى حسن وقد لبريد . 107- الوم البريدي . 101- القاهرة عج بع أو صدود البريد . . 177- البيوت لبنان ه حتى يتم تدارك الملاحظة أواستبال المنسخة مع المشكر و ذلك فورورودها إلينا أوعلمنا تليفونيا أو شخصيًا - ت : 17/2) القاهرة و ٧٣٥٧٣١ بيروت .





THE WORLD ISLAMIC CALL SOCIETY
THE GREAT JAMAHIRYA ARAB LIBYAN
POPULAR SOCIALIST
TRIPOLI



The meaning of the Glorious

QUR'AN



Translation by

Nuhammad Marmaduke Picktahll